

UUU	UUU	EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	PPPPPPPPPPPP	
UUU	UUU	EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	PPPPPPPPPPPP	
UUU	UUU	EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	PPPPPPPPPPPP	
UUU	UUU	EEE	TTT	PPP	PPP
UUU	UUU	EEE	TTT	PPP	PPP
UUU	UUU	EEE	TTT	PPP	PPP
UUU	UUU	EEE	TTT	PPP	PPP
UUU	UUU	EEE	TTT	PPP	PPP
UUU	UUU	EEE	TTT	PPP	PPP
UUU	UUU	EEE	TTT	PPP	PPP
UUU	UUU	EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE	TTT	PPPPPPPPPPPP	
UUU	UUU	EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE	TTT	PPPPPPPPPPPP	
UUU	UUU	EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE	TTT	PPPPPPPPPPPP	
UUU	UUU	EEE	TTT	PPP	
UUU	UUU	EEE	TTT	PPP	
UUU	UUU	EEE	TTT	PPP	
UUU	UUU	EEE	TTT	PPP	
UUU	UUU	EEE	TTT	PPP	
UUU	UUU	EEE	TTT	PPP	
UUU	UUU	EEE	TTT	PPP	
UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU	UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU	EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE	TTT	PPP	
UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU	UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU	EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE	TTT	PPP	
UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU	UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU	EEEEEEEEEEEEEEEE	TTT	PPP	

_s
Va
--
000
000
000
7F1
7F1
7F1
7F1
7F1
7F1
7F1
7F1


```

/*      Record types for I/O database
/*
/* The record types defined below are used not only for identifying record
/* types in the PO database created by UETP$CLSIODB, but to dispatch in case
/* statements. Therefore, the order is important.
/*
constant (
    NULL_RTYPE          /* Record type of null record
    ,SID_RTYPE          /* Record type of system block record
    ,PATH_RTYPE        /* Record type of path block record
    ,DDB_RTYPE         /* Record type of DDB record
    ,UCB_RTYPE         /* Record type of UCB record
    ,MPM_RTYPE         /* Record type of shared memory record
    ,END_RTYPE         /* Record type for end of all records
) equals 0 increment 1 prefix UID$;

/*      Record definitions
/*
/* These definitions are used for the individual records that describe the
/* peripherals available to a system and for the flags that say which records
/* are to be returned. There are seven kinds of record: a system record,
/* a path record, a DDB record, a UCB record, an MPM record, an end record
/* and a null record. The first five correspond to similar items one finds
/* when traversing VMS's I/O database. The end record gives a convenient way
/* to end if one reads the local data structure sequentially. The null record
/* is available to allow for various housekeeping features. A generic record
/* is also defined to emphasize the fields that are the same in all records.
/*

/*
/* Generic fields in all records
aggregate UETIDB_GNRC structure prefix UIDGNRC$;
    FLINK address;      /* Pointer to next record of this type
    SIZE word unsigned; /* Length of this record
    TYPE byte unsigned; /* Always UID$K_xxxx_RTYPE
end UETIDB_GNRC;

/*
/* Null record
aggregate UETIDB_NULL structure prefix UIDNULL$;
    FLINK address;      /* Pointer to next record of this type
    SIZE word unsigned; /* Length of this record
    TYPE byte unsigned; /* Always UID$K_NULL_RTYPE
    constant FFREE equals .; /* First free byte
end UETIDB_NULL;

/*
/* Store system block info
aggregate UETIDB_SID structure prefix UIDSID$;
    FLINK address;      /* Pointer to next record of this type
    SIZE word unsigned; /* Length of this record
    TYPE byte unsigned; /* Always UID$K_SID_RTYPE
    PBFL longword unsigned; /* Pointer to first path block
    SYSTEMID byte unsigned dimension 6; /* System id - SBSS_SYSTEMID long
    SWTYPE character length 4; /* ASCII software type
    SWVERS character length 4; /* ASCII software version

```

```

SWINCARN quadword unsigned; /* Software incarnation #
HWTYPE character length 4; /* ASCII hardware type, blank filled
HWVERS byte unsigned dimension 12; /* ASCII hardware version
NODENAME character length 16; /* ASCII SCS nodename
DDB longword unsigned; /* Pointer to first DDB on list
constant FFREE equals .; /* First free byte
end UETIDB_SID;

/*
/* Store path info
aggregate UETIDB_PATH structure prefix UIDPATHS;
FLINK address; /* Pointer to next record of this type
SIZE word unsigned; /* Length of this record
TYPE byte unsigned; /* Always UIDSK_PATH_RTYPE
STATE word unsigned; /* Virtual circuit state
LPORT NAME character length 4; /* Local port name
RSTATE byte unsigned; /* Remote port state
CBL_STS byte unsigned; /* Overall cable status
PO_STS byte unsigned; /* Path A status
P1_STS byte unsigned; /* Path B status
constant FFREE equals .; /* First free byte
end UETIDB_PATH;

/*
/* Store DDB info
aggregate UETIDB_DDB structure prefix UIDDDBS;
FLINK address; /* Pointer to next record of this type
SIZE word unsigned; /* Length of this record
TYPE byte unsigned; /* Always UIDSK_DDB_RTYPE
UCB longword unsigned; /* Pointer to first UCB
NAME character length 1; /* Variable length .ASCII - DDB name
constant FFREE equals .; /* First possible free byte
end UETIDB_DDB;

/*
/* Store UCB info
aggregate UETIDB_UCB structure prefix UIDUCBS;
FLINK address; /* Pointer to next record of this type
SIZE word unsigned; /* Length of this record
TYPE byte unsigned; /* Always UIDSK_UCB_RTYPE
NUMBER word unsigned; /* Unit number
DEVCLASS byte unsigned; /* Device class
DEVTYPE byte unsigned; /* Device type
DEVCHAR longword unsigned; /* First set of device characteristics
DEVCHAR2 longword unsigned; /* Second set of device characteristics
constant FFREE equals .; /* First free byte
end UETIDB_UCB;

/*
/* Store shared (multiport) memory info
aggregate UETIDB_MPM structure prefix UIDMPMS;
FLINK address; /* Pointer to next record of this type
SIZE word unsigned; /* Length of this record
TYPE byte unsigned; /* Always UIDSK_MPM_RTYPE
NUMBER word unsigned; /* Memory unit number
NAME character length 1; /* Variable length .ASCII - MPM name

```

SY
:
:
:
:
:
:
:
:
:
:
NO
BY
WO
LO
QU
DE
NU
CO

CO
CO
CO

CO
CO
CO
CO
CO
CO
CO

```
constant FFREE equals .; /* First possible free byte
end UETIDB_MPM;

/*
/* End of records record
aggregate UETIDB_END structure prefix UIDENDS;
  FLINK address; /* Pointer to next record of this type
  SIZE word unsigned; /* Length of this record
  TYPE byte unsigned; /* Always UIDSK_END_RTYPE
  constant FFREE equals .; /* First possible free-byte
end UETIDB_END;

/*      Flags
/*
/* Flags determining which subset of record types should be returned. The
/* flags are not totally independent, i.e., there are some semantics needed
/* to determine which affect others. If a data structure is "dependent"
/* (pointed to) by another kind of data structure, then returning information
/* about the first depends on returning information about the second.
/* Examples: to return UCB info, one must return DDB info; to return path
/* block info one must return cluster info. Note that the DDB flag is
/* redundant for local device info but necessary for cluster info.
/*
aggregate UETIDB_FLAGS structure prefix UIDFLAGS;
  SID bitfield mask; /* If set, return system block info
  PATH bitfield mask; /* If set, return path block info
  DDB bitfield mask; /* If set, return DDB info
  UCB bitfield mask; /* If set, return UCB info
  MPM bitfield mask; /* If set, return shared memory info
  MYSYS bitfield mask; /* If set, return cluster info about myself
end UETIDB_FLAGS;

end_module $UETIDBDEF;
```


