

# **MATRIX PRINTER**

Model: 2231W-6

**Customer Engineering Product Maintenance Manual** 

III.C.4.M

# CUSTOMER ENGINEERING MODEL 2231W-6 MATRIX PRINTER

# PRODUCT MAINTENANCE MANUAL

NOTICE:

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# FOREWORD

It should be noted that schematic 7333 sheet 2 of 3 (page 5-9) shows telecommunication circuits (TC) along with power ON circuits. Although the schematic indicates availability of TC, these circuits are not loaded in manufacturing.

To make this handbook easier to use and save time, the manual was designed in the following manner:

The schematics in Chapter 5 have an 8 1/2" X 11" apron so that their circuitry, when folded out, can be seen in full view while turning text pages as the theory in Chapter 4 is being read. Also, where applicable, the location of test points and electrical adjustments are identified mechanically and electrically on the apron. Waveforms and voltages are also listed when appropriate. Also, the grid system on the schematics is used to quickly locate chips.

Chapter 6, Adjustments, is also specially arranged for your convenience. Illustrations and all pertinent procedures to make adjustments are on the same page or are on facing pages so pages need not be turned to look at the referenced illustrations. Also, some illustrations and procedures are repeated to eliminate or reduce the amount of page turning to locate pertinent procedures or illustrations.

Chapter 8, Illustrated Parts List and Disassembly Procedures, contain the disassembly procedures followed by the parts list and the exploded view foldout drawing. Each exploded view foldout drawing has an 3 1/2" X 11" apron which along with the facing page contains the parts list. This allows the user to perform disassembly procedures by turning text pages while the drawing remains folded out.

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# CHAPTER INTRO-DUCTION

# CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

# **1.1 SCOPE**

This manual describes the Model 2231W-6 Matrix Line Printer. The detailed maintenance information included herein, accompanied by the information in the Customer Engineering Division reprint of the Zilog Z80 manual, should provide the field service engineer with the necessary data for complete support of this microprocessor controlled printer.

# **CONTENTS**

CHAPTER 1 DESCRIPTION:	A physical description of the printer including specifications.
CHAPTER 2 INSTALLATION:	Unpacking and set-up procedures.
CHAPTER 3 OPERATION:	Contains basic operation of the printer to be used in conjunction with the 2231W-6 Users Manual which provides programming information.
CHAPTER 4 THEORY OF OPERATION:	Explains in detail the theory of the printer's electronic section.
CHAPTER 5 SCHEMATICS:	All electrical drawings and signal run information.
CHAPTER 6 ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES:	Provides electrical and mechanical adjustment procedures.

CHAPTER 7 MAINTENANCE:

Contains preventive maintenance, troubleshooting, and diagnostics.

# CHAPTER 8 ILLUSTRATED PARTS LIST AND DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURES:

Contains removal and replacement procedures, parts lists and exploded view drawings.

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#### **CHAPTER 9 APPENDICES:**

APPENDIX	Α	Paper Specification
	В	Hexadecimal Codes
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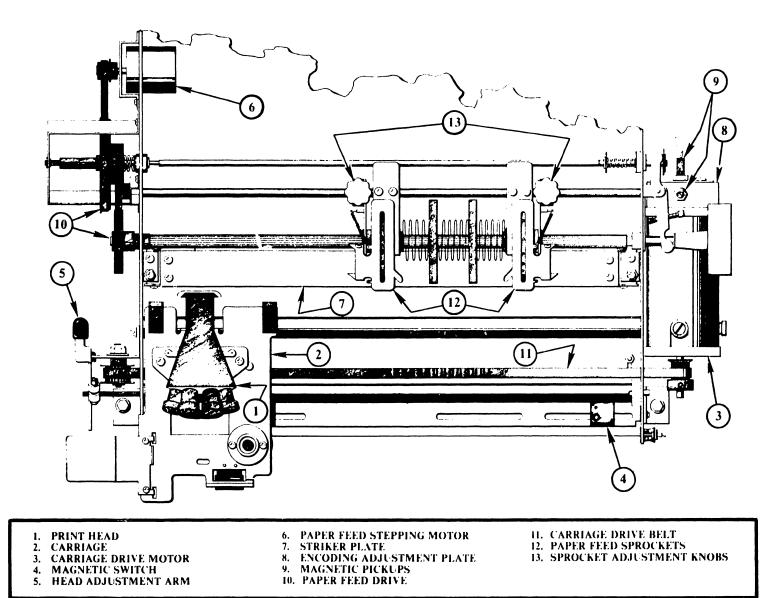
## **1.2 DESCRIPTION**

The Model 2231W-6 Matrix Printer is a high-density matrix printer that provides typewriter-like output. The printer uses a high density 12h X 12w or 12h X 24w expanded dot matrix to print an ASCII set of 96 characters containing both upper and lowercase letters, numbers and symbols. Printing at a rate of 60 characters per second, it can generate an output at 30 to 147 lines per minute depending on line length. The Model 2231W-6 prints in a program controlled 10- or 12-pitch format at a standard 6 lines per inch (1/6 inch line feed), however, the line feed may be programmed to a quarter line feed (1/24 inch) for special purposes such as printing subscripts and superscripts. A 132-character buffer receives and stores a full line of data sent from the System Master CPU before the line is printed out. See Figure 1-1 for identification of major mechanical assemblies and see Figure 1-2 for the electrical chassis layout.

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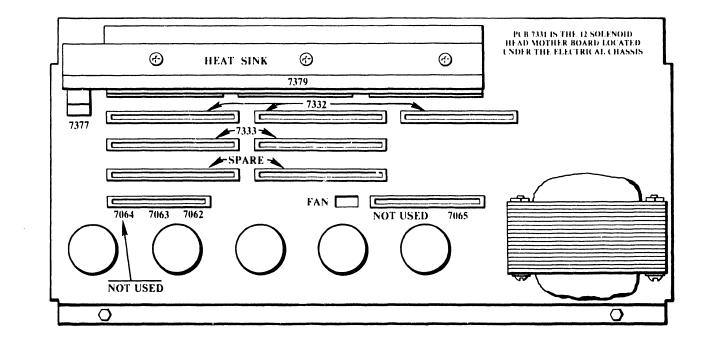
#### **FEATURES**

- HIGH DENSITY 12h X 12w DOT MATRIX, NOMINAL.
- 96 CHARACTER ASCII SET
- UP TO 147 LINES / MINUTE CAN BE PRINTED.
- FULL-LINE BUFFER (132 CHARACTERS).
- AUDIO ALARM
- EXPANDED PRINT CAPABILITY, 12h X 24w Dot Matrix
- **REMOVABLE CARTRIDGE INK RIBBON.**
- FRONT-LOAD AND BOTTOM-LOAD PAPER FEED.
- DESELECTION WITHOUT DATA LOSS.
- LINE FEED SUPPRESSION / TEXT HIGHLIGHTING AND INSERTING ACCENT MARKS OVER CHARACTERS.
- ONE QUARTER LINE FEED SPACING.
- CHARACTER UNDERSCORING



# FIGURE 1-1 MECHANICAL OVERVIEW OF PRINTER 2231W-6

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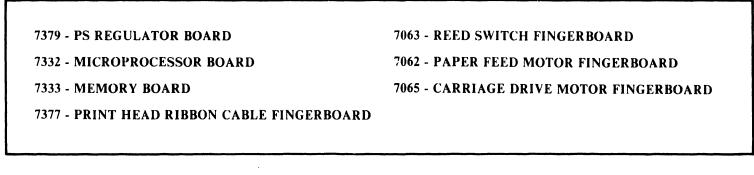


FIGURE 1-2 ELECTRICAL CHASSIS LAYOUT

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# **1.3 SPECIFICATIONS**

#### PRINTER SIZE

 Height
 10 inches (25.4 cm)

 Depth
 18 inches (46 cm)

 Width
 24 inches (61 cm)

#### NET WEIGHT

60 lbs (27 kgs)

#### SPEED

60 characters/seconds, 30 to 147 lines/minute

#### CHARACTER CONFIGURATION

10- or 12-pitch font controlled by program (defaults to 12-pitch

font)

12h X 12w dot matrix

12h X 24w dot matrix (for expanded print)

#### **CHARACTER SET**

ASCII 96 characters, both uppercase and lowercase.

#### LINE WIDTH

132 characters maximum (66 characters expanded) for 12-pitch format. 110 characters maximum (55 characters expanded) for 10-pitch format.

#### LINE DENSITY

6 lines/inch (nominal).

#### **RIBBON**

Cartridge - ink ribbon; endless, recirculating, Mobius loop.

#### SWITCHES/LAMPS/ALARM TONE

ON/OFF, SELECT, LINE FEED, TOP-OF-FORM, CLEAR, FORMS OVERRIDE, POWER, PAPER OUT, paper out and power on alarm tone.

#### PAPER SIZE (EDGE-TO-EDGE)

Adjustable from 3.5 inches (8.9 cm) minimum to 13.5 inches (34.3 cm) maximum. Up to four copies plus original can be printed.

#### **PROGRAMMABLE OPERATIONS**

Audio alarm	Form feed
Line feed	Expanded print
Vertical tab	Delete buffer
Carriage return	Quarter-line feed
Line-feed suppression	Underscore
	Top-of-form

#### CABLE

12 ft (3.66 m) cable with connector to the CPU.

#### CONTROLLER

Standard Wang Printer Controller/CPU interface.

#### **POWER REQUIREMENTS**

115 or 230 Vac  $\pm$  10% 50 or 60 Hz  $\pm$  1 Hz 1.25/0.65A, 150 Watts

#### FUSES

ac line: 1.5A (SB) for 115 Vac, 8/10A (SB) for 230 Vac dc carriage motor: 2.5A (SB)

## **OPERATING ENVIRONMENT**

 $50^{\circ}$  to  $90^{\circ}$ F ( $10^{\circ}$  to  $32^{\circ}$ C) 20% to 80% allowable relative humidity 35% to 65% recommended

#### ACCESSORIES

Optional stand

# CHAPTER 2 INSTAL-LATION

# CHAPTER 2 INSTALLATION

## **2.1 SITE CONSIDERATIONS**

Consider the dimensions of the printer with covers open so that the machine will not have to be moved when the ribbon is changed. Also, the ventilation fan-intake screen should not be obstructed by any objects which could reduce normal airflow. For environmental temperature, humidity, etc., see the Technical Characteristics under Specifications in Chapter 1.

# **2.2 UNPACKING AND PACKING PROCEDURES**

### 2.2.1 UNPACKING (SEE FIGURE 2-1)

- 1) Cut the packing straps and remove the box by sliding it up and off.
- 2) Remove the plastic cover from the printer.
- 3) Remove the two 1/2" hex head bolts from top of the plywood base, one on each side of printer. This separates the plywood base/printer combination from the pallet.
- 4) Extend one corner of the plywood over the edge of the table. Remove the 1/2" shipping bolt recessed in that corner on the bottom of the plywood. Follow the same procedure to remove the shipping bolts from the other three corners.
- 5) Slide the printer off the plywood onto the table.
- 6) Remove the tape securing cover of the printer.

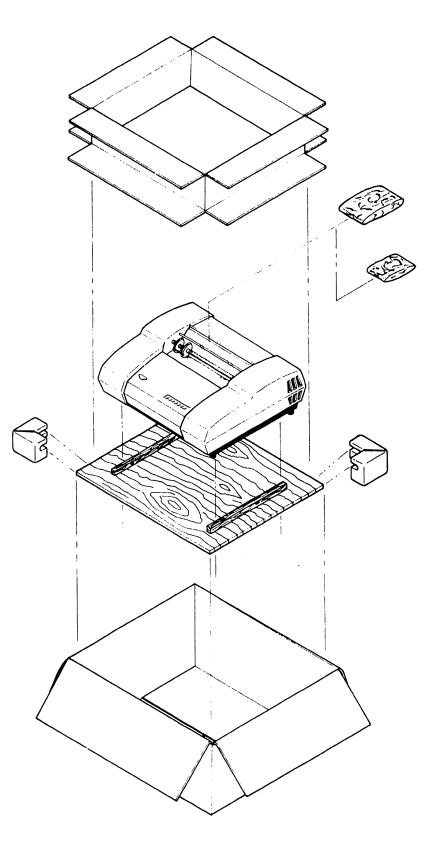
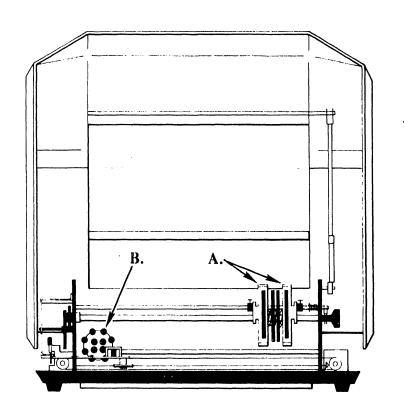


FIGURE 2-1 UNPACKING THE PRINTER



7) Open the cover to remove the tape from the following areas: (Refer to Figure 2-2).

A. - LEFT AND RIGHT TRACTOR FEED UNITS B. - PRINT HEAD

# FIGURE 2-2 REMOVAL OF PACKAGING TAPE

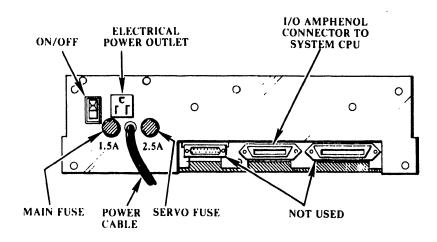
8) Remove power cord and paper-feed knob from jiffy bag located on top of the rear cover.

# 2.2.2 PACKING

Reverse steps 2 through 8 of the unpacking procedure above.

# 2.3 SET UP PROCEDURE

 All Printer PCBs must be installed in the electrical chassis and all PCBs must be secured in their connectors (See Figure 1-2).



**FIGURE 2-3 REAR PANEL** 

- 2) The 36-pin I/O cable connector must be plugged into the I/O Amphenol connector on the rear panel (See Figure 2-3). The other end plugs into the system CPU.
- 3) The power cord from the Line Printer must be plugged into a grounded wall outlet (see Power Requirements under Specifications in Chapter 1).

# **2.4 PAPER INSERTION**

- 1) Raise the cover of the printer. Secure the cover in the raised position with the cover rod located on the right side of the printer.
- 2) Push the continuous-form, pin-feed paper into the slot at the bottom front of the printer until it comes out between the pin-feed mechanisms. (Note: An optional slot for paper insertions is located at the bottom of the printer.)
- 3) Open the pin-feed gates, insert the paper holes evenly over the pins, and close the gates. If the distance between the pin-feed mechanisms must be adjusted, unscrew the right-hand lock knob and slide the mechanism to the proper position. After the paper is in proper position, screw the lock knob and close the cover of the printer.
- 4) Press the ON/OFF Rocker Switch at the rear of the printer. When the printer is ON, the Power Lamp (left indicator of Control Panel) is illuminated.
- 5) Press the LINE-FEED Switch to advance paper in the printer.

#### CAUTION

#### NEVER OPERATE THE LINE PRINTER WITHOUT PAPER.

6) If paper runs out while the printer is being used, the system ceases operation, an audible one-second tone is sounded, and the PAPER-OUT Lamp becomes illuminated. To complete printing the page, press FORMS OVERRIDE to print one-line-at-a-time until the raper advances to Top-of-Form position. The paper may now be changed. Press the FORMS OVERRIDE button to continue printing after inserting fresh paper in the printer.

#### NOTE

DO NOT PRESS CLEAR WHEN CHANGING PAPER; DOING SO ERASES THE CURRENT LINE IN THE PRINTER BUFFER.

THE COVER OF THE PRINTER CAN BE OPENED FOR MAKING ADJUSTMENTS TO THE PRINT HEAD (ADJUSTING PRINT-HEAD GAP OR DISENGAGING PAPER AT THE PRINT HEAD).

WHEN THE COVER IS OPEN, POWER TO THE CARRIAGE MOTOR IS TURNED OFF; THE PRINT HEAD CAN NOW BE MOVED MANUALLY. ONCE THE COVER IS CLOSED, THE PRINTER IS READY FOR NORMAL OPERATION AND THE HEAD IS POSI-TIONED ELECTRONICALLY.

# 2.5 PRINT ADJUSTMENT

To adjust the print blackness for different form thicknesses, follow the procedure detailed below:

- 1) The printer must have paper in it and be turned OFF.
- 2) Raise the cover of the printer and find the Print Head and the Forms Thickness Lever. (See Figure 2-4)

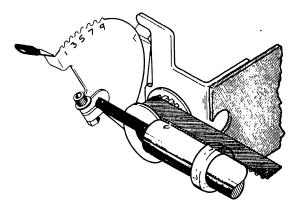


FIGURE 2-4 HEAD ADJUSTMENT/FORM THICKNESS CONTROL

#### NOTE

NOTICE THAT THE FORMS-THICKNESS LEVER HAS POSITION NOTCHES MARKED FROM ONE TO NINE FOR DIFFERENT PRINT ADJUSTMENTS. THE LOWER NUMBER POSITIONS ARE FOR SINGLE FORMS; THE HIGHER NUMBERS ARE FOR MULTIPLE FORMS.

- 3) Push or pull the Forms Thickness Lever to move the head in or out; move the lever in to provide a blacker imprint and out to move the head back to accommodate thicker forms.
- 4) When the head has been properly adjusted, close the cover of the printer. (The printer does not operate unless the cover is closed.)
- 5) If during printer operation the paper does not feed smoothly due to its catching on the front surface of the Print Head, check to ensure that the Print Head is properly adjusted and locked in place.

# 2.6 CARTRIDGE RIBBON REPLACEMENT

- 1) Turn power OFF to the printer (rear panel switch).
- 2) Raise the cover of the printer and find the Form-Thickness Lever. Pull the lever completely backward to the "L" (See Figure 2-4) position so that the Print Head is removed from the paper.
- 3) Release spring retainer and lift cartridge up slightly.
- 4) Move control slightly to the rear to disengage ribbon from print-head guide and remove from unit.

- 5) Place the new cartridge in the printer, guide its exposed ribbon over the Print Head while rotating the cartridge spindle as required and snap cartridge in place.
- 6) Readjust Forms Thickness Lever to proper adjustment position.
- 7) Replace the cover of the printer and turn power ON to resume operation.

# **2.7 DYNAMIC CHECKOUT**

#### 2.7.1 INITIAL SET-UP

- Connect power cord to a 115 or 230 Vac outlet as specified.
   Be sure that the unit is set-up for the power that is available at the receptacle.
- 2) Connect I/O cable (WL #220-0105-1) to I/O connector on rear of unit and to the connector on controller card 6379/7079 in CPU or the Work Station printer connector.

#### CAUTION

#### **NEVER OPERATE PRINTER WITHOUT PAPER**

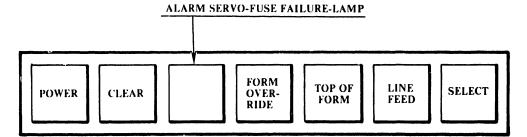
#### 2.7.2 LOAD PAPER

- 1) Place printer near and parallel to the front of the table to allow insertion of paper into paper slot.
- Loosen paper margin knobs on pin-feed sprockets and adjust to the appropriate paper width. (See Figure 1-1).

3) Slide paper into slot on the bottom or bottom front of the machine. Push it through until it reaches the pin-feed sprockets. Fit the feed holes of the paper into the pin-feed sprockets and close paper-guide covers.

#### 2.7.3 SET-UP PRINTER FOR OPERATION

- Set the ON/OFF switch on the rear panel (see Figure 2-3) to ON.
- Depress the SELECT switch on the printer's front panel (see Figure 2-5).



#### FIGURE 2-5 PRINTER'S FRONT PANEL

### 2.7.4 RUN PRINTER DIAGNOSTIC (CONFIDENCE TEST)

Either the 2200 peripheral diagnostic diskette P/N 701-2180 or the PCS-2 peripheral diagnostic diskette P/N 701-8001 are used to checkout the Model 2231W-6 matrix printer. A complete 2200 system or PCS-2 system is required to run either diagnostic.

The program first asks the operator for the disk address. Once the program knows where the program disk is located, it then loads the Master Menu. This Menu displays the eight options available. No. 1 is the full or System diagnostic. No. 8 is either the Confidence Test or the Design Verification test. Select the Confidence test. For details of diagnostic tests refer to paragraph 7.2.

# CHAPTER 3 **OPERA**-TION

# CHAPTER 3 OPERATION

# **3.1 CONTROLS AND INDICATORS**

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#### **3.1.1 CONTROL PANEL (REFER TO FIGURE 2-5)**

- POWER lamp: The POWER lamp illuminates and the alarm tone sounds when power is turned on by the ON/OFF switch on rear panel (see Figure 2-3).
- 2) CLEAR switch: Clears the input buffer. This momentary switch is enabled only when the printer is deselected.
- 3) THE ALARM lamp: The lamp is illuminated to indicate that the servo fuse has blown. (The lamp will only light when the fuse is blown.)
- 4) FORM-OVERRIDE switch/indicator: Momentarily overrides the PAPER-OUT switch to allow printing of additional lines of characters on the same page. This momentary switch/indicator illuminates the PAPER OUT indication and an alarm tone is sounded when the paper supply requires replenishing.

#### NOTE

THE PAPER-OUT SWITCH (IN UNIT) OPENS BEFORE ALL PAPER IS USED (ABOUT 1" OF PAPER WILL BE STILL IN THE HOPPER). AT THIS TIME, THE SWITCH DISABLES THE INPUT AND TURNS ON THE AUDIO ALARM FOR APPROXIMATELY ONE SECOND.

WHEN THIS SWITCH OPENS, THE OVERRIDE LAMP BECOMES LIGHTED. IT WILL TURN-OFF WHEN PAPER IS REFILLED OR WHEN FORMS OVERRIDE SWITCH IS MOMENTARILY DEPRESSED.

#### III.C.4.M

- 5) TOP-OF-FORM switch: Advances the continuous forms to the top of the next sheet. This switch will not function when unit has been selected by the mainframe system or the SELECT switch on the front panel is illuminated (in the select position).
- 6) LINE-FEED switch: Advances paper vertically one line when momentarily depressed. If held down, paper will advance continuously at one line increments. This switch is disabled when unit has been selected by the system master.
- 7) SELECT switch: Enables input to unit. This momentary switch illuminates when the printer is manually selected.

#### **3.1.2 REAR PANEL (REFER TO FIGURE 2-3)**

- ON/OFF switch: Switches power to printer when in the ON position.
- 2) MAIN FUSE: 8/10A slow blow for 230 Vac or 1.5A slow blow for 115 Vac (Fuse for entire unit).
- 3) SERVO MOTOR FUSE: 2.5A slow blow protects servomotor during paper jam conditions and some logic failures.

#### **3.1.3 PRINTER (REFER TO FIGURE 1-1)**

- HORIZONTAL VERNIER KNOB: Advances the paper when manually laterally depressed and turned. To vertically align forms, depress Top-of-Form switch and then manually advance forms for proper alignment.
- 2) PAPER MARGIN KNOBS: Adjust sprockets to paper width.
- 3) HEAD-ADJUSTMENT ARM: The head-adjustment arm adjusts the distance between the print-head bearing and the striker bar. The arm is adjusted for the best print quality (position 1 to 9). To load a new ribbon cartridge, move the Head Adjustment Arm to position L. (See Figure 2-4).

# 3.2 PROGRAMMING PROCEDURES PECULIAR TO THE 2231W-6 PRINTER

In order to increase the flexibility of the 2231W-6 some functions which are constant values on other Wang printers may be programmed into the software on this printer. The codes follow:

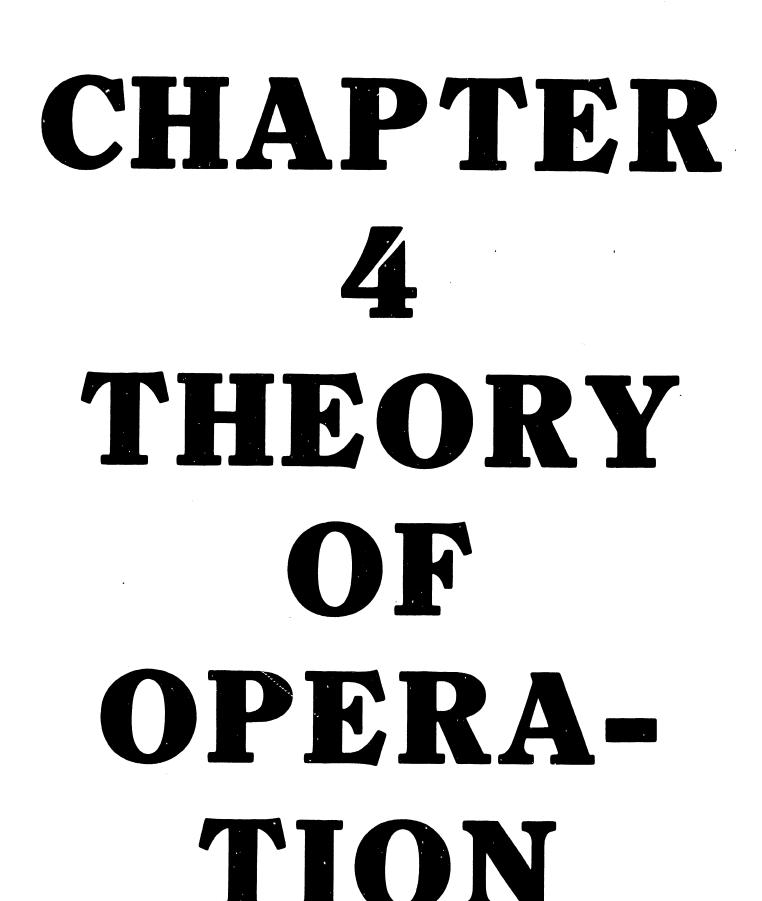
1) Pitch

٦.

 10 pitch
 HEX (02), HEX (01)

 12 pitch
 HEX (02), HEX (02)

- 2) Form Size = HEX (02), HEX (09); HEX (XXYY) XXYY = number of 1/24" increments. The maximum value for form length is three pages, HEX (00090318), which equals a maximum of 792 1/24" increments. Any value greater than three pages is automatically set equal to HEX (02090318) by the printer.
- 3) Auto Form Feed = HEX (02), HEX (0A); HEX (XXYY) XXYY = number of 1/24" increments. The HEX code for auto form feed can be set from (030A0001) to (020A0318). The HEX (0318) code equals the three page 1/24" increment maximum form length. The Auto Form Feed value must always be less than or equal to the value for Form Length.



# CHAPTER 4 THEORY OF OPERATION

#### 4.1 GENERAL

For the detailed Theory-of-Operation of the Z80 microprocessor chip > consult Wang's reprint of the Z80 manual.

## **4.1.1 MECHANICAL DESCRIPTION**

The 2231W-6 Printer uses a matrix-impact-printing technique that generates printed characters with dots in matrix form. The characters are printed by a high-density 12h X 12w dot matrix. The printer operates at a rate up to 147 lines per minute.

Printing is accomplished by firing selected solenoids on the print head as the carriage moves from left-to-right across the paper. When a solenoid is fired, the attached print wire is extended impacting against the ribbon which prints a dot on the paper. Two magnetic reluctance sensors and a timing disk provide electronic signals which are used to control print-head motion and print timing. (See Figure 1-1). A servo motor and three magnetic switches aid in the control of the lateral movement of the carriage.

The printer contains a mobius-strip, fabric-ribbon cartridge. As the print head moves from left-to-right, the ribbon is advanced by a pulley mounted under the carriage. The pulley mechanism disengages from the ribbon cartridge as the carriage returns to the left side of the paper.

As any particular spot on the ribbon passes the print head and reenters the ribbon cartridge, the looped ribbon is automatically flipped over so that both sides of the ribbon are used as it rotates in one direction.

Continuous-form paper, of widths from 3.5 to 13.5 inches (8.9 to 34.3 cm), can be used in the printer as the distance between the two pin-feed mechanisms is fully adjustable over this range.

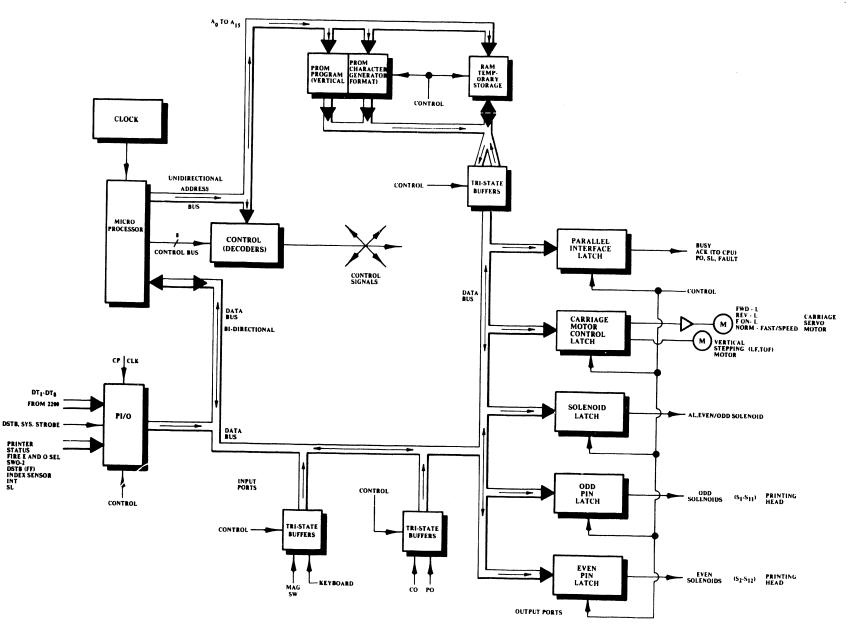
A stepping motor, geared to the pin-feed units, is used to vertically advance the paper. The stepping motor is activated by either a carriage return or by program control. It may advance the paper one line or be stopped at the end of a formatted distance of paper advancement. PROMs automatically control the vertical format.

The electronics that control the mechanical movement of the printer are located on printed circuit boards in the rear of the printer. Their functional operation is given in the succeeding paragraphs and their physical layouts are shown in Figure 1-2.

#### **4.1.2 GENERAL ELECTRONIC DESCRIPTION**

The "Zilog" Z80 Microprocessor chip is the heart of the 2231W-6 printer. Coupled with the Programmable Read Only Memory (PROM) and the static Random Access Memory (RAM) of the memory board, the Z80 becomes a complete Central Processing Unit (CPU). As indicated in Figure 4-1, the system has an 8-bit, bidirectional, data bus for data processing and a 16-bit unidirectional bus for addressing the various I/O ports and memories. The Z80 performs these and all other functions by stepping through a few basic operations at high speeds, such as memory read or write, I/O device read or write, and interrupt/acknowledge.

The Z80 chip obtains its precise programmed instructions by addressing the 2K PROM. The 8K PROM, when addressed, functions as a character generator. Line-at-a-time printing is accomplished by storing the 132 characters (full line example) in the static RAM memory and feeding this information to the character-generator PROMs (via Z80) which decode and output to the matrix solenoids (via Z80). PROM decoding provides the matrix-solenoid pattern for a given character. The RAM memory will output when 132 characters are present (for a full line) or when a partial line is to be printed. Most last lines of a paragraph are partial lines. The data stored in the RAM memory is strobed in through the PIO 2200/Printer interface port.



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FIGURE 4-1 MODEL 2231W-6 SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM

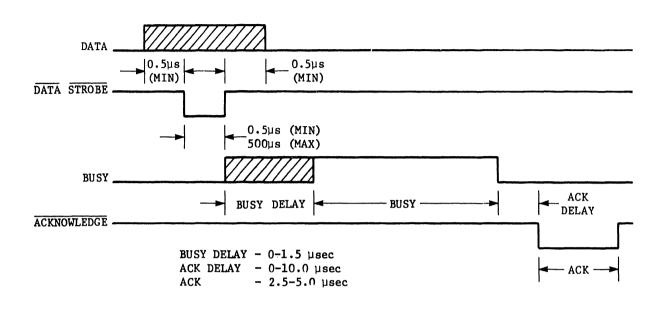
III.C.4.M

Carriage-motion loop information is also strobed-in at the PIO interface port (FIRE HO, HE), processed by the Z80, and routed to the Motor Control Output Latch via the 8-bit, bidirectional data bus for input to the differential amplifiers which control the carriage motor. Two magnetic sensors (MPA and MPB) control this motion and are mechanically coupled to the carriage assembly. Magnetic switches SWO, SW1, and SW2) which are stragically positioned along the carriage run provide carriage-position information along with a carriage-speed control signal. They are inputted through a status latch (L10) on the 8-bit, bidirectional bus and processed by the Z80.

Line feed from system control and vertical tab information from the PROMs are processed by the Z80 and then applied to the vertical stepping motor via the motor control latch. This includes vertical tab, top-of-form as well as line feed.

The decoders use the address and control lines from the 780 to select any of the devices which are connected to the 8-bit, bidirectional bus through tri-state buffers. When one of the input devices is selected, its information can be put on the bus by activating the appropriate tri-state buffer. For instance, the paper out switch can be put on the bidirectional bus and then monitored and processed by the 280 during one of its instruction cycles. During a succeeding cycle, the 280 will direct the processed input data to the appropriate output port and light the paper out indicator on the control panel when the paper supply has run out.

While any of these data processing cycles are being performed, a busy signal is being sent to the system master by the printer. An acknowledge signal is also generated to let the system master know that the input data has been received. An interface timing diagram is shown in Figure 4-2.



### FIGURE 4-2 INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM

# **4.2 DETAILED FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

L12 (C,10) of schematic 7332-2 is the input port between the system master and the printer. When L12 is clocked on by the oscillator at pin 25 (CPCLK), any input data from the system master will be routed to the Z80 for processing via the 8-bit data bus if DSTB is present on pin 16, L12-4 is enabled by decoder L2-6 SEL-L signal (D,8/7332-1) and port A is conditioned by the signals  $A_0$  and  $A_1$  on the address bus, L12-5 & 6 of 7332-2).

Whenever data is strobed into L12 (7332-2), the data strobe FF L8 (D,11/7332-2) is triggered by DSTB at pin 3 from the inverted DSTB from the system master. Data strobe FF L8-5 then provides the system with a high busy through OR gate L21 pin 8 (D,5/7332-1). On the next clock pulse, L12 pin 18 (ARDY) sends a pulse through an inverter/AND gate combination to clear the data strobe FF L8. This action triggers the L14 (E,4/7332-1) oneshot which provides an acknowledge pulse (ACKLG) through an inverter to terminal  $10_3$  to the system. (See Figure 4-2).

The data that the system puts on the data bus through port A of the PIO is accepted and processed by the Z80. The two types of data that can be processed are printing characters and control characters such as line feed and carriage return. After processing a printable character, the Z80 temporarily stores it in the RAM memory until a line of printing is complete (132 characters for a full line). At this time, the stored RAM printable-character data is processed by the Z80 and routed to the character-generator PROMs which generate a code that causes the Z80 to output the correct pattern of solenoid voltages through the appropriate output port to form the desired printed character.

Port B of the PIO chip is selected by L2-6 and addressed by AO and A1. Under these conditions, the data input to port B is strobed on to the bus by DSTB FF and processed by the Z80. Similarily to port A data, the resultant processed data is directed to the appropriate output port by the Z80 during a succeeding instruction cycle.

The function decoders L2, L3, and L4 (7332-1) use the Z80 address and control lines to select the appropriate I/O devices on the 8-bit data line PDO-PD7. For example, selecting L33 (D,5/7332-1) allows Z80 to indirectly control BUSY and ACK signals and directly control paper out, fault and select lamps in accordance with Z80 processed inputs during a monitoring or input sequence.

L32 (B,6/7332-1) is the motor control output latch for both the formfeed stepping motor and the carriage-drive servo motor while the L31 (C,3/-7332-1) port controls even and odd enable pulses for the print solenoids along with the alarm and keyboard indicators. L34 and L35 (E,1/7332-1) provide the actual firing pulses to both the even and odd solenoid sets.

The function decoders and address lines also control the input ports. These tri-state buffers put data on the bus so the Z80 can sample and monitor the status of the various printer functions. L10 (F, 8/7332-1) when strobed, allows the Z80 to determine the status of some keyboard and carriage motion switches. L9 (G, 7/7332-1) and L36 (G, 2/7332-1) are the data bus input and output latches respectively which transfer data to and from the memory board.

Double differential amplifier signals from the magnetic pick-up sensors sense the teeth of the timing wheel and index hole. Each tooth in the timing wheel corresponds with one vertical column of the nine in a printed character. The index hole corresponds to the left-hand margin. These signals in the form of index (L27-2), fire HO (L14-7) and fire HE (L27-4) are put on the PDO-PD7 bus by the PIO (C,10/7332-2) to be routed to the Z80. There the information is processed and the resultant data is put back on the bus by the Z80 to be routed to the appropriate output ports such as L32 (C,6/7332-1).

The carriage motion circuits (L15, L25, L26) (G,5,3,1/7332-2) are activated by the Z80 through output port L32. The control signals are FWD-L, REV-L, F-ON-L, and NORM/FAST speed. The differential OP-amps (L25) (G,3/7332-2) and associated components ultimately provide the drive speed and direction signals to the carriage servo motor.

The 7333 memory board contains PROMs L3 through L8 and RAMs L1 and L2. PROM L4 (2K) contains the software or programmed instructions to the Z80 and the remaining 8k of PROMs (L5, L6, L7 and L8) are essentially a character generator by providing the proper code to actuate the appropriate even and odd printing solenoid patterns to print the desired character. The PROMs are also programmed to provide the desired vertical format.

#### III.C.4.M

L21 (E,2/7333-1) and L22 (D,3/7333-1) are the memory input and output ports to the 8-bit bidirectional bus. This allows the Z80 to write and read into the RAM memory and read from the PROMs. The address bus and decoders allow entry into the desired portion of memory and the selection of the appropriate chip respectively.

The 7379 board houses a voltage regulator stage type and driver amplifiers. The +5V regulator (L1) is an OP-amp type regulator feeding Q1 which provides +5V regulated to the logic. The -12V and +12V for the memory chips are produced by Q2 and Q3 respectively. These are emitter follower circuits with a zener diode of the appropriate value in the emitter/base region.

The carriage motor is driven forward by Q36 and Q37 (7379) which place +18V on the motor when MO signal at connector K2 is high. For reverse direction Q37 and Q36 place -32V on the motor when MO (K2) is a negative voltage. When MO (K2) is OV the motor stops.

Solenoid drivers Q23 - Q34 and Q8 - Q19 (7379) supply OV on one side of the solenoid. The other side is 32V when a high is applied to the inputs S1 - S12. The op amp (L2) amplifies the signals Yo, Yb, Xo, Xb which feed Q20, Q21, Q22 and Q35 in turn driving the power transistors (Q4-Q7) which drive the vertical or form-feed stepping motor.

#### 4.3 I / O PORTS

All input ports are three-state buffers, and all output ports are D-type latch FFs which give the lower speed devices time to respond to the control signals.

# CHAPTER 5 SCHE-MATICS

# THE SCHEMATICS, WHEN AVAILABLE, ARE ON THE LAST FICHE IN THIS SET.

# CHAPTER 6 ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES



### CHAPTER 6 ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

#### **6.1 INTRODUCTION**

This chapter contains the adjustments of the major mechanical assemblies in the 2231W-6 printer.

Prior to the removal and replacement of suspected mechanical components, the mechanical assembly in question should be checked for proper adjustment. Should adjustment check show out-of-tolerance operation, the corresponding adjustment procedure should be performed. Should adjustment fail to correct the problem, part removal and replacement may be necessary. Adjustment and/or alignment procedures should be performed after the assembly procedures of a given mechanical part or assembly.

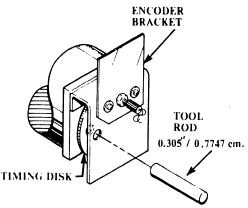
For many of the subsequent adjustment procedures, the cover of the unit must be removed to gain access to the inside of the printer. The cover is form fitted and can be removed by lifting on the sides.

This adjustment chapter is arranged so that the full adjustment check and/or adjustment procedures are contained on the same page or adjacent pages as pertinent illustrations for ease in performance. Also, some of the illustrations are repeated so that the reader does not have to turn pages when using the procedures.

III.C.4.M

#### **6.2 ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENTS**

Prior to performance of electrical adjustments, check that the mechanical adjustment "first character position" is within the specifications described below:



#### NOTE

Be sure power is removed from unit.

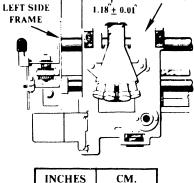
 Place a 0.305" tool rod through the encoder bracket hole (Figure 6-1) and into the timing-disk hole. Check for a distance of 1.18" ± 0.01" (3 cm ± 0.025 cm) between the carriage assembly and the left side frame (See Figure 6-2). If out of adjustment, refer to paragraph 6.3.17 for adjustment procedure.

#### NOTE

# THE MAGNETIC PICKUP AND THE TIMING DISK SHOULD NOT CONTACT ONE ANOTHER.

2) The distance between the edge/face of the timing disk and the pick ups should be consistent along the circumference of the disk with a gap of 0.005" ± 0.001" (0.0127 cm ± 2.5 mm) (See Figure 6-3). If out of adjustment, refer to paragraph 6.3.17 for adjustment procedure.





3 ± 0.025

#### FIGURE 6-2 DISTANCE BETWEEN CARRIAGE AND LEFT SIDE FRAME.

1.18 ± 0.01

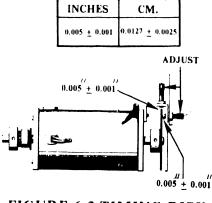


FIGURE 6-3 TIMING DISK & SENSORS

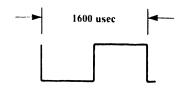
#### CAUTION

TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE PRINT HEAD WHILE MAKING SOME OF THE FOLLOWING ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENTS, DISCONNECT THE PRINT HEAD ELECTRICALLY BY DISCONNECTING THE FINGER BOARD WHICH PLUGS INTO PRINT HEAD RIBBON CABLE CONNECTOR 7729.

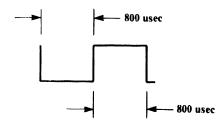
- 1) Turn the printer's power on (rear panel).
- 2) Connect voltmeter + lead to  $C_1$  on 7379 PCB and - lead to + OV. (See Figure 6-4.)
- 3) Adjust R24 (+5VR Pot) until pin  $C_1$ is +5 volts  $\pm$  0.25 volts with respect to  $\pm$  0V.

#### 6.2.2 WINDOW STROBE ADJUSTMENT (PULSE WIDTH)

- Connect scope probe to L27-12 (See Figure 6-5 bottom right half.)
- 2) Adjust scope for negative trigger.
- 3) Adjust 100K pot (R55) for a complete cycle of 1600 <u>+</u> 25 us at L27-12. (See Below)



4) The 50K pot (R22) must be adjusted to obtain a square wave with a 50% duty cycle. (See Below)



**FIGURE 6-4 7379 PCB** 

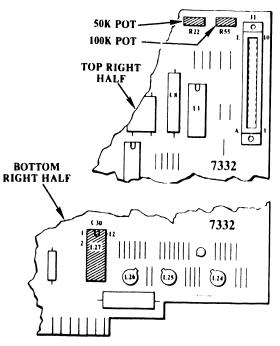
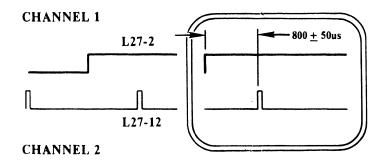


FIGURE 6-5 TWO SECTIONS OF 7332 PCB

#### III.C.4.M

#### **6.2.3 WINDOW STROBE ADJUSTMENT (PHASE)**

- 1) Connect channel 1 probe of scope to L27-2.
- 2) Set scope to positive trigger and use L27-2 as the triggering pulse.
- 3) Connect channel 2 probe of scope to L27-12.
- 4) Loosen mounting plate containing index hole (See Figure 6-1) and adjust for a 800 ± 50 usec between leadings edges of pulses.
   (See Figure 6-6.)





#### **FIGURE 6-6 SCOPE PRESENTATION**

- 5) Remove power to printer.
- 6) Connect the print-head fingerboard to the Print-head ribbon cable.
- 7) Secure potentiometers (R24/7379, R22 and R55/7332) with Glyptol after adjustment to prevent any changes due to vibrations in the printer.

#### **6.3 MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENTS**

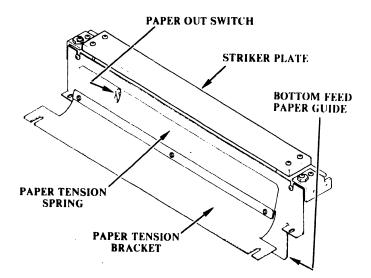
#### NOTE

TURN POWER OFF TO PRINTER (REAR PANEL SWITCH) BEFORE PERFORMING THE FOLLOWING MECHANICAL CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS.

#### 6.3.1 PAPER GUIDE ADJUSTMENT CHECK (REFER TO FIGURE 6-7)

#### NOTE

THE PAPER-TENSION SPRING MUST BE PARALLEL TO THE BOTTOM-FEED PAPER GUIDE ACROSS ITS ENTIRE LENGTH. THE POINT AT WHICH THE PAPER EXITS FROM THE PAPER-TENSION SPRING SHOULD BE THE ONLY PLACE WHERE THE SPRING CONTACTS THE BOTTOM-FEED PAPER GUIDE.



#### FIGURE 6-7 PAPER GUIDE ASSEMBLY

- Push a piece of paper squarely through the front-feed or bottom-feed paper guides to determine if a slight resistance can be felt along the entire width of paper as the paper begins to appear at the front of the machine.
- 2) As a single sheet of paper is pulled upward through the paper-tension spring, check for a two ounce (57 gram) force required to pull paper to produce movement. (An 8 part form, or 3 sheets of paper, should not bind when pulled through.)

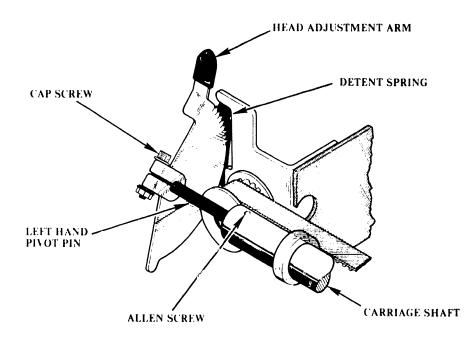
#### 6.3.2 PAPER GUIDE ADJUSTMENT

Loosen the two screws holding the paper-tension bracket and move it forward or backward parallel to bottom-feed paper guide to achieve the proper tension (2 oz./57 grams).

#### 6.3.3 HEAD ADJUSTMENT ARM CHECK

 Move the head-adjustment arm to position 5 and check that Allen screw in carriage shaft is vertical. (See Figure 6-8.)

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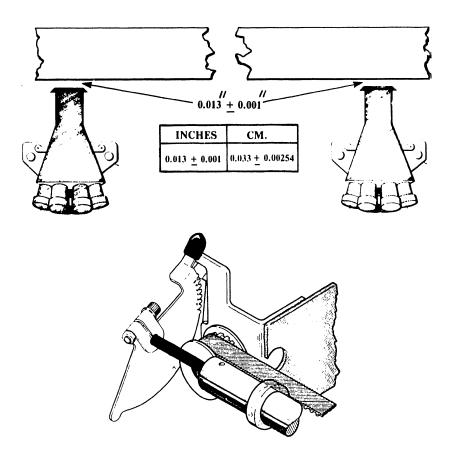


#### FIGURE 6-8 HELD ADJUSTMENT ARM ASSEMBLY

#### 6.3.4 HEAD ADJUSTMENT ARM ASSEMBLY ADJUSTMENT

- 1) Rotate the carriage shaft so that the Allen screw is vertical.
- 2) Loosen the Allen screw holding the left-hand pivot pin.
- Set the head-adjustment arm (on left-hand pivot pin) to position
   center the arm on the detent spring and tighten the Allen screw.
- 4) Check the striker plate adjustment (paragraph 6.3.5).

#### **6.3.5 STRIKER PLATE AND PLATEN BRACKETS CHECK**



#### FIGURE 6-9 STRIKER BAR ADJUSTMENT CHECK

- With the print head (see Figure 6-9) in the far left carriage position and the ribbon cantridge removed, move the head-adjustment arm to position 1 (move the print head as close as possible to the striker plate). A 0.013" (0.033cm) gauge should just fit between the striker plate and the face of the bearing.
- 2) Move the head to the far right carriage position and check for the same gap.

#### **6.3.6 STRIKER PLATE AND PLATEN BRACKETS ADJUSTMENT**

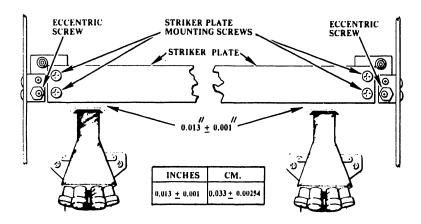


FIGURE 6-10 STRIKER PLATE ADJUSTMENT

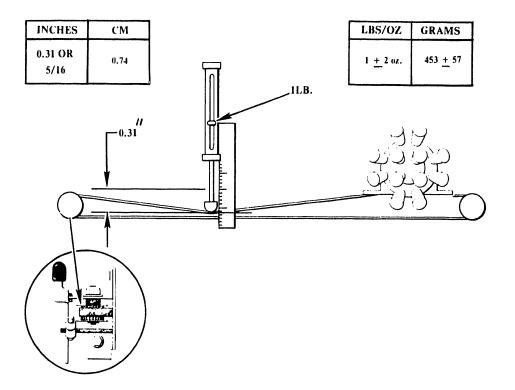
#### A. FINE ADJUSTMENT

- 1) Move the head-adjustment to position 1.
- 2) Remove the ribbon cartridge from the print head to allow for proper measurement.
- 3) Loosen the four Phillip head screws holding the striker plate to the platen mounting brackets (see Figure 6-10).
- 4) Adjust the striker plate in or out to meet the adjustment of  $0.013" \pm 0.001" (0.033 \text{ cm})$  by moving the two eccentric screws. (See Figure 6-10.)
- 5) Tighten the four screws and recheck for proper adjustment.

#### **B.** COARSE ADJUSTMENT

- Loosen the four screws holding the striker plate to the platen-mounting bracket (see Figure 6-10) slide striker plate to front of printer and tighten the four screws.
- 2) Move print head to left side of printer and set head-adjustment arm to position 5.
- 3) Loosen two screws holding platen-mounting bracket on left side frame and adjust in or out for a gap of  $0.013" \pm 0.001" (0.033 \pm 0.00254 \text{ cm})$ between striker plate and solenoid wires. Tighten screws. (See Figure 6-10.)
- 4) Repeat step 2 and 3 for right side.
- 5) Check paper guide adjustment (Paragraph 6.3.1).
- Perform the striker plate fine adjustment step 1 to 5 (Paragraph 6.3.6a).

#### **6.3 7 CARRIAGE DRIVE BELT CHECK**



#### FIGURE 6-11 CARRIAGE DRIVE BELT ADJUSTMENT

- 1) Move the carriage to the extreme right-hand position.
- 2) Using a spring gauge and scale, deflect the middle of the belt 0.31" or 5/16" (0.74 cm). The gauge should read 1 lb  $\pm$  2 oz (453 grams  $\pm$  57 grams). (See Figure 6-11.)

#### **6.3.8 CARRIAGE DRIVE BELT ADJUSTMENT**

Loosen the 7/16" nut holding the carriage drive-belt pulley on the left side of the printer (see Figure 6-11). Move the pulley in the desired direction and tighten the pulley nut.

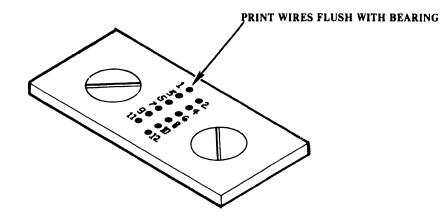
#### III.C.4.M

#### **6.3.9 PRINT HEAD ADJUSTMENT CHECK**

1) Loosen the mounting screw holding the 7378-fingerboard retainer and rotate it away from the fingerboard.

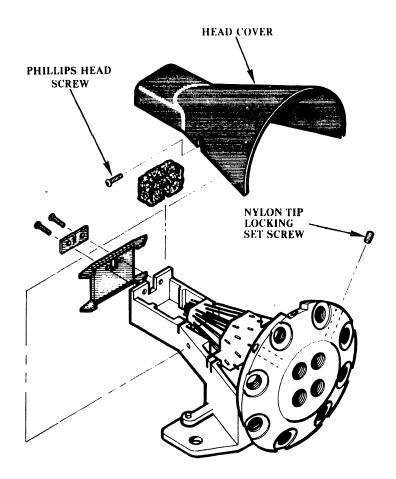
)

- Remove the print head from the carriage as embly by disconnecting the fingerboard from the connector and removing the two print-head mounting screws.
- 3) With a jewelers loupe (magnifier) look at the head bearing (Figure 6-12). All the solenoid wires must be flush with the bearing surface.

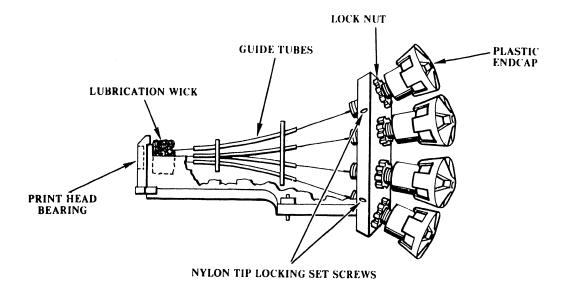


#### FIGURE 6-12 HEAD BEARING

## PRINT HEAD ADJUSTMENT NEXT TWO PAGES



#### FIGURE 6-13 PRINT HEAD (EXPLODED VIEW)



#### FIGURE 6-14 PRINT HEAD (SIDE VIEW)

#### 6.3.10 PRINT HEAD ADJUSTMENT

- Remove the head cover by removing the two Phillips screws. (See Figure 6-13.)
- 2) Unlock the desired solenoid by loosening its corresponding nylon-tip locking set screw (WL #650-4086(8-32 X 15/64)) or lock nut with a solenoid adjustment tool (WL #726-9641).

#### CAUTION

IN STEP 3, WHILE TURNING THE SOLENOID GRASP THE METAL BODY OF THE SOLENOID NOT THE PLASTIC ENDCAP (SEE FIGURE 6-14). USING THE ENDCAP AS A GRIPPING POINT MAY DAMAGE THE COIL WIRES THAT PROTRUDE FROM THE ENDCAP.

- 3) Turn the solenoid to be adjusted (See Figure 6-14) in or out while watching the solenoid wire at the bearing plate (Figure 6-15). All the solenoid wires must be flush with the bearing. Identification of wires and solenoids is shown in Figures 6-15 and 6-16.
- Tighten the nylon-tip locking set screw or lock nut and check bearing again (See Figure 6-14).

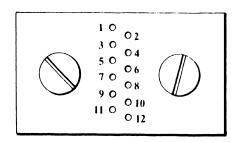


FIGURE 6-15 BEARING PLATE FOR PRINT WIRES

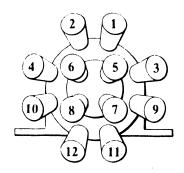
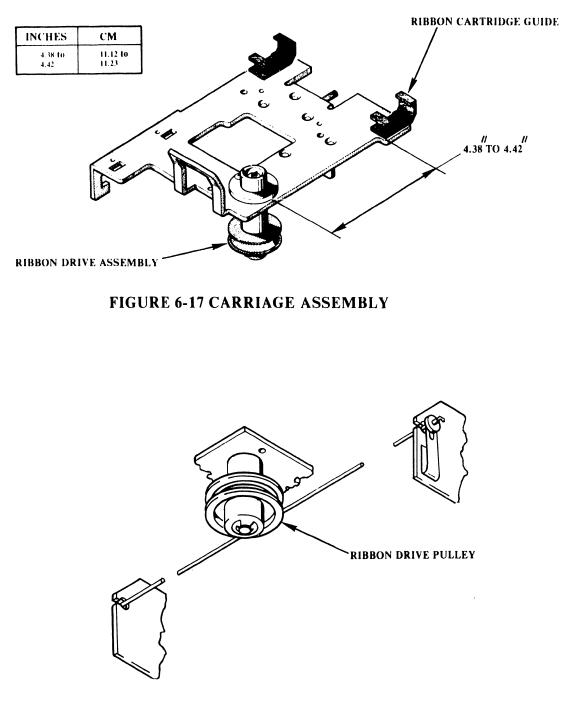


FIGURE 6-16 SOLENOID IDENTIFICATION



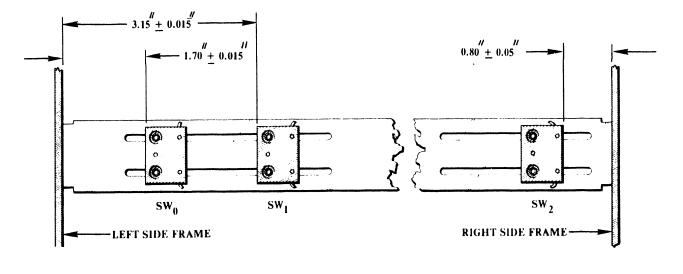
#### FIGURE 6-18 RIBBON DRIVE PULLEY

#### 6.3.11 RIBBON-CLUTCH ASSEMBLY AND CARTRIDGE GUIDES CHECKS

- The distance from the center line of the ribbon-drive assembly to the inside front edge of the ribbon-cartridge guides must be 4.38 to 4.42 inches (11.12 cm to 11.23 cm). (See Figure 6-17.)
- 2) Insert a ribbon cartridge into the ribbon cartridge guides and push down to lock with the ribbon cartridge spring. Check that the ribbon-cartridge does not have to be forced during installation.
- Check that the ribbon-advance cable is properly seated on the ribbon-drive pulley. (See Figure 6-18.)
- 4) The Ribbon cartridge should lift free of the ribbon-cartridge spring with an upward force of 2 lbs  $\pm$  2 oz (907 grams  $\pm$  57 grams) applied to the rear of the ribbon cartridge.

#### 6.3.12 RIBBON-CLUTCH ASSEMBLY AND CARTRIDGE GUIDES ADJUSTMENTS

- Loosen the Allen screws and move the ribbon-cartridge guides in the appropriate direction. (See Figure 6-17.)
- 2) Loop the ribbon-advance cable around the ribbon-drive pulley so that the cable is to the rear of the pulley. (See Figure 6-18.)
- 3) Loosen the hex-head screw on the bottom of the carriage and move the ribbon-cartridge spring in the appropriate direction. (See Figure 6-17.)



FROM

TO

#### MEASURE

LEFT-SIDE FRAMELEFT SIDE OF SW0LEFT-SIDE FRAMELEFT SIDE OF SW1RIGHT-SIDE FRAMERIGHT SIDE OF SW2REED-SWITCH FRAMETOP OF SW0/SW2

 $1.70'' \pm 0.015''(4.32 \text{ cm} \pm 0.038)$   $3.15' \pm 0.015''(8.00 \text{ cm} \pm 0.032)$   $0.80'' \pm 0.050''(2.03 \text{ cm} \pm 0.127)$  $0.060'' \pm 0.015''(0.152 \text{ cm} \pm 0.038)$ 

#### FIGURE 6-19 REED-SWITCH CHECKS

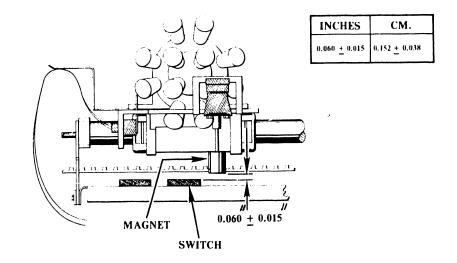


FIGURE 6-20 MAGNET TO REED-SWITCH ADJUSTMENT CHECK

#### 6.3.13 REED SWITCHES AND MOUNTING BRACKET ADJUSTMENT CHECK

- 1) Check the measurements in Figure 6-19.
- 2) A carriage return should occur automatically after a full-buffer condition is generated. This can be accomplished by sending a line of more than 132 characters from the CPU to the printer.

#### NOTE

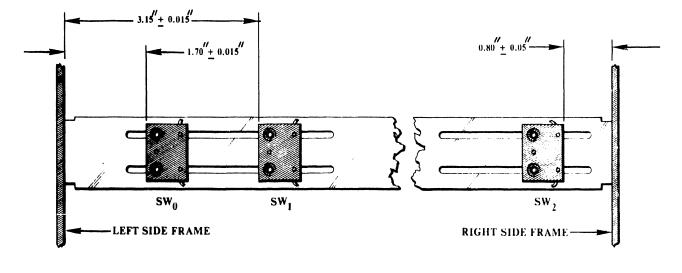
DURING THE ADJUSTMENT CHECK, IF A REED SWITCH APPEARS TO BE MALFUNCTIONING, SHUT OFF THE POWER. PULL THE REED-SWITCH FINGERBOARD FROM THE ELECTRICAL CHASSIS. PROCEED TO CHECK THE DEFECTIVE REED SWITCH BY USING AN OHMETER FOR CONTINUITY WHILE MOVING THE CARRIAGE MAGNET OVER THE SUSPECTED SWITCH OR SWITCHES. THE BLACK LEAD ON THE FINGERBOARD IS COMMON TO ALL THREE SWITCHES. THE COLOR CODE FOR EACH SWITCH IS AS FOLLOWS:

#### SWO (GREEN), SW1 (VIOLET) AND SW2 (WHITE).

#### CAUTION

#### TURN POWER OFF (REAR PANEL ON-OFF SWITCH).

3) <u>WITH POWER OFF</u>, check that a gap of  $0.060" \pm 0.015"$  (0.152 cm  $\pm$  0.038 cm) exists between the reed-switch package and the reed-switch magnet (See Figure 6-20).



FROM

<u>TO</u>

#### **MEASURE**

LEFT-SIDE FRAME	L
LEFT-SIDE FRAME	L
<b>RIGHT-SIDE FRAME</b>	R
REED-SWITCH FRAME	Т

LEFT SIDE OF SW<sub>0</sub> LEFT SIDE OF SW<sub>1</sub> RIGHT SIDE OF SW<sub>2</sub> TOP OF SW<sub>0</sub>/SW<sub>2</sub>  $1.70'' \pm 0.015''(4.32 \text{ cm } \pm 0.038)$   $3.15'' \pm 0.015''(8.00 \text{ cm } \pm 0.032)$   $0.80'' \pm 0.050''(2.03 \text{ cm } \pm 0.127)$  $0.060'' \pm 0.015''(0.152 \text{ cm } \pm 0.038)$ 

#### FIGURE 6-21 REED-SWITCH CHECKS

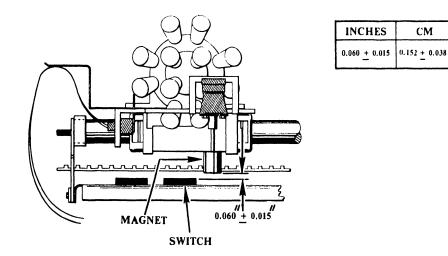


FIGURE 6-22 MAGNET TO REED-SWITCH ADJUSTMENT CHECK

#### 6.3.14 REED SWITCHES AND MOUNTING BRACKET ADJUSTMENTS

#### WARNING

BECAUSE THE SCREWDRIVER USED MAY BE MAGNETIC, ALWAYS ADJUST THE REED SWITCHES WITH POWER OFF. THE ACCIDENTAL CLOSING OF THESE SWITCHES COULD BE HAZARDOUS.

- Adjust the reed switches by loosening the screws holding the reed-switch bracket and adjust in accordance with the specifications in Figure 6-21.
- 2) Loosen the four screws holding the reed-switch bracket to both side frames and move the assembly up or down to adjust for 0.060" <u>+</u>0.015" (0.152 cm <u>+</u>0.038 cm) gap between the magnet and the reed-switch packages. (See Figure 6-22.)

#### 6.3.15 REED SWITCH MAGNET ADJUSTMENT CHECK AND ADJUSTMENT

#### NOTE

#### LOOKING FROM THE SIDE OF THE CARRIAGE, THE MAGNET SHOULD BE POSITIONED SO THAT IT PASSES OVER THE SWITCHES. THE SLOT OF THE MAGNET SHOULD FACE IN THE DIRECTION OF CARRIAGE MOTION.

- 1) Remove the ribbon cartridge.
- 2) Loosen the Allen-head cap screw and nut on the head alignment arm and slide it off the end of the pivot pin (see Figure 6-23).
- 3) Remove the carriage drive pulley bracket.
- Using 2-7/16" wrenches, remove the carriage drive-idler pulley from left side of printer.
- 5) Loosen Allen set screws on right and left side of carriage shaft and remove shaft and pins.
- 6) Remove carriage drive belt from servo drive gear (See Figure 6-24).
- Remove carriage stops on carriage shaft and slide carriage off of its shaft.
- Loosen screw in center of magnet.
- Put slot in line of carriage motion and tighten screw (See Figure 6-25).
- 10) Re-assemble unit
- Adjust carriage drive belt tension, head-adjustment arm and striker plate (Paragraphs 6.3.8, 6.3.4 and 6.3.6 respectively).

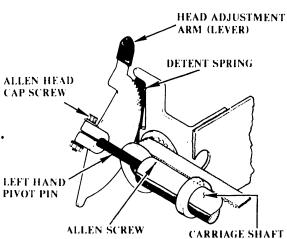
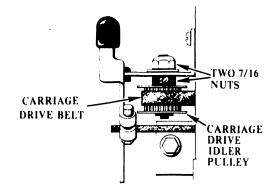


FIGURE 6-23 HEAD ADJUSTMENT ARM ASSEMBLY



#### FIGURE 6-24 REMOVAL OF CARRIAGE DRIVE BELT PULLEY

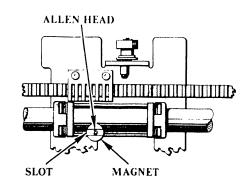
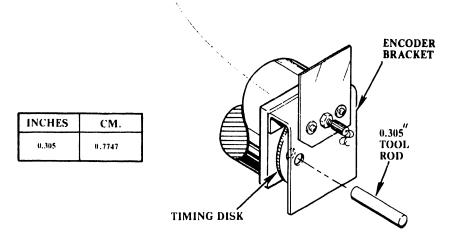


FIGURE 6-25 LOCATION OF MAGNET AND ALLEN HEAD SCREW

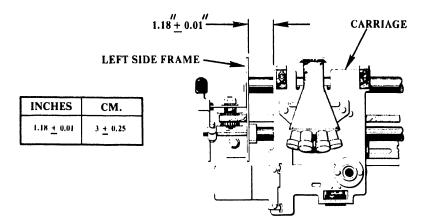
## MAGNETIC RELUCTANCE PICK UP AND TIMING DISK ADJUSTMENT CHECK

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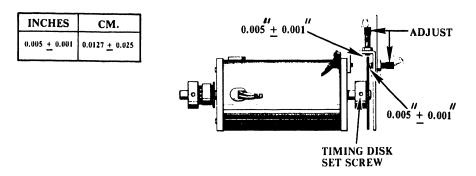


#### FIGURE 6-26 TIMING DISK ALIGNMENT HOLE

.



#### FIGURE 6-27 DISTANCE BETWEEN CARRIAGE AND LEFT SIDE FRAME





#### 6.3.16 MAGNETIC RELUCTANCE PICKUP AND TIMING DISK ADJUSTMENT CHECK

1) Place the 0.305" tool rod through the encoder-bracket hole (see Figure 6-26) and into the timing-disk hole. Check for a distance of  $1.18" \pm 0.01"$  (3 cm  $\pm 0.025$  cm) between the carriage assembly and the left side frame (see Figure 6-27).

#### NOTE

# THE MAGNETIC PICKUPS AND THE TIMING DISK SHOUD NOT CONTACT ONE ANOTHER.

2) The distance between the edge/face of the timing disk and the pick ups should be consistent along the circumference of the disk with a gap of  $0.005" \pm 0.001"$  ( $0.0127 \text{ cm} \pm 0.025 \text{ cm}$ ). (See Figure 6-28.)

#### 6.3.17 MAGNETIC RELUCTANCE PICKUP AND TIMING DISK ADJUSTMENT

- Loosen the timing disk set screw (See Figure 6-28), and slide the 0.305" tool rod through the encoder-bracket hole and into the timing-disk hole. (See Figure 6-26.)
- 2) Move the carriage  $1.18" \pm 0.01"$  (3 cm  $\pm 0.025$  cm) from the left side frame and tighten the timing-disk set screw (refer to Figures 6-27 and 6-28).
- Loosen the index hole magnetic reluctance pickup locking nut. (See Figure 6-28.)
- 4) Back out the pickup and place a 0.005" (0.0127 cm) gauge between the pickup and the timing disk. Turn the pickup in until it just contacts the gauge and retighten the locking nut. (Refer to Figure 6-28.)

#### 6.3.18 PAPER FEED SPROCKETS AND PAPER GUIDE COVER ADJUSTMENT CHECK

- With each of the sprocketwheel covers closed, there should be a gap between the cover and the paper-feed sprocket of 0.025" to 0.039" (0.064 cm to 0.076 cm) (See Figure 6-29.)
- The teeth of the sprocket should be centrally located in the cover slot 0.030" as shown in Figure 6-29.

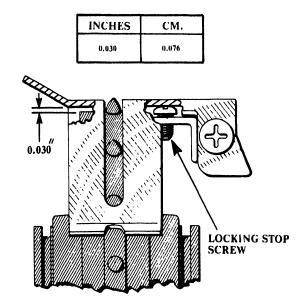
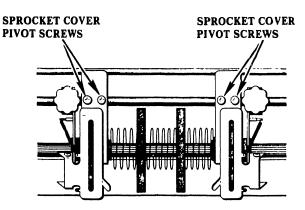


FIGURE 6-29 PAPER GUIDE COVER

#### 6.3.19 PAPER FEED SPROCKETS AND PAPER GUIDE COVER ADJUSTMENT

- Adjust cover height with the locking-stop screw. Move screw down until a 0.030" (0.076 cm) gauge begins to pinch between the cover and the rubber of the sprocket (see Figure 6-29).
- 2) Adjust the sprocket-cover pivot screws (2) to center teeth (see Figure 6-30). This must be done to both of the paper-guide assembly covers. The pivot screws act as eccentrics to center the cover.



#### FIGURE 6-30 SPROCKET COVER PIVOT SCREWS

#### 6.3.20 HORIZONTAL VERNIER CLUTCH (PAPER ADVANCE) ADJUSTMENT CHECK

1) By using the horizontal vernier knob, push the vernier clutch in and out. With the use of a feeler gauge check for a clearance of  $0.032" \pm 0.007"$  ( $0.081 \text{ cm} \pm 0.018 \text{ cm}$ ) between the idler gear and the cone gear as shown in Figure 6-31. Also, when the knob is released after paper advancement, the vernier clutch should fully reengage flush with gear surface as shown in Figure 6-32.

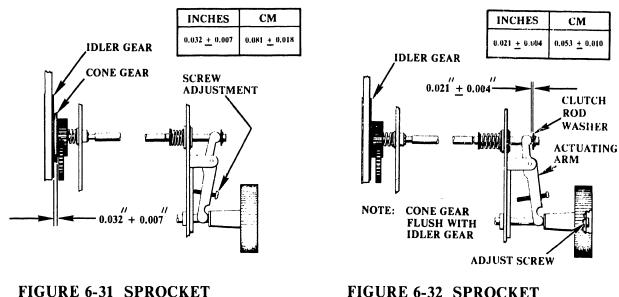


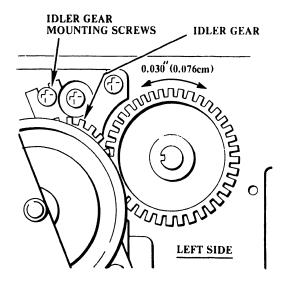
FIGURE 6-31 SPROCKET ADJUSTMENT (DISENGAGED) FIGURE 6-32 SPROCKET ADJUSTMENT (ENGAGED)

#### 6.3.21 HORIZONTAL VERNIER CLUTCH (PAPER ADVANCE) ADJUSTMENT

- 1) With the clutch engaged (automatic advance) adjust the Allen screw in the center of the horizontal vernier knob for a gap of  $0.021" \pm 0.004"$  (0.053 cm  $\pm 0.010$  cm) between the actuating arm and the clutch-rod washer (see Figure 6-32).
- 2) With the clutch disengaged (manual advance), adjust the screw on the actuating arm for a  $0.032" \pm 0.007"$  ( $0.081 \text{ cm} \pm 0.018 \text{ cm}$ ) gap between the cone gear and the idler gear (see Figure 6-31). (This screw can be adjusted through the hole in the horizontal vernier knob.)

#### **6.3.22 PAPER MOVEMENT GEARS ADJUSTMENT CHECK**

- Check the paper sprocket-drive gear for maximum backlash of 0.030" (0.076 cm) (see Figure 6-33), by holding the intermediate gear immobile. (See Figure 6-34.)
- 2) With Stepping Motor Timing Belt depressed 0.1" (0.25 cm), the scale should read 1 lb (453 grams). (See Figure 6-34.)



#### FIGURE 6-23 PAPER MOVEMENT GEARS

#### **6.3.23 PAPER MOVEMENT GEARS ADJUSTMENT**

- Loosen the two idler-gear mounting screws (see Figure 6-33) to adjust gear-train backlash for a maximum of 0.030" (0.076 cm).
- 2) Loosen the four screws (see Figure 6-34) holding the stepping motor to the motor bracket. Move the motor in appropriate direction for a 0.1" (0.25 cm) belt depression (a scale reading of 1.0 lb) and tighten the four screws for correct timing belt tension.

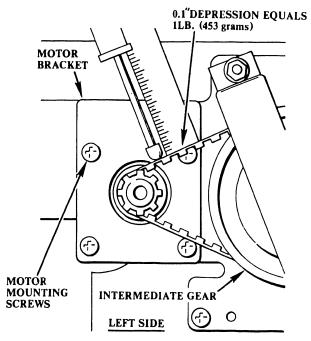


FIGURE 6-34 PAPER MOVEMENT GEAR BELT ADJUSTMENT

# CHAPTER 7 MAINT-ENANCE

### CHAPTER 7 MAINTENANCE

#### 7.1 INTRODUCTION

This chapter of the manual contains the diagnostics, preventive maintenance, troubleshooting, power conversion procedure, recommended spare parts list, and a list of primiter cables.

#### 7.2 DIAGNOSTICS

The 2231W-6 diagnostic dated 9/26/78 (2200 P/N 701-2180 or PCS-2 P/N 701-8001 peripheral diagnostic diskette) will checkout all of the internal and external hardware items necessary to ensure that the 2231W-6 printer related functions do perform according to printer specifications. This diagnostic is also a forerunner to a Master 2200 System Printer Diagnostic.

The operator has the option to run any individual group of tests or any individual test over and over again. He also has the option to select either a Confidence Test (short version) or full Design Verification Test. The Confidence Test is a condensed version of the Design Verification Test. It is a quick check to see if the printer is functioning properly.

The Design Verification Test is a complete diagnostic designed to verify all the printer's specifications. It is approximately four times longer than the Confidence Test.

#### 7.2.1 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The program first asks the operator for the disk address that defines where the program disk is residing. Once the program knows where the program disk is residing it then loads the Master Menu. The Master Menu displays the eight different options available as follows:

1 - Full Diagnostic/both Confidence	5 - Print Consistency Menu
and Design Verification Test Menu	6 - Special Features Menu
2 - Data Buffer Menu	7 - Operator Action Menu
3 - Character Set Menu	8 - Program Option Menu
4 - Paper Motion Menu	

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Option No. 1 calls up the full Diagnostic. Options 2 through 7 call up (fetch) the individual test group menus from the disk. Option No. 8 selects either the Confidence Test or the Design Verification Test.

A good example is when Option 4 (paper motion) is selected. The following will be displayed:

- All paper motion subtests
   Line feed tests 1 & 2
   Vertical tabulation test
   End of Document test
   Carriage return test 10 pitch
- 6 Carriage return test 12 pitch

If subtest 1 is selected, the program will continually loop from subtest 2 through 6. If either subtest 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 is selected the program will loop on that individual test repeating it over and over again.

#### 7.2.2 OPERATOR SPECIAL FUNCTION OPTIONS

There are three Special Function keys that the operator will use from time to time.

#### NOTE

### TO EXECUTE THESE SPECIAL FEATURE OPTIONS, THE OPERATOR MUST FIRST DEPRESS HALT/STEP AND THEN THE DESIRED SPECIAL FUNCTION KEY:

SF-0 Master Menu Display SF-16 SLB Menu Display SF-15 Program Restart

1) Special Function Key 0 - Master Menu

This key will display the Master Program Menu on the CRT.

2) Special Function Key 16 - Sub Menu 3

This Special Function key will display the current submenu (test) of the group that is presently being tested.

3) Special Function Key 15 - Program Restart

This Special Function key will restart the current program that is in memory at that time.

#### 7.2.3 TEST GROUPS

The diagnostic is broken down into six major groups:

- 1- Data Buffer
- 2- Character Set
- 3- Paper Motion Group
- 4- Print Consistency Group
- 5- Special Features Group
- 6- Operator Action Group

#### 1) Data-Buffer Group

This group is set-up in such a way that there are any number of data tests that can be performed. In this diagnostic there are six different tests that can be performed:

The first two are data buffer and data bus characters that will detect if any of the printer data lines are malfunctioning.

The other four tests are the spiral patter. The spiral pattern is designed to ensure that all the characters can be printed from all 132 printer buffer locations.

#### 2) Character Set Group

There are two sections in this group, one for printing the Design Verification character set, and one for printing the Confidence test character set.

In the Design Verification test the printer displays the hex code and beside it the printer displays in ()'s three of those printable hex codes. Hex 21 (!!!). Therefore, the operator can visually check for the correct character formation and verify that the printer is in fact sending the proper character. This section will display the normal character size and then will display the expanded size character. If the printer is testing under the Confidence Test mode, this section will display that this test is strictly for "Design Verification testing only".

The Confidence Character Set Mode is utilized only during the Confidence Test phase. It will display "Confidence Testing only" when the program is performing the Design Verification Test.

This section will also print out the full 96 character set but will not identify any of the characters. It will print 16 characters-per-line and it prints 5 lines of data. The first line will be characters from a hex(20) to a hex(2F) symbol.

The second line will be hex (30) to a hex (3F). This will continue until the last row of characters has been printed (hex 70 to 7F), numbers and symbols.

The delete code is a special hex code character used to delete or clear the print buffer and control codes. When this program is running and the delete code is functioning properly, there will be an indication of this function. If the delete code is malfunctioning or is not coded properly, then the following message will appear on the print out, "Error - with delete code XX" and XX will be the hex value for the delete code in use.

#### 3) Paper Motion Group

This test group contains the following five different subgroups:

1 - Line Feed Test 1 & 2

- 2 Vertical Tabulation Tests
- 3 End of Document (EOD)
- 4 Carriage Return Test 10 pitch
- 5 Carriage Return Test 12 pitch

The primary function LFT NO. 1 (Line Feed Test #1) is to actuate the mechanical line-feed mechanism and verify its operation. The program prints a reference asterisk and then sends out those line feed hex codes (OA). At a glance the operator should be able to check for errors such as dropped line feeds or added line feeds (hex-OA's). The asterisks should be evenly spaced down the page.

Line Feed test No. 2 exercises the line-feed mechanism as does Test One. It sends a reference line of print, then it sends a given number of line feed hex codes (OA). It is in this test, that lined paper is primarily used. NOTE: There are 32 (2 character lines) per page. <u>AGAIN</u>, if the top-of-form was properly set, any given reference will fall at the same point down the page. The reference mark falls just above the horizontal reference line. If the paper was properly set up, it would have fallen directly on the center line of the page. Therefore, the operator at a glance can see if any one of the reference marks are out of place. If they are, then there is some sort of problem with the paper-motion mechanism.

The Vertical Tabulation Test prints the test title and then it sends a vertical tab (hex-OB). Then the statement "Vertical tab No. ?" is printed where the question mark represents the cummulative number of vertical tabs issued by the CPU.

#### NOTE

ALL VERTICAL TABS SHOULD BE PRINTED ONE LINE BELOW THE DESIGNATED HORIZONTAL REFERENCE LINE FOR THE PAGE.

. . 13

The End of Document Test starts testing by printing on line one number 4. It prints; "Line NO XX", where XX represents the line number. This is repeated over and over again until the last line is printed. After the last line is printed, the printer hardware issues a "Top-of-Form" command. The paper is suppose to advance to the top of a new page. The program then issues its own "Top-of-Form", a hex code (OC). Therefore, there should be a blank page for a successful end of document test.

There are four types of Carriage Return Tests. One to check for short lines, one to verify the right limit switch, the program software carriage return, and finally, the carriage-return overrun or a line that is longer than the print buffer.

The first test prints 85 characters then issues a hex code (OD). The result is five consecutive lines of data.

The second test issues the equivalent to five full lines of data, 660 characters. The right-hand limit switch detects the last printable character (at 132 characters) and issues a hardware line feed. Thus, breaking up the 660 characters into five lines of 132 characters.

The third carriage return test issues five lines of data, 132 printable characters and a hex(OD). Therefore, the right-hand limit switch is reached and the hardware issues a carriage return in addition to the software. The printer should ignore the second carriage return. If it does not ignore the second carriage return, then there will be a blank line between the lines or doubled spaced output.

#### 4) Print Consistency Group

This first test is designed to ensure that all the characters are printed accurately, have good print quality and consistency. All the characters must look good and have good legibility.

The second print consistency test checks and tries to issue the worse-case pin firing, hoping to find a solenoid that is not responding fast enough.

#### 5) Special Feature Test Group

This is the section of the diagnostic where the sub-routine is written strictly for the given printer under test. In this section there are seven Special Feature Tests.

1 - Quarter Line feed up
 2 - Quarter Line feed down
 3 - Variable line spacing
 4 - Highlighting and underscoring
 5 - Expand 12
 6 - 10 pitch vertical expandable character set
 7 - 12 pitch vertical expandable character set

The Quarter Line Feed Up subtest demonstrates the fact that characters could be vertically offset to demonstrate hyphenations and subscripting.

The Quarter Line Feed Down demonstrates the same as the above, but in the other direction.

The Variable Line Spacing subtest demonstrates an overview of both of the above. It illustrates the fact that there can be 5 characters printed vertically where normally only 2 characters could be printed with the conventional printer.

The highlighting and underscore test demonstrates in greater detail the form of line-feed suppression demonstated in all of the Special Function Tests described above. The high intensity of the words "HIGHLIGHTING" and expanded "PRINTER" demonstrates this feature. The printer is programmed not to advance the paper to enable the head assembly to make four seperate passes on the same line. Thus, the words HIGHLIGHTING and PRINTER should be darker than the rest of print line.

The Expanded 12 Pitch section is designed to verify that the printer will only expand one full line of data and not any less or any more than 66 expanded characters.

The Ten Pitch Vertical Expandable Character Set section causes the program to print out a two tenth's high expanded 96 character set in the ten pitch mode. This display will follow the same display as the standard character set.

The Twelve Pitch Vertical Expandable Character Set section causes the program to print out a two tenth's high expanded 96 character set in the 12 pitch mode. This display will follow the same constraints as that described for the standard character set.

#### 6) Operator Action Tests Group

This test requires the operator to verify or perform some sort of action. The operator will follow the instructions on the CRT. The program waits for the operator's OK to start testing.

There are three operator action tests in this diagnostic:

- 1) Select/Deselect and Audio with extra CPU line feeds
- 2) Operator Clear
- 3) Forms Override/Paper Empty switches

In the first test, the program displays all the instructions on the CRT screen and the program waits for the operator's instruction to continue testing. During this test, the operator is required to select and deselect the printer while it is in operation. The diagnostic is testing and verifying that the printer does not lose any characters or control during this period of selecting and deselecting the printer.

In the second test (Operator Clear Test), again the instructions are displayed on the CRT and the program waits for the operator to complete the instructions. This section verifies that the clear button on the control console is functioning properly.

In the third test (Forms Override/Paper Empty switches), again the instructions are displayed on the CRT and the program waits for the operator's command to continue testing. This section verifies that the PAPER OUT micro-switch is functioning and that the FORMS/- OVERRIDE switch on the control console is also operating properly.

## 7.2.4 LOOPING DIAGNOSTICS FOR SCOPING

When any function is suspected as being faulty the diagnostic portion for that funcion should be used. For example, when a linefeed problem exists, the Line-Feed Tests 1 and 2 of the submenu should be used. This test constantly loops, providing a constant line feed. If any malfunction is observed, troubleshooting is greatly aided by simply scoping of the line feed circuit from the line-feed solenoid back to where the proper signal is observed to pinpoint the defective component.

# **7.3 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE**

#### 7.3.1 (QUARTERLY) LUBRICATION

Print Head lubrication is a requirement to reduce print wire breakage.

#### NOTE

#### LUBRICANT CAN BE ORDERED USING WANG PART NO. 660-0180.

Remove the print head cover. Remove the sponge from the print wires and soak it with the lubricant. Press the sponge against the rear of the print bearing. This forces some of the lubricant into the bearing holes. Replace sponge and print head cover.

Immediately after lubricating, exercise the print head for several minutes so that each solenoid is used. This allows the lubricant to make contact with all surfaces of the bearing.

# 7.4 TROUBLESHOOTING

#### 7.4.1 TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS

**TABLE 7-1** 

#### **SYMPTOM** CAUSE **SOLUTION** 1) Power turn on and no lights. 1A. Power fuse blown. 1A. Replace power fuse. 1B. +5V low. 1B. Check and adjust +5V. 1C. No voltage. 1C. Replace 7379. 1D. Q1 (heat sink) bad. No +5V 1D. Replace Q1. to logic. 2) Power turn on and alarm light 2A. Servo fuse open. 2A. Replace servo fuse. 2B. Servo fuse blows repeatedly. 2B. Adjust SWO and SW1 as per Section 6.17 and 6.18. 3) Print is inverted. 3A. 7377 Fingerboard reversed. 3A. Reverse 7377. 3B. 7378 Fingerboard reversed. 3B. Reverse 7378. 4) Yower prime and carriage does 4A. Check servo fuse. 4A. Replace fuse. not return to left margin. 4B. Check for paper jam in paper 4B. Remove paper. Check paper guide preventing carriage from guides for alignment and returning. tension. 4C. Carriage drive belt and 4C. Check adjustments as per pulleys binding. Section 6.11. 5) Power on; depress select button 5A. Defective lamp. 5A. Replace lamp. and select lamp does not come on. 5B. Replace switch. 5B. Defective switch. 5C. Defective connection to switch. 5C. Continuity check. 5D. Defective 7332. 5D. Replace 7332.

#### NOTE

# USE THE SAME PROCEDURE FOR CHECKING TOP OF FORM, CLEAR AND LINEFEED SWITCHES.

(THESE SWITCHES ARE CONNECTED TO 7332 PC BOARD).

# III.C.4.M

#### SYMPTOM

- 6) Front cover is open; CPU tells printer to print but no carriage movement.
- 7) Front cover is closed; CPU tells printer to print but no carriage movement.
- 8) Erratic forward motion of carriage during printing.
- Garriage assembly returning at slow speed after printing a line.
- 10) Carriage return fast with no deceleration.
- 11) No power to servo drive mechanism, but power lights on.
- 12) No printing, but carriage movement.
- 13) No delays between manual line teeds.
- 14) No line feeds except under program control.

#### CAUSE

- 6A. Cover open switch is on.
- 6B. Cover open.
- 7A. Cover open switch wired wrong.7B. Cover open switch defective.7C. Defective 7332.
- 8A. Defective servo circuit.8B. Defective servo.
- 9A. SW1 reed switch defective (shorted).9B. 7332 PCB defective.
- 10A. Defective 7332. 10B. SW1 appears defective. (Open)
- 11A. Servo fuse open. 11B. Bad connection.
- 11C. +5V logic not up.
- 12A. No WS signal.12B. Defective magnetic pickup.12C. Timing on 7332.
- 13A. 7332 defective.
- 14A. Defective line feed switch. 14B. Defective 7332.

#### **SOLUTION**

- 6A. Manually pull switch to closed position.6B. Close cover.
- 7A. Check wiring. 7B. Replace switch.
- 7C. Replace 7332.
- 8A. Replace 7379 or 7332. 8B. Replace servo motor.
- 9A. Replace reed switch
- 9B. Replace 7332.
- 10A. Replace 7332. 10B. Replace SW1 or align magnet.
- 11A. Replace fuse.
- 11B. Check seating of pins and connectors.
- 11C. Adjust +5V logic.
- 12A. Check magnetic pickup signal.
- 12B. Replace magnetic pickup.
- 13A. Replace 7332.
- 14A. Replace switch. 14B. Replace 7332.

SYMPTOM		CAUSE	SOLUTION
15)	Continuous paper feed when top of form executed.	15A. Defective 7332.	15A. Replace 7332.
16)	Poor print quality at one specific location.	16A. Burr or dirt on support rod.	16A. Check carriage bearing guide shaft or plate for dirt or
		16B. Defective timing disk.	burrs at that location. 16B. Replace timing disk.
17)	Poor print quality everywhere (characters not symmetrical).	<ol> <li>Timing 7332.</li> <li>17B. Magnetic pickup.</li> <li>17C. Head penetration.</li> <li>17D. Solenoids in head maladjusted.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>17A. Adjust 50% duty cycle 7332.</li> <li>17B. Replace magnetic pickup.</li> <li>17C. Adjust head penetration.</li> <li>17D. Remove head assembly and</li> </ul>
		17E. Print head loose.	adjust print head to specification. 17E. Tighten head.
18)	Missing dots in character	<ul> <li>18A. Defective ROM on 7333.</li> <li>18B. Defective pwr. transistor on 7379.</li> <li>18C. Maladjusted solenoid.</li> <li>18D. Broken solenoid wire.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>18A. Replace ROM in 7333.</li> <li>18B. Replace transistor on 7379.</li> <li>18C. Adjust solenoid.</li> <li>18D. Replace solenoid.</li> </ul>
			102. Replace solenoid.
19)	Print head catching ribbon during printing.	<ul><li>19A. Head penetration exceeds .000".</li><li>19B. Ribbon worn out with too much head penetration.</li><li>19C. Solenoid staying in fixed position.</li></ul>	<ol> <li>19B. Replace ribbon and adjust penetration.</li> <li>19C1. Replace solenoid.</li> <li>19C2. Replace pwr. transistor on</li> </ol>
			7379. 19C3. Replace 7332.
		19D. Strobe too long.	19D. Adjust strobe length.
20)	Print quality light on one side.	20A. Striker bar maladjusted.	20A. Adjust striker bar.

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#### SYMPTOM

# CAUSE

- 21A. Head penetration to close.
- 21B. Paper not within usable specs.
- 21C. Print solenoid dragging on paper.
- 21D. Ribbon cartridge guides maladjusted.
- 22) No printing, but carriage moves to right and fails to return. Servo fuse blows.

21) Paper streaked during print.

- 22A. Loss of WS strobe.
- 22B. Missing index pulse.
- 22C. Defective 7332 PCB.

#### **SOLUTION**

- 21A. Increase head to striker bar gap.
- 21B. Advise user to replace with paper meeting specifications.
- 21C. Adjust solenoid.
- 21D. Adjust cartridge ribbon guides.
- 22A. Check adjustment of magnetic pickup A and wires.
- 22B. Check adjustment of magnetic pickup B and wires.
- 22C. Replace 7332 PCB.

# 7.5 115 VAC/230 VAC CONVERSION

To convert the Model 2231W-6 Printer to/from 115 Vac or 230 Vac, remove the cover from the ON/OFF switch and fuse assembly and switch the 115/230 Vac selector switch to the desired position. After changing the 115/230 Vac switch position, change fuse as follows:

> 1.5A (SB) for 115 Vac 8/10A (SB) for 230 Vac

Replace switch and fuse cover assembly.

# 7.6 RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS LIST

#### DESCRIPTION

#### PART NO.

Print Head	279-5060-88
Solenoid	279-5060-14
CPU	210-7332
Memory	210-7333
Regulator Driver	210-7379
Keyboard	210-6762
Reed Switch	325-2416
Servo Motor Fuse 2-1/2	360-1025SB
Main Fuse	360-1016SB
Magnetic Pickup	325-2417
Fan Assembly	279-0226
Carriage Motor Assy	279-5060-91
Carriage Motor and	
encoder bracket assy	279-5060-90

# 7.7 PRINTER CABLES

220-0105-1	Printer I/O cable	
220-3003	14 Conductor 40" flat cable assembly (control panel)	
270-3061	Reed switch harness	
220-3051	Print head cable	

# CHAPTER 8 DISASSEMBLY **PROCEDURES AND** ILUSTRATED PARTS LIST





# CHAPTER 8 DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURES AND ILLUSTRATED PARTS LIST

#### **8.1 INTRODUCTION**

The disassembly procedures contained in paragraph 8.2 are to be accomplished using the parts lists and exploded view drawings contained in paragraph 8.3. The parts lists are located on the 8-1/2" X 11" apron of each exploded view drawing. When the parts lists are too large for the apron alone they are contained on the page facing the exploded view drawing and its apron so that the part numbers can be readily identified with the exploded view drawing folded out. Also, this 8-1'2" X 11" apron allows viewing the exploded view drawings (folded out) while performing the disassembly procedures contained in paragraph 8.2.

# 8.2 DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURES

#### 8.2.1 COVER REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

#### NOTE

# ALL FIGURE REFERENCES ARE TO FIGURE 8-1 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED

- Lift front of cover upwards and release cover support latch (16).
- 2) Using both hands lift cover assembly upward slightly from its normal position and move cover assembly toward rear as it is lifted to release the cover assembly.
- 3) Perform disassembly of cover assembly to that extent required for repair as shown in Figure 8-1.

# 8.2.2 HEAD ADJUSTMENT ARM REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

#### NOTE

#### ALL FIGURE REFERENCES ARE TO FIGURE 8-4.

- 1) Loosen socket head screw (9c) from hex nut (9e) and slide head adjustment arm assembly (9a) from L.H. pivot pin (6).
- Perform disassembly of head adjustment arm assembly (9a) to the extent required for repair as shown in Figure 8-4.

# 8.2.3 HORIZONTAL VERNIER CLUTCH REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

#### NOTE

# ALL FIGURE REFERENCES ARE TO FIGURE 8-3 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED

- Remove socket head screw (15) and flat washer (6a) located in vernier knob (13) and slide knob from spline shaft (18).
- 2) Remove snap ring (22) and shaft spacer (14) from vernier actuating rod (21).
- 3) Remove two screws (6b) and lock washers (5f) from actuator pivot bracket (7b) and then remove vernier pivot arm assembly (7) from side frame (2).
- Loosen four mounting screws (19) to release timing belt (14) tension. (See Figure 8-4).
- 5) Remove two hex nuts (12) and format control bracket assembly (11a) with flange bearing (11b) in place from motor bracket (20a). (See Figure 8-4).

- 6) Remove two retainer rings (13e), three shaft spacers (13d) and spring (13c) from vernier actuating rod (13b). (See Figure 8-4).
- 7) Remove snap ring (22) and slide vernier actuating rod (21) with two shaft spacers (19) and vernier clutch spring (20) in place from right to left out of the printer.
- 8) Remove snap ring (18) from idler gear pivot (17b) and slide idler spur gear (16) from idler gear bracket assembly (17a). (See Figure 8-4).
- 9) To reassemble, reverse the order of the above procedure.
- 10) Perform the paper movement gears checks and adjustments contained in paragraphs 6.3.22 and 6.3.23.

## 8.2.4 PAPER FEED SPROCKETS AND PAPER GUIDE COVER REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

#### NOTE

# ALL FIGURE REFERENCES ARE TO FIGURE 8-3 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

- Remove socket head screw (15) and flat washer (6a) located in vernier knob (13) and slide knob from spline shaft (18).
- Remove snap ring (22) and shaft spacer (14) from vernier actuating rod (21).
- 3) Remove two screws (6b) and lock washer (5f) from actuator pivot bracket (7b) and then remove vernier pivot arm assembly (7) from side frame (2).
- 4) Loosen four mounting screws (19) to release timing belt(14) tension. (See Figure 8-4).

- 5) Remove two hex nuts (12) and format control bracket assembly (11a) with flange bearing (11b) in place from motor bracket (20a). (See Figure 8-4).
- 6) Remove two retainer rings (13e), three shaft spacers (13d) and spring (13c) from vernier actuating rod (13b). (See Figure 8-4).
- 7) Remove snap ring (22) and slide vernier actuating rod (21) with two shaft spacers (19) and vernier clutch spring (20) in place from right to left out of the printer.
- 8) Remove snap ring (18) from idler gear pivot (17b) and slide idler spur gear (16) from idler gear bracket assembly (17a). (See Figure 8-4).
- 9) Remove roll pin (7a) and then vernier actuating arm (7c).
- 10) Remove paper drive spur gear (10) and shaft spacer (13d) from left end of spline shaft (24). (See Figure 8-4).
- 11) Remove Phillips screw (22, Figure 8-4) from left end and flat hd. screw (23a) from right end of guide rod (23).
- 12) Loosen both paper margin knobs (10, Figure 8-7) and lift paper guide cover assemblies (3, Figure 8-7) in place on guide rod (23) from printer. (See Figure 8-2).

#### CAUTION

WHEN REMOVING AND REPLACING THE MOLDED DRIVE SPROCKET (13, FIGURE 8-7) FOR ANY REASON, ENSURE THAT BOTH LEFT AND RIGHT SPROCKET TEETH LINE UP ON THE SPLINED SHAFT. EACH SPROCKET HAS A MOLD-ED RIB ON ITS INSIDE HUB WHICH IS KEYED FOR PROPER ALIGNMENT AND PROPER PAPER DRIVE.

- 13) To reassemble the paper-feed-sprocket assembly, reverse the order of the above procedure.
- 14) Perform the checks and adjustments contained in paragraphs6.3.18 and 6.3.19

# 8.2.5 LOWER PAPER GUIDE ASSEMBLY REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

#### NOTE

# ALL FIGURE REFERENCES ARE TO FIGURE 8-8 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

- 1) Set the head adjustment arm (9a, Figure 8-4) to position L.
- 2) Remove the four Philip-head screws (2) lockwashers (9) and the striker plate (1) from the lower paper guide assembly.
- 3) Disconnect the two wires from the paper out switch (17c) by pulling them from the switch terminals.
- Remove the two print head mounting screws (9, Figure 8-5) and lift the print head assembly (15) from the carriage assembly (16). (See Figure 8-2.)
- Remove the four bottom feed paper guide screws (11), lockwashers (9), flatwashers (3) and the bottom feed paper guide (17a).
- 6) Remove the three pem nuts (16d), paper tension clamp (16c) and paper tension spring (16b).
- 7) To reassemble the paper guide assembly, reverse the order of the above procedure.
- 8) Perform the paper guide checks and adjustments contained in paragraphs 6.3.1 and 6.3.2.

#### 8.2.6 STRIKER PLATE REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

#### NOTE

# ALL FIGURE REFERENCES ARE TO FIGURE 8-8 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

- 1) Set the head adjustment arm (9a, Figure 8-4) to position L.
- 2) Remove the four screws (2), lockwashers (9) and the striker plate (1) from the lower paper guide assembly.
- 3) To reassemble the striker plate reverse the order of the above procedure.
- Perform striker plate adjustment contained in paragraph
   6.3.6.

#### 8.2.7 CARRIAGE SERVOMOTOR REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

#### NOTE

# ALL FIGURE REFERENCES ARE TO FIGURE 8-4 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

- Using two 7/16" wrenches, loosen nut (2a) on idler pulley stud (2d) to release tension on carriage drive timing belt (12, Figure 8-2) and disconnect belt from idler pulley (2i).
- Remove three hex-head screws (1) holding carriage drive servo motor (5a) to right side frame (2). (See Figure 8-3.)
- 3) Unplug servo magnetic pick up cable fingerboard (6g) from connector 7065 on chassis (18, Figure 8-9). (See Figure 8-3).)

- 4) Perform disassembly of the carriage drive servo motor (5a) with attaching parts to the extent required for repair as shown in Figure 8-3.
- 5) Reverse order of the above procedure to reassemble the carriage servo motor.
- 6) Perform carriage drive servo motor checks and adjustments contained in paragraphs 6.3.7 and 6.3.8.

#### 8.2.8 CARRIAGE ASSEMBLY REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

- 1) Remove ribbon cartridge as follows:
  - Position head adjustment arm (9a, Figure 8-4) to load (L).
  - Release ribbon cartridge spring (7, Figure 8-6) and pull out and up on right side of ribbon cartridge until it is free from its spindle.
  - 3. Remove the ribbon from the print head ribbon guide (8a, Figure 8-5) and then remove the ribbon cartridge.
- 2) Remove the head adjustment arm as follows:

#### NOTE

#### **ALL FIGURE REFERENCES ARE TO FIGURE 8-4**

- Loosen socket head screw (9c) from hex nut (9e) and slide head adjustment arm assembly (9a) from L.H. pivot pin (6).
- Perform disassembly of head adjustment arm assembly (9a) to the extent required for repair as shown in Figure 8-4.

- 3) Remove the carriage drive timing belt as follows:
  - Using two 7/16" wrenches, loosen nut (2a, Figure 8-4) on idler pulley stud (2d, Figure 8-4) to release tension on carriage drive belt (12, Figure 8-2).
  - Disconnect timing belt (12, Figure 8-2) from idler pulley (2i, Figure 8-4).
- 4) Slide bumper (28) on each end of carriage shaft (26) toward center of shaft, loosen Allen head set screws (27) and slide L.H. and R.H. pivot pins (6) from shaft. (See Figure 8-4.)
- 5) Remove carriage drive timing belt (12, Figure 8-2) from carriage servo drive motor pulley (5b, Figure 8-3).
- 6) Remove the two bumpers (28) from carriage shaft (26) and slide carriage assembly (16, Figure 8-2) off of carriage shaft (26). (See Figure 8-4.)
- 7) Reverse order of above procedure to reassemble.
- Readjust carriage drive timing belt tension as described in paragraph 6.3.8.
- Readjust head adjustment arm as described in paragraph
   6.3.4.

#### 8.2.9 CARRIAGE DRIVE TIMING BELT REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

- 1) Remove ribbon cartridge as follows:
  - Position head adjustment arm (9a, Figure 8-4) to load (L).

- 2. Release ribbon cartridge spring (7, Figure 8-6) and pull out and up on right side of ribbon cartridge until it is free from its spindle.
- Remove the ribbon from the print head ribbon guide (8a, Figure 8-5) and then remove the ribbon cartridge.
- 2) Remove the head adjustment arm as follows:

#### NOTE

#### **ALL FIGURE REFERENCES ARE TO FIGURE 8-4.**

- Loosen socket head screw (9c) from hex nut (9e) and slide head adjustment arm assembly (9a) from L.H. pivot pin (6).
- Perform disassembly of head adjustment arm assembly (9a) to the extent required for repair as shown in Figure 8-4.
- 3) Remove the carriage drive timing belt as follows:
  - Using two 7/16" wrenches, loosen nut (2a, Figure 8-4) on idler pulley stud (2d, Figure 8-4) to release tension on carriage drive timing belt (12, Figure 8-2).
  - Disconnect timing belt (12, Figure 8-2) from idler pulley (2i, Figure 8-4).
  - 3. Slide bumper (28) on each end of carriage shaft (26) toward center of shaft, loosen Allen head set screws (27) and slide L.H. and R.H. pivot pins (6) from shaft. (See Figure 8-4.)
  - Remove carriage drive timing belt (12, Figure 8-2) from carriage servo drive motor pulley (5b, Figure 8-3.)

- Remove the two bumpers (28) from carriage shaft (26) and slide carriage assembly (16, Figure 8-2) off of carriage shaft (26). (See Figure 8-4.)
- Turn carriage assembly (16, Figure 8-2) upside down, remove two screws (3), lockwashers (21) and belt top clamp (14) from belt bottom clamp (15) to release carriage drive timing belt (13). (See Figure 8-6.)
- 4) To reassemble, reverse the order of the above procedure.
- 5) Readjust carriage drive timing belt tension as described in paragraph 6.3.8.
- 6) Readjust head adjustment arm as described in paragraph 6.3.4.

# 8.2.10 SOLENOID AND PRINT WIRE REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

#### NOTE

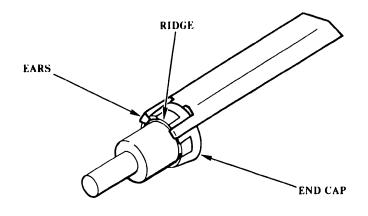
IF MORE THAN ONE SOLENOID AND/OR WIRE REQUIRE REPLACEMENT; ONLY ONE SOLENOID SHOULD BE RE-MOVED, REPLACED AND ADJUSTED AT ONE TIME. ALL FIGURE REFERENCES ARE TO FIGURE 8-5 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

- Remove print head (15, Figure 8-2) from carriage assembly (16, Figure 8-2) by removing the two screws (9) holding the print-head to the carriage assembly.
- 2) Loosen two screws (1) and remove print-head cover (2) from print head.
- 3) Loosen 7378 fingerboard retainer bracket and remove 7378 fingerboard.
- 4) Identify, tag and unsolder wires from 7378 fingerboard.
- 5) Loosen desired nylon tip (7a), lock-set screw (3) or locknut
  (6) and unscrew solenoid (7b) from head casting (8).
- 6) Remove lubricant pad (5) and any broken wire material at pad location.
- 7) Using the 31W End Cap Remover (WL #726-9709) remove the end cap (7a) to replace wire as follows: (See Figure 8-5.)

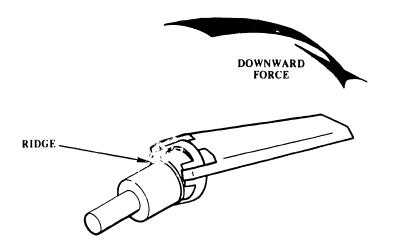
 Position tool on end cap making sure the two ears have a firm grip on plastic end cap as shown below:

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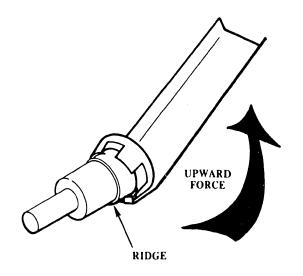
;



 Exert a downward force on end of tool until end cap has positioned itself over ridge on solenoid body as shown below. Remove tool.



- 3. Position on opposite side of solenoid body as illustrated below. Exert an upward force on tool causing end cap to slide over ridge on solenoid body.
- 4. At this point grasp end cap with fingers and pull away from solenoid body.



- 8) Remove print wire from solenoid.
- 9) Replace new print wire in the solenoid using a pair of tweezers (or springhook) to guide the wire into its guide tube and then into its respective bearing hole.

#### NOTE

# SEPARATING THE TWO ROWS OF PRINT WIRES WITH A FEELER GAUGE AIDS IN GUIDING THE NEW SOLENOID WIRE INTO THE PRINT-HEAD BEARING.

10) Solder solenoid wires to 7378 fingerboard. (Wang Logo faces front of printer.)

#### CAUTION

# THE NEXT STEP IS LUBRICATING THE NEW SOLENOID WIRE AND THE BEARING. LUBRICATION IS NECESSARY OR DAMAGE TO THE NEW WIRE WILL RESULT.

- Dip the lubrication pad (5) into the lubricant material obtained from Home Office (WL #660-0180). No other lubricant may be substituted. Place pad back into the print head housing. Tip the head forward to allow the lubricant to reach the tip of the print wires.
- Perform the adjustment checks and adjustments contained in paragraphs 6.3.9 and 6.3.10.
- Replace print head (15, Figure 8-2) on carriage assembly (16, Figure 8-2 with two screws (9)) and operate for several minutes to ensure that lubricant is distributed (lubricant has a wax base and does not flow readily).
- 14) Adjust for print quality.
- 15) Replace print-head cover (2) and tighten 7378 fingerboard retainer bracket.

#### 8.2.11 REED SWITCHES AND MOUNTING BRACKET REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

#### NOTE

ALL FIGURE REFERENCES ARE TO FIGURE 8-4 UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF THE REMAINING TWO REED SWITCHES IS IDENTICAL TO THE PROCEDURE CONTAINED BELOW.

#### Reed Switch

 Remove the two screws (29a) securing reed switch (29b), reed switch insulator (29c), and reed switch nut plate (29e) to reed switch bracket (29d). (For location see Figure 8-2.)

#### CAUTION

# WHEN SOLDERING OR UNSOLDERING REED SWITCH (29b) DO NOT OVERHEAT SOLDER LUGS AS THIS WILL DAMAGE THE SWITCH.

2) Identify, tag and unsolder the wire from reed switch (29b).

#### Reed Switch Bracket

- Remove fingerboard 7063 from its connector on chassis (19, Figure 8-9).
- Remove the two hex head screws (4) lockwashers (5), nut plate (30) securing reed switch bracket (29d) to the L.H. side frame (1, Figure 8-4).

#### NOTE

REMOVAL OF RIGHT END OF REED SWITCH BRACKET (29d) FROM R.H. SIDE FRAME (2, FIGURE 8-3) IS THE SAME AS STEP 2) ABOVE.

- 3) Lift reed switch bracket (29d) from printer.
- 4) To reassemble, reverse the order of the above procedure.
- 5) After repair and reassembly, perform the Reed Switches and Mounting Bracket adjustment check and adjustments contained in paragraphs 6.3.13 and 6.3.14.

#### 8.2.12 REED SWITCH MAGNET REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

1) Remove ribbon cartridge as follows:

- 1. Position head adjustment arm (9a, Figure 8-4) to load (L).
- 2. Release ribbon cartridge spring (7, Figure 8-6) and pull out and up on right side of ribbon cartridge until it is free from its spindle.
- 3. Remove the ribbon from the print head ribbon guide (8a, Figure 8-5) and then remove the ribbon cartridge.
- 2) Remove the head adjustment arm as follows:

#### NOTE

#### ALL FIGURE REFERENCES ARE TO FIGURE 8-4

- Loosen socket head screw (9c) from hex nut (9e) and slide head adjustment arm assembly (9a) from L.H. pivot pin (6).
- 2. Perform disassembly of head adjustment arm assembly (9a) to the extent required for repair as shown in Figure 8-4.
- 3) Remove the carriage drive timing belt as follows:
  - Using two 7/16" wrenches, loosen nut (2a, Figure 8-4) on idler pulley stud (2d, Figure 8-4) to release tension on carriage drive belt (12, Figure 8-2).
  - Disconnect timing belt (12, Figure 8-2) from idler pulley (2i, Figure 8-4).
- Slide bumper (28) on each end of carriage shaft (26) toward center of shaft, loosen Allen head set screws (27) and slide L.H. and R.H. pivot pins (6) from shaft. (See Figure 8-4.)
- 5) Remove carriage drive timing belt (12, Figure 8-2) from carriage servo drive motor pulley (5b, Figure 8-3).

- 6) Remove the two bumpers (28) from carriage shaft (26) and slide carriage assembly (16, Figure 8-2) off of carriage shaft (26).
   (See Figure 8-4.)
- Remove screw (25e) securing magnet (25d) to bearing housing
   (25c) and remove magnet. (See Figure 8-6.)

#### NOTE

WHEN REPLACING THE MAGNET IT MUST BE POSITIONED SO THAT IT PASSES OVER THE REED SWITCHES WITH THE SLOT PARALLEL TO THE DIRECTION OF CARRIAGE MOTION AS VIEW FROM EITHER THE LEFT OR RIGHT SIDE OF THE PRINTER.

- 8) Reverse order of above procedure to reassemble.
- 9) Readjust carriage drive timing belt tension as described in paragraph 6.3.8.
- 10) Readjust head adjustment arm as described in paragraph 6.3.4.
- 11) After repair and replacement perform the Reed Switch Magnet Adjustment check contained in paragraph 6.3.15.

#### 8.2.13 MAGNETIC PICKUPS REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

#### NOTE

#### **ALL FIGURE REFERENCES ARE TO FIGURE 8-3**

- 1) Identify, tag and unsolder magnetic pickup (6g) wires.
- Loosen pickup locking nuts (6f) and unscrew magnetic pickups (6g).

- 3) Reverse order of above procedure to reassemble.
- 4) After replacement perform the Magnetic Reluctance Pickup and Timing Disk adjustment check and adjustment procedures contained in paragraphs 6.3.16 and 6.3.17.

# 8.2.14 RIBBON DRIVE ASSEMBLY AND CARTRIDGE GUIDES REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

#### NOTE

# ALL FIGURE REFERENCES ARE TO FIGURE 8-6 UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

- 1) Remove ribbon cartridge as follows:
  - 1. Position head adjustment arm (9a, Figure 8-4) to load (L).
  - 2. Release ribbon cartridge spring (7) and pull out and up on right side of ribbon cartridge until it is free from its spindle.
  - 3. Remove the ribbon from the print head ribbon guide (8a, Figure 8-5) and then remove the ribbon cartridge.
- 2) Remove print head (15, Figure 8-2) from carriage assembly (16, Figure 8-2) by removing fingerboard 7378 from connector and removing the two screws (9, Figure 8-5) holding the print head to the carriage assembly.
- Remove the socket head screw (8) securing each cartridge guide (12) to the carriage plate assembly.
- 4) Compress cable tension spring (12, Figure 8-3) on right side frame (2, Figure 8-3) and slide cable (31, Figure 8-4) upward out of spring.

- 5) Remove cable (31, Figure 8-4) from wire pulley (23) and slide cable from L.H. side frame (1, Figure 8-4).
- 6) Remove snap ring from bottom of ribbon drive housing assembly (22), two screws (4) from to of ribbon drive housing assembly (22) and remove it from the carriage plate assembly (1).
- 7) Remove two socket head screws (8), flat washers (5), spring spacer (10) and cartridge spring (7) from carriage plate assembly (1).
- 8) For reassembly, reverse the order of the above procedure.
- 9) Perform the Head Adjustment Arm check and adjustment procedures contained in paragraphs 6.3.3 and 6.3.4.
- 10) Perform the Ribbon Clutch Assembly and Cartridge Guides checks and adjustments contained in paragraphs 6.3.11 and 6.3.12.

# 8.3 ILLUSTRATED PARTS LIST

This paragraph contains the parts lists and each associated exploded view drawing. The parts lists are located on the 8-1/2" X 11" apron of the exploded view drawing (when too large for the apron alone they start on the facing page and finish on the apron). This allows the user to view the folded out exploded view drawing while performing removal and replacement procedures and identifying part numbers. Each part list contains the exploded view drawing title, figure number and assembly number when applicable. The following is a list of the exploded view drawings:

FIGURE	TITLE	PAGE NO.
8-1	COVER ASSEMBLY	8-21/8-22
8-2	SHAFT ASSEMBLY LOCATIONS	8-23
8-3	<b>RIGHT HAND SIDE FRAME ASSEMBLY</b>	8-25
8-4	LEFT HAND SIDE FRAME ASSEMBLY	8-27/8-28
8-5	PRINT HEAD ASSEMBLY	8-29
8-6	CARRIAGE ASSEMBLY	8-31/8-32
8-7	PAPER GUIDE COVER ASSEMBLY	8-33/8-34
8-8	LOWER PAPER GUIDE ASSEMBLY	8-35
8-9	CHASSIS ASSEMBLY	8-37/8-38

# 8.3.1 COVER ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST (SEE FIGURE 8-1)

(279-4018)

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ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
- 1	451-2131-5	Front cover
- 2	449-0128	R.H. side cover
- 3	449-0127	L.H. side cover
- 4	461-3261	Aligning rod
- 5	461-3246	Pivot rod
- 6	446-0027	Cover window
- 7	452 <b>-</b> 2556	Window stiffener
- 8	650-2121	4-40 x 3/8 screw
- 9	450-0904	Wang name tag
-10	458-0346-5	L.H. dress cap
-11	458-0347-5	R.H. dress cap
-12	461-3264	Ball stud
-13	660-0554	Side cover screen
-14	652-0029	8-32 Locknut
-15	462-0279	Step spacer
-16	458-0356	Cover support latch
-17	654-1233	Grommet 5/16 ID X 7/16 OD
-18	462-0278	Spacer
-19	653-4000	#8 Washer
-20	650-4240	8-32 X 3/4 Screw

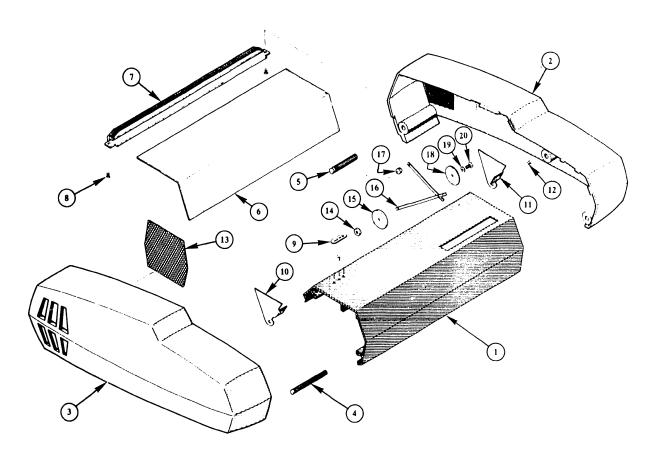


FIGURE 8-1 COVER ASSEMBLY

# III.C.4.M.

# 8-21 / 8-22

# 8.3.2 SHAFT ASSEMBLIES PARTS LIST (SEE FIGURE 8-2) (NO ASSEMBLY NO.)

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ITEM NO. PA	ART NO.	DESCRIPTION
- 1 463	1-3235	Vernier actuating rod
- 2 461	1-3234	Guide rod
- 3 651	1-1719	Snap ring
- 4 462	2-0259	Shaft spacer
- 5 465	5-1632	Vernier clutch spring
- 6 461	1-1029	Paper support disk
- 7 461	1-3240	Spline shaft
- 8 465	5-1628	Disk separator spring
- 9 452	2-0040	Striker plate
-10 461	1-3233	Roller shaft
-11 461	1-3239	Carriage shaft
-12 656	6-0225	Timing belt
-13 279	9-5060-46	Reed switch Assy.
-14 279	9-5060-27	Wire rope assembly
-15 279	9-5060-88	Print Head Assy.
-16 279	9-5060-86	Carriage Assy.

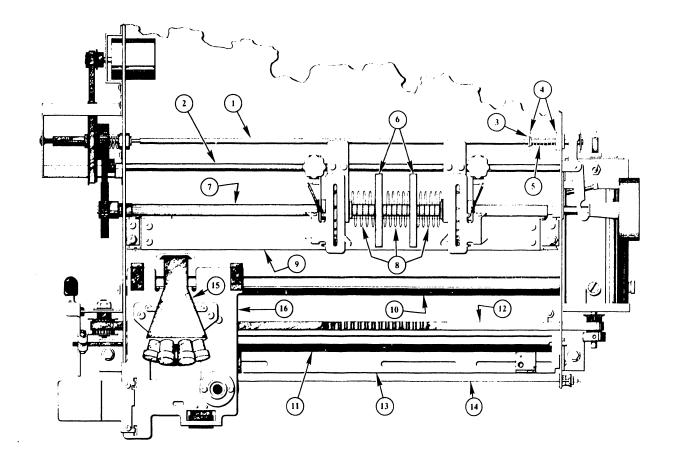


FIGURE 8-2 SHAFT ASSEMBLY LOCATIONS

# 8.3.3 RIGHT HAND SIDE FRAME ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST (SEE FIGURE 8-3) (NO ASSEMBLY NO.)

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ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
- 1	650-4133	8-32 x 3/8 screw
- 2	452-0043	Side frame
- 3	279-0226	Fan assembly
<b>-</b> 3a	400-9005	Wire fan guard
<b>-</b> 3b	400-0020	Fan motor
<b>-</b> 3c	650-4160	8-32 X 1/2 Screw
- 4	653-3000	#6 flat washer
- 5	279-5060-90	Carriage motor & encoder brkt
- 5a	400-0032	Carriage drive motor
<b>-</b> 5b	449-0210	Pulley
<b>-</b> 5c	461-2027	Encoder pickup gear (12P)
- 5d	650-4016	8-32 X 3/16 Soc. Hd. set screw
<b>-</b> 5e	650-4120	8-32 x 3/8 screw
<b>-</b> 5f	653-4001	#8 lock washer
- 5g	654-1286	Cable clamp
- 5h	651-1516	Roll Pin
- 6	279-5060-26	Encoder bracket assembly
<b>-</b> 6a	653-4000	#8 flat washer
- 6b	650-4080	8-32 x 1/4 screw
- 6c	651-1516	Roll pin
- 6d	452-0042	Adjusting plate
- бе	451-4405	Encoder bracket
- 6f	652-0053	Locking nut
- 6g	325-2417	Magnetic pickup
- 7	279-5060-17	Vernier pivot arm assy.
<b>-</b> 7a	651 <b>-</b> 1521	Roll pin
- 7b	451-4401	Actuator pivot bracket
- 7c	458-0333	Vernier actuating arm
- 7d	465-0721	Bushing

-	8	451-4407	Hold down bracket
-	9	650 <b>-</b> 9013	1/4-20 x 1/2 screw
-1	0	279-5060-27	Wire Rope Assy
-1	0a	465-0417	Cable collar
-1	0Ъ	465-0728	Cable bushing
-1	0c	458-0275	Carrier Cable End Fitting
-1	1	652-3000	6-32 Hex nut
-1	2	465-1631	Cable tension spring
-1	3	449-0137	Vernier knob
-1	4	462-0258	Shaft spacer
-1	5	650-4240	8-32 x 3/4 socket head screw
-1	6	451-4448	Latch Support Bracket
-1	7	461-3234	Guide Rod
-1	8	461-3240	Spline Shaft
-1	9	462-0259	Shaft Spacer
-2	0	465-1632	Vernier Clutch Spring
-2	1	461-3235	Vernier Actuating Rod
-2	2	651-1719	Snap Ring
-2	3	461-3233	Roller Shaft
-2	3a	650-6161	10-32 X 3/8 Flat Head CTSK Screw
-2	4	655-0236	5/16" Bumper
-2	5.	461-3248	Right Hand Pivot Pin
-2	6	461-3289	Carriage Shaft
-2	7	279-5060-46	Reed Switch Assy.
-2	7a	650-2125	4-40 X 3/8 Socket Head Screw
-2	7ъ	325-2416	Reed Switch
-2	7c	615-0364	Reed Switch Insulator
-2	7d	451-4403	Reed Switch Bracket
-2	7e	461-0104	Reed Switch Nut Plate
-2	8	650-4320	8-32 X 1 Socket Head Screw

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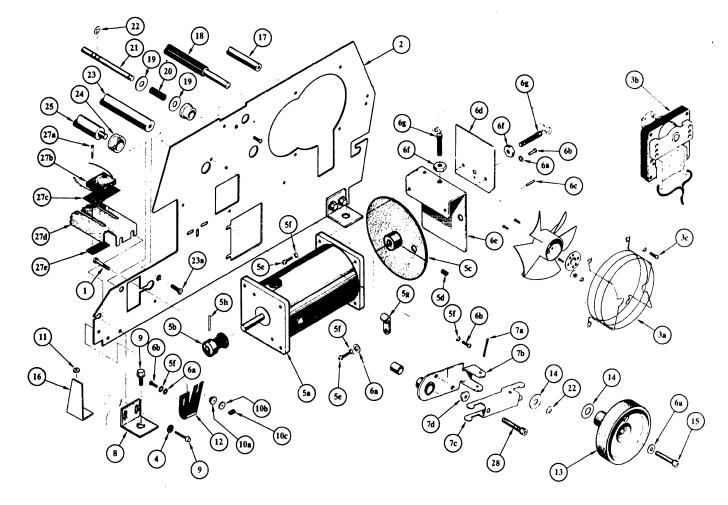


FIGURE 8-3 RIGHT HAND SIDE FRAME ASSEMBLY

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### 8.3.4 LEFT HAND SIDE FRAME ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST (SEE FIGURE 8-4) (NO ASSEMBLY NO.)

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
- 1a	452-0043	L.H. Side frame
- 1b	465-0721	Bushing
- 2	279-5060-33	Idler Pulley Assy
<b>-</b> 2a	652-0064	1/4-28 Nut
- 2b	653-6006	1/4 Flat Washer
- 2c	451-4402	Idler Pulley Bracket
- 2d	461-3238	Idler Pulley Stud.
<b>-</b> 2e	465-1627	Head Adj. Detent spring
- 2f	650-4080	8-32 X 1/4 Screw
- 2g	653-0040	#4 Flat Washer
– 2h	465-0248	Needle bearing
- 2i	449-0123	Carriage drive idler pulley
- 2j	651-1732	Snap ring
- 3	451-4407	Hold down bracket
- 4	650-4133	8-32 X 3/8 screw
<b>-</b> 5	653-4001	#8 Lock Washer
- 6	461-3247	L.H. Pivot pin
- 7	651-1749	Snap ring
- 8	653-0016	Nylon Washer
- 9	279-5060-52	Head Adj. Arm assembly
- 9a	458-0334	Head Adj. Arm assembly
- 9b	550-0067	Adjustment
- 9c	650-4242 \$	8-32 X 3/4 socket Head Screw
- 9d	653-4000	#8 Flat washer
- 9e	652-0029	8-32 Hex nut
-10	449-0126	Paper drive spur gear
-11	279-5060-9	Format control bracket assembly
-11a	451-4706	Format control bracket assembly
-11b	465-0252	Flange bearing
-12	652-4000	8-32 hex nut
-13	279-5060-32	Vernier shaft assy.
-13a	449-0133	Pulley

-13	3b	461-3235	Vernier actuating rod
-13	}c	465-1632	Vernier clutch spring
-13	3d	462-0258	Shaft spacer
-13	}e	651-1747	Retainer ring
-13	f	461-3241	Format control shaft
-14	<b>}</b>	656-0226	Timing belt 62T
- 15	5	656-5060-37	Paper feed motor assy.
-15	ia	279-5060-97	Paper feed motor wired
- 15	Ъ	449-0124	Paper drive pulley
-15	ie	651-1533	Roll pin 0.093d X 0.75
-16		449-0125	Idler spur gear
-17	,	279-5060-28	Idler gear bracket assy.
-17	a	451-4406	Idler gear bracket assy.
_17	Ъ	461-3242	Idler gear pivot
-18	i	651-1719	Snap ring
-19	1	650-4120	8-32 X 3/8 screw
-20	1	279-5060-45	Bracket and bushing assembly
-20	a	451-4404	Motor bracket
-20	Ъ	465-0721	Bushing
-21		325-2303-M1	Cover open switch
-21	a	650-2200	4-40 X 3/8 Screw
-21	Ъ	652-2000	4-40 Nut
-21	c	653-2001	#4 Lock Washer
-21	đ	653-2000	#4 Flat Washer
-22		650-6120	10-32 X 3/8 screw
-23		461-3234	Guide Rod
-24		461-3240	Spline shaft
-25	;	461-3233	Roller shaft
-26		461-3239	Carriage shaft
-27		650-4061	8-32 X 3/16 socket head set screw
-28		655-0236	8/16 Bumper
-29		279-5060-46	Reed switch assembly
-29	a	650-2125	4-40 X 3/8 socket head screw
-29	b	325-2416	Reed Switch
-29	C	615-0364	Reed Switch insulator
-29	đ	451-4403	Reed Switch bracket
-29	e	461–0104	Reed Switch nut plate
-30		461-0102	Nut Plate
-31		279-5060-27	Wire rope assembly

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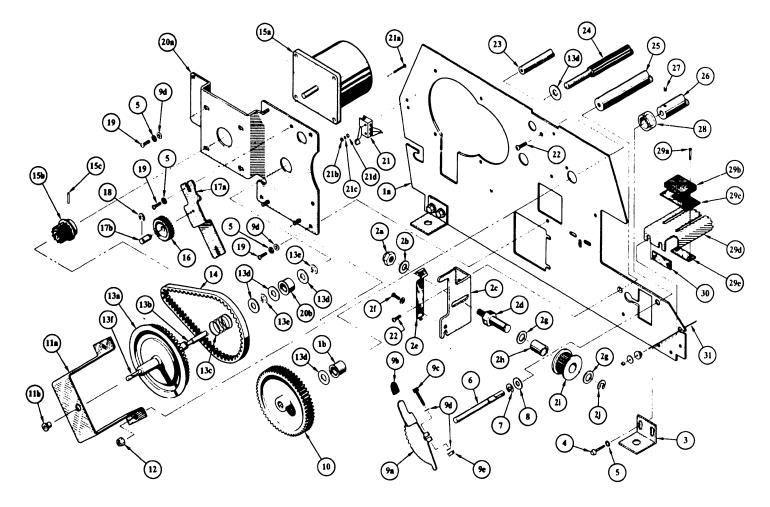


FIGURE 8-4 LEFT HAND SIDE FRAME ASSEMBLY



#### 8.3.5 PRINT HEAD ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST (SEE FIGURE 8-5)

(PART NO. 279-5060-88)

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
- 1	650-2098	4-40 x 1/4 screw
- 2	449-0150	Print head cover
- 3	650-4086	8-32 x 15/64 set screw
- 4	650-0064	00-90 x 3/16 screw
- 5	660-0560	Wick
- 6	478-0406	Lock Nut
- 7	279-5060-14	Solenoid assy.
- 7a	449-0129	End Cap
- 7b	478-0517	Solenoid Body
- 7c	279-5060-31	Print Wire Assy
- 8	279-5060-89	Head and guide tube assembly
- 8a	449-0131	Ribbon guide
- 8b	465-0267	Print head bearing

Related Parts not part of above assembly.

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- 9	650-6120	10-32 X 3/8 Screw
-10	650-2087	4-40 X 1/2 Panhead Screw
-11	425-3525	Head Shield

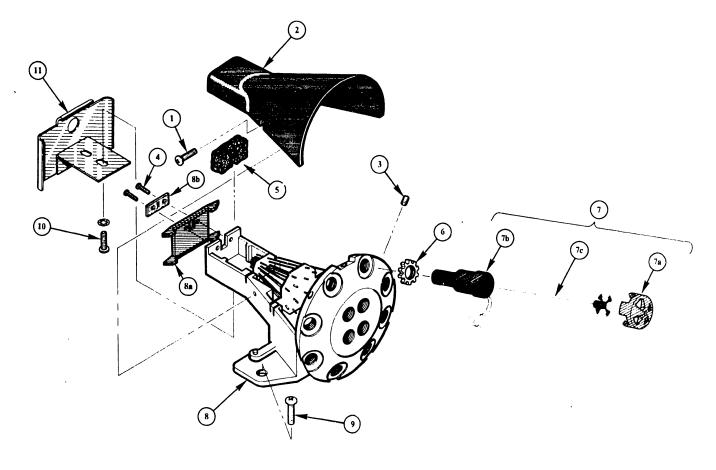


FIGURE 8-5 PRINT HEAD ASSEMBLY

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#### 8.3.6 CARRIAGE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST (SEE FIGURE 8-6)

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-9       449-0136       Carriage roller         -10       462-0257       Spring spacer         -11       650-3081       6-32 x 1/4 screw         -12       449-0134       Cartridge guide         -13       656-0225       Timing belt         -14       452-2554       Belt top clamp         -15       452-2555       Belt bottom clamp         -16       651-1712       Snap ring         -17       461-3236       Eccentric pin         -18       651-1724       Retaining ring         -19       465-1629       Spring         -20       465-0729       Eccentric pin bushing         -21       653-3001       #6 Lockwasher         -22       279-5060-24       Ribbon drive housing assy.         -23       279-5060-25       Wire pulley assy.	ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
-24 $051-1719$ Shap Ring	$\begin{array}{c} - 2 \\ - 3 \\ - 4 \\ - 5 \\ - 6 \\ - 7 \\ - 8 \\ - 9 \\ - 10 \\ - 11 \\ - 12 \\ - 13 \\ - 14 \\ - 15 \\ - 16 \\ - 17 \\ - 18 \\ - 19 \\ - 20 \\ - 21 \\ - 22 \end{array}$	451-4400 650-3080 650-3100 653-3000 458-0332 465-1626 650-3134 449-0136 462-0257 650-3081 449-0134 656-0225 452-2554 452-2555 651-1712 461-3236 651-1724 465-1629 465-0729 653-3001 279-5060-24	Flex cable bracket 6-32 x 1/4 screw 6-32 x 5/16 screw #6 flat washer Head PC board retainer Cartridge spring 6-32 x 3/8 socket head screw Carriage roller Spring spacer 6-32 x 1/4 screw Cartridge guide Timing belt Belt top clamp Belt bottom clamp Snap ring Eccentric pin Retaining ring Spring Eccentric pin bushing #6 Lockwasher Ribbon drive housing assy.

Related Components not part of above assemblies.

-25	279-5060-50	Bearing Housing & Felt Assy.
-25a	449-0138	Retainer
<b>-</b> 25b	656-0105	Felt Ring
-25c	461-3270	Bearing Housing
-25d	656-1006	Magnet
-25e	650-1160	Screw
-26	220-3051	Head Cable
-27	279-5060-27	Wire Rope Assy.

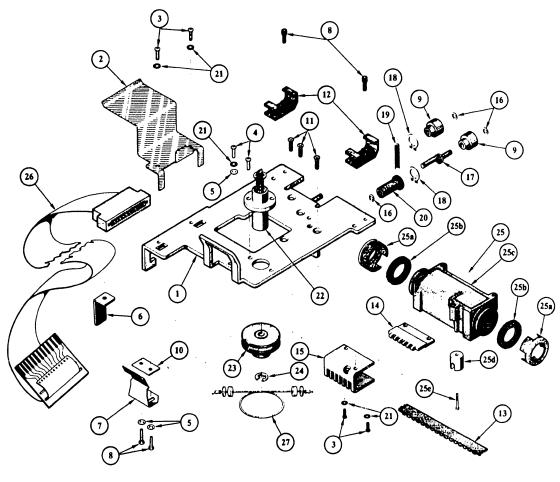


FIGURE 8-6 CARRIAGE ASSEMBLY

# 8.3.7 PAPER GUIDE COVER ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST (SEE FIGURE 8-7)

#### (279-5070-38 L.H.)

(279-5070-39 R.H.)

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
- 1	465-1614	Spring
- 2	650-3124	6-32 x 3/8 screw
- 3	451-2104	Paper guide cover
- 4	461-3199	Sprocket cover pivot
- 5	650-2098	4-40 x 1/4 screw
- 6	458-0305	R.H. paper lift arm
	458-0304	L.H. paper lift arm
- 7	650-2241	4-40 x 3/4 screw
- 8	465-0730	Sprocket bushing
- 9	650-2062	4 - 40 X 3/16 screw
-10	655-0167	Paper margin knob
-11	279-5070-41	R.H. paper feed side plate assy.
	279-5070-40	L.H. paper feed side plate assy.
<b>-</b> 11a	461-3198	Spring pin

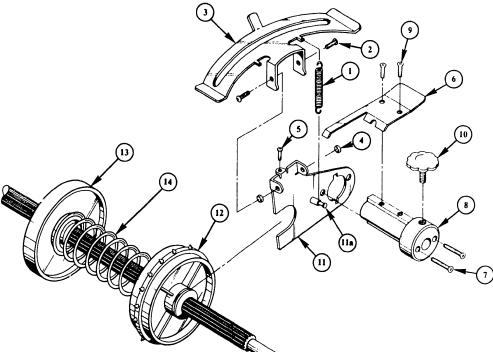
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Related components not part of this assembly.

-12	478-0332	L.H. Sprocket Assy.
	478-0333	R.H. Sprocket Assy.
-13	461-1029	Paper Support Disk
-14	465-1628	Disk Separator Spring

FIGURE 8-7 PAPER GUIDE COVER ASSEMBLY



# 8.3.8 LOWER PAPER GUIDE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST (SEE FIGURE 8-8) (NO ASSEMBLY NO.)

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
- 1	452-0040	Striker plate
- 2	650-4200	8-32 x 5/8 screw
- 3	653-4000	#8 flat washer
- 4	451-4467	L.H. plate mounting bracket
- 5	451-4468	R.H. plate mounting bracket
- 6	451-4469	L.H. Platen Adj. Bracket
- 7	451-4470	R.H. Platen Adj. Bracket
- 8	652-0019	8-32 Flangenut
- 9	653-4001	#8 lock washer
-10	650-4160	8-32 x 1/2 screw
-11	650-4080	8-32 x 1/4 screw
-12	652-3000	6-32 nut
-13	65 <b>3-</b> 3001	#6 lock washer
- 14	653-3000	#6 flat washer
-15	451-3353	Eccentric Platen Adj.
-16	279-5060-54	Paper tension brkt & spring assy
-16a	451-4412	Paper tension bracket
-16b	465-1634	Paper tension spring
-16e	452-2557	Paper tension clamp
-16d	652-0025	4-40 Pem nut
-17	279-5060-35	Paper Pan and switch assembly
<b>-</b> 17a	452-4035	Bottom feed paper guide
-17b	461-0103	Nut plate
-17c	325-2403M1	Paper out switch
-17 d	653-2000	#4 flat washer
-17e	650-2200	4-40 x 5/8 screw

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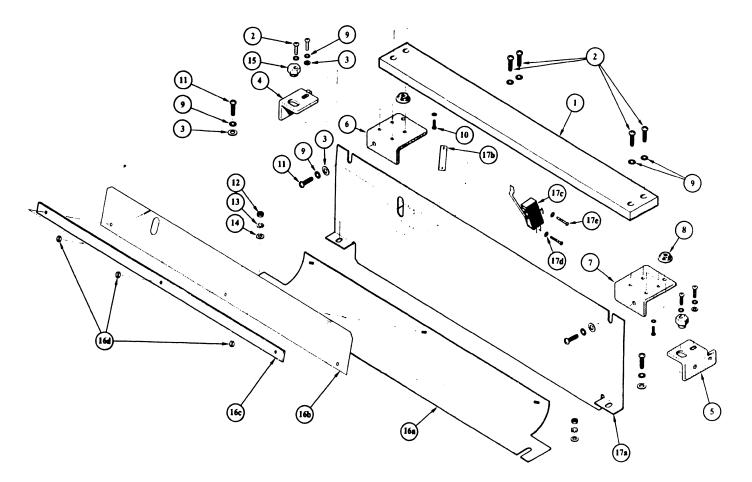


FIGURE 8-8 LOWER PAPER GUIDE ASSEMBLY

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#### 8.3.9 CHASSIS ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST (SEE FIGURE 8-9) (270-0555)

ITEM NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
- 1	320-0300	Speaker, 3" rect. (FILMOR TS-27)
- 2	650-3120	SEMS, 6-32 x 3/8 PAN HD PHL
- 3	653-3001	Washer #6 INT.T Lock
- 4	410-2006	Line Filter 3S1 3 amp
- 5	380-5001	250V Varistor V250 LA 20
- 6	653-2000	Washer, #4 flat
- 7	653-2002	Washer, #4 INT T Lock
- 8	652 <b>-</b> 2005	4-40 KEPS nut
- 9	410-0102	Transformer
-10	650-6120	Screw, #10-32 x 3/8 PAN HD PHL
-11	653-6001	Washer, #10 INT. T. lock
-12	653-6000	Washer, #10 flat
-13	300-9009	Clamp, l 1/4" dia 2 lub cap
		(CMC-22)
-1"	210-7062	Paper Feed Motor Fingerboard
-15	210-7063	Reed Switch Harness Fingerboard
-16	300-3074	Capacitor 7.3 UF, 40V
-17	300-3076	Capacitor 12K UF, 25V
-18	210-7065	Carriage Motor Fingerboard
-19	451-1096	Chassis, silk screened
-20	654-1290	Snap bushing SB-1.00-12
-21	325-2112	Switch, 115/230 VAC slide
-22	300-3075	Capacitor 14K, UF, 12V
-23	350-1051	Connector 25 Position Submin. Skt.
-24	350-1044	Connector 18-36 PC Edge Mount
-25	350-1045	Connector 25-50 PC Edge Mount
-26	210-7331	Motherboard
-27	210-7333	PCB 12 Solenoid Memory Board

-28	210-7332	PCB 12 Solenoid CPU
-29	210-7379	PCB 12 Solenoid PS Reg.
-30	452-3536	Shield, AC
-31	360-9002	Nut, hex fuse
-32	451-4721	Brkt., fuse mtg.
-33	650-3092	Screw, 6-32 x 1/4 FLAT HD PHL
		100 degrees CTSK
-34	654-1238	Grommet, (HEYCO SP-4)
-35	420-1096	Cord, 3 cond. power
-36	325-0021	ON-OFF rocker switch (SPDT)
-37	360-0001	Holder, straight contact fuse
-38	360-1016SB	1-1/2 Amp fuse SLO BLO 250V
-39	360-1025SB	2-1/2 Amp SLO BLO fuse 250V
-40	654-0074	AC receptacle

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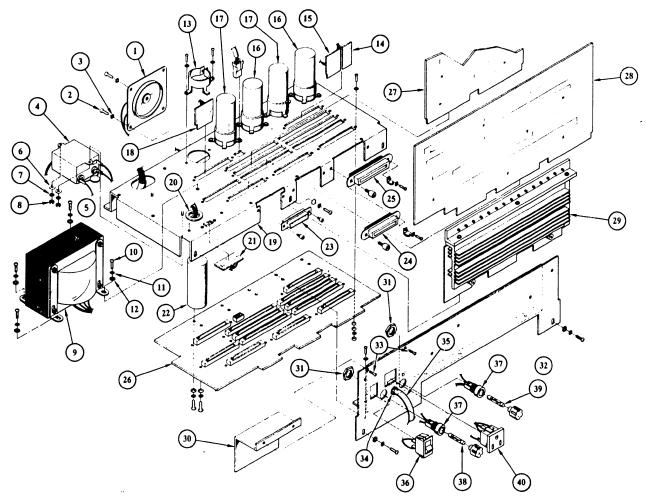


FIGURE 8-9 CHASSIS ASSEMBLY

# CHAPTER 9 APPEN-DICIES

# CHAPTER 9 APPENDICES

		PAGE
A	PAPER SPECIFICATIONS	A-1
B	HEXADECIMAL CODES	B-1
С	HEXADECIMAL CODES FOR UNDERSCORED CHARACTERS	C-1
D	SIGNAL MNEMONICS	D-1

#### APPENDIX A PAPER SPECIFICATIONS

(If paper does not conform to these specifications, degraded forms handling can occur.)

- 1) Material must be margin-perforated, fanfold paper or card stock; perforations are used for guiding by pin-feed units.
- 2) Form length is variable to a maximum of three pages, HEX (02090318) = 792-1/24" increments, after which the printer automatically returns to this value.
- 3) Paper Stock:
  - a) For single part forms, use 15 to 20 lb bond (20 lb for improved forms handling).
  - **b)** For multipart forms use:

2 ply: 15/15 lb bond, 7 lb carbon
3 ply: 15/12/15 lb bond, 7 lb carbon
4 ply: 12/12/12/15 lb bond, 7 lb carbon
5 ply: 12/12/12/15 lb bond, 5 lb carbon
(up to four copies in addition to the original can be used)

c) Form width must be:

3 1/2 inches (8.9 cm) minimum. 13 1/2 inches (34.3 cm) maximum (edge-to-edge).

- 4) Fastening of multipart forms:
  - a) Improved multipart paper handling can be achieved with glued margins.

- b) Multipart form must otherwise be fastened with crimps every two inches (5.1 cm) along both edges of the forms.
   NCR or other specialty paper can be fastened up to four parts of the form length.
- c) Crimp must not come closer to the fanfold than 0.50 inch (1.27 cm).
- d) Each crimp must have four prongs, two to enter both form and carbon and two to enter forms only. Card stock should be tested first.
- 5) Forms thickness:
  - a) Maximum in the print area: 0.018 inch (0.046 cm) (allows for four 12-1b, one 15-1b and four 7-1b carbon parts).
  - b) Over crimps in the pin-feed margin: 0.030 inch (0.076 cm).
- 6) Sprocket holes:
  - a) Must run along both margins  $0.25 \pm 0.03$  inch  $(0.635 \pm 0.076$  cm) from paper edge to the hole center lines.
  - b) Distance between hole centers along the margins must be  $0.5 \pm 0.005$  inch  $(1.27 \pm 0.013 \text{ cm})$  non-accumulative in any 5 inch (12.7 cm) length.
  - c) Hole diameters must be 0.156 <u>+</u> 0.005 inch (0.396 <u>+</u> 0.03 cm). The two top and bottom drive holes on each sheet (four per sheet) can be up to 0.200 inch (0.508 cm) in diameter to permit post or ring binding of output.
  - d) Distance between hole centers across the sheet must be uniform within 0.015 inch (0.038 cm) to a maximum of 12-5/16 inch (31.27 cm).

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- 7) When using forms with wide and narrow copies in the same set, the top copy should always be the fullest width.
- 8) For pre-printed forms:

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- a) Pin-hole center to left side of left-most character cannot be less than  $3/8 \pm 1/16$  inch  $(1.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ cm})$ .
- b) Pin-hole center to right side of last character cannot be less than  $3/8 \pm 1/16$  inch  $(1.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ cm})$ .

# APPENDIX B HEXADECIMAL CODES

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HEX CODE	PRINTER CHARACTER OR OPERATION	HEX CODE	PRINTER CHARACTER	HEX COD	PRINTER E CHARACTER
HEX(020000)	Suppress Line Feed	HEX(30)	0	HEX(58)	x
	Quarter Line Feed	HEX(31)	1	HEX(59)	Ÿ
	Half Line Feed	HEX(32)	2	HEX(5A)	Z
HEX(020003)	Three Quarter Line Feed	d HEX(33)	3	HEX(5B)	ſ
	Normal Line Feed	HEX(34)	4	HEX(5C)	١
HEX(0200XX)	Variable Line Feed	HEX(35)	5	HEX(5D)	]
HEX(0201)	Set 10-pitch	HEX(36)	6	HEX(5E)	1
HEX(0202)	Set 12-pitch	HEX(37)	7	HEX(5F)	_
	Form Length	HEX(38)	8	HEX(60)	$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$
HEX(020A**)	Printed Lines Per Form	HEX(39)	9	HEX(61)	8
HEX(07)	Line Feed	HEX(3A)	:	HEX(62)	Ъ
HEX(OA)	Line Feed	HEX(3B)	;	HEX(63)	С
HEX(OB)	Vertical Tab	HEX(3C)	<	HEX(64)	d
HEX(OC)	Form Feed	HEX(3D)	=	HEX(65)	8
HEX(OD)	Carriage Return	HEX(3E)	>	HEX(66)	f
HEX(OE)	Expanded Character	HEX(3F)	?	HEX(67)	8
HEX(20)	Space	HEX(40)	Ģ	HEX(68)	ĥ
HEX(21)	- I	HEX(41)	Α	HEX(69)	i
HEX(22)	"	HEX(42)	В	HEX(6A)	j
HEX(23)	#	HEX(43)	С	HEX(6B)	k
HEX(24)	\$	HEX(44)	D	HEX(6C)	1
HEX(25)	%	HEX(45)	E	HEX(6D)	m
HEX(26)	&.	HEX(46)	F	HEX(6E)	n
HEX(27)	/	HEX(47)	G	HEX(6F)	ο
HEX(28)	(	HEX(48)	Н	HEX(70)	P
HEX(29)	>	HEX(49)	I	HEX(71)	q
HEX(2A)	*	HEX(4A)	J	HEX(72)	Г
HEX(2B)	+	HEX(4B)	K	HEX(73)	8
HEX(2C)	,	HEX(4C)	L	HEX(74)	t
HEX(2D)	-	HEX(4D)	M	HEX(75)	u
HEX(2E)	•	HEX(4E)	N	HEX(76)	v
HEX(2F)	/	HEX(4F)	0	HEX(77)	W
		HEX(50)	P	HEX(78)	x
** = XXXX		HEX(51)	Q	HEX(79)	У
		HEX(52)	R	HEX(7A)	Z
		HEX(53)	S	HEX(7B)	(
		HEX(54)	Т	HEX(7C)	l
		HEX(55)	U	HEX(7D)	}
		HEX(56)	V	HEX(7E)	~
		HEX(57)	W	HEX(7F)	Clear Buffer

# APPENDIX C HEXADECIMAL CODES FOR UNDERSCORED CHARACTERS

HEX CODE	UNDERSCORED CHARACTER	HEX CODE	UNDERSCORED CHARACTER	HEX CODE	UNDERSCORED CHARACTER
HEX(AO)	Space	HEX(CO)	e	HEX(EO)	<b>`</b>
HEX(A1)	l	HEX(C1)	A	HEX(E1)	
HEX(A2)		HEX(C2)	B	HEX(E2)	a b
HEX(A3)	*	HEX(C3)	č	HEX(E2)	
HEX(A4)	\$	HEX(C4)	D	HEX(E4)	с d
HEX(A5)	×	HEX(C5)	Ē	HEX(E5)	e
HEX(A6)	Š.	HEX(C6)	Ē	HEX(E6)	f
HEX(A7)	1	HEX(C7)	G	HEX(E7)	8
HEX(A8)	(	HEX(C8)	Ĥ	HEX(E8)	ĥ
HEX(A9)	)	HEX(C9)	Ï	HEX(E9)	i i
HEX(AA)	×	HEX(CA)	Ĵ	HEX(EA)	Ĵ
HEX(AB)	+	HEX(CB)	ĸ	HEX(EB)	ĸ
HEX(AC)	,	HEX(CC)	L	HEX(EC)	1
HEX(AD)	<u> </u>	HEX(CD)	M	HEX(ED)	m
HEX(AE)	•	HEX(CE)	N	HEX(EE)	n
HEX(AF)	1	HEX(CF)	0	HEX(EF)	0
HEX(BO)	0	HEX(DO)	P	HEX(FO)	р
HEX(B1)	1	HEX(D1)	Q	HEX(F1)	P
HEX(B2)	2	HEX(D2)	R	HEX(F2)	r
HEX(B3)	3	HEX(D3)	5	HEX(F3)	8
HEX(B4)	4	HEX(D)	Т	HEX(F4)	t
HEX(B5)	5	HEX(D5)	U	HEX(F5)	u
HEX(B6)	6	HEX(D6)	V	HEX(F6)	v
HEX(B7)	7	HEX(D7)	W	HEX(F7)	ω
HEX(B8)	8	HEX(D8)	X	HEX(F8)	x
HEX(B9)	9	HEX(D9)	Y	HEX(F9)	У
HEX(BA)	:	HEX(DA)	Z	HEX(FA)	Z
HEX(BB)	;	HEX(DB)	ſ	HEX(FB)	{
HEX(BC)	<	HEX(DC)	١	HEX(FC)	I
HEX(BD)	=	HEX(DD)	]	HEX(FD)	}
HEX(BE) HEX(BF)	>	HEX(DE)	Ť	HEX(FE)	~
NEA(Dr)	?	HEX(DF)	-		

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#### APPENDIX D SIGNAL MNEMONICS

SIGNAL

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#### DEFINITION

A. A	Address bits of ROMS & RAMS
A <sub>0</sub> - A <sub>15</sub> A STB	Port A Strobe
A RDY	
	Register A Ready
ACK	Acknowledge
ACKLG	Acknowledge at I/O Interface
AL	Alarm (output to speaker)
$B_0 - B_7$	Port B Bus
B STB	Port B Strobe
B RDY	Register B Ready
B/A Sel	Port B or A Select
BUS REQ	Bus Request
BUSAK	Bus Acknowledge
BUSY	Device busy status for I/O
C/D	Control or Data is to be Written or Read
C/D Sel	Control or Data Select
CE	Chip Enable
CL	System clock
CLEAR	Manual clear switch
CLK	Clock Pulse (TTL)
CLK/TRG 0	Channel O External Clock or Timer Trigger
CO	Cover Open switch
CS	Chip Select/enable
CTC SEL	Select Counter/Timing Circuit chip
D00-D07	Data Output
D1a - D9a	9-Bit output of character generator ROMS (odd)
DEB RFSH	
	Debug Refresh
DIO - DI7 DSTB	Data Input
DT1-DT7	Data strobe at I/O interface
	Data from 2200 mainframe
EVEN SOL EN	Even Solenoid Enable
FAULT	Fault status at I/O interface
FFM	Form feed manual switch
FIRE HO	Fire Odd Solenoids
FIRE HE	Fire Even Solenoids
FOR	Form override switch
FWD-L	FWD Carriage (low true)
IEI	Interrupt Enable IN
IEO	Interrupt Enable OUT
IN1-L to IN7-L	Input Port Strobe Signals
INDEX	Output of Index Pulse Transducer
INDEX HOLE	Hole on wheel used to detect 1st printable column
INT-L	Int Request (Low true)
IORQ	Input/Output Request
LATCHEN	Latch Enable, enables tri-state latches
LFM	Line feed manual switch
М	Output of servo motor driver
MO	Output of servo motor amplifier
0 M1	Machine Cycle One Signal from Z80
	Warring alore and arbitra tion not

MPA<sub>1</sub> Magnetic pickup (tooth) MPA<sub>2</sub> Magnetic pickup common (tooth) MPB<sub>1</sub> Magnetic pickup (hole) MPB<sub>2</sub> Magnetic pickup common (hole) MREQ Memory Request NMI Non Maskable Interrupt NORM/FAST Norm, Fast Speed ODD SOL EN Odd Solenoid enable OUT1-L to OUT7-L Output control signal 1 thru 7 PDO-PD7 Processor data bus bits 0 - 7 PREST-L Reset Pulse generated either by power ON or Out O Paperout status at I/O interface PO RD Read Data Command RESET Input prom at I/O interface RESET (Z80) Reset pin on Z80 microprocessor REV-L Reverse Carriage Motor (low true) RFSH Mem refresh signal for dynamic RAMs RM1, RM2 RAM memory 1, RAM memory 2 SEL Select SEL CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4 Select Channel 1, 2, 3, 4 SEL PG2 Select Program 2 SL Select status SPEED SW Speed switch SWO Home position switch SW1 Deacceleration switch SW2 Return switch TOOTH SENSOR Magnetic Tooth Sensor/Senses column in vertical format WAIT Wait WR Write Data or Control Command Х Output to motor winding (X) Common for motor winding (X) Xb X<sub>o</sub> Y Output to stepping motor amplifier (X) Output to motor winding (Y) Yb Common for motor winding (Y) Y ZČ/TO O Output to stepping motor amplifier (Y) Channel O Zero Count or Timeout

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# CHAPTER 5 SCHE-MATICS

#### CHAPTER 5 SCHEMATICS

PRINT	TITLE	PAGE
7331	12 SOLENOID HEAD, MOTHERBOARD	5-3/5-4, 5-5/5-6
7332	12 SOLENOID HEAD, CPU BOARD	5-7/5-8, 5-9/5-10, 5-11/5-12, 5-13/5-14
7333	12 SOLENOID HEAD, MEMORY BOARD	5-15/5-16, 5-17/5-18, 5-19/5-20
7379	12 SOLENOID HEAD, POWER SUPPLY REGULATOR	5-21/5-22, 5-23/5-24
6762	CONTROL PANEL KEYBOARD, SCHEMATIC	5-25

It should be noted that schematic 7333 sheet 2 of 3 (page 5-17/5-18) shows telecommunication circuits (TC) along with power ON circuits. Although the schematic indicates availability of TC, the printed circuits are not loaded.

Schematics have an apron so that when folded out they can be viewed as the theory in Chapter 4 is read. Where applicable, test points and adjustments are located physically and described electrically on the aprons.

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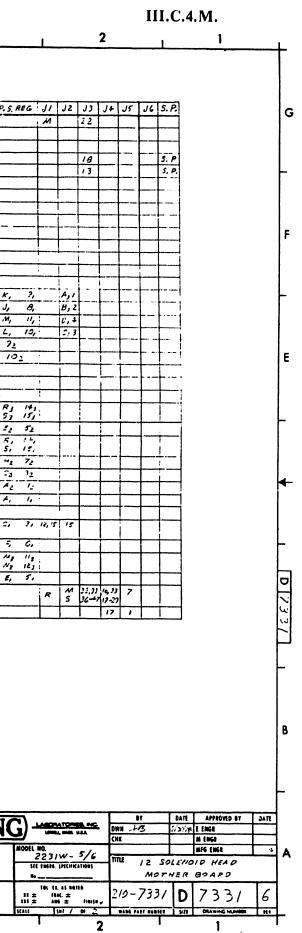
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	SIGNAL	SPARE Ci	MEM C,	CPU C2	P.S.REG	11	JZ J.	<u>, 14</u>		<u> </u>	17.	SIGNAL DSTB, PWS	SPARE	MEM	7.,-	13. 120		10		13 10	<b>5</b> , <i>r</i> ;	TOF	ISPARE	MEM	-
	A	3,	3,	32							-	03787										TC BAUD		32	
1	Az	0,	D,	De								FL	1				N	40	9			TC INT		Mz	+
	A3	41	41	41								FSE			D,							TFS	ļ		Τ
1	A4	E,	E,	E2								FAN			L	Ļ	┝──╁		_			TMR			
	As	5,	5,	52	L				+			FAN				<u> </u>	┣──┣			2			+	+	4
	<u>Ac</u>	F,	<u>F1</u>	Fr		++		_				IN 7 - L	+	÷2	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<b>├</b>			+-+		USART SEL		A2	4
	A; A8	6. H,	6, H,	6 <u>2</u> M2		╂──┤			+				+							+-+	+	WR	Y,	Ŷ,	
	A2	7,	7,	72	╆	+-+									<u>+</u>	N, :,	5. 1			+			+	+	÷
	A 10	- J.	<i>J,</i>	$J_2$		+-+		-+-	+-			1.5			13,		t-t					Ø 875	X,	11	+
	An	8,	8,	91															Í.					1	1
	AIL	к,	۲,	K1								IAFA,			17,		÷								Ι
	A13	9,	9,	1 9:				_	_			HFAZ			15,		6								_
1	A14	14	41	42						┝╼╇		11=51			<u>- <u>-</u>,</u>		3			+		×		<b>_</b>	_
	Ais	10,	10,	102	<b> </b>	╆╍┥				┝──┾		MP62	+		5,	+	┟╌┼			+-+	+	×b	+	+	_
		t	t	+	+	+			+	┝──╂		MRET			ł	+	A,1			┼╌┼╴	+1	Y 6	+	+	4
l	ACHLG	<u>†</u>	1	10,	t	+		1 13	,	┝┼	$\neg$	MPED	12,	17,	112	1	+++					Xo	+	+	-
	AL	1	1	83	1								1									Yo	1.	1	-
					I							11.11 -			22						5. P.				
	BA		102						2															1	
	6.8		H2		<b></b>			-	3			2777-L		<u> //:</u>	- 41	·	<u>                                     </u>		_	<u>-</u>			1		_
	BUSY, PFR	ļ	<u> </u>	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	<u> </u>	+		<u>, ''</u>		┝──┾	_	FI				<u> </u>	$ \rightarrow $		_	+		+3 = V			
	CA	┿	72		+				4	┝──╊		F0				+	<u>  ∸ </u>	12 1		++-		- 3 2 V	1	+	
	CB		F2		<u> </u>	+			5	┝─┼		FS		<u> </u>	13.	+		11	<u>-</u>	+-+-	-+	4151	+		-
	66	<u> </u>	52	+		+i			6			ن به جری ندمند	;,	11.		+	++		-+-	++-		-17 V			
	C 0		E2						20			ر ق شر			3:			13.	2			-124	V <sub>z</sub>	V2	-
	C.F.		42		I				3			<u>د : د</u>		32								+1.1 V		- X.	
	CHECK FAULT, FAUL	7		163		+	11	0 3	<u>}</u>	$ \rightarrow $	$\neg$			ļ	<u> </u>		i	<u>i</u>	<u> </u>	.┥──┤─	_			1	
		+	+	-9, -	+	+	8 3					NJ VJ V			171	+			+ 31	_		-51 -5		1 1 2 2	
		+	<u> </u>			+	- i			+ +		Faser RU	20,	20,	202	+	+		+ 31	┼╌┼╴	+	+ 5 44	1/2 21	5, 21	1.
	DA, A, OT,	1	1	11,								REST	21,	21,	212		+					507 - 1. EL (A)			-
	DALA, DT2			1/3	1		2	6 .3						1		-						Or POWEF(B)	1	1	
	DASA ; DTS			N3				2 - 4																	_
	DALAS DIL	+	<b> </b>	123				7 5		$\square$	_	5,			3,	<u> </u>						201 25312	4 1	A, 1,	_
	DASA , DTS DAGA , DTG	<u> </u>		<i>P</i> <sub>2</sub>		+						<u>5.</u>		ļ	<u></u>	1 1 - 1				+		101	2 22	3 21 22	5
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	DAPAS DT.	+		/43	+			7 7		┞──┼		52 57	+		- <del>2</del> ,	P.	++			╉╾╋╴					
	DB	1	62			1-1			15			56	-		4,		++			++-					
	00	İ	J2						17						Ε,										
	DEB RESH	22,	22,	222								چ ک			53	152									
		+		+								57			F:	<i>5</i> 2			1						
	DIO DI,	$\frac{14}{R_1}$	14, R,	142 R2	+	+	+ +	_		_↓		\$73			53		<b>↓</b>		:	+ +	_ <b>_</b>				
	DI2	13,	13,	132	+	+	┝──┠─			┟──┤		3//.		+	77		╂──┨		<del></del>	┼┼					
	DI3	P.	P,	P2	+	+	<u>├</u>			┼─┤					+		+			+					
	DI4	12,	12,		+	+	<del>   </del>	+	+	<del>   </del>		5 5.4		42		+	+								
	DIS	N,	N,	N <sub>2</sub>		1						3 C F		52	·†	1	+-1		1	12					
	DIG	11,	11,	1/2								SEL				1	13	2	0	I					
	017	M,	Mi	Mz								SEL		ļ			к		17						
	000	+	+	+	+		++			┥┥				<b>.</b>			10	- 12	1-	+					
<u>a&lt;</u>	00,	5,	5,	52	+		- + - + - + - + - + - + - + - + - + -		-+	┼─┤		SPEED SW	_	<b>_</b>	17		- <b> </b>			- <b> </b>   ·	<u></u>				_
_	DO2	T,	T,	T <sub>2</sub>		+	┝─┼╴		+	╂─┤				+	J3			2		+-+					V
	D03	16,	16,	162	+	+	<u>├</u> ─┼		+	┼─┤		3W0 3W1		+	<i>K</i> 3	+	+	70-	-+-	+					_
Merisio S // 7	DOs	U,	υ,	U2								<u>3w</u> 2		+	2,	+	+	K		+				MATE	tRV
19 19 19	005	17,	17,	172										1	<u> </u>					+					
S E	006	V,	V,	V2																		I		FINIS	SH
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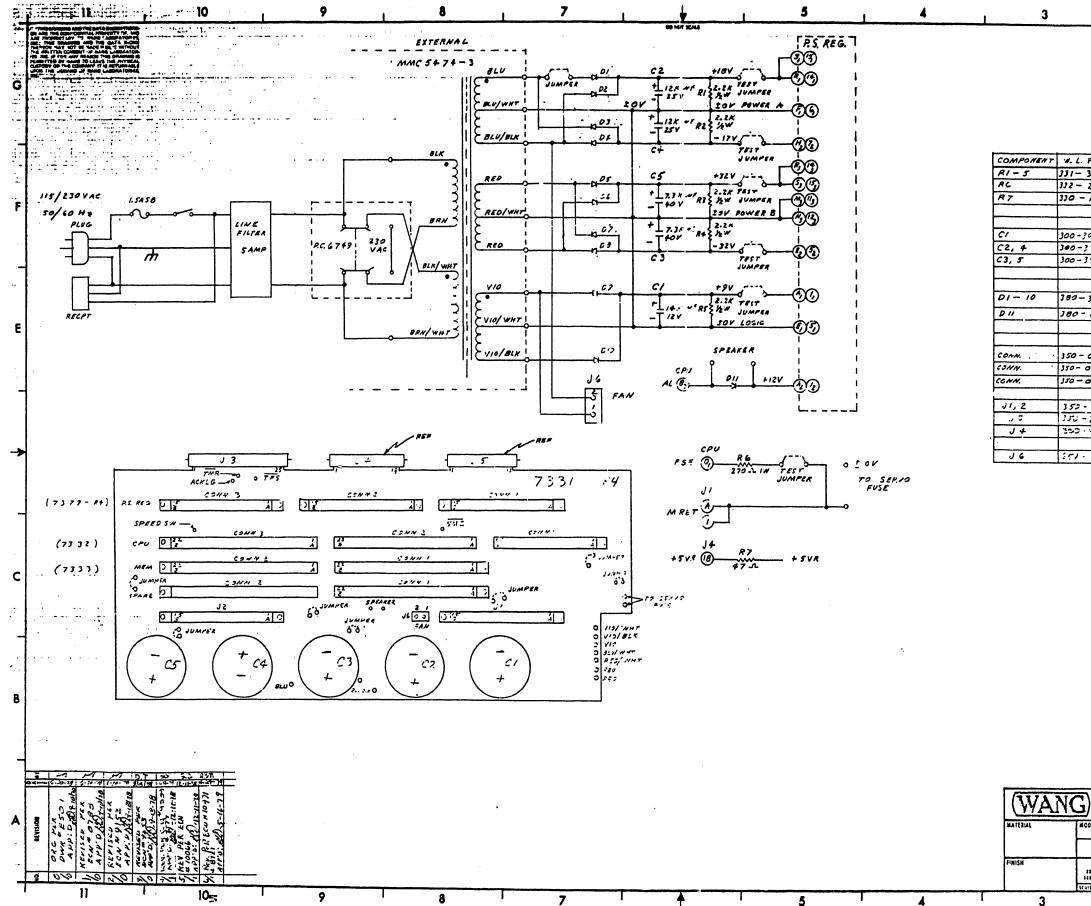
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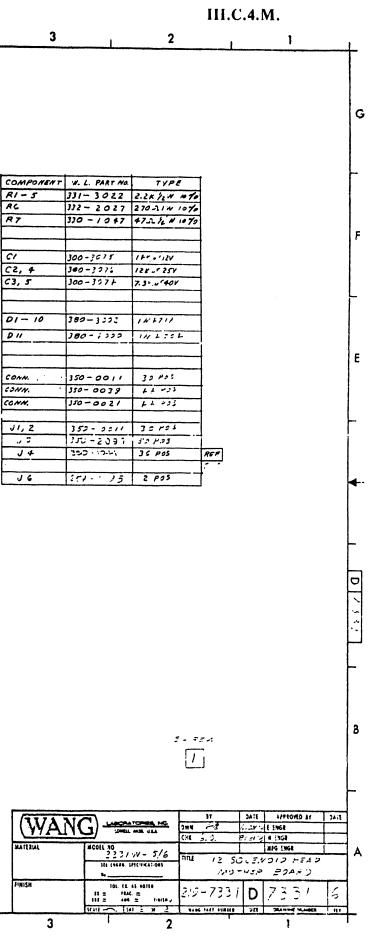
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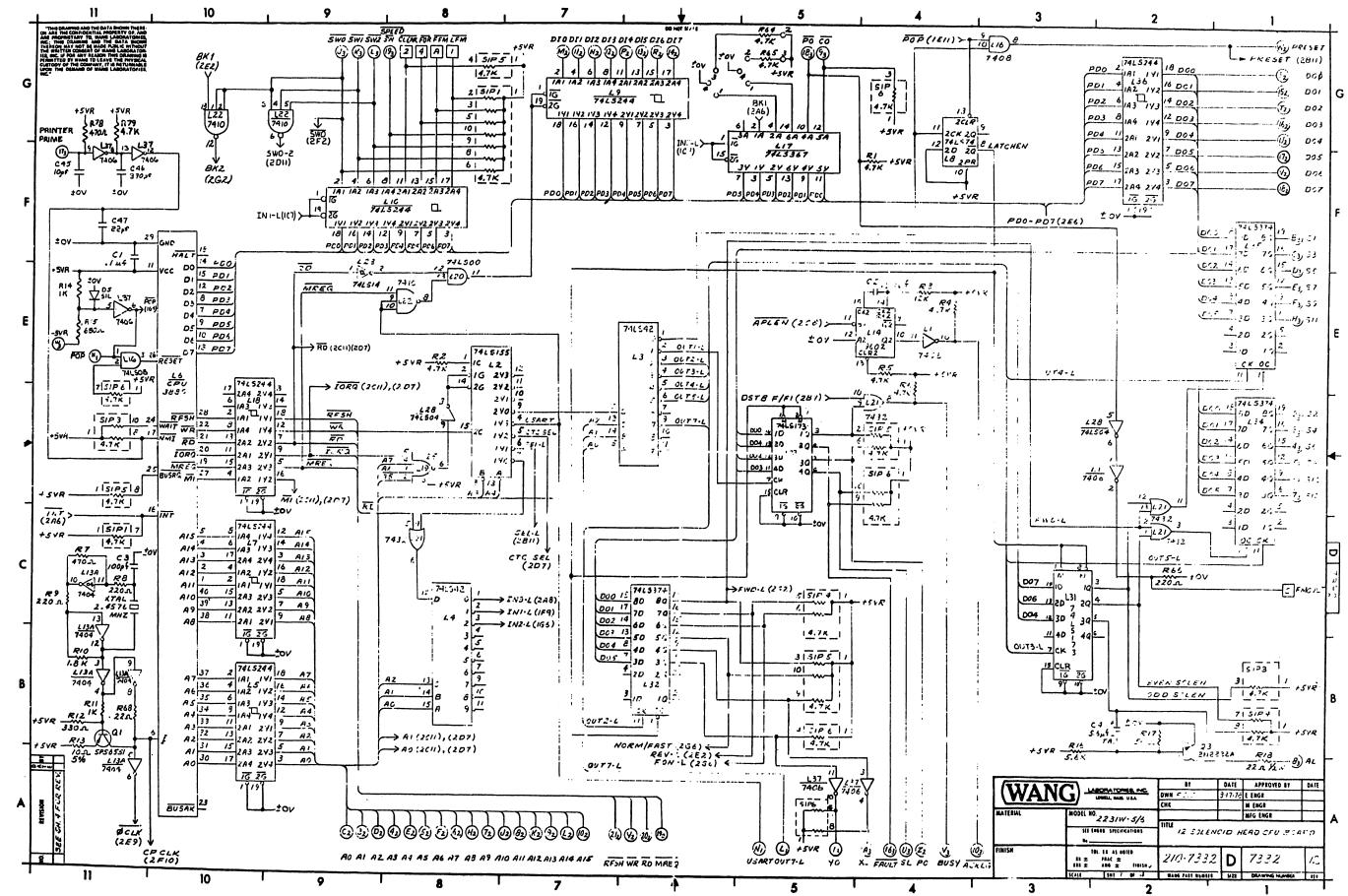
5-3/5-4



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5-5/5-6



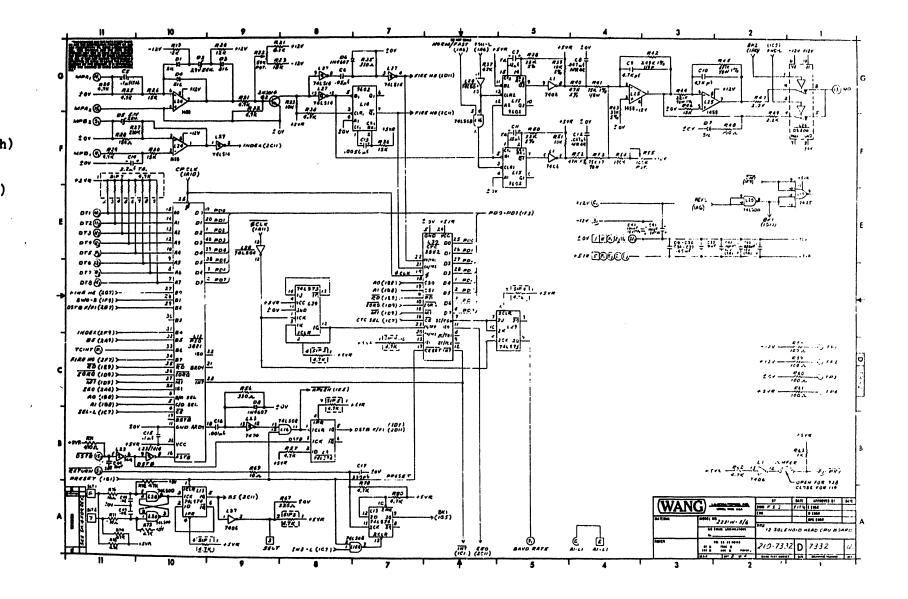
III.C.4.M.

5-7/5-8

### **TABLE 5-1**

#### LOCATION OF MAJOR ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENTS AND TEST POINTS

SYMBOL	ITEM	ELECTRICAL LOCATION	PHYSICAL LOCATION	DESCRIPTION
		7332-2	7332-4	
TP1	-12V	C, 1	F,2	DC Voltage
TP2	+12V	C,1	F,3	DC Voltage
TP3	<u>+</u> 0V	C,1	F,4	Ground
TP4	+5 V R	C,1	F,5	DC Voltage
R22	50K Pot.	G,9	F,2	Window Strobe (Pulse Width)
				Adj. Para. 6.4, Page 6-3.
R55	100K Pot.	F,4	F,2	Window Strobe (Duty Cycle)
				Adj. Para. 6.4, Page 6-3.



70ma 04		10	9	L					DO HOT LOUE		-	<u>ل</u> ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
	Antend And The Daria & Scher 17-18- d COLADCILITIAL MODELINY of July 107-107 (J. 1997) THE DARA TOTAL INTY MY IN THE DARA TOTAL INTY MAY IN ALCO AND AN ANTON 100 ANY INACO THE DARA TOTAL 100 ANY INACO THE DARA TOTAL		COMPONENT	TYPE	W.L. NO				P		NN.1	
	THE CONSELFT OF HANS LANDAATON FOR ANY MEASCH THE CRASHES B BY HANS TO LEAVE THE PHYSICAL		R1,2,4-6,24,23,29 31,32,34,37,57			COMPONENT		W.L.NO.	MNEMONIC COORD	Contract of Contra	D- tov	
NODV IN THE	DE THE COMPANY, IT IS RETURNAL S DENAND OF MAINS LABORATORIES,		62,64,65,70,72,7	4.7K YAW 10%	330- 3047	<i>C1,15</i>	.00149 500V	300-1930	A0-A15 1AB A1-L1 2A4	1.7	12 + SVR	•
			74, 75, 79,80			C2,16 C3		300 - 1100	AI- LI 244 ACKLG 1A3	+124 - 6	)@ /2v	
	I.C. LOCATION	TYPE W.L.NO.	RIO	LOK /4W 10%		C33		300 - 1903	AL IAI	AI-LI - D		
	21,37	7406 376-0055	R3,19,20 R7,71,18	4701 44W 10%		C4	5.647 35V TA	300-4017		E	2	
	12	7425155 376.0158	R8,9,66,67	2201 1/40 10%	the second s	C5	-	300 - 4002	BAVO RATE 245			
	L.3, 4 L.5, 7, 9, 10, 18, 36	741542 376.0212 7415244 376.0288	R11,63,14	1K 1/4W 10%	330-3cic	C6, 18-32, 34-39		300 - 1900			8	
	23,7,77,0,0,30		R12,35,56	330-2 YAW 10%		C7 C17	12 # F 35V TA . 330 PF 500V		BUSY IA4		9 BAVD	RATE
	16	CPU 3880 SEE CHART	R13	102 14W 5%		C8,12	,047#6 MT.V MYLAN	the second s	8037 ///	OUTT-L -L	0	
	18,13	741574 316.0155	R16 R17	5.6K YAW 10%		C9,10		300-1932			1.12	
	112	PIO 3881 SEE CHART	RIB	122 ~ /2W 10%		C//	.154 F 35 V TA	300-4004	CLEAR IGB	USART - N	-1	
	LIJA	7404 376.0010	RIS	1680 ~ YAW 10%		C13	.00 56 MF 500V	300-1915	<u>co</u> /65	TCINT - F	A MPA	•
	L14,15 L16,L14A	9602 376-0104 74LS08 376-0153	R21	8.2K 1/4w 10%		C14	2.2 NF ZOV TA	and the second se	009-607 161		15 - MPA	
	2/01/14	742000 578 0705	R22	SOK. POT	336-1012	C+0,+1		306-4621	DIO.DI7 2G7			-
	L17	-415367 376 - 0192	R23	18K 14W 10%		C-12.43	2204 F 15V TA	300-4045	DSTB 28/1		NA. 2	
	L19	7425 376.0092	R26, 30, 36, 46	15K 1/4W 10%		01,3-5	SIL	380-1001	EAULT IA4		) 년 (11년 - 11년 br>(11년 - 11년 br>(11년 - 11년 - 11	
	L20	742500 376.0207	R2.	220K /4W 10%		02	394 ZENER		FAULT 1A4 FFM 1G8	PRV	3 - AI	
	L21	7432 376.0093	R28	150 A. YAW 10%	330-2015	75	SIV ZENES		FMOVL - ICI			
	122	7410 376-0003	R33,51	10K 1/4W 10%	770-4010	06.8		366-1665	FOR IG8		(S) - A!	
	L23	74/4 376-0139	R38,50	22K.1/4W 5%							) () - A7	
	. 24,25	/458 376-0265	R39	IOK 1/4W 5%		61	SP56551	375.1350		-	17 - 49	
	L26	DG200 376-0195 74LS14 376-0322	R40,52	47K 1/4W 5%		G2	2113014	375-0317	LFM IGO	1 .	) j) - AII	
	129	741504 376-0180	R41,53	75K 1/8W 1%	333.0054	<b>G</b> J	ASSESING	375-1905			) ) A13	
	129	742 573 376-0304	R42	249K 18W 1%	333·0CE2				MO 261	A14 -1	(1) - AIS	
	130	CTC 3882 SEE CHART	R43	33K 14W 5%	336.4034	XTAL	2.4576MHZ				1:00-011	
	L 32, 34, 35	7425374 376.0286	R68	222 1/4 W 10%		C44,45 C46	10pf 500V 312pf 500V	300-1010	MPAI 2GII MPA2 2GII		12 - 013	
	L31. L33	74L5173 376-0209	R44,45	22.1X /8W 1%		C47	2204	300-1022	MPA2 2GII MPBI 2FII	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13 - E15	
	L6, 12 SKT.	40 PIN 376-9011	R47,49	1002/4W 10%	÷	C 48, 47		300-1904	MPB2 2FII		· 例- DIT	
	L30 SKT.	28 PIN 376.9015	R48,58-61 R69,76,77	10-2 1/4W 10%		L <del>.</del>			MREQ IAS		111- 503	
			R54	180K 1/4 N 10%					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		17-00-	
			R55		336 - 1019				3477. 1A5	1.0	10 - DOT	
									P0 1A4	PRF.SET -		7
1	LOCATION	TYPE SPARES	SIP 1, 5193-7	4.1K	333.0812				P0 165	()	RO	
1	L1	7406 1	JI	20 PIN	350-0028				POP IEII	WR -	( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7
	LII	SPARE							PRESET IGI	P0 - 7	22	
	L22	7410 1							PRINTEL PRINE IFII		NN. 3	
	153	7414 2							RD 1A6	×0-7	i i vo	
	128	741504 2								sı - ?	3 2 - S2	
									RETURN 2811	s 3 — 🤅		
	L	اI							RESI' IAT	55(0	) 4 - 56	
									SI-SIZ IRI	57 (4	( <u>)</u> - sa	
									SELT 2A9	59 - 4	6 - 510	
	[	0 = 209 + 378 OR 37	22 1						SL IA4			
	210 209	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 = \chi 0 + 5 / 6 & 0 \\ 1 = \chi 0 + 5 /$	L 30	1					SLTI ZAII SLTZ ZAII		(0) = AL $(0) = \overline{CO}$	
	7332-4 7332		2 377-0393						SPEEL SW. IG8		IO ACXL	3
	<u></u>	101.00/		1					SW0 109		1 In - orz	
									SW0 169		12-074	
									5W2 159	ors - 1	0 0 - DT6	
									TCINI 2CII	017 - 8	ii 078	
										RETURN - 3	US DSTE	<u>.</u>
									USARI 1A5		ALL FAUL	.7
	ו								WR IA6	52 - (1	PRIA	TER PRIM
									×0 1A4 Y0 1A5	BUSY -	15 - SPEED	O Cul
									40 IAS	-376 - 78	20	
											121) - + 5 VA	
											12 - 1 ov	MATERIAL
	1									7		
										COMR -	L WIRING SIDE	
J	1									3.05	JIUA	FINISM
												1
	11 1	10										

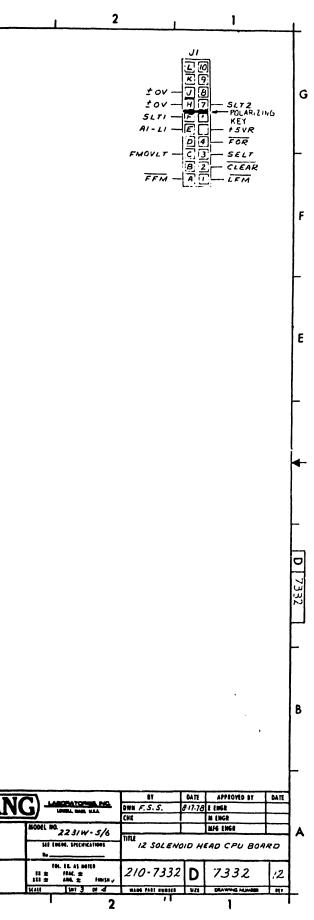
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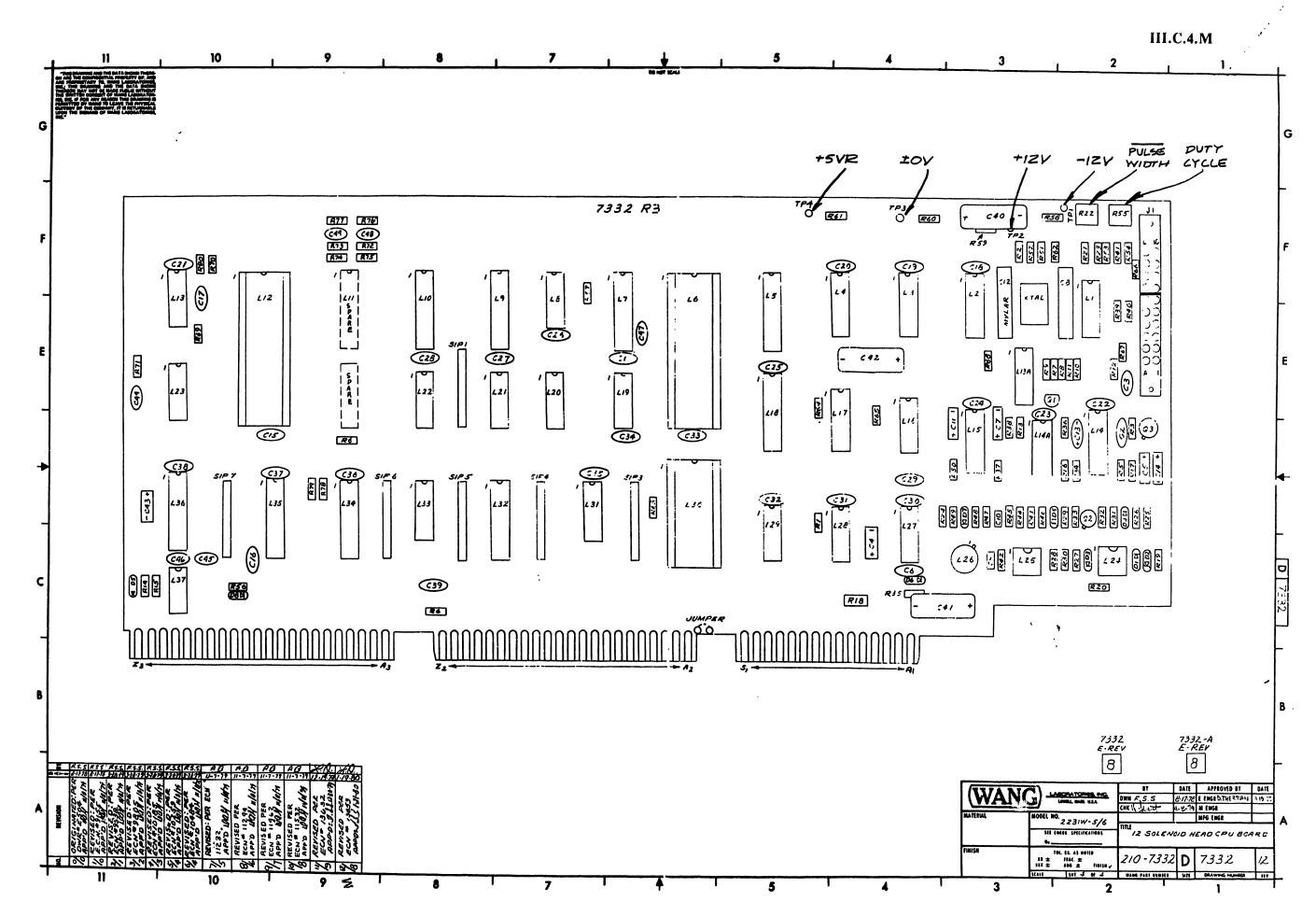
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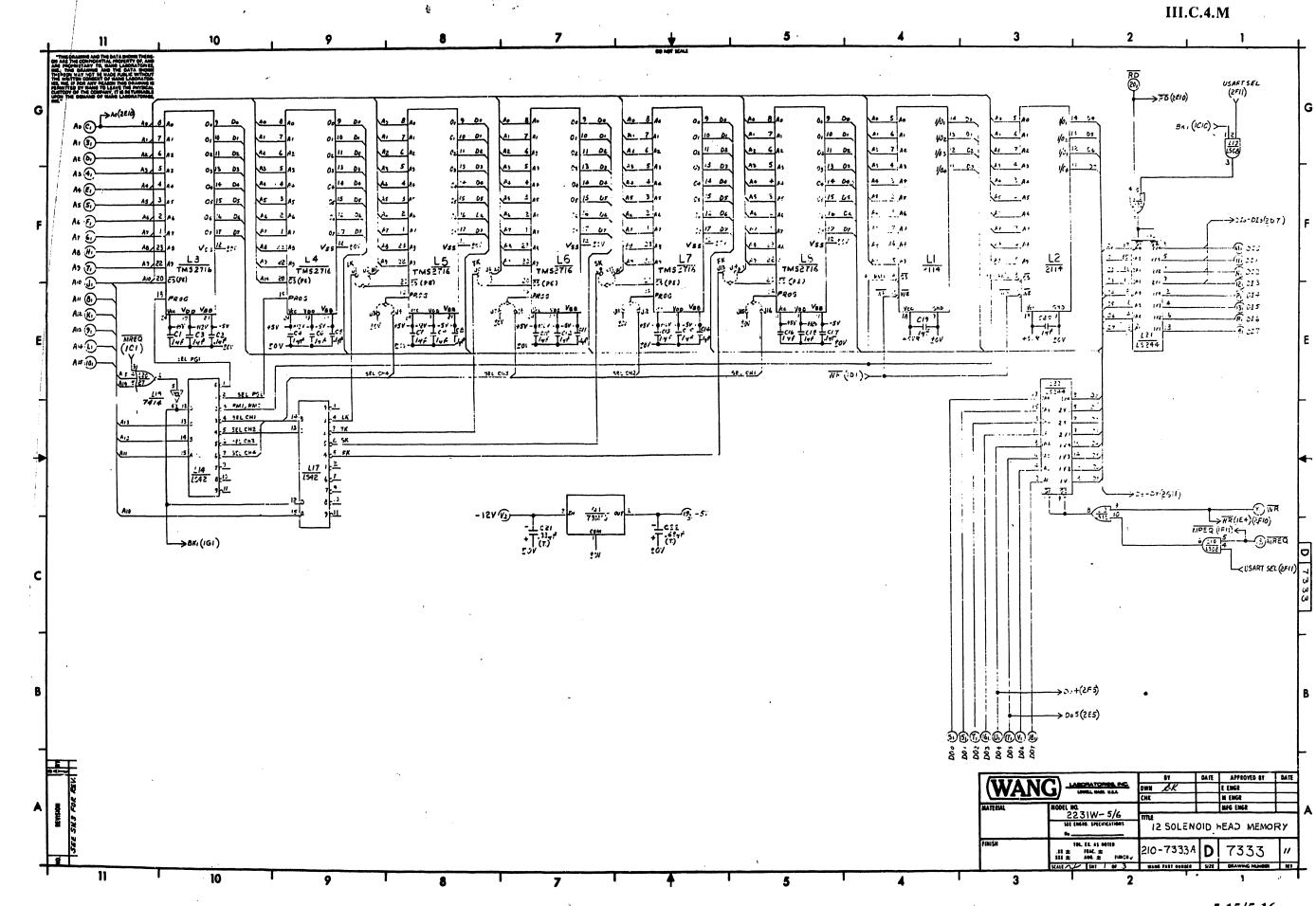




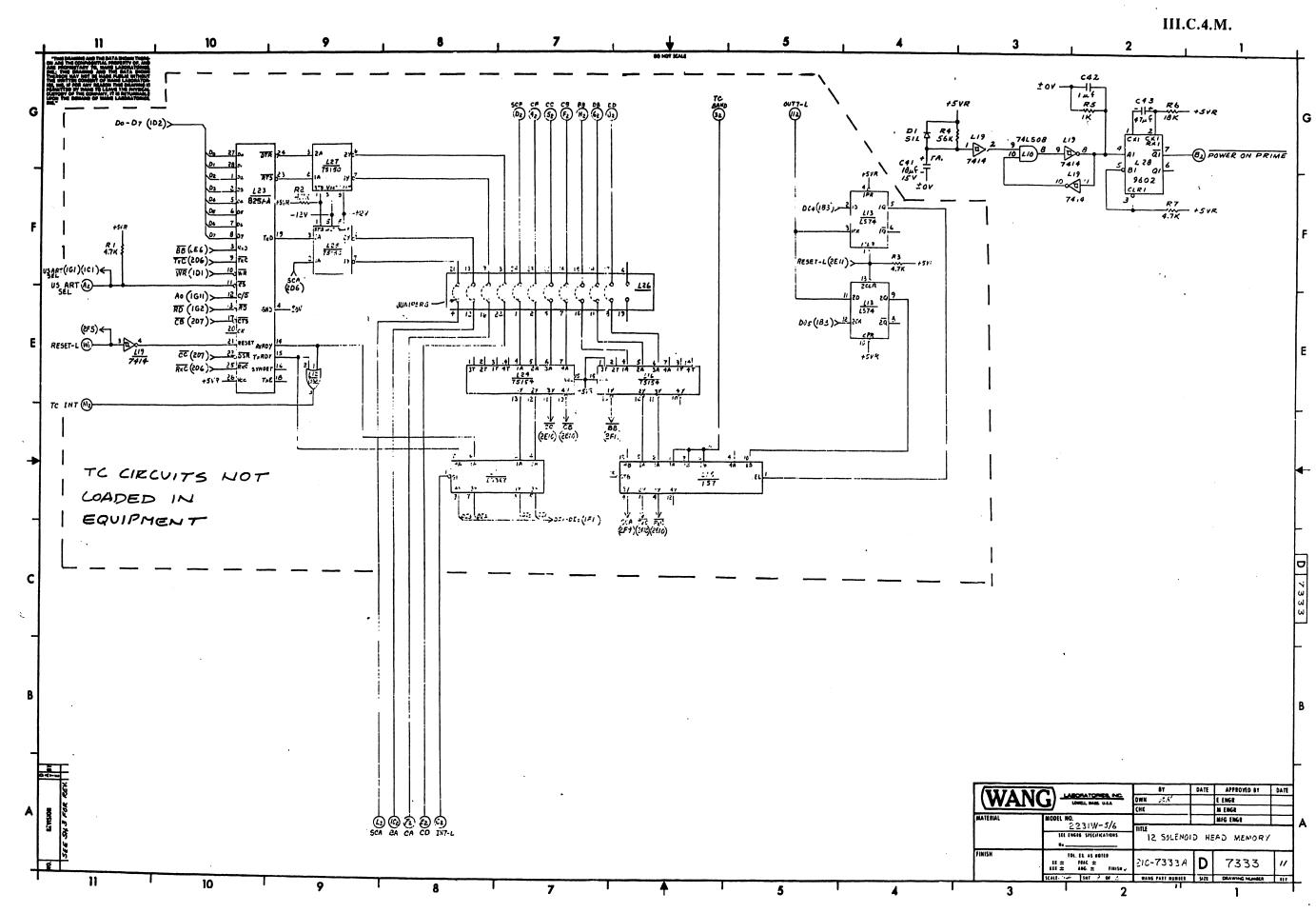
5-11/5-12



5-13/5-14



5-15/5-16



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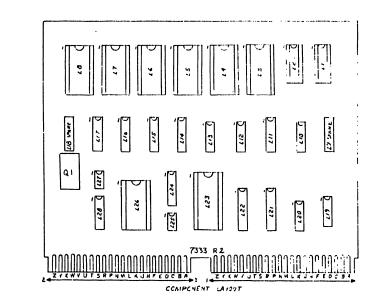
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					and the second sec
COMPENENT	W.L. PART NO.	TIPE	LOCATION	H. L. PAPT NO.	TT.PE
C1, 3, 4, 6, 1,9, 10, 12,			11,2	SEE CHART	2114
3,15,16,18,19,20,42	7.00-1931 .	148 504	13, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	SEE CHART	TM5:716
C2, 5, 8, 11 14, 17	300-1930	.141 :: 1	110	376-2153	741503
C21	300 - 4003	. 3346 354 (7)	L11	376-0172	7115367
Cil	300-4126	6.94+357(1)	L12	376-0211	741532
653-36	300-1905	. 0 544	L13	376 - 0155	741374
C 17-40	320022	1548 201 (7)	Li4,17	376 - 0212	741542
C41	300-4018	18 4 F 151 (T)	115	376 - 0082	:4157
C43	300-4020	4711 f 15V(T)	L16,2+	374-0077	1515.1
R1, 3,7	330.3047	4.7K X+W	117	376-2:37	7414
R4	330-4056	56K /4W	120	376-0125	7427
RS	330-3010	IK YAW	L21 32 1	376-0283	7.11.3244
R6	330.4018	18K 14W	123	SEE SHART	E251-A
R2	SEE CHART		125,27	376 - 0076	75150
01	278-2002	721405	128	374 - 6164	\$4.72

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11-8-79 21-8-79 23-3-79 23-3-79 25-19 2

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165,27	1 3/6 - 00/	6 1 15/50
1.28	376-010	+ 9602
7,19		STARE
11,2	376 - 901	4 IA PIN SKT
1.3.8	376-900	3 24 PIN SKT
123	376-90	15 26 PIN SKT
LOCATION	TYPE SPA	9 F
LOTATION LIS	TIPE 5PA	9E
		°E
Lis	74_5:3	9E

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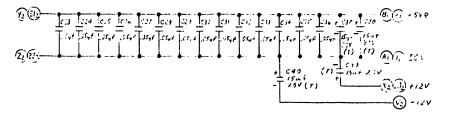
7414 27 1427 2 :::: L28 9602

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Ao - Ais BA 88 C A сB 20 CD · · · · · · C.F UB 60 4. . - 061 615 - Uli 147-L TARES 7:77-6 PHE ON PRIME PD HESET-L SCA 205 TO BAND TG INT 05 \*\*\* \*\*\*\* TIP

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MODEL	2.10	209	L1,2	L ?	L4	L5	6	L7	L8	L11	L13	1 15	116,24	123	125,27	R2
31 W - 5/6 12 SOL MEM	7333A	7333	377. 03 <del>1</del> /L	378 1002 17	378- 4003-R7			378. 1005-R7	379 4004 R7							
31W W/IC 12 SOL MEM			377-	3.9.	378 - 4003-R7			378 · 1005 - R7	378 · 4004 · R7			376 · 0082	376. 0077			
31 W -6 12 50L MEM	7333 B KATAKAM	7777		-	\$78 - 1003-41				378 - 1090							

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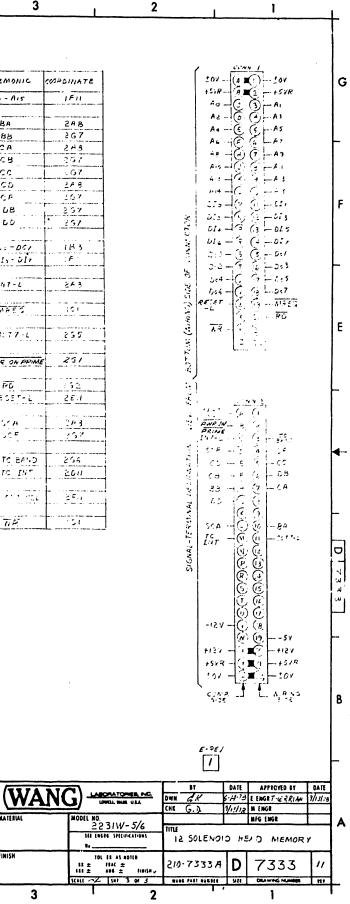
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5-19/5-20

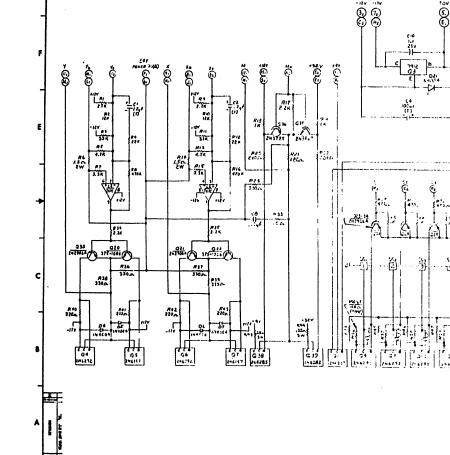
# TABLE 5-2

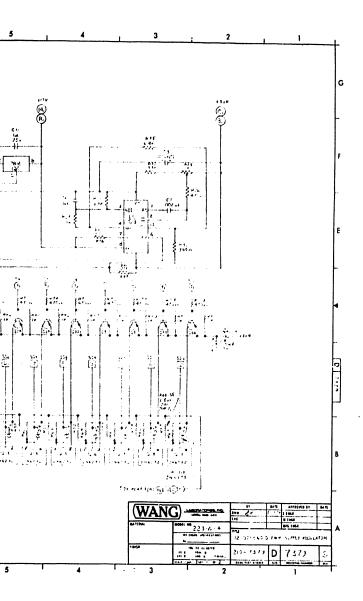
### LOCATION OF MAJOR ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENTS AND TEST POINTS

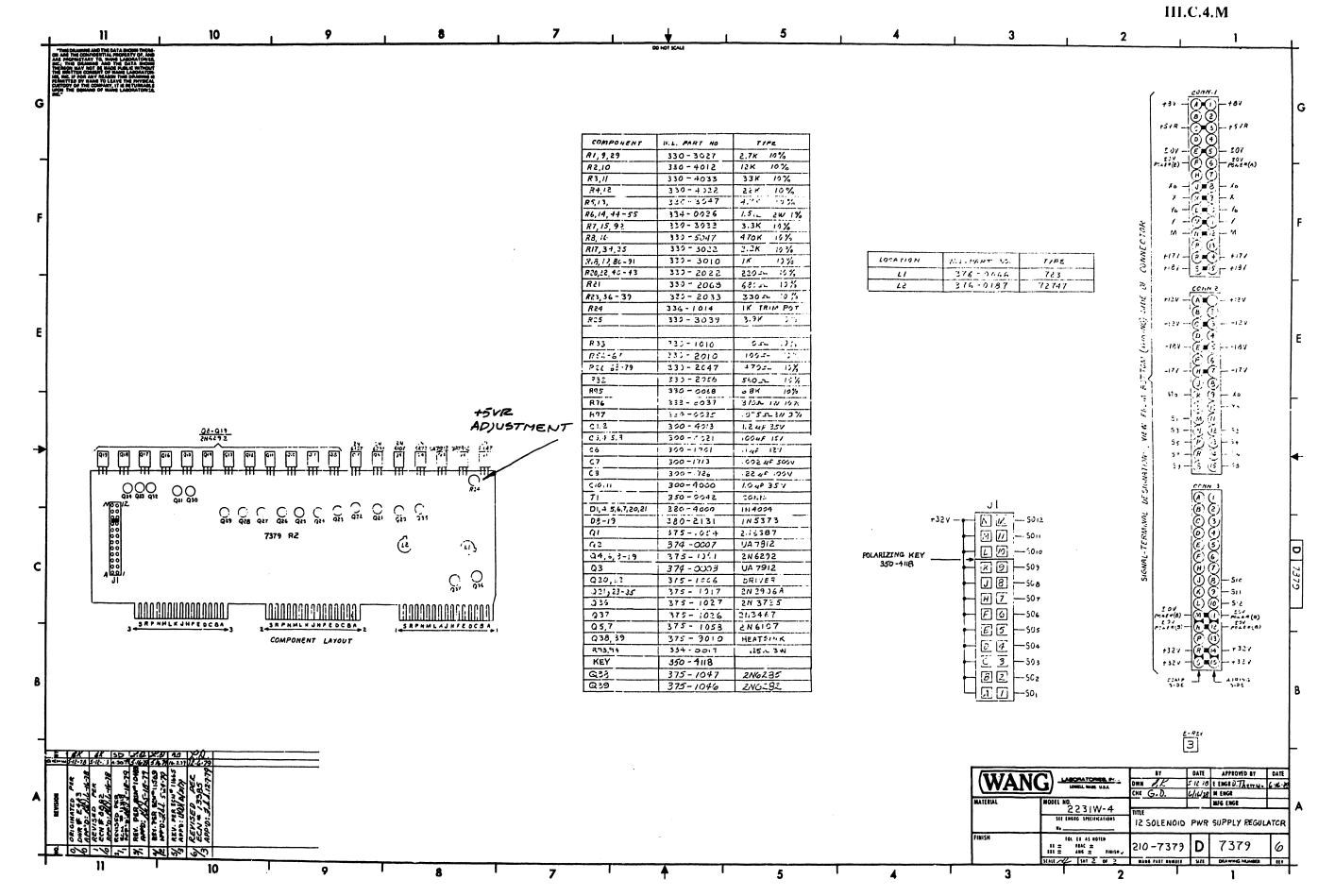
SYMBOL	ITEM	ELECTRICAL LOCATION 7379-1	PHYSICAL LOCATION 7379-2	DESCRIPTION
R24	1K Pot.	F,3	D,8	+5VR Adjustment

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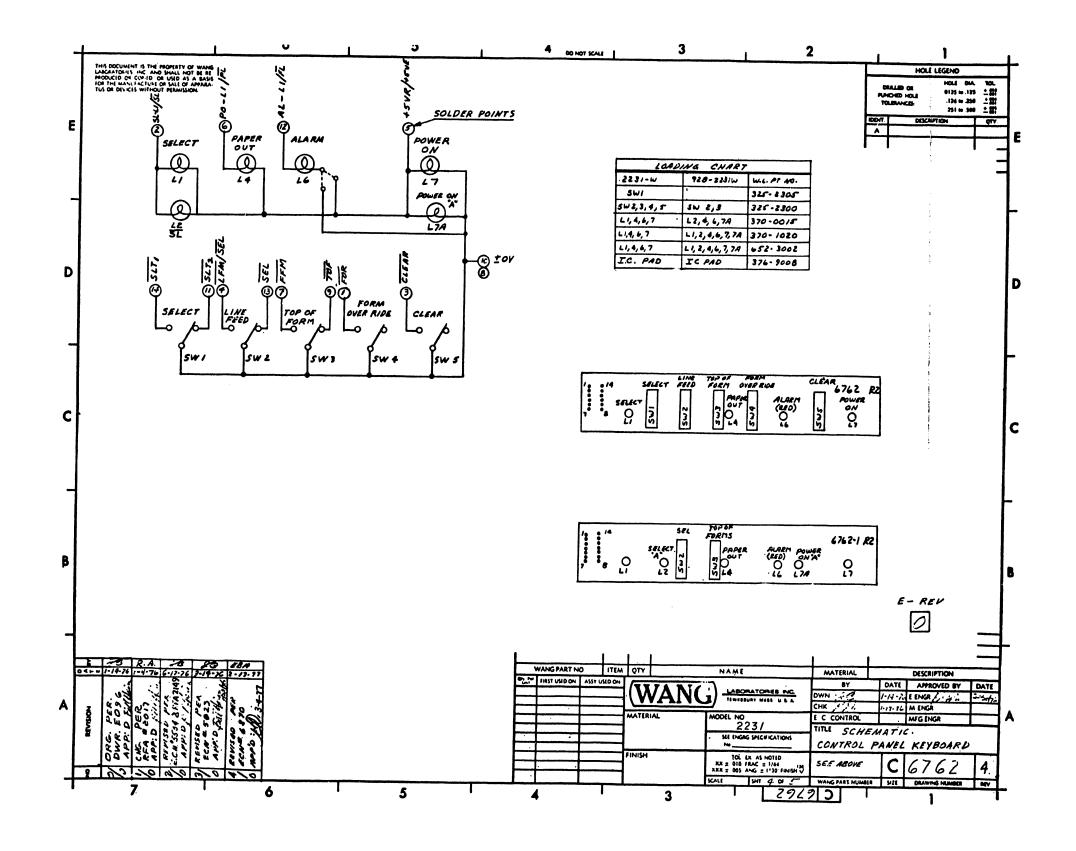






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5-23/5-24



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# END