User's Guide

HP Debug User Interface for H8/3048 Series

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New editions are complete revisions of the manual. The date on the title page changes only when a new edition is published.

A software code may be printed before the date; this indicates the version level of the software product at the time the manual was issued. Many product updates and fixes do not require manual changes, and manual corrections may be done without accompanying product changes. Therefore, do not expect a one-to-one correspondence between product updates and manual revisions.

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Do Not Operate in an Explosive Atmosphere

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Do Not Service or Adjust Alone

Do not attempt internal service or adjustment unless another person, capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation, is present.

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Warnings, such as the example below, precede potentially dangerous procedures throughout this manual. Instructions contained in the warnings must be followed.

WarningDangerous voltages, capable of causing death, are present in this instrument.Use extreme caution when handling, testing, and adjusting this instrument.

Safety Symbols

	General definitions of safety symbols used on equipment or in manuals are listed below.
Â	Instruction manual symbol: The product is marked with this symbol when it is necessary for the user to refer to the instruction manual.
\sim	Alternating current.
	Direct current.
I	On (Supply).
0	Off (Supply).
<i>.</i> +-	Frame (or chassis) terminal. A connection to the frame (chassis) of the equipment which normally include all exposed metal structures.

Warning	This Warning sign denotes a hazard. It calls your attention to a procedure, practice, condition or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in injury or death to personnel.
Caution	This Caution sign denotes a hazard. It calls your attention to a procedure, practice, condition, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to or destruction of part or all of the product.
Note	Note denotes important information. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, condition or the like, which is essential to highlight.

In This Book

The HP B3751A Debug User Interface, which is used with the HP 64797A Emulator, is a high-level language debugger for the Hitachi H8/3048 Series.

This book describes processor-specific functions and usage of the HP B3751A Debug User Interface.

For common functions and usage of the HP Debug User Interface, refer to the HP Debug User Interface User's Guide.

For installation of the HP Debug User Interface, refer to the HP Debug User Interface Installation Guide.

For installation of the HP 64797A Emulator, refer to the HP 64797 H8/3048 Emulator Terminal Interface User's Guide.

Note

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Connecting the Target System

Connecting the Target System

This chapter shows you how to connect the emulator to your target system.

Overview

To connect the HP 64797A Emulator and the target system, the following two methods are provided.

- Connecting with the **QFP adapter**.
- Connecting with the **PGA adapter** and the **QFP cable**.

In both methods, the **QFP socket/adapter** (attached to the QFP adapter and QFP cable products) is also used.

Caution

To prevent the emulator and the target system from being damaged, be sure to follow the cautions below when handling them.

- To prevent damage by static discharge, use the emulator in a place resistant to static electricity.
- Be sure to turn off the emulator and the target system before connecting them.
- Be sure that orientation of each connector is right.
- Check that the ground line of the emulator and that of the target system are properly connected.
- When turning the system on, switch on the target system first and then the emulator.
- When turning the system off, switch off the emulator first then the target system.

The **QFP adapter HP 64784D** is a board assembly to adapt ribbon cables of the emulator to the QFP socket/adapter on the target system. The QFP adapter can be used only for target systems operated with 5V power supply. The **PGA adapter** is a board assembly to adapt ribbon cables of the emulator to the QFP cable. The PGA adapter can be used for all emulation processors. There are two types of the PGA adapters. One is **HP 64784E** for target systems with 5V power supply. Another is **HP 64797B** for target systems with low voltage power supply.

Chapter 1: Connecting the Target System **Overview**



The **QFP cable HP 64784G** is a cable assembly to connect the PGA adapter to the QFP socket/adapter on the target system.

The **QFP socket/adapter HP 64784-61612** is a part to adapt the QFP adapter or the QFP cable to the target system. You must solder this part to your target system. The QFP socket/adapter can be used as a "socket" to mount a real processor.

Connecting with the QFP Adapter

To connect the target system with the QFP adapter,

- 1 Verify both the emulator and the target system are turned off.
- 2 Solder the QFP socket/adapter to the target system.
- **3** Attach ribbon cables of the emulator to the QFP adapter.
- 4 Align pin #1 of the QFP adapter and the QFP socket/adapter, then fix them with four screws.
- 5 Turn on the target system and then the emulator.

Caution Do not apply excessive force to the QFP adapter. It may cause damage to the QFP socket/adapter and the target system.

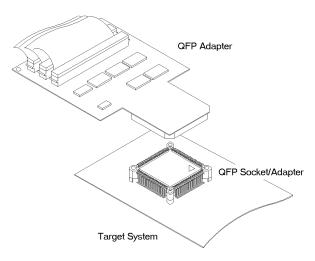


Figure 1-1. Connecting with QFP Adapter

Connecting with the PGA Adapter and the QFP Cable To connect the target system with the PGA adapter and the QFP cable, 1 Verify both the emulator and the target system are turned off. 2 Solder the QFP socket/adapter to the target system. 3 Attach ribbon cables of the emulator to the PGA adapter. 4 Attach the QFP cable to the PGA adapter. 5 Align pin #1 of the QFP cable and the QFP socket/adapter, then fix them with four screws. 6 Turn on the target system and then the emulator.

_ QFP cable, the QFP socket/adapter and the target system.

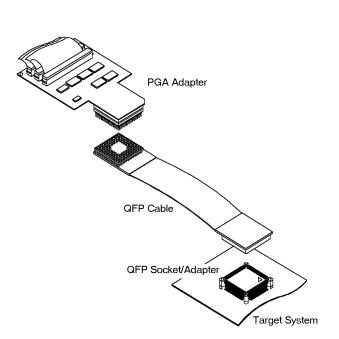


Figure 1-2. Connecting with PGA Adapter and QFP Cable

Chapter 1: Connecting the Target System Connecting with the PGA Adapter and the QFP Cable



Note

Configuring the Emulator

Configuring the Emulator

This chapter shows you how to set the following items to configure the emulator.

- Hardware Options
- Memory Map

Hardware Options

The emulator can be configured to suit developments of various target systems and user programs by setting the hardware options. The HP 64797A Emulator has the following hardware options.

- Clock Source
- Restrict to Real Time
- Respond to Target System BREQ
- Respond to Target System NMI
- Respond to Target System Reset
- Drive Background Cycles to Target
- Break on Write to ROM
- Language Tool Type
- Processor Type
- Processor Operation Mode
- Stack Pointer Reset Value

Setting the Hardware Options

To set the hardware options,

- **1** Choose **Settings→Configuration→Hardware...** (Alt, S, C, H) from the control menu of the Debug window.
- **2** Set the hardware options using the Emulator Configuration dialog box.
- 3 Click the OK button.

Note

In the Emulator Configuration dialog box, the option button checked means **Yes**, the option button not checked means **No**.

Note

Setting the hardware options will drive the emulator into a reset state.

- Emulator Cont	figuration	
Clock Source	🔷 Internal	♦ External
Restrict to Real Time		
Respond to Target System BREQ		
Respond to Target System NMI		
Respond to Target System Reset		
Drive Background Cycles to Target		
Break on Write to ROM		
Language Tool Type	IAR	▼
Processor Type	H8/3047į̇́	▼
Processor Operation Mode	Mode_5į́	
Stack Pointer Reset Value	0fff10ĭ̯́	
OK Apply	Close	Help

Figure 2-1. Emulator Configuration Dialog Box

Clock Source

This option allows you to select whether the processor's clock is sourced by the emulator's internal clock or by the target system.

Internal	The processor's clock is sourced by the internal clock.
	Select this setting when the emulator is not connected to the target system.
	The internal clock speed is 8 MHz .
External	The processor's clock is sourced by the target system.
	Select this setting when the emulator is connected to the target system.
	Usable clock speed depends on the memory board. When using the 2M bytes memory board HP 64729A , the speed is 1 MHz to 18 MHz . Otherwise, the speed is 1 MHz to 16 MHz .
	When emulating the low voltage PGA adapter HP 64797B , the speed is 1 MHz to 13 MHz .

Restrict to Real Time

The emulator has to break to the monitor to access processor registers and target memory. While running the user program, this break is done implicitly and called "temporary break". With temporary breaks, the user program cannot be executed in real time. This may cause unexpected result if your target system circuitry is dependent on constant execution time of the program code. This option allows you to select whether the emulator is restricted to real-time runs.

Yes The emulator is restricted to real-time runs.
 While running the user program, all commands that cause a temporary break are refused. The user program is guaranteed to be executed in real time.
 Commands to display/modify registers and target memory are not allowed when the emulator is running the user program. However, you can still execute the run control commands such as reset, break, run, step.
 No The emulator is not restricted to real-time runs.
 All commands, regardless of whether or not they require a break to the monitor, are accepted by the emulator.

Respond to Target System BREQ

Note

Note

This option allows you to select whether the emulator responds to the $\overline{\text{BREQ}}$ signal from the target system.

Yes	The emulator responds to the $\overline{\rm BREQ}$ signal from the target system.
	While running the user program <u>or the</u> monitor, the emulator releases the bus if the BREQ signal is asserted.
No	The emulator always ignores the $\overline{\mathrm{BREQ}}$ signal from the target system.
	If the $\overline{\text{BREQ}}$ pin is configured to other functions such as an I/O port, this option has no effect on those functions.
 The target system cannot perform direct memory access to the emulation memory.	
 The emulator can	not break to the monitor during a bus-released state.

Respond to Target System NMI

This option allows you to select whether the emulator responds to the NMI signal from the target system.

	Yes	The emulator responds to the NMI signal from the target system.
		While running the user program, the emulator starts an NMI exception process if the NMI signal is asserted. While running the monitor, the emulator suspends an NMI request; the request will be serviced upon return to the user program.
	No	The emulator always ignores the NMI signal from the target system.
Note	Regardless of this option setting, while running the monitor, the emulator responds to no interrupts including NMI. The emulator suspends interrupt requests while running the monitor; the requests will be serviced upon return to the user program.	

Respond to Target System Reset

This option allows you to select whether the emulator responds to the RES and STBY signals from the target system.

	Yes	The emulator responds to the $\overline{\mathrm{RES}}$ and $\overline{\mathrm{STBY}}$ signals from the target system.
		While running th <u>e user program</u> , the emulator enters a reset state if the RES or STBY <u>signal</u> is a <u>sserted</u> . While running the monitor, the RES and STBY signals are ignored.
	No	The emulator always ignores the $\overline{\text{RES}}$ and $\overline{\text{STBY}}$ signals.
Note	The emulator does not support hardware standby mode. The STBY signal from the target system is connected to the reset signal in the emulator. So, if the STBY input is asserted, the emulator enters a reset state instead of hardware standby mode.	
Note	<u>Regar</u> dless of thi STBY signals are	is option setting, while running the monitor, the $\overline{\mathrm{RES}}$ and e ignored.
Note	The emulator ca system.	nnot break to the monitor during a reset state by the target

Drive Background Cycles to Target

This option allows you to select whether the emulator drives memory cycles in the monitor (background cycles) to the target system.

Yes The emulator drives the background cycles to the target system.

While running the monitor, the emulator drives the address bus, CS0, AS and RD signals to the target system, and can respond to the WAIT signal from the target system. The CS7 to CS1, HWR and LWR signals go high. The data bus goes high-impedance.

No

The emulator does not drive the background cycles to the target system.

While running the monitor, the emulator drives only the address bus and CSO signal. The CS7 to CS1, AS, RD, HWR and LWR signals go high. The data bus goes high-impedance. The WAIT signal from the target system is ignored.

However, memory cycles to access target memory are still driven to the target system.

If the address bus, data bus, $\overline{\text{CS7}}$ to $\overline{\text{CS0}}$, $\overline{\text{AS}}$, $\overline{\text{RD}}$, $\overline{\text{HWR}}$ and $\overline{\text{LWR}}$ pins are configured to other functions such as an I/O port, this option has no effect on those functions.

Break on Write to ROM

This option allows you to select whether the emulator breaks to the monitor when the user program writes to a memory area mapped as ROM.

Yes	The emulator breaks to the monitor when the user program writes to a memory area mapped as ROM.
No	The emulator does not break to the monitor upon a write to ROM.

Language Tool Type

This option allows you to specify language tools which is used to create the user program.

Hitachi	The user program created with the Hitachi language tools can be debugged.
IAR	The user program created with the IAR language tools can be debugged.

Note

When using the IAR language tools, the following commands cannot be used.

- Display a back trace.
- Return to a caller routine.

Processor Type

This option allows you to select the emulation processor.

H8/3044	The emulator emulates the H8/3044.
H8/3047	The emulator emulates the H8/3047.
H8/3048	The emulator emulates the H8/3048.
H8/3048F	The emulator emulates the H8/3048F.

Processor Operation Mode

This option allows you to select the processor operation mode.

Mode_1	The emulator operates in mode 1.
Mode_2	The emulator operates in mode 2.
Mode_3	The emulator operates in mode 3.
Mode_4	The emulator operates in mode 4.
Mode_5	The emulator operates in mode 5.
Mode_6	The emulator operates in mode 6.
Mode_7	The emulator operates in mode 7.

Note

The emulator ignores the MD2 to MD0 inputs, and uses this option setting instead.

Stack Pointer Reset Value

This option allows you to specify the value that the stack pointer (SP, ER7) is set to when the monitor is entered after emulation reset.

The stack pointer must be set to a 32-bit even address but not to the on-chip peripheral module register area. Normally, specify the default value of the user program.

Note If the stack pointer is set to an odd value or points to the on-chip peripheral module register area, the emulator cannot perform run control functions such as run and step.

Memory Map

Note

The HP 64797A Emulator memory mapper allows you to define up to 16 different map terms. The minimum size of each map term is 512 bytes. You can specify one of the following memory types to each map term.

eram	Emulation RAM.
	This area operates as read/write emulation memory.
erom	Emulation ROM.
	This area operates as read only emulation memory. When the user program writes to this area, the data is not written. And, you can configure the emulator to break to the monitor at an attempted write to this area.
tram	Target RAM.
	This area operates as read/write target memory.
trom	Target ROM.
	This area operates as read only target memory. You can configure the emulator to break to the monitor when the user program writes to this area.
grd	Guarded memory.
	This area operates as an access-prohibited area. When the user program attempts to access to this area, the emulator breaks to the monitor. Access with emulator commands are also prohibited.
	emory type of other area (area of no map terms defined) can be ed to tram , trom or grd .
The tar memor	get system cannot perform direct memory access to the emulation y.

Setting the Memory Map

To set the memory map,

- **1** Choose **Settings→Configuration→Memory Map...** (Alt, S, C, M) from the control menu of the Debug window.
- 2 Set the memory map using the Memory Map dialog box.

• Setting a map term

1. Specify an area to the Address Range text box.

Format: <start address>...<end address>

2. Select a memory type in the Attribute option box.3. Click the Apply button.

• Deleting a map term

Select a map term in the Map Term list box.
 Click the Delete button.

• Deleting all map terms

1. Click the Del.All button.

• Setting a memory type of other area

1. Select a memory type in the Other option box.

3 Click the Close button.

Note

Setting the memory map will drive the emulator into a reset state.

Chapter 2: Configuring the Emulator Memory Map

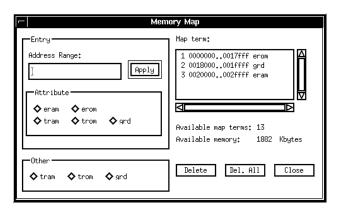


Figure 2-2. Memory Map Dialog Box

On-Chip ROM

When using the on-chip ROM, map the on-chip ROM area as emulation ROM.

Flash Memory

When using the on-chip flash memory of the H8/3048F, map the flash memory area as emulation ROM.

on-board programming mode During on-board programming mode, the emulator does not break to the monitor even if the user program writes to this area.

On-Chip RAM

The on-chip RAM is mapped automatically as emulation RAM regardless of the memory map settings. You don't have to map this area. However, this mapping is not displayed as a map term.

If you define a map term of this area, the map term is handled as that for external address space overlapped with the on-chip RAM.

Note

The external address space overlapped with the on-chip RAM can be accessed by the user program, but cannot be accessed by emulator commands.

Chapter 2: Configuring the Emulator **Memory Map**

NoteDo not map the on-chip RAM area as guarded memory. Access with emulator
commands will be prohibited.On-Chip Peripheral Module Registers
The on-chip peripheral module registers work as the on-chip peripheral
module registers regardless of the memory map settings. You don't have to
map this area.NoteDo not map the on-chip peripheral module register area as guarded memory.
Access with emulator commands will be prohibited.

Configuration Commands

You can also configure the emulator by configuration files or command files. The HP B3751A Debug User Interface has the following configuration commands. Case is not significant in both commands and parameters.

Note

The hardware option commands and the memory map commands must be placed between its own start and end commands.

Command	Parameter 1	Parameter 2	Operation
config config config config config config config config	start clk rrt ba nmi trst dbc rombreak	internal external enable disable enable disable enable disable enable disable enable disable enable disable	Start of Hardware Option Commands Clock Source Restrict to Real Time Respond to Target System BREQ Respond to Target System NMI Respond to Target System Reset Drive Background Cycles to Target Break on Write to ROM
config config config config map map map map map	language chip mode rsp end start < <i>map range</i> > other end	Hitachi IAR <processor type=""> <mode number=""> <sp value=""> <memory type=""> <memory type=""></memory></memory></sp></mode></processor>	Language Tool Type Processor Type Processor Operation Mode Stack Pointer Reset Value End of Hardware Option Commands Start of Memory Map Commands Setting Map Term Setting Memory Type of Other Area End of Memory Map Commands

Table 2-1. Configuration Commands

enable | disable Specify **enable** when **Yes**, **disable** when **No**.

*<processor type>*Specify one of the following emulation processors.

H8/3044
H8/3047
н8/3048

■ H8/3048F

<mode number> Specify a number from **1** to **7** for the processor operation mode.

Chapter 2: Configuring the Emulator **Configuration Commands**

<sp value> Specify a 32-bit even address except the on chip peripheral module register area. Normally, specify the default value of the user program.

<map range> Specify an area to be mapped.

Format: <start address>...<end address>

<memory type> Specify one of the following memory types.

- eram
- erom
- tram
- trom
- grd

For a memory type of other area, **eram** and **erom** cannot be specified.

Configuration File
<pre># Hardware Options config start config ba enable config chip H8/3047 config clk internal config dbc disable config mode 5 config nmi enable config rrt disable config rrt disable config rsp 0ff10 config trst enable config rombreak enable config language IAR config end</pre>
<pre># Memory Map map start map 00000000017fff erom map 000c000001ffff grd map 0020000002ffff eram map other tram map end</pre>

Figure 2-3. Configuration File Example

Language Tools

Language Tools

This chapter describes language tools which can be used with the HP B3751A Debug User Interface.

Hitachi Language Tools

The HP B3751A Debug User Interface can debug user programs created with the following Hitachi language tools.

Table 3-1. Hitachi Language Tools

Tool	Command	Description
C Compiler	ch38	H8S, H8/300 Series C Compiler
Assembler	asm38	H8S, H8/300 Series Cross Assembler
Linker	lnk	H Series Linkage Editor

For version numbers of language tools supported by the HP B3751A Debug User Interface, contact your nearest HP support office.

Command Options

This section describes important command options when using the Hitachi language tools.

C Compiler

-debug	Generates debug information.
	You must always specify this option. Modules without
	debug information cannot be debugged.

-optimize=<level>

Specifies an optimization level. When ${\bf 1}$ is specified, it performs optimizations. When ${\bf 0}$ is specified, it performs no optimizations.

Chapter 3: Language Tools Hitachi Language Tools

The following functions do not work correctly with optimized modules.

- Display a back trace.
- Return to a caller routine.
- Display and modify a variable located on a stack area.

If you need above functions, specify an optimization level **0**.

You must always specify this option. Programs without

Assembler

-debug	Generates debug information. You must always specify this option. Modules without debug information cannot be debugged.
Linker	
-debug	Generates debug information.

debug information cannot be debugged.

IAR Language Tools

The HP B3751A Debug User Interface can debug user programs created with the following IAR language tools.

Tool	Command	Description
C Compiler	icch8	IAR H8 C-Compiler
Assembler	ah8	IAR H8 Assembler
Linker	xlink	IAR Universal Linker
Converter	iar2ieee	UBROF to IEEE-695 Converter

Table 3-2. IAR Language Tools

The converter is not required when using the linker which can generate the IEEE-695 format.

For version numbers of language tools supported by the HP B3751A Debug User Interface, contact your nearest HP support office.

Note

When using the IAR language tools, the following commands cannot be used.

- Display a back trace.
- Return to a caller routine.

Command Options

This section describes important command options when using the IAR language tools.

C Compiler

-r	Generates debug information. You must always specify this option. Modules without debug information cannot be debugged.
-s <level></level>	Specifies a speed optimization level in 0 to 9 . Modules which are optimized at level 7 or higher cannot be debugged.

Chapter 3: Language Tools IAR Language Tools

-z <level></level>	Specifies a speed optimization level in 0 to 9 . Modules which are optimized at level 7 or higher
	cannot be debugged.

Assembler

-r	Generates debug information.
	You must always specify this option. Modules without
	debug information cannot be debugged.

Linker

-F <format></format>	Specifies an output file format. When debug is specified, it
	generates the UBROF format. When ieee695 is specified,
	it generates the IEEE-695 format.
	When the linker cannot generate the IEEE-695 format, you
	must convert the output file from the UBROF format to the
	IEEE-695 format by the converter.

Converter

No command options are required.

Emulation Status

Emulation Status

This chapter describes the emulation status messages which are displayed in the Debug window.

An emulation status message is displayed in the Debug window. The HP B3751A Debug User Interface has the following emulation status messages.

• Emulation reset

The emulator is resetting the processor.

• Running in monitor

The emulator is executing the monitor.

• Running user program

The emulator is executing the user program.

• Awaiting target reset

The emulator is awaiting a reset signal from the target system.

When a "run from reset" command is executed, the emulator enters this state. During this state, the emulator cannot break to the monitor.

Target reset

The target system is resetting the processor.

When the emulator accepts the $\overline{\text{RES}}$ or $\overline{\text{STBY}}$ signal from the target system while running the user program, the emulator enters this state. During this state, the emulator cannot break to the monitor.

Note

The emulator does not support hardware standby mode.

The $\overline{\text{STBY}}$ signal from the target system is connected to the reset signal in the emulator. So, if the $\overline{\text{STBY}}$ input is asserted, the emulator enters a reset state instead of hardware standby mode.

• Bus grant

A bus-released state.

When the emulator accepts the $\overline{\text{BREQ}}$ signal from the target system, the emulator enters this state. During this state, the emulator cannot break to the monitor.

• Sleep

Sleep mode.

Sleep mode is cleared when the emulator breaks to the monitor. When entering the monitor from sleep mode, the program counter (PC) points to the next instruction from the SLEEP instruction.

• Standby

Software standby mode.

Software standby mode is cleared when the emulator breaks to the monitor. When entering the monitor from software standby mode, the program counter (PC) points to the next instruction from the SLEEP instruction.

Slow clock

The processor's clock is abnormally slow or stopped.

When setting a hardware option to use the processor's clock sourced by the target system, turning off the target system or a broken-down clock on the target system may cause this state.

• No bus cycles

A state with no bus cycles.

The $\overline{\text{WAIT}}$ signal from the target system may cause this state.

• Unknown state

An abnormal state.

		Debug Window		
File Execution Display Window Settings				
mainį́		Disp () Disp PC Start Continue Step Over Br	eak Reset	
	Address	Source/Mnemonics		
	sample:#0014			
	sample:#0015	int init_data(void);		
	sample:#0016	int convert(int);		
		int convert_case(struct st_data *);		
		int change_status(int);		
	sample:#0019	int next_message(int);		
	sample:#0020			
	sample:#0021	main(void)	P	
	main	MOV.L ERG.@-ER7		
	0010004	MOV.L ER7,ER6		
	sample:#0022	init_data():		
	sample:#0023 0010006	BSR init_data		
	sample:#0024	while(1)		
	0010008	BRA 010022		
	1 . #000E		⊠	
<u> </u>	⊲			
H8/3048	-Emulation reset	File:les/B37	51A/sample.c	

Figure 4-1. Debug Window

Chapter 4: Emulation Status

Note



Trace

Trace

This chapter describes trace functions specific to the HP B3751A Debug User Interface.

Trace Clock Speed

When using the analyzer boards $HP\ 64703/04A,$ you can set the trace clock speed.

For the HP B3751A Debug User Interface, setting the trace clock speed is not required. Do not change it from the default value "**Slow**".

The analyzer boards HP 64794A/C/D have no trace clock speed setting.

Data and Status Conditions

This section describes the data and status conditions in the following dialog boxes of the HP B3751A Debug User Interface.

- Trace Trigger Store Condition dialog box.
- Trace Pattern dialog box of sequential trace.

Data Condition

The data bus to the emulation analyzer is 16-bit width. Bus width of memory area and access size influence whether upper or lower byte data is valid.

- When accessing in word to a 16-bit data bus area, both upper and lower byte data are valid.
- When accessing in byte or accessing to an 8-bit data bus area, only upper byte data is valid at an even address. Only lower byte data is valid at an odd address.
- A longword access is divided into two word accesses.

Use $"\mathbf{x}"$ for invalid byte data to set the data condition as examples shown in the following table.

Area	Bus Width	Access Size	Address	Upper Byte	Lower byte	Example
	16-Bit	Byte	Even	Valid	-	0a5xx
On-Chip ROM On-Chip RAM			Odd	-	Valid	0xx5a
		Word	Even	Valid	Valid	0a55a
	8-Bit	Byte	Even	Valid	-	0a5xx
			Odd	-	Valid	0xx5a
External Memory On-Chip Peripheral		Word	Even (1st)	Valid	-	0a5xx
			Odd (2nd)	-	Valid	0xx5a
	16-Bit	byte	Even	Valid	-	0a5xx
			Odd	-	Valid	0xx5a
		Word	Even	Valid	Valid	0a55a

Table 5-1. Data Condition Settings

Status Condition

You can specify the following items as the status condition.

fetch	Instruction fetch cycle.
data	Data access cycle.
read	Read cycle.
write	Write cycle.
mem	Access cycle to the on-chip ROM/RAM and external memory area.
io	Access cycle to the on-chip peripheral module register area.
byte	Byte access cycle.

Chapter 5: Trace Data and Status Conditions

word	Word access cycle. A longword access is divided into two word accesses. A longword access and a word access cannot be distinguished from each other.		
cpu	CPU cycle.		
dma	DMA controller (DMAC) cycle.		
intack	Interrupt acknowledge cycle. When entering sleep or software standby mode, an interrupt acknowledge cycle happens. However, this cycle does not happen at interrupts to clear those modes. When the emulator breaks to the monitor, an interrupt acknowledge cycle may also happens.		
refresh	Refresh cycle.		
wrrom	Write cycle to an area mapped as ROM.		
grd	Access cycle to an area mapped as guarded memory.		

F			Trace	Pattern		
	D NOT					
ſ	-Condition Se	ttings 				
	Address: 👔			Data	:	
	Status					
	D byte	🗖 сри	🗖 data	🗖 dma	🗖 fetch	
	🗖 grd	🗖 intack	🗖 io	🗖 mem	🗖 read	
	🗖 refresh	🗖 word	🗖 write	🗖 wrrom		
l	OK					Clear

Figure 5-1. Trace Pattern Dialog Box

Windows

Windows

This chapter describes windows specific to the HP B3751A Debug User Interface.

Register Window

In the Register window of the HP B3751A Debug User Interface, the internal registers of the CPU can be displayed and modified.

- Program Counter (PC)
- Condition-Code Register (CCR)
- General Registers (ER0 to ER7)
- Stack Pointer (SP)
- Mode Control Register (MDCR)

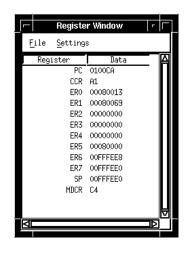


Figure 6-1. Register Window

Peripheral Window

In the Peripheral window of the HP B3751A Debug User Interface, all registers of the following on-chip peripheral modules can be displayed and modified.

- System Control Registers
- Interrupt Controller
- Bus Controller
- Refresh Controller
- DMA Controller (DMAC)
- I/O Ports
- 16-Bit Integrated Timer Unit (ITU)
- Programmable Timing Pattern Controller (TPC)
- Watchdog Timer (WDT)
- Serial Communication Interface (SCI)
- A/D Converter
- D/A Converter
- Flash Memory Registers



Figure 6-2. Peripheral Window

Restrictions and Limitations

Restrictions and Limitations

This chapter describes restrictions and limitations.

The HP B3751A Debug User Interface and the HP 64797A Emulator have the following restrictions and limitations.

• IAR Language Tools

When using the IAR language tools, the following commands cannot be used.

- Display a back trace.
- Return to a caller routine.

• Direct Memory Access

The target system cannot perform direct memory access to the emulation memory.

• Reset and Standby

While running the monitor, the $\overline{\text{RES}}$ and $\overline{\text{STBY}}$ signals from the target system are ignored.

• Interrupts

While running the monitor, the emulator responds to no interrupts.

The emulator suspends interrupt requests in the monitor; the requests will be serviced upon return to the user program.

• Watchdog Timer

When entering the monitor, the watchdog timer (WDT) stops counting regardless of its mode, watchdog or interval. And, it resumes counting upon return to the user program.

• Sleep and Software Standby Modes

Sleep and software standby modes are cleared when the emulator breaks to the monitor.

When entering the monitor, the program counter (PC) points to the next of the SLEEP instruction.

• Hardware Standby Mode

The emulator does not support hardware standby mode.

The STBY signal from the <u>target</u> system is connected to the reset signal in the emulator. So, if the STBY input is asserted, the emulator enters a reset state instead of hardware standby mode.

Flash Memory

When emulating on-board programming mode of the H8/3048F, some operations are different from those of the actual processor.

- Operation Mode

To enable the flash memory, set the hardware option **Processor Operation Mode** to mode 5, 6, or 7.

– Memory Map

Map the flash memory area as emulation ROM.

During on-board programming mode, the emulator does not break to the monitor even if the user program writes to this area.

The number of erase-program cycles is not limited because the emulation memory is used instead of the flash memory.

	– Boot Mode
	If the emulator accepts $\overline{\text{RES}}$ signal from the target system with 12V applied to the Vpp and MD2 signals, the emulator enters the boot mode. When breaking to the monitor from emulation reset, the emulator does not enter the boot mode.
Caution	The Vpp and $\overrightarrow{\text{RESO}}$ signals are assigned to the same <u>pin</u> . Do not apply 12V to this pin when the watchdog timer (WDT) drives the RESO signal. It may cause damage to the emulator.
	The emulator cannot break to the monitor while executing the built-in boot program. If a break is requested during the boot program, it is suspended. The emulator breaks to the monitor when execution branches to the on-chip RAM.
	The emulation analyzer cannot trace execution of the boot

The emulation analyzer cannot trace execution of the boot program.

- Prewrite

Change your erase program so that it will write **0** instead of inverted data in the prewrite sequence. Otherwise, inverted data will be actually written and the prewrite sequence will fail.

- Protect Mode

The emulator does not support the following protect modes of the flash memory.

- Block Protect
- Emulation Protect
- Error Protect

Chapter 7: Restrictions and Limitations

- Registers

Even if your program writes inappropriate values to the following registers, programming and erasing the flash memory will succeed.

• The following bits of the flash memory control register (FLMCR).

Erase-Verify Mode Bit (EV)

Program-Verify Mode Bit (PV)

Erase Mode Bit (E)

Program Mode Bit (P)

■ All bits of the erase block registers (EBR1, EBR2).

Writing to the RAM control register (RAMCR) is always ignored. RAMCR is always read as 0FFH. The emulator does not support the flash memory emulation by the on-chip RAM.

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