


```

RRRRRRRR MM MM 333333 NN NN EEEEEEEEEE XX XX TTTTTTTTTT RRRRRRRR EEEEEEEEEE
RRRRRRRR MM MM 333333 NN NN EEEEEEEEEE XX XX TTTTTTTTTT RRRRRRRR EEEEEEEEEE
RR RR RR MMMM MMMM 33 33 NN NN EE XX XX TT RR RR EE
RR RR RR MMMM MMMM 33 33 NN NN EE XX XX TT RR RR EE
RR RR RR MM MM MM NN NN NN NN EE XX XX TT RR RR EE
RRRRRRRR MM MM 33 33 NN NN NN NN EEEEEEEEEE XX XX TT RRRRRRRR EEEEEEEEEE
RRRRRRRR MM MM 33 33 NN NN NN NN EEEEEEEEEE XX XX TT RRRRRRRR EEEEEEEEEE
RR RR MM MM 33 33 NN NNNN EE XX XX TT RR RR EE
RR RR MM MM 33 33 NN NNNN EE XX XX TT RR RR EE
RR RR MM MM 33 33 NN NN NN EE XX XX TT RR RR EE
RR RR MM MM 33 33 NN NN NN EE XX XX TT RR RR EE
RR RR MM MM 333333 NN NN EEEEEEEEEE XX XX TT RR RR EEEEEEEEEE
RR RR MM MM 333333 NN NN EEEEEEEEEE XX XX TT RR RR EEEEEEEEEE

```

```

LL IIIIII SSSSSSSS
LL IIIIII SSSSSSSS
LL II SS
LL II SS
LL II SS
LL II SS
LL II SSSSSS
LL II SSSSSS
LL II SS
LL II SS
LL II SS
LL II SS
LLLLLLLLLL IIIIII SSSSSSSS
LLLLLLLLLL IIIIII SSSSSSSS

```

```
1 0001 0
2 0002 0 MODULE RM3NEXTRE (LANGUAGE (BLISS32) ,
3 0003 0 IDENT = 'V04-000'
4 0004 0 ) =
5 0005 1 BEGIN
6 0006 1
7 0007 1 *****
8 0008 1 *
9 0009 1 * COPYRIGHT (c) 1978, 1980, 1982, 1984 BY *
10 0010 1 * DIGITAL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION, MAYNARD, MASSACHUSETTS. *
11 0011 1 * ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. *
12 0012 1 *
13 0013 1 * THIS SOFTWARE IS FURNISHED UNDER A LICENSE AND MAY BE USED AND COPIED *
14 0014 1 * ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF SUCH LICENSE AND WITH THE *
15 0015 1 * INCLUSION OF THE ABOVE COPYRIGHT NOTICE. THIS SOFTWARE OR ANY OTHER *
16 0016 1 * COPIES THEREOF MAY NOT BE PROVIDED OR OTHERWISE MADE AVAILABLE TO ANY *
17 0017 1 * OTHER PERSON. NO TITLE TO AND OWNERSHIP OF THE SOFTWARE IS HEREBY *
18 0018 1 * TRANSFERRED. *
19 0019 1 *
20 0020 1 * THE INFORMATION IN THIS SOFTWARE IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE *
21 0021 1 * AND SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS A COMMITMENT BY DIGITAL EQUIPMENT *
22 0022 1 * CORPORATION. *
23 0023 1 *
24 0024 1 * DIGITAL ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE USE OR RELIABILITY OF ITS *
25 0025 1 * SOFTWARE ON EQUIPMENT WHICH IS NOT SUPPLIED BY DIGITAL. *
26 0026 1 *
27 0027 1 *
28 0028 1 *****
29 0029 1
30 0030 1 ++
31 0031 1
32 0032 1 FACILITY: RMS32 INDEX SEQUENTIAL FILE ORGANIZATION
33 0033 1
34 0034 1 ABSTRACT:
35 0035 1 This module contains routines to skip records and skip
36 0036 1 overhead for key compares
37 0037 1
38 0038 1
39 0039 1 ENVIRONMENT.
40 0040 1
41 0041 1 VAX/VMS OPERATING SYSTEM
42 0042 1
43 0043 1 --
44 0044 1
45 0045 1
46 0046 1 AUTHOR: Todd M. Katz RECREATION DATE: 05-Sep-1982
47 0047 1
48 0048 1 Modified by:
49 0049 1
50 0050 1 V03-011 DGB0001 Donald G. Blair 05-Dec-1983
51 0051 1 The routine RMSREC_OVHD was found to be critical to performance.
52 0052 1 Therefore, I've rewritten/reorganized the routine to make it
53 0053 1 faster, somewhat at the expense of ease of understanding the
54 0054 1 code.
55 0055 1
56 0056 1 V03-010 MCN0002 Maria del C. Nasr 22-Mar-1983
57 0057 1 More linkages changes, in particular, RMSREC_OVHD.
```

```

58 0058 1
59 0059 1
60 0060 1
61 0061 1
62 0062 1
63 0063 1
64 0064 1
65 0065 1
66 0066 1
67 0067 1
68 0068 1
69 0069 1
70 0070 1
71 0071 1
72 0072 1
73 0073 1
74 0074 1
75 0075 1
76 0076 1
77 0077 1
78 0078 1
79 0079 1
80 0080 1
81 0081 1
82 0082 1
83 0083 1
84 0084 1
85 0149 1
86 0150 1
87 0151 1
88 0152 1
89 0153 1
90 0154 1
91 0155 1
92 0156 1
93 0157 1
94 0158 1
95 0159 1
96 0160 1
97 0161 1
98 0162 1
99 0163 1
100 0164 1
101 0165 1
102 0166 1
103 0167 1
104 0168 1
105 0169 1
106 0170 1
107 0171 1
108 0172 1
109 0173 1
110 0174 1
111 0175 1

```

V03-009 MCN0001 Maria del C. Nasr 24-Feb-1983
Reorganize Linkages

V03-008 TMK0006 Todd M. Katz 28-Sep-1982
Fix an error in RMSREC_OVHD. For prologue 3 files, all types of primary data records have a record size field except for the fixed length formatted records of those files that have both key compression and data compression turned off. I was not checking the compression bits; but rather, just that the record format was fixed before treated the records as if they did not have a record size field. Of course, this caused problems because both the record overhead and the size of the record would be incorrectly determined.

V03-007 TMK0005 Todd M. Katz 05-Sep-1982
Re-write the remaining routines in this module (RMSREC_OVHD, RMSGETNEXT_REC, RMSCOMPARE_REC), and check in a new source since all the routines in this module will have been newly added or re-written. While doing this, add support for Prologue 3 SIDRs to those routines which require modification.

```

**
LIBRARY 'RMSLIB:RMS';
REQUIRE 'RMSSRC:RMSIDXDEF';
: Define default PSECTS for code
PSECT
CODE = RMSRMS3(PSECT_ATTR),
PLIT = RMSRMS3(PSECT_ATTR);
: Linkage
LINKAGE
L_COMPARE_KEY,
L_PRESERVE1,
L_RABREG_67,
L_REC_OVHD,
L_SIDR_FIRST;
: External routines
EXTERNAL ROUTINE
RMSCOMPARE_KEY : RL$COMPARE_KEY,
RMSRECORD_KEY : RL$PRESERVE1,
RMSRECORD_VBN : RL$PRESERVE1;
: Forward Routine
FORWARD ROUTINE
RMSREC_OVHD : RL$REC_OVHD;

```

: R

```

113 0176 1 %SBTTL 'RMSCOMPARE_REC'
114 0177 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE RMSCOMPARE_REC (SRCH_KEY_ADDR, SRCH_KEY_SIZE, LEVEL) :
115 0178 1     RLSRABREG_67 =
116 0179 1
117 0180 1     ++
118 0181 1
119 0182 1     FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
120 0183 1
121 0184 1     This routine compares a key within a primary data or SIDR record with
122 0185 1     a search key. There are three possible comparisons that can take place
123 0186 1     depending upon the key of reference of the index descriptor and the
124 0187 1     level of the bucket containing the record as represented by the input
125 0188 1     parameter LEVEL:
126 0189 1
127 0190 1     1. Search Key vs. Primary Key in Primary Data Record.
128 0191 1     In this case either both the key of reference and LEVEL are 0, or
129 0192 1     the key of reference is 0, and LEVEL is -1.
130 0193 1
131 0194 1     2. Search Key vs. Secondary Key in Primary Data Record.
132 0195 1     In this case the key of reference will be other than the primary key,
133 0196 1     and LEVEL will be -1 indicating that the record is a primary data
134 0197 1     record.
135 0198 1
136 0199 1     3. Search Key vs. Secondary Key in Secondary Data Record (SIDR).
137 0200 1     In this case the key of reference will be other than the primary key,
138 0201 1     and LEVEL will be 0. There is of course, only one key in such a
139 0202 1     record.
140 0203 1
141 0204 1     One special note: A LEVEL of -1 indicates that RMS will have to compare
142 0205 1     the search key with some key in this primary data record, but which key
143 0206 1     depends upon the key of reference of the input index descriptor. If the
144 0207 1     file is a prologue 3 file, then the primary key will "look" different
145 0208 1     from the alternate keys since it will be at the front of the record, and
146 0209 1     might also be compressed. What is more important is that because
147 0210 1     the primary key has been extracted from the rest of the primary data
148 0211 1     record, and the primary data record itself might be compressed, if the
149 0212 1     comparison is to be made between the search key and a secondary key in
150 0213 1     the primary data record, it will be impossible to find the secondary
151 0214 1     key in the record. In fact, it will be impossible to find any secondary
152 0215 1     key in the record. Therefore, if the file is a prologue 3 file, and the
153 0216 1     LEVEL is -1, this routine requires that REC_ADDR point to an unpacked
154 0217 1     version of the primary data record.
155 0218 1
156 0219 1     CALLING SEQUENCE:
157 0220 1
158 0221 1     RMSCOMPARE_REC ( )
159 0222 1
160 0223 1     INPUT PARAMETERS:
161 0224 1
162 0225 1     SRCH_KEY_ADDR - address of the search key
163 0226 1     SRCH_KEY_SIZE - size of the search key
164 0227 1     LEVEL        - if 0, then the record is primary data record or SIDR
165 0228 1                 if -1, then the record is a primary data record
166 0229 1
167 0230 1     IMPLICIT INPUTS:
168 0231 1
169 0232 1     IDX_DFN      - address of index descriptor

```

```

170 0233 1  IDXS_V KEY COMPR - if set, key compression is enabled
171 0234 1  IDXS_B KEYREF - key of reference
172 0235 1
173 0236 1  IFAB - address of IFAB
174 0237 1  IFBS_W KBUFSZ - size of a keybuffer
175 0238 1  IFBS_B PLG_VER - prologue version of file
176 0239 1
177 0240 1  IRAB - address of IR
178 0241 1  IRBS_L KEYBUF - address of the contiguous keybuffers
179 0242 1
180 0243 1  REC_ADDR - address of data record
181 0244 1
182 0245 1  OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
183 0246 1  NONE
184 0247 1
185 0248 1  IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
186 0249 1  NONE
187 0250 1
188 0251 1  ROUTINE VALUE:
189 0252 1
190 0253 1  -1 - search key < key of data record
191 0254 1  0 - search key = key of data record
192 0255 1  1 - search key > key of data record
193 0256 1
194 0257 1  SIDE EFFECTS:
195 0258 1
196 0259 1  AP will be trashed.
197 0260 1  If key compression is enabled, and LEVEL = 0, then the key of the data
198 0261 1  record maybe found in its expanded form in keybuffer 5.
199 0262 1
200 0263 1  --
201 0264 1
202 0265 2  BEGIN
203 0266 2
204 0267 2  BUILTIN
205 0268 2  AP:
206 0269 2
207 0270 2  EXTERNAL REGISTER
208 0271 2  R_IDX_DFN_STR,
209 0272 2  R_IFAB_STR,
210 0273 2  R_IRAB_STR,
211 0274 2  R_REC_ADDR;
212 0275 2
213 0276 2  LOCAL
214 0277 2  COMPARE_KEY;
215 0278 2
216 0279 2  ! Either the search key is to be compared with the the primary key of the
217 0280 2  ! the primary data record or the secondary (and only) key of the SIDR.
218 0281 2
219 0282 2  IF .LEVEL EQLU 0
220 0283 2  THEN
221 0284 2
222 0285 2  ! If key compression is enabled, then the primary or secondary key of
223 0286 2  ! the data record must be extracted and re-expanded before it can be
224 0287 2  ! compared with the search key. A contiguous key - contiguous key
225 0288 2  ! comparison will be made between the search key, and the key of the
226 0289 2  ! data record in its expanded form in keybuffer 5.

```

```

227 0290 2
228 0291 2
229 0292 2
230 0293 2
231 0294 2
232 0295 2
233 0296 2
234 0297 2
235 0298 2
236 0299 2
237 0300 2
238 0301 2
239 0302 2
240 0303 2
241 0304 2
242 0305 2
243 0306 2
244 0307 2
245 0308 2
246 0309 2
247 0310 2
248 0311 2
249 0312 2
250 0313 2
251 0314 2
252 0315 2
253 0316 2
254 0317 2
255 0318 2
256 0319 2
257 0320 2
258 0321 2
259 0322 2
260 0323 2
261 0324 2
262 0325 2
263 0326 4
264 0327 4
265 0328 4
266 0329 4
267 0330 4
268 0331 4
269 0332 4
270 0333 4
271 0334 4
272 0335 4
273 0336 4
274 0337 4
275 0338 2
276 0339 2
277 0340 2
278 0341 2
279 0342 2
280 0343 2
281 0344 2
282 0345 2
283 0346 2

!
! IF .IDX_DFN[IDX$V_KEY_COMP]
! THEN
! BEGIN
!
! GLOBAL REGISTER
!     R_BDB,
!     R_RAB,
!     R_IMPURE;
!
! AP = 0;
! RMSRECORD_KEY (KEYBUF_ADDR(5));
!
! AP = 3;
! COMPARE_KEY = KEYBUF_ADDR(5);
! END
!
! Key compression is not enabled, therefore there is no need to
! re-expand the key of the data record.
!
! ELSE
! BEGIN
!
! AP = 3;
!
! The comparison will be made between the search key and the primary
! key of a primary data record. If the file is a prologue 3 file,
! then RMS will position directly to the contiguous primary key in
! the primary data record before the comparison, and a contiguous
! key - contiguous key comparison will be performed; otherwise, RMS
! will position past the record overhead directly to the primary
! data record before the comparison is made, and a contiguous
! search key - data record comparison is performed.
!
! IF .IDX_DFN[IDX$B_KEYREF] EQLU 0
! THEN
! BEGIN
!     IF .IFAB[IFB$B_PLG_VER] LSSU PLG$C_VER_3
!     THEN
!         AP = 2;
!     END
!
! The comparison will be made between the search key and the
! secondary key in the SIDR. Regardless of the prologue version
! of the file, RMS must position past the record overhead to the
! secondary key itself, and perform a contiguous key - contiguous
! key comparison.
!
! ELSE
!     LEVEL = -1;
!
! Position past the record overhead either directly to the key
! the search key is to be compared with, or to the beginning of the
! primary data record proper.
!
! COMPARE_KEY = .REC_ADDR + RMSREC_OVHD(.LEVEL);
! END

```

```

284 0347 3
285 0348 3
286 0349 3
287 0350 3
288 0351 3
289 0352 3
290 0353 3
291 0354 3
292 0355 3
293 0356 3
294 0357 3
295 0358 3
296 0359 3
297 0360 3
298 0361 3
299 0362 3
300 0363 4
301 0364 4
302 0365 4
303 0366 4
304 0367 4
305 0368 4
306 0369 4
307 0370 4
308 0371 4
309 0372 3
310 0373 3
311 0374 2
312 0375 2
313 0376 2
314 0377 2
315 0378 2
316 0379 1

```

```

: The search key will be compared with a key in a primary data record.
: Which key it is compared with will depend upon the key of reference of the
: index descriptor.
ELSE
BEGIN
AP = 2;

: If the file is a prologue 2 file, then it will be necessary to
: position past the record overhead (and do so) before the search key
: is compared with the a key in the primary data record by means of a
: contiguous search key - data record comparison.
IF .IFAB[IFBSB_PLG_VER] LSSU PLGSC_VER_3
THEN
BEGIN
COMPARE_KEY = .REC_ADDR + RMSREC_OVHD(0);
END

: If the file is a prologue 3 file, then REC_ADDR points directly to an
: unpacked version of the primary data record. There will be no need to
: perform any initial positioning, and the type of comparison which
: will be required will be contiguous search key - data record.
ELSE
COMPARE_KEY = .REC_ADDR;
END;

: Perform the required comparison, and return the result.
RETURN RMSCOMPARE_KEY (.COMPARE_KEY, .SRCH_KEY_ADDR, .SRCH_KEY_SIZE);
END;

```

```

.TITLE RM3NEXTRE
.IDENT \V04-000\

.EXTRN RMSCOMPARE_KEY, RMSRECORD_KEY
.EXTRN RMSRECORD_VBN

.PSECT RMSRMS3,NOWRT, GBL, PIC,2

```

	0918	8F	BB	00000	RMSCOMPARE_REC::		
					PUSHR	#^M<R3,R4,R8,R11>	: 0177
		1C	AE	D5 00004	TSTL	LEVEL	: 0282
			43	12 00007	BNEQ	4\$	
20		1C	A7	06 E1 00009	BBC	#6, 28(IDX_DFN), 1\$: 0291
			5C	D4 0000E	CLRL	AP	: 0300
			50	00B4 CA 3C 00010	MOVZWL	180(IFAB), R0	: 0301
			60	B940 DF 00015	PUSHAL	@96(IRAB)[R0]	
				0000G 30 00019	BSBW	RMSRECORD_KEY	
			5E	04 C0 0001C	ADDL2	#4, SP	
			5C	03 D0 0001F	MOVL	#3, AP	: 0303
			50	00B4 CA 3C 00022	MOVZWL	180(IFAB), R0	: 0304
			54	60 B940 DE 00027	MOVAL	@96(IRAB)[R0], COMPARE_KEY	
				36 11 0002C	BRB	7\$: 0291

5C		03	D0	0002E	1\$:	MOVL	#3, AP	:	0313	
	21	A7	95	00031		TSTB	33(IDX_DFN)	:	0324	
		0C	12	00034		BNEQ	2\$:		
03	00B7	CA	91	00036		CMPB	183(IFAB), #3	:	0327	
		09	1E	0003B		BGEQU	3\$:		
5C		02	D0	0003D		MOVL	#2, AP	:	0329	
		04	11	00040		BRB	3\$:	0324	
1C	AE	01	CE	00042	2\$:	MNEGL	#1, LEVEL	:	0339	
	51	1C	AE	D0	00046	3\$:	MOVL	LEVEL, R1	:	0345
		0C	11	0004A		BRB	5\$:		
5C		02	D0	0004C	4\$:	MOVL	#2, AP	:	0354	
03	00B7	CA	91	0004F		CMPB	183(IFAB), #3	:	0361	
		0B	1E	00054		BGEQU	6\$:		
		51	D4	00056		CLRL	R1	:	0364	
		0000V	30	00058	5\$:	BSBW	RMSREC OVHD	:		
54	50	56	C1	0005B		ADDL3	REC_ADDR R0, COMPARE_KEY	:		
		03	11	0005F		BRB	7\$:	0361	
54		56	D0	00061	6\$:	MOVL	REC_ADDR, COMPARE_KEY	:	0373	
50	18	AE	D0	00064	7\$:	MOVL	SRCH_KEY_SIZE, R0	:	0378	
53	14	AE	D0	00068		MOVL	SRCH_KEY_ADDR, R3	:		
51		54	D0	0006C		MOVL	COMPARE_KEY, R1	:		
		0000G	30	0006F		BSBW	RMSCOMPARE_KEY	:		
	0918	8F	BA	00072		POPR	#M<R3,R4,R8,R11>	:	0379	
		05	00076			RSB		:		

; Routine Size: 119 bytes, Routine Base: RMSRMS3 + 0000

```

318 0380 1 %SBTTL 'RMSEXT_ARRAY_RFA'
319 0381 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE RMSEXT_ARRAY_RFA (VBN, ID) : RLSRABREG_67 =
320 0382 1
321 0383 1 !++
322 0384 1
323 0385 1 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
324 0386 1
325 0387 1     This routine's responsibility is to extract out and return the
326 0388 1     components of the current SIDR array element's RFA pointer, provided
327 0389 1     the current element has not been flattened, and there is a RFA
328 0390 1     pointer to extract.
329 0391 1
330 0392 1 CALLING SEQUENCE:
331 0393 1     BSBW RMSEXT_ARRAY_RFA()
332 0394 1
333 0395 1 INPUT PARAMETERS:
334 0396 1     NONE
335 0397 1
336 0398 1 IMPLICIT INPUTS:
337 0399 1
338 0400 1     IFAB - address of the IFAB
339 0401 1     IFBSB_PLG_VER - prologue version of the ISAM file
340 0402 1
341 0403 1     REC_ADDR - address of the current SIDR array element
342 0404 1
343 0405 1 OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
344 0406 1
345 0407 1     VBN - VBN of the current SIDR array element's RFA pointer
346 0408 1     ID - ID of the current SIDR array element's RFA pointer
347 0409 1
348 0410 1 IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
349 0411 1     NONE
350 0412 1
351 0413 1 ROUTINE VALUE:
352 0414 1
353 0415 1     SUC - if the RFA has been successfully extracted.
354 0416 1     DEL - if the current SIDR array element is marked deleted.
355 0417 1     0 - if the current SIDR array element is flattened
356 0418 1     (ie no RFA pointer is present).
357 0419 1
358 0420 1 SIDE EFFECTS:
359 0421 1     If SUC is returned, the SIDR array's RFA is returned too.
360 0422 1     If DEL is returned, the SIDR array's RFA is returned too.
361 0423 1     If 0 is returned, the SIDR array's RFA is not returned.
362 0424 1     AP is trashed.
363 0425 1
364 0426 1 --
365 0427 1
366 0428 2 BEGIN
367 0429 2
368 0430 2 BUILTIN
369 0431 2     AP;
370 0432 2
371 0433 2 EXTERNAL REGISTER
372 0434 2     COMMON RAB_STR,
373 0435 2     R_IDX_DFN_STR,
374 0436 2     R_REC_ADDR_STR;

```

: R

```

375 0437 2
376 0438 2 GLOBAL REGISTER
377 0439 2 R_BDB;
378 0440 2
379 0441 2 ! If there is no SIDR array RFA to extract, return 0.
380 0442 2
381 0443 2 IF .REC_ADDR[IRCSV_NOPTSZ]
382 0444 2 THEN
383 0445 2 RETURN 0;
384 0446 2
385 0447 2 ! Extract the VBN and ID from the RFA pointer of the CURRENT SIDR element.
386 0448 2
387 0449 2 AP = 2;
388 0450 2 .VBN = RMSRECORD_VBN();
389 0451 2
390 0452 2 IF .IFAB[IFBSB_PLG_VER] GEQU PLGSC_VER_3
391 0453 2 THEN
392 0454 2 .ID = .REC_ADDR[IRCSW_ID]
393 0455 2 ELSE
394 0456 2 .ID = .REC_ADDR[IRCSB_ID];
395 0457 2
396 0458 2 ! If the current SIDR array element is marked deleted, return that status.
397 0459 2
398 0460 2 IF .REC_ADDR[IRCSV_DELETED]
399 0461 2 THEN
400 0462 2 RETURN RMSERR(DEL)
401 0463 2
402 0464 2 ! Otherwise, return success.
403 0465 2
404 0466 2 ELSE
405 0467 2 RETURN RMSSUC();
406 0468 2
407 0469 2 END;

```

				54	DD	00000	RMSEXT_ARRAY_RFA::			
							PUSHL	R4		0381
2D		66		04	E0	00002	BBS	#4, (REC_ADDR), 4\$		0443
		5C		02	D0	00006	MOVL	#2, AP		0449
				0000G	30	00009	BSBW	RMSRECORD_VBN		0450
	08	BE		50	D0	0000C	MOVL	R0, @VBN		
		03	00B7	CA	91	00010	CMPB	18\$(IFAB), #3		0452
				07	1F	0G015	BLSSU	1\$		
	0C	BE	01	A6	3C	00017	MOVZWL	1(REC_ADDR), @ID		0454
				05	11	0001C	BRB	2\$		
	0C	BE	01	A6	9A	0001E	MOVZBL	1(REC_ADDR), @ID		0456
07		66		02	E1	00023	BBC	#2, (REC_ADDR), 3\$		0460
		50	8262	8F	3C	00027	MOVZWL	#3378, R0		0467
				07	11	0002C	BRB	5\$		
		50		01	D0	0002E	MOVL	#1, R0		
				02	11	00031	BRB	5\$		
				50	D4	00033	CLRL	R0		0469
				10	BA	00035	POPR	#*M<R4>		
				05	00	0037	RSB			

RM3NEXTRE
V04-000

RMSEXT_ARRAY_RFA

L 7
16-Sep-1984 01:53:40
14-Sep-1984 13:01:30

VAX-11 Bliss-32 V4.0-742
[RMS.SRC]RM3NEXTRE.B32;1

Page 10
(3)

RM3
V04

; Routine Size: 56 bytes, Routine Base: RMSRMS3 + 0077

; R

```

409 0470 1 %SBTTL 'RMSGETNEXT_REC'
410 0471 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE RMSGETNEXT_REC : RL$RABREG_67 NOVALUE =
411 0472 1
412 0473 1 ++
413 0474 1
414 0475 1 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
415 0476 1
416 0477 1 This routine accepts as input the address of a current index, primary
417 0478 1 data, or SIDR record. It positions past this current record to a new
418 0479 1 current record, the next record in the bucket. If there is no next
419 0480 1 record, RMS positions to the first byte past the current record.
420 0481 1
421 0482 1 CALLING SEQUENCE:
422 0483 1
423 0484 1 RMSGETNEXT_REC()
424 0485 1
425 0486 1 INPUT PARAMETERS:
426 0487 1 NONE
427 0488 1
428 0489 1 IMPLICIT INPUTS:
429 0490 1
430 0491 1     IDX_DFN - address of index descriptor
431 0492 1     -IDX$B_KEYREF - key of reference
432 0493 1
433 0494 1     IFAB - address of IFAB
434 0495 1     IFB$B_PLG_VER - prologue version of file
435 0496 1
436 0497 1     IRAB - address of IRAB
437 0498 1     IRB$L_CURBDB - address of BDB for current record's bucket
438 0499 1     IRB$L_REC_COUNT - number of preceding index records
439 0500 1
440 0501 1     REC_ADDR - address of current record
441 0502 1
442 0503 1 OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
443 0504 1 NONE
444 0505 1
445 0506 1 IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
446 0507 1
447 0508 1     IRAB - address of IRAB
448 0509 1     IRB$L_REC_COUNT - number of preceding index records
449 0510 1
450 0511 1     REC_ADDR - address of the new record
451 0512 1
452 0513 1 ROUTINE VALUE:
453 0514 1 NONE
454 0515 1
455 0516 1 SIDE EFFECTS:
456 0517 1
457 0518 1 If the current record is a prologue 3 index record, then the count
458 0519 1 of the number of records preceding the current record is incremented
459 0520 1 (there is a new current record, the next one in the bucket).
460 0521 1
461 0522 1 --
462 0523 1
463 0524 2 BEGIN
464 0525 2
465 0526 2 EXTERNAL REGISTER

```

```

466 0527 2      R_IDX_DFN_STR,
467 0528 2      R_IFAB_STR,
468 0529 2      R_IRAB_STR,
469 0530 2      R_REC_ADDR_STR;
470 0531 2
471 0532 2      LOCAL
472 0533 2      REC_SIZE;
473 0534 2
474 0535 2      ; Set the global register REC_SIZE according to whether the current record
475 0536 2      is a:
476 0537 2
477 0538 2      1. Primary data record - REC_SIZE <- 0
478 0539 2      2. SIDR - REC_SIZE <- -1
479 0540 2      3. Index record - REC_SIZE <- level of index bucket
480 0541 2
481 0542 2      REC_SIZE = .BBLOCK[.BBLOCK[.IRAB[IRB$$_CURBDE], BDB$$_ADDR], BKT$$_LEVEL];
482 0543 2
483 0544 2      IF (.REC_SIZE EQLU 0)
484 0545 2          AND
485 0546 2          (.IDX_DFN[IDX$$_KEYREF] GTRU 0)
486 0547 2      THEN
487 0548 2          REC_SIZE = -1;
488 0549 2
489 0550 2      ; If the current record is a prologue 3 index record, then along with
490 0551 2      positioning past it to what hopefully is the next record in the bucket,
491 0552 2      RMS increments a count of the number of index records preceding the
492 0553 2      new current record in the index bucket.
493 0554 2
494 0555 2      IF (.REC_SIZE GTRU 0)
495 0556 2          AND
496 0557 2          (.IFAB[IFB$$_PLG_VER] GEQU PLG$$_VER_3)
497 0558 2      THEN
498 0559 2          IRAB[IRB$$_REC_COUNT] = .IRAB[IRB$$_REC_COUNT] + 1;
499 0560 2
500 0561 2      ; Position past the current record either to next record, or to the first
501 0562 2      byte past the current record, if there is no next record.
502 0563 2
503 0564 2      REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR + RMSREC_OVHD(.REC_SIZE; REC_SIZE);
504 0565 2      REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR + .REC_SIZE;
505 0566 1      END;

```

50	20	A9	D0	00000	RMSGETNEXT_REC::		
					MOVL	32(IRAB), R0	: 0542
50	18	A0	D0	00004	MOVL	24(R0), R0	
51	0C	A0	9A	00008	MOVZBL	12(R0), REC_SIZE	
		08	12	0000C	BNEQ	1\$: 0544
		21	A7	95	0000E	TSTB	33(IDX_DFN)
		03	13	00011	BEQL	1\$: 0546
51		01	CE	00013	MNEGL	#1, REC_SIZE	: 0548
		51	D5	00016	1\$: TSTL	REC_SIZE	: 0555
		08	13	00018	BEQL	2\$	
03	00B7	CA	91	0001A	CMPB	183(IFAB), #3	: 0557
		04	1F	0001F	BLSSU	2\$	

	0094	C9	D6	00021	
	0000V	30	00025	2\$:	
56		50	C0	00028	
56		51	C0	0002B	
		05	0002E		

INCL	148(IRAB)
BSBW	RMSREC_OVHD
ADDL2	RO, REC_ADDR
ADDL2	REC_SIZE, REC_ADDR
RSB	

:	0559
:	0564
:	0565
:	0566

; Routine Size: 47 bytes, Routine Base: RMSRMS3 + 00AF

; R

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....
S
R
C

RMSGETNXT_ARRAY

```

: 507 0567 1 XSBTTL 'RMSGETNXT_ARRAY'
: 508 0568 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE RMSGETNXT_ARRAY : RLSRABREG_67 NOVALUE =
: 509 0569 1
: 510 0570 1 !++
: 511 0571 1
: 512 0572 1 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
: 513 0573 1
: 514 0574 1 This routine's purpose, is given a pointer to a current SIDR array
: 515 0575 1 element, position to the SIDR array element that follows, or to the
: 516 0576 1 first byte past the current element if there is no next element
: 517 0577 1
: 518 0578 1 CALLING SEQUENCE:
: 519 0579 1 BSBW RMSGETNXT_ARRAY()
: 520 0580 1
: 521 0581 1 INPUT PARAMETERS:
: 522 0582 1 NONE
: 523 0583 1
: 524 0584 1 IMPLICIT INPUTS:
: 525 0585 1
: 526 0586 1 IFAB - address of IFAB
: 527 0587 1 IFBSB_PLG_VER - prologue version of the ISAM file
: 528 0588 1
: 529 0589 1 REC_ADDR - address of the current SIDR array element
: 530 0590 1
: 531 0591 1 OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
: 532 0592 1 NONE
: 533 0593 1
: 534 0594 1 IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
: 535 0595 1 REC_ADDR - address of the next SIDR array element
: 536 0596 1
: 537 0597 1 ROUTINE VALUE:
: 538 0598 1 NONE
: 539 0599 1
: 540 0600 1 SIDE EFFECTS:
: 541 0601 1 NONE
: 542 0602 1
: 543 0603 1 --
: 544 0604 1
: 545 0605 2 BEGIN
: 546 0606 2
: 547 0607 2 EXTERNAL REGISTER
: 548 0608 2 R_IFAB_STR,
: 549 0609 2 R_REC_ADDR_STR;
: 550 0610 2
: 551 0611 2 ! The current SIDR array element consists of just 1 control byte.
: 552 0612 2
: 553 0613 2 IF .REC_ADDR[IRCSV_NOPTRSZ]
: 554 0614 2 THEN
: 555 0615 2 REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR + 1
: 556 0616 2 ELSE
: 557 0617 2
: 558 0618 2 ! The file is a prologue 3 file, and the current array element consists
: 559 0619 2 of a control byte, a one word ID, and a 2, 3, or 4 byte VBN.
: 560 0620 2
: 561 0621 2 IF .IFAB[IFBSB_PLG_VER] GEQU PLGSC_VER_3
: 562 0622 2 THEN
: 563 0623 3 REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR + (.REC_ADDR[IRCSV_PTRSZ] + 1)

```



```

: 564      0624 2      + IRC$C_DATPTRBS3
: 565      0625 2
: 566      0626 2      ! The file is a prologue 2 file, and the current array element consists
: 567      0627 2      ! if a control byte, a one byte ID, and a 2, 3, or 4 byte VBN.
: 568      0628 2
: 569      0629 2
: 570      0630 2      ELSE
: 571      J631 2      REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR + (.REC_ADDR[IRC$V_PTRSZ] + 1)
: 572      0632 2      + IRC$C_DATPTRBAS;
: 573      0633 1      END;

```

	03	66	04	E1 00000	RM\$GETNXT_ARRAY::		
			56	D6 00004	BBC	#4, (REC_ADDR), 1\$: 0613
			05	00006	INCL	REC_ADDR	: 0615
		03	00B7 CA	91 00007	RSB		: 0621
			0B	1F 0000C	CMPB	183(IFAB), #3	
50	66	02	00	EF 0000E	BLSSU	2\$: 0623
		56	05 A046	9E 00013	EXTZV	#0, #2, (REC_ADDR), R0	: 0624
				05 00018	MOVAB	5(R0)[REC_ADDR], REC_ADDR	: 0623
50	66	02	00	EF 00019	RSB		: 0630
		56	04 A046	9E 0001E	EXTZV	#0, #2, (REC_ADDR), R0	: 0631
				05 00023	MOVAB	4(R0)[REC_ADDR], REC_ADDR	: 0633
					RSB		

: Routine Size: 36 bytes, Routine Base: RM\$RMS3 + 00DE

```

575 0634 1 %SBTTL 'RMSREC_OVHD'
576 0635 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE RMSREC_OVHD (REC_TYPE; REC_SIZE) : RLSREC_OVHD =
577 0636 1
578 0637 1 |++
579 0638 1
580 0639 1 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
581 0640 1
582 0641 1     This routine accepts as input the address of a record and the record's
583 0642 1     type, and returns the number of bytes of record overhead after setting
584 0643 1     the global register REC_SIZE to the size of record itself minus this
585 0644 1     overhead.
586 0645 1
587 0646 1 CALLING SEQUENCE:
588 0647 1
589 0648 1     RMSREC_OVHD()
590 0649 1
591 0650 1 INPUT PARAMETERS:
592 0651 1     REC_TYPE
593 0652 1         < 0 - type of record REC_ADDR points to
594 0653 1         = 0 - SIDR
595 0654 1         > 0 - primary data record
596 0655 1         - index record
597 0656 1
598 0657 1 IMPLICIT INPUTS:
599 0658 1
600 0659 1     IDX_DFN - address of index descriptor for this key
601 0660 1     IDX$B_DATBKTY - type of data bucket
602 0661 1     IDX$V_KEY_COMP - if set, index key compression is enabled
603 0662 1     IDX$B_KEYSZ - key size
604 0663 1
605 0664 1     IFAB - address of IFAB
606 0665 1     IFB$W_LRL - record size if fixed length record format
607 0666 1     IFB$B_RFMORG - record format of primary data records
608 0667 1     IFB$B_PLG_VER - prologue version of file
609 0668 1
610 0669 1     REC_ADDR - address of record
611 0670 1
612 0671 1 OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
613 0672 1     NONE
614 0673 1
615 0674 1 IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
616 0675 1     REC_SIZE - size of the entire record minus the overhead
617 0676 1
618 0677 1 ROUTINE VALUE:
619 0678 1
620 0679 1     The number of bytes of record overhead. This overhead never includes
621 0680 1     the key or key compression overhead.
622 0681 1
623 0682 1 SIDE EFFECTS:
624 0683 1     NONE
625 0684 1
626 0685 1 |--
627 0686 1
628 0687 2 BEGIN
629 0688 2
630 0689 2 EXTERNAL REGISTER
631 0690 2     R_IDX_DFN_STR,

```

```

632 0691 2      R_IFAB_STR,
633 0692 2      R_REC_ADDR_STR;
634 0693 2
635 0694 2      LOCAL
636 0695 2      OVERHEAD;
637 0696 2
638 0697 2      ! CASE 1: Determine size and overhead for an INDEX RECORD.
639 0698 2
640 0699 2      ! IF .REC_TYPE GTR 0
641 C700 2      THEN
642 0701 2      BEGIN ! CASE 1
643 0702 3
644 0703 3      ! The overhead for a prologue 3 index record is 0 while the record
645 0704 3      size is the size of the key including compression bits if index
646 0705 3      key compression is enabled. NOTE for the purpose of determining
647 0706 3      record overhead and size, RMS does not consider the VBN
648 0707 3      downpointer, located separately from the key at the other end of
649 0708 3      the bucket, to be a part of the index record.
650 0709 3
651 0710 3      IF .IFAB[IFBSB_PLG_VER] GEQ PLGSC_VER_3
652 0711 3      THEN
653 0712 4      BEGIN
654 0713 4      OVERHEAD = 0;
655 0714 4      IF .IDX_DFN[IDXSV_IDX_COMPR]
656 0715 4      THEN
657 0716 4      REC_SIZE = (.REC_ADDR)<0,8> + 2
658 0717 4      ELSE
659 0718 4      REC_SIZE = .IDX_DFN[IDXSB_KEYSZ];
660 0719 4      END
661 0720 4
662 0721 4      ! The overhead for a prologue 1 or 2 index record is the one-byte
663 0722 4      control byte and the VBN downpointer while the record size is the
664 0723 4      size of the key.
665 0724 4
666 0725 3      ELSE
667 0726 4      BEGIN
668 0727 4      OVERHEAD = .REC_ADDR[IRC$V_PTRSZ] + IRCSC_DATPTRBAS;
669 0728 4      REC_SIZE = .IDX_DFN[IDXSB_KEYSZ];
670 0729 4      END
671 0730 3      END ! CASE 1
672 0731 3
673 0732 3      ! CASE 2: Return size and overhead for a PRIMARY DATA RECORD.
674 0733 3
675 0734 2      ELSE IF .REC_TYPE EQL 0
676 0735 2      THEN
677 0736 3      BEGIN ! CASE 2
678 0737 3
679 0738 3      ! Determine the amount of record overhead in a prologue 3 primary
680 0739 3      data record.
681 0740 3
682 0741 3      IF .IFAB[IFBSB_PLG_VER] GEQ PLGSC_VER_3
683 0742 3      THEN
684 0743 4      BEGIN
685 0744 4
686 0745 4      ! If the record is not a RRV then the amount of record overhead
687 0746 4      ! will depend on whether the file contains fixed length data
688 0747 4      ! records with neither the primary key nor the data portion

```

```

689 0748 4  ! compressed, or any other type of record. The difference is
690 0749 4  ! in whether a two-byte record size overhead field is present
691 0750 4  ! or not.
692 0751 4
693 0752 4  ! If the file contains fixed length records and both key and
694 0753 4  ! data compression are disabled, then the record's size (minus
695 0754 4  ! the record overhead's contribution) is a known constant;
696 0755 4  ! otherwise, for the remaining record types the size maybe
697 0756 4  ! obtained from the last two bytes of the record's overhead
698 0757 4
699 0758 4  IF NOT .REC_ADDR[IRCSV_RRV]
700 0759 4  THEN
701 0760 6    IF NOT ((.IFAB[IFBSB_RFMORG] EQLU FAB$C_FIX)
702 0761 5    AND (.IDX_DFN[IDX$B_DATBKTY] EQLU IDX$C_NCMPNCMP))
703 0762 4    THEN
704 0763 5      BEGIN
705 0764 5      OVERHEAD = IRC$C_VAROVHSZ3;
706 0765 6      REC_SIZE = (.REC_ADDR + .OVERHEAD
707 0766 5      - IRC$C_DATSZFLD)<0,16>;
708 0767 5      END
709 0768 4    ELSE
710 0769 5      BEGIN
711 0770 5      OVERHEAD = IRC$C_FIXOVHSZ3;
712 0771 5      IF NOT .REC_ADDR[IRCSV_DELETED]
713 0772 5      THEN
714 0773 5        REC_SIZE = .IFAB[IFBSW_LRL]
715 0774 5      ELSE
716 0775 5        REC_SIZE = .IDX_DFN[IDX$B_KEYSZ];
717 0776 5      END
718 0777 5
719 0778 5  ! If the record is a RRV then the overhead will consist of a
720 0779 5  ! one-byte control byte, a two-byte record ID, and a six-byte
721 0780 5  ! RRV provided the record contains an RRV. Note that for an
722 0781 5  ! RRV, the record's size is always 0.
723 0782 5
724 0783 4  ELSE
725 0784 4    IF .REC_ADDR[IRCSV_NOPTRSZ]
726 0785 4    THEN
727 0786 4      OVERHEAD = IRC$C_DATOVHSZ3
728 0787 4    ELSE
729 0788 4      OVERHEAD = IRC$C_RRVOVHSZ3;
730 0789 4
731 0790 4  END
732 0791 4
733 0792 4  ! Determine the amount of record overhead in a prologue 1 or 2
734 0793 4  ! primary data record.
735 0794 4
736 0795 3  ELSE
737 0796 4    BEGIN
738 0797 4
739 0798 4  ! If the record is not a RRV then the amount of record overhead
740 0799 4  ! will depend on whether the file contains fixed length data
741 0800 4  ! records or variable length data records. The difference is
742 0801 4  ! in whether a two-byte record size overhead field is present
743 0802 4  ! or not.
744 0803 4
745 0804 4  ! If the file contains fixed length records then the record's

```

746
747
748
749
750
751
752
753
754
755
756
757
758
759
760
761
762
763
764
765
766
767
768
769
770
771
772
773
774
775
776
777
778
779
780
781
782
783
784
785
786
787
788
789
790
791
792
793
794
795
796
797
798
799
800
801
802

0805 4
0806 4
0807 4
0808 4
0809 4
0810 4
0811 4
0812 4
0813 4
0814 5
0815 5
0816 5
0817 5
0818 4
0819 5
0820 5
0821 6
0822 5
0823 5
0824 5
0825 5
0826 5
0827 5
0828 5
0829 5
0830 4
0831 4
0832 4
0833 4
0834 4
0835 4
0836 4
0837 3
0838 3
0839 3
0840 3
0841 3
0842 2
0843 3
0844 3
0845 3
0846 3
0847 3
0848 3
0849 3
0850 3
0851 3
0852 3
0853 3
0854 3
0855 3
0856 3
0857 3
0858 3
0859 3
0860 3
0861 3

```

! size (minus the record overhead's contribution) is a known
! constant; otherwise, for variable length records the size
! maybe obtained from the last two bytes of the record's
! overhead.
IF NOT .REC_ADDR[IRC$V_RRV]
THEN
  IF .IFAB[IFB$B_RFMORG] EQLU FAB$C_FIX
  THEN
    BEGIN
      OVERHEAD = IRC$C_FIXOVHDSZ;
      REC_SIZE = .IFAB[IFB$W_LRL];
    END
  ELSE
    BEGIN
      OVERHEAD = IRC$C_VAROVHDSZ;
      REC_SIZE = .(.REC_ADDR + .OVERHEAD
                  - IRC$C_DATSZFLD)<0,16>;
    END
  ! If the record is a RRV then the overhead will consist of a
  ! one-byte control byte, a one-byte record ID, and a five-byte
  ! RRV provided the record contains an RRV. The record's size
  ! is 0.
ELSE
  IF .REC_ADDR[IRC$V_NOPTRSZ]
  THEN
    OVERHEAD = IRC$C_DATOVHDSZ
  ELSE
    OVERHEAD = IRC$C_RRVOVHDSZ;
  END;
END ! CASE 2
! CASE 3: Determine size and overhead for a SIDR.
ELSE ! .REC_TYPE LSS 0
BEGIN ! CASE 3
  ! The overhead of a prologue 3 SIDR is fixed regardless of whether
  ! duplicate alternate keys are, or are not allowed.
  IF .IFAB[IFB$B_PLG_VER] GEQ PLG$C_VER_3
  THEN
    OVERHEAD = IRC$C_SDROVHSZ3
  ! The overhead of a prologue 2 SIDR will depend upon whether
  ! duplicate alternate keys are allowed or not, and if so, whether
  ! an unused duplicate count field is present in the record or not.
ELSE
  IF .REC_ADDR[IRC$V_NODUPCNT]
  THEN
    OVERHEAD = IRC$C_DATOVHDSZ + IRC$C_DATSZFLD
  ELSE
    OVERHEAD = IRC$C_DATOVHDSZ + IRC$C_DATSZFLD

```

```

: 803 0862
: 804 0863
: 805 0864
: 806 0865
: 807 0866
: 808 0867
: 809 0868
: 810 0869
: 811 0870
: 812 0871
: 813 0872
: 814 0873
: 815 0874
: 816 0875

```

```

+ IRC$C_DCNTSZFLD;

! The record's size (minus the overhead's contribution) may be
! obtained from the last two bytes of the SIDR overhead regardless
! of the prologue version of the file.
REC_SIZE = .(.REC_ADDR + .OVERHEAD - 2)<0,16>;
END; ! CASE 3

```

```

! Return the number of bytes of record overhead.
RETURN .OVERHEAD;
END;

```

					52 DD 00000	RMSREC_OVHD::			
						PUSHL	R2		0635
			52	00B7	CA 9E 00002	MOVAB	183(IFAB), R2		0710
					51 D5 00007	TSTL	REC_TYPE		0699
					1E 15 00009	BLEQ	2\$		
			03		62 91 0000B	CMPB	(R2), #3		0710
					0F 1F 0000E	BLSSU	1\$		
					50 D4 00010	CLRL	OVERHEAD		0713
	35	1C	A7		03 E1 00012	BBC	#3, 28(IDX_DFN), 5\$		0714
			51		66 9A 00017	MOVZBL	(REC_ADDR), REC_SIZE		0716
			51		02 C0 0001A	ADDL2	#2, REC_SIZE		
					65 11 0001D	BRB	13\$		
	50		66		00 EF 0001F	EXTZV	#0, #2, (REC_ADDR), OVERHEAD		0727
					50 03 C0 00024	ADDL2	#3, OVERHEAD		
					23 11 00027	BRB	5\$		0728
					5B 12 00029	BNEQ	14\$		0734
			03		62 91 0002B	CMPB	(R2), #3		0741
					30 1F 0002E	BLSSU	8\$		
	1E		66		03 E0 00030	BBS	#3, (REC_ADDR), 6\$		0758
			01	50	AA 91 00034	CMPB	80(IFAB), #1		0760
					06 12 00038	BNEQ	3\$		
			06	29	A7 91 0003A	CMPB	41(IDX_DFN), #6		0761
					05 13 0003E	BEQL	4\$		
			50		0B D0 00040	MOVL	#11, OVERHEAD		0764
					57 11 00043	BRB	17\$		0765
			50		09 D0 00045	MCVL	#9, OVERHEAD		0770
	21		66		02 E1 00048	BHC	#2, (REC_ADDR), 9\$		0771
			51	20	A7 9A 0004C	MOVZBL	32(IDX_DFN), REC_SIZE		0775
					51 11 00050	BRB	18\$		0760
	05		66		04 E1 00052	BBC	#4, (REC_ADDR), 7\$		0784
					50 03 D0 00056	MOVL	#3, OVERHEAD		0786
					48 11 00059	BRB	18\$		
			50		09 D0 0005B	MOVL	#9, OVERHEAD		0788
					43 11 0005E	BRB	18\$		0741
	14		66		03 E0 00060	BBS	#3, (REC_ADDR), 11\$		0810
			01	50	AA 91 00064	CMPB	80(IFAB), #1		0812
					09 12 00068	BNEQ	10\$		
			50		07 D0 0006A	MOVL	#7, OVERHEAD		0815

51	52	AA	3C	0006D	9\$:	MOVZWL	82(IFAB), REC_SIZE	:	0816
		30	11	00071		BRB	18\$:	0812
50		09	D0	00073	10\$:	MOVL	#9, OVERHEAD	:	0820
		24	11	00076		BRB	17\$:	0821
05		66	04	E1 00078	11\$:	BBC	#4, (REC_ADDR), 12\$:	0831
		50	02	D0 0007C		MOVL	#2, OVERHEAD	:	0833
			22	11 0007F		BRB	18\$:	
		50	07	D0 00081	12\$:	MOVL	#7, OVERHEAD	:	0835
			1D	11 00084	13\$:	BRB	18\$:	0734
03		62	91	00086	14\$:	CMPB	(R2), #3	:	0848
			05	1F 00089		BLSSU	15\$:	
		50	02	D0 0008B		MOVL	#2, OVERHEAD	:	0850
			0C	11 0008E		BRB	17\$:	
05		66	04	E' 00090	15\$:	BBC	#4, (REC_ADDR), 16\$:	0857
		50	04	D0 00094		MOVL	#4, OVERHEAD	:	0859
			03	11 00097		BRB	17\$:	
		50	08	D0 00099	16\$:	MOVL	#8, OVERHEAD	:	0862
	FE	A046	9F	0009C	17\$:	PUSHAB	-2(OVERHEAD)[REC_ADDR]	:	0868
51		9E	3C	000A0		MOVZWL	@(SP)+, REC_SIZE	:	
			04	BA 000A3	18\$:	POPR	#*M<R2>	:	0875
			05	000A5		RSB		:	

; Routine Size: 166 bytes, Routine Base: RMSRMS3 + 0102

```
RMSSIDR_END
818 0876 1 %SBTTL 'RMSSIDR END'
819 0877 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE RMSSIDR_END : RLSRABREG_67 =
820 0878 1
821 0879 1 !++
822 0880 1
823 0881 1 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
824 0882 1
825 0883 1     The purpose of this routine is to return the address of the first
826 0884 1     past the end of the current SIDR.
827 0885 1
828 0886 1 CALLING SEQUENCE:
829 0887 1     BSBW RMSSIDR_END()
830 0888 1
831 0889 1 INPUT PARAMETERS:
832 0890 1     NONE
833 0891 1
834 0892 1 IMPLICIT INPUTS:
835 0893 1
836 0894 1     REC_ADDR           - address of the SIDR
837 0895 1
838 0896 1 OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
839 0897 1     NONE
840 0898 1
841 0899 1 IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
842 0900 1     NONE
843 0901 1
844 0902 1 ROUTINE VALUE:
845 0903 1
846 0904 1     Address of the first byte past the current SIDR's last array element.
847 0905 1
848 0906 1 SIDE EFFECTS:
849 0907 1     NONE
850 0908 1
851 0909 1 --
852 0910 1
853 0911 2 BEGIN
854 0912 2
855 0913 2 EXTERNAL REGISTER
856 0914 2     COMMON RABREG,
857 0915 2     R_IDX_DFN_STR,
858 0916 2     R_REC_ADDR_STR;
859 0917 2
860 0918 2 LOCAL
861 0919 2     END_OF_SIDR,
862 0920 2     SAVE_REC_ADDR;
863 0921 2
864 0922 2     ! Save the address of the beginning of the SIDR.
865 0923 2     !
866 0924 2     SAVE_REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR;
867 0925 2
868 0926 2     ! Obtain the address of the next record in the bucket.
869 0927 2     !
870 0928 2     RMSGETNEXT REC();
871 0929 2     END_OF_SIDR = .REC_ADDR;
872 0930 2
873 0931 2     ! Restore the address of the beginning of the SIDR, and return the address
874 0932 2     ! of the next record - effectively the end of the current SIDR.
```



```

: 875      0933  2      !
: 876      0934  2      REC_ADDR = .SAVE_REC_ADDR;
: 877      0935  2      RETURN .END_OF_SIDR;
: 878      0936  2
: 879      0937  1      END:

```

```

                    52 DD 0000 RM$SIDR_END::
                    52      56 DO 00002      PUSHL      R2
                    FEFF 30 00005      MOVL      REC_ADDR, SAVE_REC_ADDR
                    50      56 DO 00008      BSBW      RM$GETNEXT_REC
                    56      52 DO 0000B      MOVL      REC_ADDR, END_OF_SIDR
                    04      BA 0000E      MOVL      SAVE_REC_ADDR, REC_ADDR
                    05 00010      POPR      #^M<R2>
                    RSB
: 0877
: 0924
: 0928
: 0929
: 0934
: 0937

```

; Routine Size: 17 bytes, Routine Base: RMSRMS3 + 01A8

RMSSIDR_FIRST

```

881 0938 1 %SBTTL 'RMSSIDR_FIRST'
882 0939 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE RMSSIDR_FIRST (FLAGS;RFA_VBN, RFA_ID) : RLSSIDR_FIRST =
883 0940 1
884 0941 1 !++
885 0942 1
886 0943 1 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
887 0944 1
888 0945 1     The purpose of this routine is to return the address and optionally the
889 0946 1     RFA pointer of the first element of the inputed SIDR. The components of
890 0947 1     the RFA pointer are returned separately (VBN and ID), and in the RMS
891 0948 1     cluster environment, uniquely identifies the SIDR from among all SIDRs
892 0949 1     with that key value.
893 0950 1
894 0951 1 CALLING SEQUENCE:
895 0952 1     BSBW RMSSIDR_FIRST()
896 0953 1
897 0954 1 INPUT PARAMETERS:
898 0955 1
899 0956 1     FLAGS           - if 1, return the RFA pointer of the first element
900 0957 1
901 0958 1 IMPLICIT INPUTS:
902 0959 1
903 0960 1     IDX_DFN         - index descriptor for the SIDR
904 0961 1     -IDX$V_KEY_COMPR - if set, SIDR key compression is enabled
905 0962 1     -IDX$B_KEY$SZ   - size of a fully expanded SIDR key
906 0963 1
907 0964 1     REC_ADDR        - address of the SIDR
908 0965 1
909 0966 1 OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
910 0967 1
911 0968 1     RFA_VBN         - VBN of the SIDR's first array element RFA pointer
912 0969 1     RFA_ID          - ID of the SIDR's first array element RFA pointer
913 0970 1
914 0971 1 IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
915 0972 1     NONE
916 0973 1
917 0974 1 ROUTINE VALUE:
918 0975 1
919 0976 1     Address of the first array element of the SIDR.
920 0977 1
921 0978 1 SIDE EFFECTS:
922 0979 1
923 0980 1     AP is trashed
924 0981 1
925 0982 1 --
926 0983 1
927 0984 2 BEGIN
928 0985 2
929 0986 2 BUILTIN
930 0987 2     AP;
931 0988 2
932 0989 2 EXTERNAL REGISTER
933 0990 2     COMMON RABREG,
934 0991 2     R_IDX_DFN_STR,
935 0992 2     R_REC_ADDR_STR;
936 0993 2
937 0994 2 LOCAL

```

```

938      5 2      BEGIN_SIDR,
939      6 2      FIRST_ELEMENT;
940      0997 2
941      0998 2      ! After saving the address of the SIDR, position to the SIDR's first
942      0999 2      ! array element.
943      1000 2
944      1001 2      BEGIN_SIDR = .REC_ADDR;
945      1002 2
946      1003 2      REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR + RMSREC_OVHD(-1);
947      1004 2
948      1005 2      IF .IDX_DFN[IDX$V_KEY_COMPR]
949      1006 2      THEN
950      1007 2          REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR + (.REC_ADDR)<0,8> + IRC$C_KEYCMPVH
951      1008 2      ELSE
952      1009 2          REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR + .IDX_DFN[IDX$B_KEYSZ];
953      1010 2
954      1011 2      ! If the caller has requested that the VBN and ID of the first element's
955      1012 2      ! RFA pointer be returned, extract them from the RFA pointer of the first
956      1013 2      ! element of the SIDR.
957      1014 2
958      1015 2      IF .FLAGS<0,1>
959      1016 2      THEN
960      1017 2          RM$EXT_ARRAY_RFA (RFA_VBN, RFA_ID);
961      1018 2
962      1019 2      ! Restore to REC_ADDR the address of the SIDR and return the address of the
963      1020 2      ! first element.
964      1021 2
965      1022 2      FIRST_ELEMENT = .REC_ADDR;
966      1023 2      REC_ADDR = .BEGIN_SIDR;
967      1024 2
968      1025 2      RETURN .FIRST_ELEMENT;
969      1026 2
970      1027 1      END;

```

			5E		08	C2	0000	RMSSIDR_FIRST::				
			52		56	D0	00003	SUBL2	#8, SP			0939
			51		01	CE	00006	MOVL	REC_ADDR, BEGIN_SIDR			1001
					FF3D	30	00009	MNEGL	#1, R1			1003
			56		50	C0	0060C	BSBW	RMSREC_OVHD			
0A			A7		06	E1	0000F	ADDL2	R0, REC_ADDR			
	1C		50		66	9A	00014	BBC	#6, 28(IDX_DFN), 1\$			1005
			56		02	A046	9E	MOVZBL	(REC_ADDR), R0			1007
					07	11	0001C	MOVAB	2(R0)[REC_ADDR], REC_ADDR			
			50		20	A7	9A	BRB	2\$			
			56		50	C0	00022	MOVZBL	32(IDX_DFN), R0			1009
			08		0C	AE	E9	ADDL2	R0, REC_ADDR			
					5E	DD	00029	BLBC	FLAGS, 3\$			1015
					08	AE	9F	PUSHL	SP			1017
					FE8D	30	0002E	PUSHAB	RFA_VBN			
			5E		08	C0	00031	BSBW	RM\$EXT_ARRAY_RFA			
			50		56	D0	00034	ADDL2	#8, SP			
			56		52	D0	00037	MOVL	REC_ADDR, FIRST_ELEMENT			1022
								MOVL	BEGIN_SIDR, REC_ADDR			1023

52 8E D0 0003A MOVL RFA_ID, R2
51 8E D0 0003D MOVL RFA_VBN, R1
05 00040 RSB

: 1027
:
:

: Routine Size: 65 bytes, Routine Base: RM\$RMS3 + 01B9

: 971 1028 1
: 972 1029 1
: 973 1030 1 END
: 974 1031 1
: 975 1032 0 ELUDOM

PSECT SUMMARY

Name Bytes Attributes
: RM\$RMS3 506 NOVEC,NOWRT, RD , EXE,NOSHR, GBL, REL, CON, PIC,ALIGN(2)

Library Statistics

File	Symbols		Pages Mapped	Processing Time
	Total	Loaded Percent		
:_\$255\$DUA28:[RMS.OBJ]RMS.L32;1	3109	64 2	154	00:00.4

COMMAND QUALIFIERS

: BLISS/CHECK=(FIELD,INITIAL,OPTIMIZE)/LIS=LIS\$:RM3NEXTRE/OBJ=OBJ\$:RM3NEXTRE MSRC\$:RM3NEXTRE/UPDATE=(ENHS:RM3NEXTRE)

: Size: 506 code + 0 data bytes
: Run Time: 00:14.8
: Elapsed Time: 00:28.1
: Lines/CPU Min: 4180
: Lexemes/CPU-Min: 13296
: Memory Used: 100 pages
: Compilation Complete

