

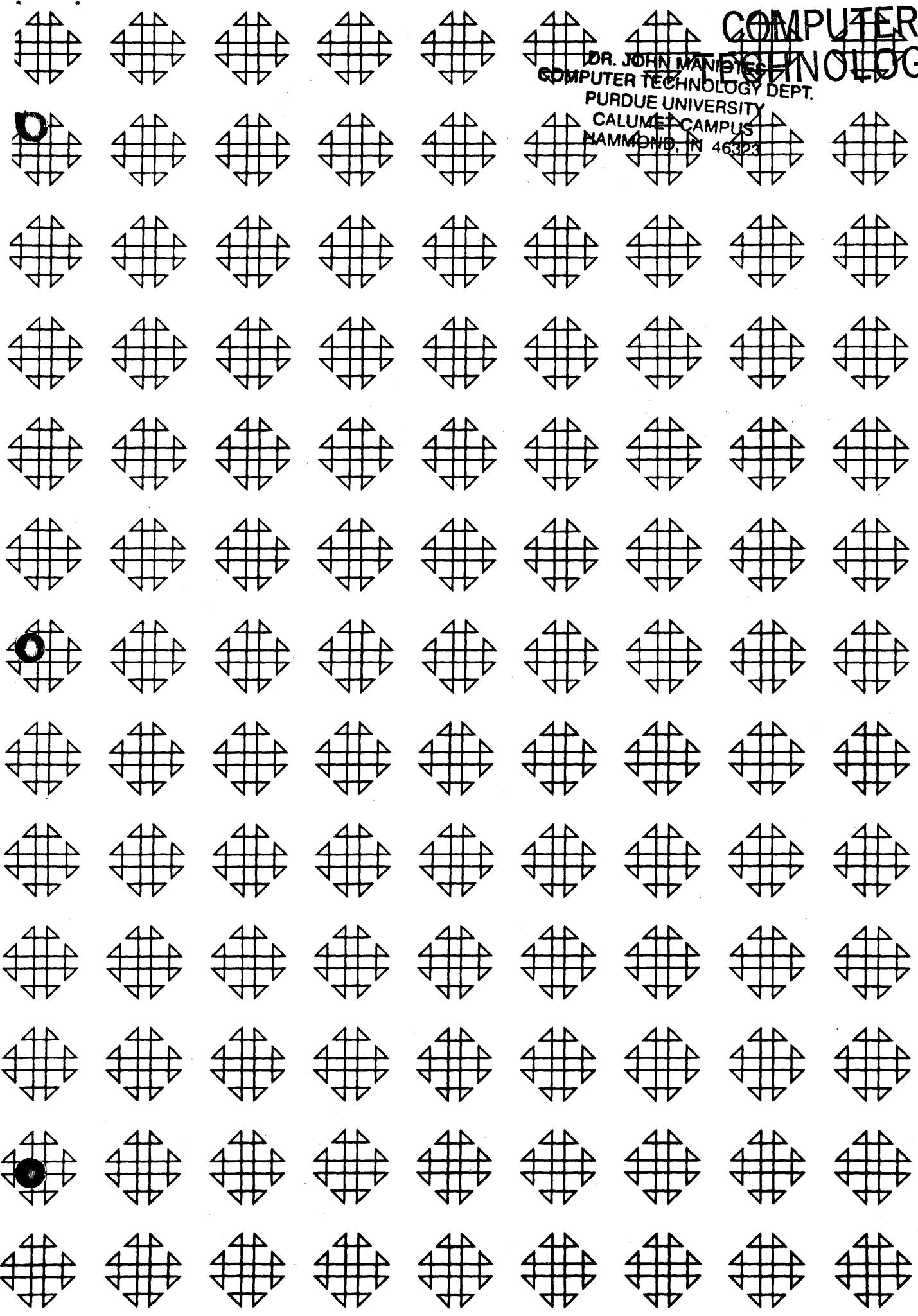
COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY

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1620 GENERAL PROGRAM LIBRARY

1620 Node Numbering Program

10.3.008



1620
NODE NUMBERING PROGRAM

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DECK KEY

1. Program Deck
2. Sample Data- 9 cards

1620 Node Numbering

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Purpose/Description: Program accepts an arbitrarily numbered system of nodes and proceeds to number them correctly such that the network is consecutively numbered and satisfies the condition that each arrow tail node (I) is less than the corresponding arrow head node (J).

Method: N/A

Restrictions/Range: The network must have only one origin (start point) and one terminal (end point). Each node is assigned a four (4) digit number in the range 0002 to 9998. Program can handle a maximum of 1500 jobs (arrows).

Equipment Specs: 1620 with 20K memory and 1622 Card Reader/Punch.

Execution Time: A network with 374 jobs (arrows) will be renumbered in about 12 minutes which includes final Punch-out.

Accuracy: N/A

Source Language: SPS II

Check-out Status: Several networks of various sizes have been run successfully to date. Largest network had about 600 jobs.

COMMENTS

This program and its documentation were written by an IBM employee. It was developed for a specific purpose and submitted for general distribution to interested parties in the hope that it might prove helpful to other members of the data processing community. The program and its documentation are essentially in the author's original form. IBM serves as the distribution agency in supplying this program. Questions concerning the use of the program should be directed to the author's attention.

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This write-up is for the 1620 Node Numbering Program and can be considered Part I of the 1620 LESS Package. The I/O design is compatible with Part II of the LESS package which is Critical Path Scheduling.

The program accepts an arbitrarily numbered system of nodes and proceeds to number them correctly such that the network is consecutively numbered, starting with the initial node of 1, and satisfies the condition that each arrow tail node (I) is less than the corresponding arrow head node (J).

PROGRAM RESTRAINTS

1. The network must have only one origin or initial start point. This node must be assigned the number 1.
2. The network must have only one terminal or end point. This node must be assigned the number 9999.
3. With the exception of the start point and end point, numbers may be assigned at random to the other nodes in the network. However, no two nodes may be assigned the same number. Thus, each node is assigned a four digit number in the range 0002 to 9998.
4. The program can handle a maximum of 1500 jobs.

Key to Notations

1. IIII - Starting or generating node of a job.
2. JJJJ - Ending node of a job.
3. DDD - Duration of a job.

In order to explain the technique used in this program, consider the following:

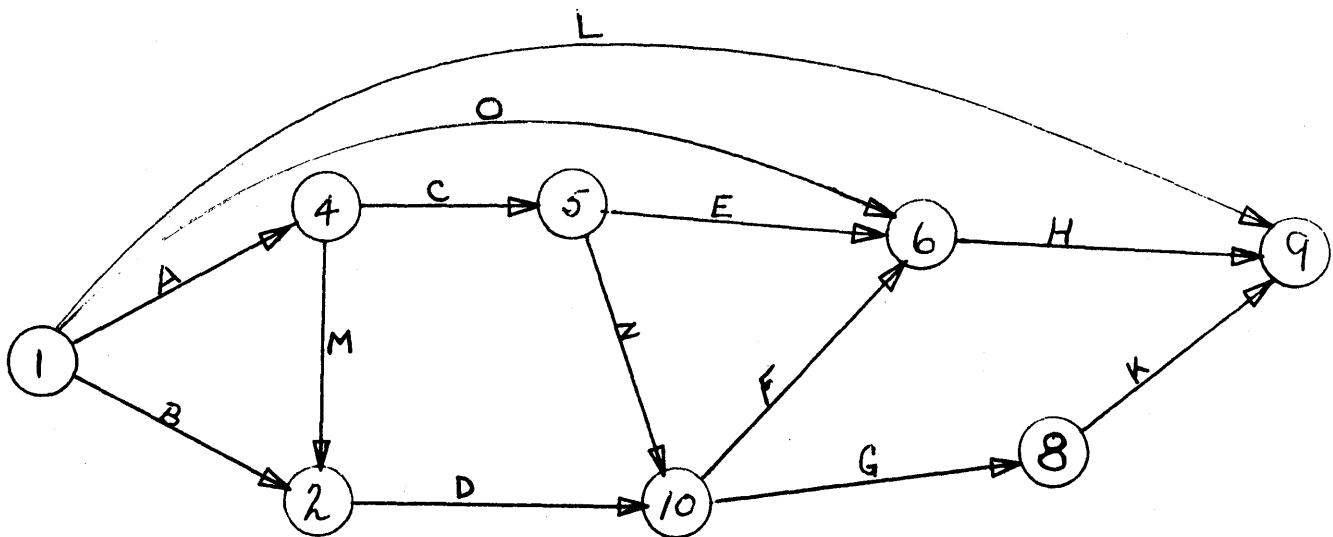
Take any node, say #6 in Example 1. This node can be reached in many ways:

O	or 1 job
A, C, E	or 3 jobs
A, M, D, F	or 4 jobs
A, C, N, F	or 4 jobs
B, D, F	or 3 jobs

If we define the "distance" of a node from the origin (node 1) as the maximum number of jobs by which the node can be reached, then node #6 is a "distance" of 4 from the origin.

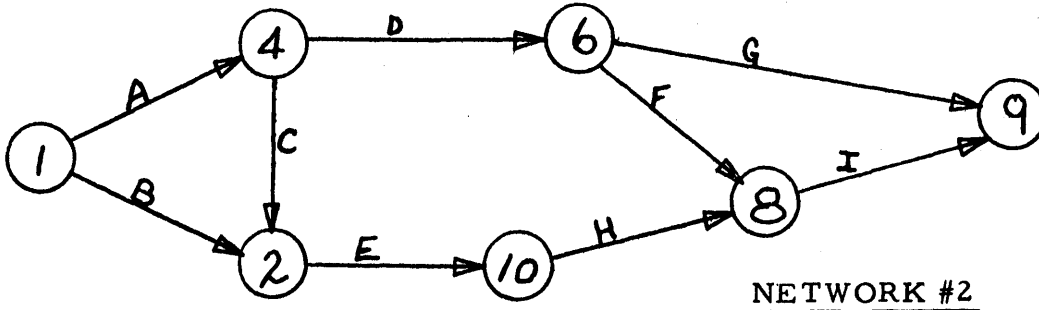
Further, from this definition, it can be seen that the distance from the origin of the head node (J) of any job (I, J) is at least one more than the distance of the tail node (I) of the corresponding job. Examine job (4, 5).

Therefore, by numbering all nodes of distance 1 before those of distance 2, before those of distance 3 etc., we can satisfy the condition that I be less than J.



EXAMPLE #1

In any network, there are various chains of jobs by which one can proceed from the start point to the end point. Assume the following network:



The list of chains would be as follows:

CHAIN

- a) 1 4 6 9
- b) 1 4 6 8 9
- c) 1 4 2 10 8 9
- d) 1 2 10 8 9

0 1 2 3 4 5 DISTANCE ALONG CHAIN

Using our definition of "distance", we can now construct the following table:

NODE NUMBER

NODE DISTANCE

1	0
2	2
4	1
6	2
8	4
9	5
10	3

Rearrangement of the list to have the node distances in sequence produces the following:

NODE DISTANCE

NODE NUMBER

0	1
1	4
2	2
2	6
3	10
4	8
5	9

It should be noted here that within nodes of a given "distance" from the origin (such as nodes 2 and 6 in the previous example which are both of distance 2 from the origin) the choice of consecutive numbering is immaterial since by the previous definition of "distance" any of these nodes cannot be connected by jobs.

With this in mind, we can now number easily and our final list will appear thusly:

<u>NODE DISTANCE</u>	<u>NODE NUMBER</u>	<u>CORRECTED NODE NUMBER</u>
0	1	1
1	4	2
2	2	3
2	6	4
3	10	5
4	8	6
5	9	7

INPUT DATA FOR SAMPLE PROBLEM

<u>JOB IDENTIFICATION</u>	<u>NODE NUMBERS</u>
B	1, 2
A	1, 4
E	2, 10
C	4, 2
D	4, 6
F	6, 8
G	6, 9
I	8, 9
H	10, 8

EXAMPLE #3

INPUT DATA

B
A
E
C
D
F
G
I
H

00010002002
00010004001
00020010005
00040002003
00040006004
00060008006
00069999007
00089999009
00100008008

6A

Test Output 6/12/63

SW I Off

00010002
00010004
00020010
00040002
00040006
00060008
00069999
00089999
00100008

00010003002
00010002001
00030005005
00020003003
00020004004
00040006006
00040007007
00060007009
00050006008

B
A
E
C
D
F
G
I
H

6/12/63

ML

Test Output
SN 1 ON

00010003002
00010002001
00030005005
00020003003
00020004004
00040006006
00040007007
00060007009
00050006008

B
A
E
C
D
F
G
I
H

6c

The method used by the 1620 program assuming input data in proper sequence and using network #2, shown in Example #3, is as follows:

Generate the "distance" 1 list: Since the origin node number has been selected as 1, then "distance" 1 nodes will be generated only by jobs of the form (I, J).

<u>DISTANCE</u>	<u>GENERATING NODE</u>	<u>ENDING NODE</u>
1	1	2
	1	4

This list shows that nodes 2 and 4 are the only nodes of "distance" 1 from the origin. However, it can be seen from the network that node 2 is not of "distance" 1 but of "distance" 2 from the origin. This fact will be shown later when node 2 appears as a higher "distance" node in the list.

We now continue to "distance" 2 nodes, that is, all nodes that will be generated by nodes of "distance" 1, namely nodes 2 and 4.

<u>DISTANCE</u>	<u>GENERATING NODE</u>	<u>ENDING NODE</u>
1	1	2
	1	4
2	2	10
	4	2
	4	6

When job (4, 2) is listed, note that node 2 already had appeared previously in the ENDING NODE column. This emphasizes the previous statement that although node 2 appeared in the "distance" 1 group, it would reappear again in a higher "distance" group. Since by definition, "distance" is a maximum of several "distances", one need keep only the latest entry. With this idea, one can save many program steps as well as a substantial number of core storage positions.

The complete list, using the above example, would appear as follows:

<u>DISTANCE</u>	<u>GENERATING NODE</u>	<u>ENDING NODE</u>
1	1	2
	1	4
2	2	10
	4	2
	4	6
3	10	8
	2	10
	6	8
	6	9
4	10	8
	9	-
5	8	9
	9	-

The blank in the Ending Node column opposite Generating Node 9 merely points out that node 9 is the end node and therefore can generate no additional nodes. When the Ending Node column has been exhausted, this implies no additional nodes can be generated. Therefore, the only thing left is to assign the Corrected Node Numbers. The final list will appear thusly:

<u>DISTANCE</u>	<u>GENERATING NODE</u>	<u>ENDING NODE</u>	<u>CORRECTED NODE NUMBER</u>
1	1	2	
	1	4	2
2	2	10	
	4	2	3
	4	6	4
3	10	8	
	2	10	5
	6	8	
	6	9	
4	10	8	6
	9	-	
5	8	9	7
	9	-	

INPUT DATA

Card Columns 1-25 - Alpha description
" " 26-29 - IIII
30-33 - JJJJ
34-36 - DDD
37-79 - Utilized at the descretion of the user

The input cards must be sorted J within I, that is, sorted on card columns 33 through 26. Column 80 of the input cards must be blank except for the last card. The last card must have any digit, other than zero, punched in column 80.

OUTPUT

Card output will be similar to card input with card columns 26-33 containing the new IIII and JJJJ assigned by the program. The old IIII and JJJJ, depending on the setting of Console Switch #1, may or may not be punched in card columns 72-79. Information punched in all other columns of the input cards will be punched in the output cards so that these columns may be utilized at the option of the user.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Clear memory to zeros as follows:
 - A. All console switches off
 - B. Depress the Insert Key
 - C. Type in 16 00010 00000
 - D. Depress the Release Key, then the Start Key
 - E. After approximately 1.5 seconds, depress the Instant Stop Key, the Release Key, and the Reset Key in that order.

2. Set Console Switches as follows:
 - Parity Check Switch - STOP Position
 - I/O Check Switch - STOP Position
 - Overflow Switch - PROGRAM Position
 - Console Switch #1
 - a) OFF - Output with original IIII and JJJJ in card columns 72-79.
 - b) ON - Output without original IIII and JJJJ
 - Console Switch #2 - Not interrogated
 - Console Switch #3 - Not interrogated
 - Console Switch #4 - Not interrogated

3. Place the Program Deck followed by the Data Deck into the 1622 Read Hopper and depress the LOAD KEY.

4. When the program has been loaded, it will immediately start reading the data cards. When the last data card has been fed, depress the START KEY on the 1622 Card Reader.

5. When the last data card has been processed, the total number of jobs in the network will be typed out in the form:

XXXX JOBS

6. If no errors are found and the program has generated the new node numbers, the following message will appear:

RELOAD DATA

7. Ready the 1622 Punch side with blank cards.

8. Place the Data Deck back into the Read Hopper and depress the Start Key on the Reader.

9. When the last data card has been fed, depress the Start Key on the Card Reader.

10. If there were no errors, the following message will be typed out

indicating the completion of the program:

END OF PROGRAM

11. Due to the nature of the program, it must be reloaded for each network processed.

ERROR INDICATIONS

ERROR 1: Sequence error has been found. That is, IIII is not in ascending sequence. The following message will be typed:

SEQUENCE ERROR, RELOAD PROGRAM AND
RESTART

RESTART PROCEDURE: Remove the cards from the stacker. The card out of sequence will be the second card from the back. Put the card in proper sequence and restart the program.

ERROR 2: Cards with duplicate IIII and JJJJ have been found. This may be due to an error in punching or they may be exact duplicates. The following message will be typed:

DUPLICATE JOB CARDS EXIST

RESTART PROCEDURE: Remove the cards from the stacker. The duplicate cards will be the second (2nd) and third (3rd) cards from the back. If the cards are merely exact duplicates, discard one of them and push the START KEY on the 1620 console. If there was an error in punching, correct the card, put it in proper sequence, reload the program and start again.

ERROR 3: An attempt has been made to number a network that contains more than 1500 jobs. The following message will be typed:

TOO MANY JOBS, PROGRAM CANNOT BE CON-
TINUED

RESTART PROCEDURE: Program cannot be continued with this network.

ERROR 4: Job card has been found that has identical IIII and JJJJ on same card. The following message will be typed:

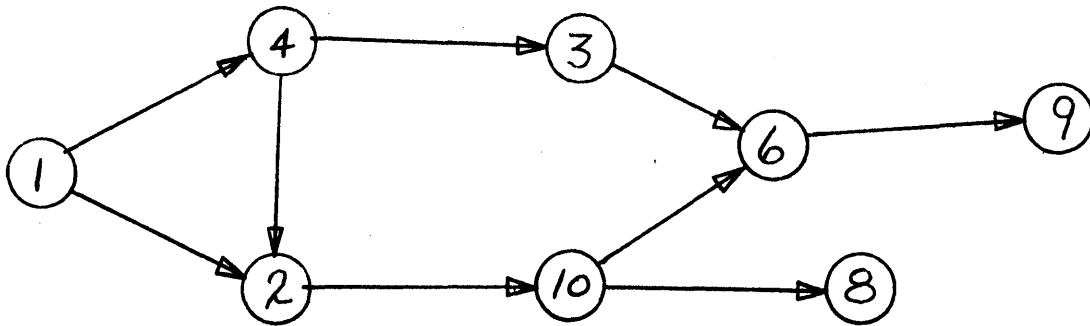
ERROR, JOB CARD HAS SAME IIII AND JJJJ

RESTART PROCEDURE: Remove cards from the stacker. The error card will be the second card from the back. Correct the card, put in proper sequence, reload the program and start again.

ERROR 5: A node, other than the terminal node, 9999, has been detected that has no job exit. The following will be typed:

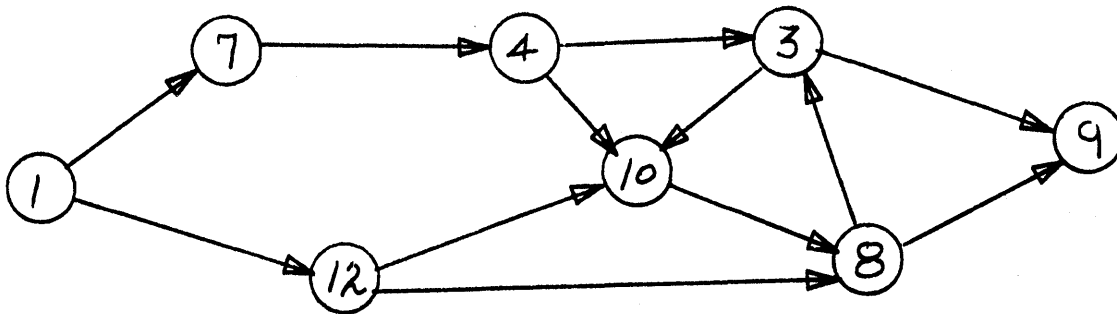
ERROR 5 \bar{XXXX}

Where \bar{XXXX} is the detected node without a job exit, the following network shows this type of error. Job (10, 8) is in error.



RESTART PROCEDURE: Program cannot be continued. Proper corrections should be made to the data deck and/or the arrow diagram before attempting to re-run the problem.

ERROR 6: Somewhere within the network a "loop" has been found. Consider the following example:



The above network represents a project that is impossible to complete since the loop 10-8, 3 says that "you cannot start job (10, 8) until job (10, 8) is complete." This represents an error in arrow diagram logic. The following will be typed:

ERROR 6 $\bar{XXXX} \bar{XXXX} \bar{XXXX} \dots$

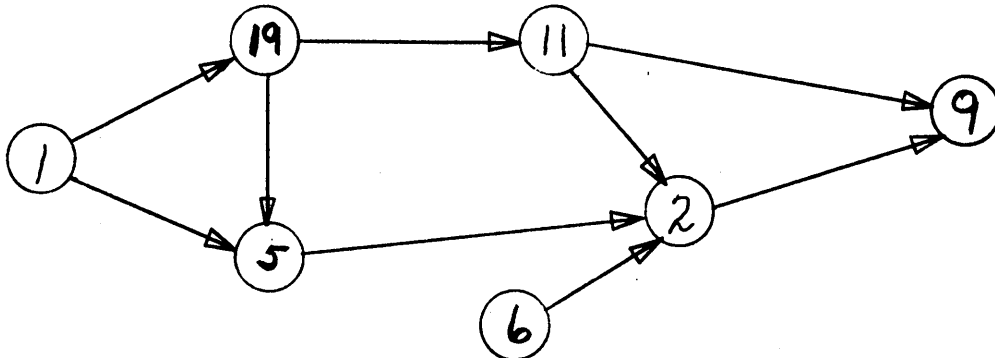
Where $\bar{XXXX} \bar{XXXX} \dots$ represents the list of generating nodes among which are contained the nodes that make up the "loop".

RESTART PROCEDURE: Same as for ERROR 5.

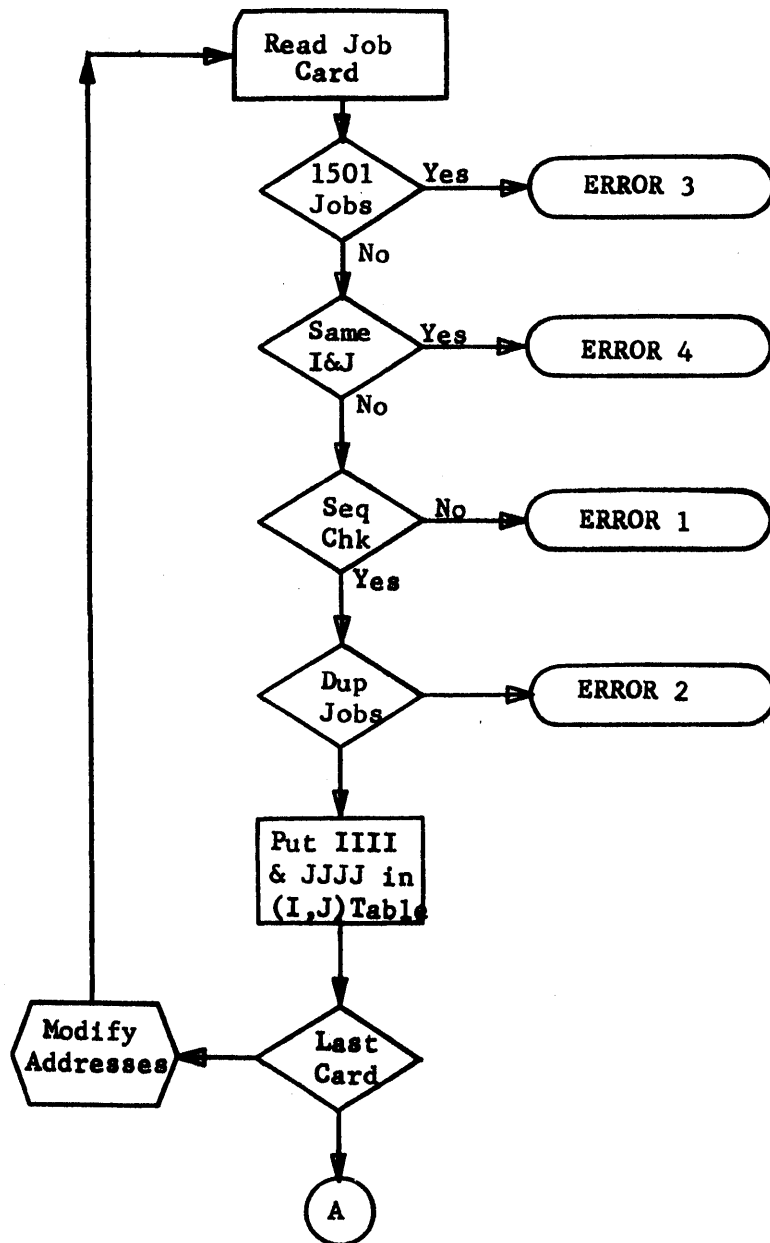
ERROR 7: A node, other than the initial node 0001, has been detected that has no job predecessor. The following will be typed:

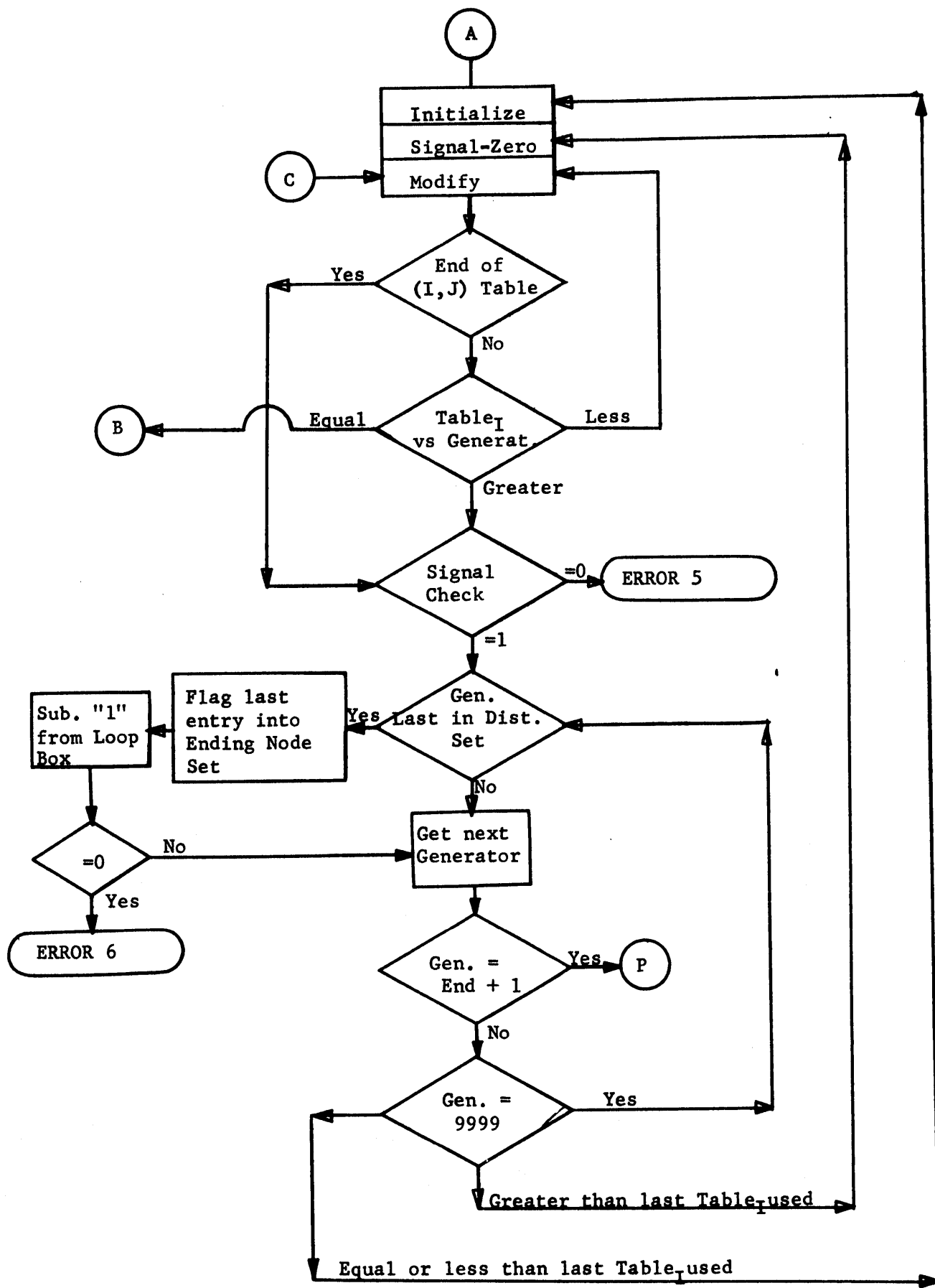
\bar{XXXX} ERROR 7

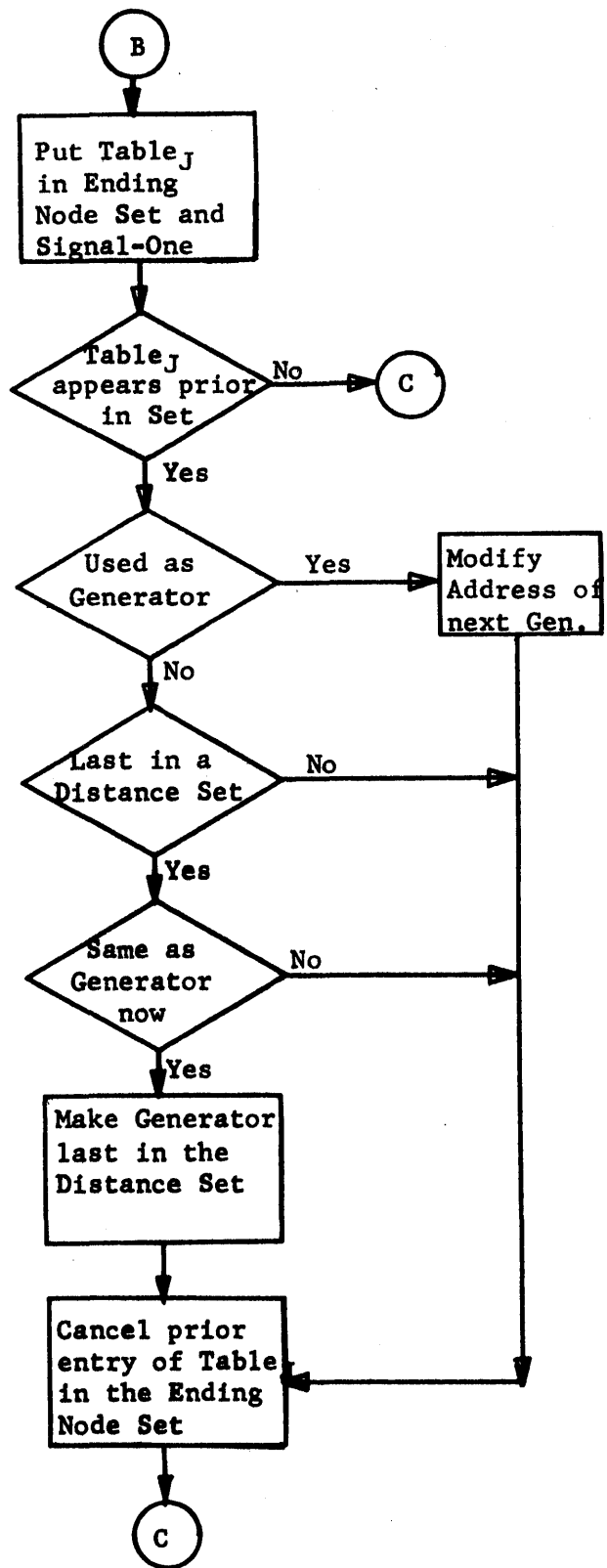
\bar{XXXX} is the detected node without a job predecessor. This error will be detected during the punching phase of the program. The following network shows this type of error. Job (6, 2) is in error.

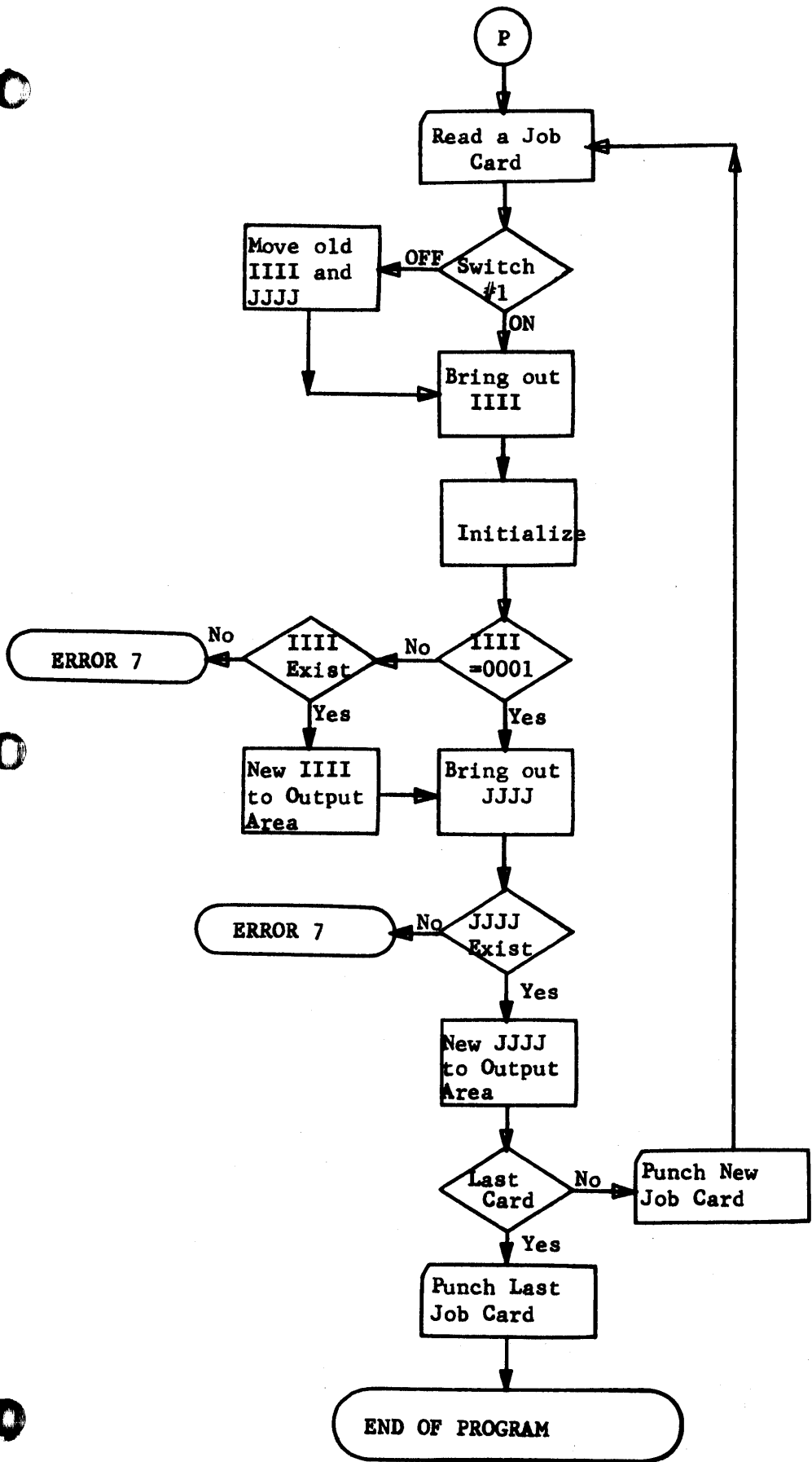


RESTART PROCEDURE: Same as for ERROR 5.









14000						DORG	14000Z
14000	34	00000	00102	1010		RCTY	Z
14012	36	00001	00500	1015	START	RNCD	JOB-25Z
14024	11	00508	0-001	1020		AM	N,1,8Z
14036	46	14360	01200	1025		BZ	OVERZ
14048	32	00026	00000	1035	S	SF	JOBZ
14060	32	00030	00000	1040		SF	JOB&4Z
14072	24	00029	00033	1041		C	JOB&3,JOB&7Z
14084	46	14708	01200	1042		BE	SAMEZ
14096	24	14059	00029	1045		C	PREV,JOB&3Z
14108	46	14396	01100	1050		BH	SEKERZ
14120	46	14324	01200	1051		BE	CKDUPZ
14132	26	14707	00033	1052		TF	PREV1,JOB&7Z
14144	26	14059	00029	1055	RET	TF	PREV,JOB&3Z
14156	15	00034	00000	1060		TDM	JOB&8Z
14167		1	00000	1065		DC	1,@,*Z
14168	31	-1999	00026	1070		TR	TABLE-3,JOB,2Z
14180	11	14174	-0008	1075		AM	*-6,8Z
14192	43	14216	00080	1080		BD	GOA1,JOB&54Z
14204	49	14012	00000	1085		B	STARTZ
14216	11	00508	0J501	1180	GOA1	AM	N,1501,8Z
14228	38	00505	00100	1185		WNTY	N-3Z
14240	39	01955	00100	1190		WATY	RESTZ
14252	34	00000	00102	1195		RCTY	Z
14264	13	00508	000-8	2005	GOA	MM	N,8,10Z
14276	21	00449	00099	2010		A	MEND&11,99Z
14288	11	00508	000-1	2011		AM	N,1,10Z
14300	32	00150	00000			SF	150Z
14312	49	00402	00000	2012		B	GOZ
14324	24	14707	00033	1200	CKDUP	C	PREV1,JOB&7Z
14336	46	14420	01200	1205		BE	DUPERRZ
14348	49	14132	00000	1215		B	RET-12Z
14360	39	14481	00100	1220	OVER	WATY	OVERLDZ
14372	48	00000	00000	1225		H	Z
14384	49	14372	00000	1230		B	*-12Z
14396	39	14567	00100	1235	SEKER	WATY	SKMESSZ
14408	49	14372	00000	1240		B	OVER&12Z
14420	39	14653	00100	1245	DUPERR	WATY	PAIRZ
14432	34	00000	00102	1250		RCTY	Z
14444	48	00000	00000	1265		H	Z
14456	12	00508	0-001	1270		SM	N,1,8Z
14468	49	14012	00000	1275		B	STARTZ

14481	43	00000	1345	OVERLD	DAC	43,TOO MANY JOBS, PROGRAM CANNOT BE CONTINUED@Z
14567	43	00000	1350	SKMESS	DAC	43,SEQUENCE ERROR, RELOAD PROGRAM AND RESTART@Z
14653	26	00000	1355	PAIR	DAC	26,DUPLICATE JOB CARDS EXIST@Z
14707	4	00000	1365	PREV1	DC	4,0Z
14708	39	14769	1400	SAME	WATY	SAMEYZ
14720	34	00000	1410		RCTY	Z
14732	39	14599	1420		WATY	SKMESS&32Z
14744	34	00000	1430		RCTY	Z
14756	48	00000	1440		H	Z
14769	39	00000	1450	SAMEY	DAC	39,ERROR, JOB CARD HAS SAME IIII AND JJJJ@Z
00402			1005		DORG	402Z
00402	16	00468	2015	GO	TFM	A&6,TABLE-8Z
00414	15	01607	2020		TDM	SIGNALZ
00426	11	00468	2025		AM	A&6,8Z
00438	14	00468	2030	MEND	CM	A&6,TABLEZ
00450	46	01300	2035		BE	CHECKZ
00462	24	00000	2040	A	C	,GENZ
00474	46	01456	2045		BE	EQUALZ
00486	46	01300	2050		BH	CHECKZ
00498	49	00426	2055		B	G0&24Z
00505			2060		DORG	*-4Z
00508	4	00000	2065	N	DC	4,-1501Z
00509	1	00000	2075		DC	1,@Z
00510	43	01220	2080	A1	BD	FLAG,GEN-4Z
00522	11	00545	2080		AM	*&23,4Z
00534	26	01970	2085	A2	TF	GEN,ENODE-4,7Z
00546	45	01080	2090		BNR	B,GEN-3Z
00558	39	01881	2091		WATY	DATAZ
00570	34	00000			RCTY	Z
00582	16	00508	2092	PUNCH	TFM	N,2,8Z
00594	37	00101	3005		RACD	101Z
00606	46	00654			BC1	*&48Z
00618	33	00151	3006		CF	151Z
00630	33	00159	3007		CF	159Z
00642	26	00257	3008		TF	257,165Z
00654	16	01380	3010		TFM	ZY&6,SAYZ
00666	16	00949	3015		TFM	ZC&11,ENODEZ
00678	16	00863	3020		TFM	ZX&11,SAYZ
00690	17	00840	3025		BTM	ZXA,4,10Z
00702	14	00797	3030		CM	N1,1Z
00714	46	01436	3035		BE	P1Z
00726	27	00914	3040		BT	ZCA,ZCA-1Z
00738	17	00840	3045	KA	BTM	ZXA,4,10Z

00750	27	00914	00913	3050	BT	ZCA,ZCA-1Z
00762	43	00800	00259	3055	BD	K,259Z
00774	39	00101	00400	3060	WACD	101Z
00786	49	00582	00000	3065	B	PUNCHZ
00793				3070	DORG	*-4Z
00797		5	00000	3072	N1	DC 5,0Z
00798		1	00000	3073		DC 1,@Z
00800	16	00259	000-0	3075	K	TFM 259,,10Z
00812	39	00101	00400	3080		WACD 101Z
00824	39	01905	00100	3085		WATY ENDZ
00836	48	00000	00000	3090		H Z
00838				3095		DORG *-9Z
00839		2	00000	3100		DS 2Z
00840	16	00858	-0794	3105	ZXA	TFM ZX&6,N1-3Z
00852	25	00000	00000	3110	ZX	TD Z
00864	11	00858	-0001	3115		AM ZX&6,1Z
00876	11	00863	-0002	3120		AM ZX&11,2Z
00888	12	00839	000-1	3125		SM ZXA-1,1,10Z
00900	47	00852	01200	3130		BNE ZXZ
00912	M2	00000	00000	3135		BB ,,0Z
00914				3140		DORG *-9Z
00914	26	00932	00949	3150	ZCA	TF *&18,ZC&11Z
00926	33	00000	00000	3155		CF Z
00938	24	00797	00000	3160	ZC	C N1Z
00950	46	01350	01200	3165		BE OKAYZ
00962	11	00949	-0001	3170		AM ZC&11,1Z
00974	26	00997	00949	3175		TF *&23,ZC&11Z
00986	45	01048	00000	3180		BNR ZC1Z
00998	15	01947	00007	3185	NONE	TDM ERROR&12,7Z
01010	38	00794	00100	3186		WNTY N1-3Z
01022	39	01935	00100	1095	SEQERR	WATY ERRORZ
01034	48	13999	00100	1100		H ENODE-3,100Z
01046	48	00000	00000	1105		H Z
01048				1110		DORG *-9Z
01048	11	00949	-0003	3200	ZC1	AM ZC&11,3Z
01060	11	00508	0-001	3205		AM N,1,8Z
01072	49	00914	00000	3210		B ZCAZ
01080				3215		DORG *-3Z
00151				3220	SAY	DS ,151Z
01080	15	01966	00000	4005	B	TDM GEN-4Z
01092	44	01128	01970	4010		BNF B1,GENZ
01104	33	01970	00000	4015		CF GENZ
01116	15	01966	00001	4020		TDM GEN-4,1Z

01128	14	01970	0R999	4025	B1	CM	GEN,9999,8Z
01140	46	00510	01200	4030		BE	A1Z
01152	24	00468	00449			C	A&6,MEND&11Z
01164	46	00402	01200			BE	GOZ
01176	26	01199	00468	4031		TF	*&23,A&6Z
01188	24	01970	00000	4032		C	GENZ
01200	46	00414	01100	4033		BH	GO&12Z
01212	49	00402	00000	4034		B	GOZ
01220				4040		DORG	*-3Z
01220	26	01238	01498	4045	FLAG	TF	*&18,E1&6Z
01232	32	00000	00000	4050		SF	Z
01244	12	00508	-0001	4055		SM	N,1Z
01256	46	00522	01100	4060		BH	A2-12Z
01268	15	01947	00006	4065		TDM	ERROR&12,6Z
01280	15	01034	00003	4070		TDM	SEQERR&12,3Z
01292	49	01022	00000	4075		B	SEQERRZ
01300				4080		DORG	*-3Z
01300	43	00510	01607	4085	CHECK	BD	A1,SIGNALZ
01312	15	01947	00005	9		TDM	ERROR&12,5Z
01324	39	01935	00100	4095		WATY	ERRORZ
01336	38	01967	00100	4100		WNTY	GEN-3Z
01348	48	00000	00000	4110		H	Z
01350				4115		DORG	*-9Z
01350	16	01385	-0505	5005	OKAY	TFM	ZY&11,N-3Z
01362	16	01243	000-4	5010		TFM	CNT,4,10Z
01374	25	00000	00000	5015	ZY	TD	Z
01386	11	01380	-0002	5020		AM	ZY&6,2Z
01398	11	01385	-0001	5025		AM	ZY&11,1Z
01410	12	01243	000-1	5030		SM	CNT,1,10Z
01422	47	01374	01200	5035		BNE	ZYZ
01434	42	00000	00000	5040		BB	Z
01436				5045		DORG	*-9Z
01436	11	01380	-0008	5050	P1	AM	ZY&6,8Z
01448	49	00738	00000	5055		B	KAZ
01456				5060		DORG	*-3Z
01243		2	00000	5065	CNT	DS	2,FLAG&23Z
01456	11	01498	-0004	6005	EQUAL	AM	E1&6,4Z
01468	26	01503	00468	6010		TF	E1&11,A&6Z
01480	11	01503	-0004	6015		AM	E1&11,4Z
01492	26	J3998	00000	6020	E1	TF	ENODE-4,,2Z
01504	26	01534	01498	6025		TF	*&30,E1&6Z
01516	11	01534	-0001	6030		AM	*&18,1Z
01528	15	00000	00000	6035		TDM	Z

01539		1	00000	6040	DC	1,@,*Z	
01540	15	01607	00001	6045	TDM	SIGNAL,1Z	
01552	16	01599	J3998	6050	TFM	Z&11,ENODE-4Z	
01564	26	01647	01498	6055	TF	X&11,E1&6Z	
01576	11	01599	-0004	6060	AM	Z&11,4Z	
01588	26	00629	00000	6065	Z	TF	WORKZ
01600	33	00629	00000	6070	CF	WORKZ	
01612	24	01599	01647	6075	Y1	C	Z&11,X&11Z
01624	46	00426	01200	6080	BE	MEND-12Z	
01636	24	00629	00000	6085	X	C	WORKZ
01648	47	01576	01200	6090	BNE	Z-12Z	
01660	24	01599	00545	6095	Y	C	Z&11,A2&11Z
01672	47	01860	01300	6100	BL	MINUSZ	
01684	26	01707	01599	6105	TF	*&23,Z&11Z	
01696	44	01780	00000	6110	BNF	CANCELZ	
01708	26	01738	01707	6115	TF	X1&6,*-1Z	
01720	12	01738	-0004	6120	SM	X1&6,4Z	
01732	32	00000	00000	6125	X1	SF	Z
01744	24	01738	00545	6130	C	X1&6,A2&11Z	
01756	47	01780	01200	6135	BNE	CANCELZ	
01768	15	01966	00001	6140	TDM	GEN-4,1Z	
01780	26	01834	01599	6150	CANCEL	TF	CAN1&6,Z&11Z
01792	12	01834	-0003	6155	SM	CAN1&6,3Z	
01804	26	01839	01599	6160	TF	CAN1&11,Z&11Z	
01816	11	01839	-0001	6165	AM	CAN1&11,1Z	
01828	31	00000	00000	6170	CAN1	TR	Z
01840	12	01498	-0004	6175	SM	E1&6,4Z	
01852	49	00426	00000	6180	B	MEND-12Z	
01860				6185	DORG	*-3Z	
01860	12	00545	-0004	6186	MINUS	SM	A2&11,4Z
01872	49	01780	00000	6187	B	CANCELZ	
01880				6188	DORG	*-3Z	
01607				6190	SIGNAL	DS	,Z&19Z
01881		12	00000		DATA	DAC	12,RELOAD DATA@Z
00629					WORK	DS	,PUNCH&47Z
01905		15	00000		END	DAC	15,END OF PROGRAM@Z
01935		10	00000	1130	ERROR	DAC	10,ERROR 1 @Z
00026				1135	JOB	DS	,26Z
14059		4	00000	1150	PREV	DC	4,0,S&11Z
01955		6	00000		REST	DAC	6, JOBS@Z
01966		1	00000	1155		DC	1,1Z
01970		4	00000	1160	GEN	DC	4,1Z
01971		1	00000	1165		DC	1,@Z
14002				1170	ENODE	DS	,14002Z
14000					DEND		14000Z