

OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL

13181A

DIGITAL MAGNETIC TAPE UNIT INTERFACE KIT

(FOR 2100 SERIES COMPUTERS)

Printed-Circuit Assemblies:

13181-60010, Series 1237

13181-60040, Series 1237

13181-60070, Series 1237

Note

This manual may be backdated to cover earlier versions of the interface kit by incorporating appropriate backdating information from appendix A.

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Figure 1-1. Hewlett-Packard 13181A Tape Unit Interface Kit

SECTION I

GENERAL INFORMATION

1-1. INTRODUCTION.

1-2. This manual covers general information, installation, programming, theory of operation, maintenance, and replaceable parts for the HP 13181A Tape Unit Interface Kit. Options 001, 002, and 003 for the interface kit are also covered in this manual.

1-3. GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

1-4. The HP 13181A Tape Unit Interface Kit interfaces up to four nine-track HP 7970 Series Digital Magnetic Tape Units with a single HP 2100 Series Computer. The interface kit includes two plug-in printed-circuit assemblies, which contain complete tape motion and data transfer control circuitry. An interconnect cable is provided to connect the printed-circuit assemblies to the tape unit. DMA is always required for 45 ips configurations. DMA is recommended for 37.5 ips tape units interfaced with an HP 2114 Computer. For all other configurations DMA may be used but is not required.

1-5. INTERFACE KIT CONTENTS.

1-6. The HP 13181A Tape Unit Interface Kit contains:

a. Mag Tape 1 (Control) Card.

Part No. 13181-60040 (37.5 ips; 25 ips, option 001; 12.5 ips, option 002)

Part No. 13181-60070 (45 ips, option 003).

b. Mag Tape 2 (Data) Card, Part No. 13181-60010.

c. Interconnect cable, Part No. 13181-60030.

d. Operating and Service Manual, Part No. 13181-90000.

1-7. IDENTIFICATION.

1-8. Hewlett-Packard utilizes five digits and a letter (00000A) to identify standard HP interface kits. Options to the standard kit are identified by a three-digit numerical suffix (001, 002, etc). If the HP designation on the interface kit does not correspond to the designation on the title page of this manual (13181A), the kit received is different from the kit described in this manual.

1-9. Printed-circuit assembly revisions are identified by a letter, a series code, and a division code marked beneath the part number on the card. The letter identifies the etched trace pattern on the unloaded board. The four-digit series code identifies a particular configuration of the loaded printed-circuit board. The two-digit division code identifies division of Hewlett-Packard that manufactured the assembly. If the series code numbers do not correspond exactly with the code numbers on the title page of this manual, the assemblies differ from those described in this manual. These differences are covered in manual supplements available at the nearest HP Sales and Service Office.

1-10. The interconnect cable is identified by a part number marked on one of the attached connectors.

1-11. OPTIONS.

1-12. The standard version of the interface kit is for use with tape units that operate at 37.5 ips. Option 001 provides the interface assemblies used for operation at 25 ips, option 002 for 12.5 ips, and option 003 for 45 ips. The only physical difference between the assemblies is in the jumper arrangement on the printed-circuit board and a different oscillator crystal in the case of 45 ips. All information in this manual applies to options 001, 002, and 003, as well as the standard interface kit, except where differences are noted.

1-13. SPECIFICATIONS.

1-14. Specifications for the interface kit are listed in tables 1-1 and 1-2.

Table 1-1. Interface Kit Specifications

POWER REQUIRED FROM COMPUTER	TAPE SPEEDS
+4.5 Volt Supply: 2.9 amperes	12.5, 25, 37.5, and 45 inches per second (Refer to table 1-2.)
-2.0 Volt Supply: 0.08 amperes	
MINIMUM DATA RECORD	OPERATING TEMPERATURE
One computer word (two EBCDIC or ASCII data characters) plus CRCC and LRCC.	0° C to 55° C
TAPE DENSITY	STORAGE TEMPERATURE
800 characters (bytes) per inch (Refer to table 1-2.)	-40° C to 75° C

Table 1-2. Multispeed Characteristics

TAPE SPEED (IPS)	DATA CHANNEL BYTE RATE (IN CPS)	MAXIMUM DATA CHANNEL FLAG READ SERVICE TIME (IN μ s)	DATA CHANNEL FLAG OCCURRENCE INTERVAL (IN μ s)
12.5	10,000	82	200
25	20,000	41	100
37.5	30,000	27	67
45	36,000	22	56

SECTION II INSTALLATION

2-1. INTRODUCTION.

2-2. This section provides instructions for unpacking, initial receiving inspection, and installation of the HP 13181A Tape Unit Interface Kit. The computer and tape unit should be installed and in operating condition prior to interface kit installation.

2-3. UNPACKING AND INSPECTION.

2-4. If the shipping carton is damaged upon receipt, request that the carrier's agent be present when the kit is unpacked. Inspect the kit for damage (cracks, broken parts, etc). If the kit is damaged and fails to meet specifications, notify the carrier and the nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office immediately. (Sales and Service Offices are listed at the back of this manual.) Retain the shipping container and the packing material for the carrier's inspection. The Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office will arrange for the repair or replacement of the damaged kit without waiting for any claims against the carrier to be settled.

2-5. POWER REQUIREMENTS.

2-6. The two interface assemblies obtain operating power directly from the power supply of the associated computer. The assemblies require 2.9 amperes from the +4.5 volt source and 0.08 amperes from the -2.0 volt source. Prior to interface assembly installation, check that the assemblies will not overload the computer power supply. If the addition of the two assemblies will result in an overload, a power supply extender should be ordered for the computer. Prior to installation, ensure that the tape unit to be interfaced with the computer is close enough to allow the cable to be properly routed and connected.

2-7. INSTALLATION PROCEDURES.

2-8. Interface kit installation consists of inserting the Mag Tape 1 (control) printed-circuit assembly and Mag Tape 2 (cata) printed-circuit assembly into appropriate computer I/O slots and then routing the interconnect cable to the tape unit.

2-9. INTERFACE ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION.

2-10. Install the mag tape 1 and mag tape 2 printed-circuit assemblies as follows (see figure 2-1):

- a. Turn off all power to the tape unit.
- b. Set the computer power switch off.
- c. Access the computer card cage and select the two adjacent slots corresponding to the desired I/O select codes. Make certain that all higher priority slots have either another I/O card or a priority jumper card installed.

CAUTION

The printed-circuit assemblies are keyed to prevent improper insertion. Do not use force when inserting the assemblies and make certain the slots in the printed-circuit boards correspond to the proper keys in the connectors.

Note

Interface PCA's equipped with one white and one red extractor should be installed with the red extractor down.

- d. Insert the mag tape 1 assembly into the higher priority (lower numbered) slot.
- e. Insert the mag tape 2 assembly into the lower priority slot.

2-11. INTERCONNECT CABLE INSTALLATION.

2-12. The interconnect cable consists of three twisted-pair cables with keyed connectors and is installed as described below (see figure 2-2):

- a. Route the 13181-60030 Interconnect Cable in the computer as illustrated in figure 2-1. Allow sufficient cable slack to prevent strain at the connectors.
- b. Connect MAG TAPE 1 and MAG TAPE 2 hooded connectors P1 and P2 to the mag tape 1 and mag tape 2 assemblies, respectively.
- c. Gain access to the tape unit interconnect facilities and route the cable within the tape unit as illustrated in figure 2-2.
- d. Connect READ hooded connector P3 to the read data assembly.
- e. Connect WRITE hooded connector P4 to the write data assembly.
- f. Connect CONTROL hooded connector P5 to the control and status printed-circuit assembly.

2-13. INSTALLATION CHECKOUT.

2-14. After installing the interface kit, restore power to the tape unit and computer and prepare the system for operation. Refer to the computer and tape unit operating instructions, and perform the diagnostic test as described in the Diagnostic Program Procedure, part no. 13181-90040, contained in the Manual of Diagnostics.

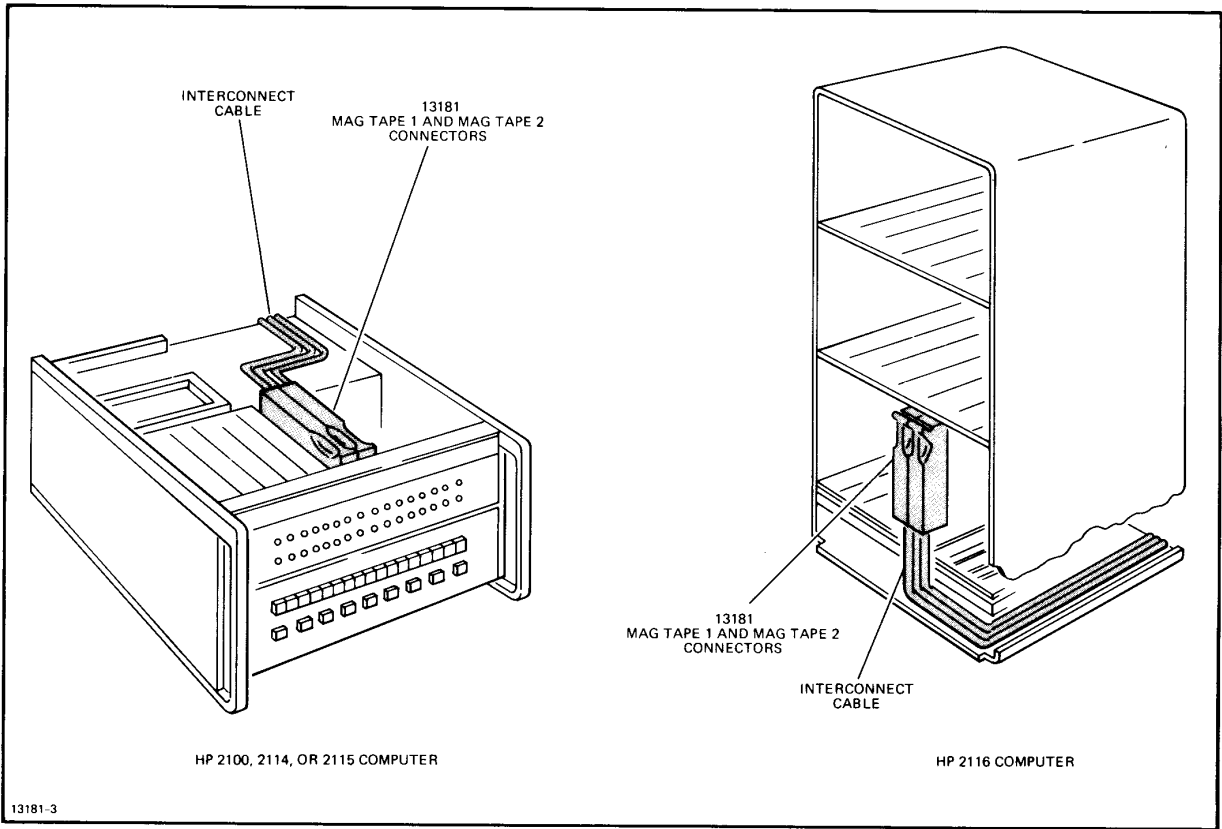


Figure 2-1. Typical Interconnect Cable Installation at the Computer

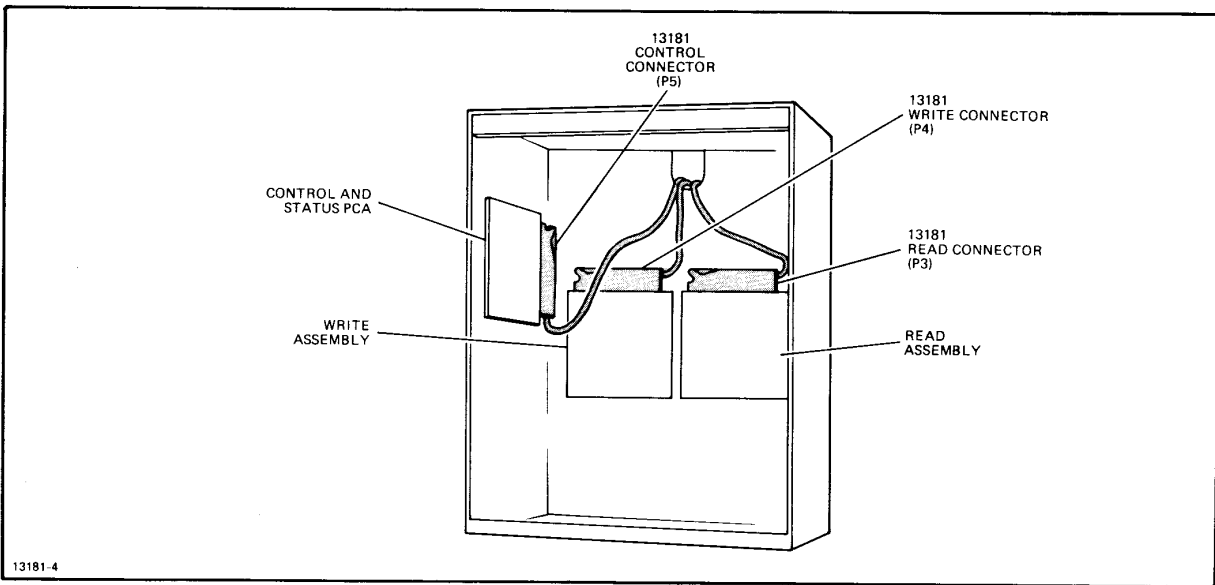


Figure 2-2. Interconnect Cable Installation at the Tape Unit

SECTION III PROGRAMMING

3-1. INTRODUCTION.

3-2. This section contains programming information for the interface kit, including tape unit characteristics, controller commands and status, parity, packing densities, and data transfer rates.

3-3. TAPE UNIT CHARACTERISTICS.

3-4. The HP 13181A Tape Unit Interface Kit provides a complete nine-track interface between up to four paralleled HP 7970 Series Digital Magnetic Tape Units and a single HP 2100 Series Computer. The interface provides all tape motion and data transfer control signals required for generating IBM-compatible nine-track formats. The multi-speed capability of the interface kit permits interfacing with tape units operating at 12.5, 37.5, or 45 inches per second with a packing density of 800 characters per inch. (Commonly controlled paralleled tape units must be at the same tape speeds.)

3-5. The interface kit requires two computer I/O addresses: a command channel address and a data channel address. The data channel is assigned the higher priority I/O address. DMA is always required for 45 ips tape units. DMA is recommended for 37.5 ips tape units interfaced with an HP 2114 Computer. For all other configurations DMA may be used but is not required.

3-6. CONTROLLER COMMANDS.

3-7. All commands are transferred through the A- or B-register of the computer to the command channel by an OTA/B instruction. The commands are stored in the controller and executed when a Set Control (STC) instruction is transmitted to the control circuits, except for tape unit select commands. The STC instruction causes the controller to execute the command. In the event of multiple OTA/B instructions before an STC instruction, the controller will execute the last instruction.

3-8. All valid commands switch the interface from the ready to the busy state and clear controller oriented status bits.

3-9. The four unit select commands, unless rejected are output by the OTA/B instruction in one computer cycle. The unit select commands are executed immediately; they do not require buffering and do not cause an interrupt.

Note

The Reject FF will be set if either a command requiring write current is given while the write enable ring is not installed on the tape unit, a reverse motion command is given at the beginning of tape (BOT), a command requiring motion is given when the tape unit or controller is not ready, or a unit select command is given when the controller is not ready.

3-10. A command channel flag is generated by the interface to indicate that all on-line operations requiring tape motion have been completed, that a clear operation is complete, or that a Rewind or Rewind/Off-Line command has been initiated. The command channel flag is set when the interface is not busy. The control bits in each channel of the interface operate as in a normal I/O assembly, except that clearing a control bit in the data channel during a write operation initiates the writing of an end-of-record sequence and stops tape motion. Clearing the control bit in the data channel during a read operation inhibits transfer of data to the computer, although the read operation continues in the tape unit and controller until the interrecord gap is reached. At this time the controller is ready and the command channel flag is set.

3-11. The bits that make up command words are detailed in table 3-1.

Table 3-1. Command Word Bits

BIT	FUNCTION	BIT	FUNCTION
0	Motion	7	File
1	Forward	8	Change Select
2	Gap/Off-Line	9	Select 0
3	Write/Clear	10	Select 1
4	Data Transfer	11	Select 2
5	Reverse	12	Select 3
6	Rewind/Clear		

3-12. The interface responds to the commands listed in table 3-2. Commands other than those listed will cause improper operation. The following paragraphs describe each of the computer commands for the command channel.

Table 3-2. Computer to Controller Commands

CODE (OCTAL)	MNEMONIC	FUNCTION
31	WCC	Write One Record
15	GAP	Write 4 Inches Blank Tape
23	RRF	Read One Record
3	FSR	Forward Space One Record
41	BSR	Backspace Record
105	RWO	Rewind and Off-Line
101	REW	Rewind
110	CLR	Clear Controller
211	WFM	Write File Mark
1400	SEL0	Select Unit 0 (1)
2400	SEL1	Select Unit 1 (1)
4400	SEL2	Select Unit 2 (1)
10400	SEL3	Select Unit 3 (1)
203	FSF	Forward Space File
241	BSF	Backspace File
215	GFM	Gap and Write File Mark

Note:

1. Tape unit select commands are to be applied only with an OTA/B instruction; do not apply a subsequent STC,C instruction.

3-13. WRITE ONE RECORD (WCC).

3-14. The Write One Record command switches the tape unit to the write mode, which turns on the write head current, initiates forward motion, and causes the interface to set the data flag for each computer word to be written on the tape. The computer word is unpacked and written on tape. (The high eight bits of the computer word are written first, the low eight bits second.) At 37.5 ips the computer has 33 microseconds to output the requested word after the data channel flag bit is set. The interface generates odd parity for each character resulting from the output word as the character is written. The Longitudinal and Cyclic Redundancy Check Character (LRCC and CRCC) signals are automatically generated after the end-of-record sequence is started by a Clear Control instruction (CLC). The CLC instruction is addressed to the data channel to clear the data channel control bit immediately following the last word to be written. If the tape is at BOT when the WCC command is given, the interface will automatically erase 4-inches of tape before requesting the first computer word. All written records are automatically read by the tape unit and vertical parity, LRCC, and CRCC are checked. (The CRCC is not checked except for its contribution to the LRCC.) Thus each record can be verified by checking the parity/timing error bit of the status word after writing. When the read-after-write check is complete, the tape drive stops and the command channel flag bit is set to signal that the interface is ready to accept the next command.

3-15. GAP 4-INCHES (GAP).

3-16. The Gap 4-Inches command turns on the write current and causes the tape unit to erase 4-inches of tape. When the operation is completed, motion is terminated, the command channel flag bit is set, and the interface is ready for the next command.

3-17. READ ONE RECORD (RRF).

3-18. The Read One Record command causes the interface to input characters read from tape via bits 0 through 15 of the input data channel. The first of each pair of bytes is placed in the high eight bits of the computer word, the second byte in the low eight bits. Tape characters are read, vertical parity is checked, the parity bit is discarded, and the characters packed into one 16-bit computer word. The data channel flag is set when the second byte is read. Failure to respond to the flag within the data channel flag occurrence interval (refer to table 1-2) will set the parity/timing error bit and the timing error status bit. If the available core area in the computer is smaller than the tape record, the program should clear the data channel control bit when the available core area is full. This prevents the data channel flag from being set and thus prevents a timing error. Tape motion continues until the next IRG is detected. The parity of the entire record (including the CRC and LRC character) is checked

and the tape is halted in the IRG. The CRCC and LRCC signals are not input to the computer. If a parity error occurred, the parity/timing error bit (bit 1) in the status word is set. The flag on the command channel is set to signal that the interface is ready to accept the next command. A file mark is treated as a record. The 023 octal file mark character is input and the EOF bit (bit 7) and the Odd Number of Bytes Read bit (bit 11) within the status word are set. The program can terminate reading anywhere within a record by addressing a Clear Control (CLC) instruction to the data channel. The tape will continue until the IRG is found, but additional data channel flags will not occur. However, both vertical and longitudinal parity will be checked.

Note

Records written with the controller will always contain an even number of bytes; however, records written on other systems may contain an odd number of bytes. During a read one record forward operation, the controller will read the final (odd) byte but will not immediately set the data channel flag bit since the byte only fills the high eight bits of the data word. The read operation will be interrupted for the equivalent of three byte times. At this time, an internal counter will signal end of data. The combination of the odd byte and the end of data is sensed, and command channel status bit 11 is set. The same combination now sets the data flag bit to load the final byte. The final byte occupies the upper eight bits of the final word. The lower eight bits are indeterminate. When reading a record written on a system that records an odd number of bytes, always load the command channel status bit 11 following an RRF operation. This will allow bit 11 to be tested in order to determine the actual number of tape bytes ($2n$ or $2n-1$ bytes, where n = number of words transmitted). Bit 11 should be ignored if bit 7 (EOF) is set.

3-19. FORWARD SPACE ONE RECORD (FSR).

3-20. The Forward Space One Record command moves the tape forward until the next IRG is detected, and tape motion ceases. The command channel flag is then set to signal that the interface is ready. Data is not transferred, but a parity error can be detected.

3-21. BACKSPACE ONE RECORD (BSR).

3-22. The Backspace One Record command moves the tape backwards until either the IRG or the BOT (beginning-of-tape) is detected. Motion is then terminated, the command channel flag is set, and bit 6 of the status word is set if BOT was detected. Data is not transferred, but a parity error can be detected.

Note

A record containing an odd number of data bytes will set the parity error bit during a BSR because the CRCC for such records has even vertical parity.

3-23. REWIND (REW).

3-24. The Rewind command causes the tape to rewind until the BOT reflective marker is found. If the tape is already at BOT, no action is taken. The command reject bit is not set.

3-25. After the Rewind command is output to the tape unit, the controller is set ready for use with any other tape drive while the rewind is in process. (A different tape unit may be selected.) While the selected tape unit is rewinding, the rewind bit (bit 10) and the transport busy bit (bit 9) will be set in the status word.

3-26. Any command that requires tape motion is rejected if given while the selected unit is rewinding, and the Reject FF and the reject status bit (bit 3) will be set.

3-27. REWIND OFF-LINE (RWO).

3-28. The Rewind Off-Line command positions the tape at BOT and switches the transport from on-line to off-line status. It operates in the same manner as the Rewind command, except the selected tape unit is switched to off-line status as well. When the command is issued at load-point, rewind is not affected but the tape unit does go off-line.

Note

Use of this command will require operator intervention to restore on-line status before another command may be given to the tape unit addressed by the RWO signal.

3-29. WRITE FILE MARK (WFM).

3-30. The Write File Mark command writes the file mark code (023 octal) on tape, and then the accompanying LRCC (023 octal) eight character-spaces following. When tape motion has ceased, the interface sets the command channel flag bit.

3-31. CLEAR CONTROLLER (CLR).

3-32. The Clear Controller command may be given at any time. The command clears the command and data channel control Flag FF's to the initial states (normal, ready state), terminating any tape unit operation except rewind. The parity/timing error bit, reject bit, data timing error bit, end of file bit, and odd number of bytes read bit are cleared. The command channel flag and not busy status is set at the end of a tape unit operation.

3-33. FORWARD SPACE FILE (FSF).

3-34. The Forward Space File command moves the tape forward until the next file mark or the end of tape is detected. The command channel flag is set, and bit 7 of the status word (EOF) is set when the tape stops if the file mark was detected. If the end of tape was detected, the EOT status bit (bit 5) is set, the FSF signal is changed to an FSR signal, and the tape will stop in the next IRG rather than after the file mark. If the previous record contained an odd number of bytes status bit is set.

3-35. BACKSPACE FILE (BSF).

3-36. The Backspace File command moves the tape in the reverse direction until a file mark or the beginning of tape is detected. The command channel flag is set, and bit 7 of the status word is set when tape motion ceases if the file mark was detected. If the load-point was detected, the load-point status bit (bit 6) is set.

3-37. GAP AND WRITE FILE MARK (GFM).

3-38. The Gap and Write File Mark command combines GAP and WFM to erase 4 inches of tape and writes the file mark code (023 octal) and the accompanying LRCC character in the eighth character space following.

3-39. SELECT UNIT 0, 1, 2, OR 3 (SEL).

3-40. The Select Unit 0, 1, 2, or 3 command causes the designated tape unit to be selected for subsequent computer commands, and status from that tape unit to be sent to the controller. Tape unit selection must be made after power turn-on, as the selected register contents are random at that time.

3-41. CONTROLLER STATUS.

3-42. Status information is transferred via the computer A- or B-register through the command channel with the standard I/O instructions: Load into A- or B-register (LIA/B), or Merge into A- or B-register (MIA/B). The status word

bits are listed in table 3-3, and the bits are described in the following paragraphs. The tape unit status bits are available only when that tape unit is selected.

3-43. The 12-bit status word may be input through the command channel at any time using an LIA or LIB instruction. Normally, status is only checked when the interface signals "ready" after an operation has been completed.

3-44. LOCAL (BIT 0).

3-45. The local bit is high when the selected tape unit is in the local mode (under manual control only). When this is low, the unit is under computer control.

3-46. PARITY/TIMING ERROR (BIT 1).

3-47. The parity/timing error bit is high if a vertical or longitudinal parity error is detected during a read, read-after-write, BSR, FSR, BSF, or FSF operation. This bit is also set if the data channel flag bit has not been cleared or the interrupt request not acknowledged within one data channel flag occurrence interval (refer to table 1-2) while reading or writing (timing error).

Note

During a read operation, if the record on the tape is larger than the available computer input buffer area, the data channel control bit should be cleared after the required number of words are transferred. This prevents setting bit 1 unless a parity error has occurred.

3-48. NO WRITE RING (BIT 2).

3-49. The no write ring (file protected) bit is high when the tape unit supply reel is not equipped with a write enable ring. The tape unit is write-enabled when this bit is low.

Table 3-3. Controller Status Word Bits

BIT	STATUS	BIT	STATUS
0	Local	6	Load Point
1	Parity/Timing Error	7	End of File
2	No Write Ring	8	Controller Busy
3	Reject	9	Transport Busy
4	Data Timing Error	10	Rewind
5	End of Tape	11	Odd Number of Bytes Read

3-50. REJECT (BIT 3).

3-51. The reject bit is set when one of the following conditions occur at OTA/B time:

- a. Tape motion is required but the tape unit or controller is busy.
- b. Backspace command (BSR or BSF) received, but tape is at beginning of tape (BOT).
- c. Command requiring write current received and no write ring present
- d. A Select Tape Unit command is given and the controller is busy.

Note

Under no circumstances should the STC,C be given if bit 3 is set since improper operation may result.

3-52. Because the reject bit is set at OTA/B time, it is necessary to load the status word and test this bit between OTA/B time and STC,C time. The reject bit is cleared by the next executable (non-rejectable) OTA/B command.

3-53. DATA TIMING ERROR (BIT 4).

3-54. The data timing error bit is high if in the read mode (RRF) the computer has not accepted a word by the time the next one is ready, or in the write mode (WCC) the computer has not output a word by the time the next one is required.

3-55. END OF TAPE (BIT 5).

3-56. The end-of-tape (EOT) bit is high when the EOT reflective marker passes under the tape unit photosense head while the tape is moving forward. The bit remains high until a REW or RWO command is given, a BSR or BSF command positions the EOT marker ahead of the photosense head, or another tape unit is selected which has not sensed the EOT marker. (The former tape unit will re-establish the EOT but when it is selected again.)

3-57. LOAD POINT (BIT 6).

3-58. The beginning-of-tape (BOT) bit is high when the tape is at the load point, which is indicated when the tape load point marker (of the selected unit) is under the tape unit photo-sensor.

3-59. END OF FILE (BIT 7).

3-60. The end-of-file (EOF) bit is set when end-of-file mark (023 octal) is detected through the read circuits, while moving a record or file (FSR, BSR, FSF, BSF), while reading (RRF), or after writing the file mark (WFM, GFM).

3-61. CONTROLLER BUSY (BIT 8).

3-62. The controller busy bit is set when the interface is executing a command. When the bit is low, the interface is ready to accept a new command.

3-63. TRANSPORT BUSY (BIT 9).

3-64. The transport busy bit is high when the tape transport is busy, and low when the transport is ready to be used.

3-65. REWIND (BIT 10).

3-66. The rewind bit is high when the transport is rewinding and low when the transport is not rewinding. Rewind is still considered to be in operation while the tape moves forward to the load point following the actual rewind.

3-67. ODD NUMBER OF BYTES READ (BIT 11).

3-68. The odd number of bytes read bit is set if the previous record read or spaced over contains an odd number of data bytes.

Note

Since the controller always writes at least one computer word at a time (two tape bytes), this condition only occurs following a file mark for tapes written with this controller.

3-69. TYPICAL PROGRAMS.

3-70. Tables 3-4 and 3-5 contain typical assembly language programs. The program in table 3-4 will transfer data from the tape unit to the computer (read) using the computer interrupt method. The program in table 3-5 transfers data from the computer to the tape unit (write) using the DMA method.

Table 3-4. Assembly Language Program (Read) Using Computer Interrupt System

```

0001 00000          NAM SHOWN
0002          ENT SHOWN
0003 00000          A      EQU 0
0004 00001          B      EQU 1
0005 00010          DATA EQU 10B
0006 00011          CMND  EQU 11B
0007*
0008*      13181 CONTROLLER INTERRUPT BINARY READ OPERATION
0009*      CONTROLLER ASSUMED TO BE IN SLOTS 10,11
0010*
0011 00000          ORB          .BASE PAGE LINKAGE
0012 00000 000023R I.1  DEF I1    .DATA LINK (L1)
0013 00001 000035R C.1  DEF C1    .COMMAND LINK (L2)
0014 00000          ORR          .RELOCATIBLE PROGRAM
0015 00000 000000  SHOWN  NOP
0016 00001 102100          STF 0      .TURN ON INTERRUPTS
0017 00002 062040R      LDA JSBL1
0018 00003 070010          STA DATA  .INTERRUPT LINK FOR DATA CHANNEL
0019 00004 062041R      LDA JSBL2
0020 00005 070011          STA CMND   .INTERRUPT LINK FOR CMND CHANNEL
0021 00006 062042R      LDA BUFAD
0022 00007 072043R      STA POINT   .SET BUFFER POINTER
0023 00010 062044R      LDA LBUF
0024 00011 072045R      STA COUNT   .SET BUFFER COUNTER
0025 00012 062046R      LDA READ    .READ COMMAND
0026 00013 102611  REJCT  OTA CMND  .OUTPUT READ COMMAND TO CONTROL
0027 00014 106511          LIB CMND  .TEST FOR REJECT
0028 00015 005323          RBR,RBR
0029 00016 005310          RBR,SLB   .REJECT?
0030 00017 026013R      JMP REJCT .YES, KEEP TRYING
0031 00020 103711          STC CMND,C .SET CMND CHANNEL
0032*      CONTROLLER STARTS TAPE MOTION
0033 00021 103710          STC DATA,C .SET DATA CHANNEL
0034*
0035*      DATA TRANSFER WILL NOW TAKE PLACE
0036*      A JUMP SELF LOOP FOLLOWS
0037 00022 026022R      JMP *      .JUMP SELF UNTIL INTERRUPT OCCURS
0038 00023 000000  I1    NOP          .DATA TRANSFER ROUTINE
0039 00024 072047R      STA SAVA   .SAVE A REGISTER
0040 00025 103510          LIA DATA,C .INPUT DATA FROM CONTROLLER
0041 00026 172043R      STA POINT,I .STORE POINTER
0042 00027 036043R      ISZ POINT  .NEXT
0043 00030 062047R      LDA SAVA
0044 00031 036045R      ISZ COUNT  .DONE ?
0045 00032 126023R      JMP I1,I  .NO
0046 00033 106710          CLC DATA .YES
0047 00034 126023R      JMP I1,I
0048 00035 000000  C1    NOP          .OPERATION COMPLETE ROUTINE
0049 00036 106711          CLC CMND  .TRANSFER DONE
0050 00037 102077          HLT 77B
0051*
0052*      PROGRAM SHOULD COME TO A HLT 77B
0053*
0054*      PROGRAM CONSTANTS
0055*
0056 00040 114000B JSBL1 JSB I.1,I
0057 00041 114001B JSBL2 JSB C.1,I
0058 00042 000050R BUFAD DEF BUFF
0059 00043 000000  POINT  NOP
0060 00044 177634  LBUF   DEC -100
0061 00045 000000  COUNT  NOP
0062 00046 000023  READ   OCT 23
0063 00047 000000  SAVA   NOP
0064 00050 000000  BUFF   BSS 124
0065          END SHOWN
** NO ERRORS*

```

Table 3-5. Assembly Language Program (Write) Using DMA

```

0001 00000          NAM EXAMP
0002                ENT EXAMP
0003 00010          DATA EQU 10B
0004 00011          CMND EQU 11B
0005*
0006*      13181 CONTROLLER DMA BINARY WRITE OPERATION
0007*      CONTROLLER ASSUMED TO BE IN SLOTS 10,11
0008*      DMA CHANNEL 6 IS USED
0009*
0010 00000          ORB                .BASE PAGE RELOCATIBLE
0011 00000 000030R LINK1 DEF COMPL     .CMND COMPLETE LINK
0012 00000          ORR                .RELOCATIBLE PROGRAM
0013 00000 000000 EXAMP NOP
0014 00001 102100   STF 0              .TURN ON INTERRUPTS
0015 00002 062033R LDA JSBL1
0016 00003 070011   STA 11B           .SET CMND TRAP CELL
0017 00004 062035R LDA CLDMA          .TURN DMA OFF
0018 00005 070006   STA 6             .WHEN IT INTERRUPTS
0019 00006 062034R LDA PWC
0020 00007 102606   OTA 6B           .SET DMA PROGRAM CONTROL WORD
0021 00010 106702   CLC 2B
0022 00011 062036R LDA BUFF
0023 00012 102602   OTA 2B           .SET DMA BUFFER ADDRESS
0024 00013 102702   STC 2B
0025 00014 062233R LDA LBUFF
0026 00015 102602   OTA 2B           .SET DMA BUFFER LENGTH
0027*
0028*      DMA IS NOW READY TO MAKE A WRITE TRANSFER
0029*
0030 00016 066234R LDB WCC            .WRITE COMMAND
0031 00017 106611 REJCT OTB CMND      .OUTPUT WRITE COMMAND TO CONTROLL
0032 00020 102511   LIA CMND          .TEST FOR REJECT
0033 00021 012235R AND MASK2
0034 00022 002002   SZA              .REJECT?
0035 00023 026017R JMP REJCT         .YES, KEEP TRYING
0036 00024 103711   STC CMND,C       .NO,SET CMND CHANNEL
0037*      CONTROLLER STARTS TAPE MOTION
0038 00025 103710   STC DATA,C     .SET DATA CHANNEL
0039 00026 103706   STC 6B,C       .START DMA
0040*
0041*      DATA TRANSFER WILL NOW TAKE PLACE
0042*      A JUMP SELF FOLLOWS
0043*
0044 00027 026027R JMP *            .JUMP SELF UNTIL INTERRUPT OCCURS
0045 00030 000000 COMPL NOP          .OPERATION COMPLETE
0046 00031 106711   CLC CMND
0047 00032 102077   HLT 77B
0048*
0049*      PROGRAM SHOULD COME TO A HALT 77B
0050*
0051*      PROGRAM CONSTANTS
0052*
0053 00033 114000B JSBL1 JSB LINK1,I
0054 00034 020010 PWC OCT 20010
0055 00035 107706 CLDMA CLC 6,C
0056 00036 000037R BUFF DEF BUFF1
0057 00037 000000 BUFF1 BSS 124
0058 00233 177634 LBUFF DEC -100
0059 00234 000031 WCC OCT 31
0060 00235 000010 MASK2 OCT 10
0061                END EXAMP
** NO ERRORS*

```

SECTION IV THEORY OF OPERATION

This section contains block diagrams and timing information for interface kit operations.

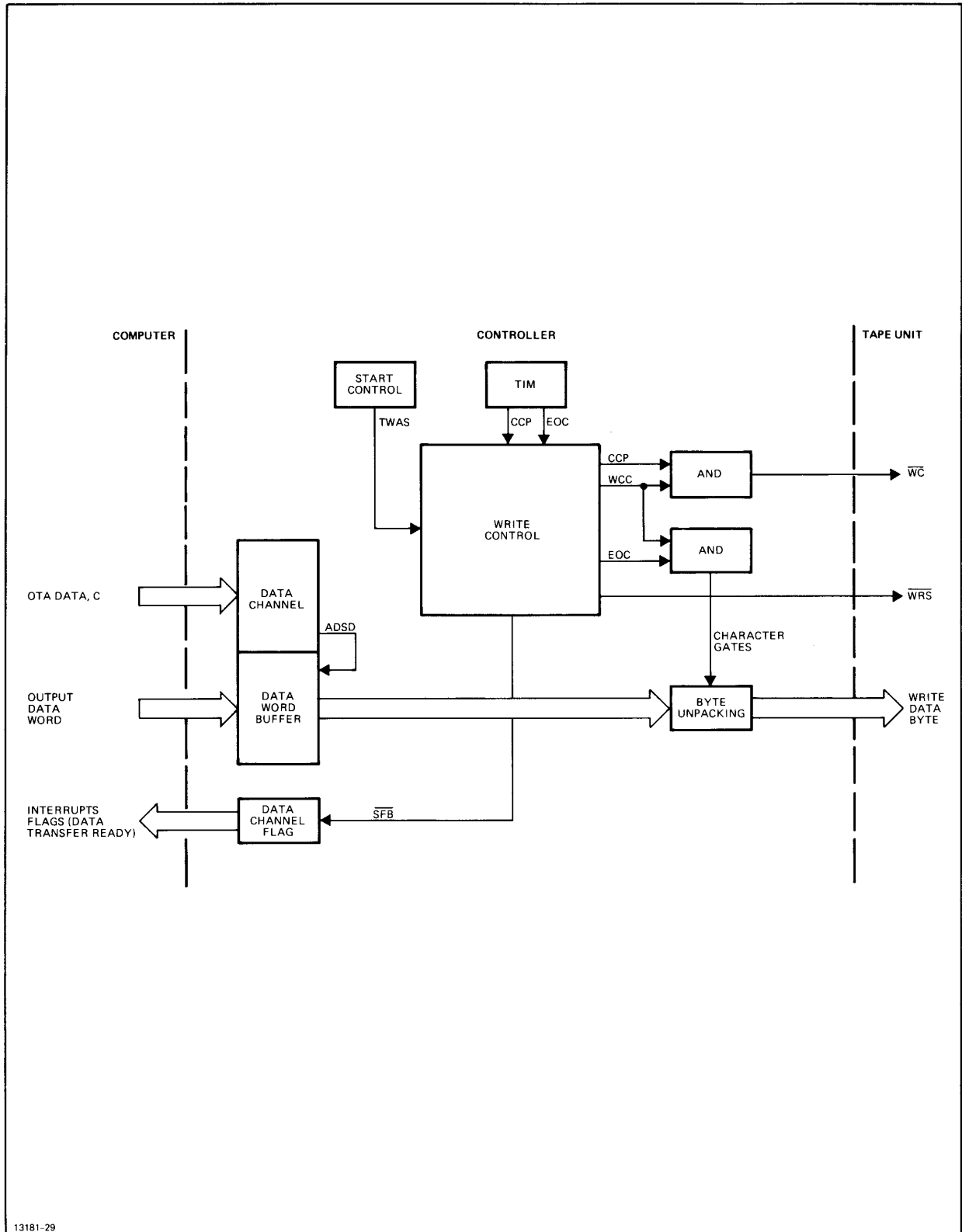


Figure 4-1. Write Data Control Block Diagram

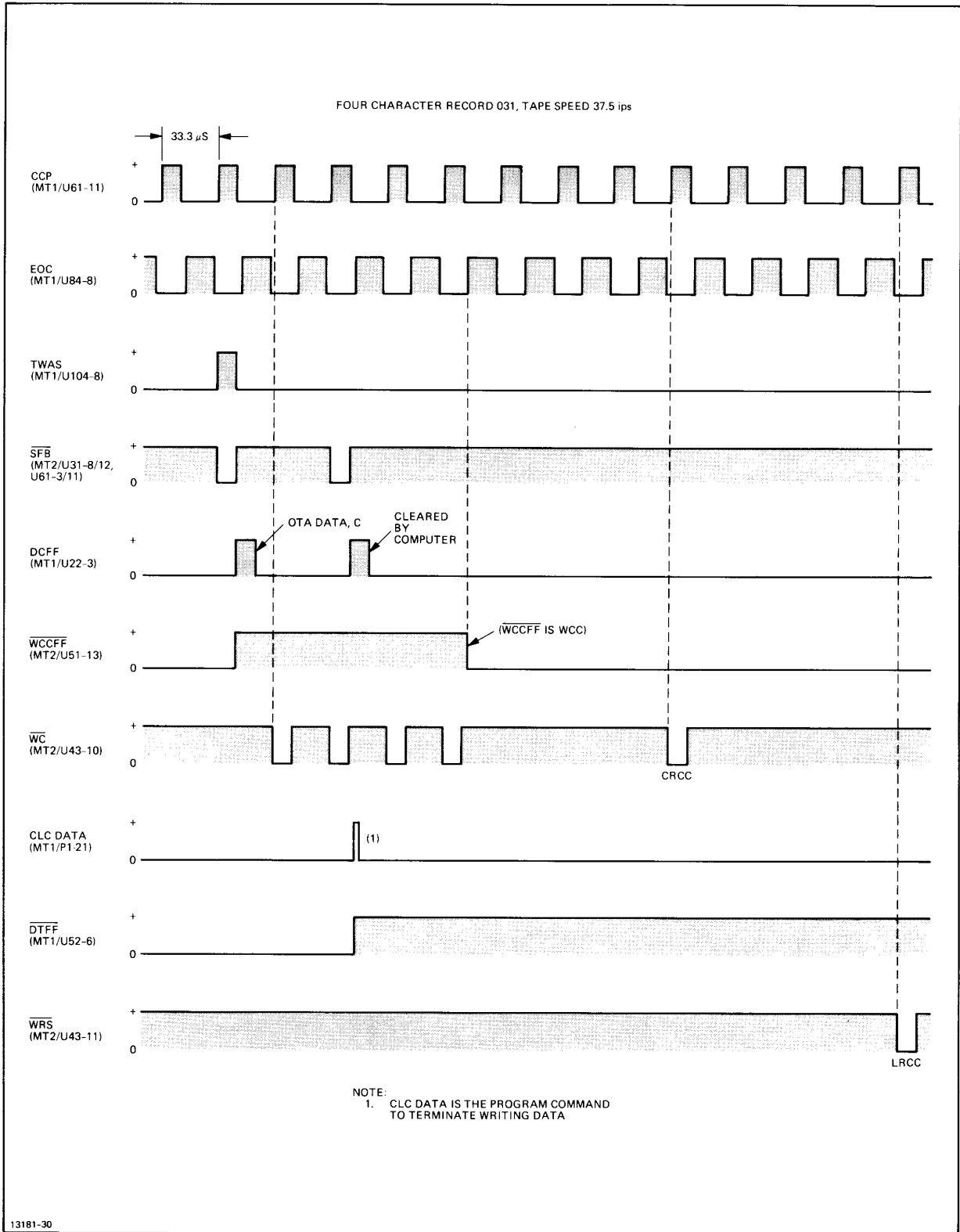


Figure 4-2. Write Data Control Timing Diagram

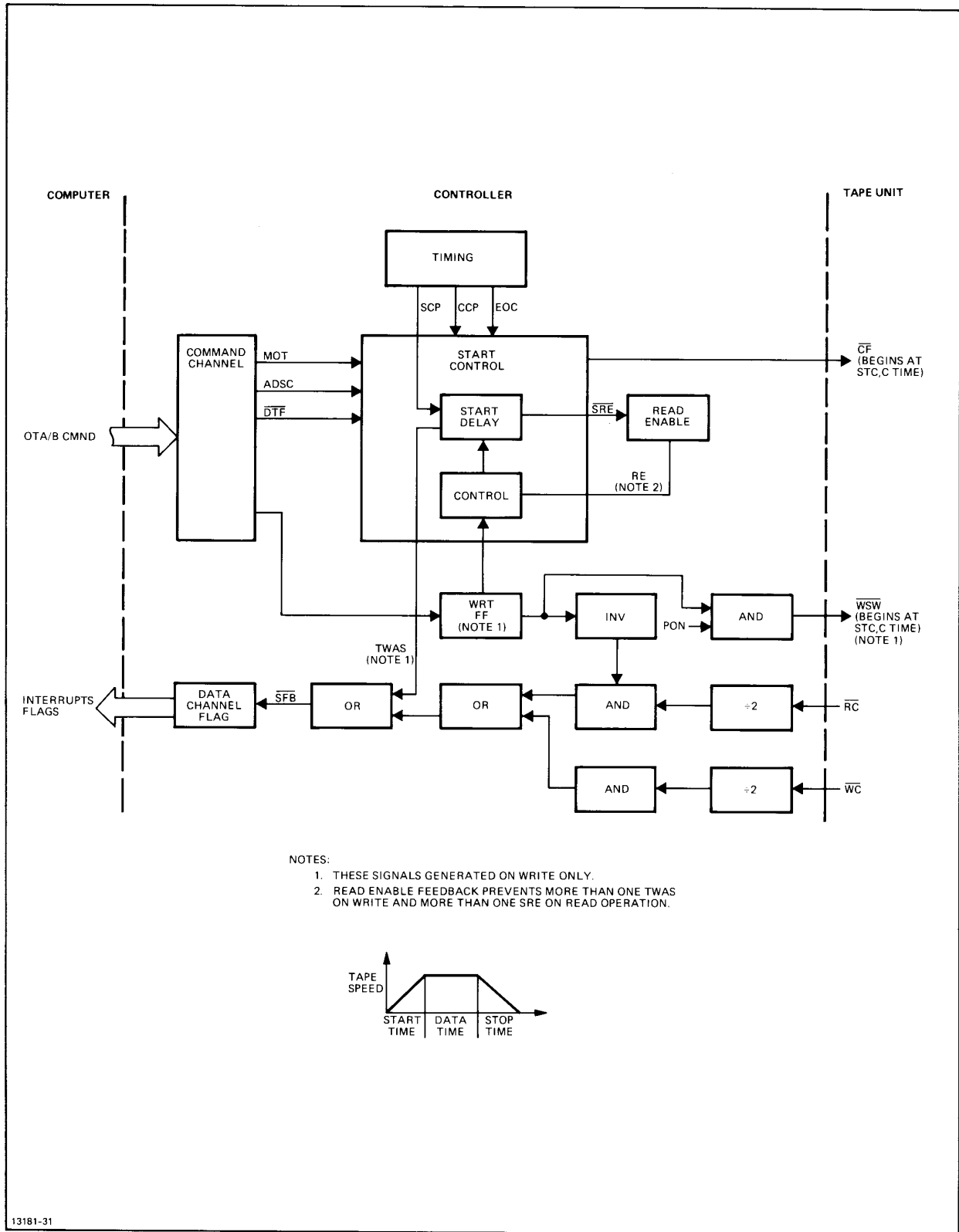


Figure 4-3. Start Data Operation Block Diagram

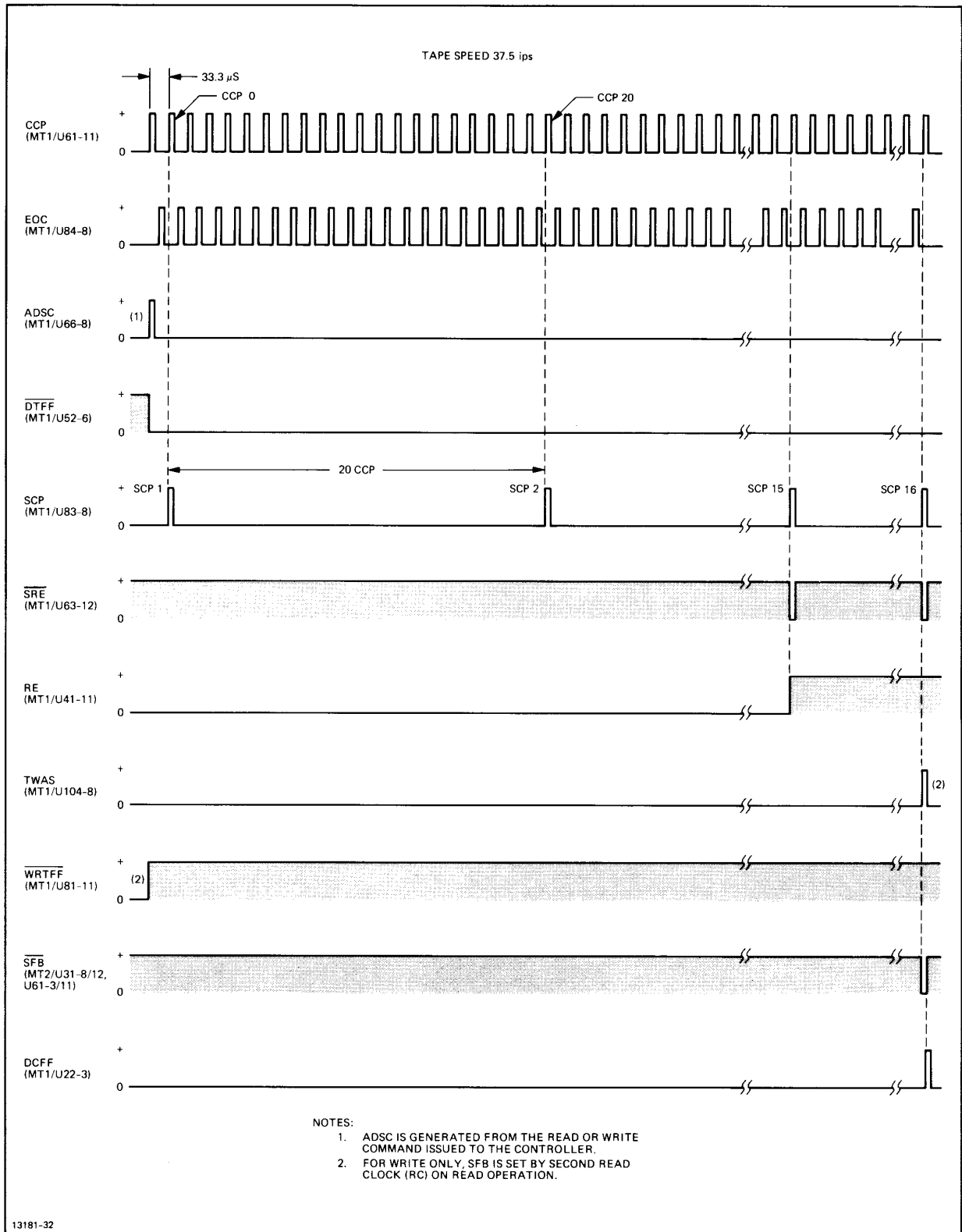


Figure 4-4. Start Data Operation Timing Diagram

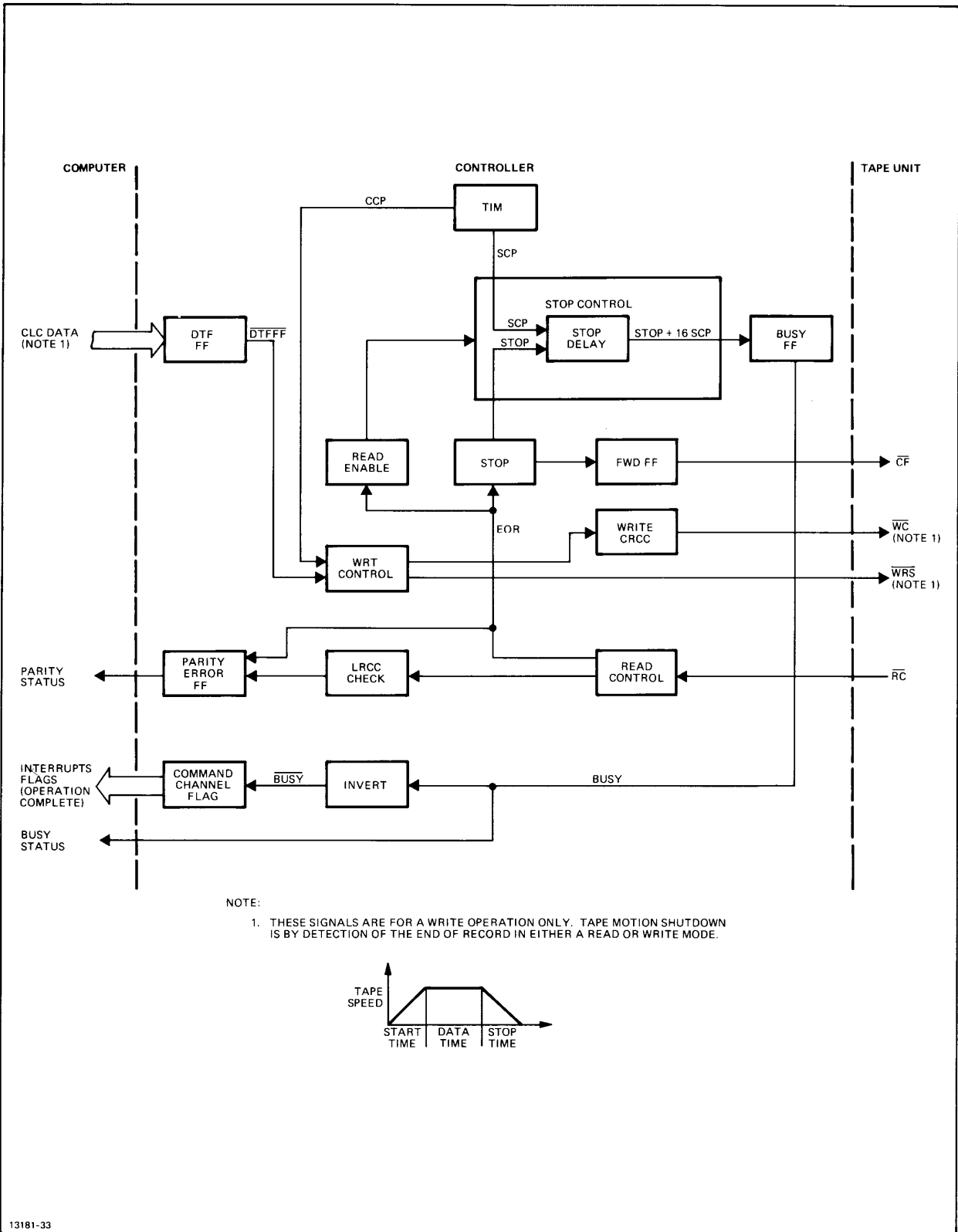


Figure 4-5. Stop Data Operation Block Diagram

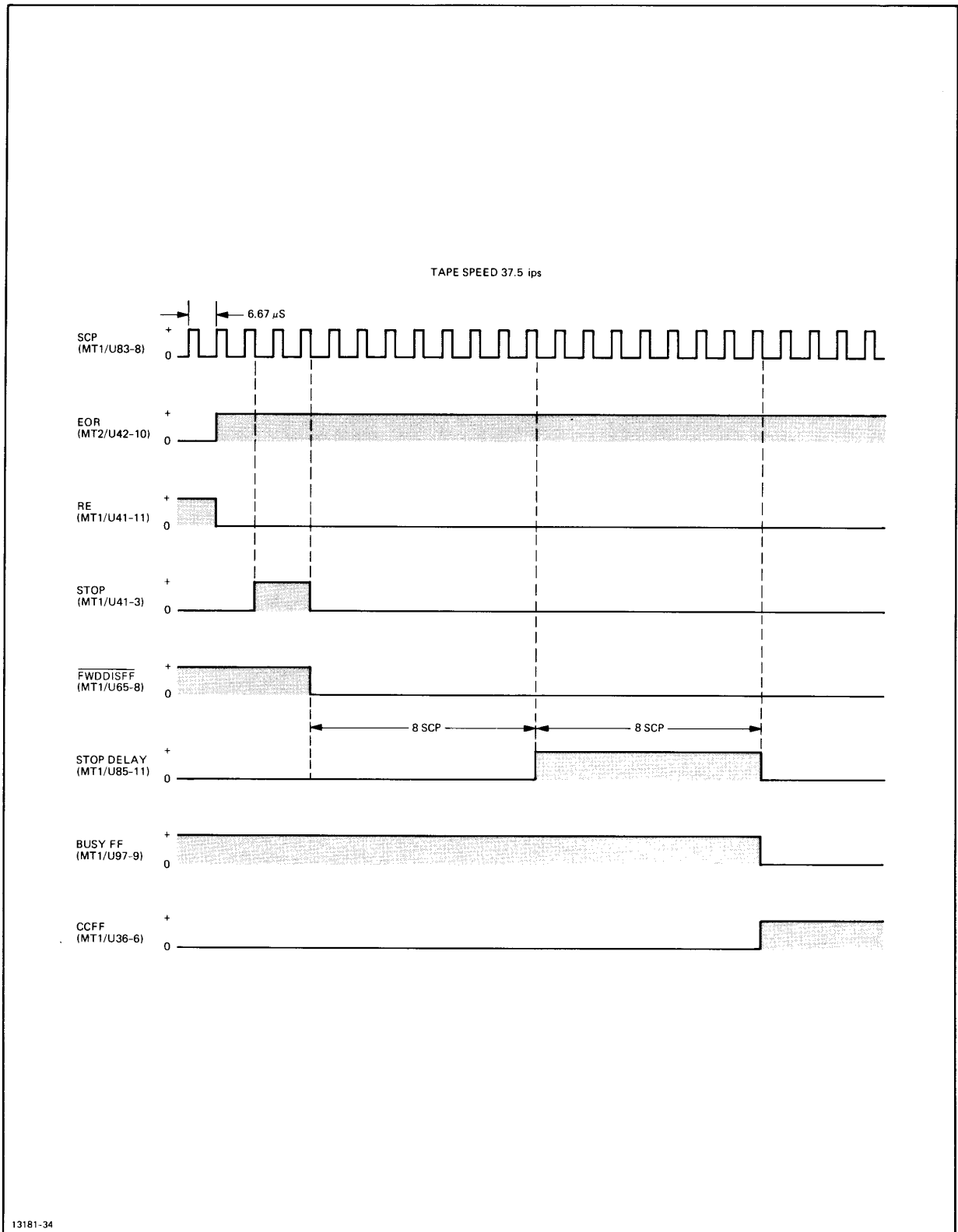
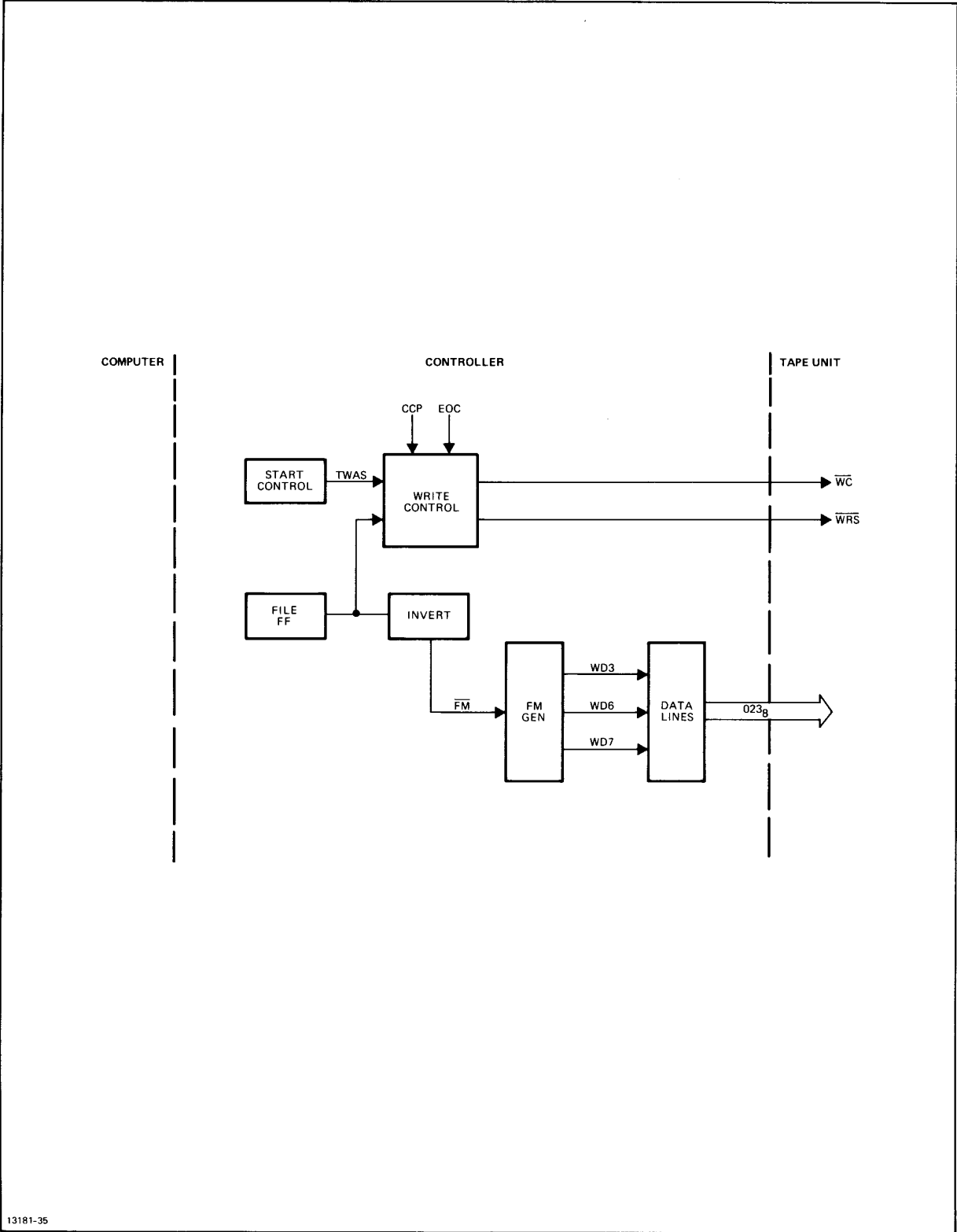


Figure 4-6. Stop Data Operation Timing Diagram



13181-35

Figure 4-7. Write File Mark Block Diagram

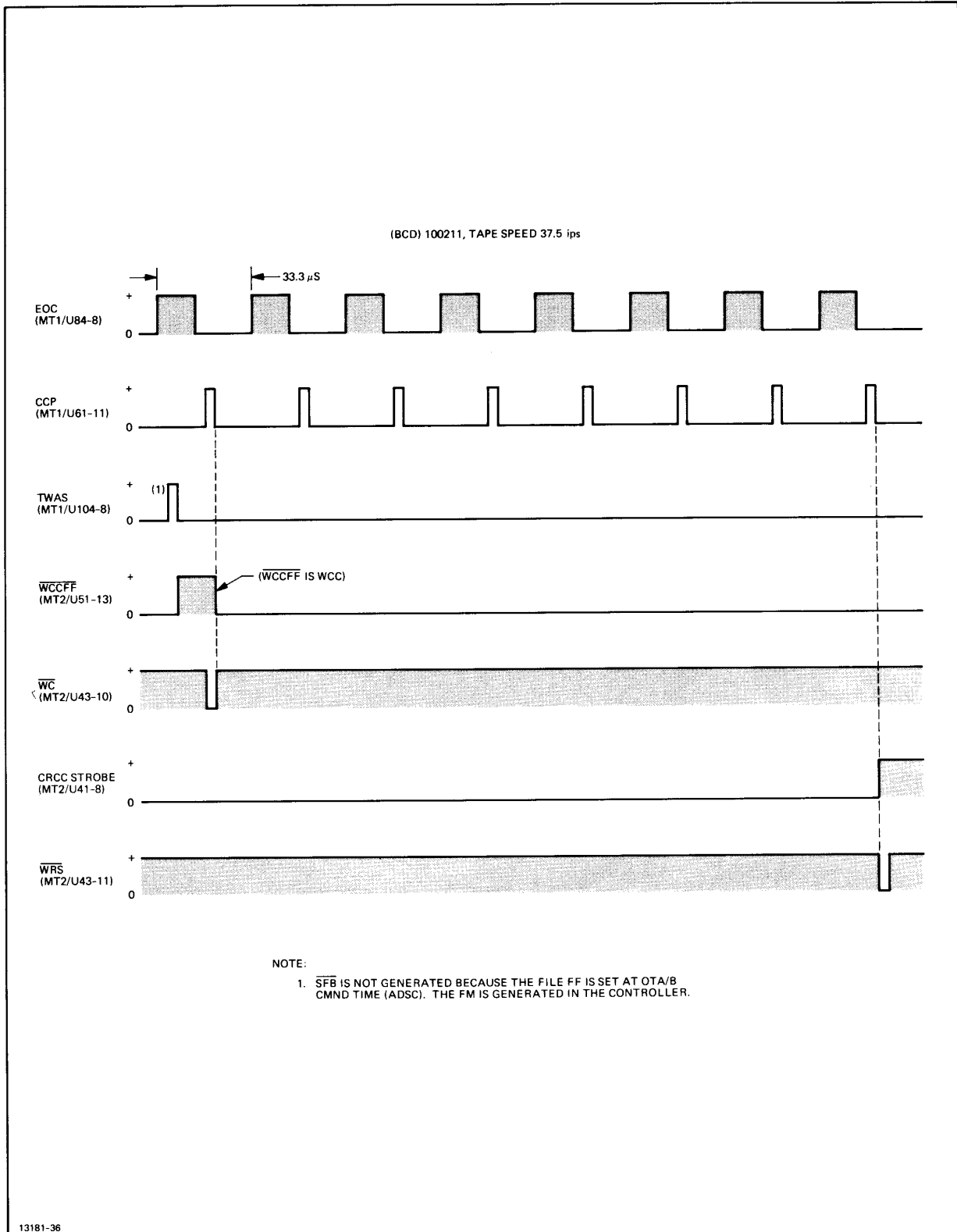
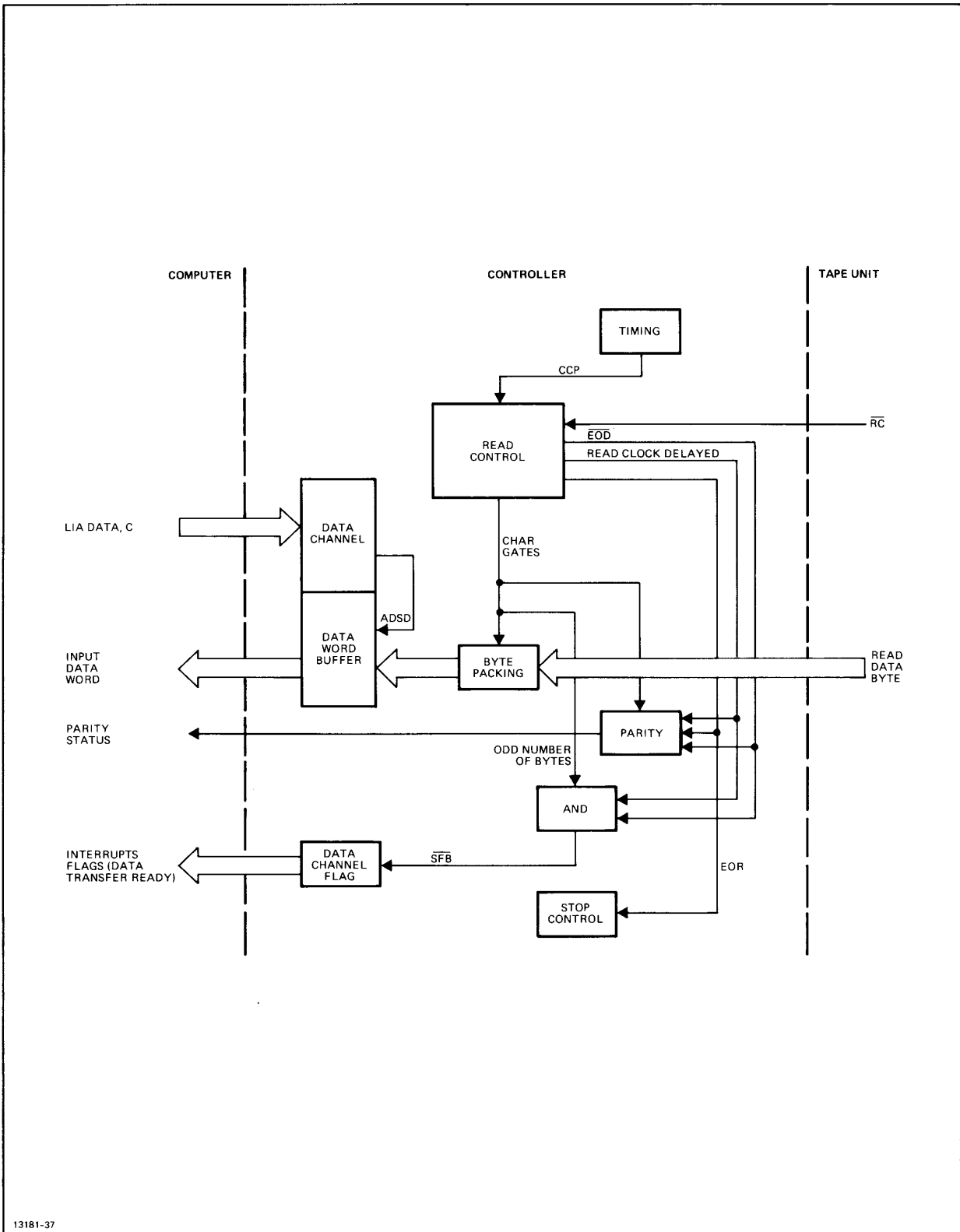


Figure 4-8. Write File Mark Timing Diagram



13181-37

Figure 4-9. Read Data Control Block Diagram

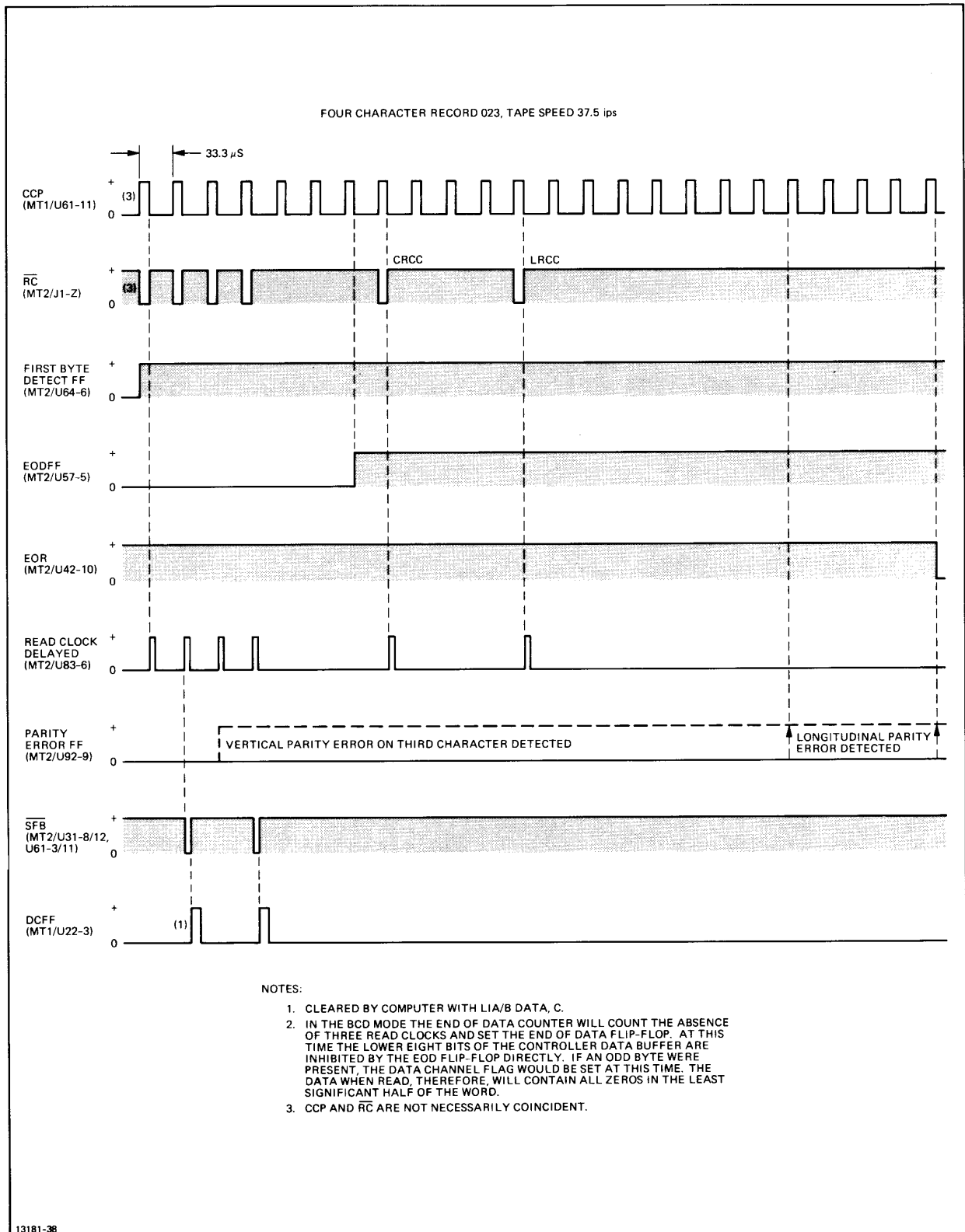


Figure 4-10. Read Data Control Timing Diagram

SECTION V MAINTENANCE

5-1. INTRODUCTION.

5-2. This section contains maintenance information for the tape unit interface kit.

5-3. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE.

5-4. Detailed preventive maintenance procedures and schedules are provided in the HP computer documentation for the computer. There are no separate preventive maintenance procedures for the interface kit.

5-5. DIAGNOSTICS.

5-6. Procedures for running the interface kit diagnostic test are contained in the Diagnostic Program Procedure,

part number 13181-90040, in the Manual of Diagnostics. The diagnostic test should be run after installation of the interface kit and periodically as a confidence check of the system operation.

5-7. TROUBLESHOOTING.

5-8. Troubleshooting for the interface assemblies is accomplished by performing the diagnostic test (paragraph 5-5) and analyzing the error halts that occur as the test is being run. To further isolate the trouble, refer to the schematic and parts location diagrams in figures 5-2 thru 5-5.

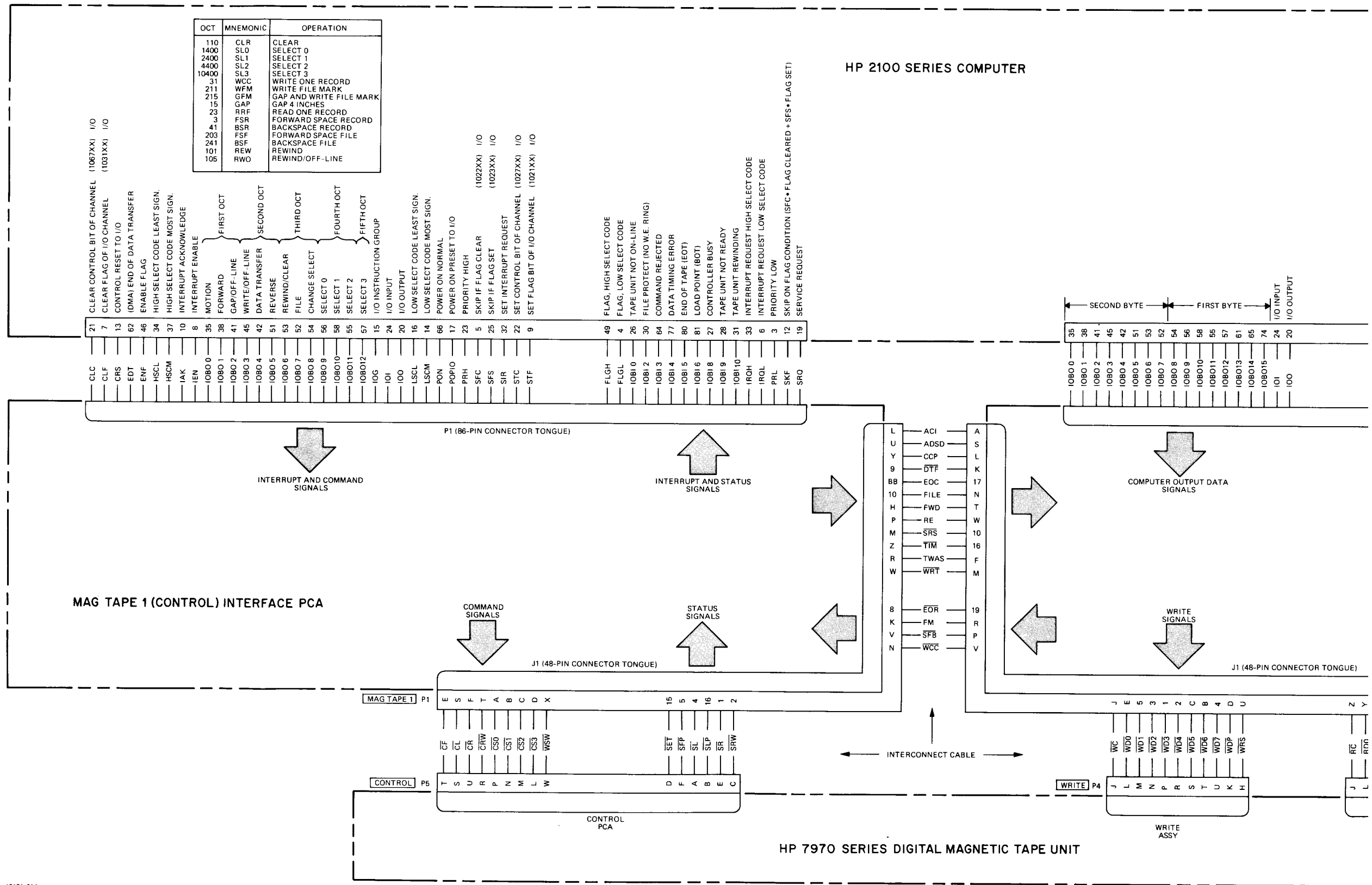
5-9. Figure 5-1 is the interconnection diagram for the tape unit to computer interface. Tables 5-1 and 5-2 list mnemonics definitions for the tape unit and controller, respectively.

Table 5-1. Tape Unit Mnemonics

MNEMONIC	DEFINITION	MNEMONIC	DEFINITION
CF	Forward Command	SL	On-Line Status
CL	Off-Line Command	SLP	Load Point Status
CR	Reverse Command	SR	Ready Status
CRW	Rewind Command	SRW	Rewind Status
CS0-CS3	Select Unit 0 thru 3	WC	Write Clock
RC	Read Clock	WDP	Write Data, Channel P
RDP	Read Data, Channel P	WD0	Write Data, Channel 0
RD0	Read Data, Channel 0	WD1	Write Data, Channel 1
RD1	Read Data, Channel 1	WD2	Write Data, Channel 2
RD2	Read Data, Channel 2	WD3	Write Data, Channel 3
RD3	Read Data, Channel 3	WD4	Write Data, Channel 4
RD4	Read Data, Channel 4	WD5	Write Data, Channel 5
RD5	Read Data, Channel 5	WD6	Write Data, Channel 6
RD6	Read Data, Channel 6	WD7	Write Data, Channel 7
RD7	Read Data, Channel 7	WRS	Write Reset
SET	End-of-Tape Status	WSW	Set Write Command
SFP	File Protect Status		

Table 5-2. Controller Mnemonics

MNEMONIC	DEFINITION	MNEMONIC	DEFINITION
ACI	Address Command Input	RC	Read Clock
ADSC	Address Command Channel	RE	Read Enable
ADSD	Address Data Channel	REV	Reverse
BOT	Beginning of Tape (Load Point)	SCP	Spacing Clock Pulse
CCP	Control Clock Pulse	SFB	Set Flag Buffer
CLR	Clear (Controller)	SRE	Set Read Enable
DTF	Data Transfer Latch	SRS	Start Reset
DFL	Data Flag	TIM	Timing Error
EOC	Even-Odd Clock	TWAS	Time, Write After Start
EOR	End-of-Record	WCC	Write Character Command
FM	File Mark	WFM	Write File Mark
FWD	Forward	WRS	Write Reset
LRC	Longitudinal Redundancy Character	WRT	Write
		FILE	File Operation



OCT	MNEMONIC	OPERATION
110	CLR	CLEAR
1400	SL0	SELECT 0
2400	SL1	SELECT 1
4400	SL2	SELECT 2
10400	SL3	SELECT 3
31	WCC	WRITE ONE RECORD
211	WFM	WRITE FILE MARK
215	GFM	GAP AND WRITE FILE MARK
15	GAP	GAP 4 INCHES
25	RRF	READ ONE RECORD
3	FSR	FORWARD SPACE RECORD
41	BSR	BACKSPACE RECORD
203	FSF	FORWARD SPACE FILE
241	BSF	BACKSPACE FILE
101	REW	REWIND
105	RWO	REWIND/OFF-LINE

HP 2100 SERIES COMPUTER

MAG TAPE 1 (CONTROL) INTERFACE PCA

HP 7970 SERIES DIGITAL MAGNETIC TAPE UNIT

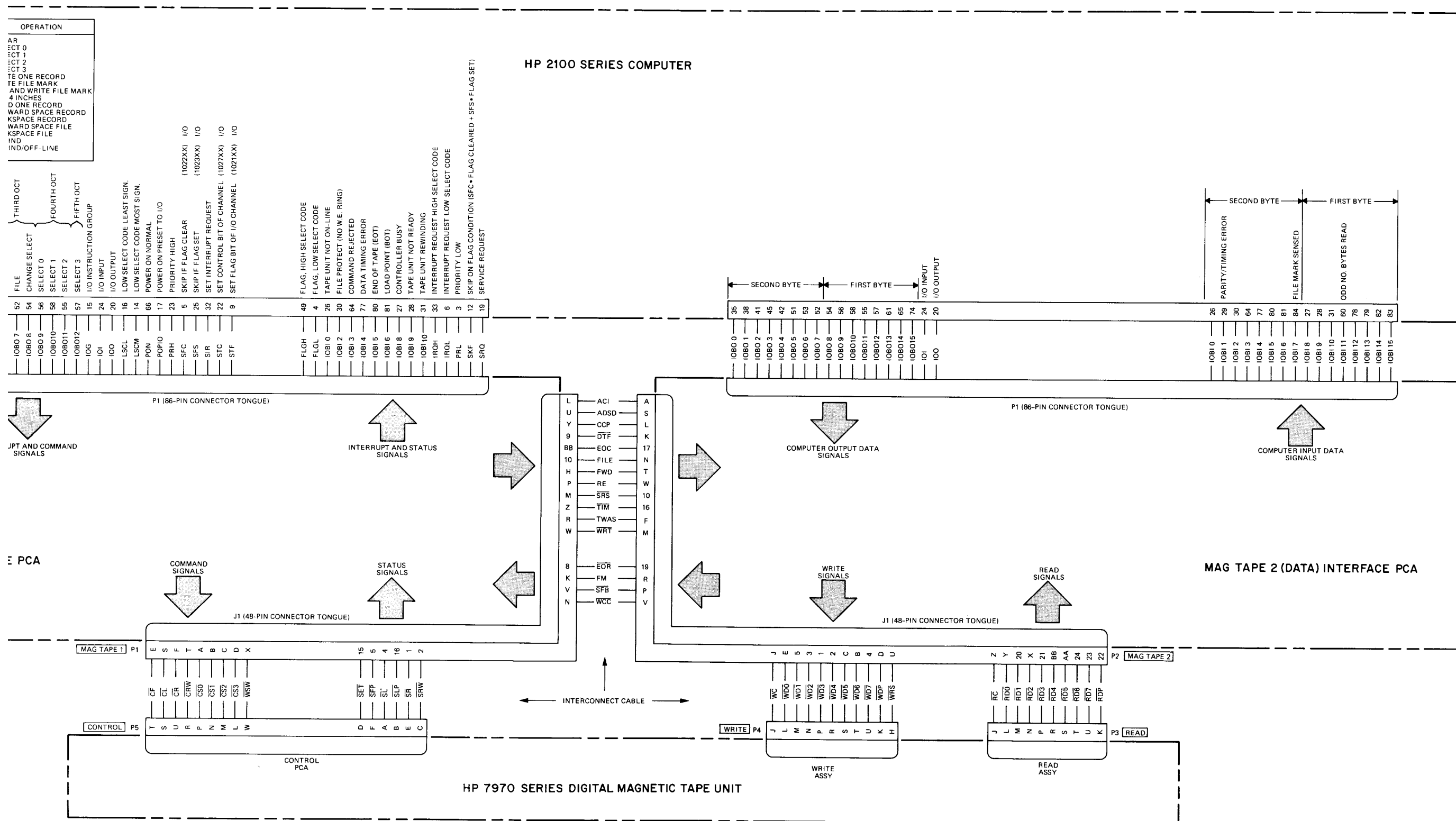


Figure 5-1. Interface Kit Interconnection Diagram

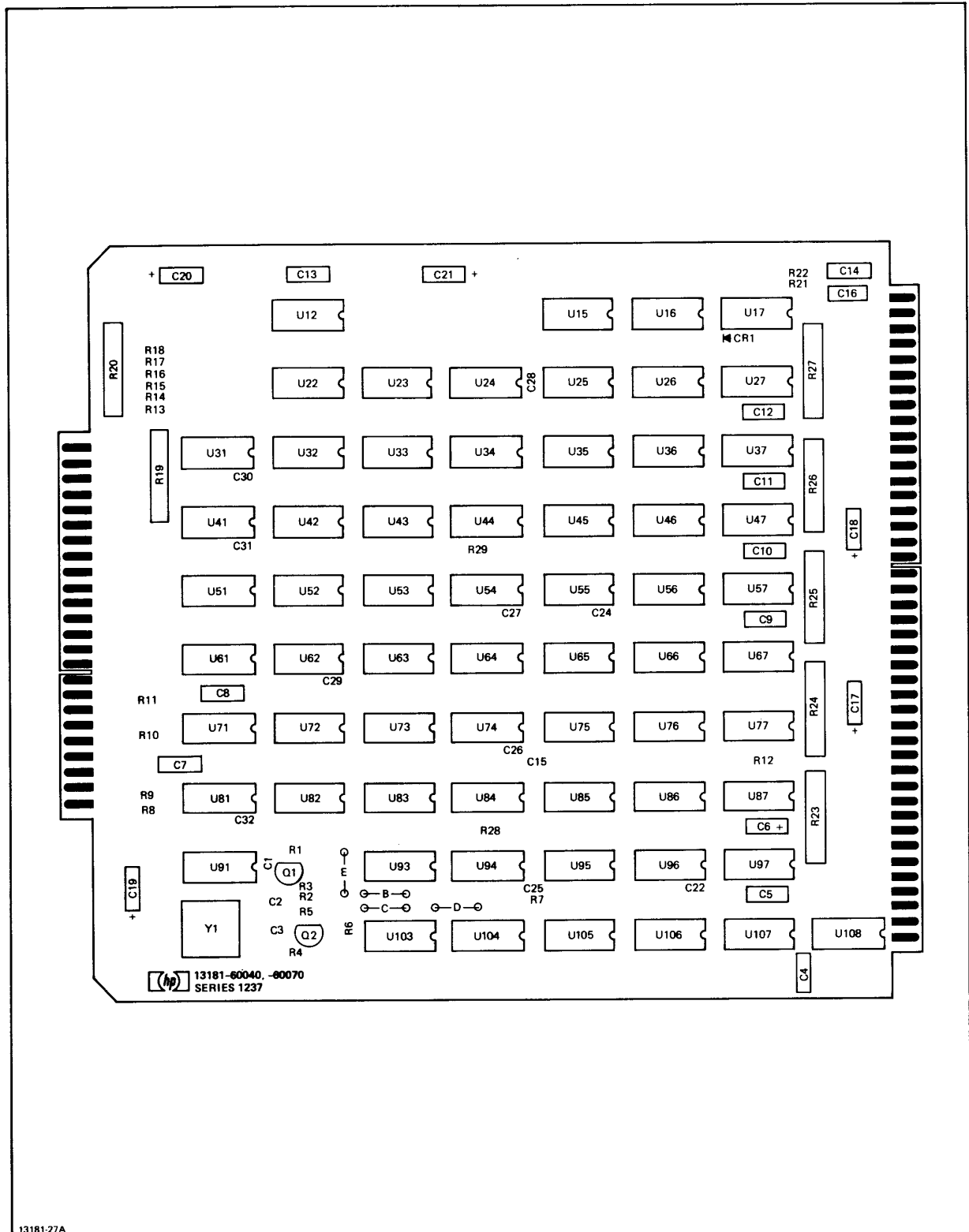
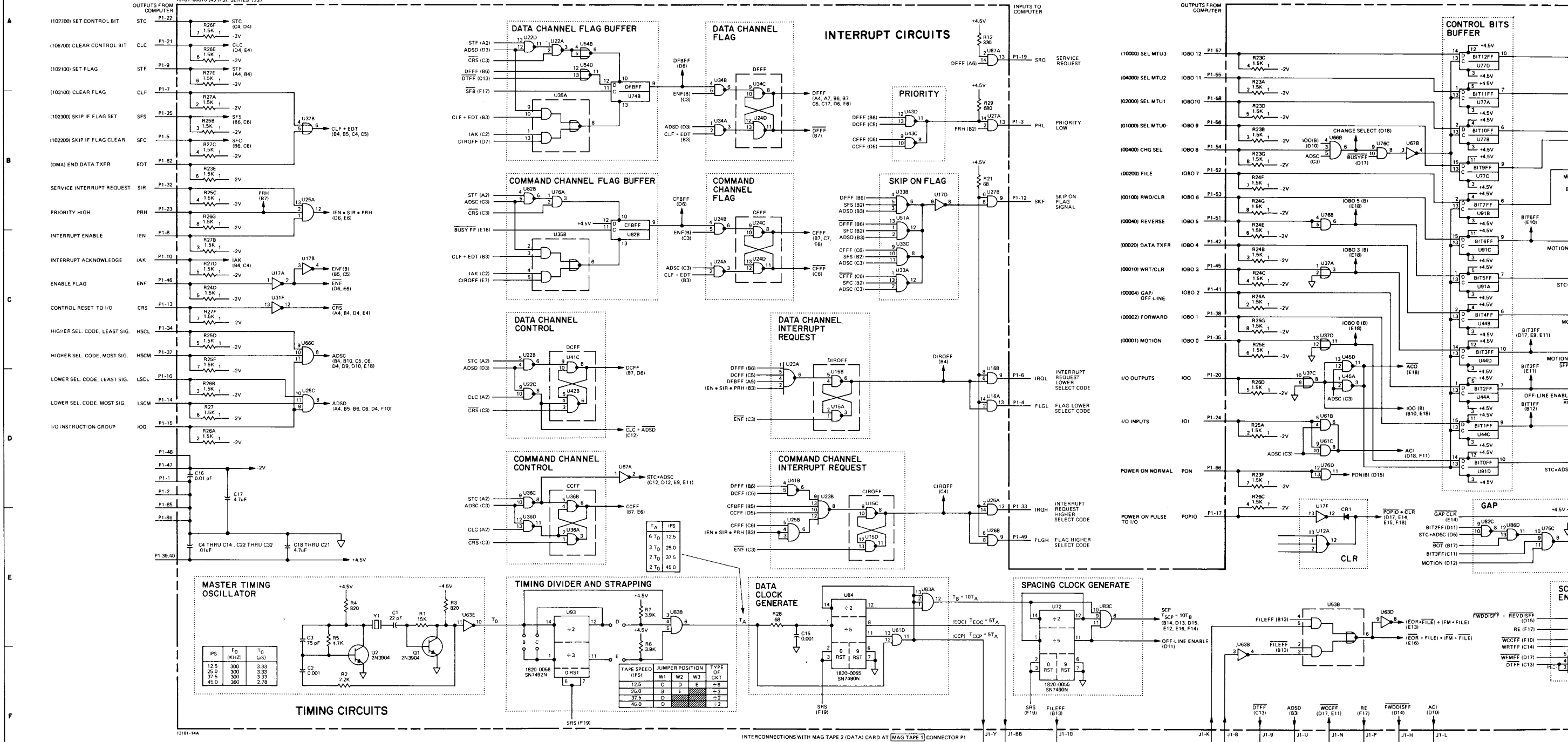


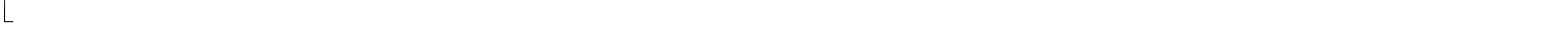
Figure 5-2. Mag Tape 1 Assembly Parts Location Diagram

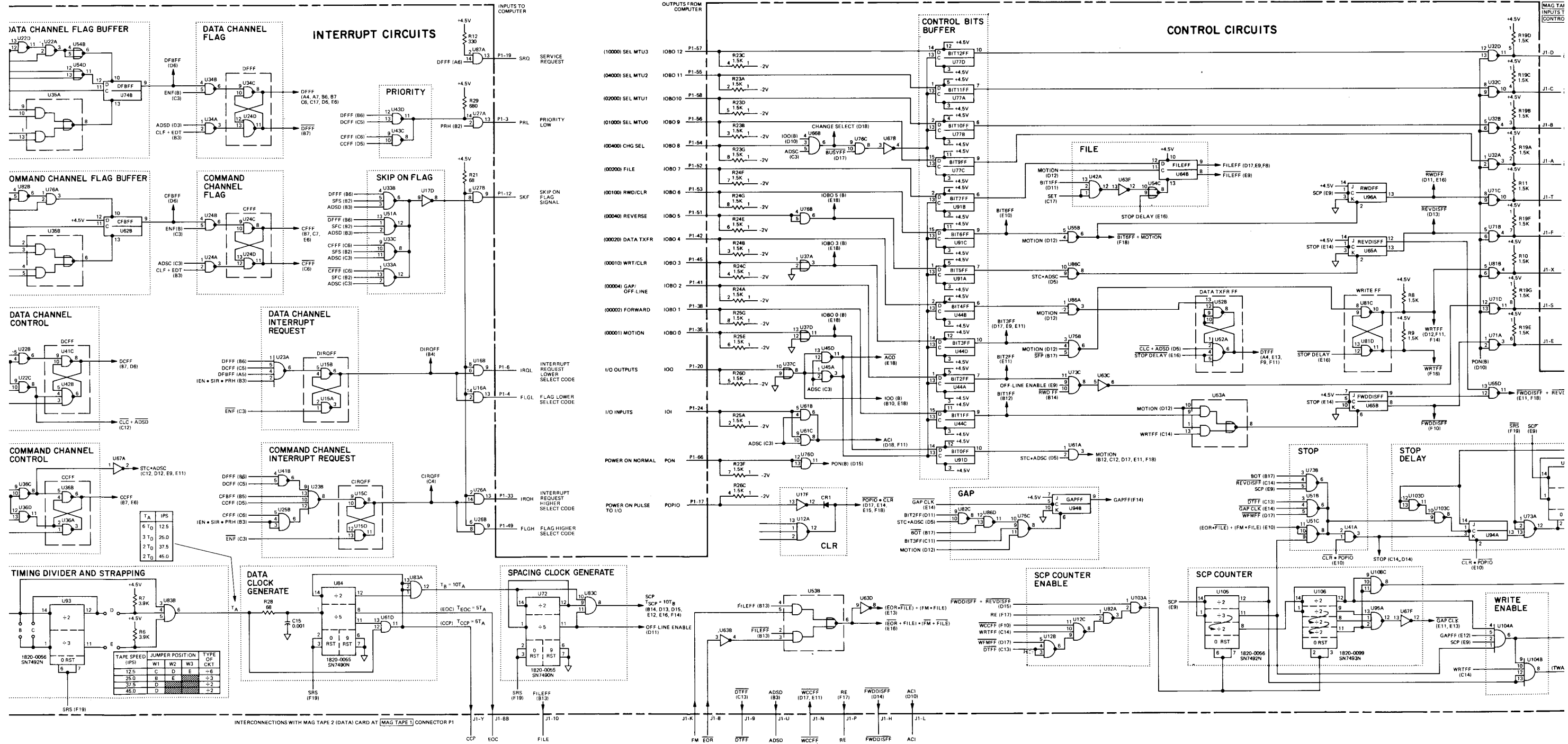
MAG TAPE 1 (CONTROL) PCA
 13181-60060 (37.5, 75, OR 12.5 IPS),
 13181-60070 (45 IPS), SERIES 1237



13181-14A

INTERCONNECTIONS WITH MAG TAPE 2 (DATA) CARD AT MAG TAPE 1 CONNECTOR P1





TAPE SPEED (IPS)	JUMPER POSITION W1	JUMPER POSITION W2	JUMPER POSITION W3	TYPE OF CKT
12.5	C	D	E	-6
25.0	B	F	-	-3
37.5	D	-	-	-2
45.0	D	-	-	+2

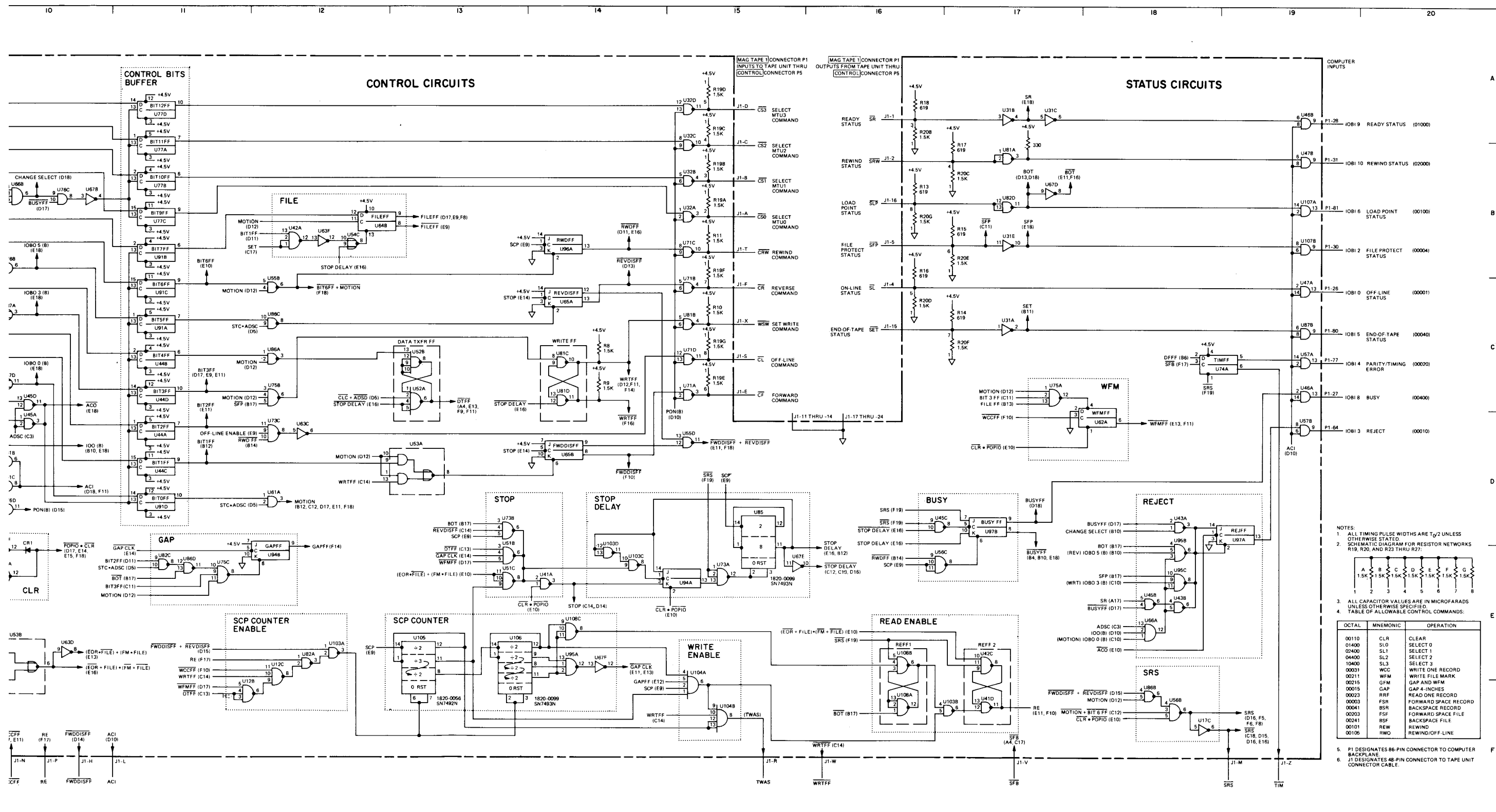


Figure 5-3. Mag Tape 1 Assembly Schematic Diagram

Table 5-4. Mag Tape 2 Printed-Circuit Assembly (13181-60010) Replaceable Parts

REFERENCE DESIGNATION	HP PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NO.
C1 thru 7,9, 11 thru 15, 21, C22 thru C45	0160-2055	CAPACITOR, fxd, cer, 10 nF, 100 VDCW	56289	C023F101F103ZS22
C8	0160-0153	CAPACITOR, fxd, My, 0.001 μ F, 10%, 200 WVDC	56289	192P10292-PTS
C17	0160-3572	CAPACITOR, fxd, cer, 330 pF, 20%, 200 WVDC	56289	C007F501F331K522-CDH
C18	0140-0191	CAPACITOR, fxd, mica, 56 pF, 5%	28480	0140-0191
C19	0160-0297	CAPACITOR, fxd, My, 1200 pF, 10%, 200 WVDC	56289	192P12292-PTS
C20	0160-3573	CAPACITOR, fxd, My, 680 pF, 20%, 200 WVDC	56289	2DF-M1
C49 thru C52	0180-0100	CAPACITOR, fxd, Ta, 4.7 μ F, 10%	28480	0180-0100
CR1	1901-0450	DIODE, Si	09019	S156/DHD125
R1 thru 4, 26 thru 30	0683-1525	RESISTOR, fxd, comp, 1.5k, 5%, 1/4W	01121	CB1525
R5,7,24,25,31	1810-0020	RESISTOR ARRAY, 7-res, fxd, film, 1.5k	56289	200C1098-CRR
R6	0683-6805	RESISTOR, fxd, comp, 68 ohms, 5%, 1/4W	01121	CB6805
R14 thru 23	0757-0418	RESISTOR, fxd, comp, 619 ohms, 1%, 1/8W	28480	0757-0418
R34 thru 37	0683-1035	RESISTOR, fxd, comp, 10k, 5%, 1/4W	01121	CB1035
U11,84	1820-0376	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	01295	SN74H40N
U12,22,32,34,43	1820-0256	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, DTL	04713	MC858P
U13,15,25,56	1820-0282	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	01295	SN7486N
U14,17,24,27,37, 47	1820-0437	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	04713	MC4015P
U16,26,36,46,61	1820-0094	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, DTL	04713	MC846P
U21,45,62,63,71	1820-0054	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	01295	SN7400N
U23,35,73,83,93	1820-0174	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	01295	SN7404N
U31	1820-0310	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, DTL	04713	MC862P
U33,65	1820-0435	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	01295	SN74180N
U41,53,72	1820-0099	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	01295	SN7493N
U42	1820-0307	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, DTL	07263	MC836P
U44,57	1820-0077	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	01295	SN7474N
U51,52,94,95, 104,105	1820-0075	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	01295	SN7473N
U54,81,82	1820-0068	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	01295	SN7410N
U55	1820-0372	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	01295	SN74H11N
U64,66	1820-0239	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	04713	MC3002P
U67,76,77,86,87, 96,97,106,107, 117	1820-0956	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, CTL	07263	CT μ L9956
U74	1820-0070	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	01295	SN7430N
U75,85	1820-0301	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	01295	SN7475N
U91,92	1820-0515	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, TTL	07263	SL50099
U103	1820-0454	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, DTL	04713	MC1805P

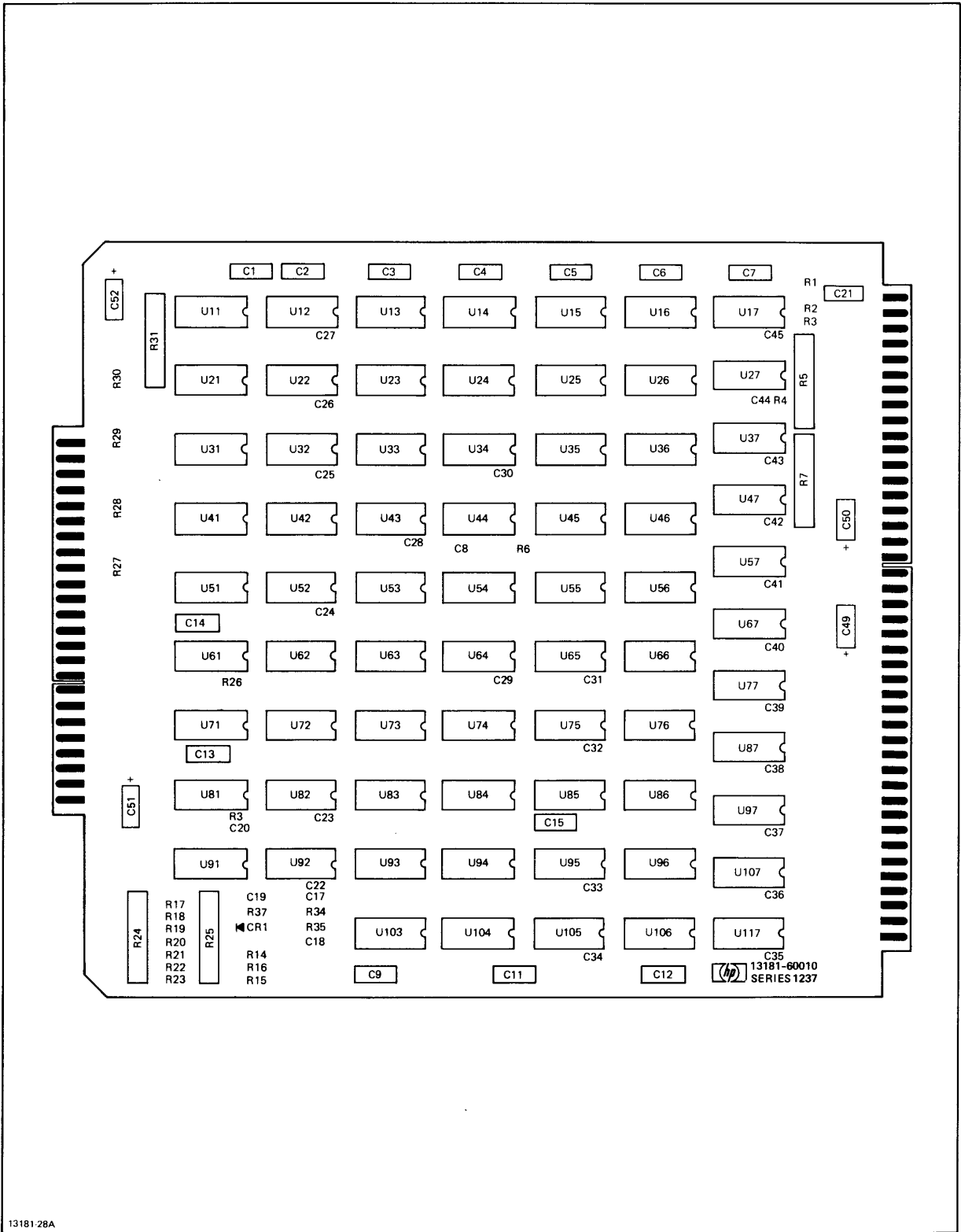
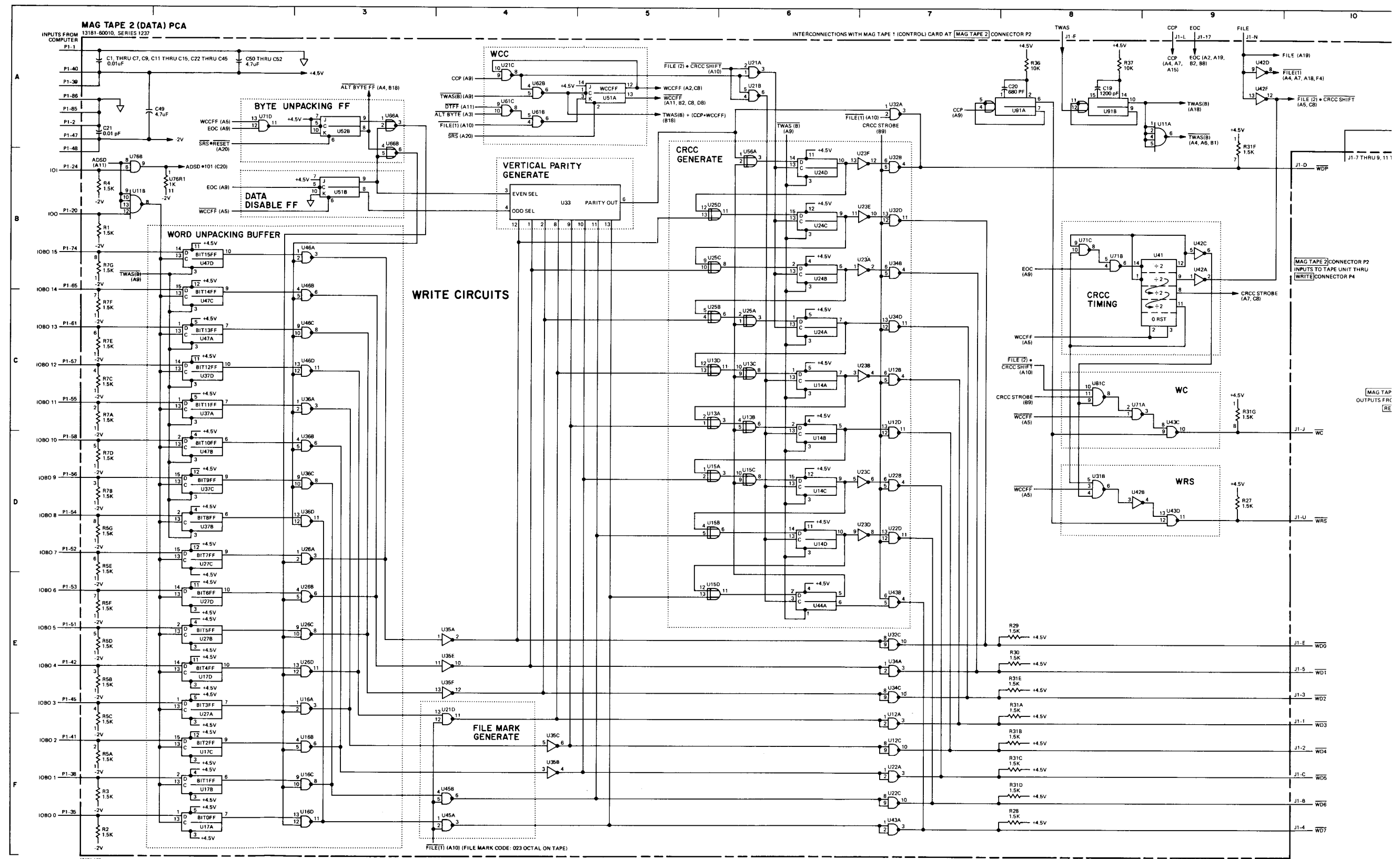
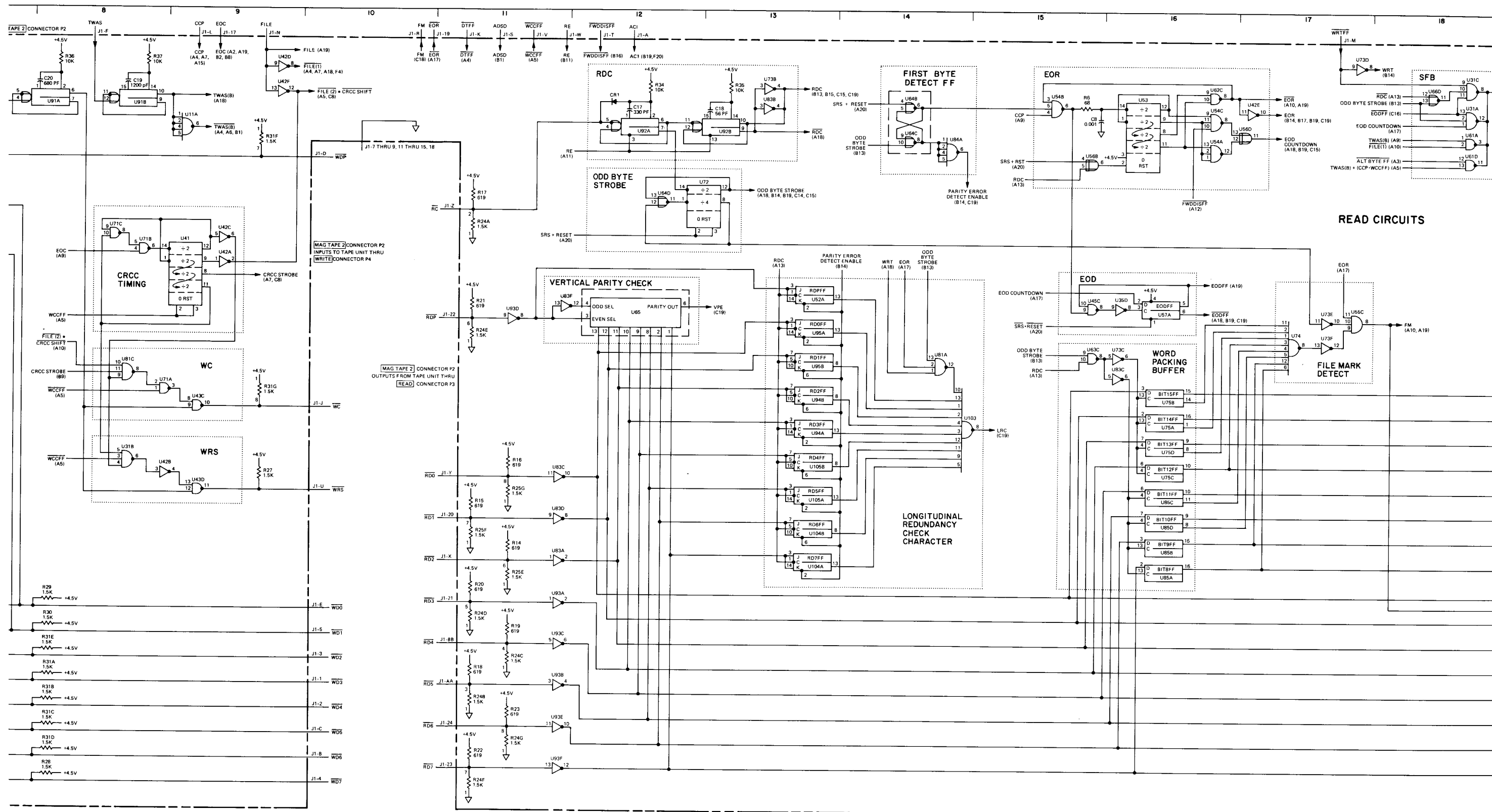
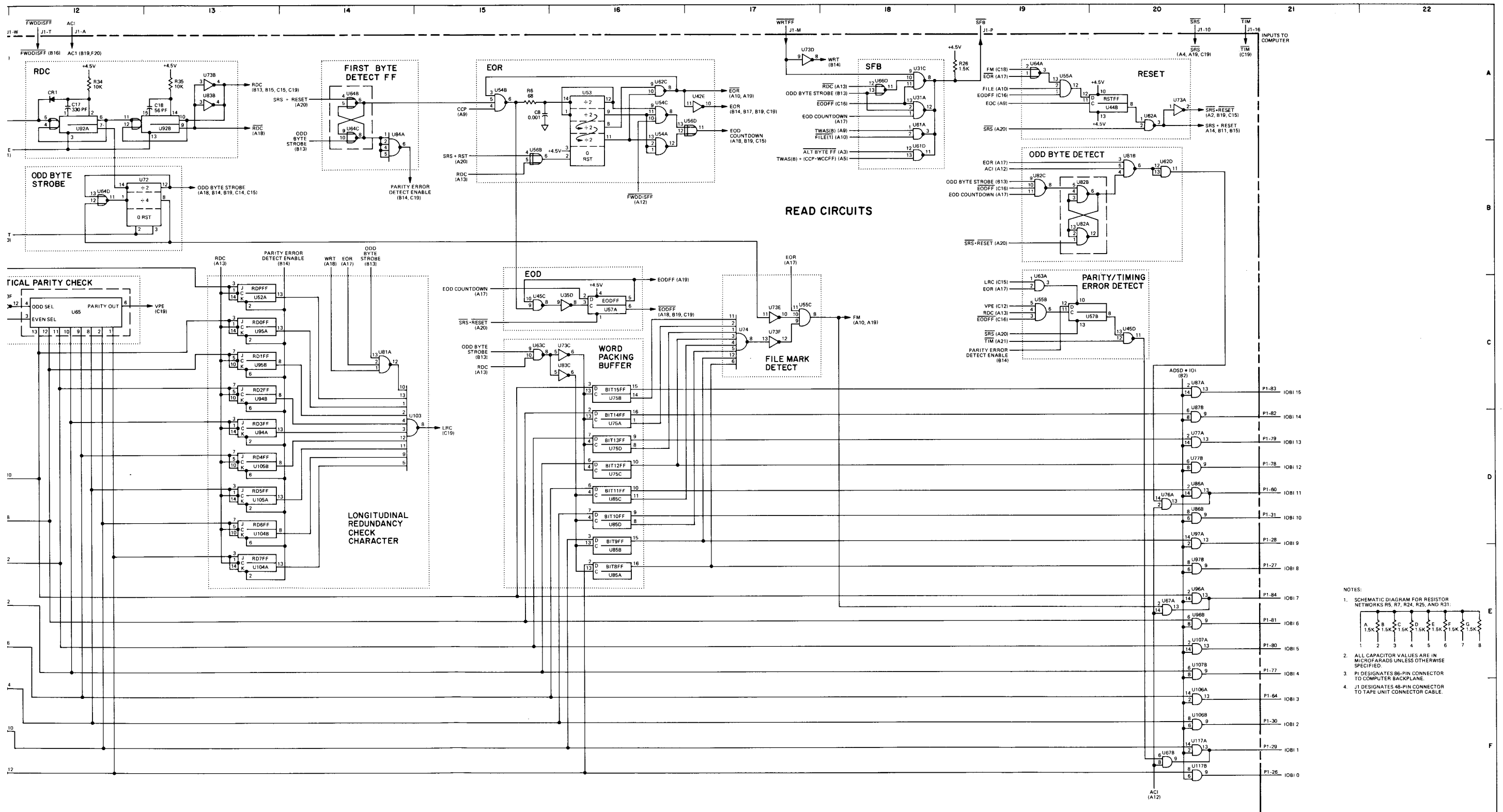


Figure 5-4. Mag Tape 2 Assembly Parts Location Diagram







- NOTES:
1. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM FOR RESISTOR NETWORKS R5, R7, R24, R25, AND R31:
-
2. ALL CAPACITOR VALUES ARE IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 3. P1 DESIGNATES 86-PIN CONNECTOR TO COMPUTER BACKPLANE.
 4. J1 DESIGNATES 86-PIN CONNECTOR TO TAPE UNIT CONNECTOR CABLE.

Figure 5-5. Mag Tape 2 Assembly Schematic Diagram

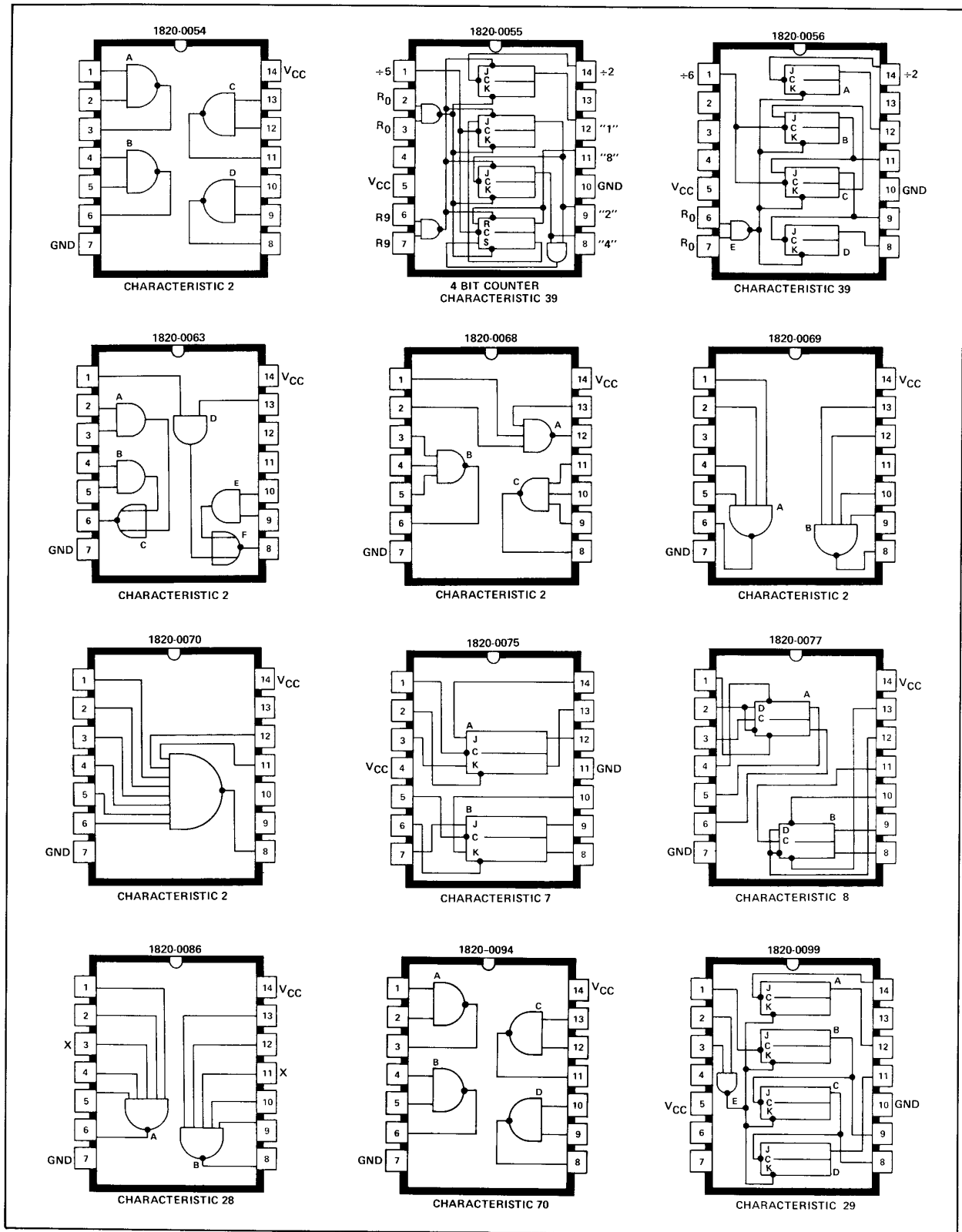


Figure 5-6. Integrated Circuit Pack Diagrams (Sheet 1 of 3)

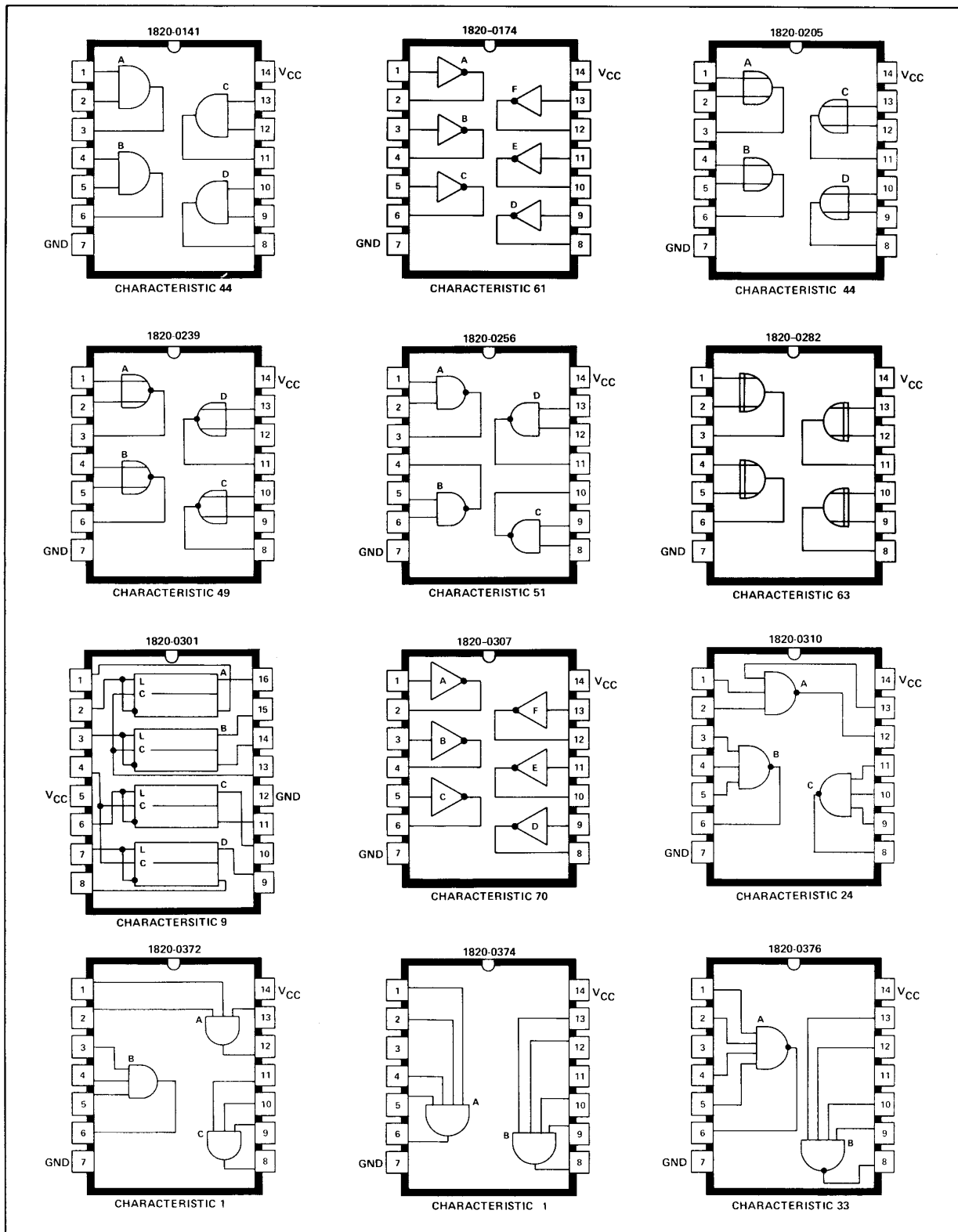


Figure 5-6. Integrated Circuit Pack Diagrams (Sheet 2 of 3)

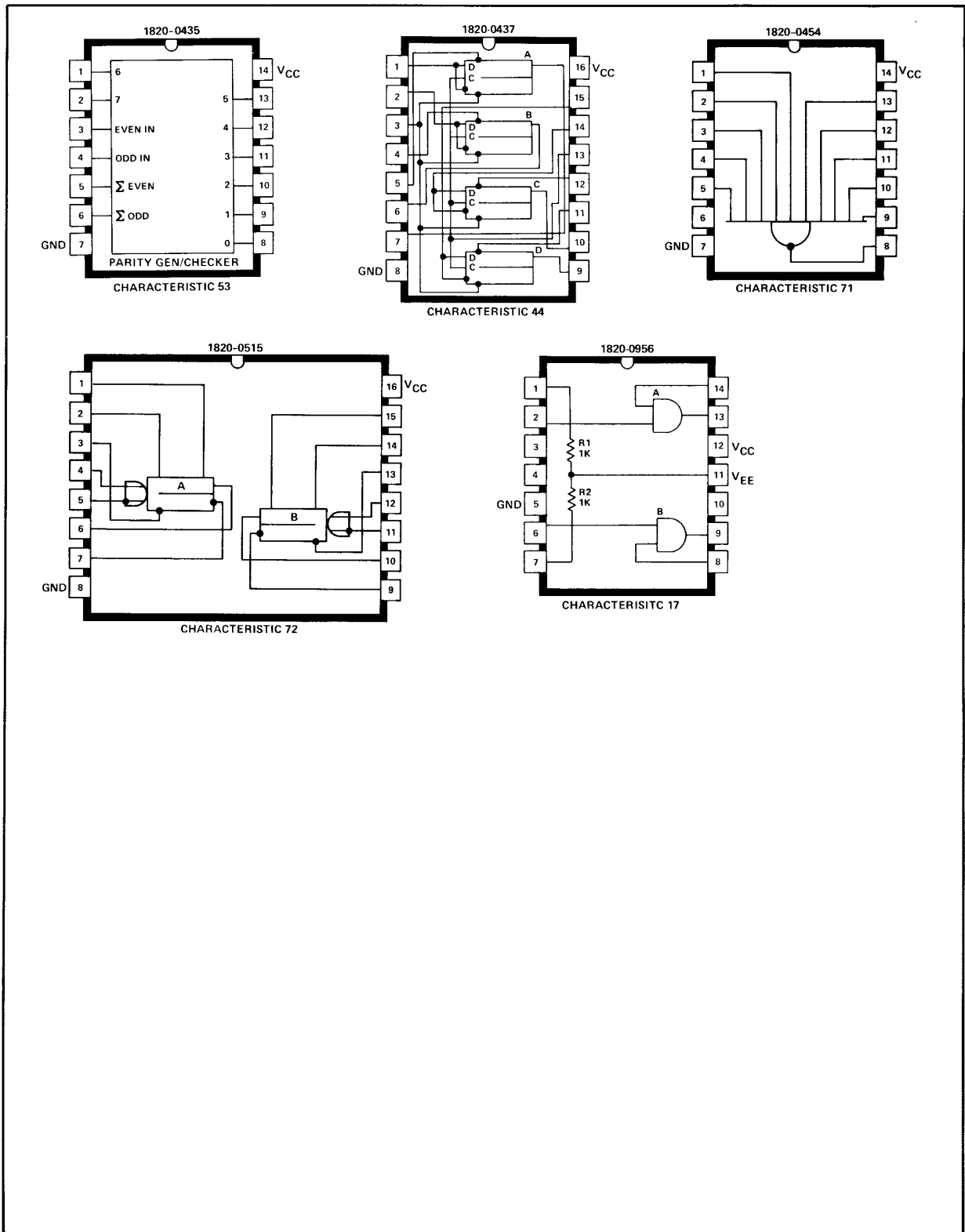


Figure 5-6. Integrated Circuit Pack Diagrams (Sheet 3 of 3)

Table 5-5. Integrated Circuit Characteristics

CHARACTERISTIC	INPUT LEVEL		OUTPUT LEVEL		OPEN INPUT ACTS AS:	MAXIMUM PROPAGATION DELAY	
	LOGIC 1 (VOLTS,MIN)	LOGIC 0 (VOLTS,MAX)	LOGIC 1 (VOLTS,MIN)	LOGIC 0 (VOLTS,MAX)		TO LOGIC 1 (NANOSECONDS)	TO LOGIC 0 (NANOSECONDS)
1	2.0	0.8	2.4	0.4	Logic 1	15	15
2	2.0	0.8	2.4	0.4	Logic 1	29	15
7	2.0	0.8	2.4	0.4	Logic 1	50 ⁽¹⁾	50
8	2.0 ⁽²⁾	0.8	2.4	0.4	Logic 1	35	50
9	2.0 ⁽³⁾	0.8	2.4	0.4	Logic 1	40	25
24	2.0	0.9	2.6	0.5	Logic 1	80	30
28	2.0	0.9	2.6	0.5	Logic 1	80	40
29	2.0 ⁽⁴⁾	0.8 ⁽⁵⁾	2.4	0.4	Logic 1	135	135
33	2.0	0.8	2.4	0.4	Logic 1	11	11
39	2.0 ⁽⁶⁾	0.8	2.4	0.4	---	100	100
44	1.8	1.1	2.5	0.4	Logic 1	15	15
49	1.8	1.1	2.5	0.4	Logic 1	10	10
51	1.8	1.1	(7)	0.45	Logic 1	50	35
53	2.0	0.8	2.5	0.4	Logic 1	60	68
61	2.0	0.8	2.4	0.4	Logic 1	22	15
63	2.0	0.8	2.4	0.4	Logic 1	23 and 30	17 and 22
70	1.9	1.1	2.6	0.45	Logic 1	80	30
71	1.9	1.1	2.6	0.45	Logic 1	60	35
72	1.9	0.85	2.4	0.45	Logic 1	27	27

NOTES:

(1) Required clock pulse width 20 ns min; set-clear 25 ns min.

(2) Required pulse widths 30 ns min.

(3) Required pulse widths: clock 30 ns min; data 75 ns min.

(4) +2.2V for pin 1.

(5) +0.6V for pin 1.

(6) Required input pulse width 50 ns min.

(7) Level depends on load.

SECTION VI REPLACEABLE PARTS

6-1. INTRODUCTION.

6-2. This section contains information for ordering replacement parts for the HP 13181A Tape Unit Interface Kit. Table 6-1 lists the replaceable parts for the interface kit. Parts location diagrams for the printed-circuit assemblies in the kit are in section V of this manual. Tables 5-3 and 5-4 list the replaceable parts for these assemblies. The parts in tables 5-2 and 5-3 are listed in alphanumeric order by reference designation.

6-3. Tables 5-3, 5-4, and 6-1 list the following information for each part:

- a. Circuit reference designation (if applicable).
- b. Hewlett-Packard part number.
- c. Description of the part. (Refer to table 6-2 for an explanation of abbreviations used in the DESCRIPTION column.)

d. Manufacturer of the part as a five-digit code. (Refer to table 6-3 for a listing of the manufacturers that correspond to the codes.)

- e. Manufacturer's part number.

6-4. ORDERING INFORMATION.

6-5. To order replacement parts, address the order or inquiry to the local HP Sales and Service Office. (Refer to the list at the back of this manual.) Specify the following information for each part ordered.

- a. Kit model number.
- b. HP stock number for each part.
- c. Description of each part.
- d. Circuit reference designation (if applicable).

Table 6-1. HP 13181A Tape Unit Interface Kit Replaceable Parts

HP PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	MFR CODE	MFR PART NO.	TQ
13181-60030	INTERCONNECT CABLE	28480	13181-60030	1
13181-60040	MAG TAPE 1 PRINTED-CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY, 37.5, 25 ips (option 001), and 12.5 ips (option 002) (Refer to table 5-3.)	28480	13181-60040	1
13181-60070	MAG TAPE 1 PRINTED-CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY, 45 ips (option 003 only) (Refer to table 5-3.)	28480	13181-60070	1
13181-60010	MAG TAPE 2 PRINTED-CIRCUIT ASSEMBLY (Refer to table 5-4.)	28480	13181-60010	1
13181-90000	OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL	28480	13181-90000	1

APPENDIX A BACKDATING INFORMATION

This backdating appendix provides information for making this manual applicable to earlier configurations of HP 13181A Interface Kits. Changes are identified numerically in this appendix. Refer to the following table to determine

which changes are associated with particular series-numbered printed-circuit assemblies. To backdate a manual to correctly represent a given interface kit, perform the changes in reverse sequence (highest numbered change first).

Description	Part Number	Series		Changes
		From	To	
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60020	1034	1025	1 and 2
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60040	1034	1025	1 and 2
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60050	1034	1025	1 and 2
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60060	1034	1025	1 and 2
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60020	1037	1034	3 and 4
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60040	1037	1034	3 and 4
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60050	1037	1034	3 and 4
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60060	1037	1034	3 and 4
Mag Tape 2 PCA	13181-60010	1039	1025	5 thru 7
Mag Tape 2 PCA	13181-60010	1042	1039	8 thru 10
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60070	No change		11 thru 18
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60020	1049	1037	19
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60040	1049	1037	19
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60050	1049	1037	19
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60060	1049	1037	19
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60070	1049	1037	19
Mag Tape 2 PCA	13181-60010	1103	1042	20 thru 22
Mag Tape 2 PCA	13181-60010	1139	1103	23 and 24
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60040	1141	1049	25 and 26
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60050	1141	1049	25 and 26
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60060	1141	1049	25 and 26
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60070	1141	1049	25 and 26
Mag Tape 2 PCA	13181-60010	1149	1139	27 thru 29
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60050	No change		30 and 31
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60060	No change		30 and 31
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60040	1213	1141	32
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60070	1213	1141	32
Mag Tape 2 PCA	13181-60010	1237	1149	33
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60040	1237	1213	34
Mag Tape 1 PCA	13181-60070	1237	1213	34

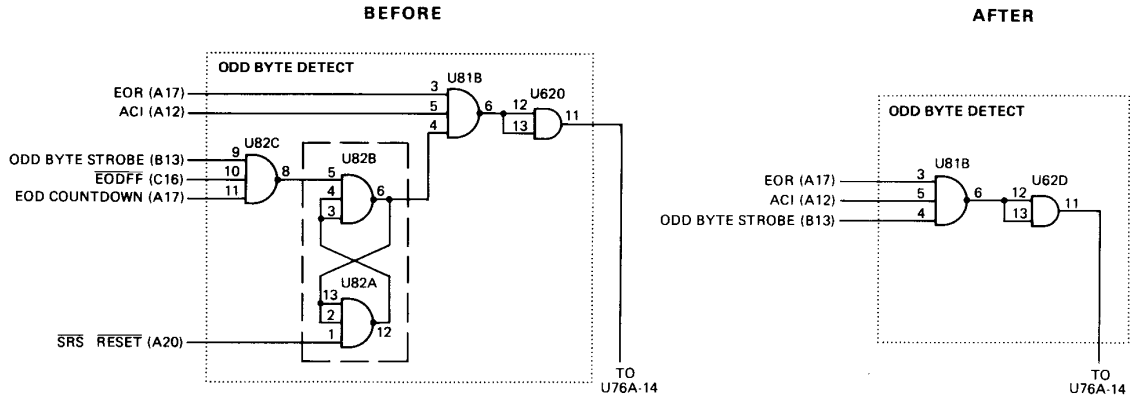
CHANGE	DESCRIPTION
1	Page 5-5, figures 5-2 and 5-3. Change series code from 1034 to 1025.
2	Page 5-5, figure 5-3. Delete U67B (zone B10) and connect U76C-8 direct to U77D-13, U77A-13, U77B-13, and U77C-13.
3	Page 5-4, table 5-3. a. Add part number 13181-60020 to table title. b. Delete R29.
4	Page 5-5, figures 5-2 and 5-3. a. Change series code from 1037 to 1034. b. Delete resistor R29. c. Add part number 13181-60020 to the PCA identification.
5	Page 5-7, figures 5-4 and 5-5. Change series code from 1039 to 1025.
6	Page 5-7, figure 5-5. Delete the following wiring connections: a. J1-17 (zone A9) to U51B-5 (B3). b. U51A-12 (A5) to U51B-6 (B3). c. U51B-9 (B3) to U66A-2 (A3) and U66B-5 (B3). d. U51B-9 (B3) to U33-3 (B4). e. U51B-8 (B3) to U33-4 (B4). f. U41-8 (B9) to U32B-5 (B7), U32D-12 (B7), U34B-5 (B7), U34D-12 (C7), U12B-5 (C7), U12D-12 (C7), U22B-5 (D7), U22D-12 (D7), and U43B-6 (E7). g. U71C-8 (B8) to U71B-5 (B8). h. U41-11 (C9) to U31B-5 (D8). i. U42C-6 (B9) to U31B-4 (D8). j. U42B-4 (D9) to U43D-13 (D9). k. U51A-12 (A5) to U41-2, 3 (C9).
7	Page 5-7, figure 5-5. Add the following wiring connections: a. U51A-12 (A5) to U51B-5 (B3). b. U41-12 (B9) to U66A-2 (A3) and U66B-5 (B3). c. U71C-8 (B8) to U51B-6 (B3). d. U51B-9 (B3) to U71B-5 (B8). e. U51B-8 (B3) to U41-2, 3 (C9). f. U41-11 (C9) to U43D-13 (D9). g. U41-8 (B9) to U81C-11 (C8). h. U42D-8 (A9) to U31B-4 (D8). i. U42B-4 (D9) to U32B-5 (B7), U32D-12 (B7), U34B-5 (B7), U34D-12 (C7), U12B-5 (C7), U12D-12 (C7), U22B-5 (D7), U22D-12 (D7), and U43B-6 (E7).
8	Page 5-6, table 5-4. Delete U82.
9	Page 5-7, figure 5-4. Delete U82 and change series code from 1042 to 1039.

CHANGE

DESCRIPTION

10

Page 5-7, figure 5-5. Delete U82, as shown below, and change series code from 1042 to 1039.



11

Page 1-1, paragraph 1-4, line 7. Delete the sentence “DMA is always required for 45 ips configurations.”

12

Page 1-1, paragraph 1-6a. Delete reference to part number 13181-60070.

13

Page 1-1, paragraph 1-12, line 4, 7, and 8. Delete references to option 003 (45 ips).

14

Page 1-2, tables 1-1 and 1-2. Delete the references to 45 ips tape speed.

15

Page 3-1, paragraph 3-4, line 8. Delete reference to 45 ips tape speed.

16

Page 3-1, paragraph 3-5, line 4. Delete reference to 45 ips tape speed.

17

Page 5-4, table 5-3. Delete reference to part number 13181-60070 from table title.

18

Page 5-5, figures 5-2 and 5-3. Delete reference to part number 13181-60070 and 45 ips tape speed.

19

No change to equipment.

20

Page 5-6, table 5-4.

- a. Delete C16, C17, C18, CR1, R34, R35, and U92.
- b. Add Q2 and Q3 to the Q1 entry (all three transistors are the same type).
- c. Add C10 to the C8 entry (C10 and C8 are the same type capacitor).
- d. Add the following components:

R11,R12,R13 R32,R33	0683-4715	RESISTOR, fxd, 470 ohm, 5%, 1/4 W	01121	CB 4715
R10	0683-4705	RESISTOR, fxd, 47 ohm, 5%, 1/4 W	01121	CB 4705

21

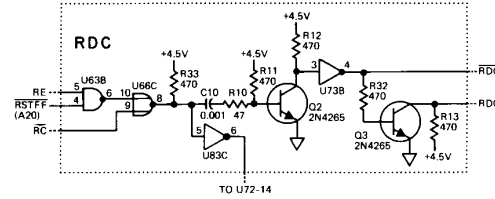
Page 5-7, figures 5-4 and 5-5. Delete C16, C17, C18, CR1, R34, R35, and U92. (RDC circuit) and change series code from 1103 to 1042.

CHANGE

DESCRIPTION

22

Page 5-7, figure 5-5. Replace the RDC circuit (deleted in the preceding step) with the following circuit.



23

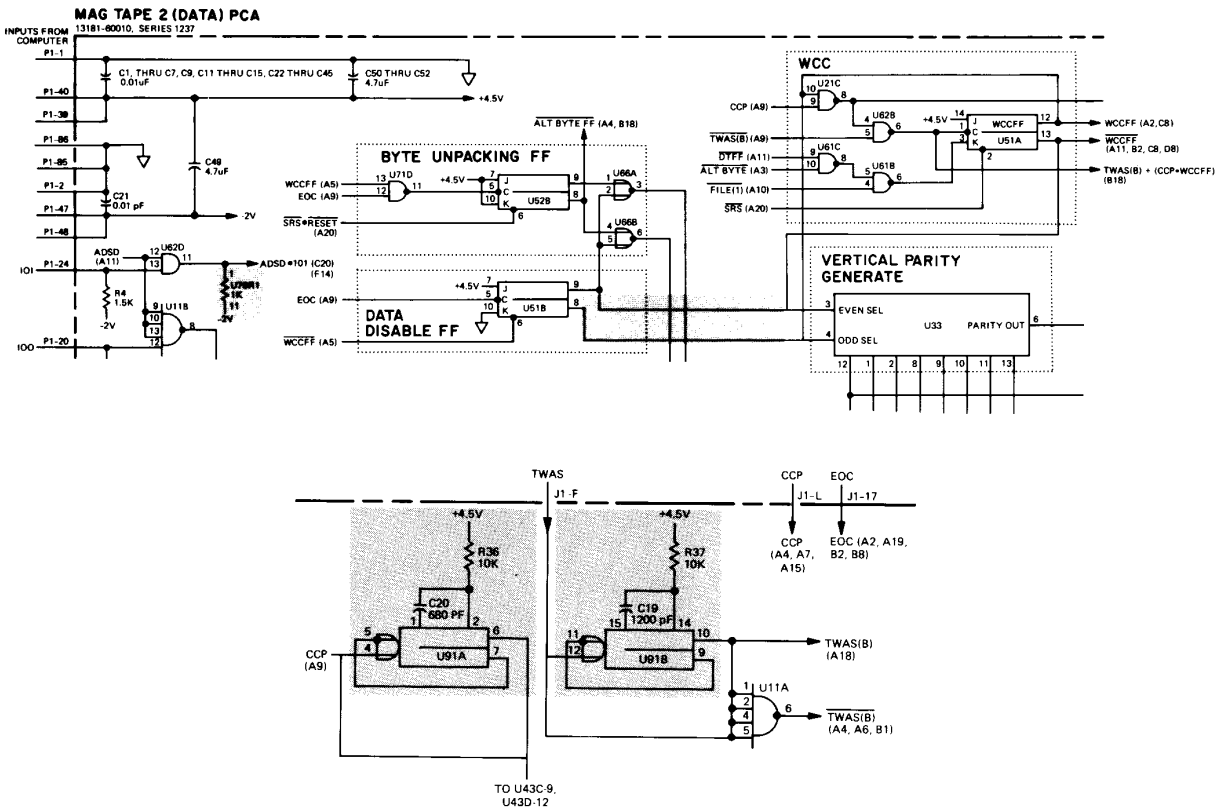
Page 5-6, table 5-4.

- a. Delete C19, C20, R34, R35, U91, and U117.
- b. Add the following entries:

C16	0160-2204	CAPACITOR, fxd, mica, 100 pF, 5% 300 WVDC	28480	0160-2204
Q1	1854-0274	TRANSISTOR, NPN, sil, 1 W	04713	55384
R8	0686-6805	RESISTOR, fxd, 68 ohms, 5%, 1/2 W	01121	EB 6805
R9	0683-4715	RESISTOR, fxd, 470 ohms, 5%, 1/4 W	01121	CB 4715
R34,R35	0757-0442	RESISTOR, fxd, 10K, 1%, 1/8 W	91637	CMF-55-1, T-1

24

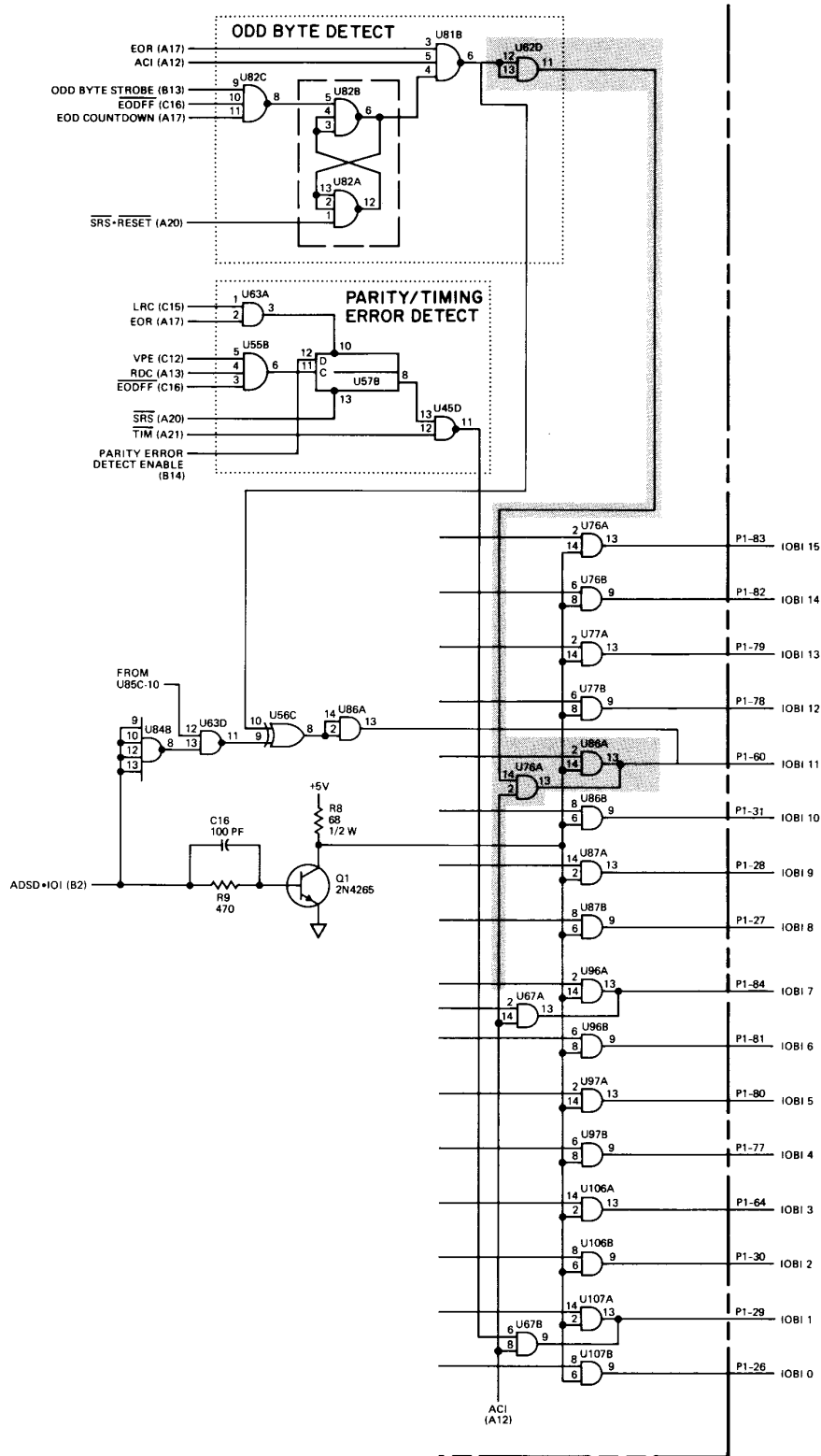
Page 5-7, figure 5-5. Change figure 5-5 as shown on the following three partial schematics (shaded areas indicate deletions).



CHANGE

DESCRIPTION

24
(cont.)



CHANGE	DESCRIPTION
25	Page 5-4, table 5-3. Replace plug-in jumper 5040-1485 with jumper wire 8159-0005.
26	Page 5-5, figures 5-2 and 5-3. Change series code from 1141 to 1049.
27	Page 5-6, table 5-4. Delete entry for part number 0160-2055 (C1 thru 7, 9, 11 thru 15, 21) and associated note "†Series 1149 only" at bottom of page.
28	Page 5-7, figures 5-4 and 5-5. <ol style="list-style-type: none">Delete C21.Change series code from 1149 to 1139.
29	Page 5-7, figure 5-5. Change value of C1 thru C7, C9, and C11 thru C15 from 0.01 μ F to 1.0 μ F.
30	Page 5-4, table 5-3. <ol style="list-style-type: none">Add part numbers 13181-60050 and 13181-60060 to the table title.Delete entry for C4 thru C14 and C16 (part number 0160-2055) and associated note at bottom of page.
31	Page 5-5, figures 5-2 and 5-3. <ol style="list-style-type: none">Add part numbers 13181-60050 and 13181-60060 to the Mag Tape 1 PCA and change the series code from 1213 to 1141.Delete capacitor C16.
32	Page 5-5, figure 5-3. <ol style="list-style-type: none">Disconnect U42C-10 (zone F17) from U53B-6 (E10).Disconnect U52A-4 (D13) from U52A-5 (D13).Connect U53B-6 (E10) to U52A-5.
33	Pages 5-6 and 5-7, table 5-4 and figures 5-4 and 5-5. Delete capacitors C22 thru C45 and C49 thru C52 and change series code to 1149.
34	Pages 5-4 and 5-5, table 5-3 and figures 5-2 and 5-3. Delete capacitors C17 thru C32 and change series code to 1213.



13181A

DIGITAL MAGNETIC TAPE UNIT INTERFACE KIT
OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL

UPDATING SUPPLEMENT

19 APR 1974

MANUAL IDENTIFICATION

Manual Serial No. Prefix: N/A

Manual Printed: February 1974

Manual Part No.: 13181-90000

Microfiche Part No.: 13181-90091

SUPPLEMENT DESCRIPTION

The purpose of this supplement is to adapt the manual to equipment containing production improvements made subsequent to the printing of the manual and to correct manual errors. Enter the new information (or the Change Number, if more convenient) into the appropriate places in the manual, identified at left. For any given instrument serial number prefix, all change steps noted for prior serial number prefixes must be incorporated in addition to those for the given prefix.

INSTRUMENT CHANGES

Serial No. Prefix Change

All (Errata)	1

ASSEMBLY CHANGES

Ref Des Description HP Part No. Series Changes

Change 1 dated 19 April 1974.

US-1

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Europe. 1217 Meyrin-Geneva, Switzerland • Cable "HEWPACKSA" Tel. (022) 41.54.00

Printed in U.S.A.

CHANGE

DESCRIPTION

1

Appendix A, change 32 of the backdating supplement should have the following information added:

"Delete a dagger symbol (†) preceding C4 through 14, 16 (part no. 0160-2055) in table 5-3 and a note at the bottom of the page reading: "† Series 1213 and above only."
This information plus the existing information in change 32 enables PCA's 13181-60040 and 13181-60070 to be changed from a 1213 series code to 1141.



MANUAL PART NO. 13181-90000
MICROFICHE PART NO. 13181-90091

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