```
RRRRRRRRRRRR     MMM         MMM     SSSSSSSSSSSS
RRRRRRRRRRRR     MMM         MMM     SSSSSSSSSSSS
RRRRRRRRRRRR     MMM         MMM     SSSSSSSSSSSS
RRR         RRR  MMMMMM   MMMMMM  SSS
RRR         RRR  MMMMMM   MMMMMM  SSS
RRR         RRR  MMMMMM   MMMMMM  SSS
RRR         RRR  MMM   MMM   MMM  SSS
RRR         RRR  MMM   MMM   MMM  SSS
RRR         RRR  MMM   MMM   MMM  SSS
RRRRRRRRRRRR     MMM         MMM     SSSSSSSSS
RRRRRRRRRRRR     MMM         MMM     SSSSSSSSS
RRRRRRRRRRRR     MMM         MMM     SSSSSSSSS
RRR   RRR        MMM         MMM              SSS
RRR   RRR        MMM         MMM              SSS
RRR   RRR        MMM         MMM              SSS
RRR      RRR     MMM         MMM              SSS
RRR      RRR     MMM         MMM              SSS
RRR      RRR     MMM         MMM              SSS
RRR         RRR  MMM         MMM  SSSSSSSSSSSS
RRR         RRR  MMM         MMM  SSSSSSSSSSSS
RRR         RRR  MMM         MMM  SSSSSSSSSSSS
```

FILEID**RM3DELETE

```
RRRRRRRR    MM      MM    333333    DDDDDDDD    EEEEEEEEEE  LL          EEEEEEEEEE  TTTTTTTTTT  EEEEEEEEEE
RRRRRRRR    MM      MM    333333    DDDDDDDD    EEEEEEEEEE  LL          EEEEEEEEEE  TTTTTTTTTT  EEEEEEEEEE
RR      RR  MMMM  MMMM  33      33  DD      DD  EE          LL          EE              TT      EE
RR      RR  MMMM  MMMM  33      33  DD      DD  EE          LL          EE              TT      EE
RR      RR  MM  MM  MM          33  DD      DD  EE          LL          EE              TT      EE
RR      RR  MM  MM  MM          33  DD      DD  EE          LL          EE              TT      EE
RRRRRRRR    MM      MM        33    DD      DD  EEEEEEEE    LL          EEEEEEEE        TT      EEEEEEEE
RRRRRRRR    MM      MM        33    DD      DD  EEEEEEEE    LL          EEEEEEEE        TT      EEEEEEEE
RR  RR      MM      MM          33  DD      DD  EE          LL          EE              TT      EE
RR  RR      MM      MM          33  DD      DD  EE          LL          EE              TT      EE
RR    RR    MM      MM  33      33  DD      DD  EE          LL          EE              TT      EE              ....
RR    RR    MM      MM  33      33  DD      DD  EE          LL          EE              TT      EE              ....
RR      RR  MM      MM    333333    DDDDDDDD    EEEEEEEEEE  LLLLLLLLLL  EEEEEEEEEE      TT      EEEEEEEEEE      ....
RR      RR  MM      MM    333333    DDDDDDDD    EEEEEEEEEE  LLLLLLLLLL  EEEEEEEEEE      TT      EEEEEEEEEE      ....

LL              IIIIII      SSSSSSSS
LL              IIIIII      SSSSSSSS
LL                II      SS
LL                II      SS
LL                II      SS
LL                II      SS
LL                II        SSSSSS
LL                II        SSSSSS
LL                II              SS
LL                II              SS
LL                II              SS
LL                II              SS
LLLLLLLLLL      IIIIII    SSSSSSSS
LLLLLLLLLL      IIIIII    SSSSSSSS
```

```
MODULE RM3DELETE (LANGUAGE (BLISS32) ,
                IDENT = 'V04-000'
                ) =
BEGIN
!
!****************************************************************************
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!****************************************************************************

!++
!
! FACILITY:     RMS32 INDEX SEQUENTIAL FILE ORGANIZATION
!
! ABSTRACT:
!       This module handles the deletion of index sequential records.
!
!
!
! ENVIRONMENT:
!
!               VAX/VMS OPERATING SYSTEM
!
!--

!
! AUTHOR:         Todd M. Katz         CREATION DATE:      14-Jul-1982
!
!
! MODIFIED BY:
!
!       V03-025 JWT0181         Jim Teague              15-May-1984
!               RM$SQUISH moves too many bytes when squishing the
!               the data portion out of deleted records.
!
!       V03-024 DAS0001         David Solomon           25-Mar-1984
!               Fix broken branch to RM$RU_JOURNAL3.
!
!       V03-023 MCN0003         Maria del C. Nasr       04-Apr-1983
```

```
1 !                 Change linkage of RM$NULLKEY to RL$JSB.
1 !
1 !         V03-022 TMK0013         Todd M. Katz            26-Mar-1983
1 !                 Change the linkage for RM$RU_JOURNAL3 from RL$RABREG_467 to
1 !                 RL$RABREG_67.
1 !
1 !         V03-021 MCN0002         Maria del C. Nasr       24-Mar-1983
1 !                 More linkages reorganization.
1
1 !         V03-020 RAS0135         Ron Schaefer            17-mar-1983
1 !                 Fix spelling of RJR$_DELET -> RJR$_DELETE.
1 !
1 !         V03-019 TMK0012         Todd M  Katz            16-Mar-1983
1 !                 Change the linkage for RM$RU_JOURNAL3 from RL$RABREG_67 to
1 !                 RL$RABREG_467.
1 !
1 !         V03-018 TMK0011         Todd M. Katz            16-Mar-1983
1 !                 Change the symbol RMSR$_DELET to RJR$_DELET.
1 !
1 !         V03-017 MCN0001         Maria del C. Nasr       24-Feb-1983
1 !                 Reorganize linkages
1 !
1 !         V03-016 TMK0010         Todd M. Katz            08-Jan-1983
1 !                 Add support for Recovery Unit Journalling and RU ROLLBACK
1 !                 Recovery of ISAM files. This support includes:
1 !
1 !                 1. The restructuring of RM$DELETE3B so that the primary data
1 !                    record is unpacked and available for RU journalling before
1 !                    any part of the file is permanently modified.
1 !
1 !                 2. The RU Journalling of all $DELETEs which occur on RU
1 !                    Journalled files within Recovery Units.
1 !
1 !                 3. Modifications to RM$DELETE_RRV, RM$SQUISH_SIDR, and
1 !                    RM$DELETE_UDR so that no space is reclaimed when records of
1 !                    RU journalled files are $DELETEd within Recovery Units. The
1 !                    RRV, primary data record, or SIDR array element is just
1 !                    marked RU_DELETE instead.
1 !
1 !                 4. Modifications to RM$DELETE_RRV, RM$SQUISH_SIDR, and
1 !                    RM$DELETE_UDR so that RRVs, primary data records and SIDR
1 !                    array elements maybe un-deleted during ROLLBACK of
1 !                    prematurely terminated or aborted Recovery Units.
1 !
1 !                 5. The addition of a second parameter (SCAN) to RM$SQUISH_SIDR.
1 !                    If this parameter is 1 on entry, RMS will scan the entire
1 !                    SIDR array looking for non-deleted elements even if no
1 !                    duplicates are allowed in the key of reference. If SCAN is 0
1 !                    RMS will immediately delete the entire SIDR as was the case
1 !                    previously.
1 !
1 !         V03-015 TMK0009         Todd M. Katz            05-Jan-1983
1 !                 The routine RM$DELETE_SIDR no longer calls the routine
1 !                 RM$FND_SDR_ARRY to position to the SIDR element it is to
1 !                 delete. It now performs its own positioning.
1 !
1 !         V03-014 TMK0008         Todd M. Katz            07-Dec-1982
```

```
1 !                 Change the order in which the various parts of a record are
1 !                 deleted during a $DELETE. First, eliminate the RRV. Next
1 !                 eliminate the user data record. Finally, the alternate keys
1 !                 which are represented in the primary data record are removed.
1 !                 Previously, the SIDRs were eliminated before the primary data
1 !                 record, and during this time a lock was kept on the the primary
1 !                 data bucket. This meant that a bucket lock was being held for
1 !                 quite a long time, and that the routine that positioned to a
1 !                 primary data record by means of an alternate index had to be
1 !                 enhanced with a very complex and very large SIDR re-positioning
1 !                 routine, so that the 1.5 SIDR deadlock case would not exist in
1 !                 version 4. Changing the order of events that take place during
1 !                 a $DELETE allowed a change in the bucket lock strategy which
1 !                 had the dual benefits of eliminating the 1.5 SIDR deadlock
1 !                 case without the expensive SIDR re-positioning code, and
1 !                 reducing the amount of time a lock on the primary data bucket
1 !                 is kept to a minimum - which is an overall ISAM design goal.
1 !
1 !                 This change is not without its cost. The reason why the old
1 !                 strategy was orginally implemented, was so that the primary
1 !                 data record would be available for the extraction of the
1 !                 alternate keys so that the corresponding SIDRs could be
1 !                 eliminated. Changing the bucket locking strategy such that
1 !                 the primary data record is deleted and the bucket is released
1 !                 before the SIDRs are deleted means that the primary data record
1 !                 must be saved in an auxillary record buffer before it is deleted
1 !                 so that it will be available for alternate key extraction.
1 !                 However, this change is not as expensive as it might seem
1 !                 because if the file's prologue version is 3, the primary data
1 !                 record would have to be unpacked into this same record buffer
1 !                 before the keys could be extracted anyway. Thus, it was a
1 !                 simple matter of unpacking either sooner or later. Any
1 !                 additional cost incurred by this new strategy is born solely by
1 !                 prologue 1 and 2 files which previously could extract the
1 !                 alternate keys without moving the primary data record, and now
1 !                 must perform an additional MOVC3. However, the benefits derived
1 !                 from this new strategy more than outweigh the cost of this
1 !                 additional MOVC3 required in the case of a prologue version
1 !                 which will hopefully fade out of use.
1 !
1 !         V03-013 TMK0007          Todd M. Katz            06-Dec-1982
1 !                 The routine RM$SQUISH_SIDR was recovering the space occupied
1 !                 by a SIDR whenever duplicates were allowed and all the elements
1 !                 in the SIDR were deleted even if the SIDR occupied the
1 !                 physically last position in the SIDR bucket. This had the
1 !                 possibility of creating totally empty SIDR buckets, and the
1 !                 encountering of a totally empty SIDR bucket during a
1 !                 positioning for insertion when duplicates are allowed can not
1 !                 always be correctly handled. Thus, a bug existed in the
1 !                 $DELETE code which had capability of corrupting SIDR indicies.
1 !
1 !                 To fix this code I have decided that the space occupied by the
1 !                 physically last SIDR in the bucket can never be recovered even
1 !                 if all the elements in the array are deleted when duplicates
1 !                 alternate keys are allowed. At best, if the file is a prologue
1 !                 3 file, and the element is not the first element in the SIDR
1 !                 array, the space occupied by the RRV pointer can be recovered.
```

```
                This fix which I have implemented by re-writing the routine
                RM$SQUISH_SIDR (both to implement the fix and to optimize the
                existing code) guarentees both that empty SIDR buckets can
                never be created when duplicate SIDRs are allowed, and that NRP
                positioning context is maintained.

        V03-012 TMK0006         Todd M. Katz            14-Nov-1982
                The routine RM$DELETE_UDR no longer has to return a value.
                Previously, it was returning a value because the routine that
                was responsible for reclaiming space occupied by records that
                were just marked deleted needed to know whether or no an
                RRV had been created in the place of the reclaimed record.
                This is no longer the case, as that routine has been modified
                to no longer require this piece of information.

        V03-011 TMK0005         Todd M. Katz            12-Nov-1982
                The routine RM$FND_SDR_ARRY requires as implicit input the key
                size of the SIDR it is to position to in IRB$B_KEYSZ. The
                routine RM$DELETE_SIDR was not setting up the IRAB cell with
                the key size before calling this routine. Therefore, the
                possibility existed that RM$FND_SDR_ARRY would position to
                the wrong SIDR array, which would then be deleted. This in fact
                has been seen, during the course of an $UPDATE when the old
                SIDRs that have been changed are removed, and this fix corrects
                this problem.

        V03-010 TMK0004         Todd M. Katz            11-Nov-1982
                When SIDRs must be deleted and the file is a prologue 3 file,
                the record must be unpacked so that the alternate keys can be
                extracted. If RMS positioned by the primary key of reference
                then it will already have a fully expanded copy of the primary
                key in keybuffer 1, and it can use this in the unpacking of the
                record instead of scanning the bucket to re-expand the primary
                key when primary key compression is enabled. There is one
                case when it can not use the primary key in keybuffer 1 like
                this, and that is when the record being deleted is not the same
                as the current primary data record. This happens when RMS
                randomly $FINDs a record since this operation does not update
                the NRP conext. I was not checking for this case and this fix
                remedies this.

        V03-009 TMK0003         Todd M. Katz            06-Oct-1982
                When I completely re-wrote this routine (TMK0001), I broke
                the deletion of prologue 3 fixed length records, in certain
                cases, because I had assummed that all prologue 3 records
                included as part of their record overhead a record size field
                that needs to be updated when the portion of the prologue 3
                primary data record occupied by the data is reclaimed. I thought
                I had fixed this in TMK0002 (although I forgot to mention it in
                the audit trial), but actually all I did was fix one $DELETE
                case and break others that occur more frequently. What I did
                was to make the assunmption that all fixed length prologue 3
                records do not include a record size field. This too is
                incorrect. Actually, if a prologue 3 record with fixed length
                records has either key or data compression (or both) enabled,
                then there is a record size field present as part of the
                record overhead. If both compression types are disabled and the
```

```
!               record is fixed size then there is no need for a record size
!               field and one is not present. I was not checking any compression
!               bits, but rather, just for a fixed length record format, before
!               deciding whether or there was a record size field to update and
!               this is what caused the problem in TMK0002.
!
!       V03-008 TMK0002         Todd M. Katz            04-Sep-1982
!               Add support for prologue 3 SIDRs. This involves changes
!               only to the routine RM$SQUISH_SIDR.
!
!               The field IRB$B_SRCHFLAGS is now a word. Change all references
!               to it.
!
!       V03-007 KBT0162         Keith B. Thompson       21-Aug-1982
!               Reorganize psects
!
!       V03-006 TMK0001         Todd M. Katz            02-Jul-1982
!
!               New version of $DELETE. This module now incorporates all
!               the routines which were formerly in RM3DELSDR.
!
!*****

LIBRARY 'RMSLIB:RMS';

REQUIRE 'RMSSRC:RMSIDXDEF';

! Define default PSECTS for code.
!
PSECT
    CODE = RM$RMS3(PSECT_ATTR),
    PLIT = RM$RMS3(PSECT_ATTR);

! Linkages.
!
LINKAGE
    L_ERROR_LINK1,
    L_JSB,
    L_JSB01,
    L_LINK_7_10_11,
    L_PRESERVE1,
    L_RABREG,
    L_RABREG_4567,
    L_RABREG_567,
    L_RABREG_67,
    L_RABREG_7,
    L_REC_OVHD,
    L_SIDR_FIRST,

    ! Local Linkage
    !
    RL$DEL_ALL_SIDR = JSB ()
                    : GLOBAL (R_REC_ADDR,R_IDX_DFN,COMMON_RABREG),
    RL$SQUISH_DATA = JSB ()
                  : GLOBAL(R_REC_ADDR,R_BKT_ADDR,R_IDX_DFN,R_IFAB);

! External Routines
```

```
1 !
1 EXTERNAL ROUTINE
1     RM$CLEAN_BDB          : RL$ERROR_LINK1,
1     RM$CSEARCH_TREE       : RL$RABREG_67,
1     RM$EXPAND_KEYD        : RL$JSB01,
1     RM$EXT_ARRY_RFA       : RL$RABREG_67,
1     RM$FIND_BY_ID         : RL$RABREG_567,
1     RM$GET_NEXT_KEY       : RL$LINK_7_10_11,
1     RM$GETNXT_ARRAY       : RL$RABREG_67,
1     RM$KEY_DESC           : RL$RABREG_7,
1     RM$MOVE               : RL$PRESERVE1,
1     RM$NULLKEY            : RL$JSB,
1     RM$REC_OVHD           : RL$REC_OVHD,
1     RM$RECORD_ID          : RL$RABREG_67,
1     RM$RECORD_KEY         : RL$PRESERVE1,
1     RM$RECORD_VBN         : RL$PRESERVE1,
1     RM$RLSBKT             : RL$PRESERVE1,
1     RM$RU_JOURNAL3        : RL$RABREG_67 ADDRESSING_MODE( LONG_RELATIVE ),
1     RM$SIDR_END           : RL$RABREG_67,
1     RM$SIDR_FIRST         : RL$SIDR_FIRST,
1     RM$UNPACK_REC         : RL$JSB01,
1     RM$UPDDELCOM          : RL$RABREG_67;
1
1 ! Forward Routines
1 !
1 FORWARD ROUTINE
1     RM$DELETE_RRV         : RL$RABREG_4567,
1     RM$DELETE_SIDR        : RL$RABREG_7,
1     RM$DELETE_UDR         : RL$RABREG_4567  NOVALUE,
1     RM$SQUISH_DATA        : RL$SQUISH_DATA NOVALUE,
1     RM$SQUISH_SIDR        : RL$RABREG_567;
```

```
1 %SBTTL  'RM$DEL_ALL_SIDR'
1 ROUTINE RM$DEL_ALL_SIDR (RECORD_SIZE) : RL$DEL_ALL_SIDR NOVALUE =
1
1 !++
1 !
1 ! FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
1 !
1 !       The purpose of this routine is to delete every SIDR array element
1 !       pointing to the the current primary data record. Towards this goal
1 !       every secondary key represented in the current primary data record
1 !       is in turn extracted from the current primary data record which has
1 !       been saved (in an unpacked form if prologue 3) in a record buffer, used
1 !       to position to the SIDR array element pointing to the current primary
1 !       data record in the appropriate index, and that array element is
1 !       deleted. If the current primary data record does not possess one or
1 !       more secondary keys either because the record is not of sufficient size
1 !       or the key is null, or if a fast delete is requested and duplicates of
1 !       one or more secondary keys are allowed, then the deletion of those
1 !       secondary keys are bypassed.
1 !
1 ! CALLING SEQUENCE:
1 !
1 !       RM$DEL_ALL_SIDR()
1 !
1 ! INPUT PARAMETERS:
1 !
1 !       RECORD_SIZE            - size of the user data record in IRB$L_RECBUF
1 !
1 ! IMPLICIT INPUTS:
1 !
1 !       IDX_DFN                         - index descriptor for the primary key
1 !
1 !       IFAB                            - address of the IFAB
1 !           IFB$W_KBUFSZ                - size of each of the keybuffers
1 !           IFB$B_PLG_VER               - prologue version of the file
1 !
1 !       IRAB                            - address of the IRAB
1 !           IRB$L_KEYBUF                - address of the contigious keybuffers
1 !           IRB$L_RECBUF                - address of record unpacking buffer
1 !
1 !       RAB                             - address of the RAB
1 !           RAB$V_FDL                   - if set, fast-delete requested
1 !
1 ! OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
1 !       NONE
1 !
1 ! IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
1 !       NONE
1 !
1 ! ROUTINE VALUE:
1 !       NONE
1 !
1 ! SIDE EFFECTS:
1 !
1 !       AP and REC_ADDR are trashed.
1 !       Keybuffer 2 contains the key of the last SIDR deleted.
1 !
```

```
1 !--
1
2       BEGIN
2
2       BUILTIN
2           AP;
2
2       EXTERNAL REGISTER
2           COMMON_RAB_STR,
2           R_IDX_DFN_STR,
2           R_REC_ADDR_STR;
2
2       LABEL
2           BLOCK;
2
2       ! Delete all of the secondary keys present in the current user data record.
2       !
2       WHILE RMSGET_NEXT_KEY()
2       DO
2
2           ! Each secondary key in the file will in turn become the "current"
2           ! secondary key for the purpose of deleting its representative in the
2           ! current primary data record from the appropriate index.
2           !
3 BLOCK:  BEGIN
3
3           ! If a fast-delete is requested, terminate the deletion of the current
3           ! secondary key only if this secondary key allows duplicates. If this
3           ! secondary key does not allow duplicates, then a fast delete of it can
3           ! not be done, since the error caused by a later attempt to insert a
3           ! record with a secondary key that is a duplicate of this one would go
3           ! undetected.
3           !
3           IF .RAB[RAB$V_FDL]
3               AND
3              .IDX_DFN[IDX$V_DUPKEYS]
3           THEN
3               LEAVE BLOCK;
3
3           ! Check that the current primary data record is of a sufficient size to
3           ! include the current secondary key. If it is not, terminate the
3           ! deletion process for this secondary key.
3           !
3           IF .RECORD_SIZE<0, 16> LSSU .IDX_DFN[IDX$W_MINRECSZ]
3           THEN
3               LEAVE BLOCK;
3
3           ! In preparation for positioning to the SIDR array element for this
3           ! secondary key of the current primary data record, the secondary key
3           ! must be extracted into keybuffer 2.
3           !
3           REC_ADDR = .IRAB[IRB$L_RECBUF];
3
3           ! If this secondary key for the current primary data record is null,
3           ! there will not be a SIDR array element in this index pointing to the
3           ! current primary data record. Therefore, there is no need to continue
3           ! with the process of deleting the current secondary key's
```

```
3            ! representative in the current primary data record.
3            !
3            AP = 0;
3            IF NOT RM$NULLKEY (.REC_ADDR)
3            THEN
3                LEAVE BLOCK;
3
3            ! Extract out the current secondary key from the current primary data
3            ! record, and place it in keybuffer 2.
3            !
3            AP = 3;
3
4            BEGIN
4
4            GLOBAL REGISTER
4                R_BDB;
4
4            RM$RECORD_KEY (KEYBUF_ADDR(2));
3            END;
3
3            ! Position to and delete the SIDR array element pointing to the current
3            ! primary data record for this secondary key from the file.
3            !
3            RM$DELETE_SIDR();
2            END;
2
1        END;


                                        .TITLE  RM3DELETE
                                        .IDENT  \V04-000\

                                        .EXTRN  RM$CLEAN_BDB, RM$CSEARCH_TREE
                                        .EXTRN  RM$EXPAND_KEYD, RM$EXT_ARRY_RFA
                                        .EXTRN  RM$FIND_BY_ID, RM$GET_NEXT_KEY
                                        .EXTRN  RM$GETNXT_ARRAY
                                        .EXTRN  RM$KEY_DESC, RM$MOVE
                                        .EXTRN  RM$NULLKEY, RM$REC_OVHD
                                        .EXTRN  RM$RECORD_ID, RM$RECORD_KEY
                                        .EXTRN  RM$RECORD_VBN, RM$RLSBKT
                                        .EXTRN  RM$RU_JOURNAL3, RM$SIDR_END
                                        .EXTRN  RM$SIDR_FIRST, RM$UNPACK_REC
                                        .EXTRN  RM$UPDDELCOM

                                        .PSECT  RM$RMS3,NOWRT,  GBL,  PIC,2

                          54  DD 00000 RM$DEL_ALL_SIDR:
                                        PUSHL   R4                                  ; 0382
                       0000G  30 00002 1$:  BSBW    RM$GET_NEXT_KEY                 ; 0455
              38          50  E9 00005      BLBC    R0, 3$                          ;
  04     04   A8          06  E1 00008      BBC     #6, 4(RAB), 2$                  ; 0471
              F1     1C   A7  E8 0000D      BLBS    28(IDX_DFN), 1$                 ; 0473
         22   A7     08   AE  B1 00011 2$:  CMPW    RECORD_SIZE, 34(IDX_DFN)        ; 0481
                          EA  1F 00016      BLSSU   1$                              ;
              56     68   A9  D0 00018      MOVL    104(IRAB), REC_ADDR             ; 0489
                          5C  D4 0001C      CLRL    AP                              ; 0497
                          56  DD 0001E      PUSHL   REC_ADDR                        ; 0498
```

```
                    0000G  30 00020           BSBW    RM$NULLKEY                   ;
     5E                04  C0 00023           ADDL2   #4, SP                       ;
     D9                50  E9 00026           BLBC    R0, 1$                       ;
     5C                03  D0 00029           MOVL    #3, AP                       ; 0505
     50       00B4     CA  3C 0002C           MOVZWL  180(IFAB), R0                ; 0512
                60  B940   9F 00031           PUSHAB  @96(IRAB)[R0]                ;
                    0000G  30 00035           BSBW    RM$RECORD_KEY                ;
     5E                04  C0 00038           ADDL2   #4, SP                       ;
                    0000V  30 0003B           BSBW    RM$DELETE_SIDR               ; 0518
                       C2  11 0003E           BRB     1$                           ; 0455
                       10  BA 00040 3$:       POPR    #^M<R4>                      ; 0521
                           05 00042           RSB                                  ;

; Routine Size:  67 bytes,    Routine Base:  RM$RMS3 + 0000
```

```
1 %SBTTL  'RM$DELETE3B'
1 GLOBAL ROUTINE RM$DELETE3B : RL$RABREG =
1
1 !++
1 !
1 ! FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
1 !
1 !       This routine directs the deletion of the current primary data record.
1 !       To establish a current record, a $GET or $FIND is done. Fast delete
1 !       (SIDR entries are not deleted) can only take place when duplicates are
1 !       allowed. This is because allowing SIDR entries to not be deleted when
1 !       duplicates were not allowed, would mean that the the error condition
1 !       "inserting duplicate when not allowed" could not be detected.
1 !
1 !       The steps involved in deleting the current record are as follows:
1 !
1 !       1. If the file defines alternate keys or is being RU Journalled, save
1 !          the primary data record in a record buffer. If the file is a
1 !          prologue 3 file then the primary data record will be saved in
1 !          unpacked format.
1 !
1 !       2. Delete the RRV. The space it occupies maybe completely reclaimed
1 !          if the file is a prologue 3 file; otherwise, just the space
1 !          occupied by the RRV pointer is recovered.
1 !
1 !       3. Delete the user data record. This may involve just marking it
1 !          deleted, eliminating just the data portion (prologue 3 only), or
1 !          eliminating the entire record depending upon the prologue version
1 !          of the file, whether duplicate primary keys are allowed, and whether
1 !          this primary data record is physically the last record in the primary
1 !          data bucket.
1 !
1 !       4. Delete all secondary keys (unless fast delete is set and duplicates
1 !          are allowed). The SIDR will be completely deleted if duplicates
1 !          are not allowed, but if duplicates are allowed the SIDR element will
1 !          just be marked deleted and the space occupied by the RRV pointer
1 !          reclaimed if the file is a prologue 3 file.
1 !
1 !       NOTE: If this operation is occurring on a RU Journalled file within a
1 !             recovery unit then the RRV, primary data record, and all SIDR
1 !             elements are marked IRC$V_RU_DELETE and no space is reclaimed.
1 !
1 ! CALLING SEQUENCE:
1 !
1 !       RM$DELETE3B()
1 !
1 ! INPUT PARAMETERS:
1 !       NONE
1 !
1 ! IMPLICIT INPUTS:
1 !
1 !       IFAB                    - address of IFAB
1 !           IFB$B_NUM_KEYS      - number of keys in the file
1 !           IFB$B_PLG_VER       - prologue version of the file
1 !           IFB$V_RUP           - if set, Recovery Unit is in progress
1 !
1 !       IRAB                    - address of IRAB
```

```
!               IRB$B_CUR_KREF      - current positioning key of reference
!               IRB$W_POS_ID        - ID of positioning primary data record
!               IRB$L_POS_VBN       - VBN of positioning primary data record
!               IRB$L_RECBUF        - address of record buffer
!               IRB$W_UDR_ID        - ID of current primary data record
!               IRB$L_UDR_VBN       - VBN of current primary data record
!
! OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
!       NONE
!
! IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
!
!       IRAB
!               IRB$V_FIND_LAST     - 0, last operation was not a $FIND
!               IRB$V_PUTS_LAST     - 0, last operation was not a $PUT
!               IRB$V_UPDATE        - 0, last operation was not an $UPDATE
!
! ROUTINE VALUE:
!
!       CUR             - illegal or no current record
!       RNL             - current record not locked
!       SUC             - record successfully deleted
!       various I/O errors
!
! SIDE EFFECTS:
!
!       If record locking is unneccessary the record locks are not checked for.
!       If automatic locking is not specified, the then the deleted record is
!               not unlocked.
!       If automatic locking is required, then the current primary data record
!               is always unlocked, on success or failure.
!       If the current process is within a Recovery Unit, and the file is being
!               Recovery Unit Journalled, then the operation is RU Journalled
!               before any permanent modification to the file takes place
!--

    BEGIN

    BUILTIN
        AP;

    EXTERNAL REGISTER
        COMMON_RAB_STR;

    GLOBAL REGISTER
        COMMON_IO_STR,
        R_REC_ADDR_STR,
        R_IDX_DFN_STR;

    LOCAL
        RECORD_SIZE;

    ! Perform checks common to both $UPDATE and $DELETE such as making sure
    ! there is a current record and that it is locked, and then find the
    ! current record by means of its RFA address. This will access both the
    ! bucket containing the current record and the bucket containing the
    ! current record's RRV, if it has one. The address of the BDB for the
```

```
                ! current record bucket will be returned in IRB$L_CURBDB, and the address
                ! of the BDB for the RRV bucket will be returned in IRB$L_NXTBDB.
                !
                IRAB[IRB$V_UPDATE] = 0;

                RETURN_ON_ERROR (RM$UPDDELCOM());

                ! Retrieve the index descriptor for the primary key.
                !
                RM$KEY_DESC (0);

                ! If the file contains alternate keys, then save the primary data record
                ! (in unpacked format if the file's prologue version is 3), in a record
                ! buffer so that the primary data record maybe deleted, and the record will
                ! still available. This is so that the alternate keys maybe extracted from
                ! it at a later time to be used in the deletion of the corresponding SIDRs.
                !
                ! If the process is within a recovery unit and the file is being RU
                ! Journalled, then unpack the primary data record regardless of whether or
                ! not the file defines alternate keys.
                !
                IF  .IFAB[IFB$B_NUM_KEYS] GTRU 1
                    OR
                    .IFAB[IFB$V_RUP]
                THEN
                    BEGIN

                    LOCAL
                        REC_SIZE,
                        SAVE_REC_ADDR       : REF BBLOCK;

                    ! Retrieve the size of the current primary data record, and position
                    ! past the record overhead to the user data record itself.
                    !
                    SAVE_REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR;
                    REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR + RM$REC_OVHD(0; REC_SIZE);
                    RECORD_SIZE = .REC_SIZE;

                    ! If the file is a prologue 3 file, then the current primary data
                    ! record must be unpacked into the record buffer
                    !
                    IF .IFAB[IFB$B_PLG_VER] GEQU  PLG$C_VER_3
                    THEN
                        BEGIN

                        ! If the record is in a special format, then retrieve the true size
                        ! of the record from the last two bytes in the record's reserved
                        ! space.
                        !
                        IF .SAVE_REC_ADDR[IRC$V_RU_UPDATE]
                        THEN
                            RECORD_SIZE = .(.REC_ADDR + .RECORD_SIZE
                                                      - IRC$C_DATSZFLD)<0,16>;

                        ! As part of the process of unpacking the current primary data
                        ! record, RMS must extract the primary key from its position in
                        ! front of the rest of the data record, re-expand it if it is
```

```
        ! compressed, and re-integrate it. If the current NRP positioning
        ! key of reference is the primary key, then when RMS positioned to
        ! the current primary data record it extracted its primary key into
        ! keybuffer 1 where it serves as part of the local NRP context. If
        ! this is indeed the case, then signal the data record unpacking
        ! routine that the primary key for this data record maybe found in
        ! keybuffer 1, and that there is no need to again extract and
        ! re-expand the primary key as part of the unpacking process;
        ! otherwise, signal that the entire unpacking process must be gone
        ! through.
        !
        ! There is one case when RMS must signal that the entire unpacking
        ! process must be gone through even though the primary key is the
        ! current key of reference. This is when RMS positioned to the
        ! record by means of a random $FIND. This type of operation does
        ! not update the NRP context.
        !
        IF (.IRAB[IRB$B_CUR_KREF] EQLU 0)
            AND
           (.IRAB[IRB$W_POS_ID] EQLU .IRAB[IRB$W_UDR_ID])
            AND
           (.IRAB[IRB$L_POS_VBN] EQLU .IRAB[IRB$L_UDR_VBN])
        THEN
            AP = 1
        ELSE
            AP = 0;

        RECORD_SIZE = RM$UNPACK_REC (.IRAB[IRB$L_RECBUF], .RECORD_SIZE);

        ! If this file is being RU Journalled (Only Prologue 3 files are
        ! journalled), and the current process is within a Recovery Unit,
        ! then RU Journal the current operation and set the state bit
        ! IRB$V_RU_DELETE ao that the deletions are done such that no space
        ! at all is reclaimed.
        !
        IF .IFAB[IFB$V_RUP]
        THEN
            BEGIN
            REC_ADDR = .IRAB[IRB$L_RECBUF];
            RETURN_ON_ERROR (RM$RU_JOURNAL3 (RJR$_DELETE,
                                             .IRAB[IRB$L_UDR_VBN],
                                             .IRAB[IRB$W_UDR_ID],
                                             .RECORD_SIZE),
                             RM$CLEAN_BDB());
            IRAB[IRB$V_RU_DELETE] = 1;
            END;
        END

    ! If the file is a prologue 1 or 2 file, then just move the primary data
    ! record into the record buffer.
    !
    ELSE
        RM$MOVE (.RECORD_SIZE, .REC_ADDR, .IRAB[IRB$L_RECBUF]);

    ! Position back to the beginning of the primary data record - to the
    ! first byte of the current primary data record's overhead.
    !
```

```
: 688      0750 3        REC_ADDR = .SAVE_REC_ADDR;
: 689      0751 2        END;
: 690      0752 2
: 691      0753 2     ! If the current record is not in its original bucket, process the RRV for
: 692      0754 2     ! the current record. For prologue 3 files this involves deleting the RRV
: 693      0755 2     ! entirely. For all other files, just the space occupied by the RRV pointer
: 694      0756 2     ! to the current record is reclaimed. This means that the current record
: 695      0757 2     ! can no longer be found through its secondary keys or by RFA access.
: 696      0758 2     !
: 697      0759 2     IF (BDB = .IRAB[IRB$L_NXTBDB]) NEQ 0
: 698      0760 2     THEN
: 699      0761 3        BEGIN
: 700      0762 3        IRAB[IRB$L_NXTBDB] = 0;
: 701    P 0763 3        RETURN_ON_ERROR (RM$DELETE_RRV(), BEGIN
: 702    P 0764 3                                          IRAB[IRB$V_RU_DELETE] = 0;
: 703    P 0765 3                                          RELEASE (IRAB[IRB$L_CURBDB]);
: 704      0766 3                                          END);
: 705      0767 2        END;
: 706      0768 2
: 707      0769 2     ! Delete the current primary data record, mark the bucket dirty and release
: 708      0770 2     ! it. If the current record's key is the high key in the primary data
: 709      0771 2     ! bucket, then the current primary data record is just marked deleted.
: 710      0772 2     !
: 711      0773 2     BDB = .IRAB[IRB$L_CURBDB];
: 712      0774 2     IRAB[IRB$L_CURBDB] = 0;
: 713      0775 2
: 714      0776 2     RM$DELETE_UDR();
: 715      0777 2
: 716      0778 2     BDB[BDB$V_DRT] = 1;
: 717      0779 2     RETURN_ON_ERROR (RM$RLSBKT(0), IRAB[IRB$V_RU_DELETE] = 0);
: 718      0780 2
: 719      0781 2     ! If the file contains alternate keys, delete all the SIDR entries for
: 720      0782 2     ! the current record.
: 721      0783 2     !
: 722      0784 2     IF .IFAB[IFB$B_NUM_KEYS] GTRU 1
: 723      0785 2     THEN
: 724      0786 2        RM$DEL_ALL_SIDR (.RECORD_SIZE);
: 725      0787 2
: 726      0788 2     ! Clear the IRB$V_RU_DELETE state bit regardless of whether this operation
: 727      0789 2     ! was or wasn't RU Journalled, and then return success.
: 728      0790 2     !
: 729      0791 2     IRAB[IRB$V_RU_DELETE] = 0;
: 730      0792 2     RETURN RMSSUC();
: 731      0793 1     END;


                     00FC    8F  BB 00000 RM$DELETE3B::
                                                      PUSHR   #^M<R2,R3,R4,R5,R6,R7>          ; 0523
          06    A9             08  8A 00004           BICB2   #8, 6(IRAB)                     ; 0639
                            0000G  30 00008           BSBW    RM$UPDDELCOM                    ; 0641
                03             50  E8 0000B           BLBS    STATUS, 1$                      ;
                             0101  31 0000E           BRW     13$                             ;
                               7E  D4 00011 1$:       CLRL    -(SP)                           ; 0645
                            0000G  30 00013           BSBW    RM$KEY_DESC                     ;
```

```
                  5E            04  C0 00016          ADDL2   #4, SP                            ;
                  01     00B2   CA  91 00019          CMPB    178(IFAB), #1                     ; 0657
                                09  1A 0001E          BGTRU   2$                                ;
      03    00A2  CA            02  E0 00020          BBS     #2, 162(IFAB), 2$                 ; 0659
                              008A  31 00026          BRW     9$                                ;
                  53            56  D0 00029 2$:      MOVL    REC_ADDR, SAVE_REC_ADDR           ; 0670
                                51  D4 0002C          CLRL    R1                                ; 0671
                             0000G  30 0002E          BSBW    RM$REC_OVHD                       ;
                  56            50  C0 00031          ADDL2   R0, REC_ADDR                      ;
                  52            51  D0 00034          MOVL    REC_SIZE, RECORD_SIZE             ; 0672
                  03     00B7   CA  91 00037          CMPB    183(IFAB), #3                     ; 0677
                                65  1F 0003C          BLSSU   7$                                ;
      07          63            06  E1 0003E          BBC     #6, (SAVE_REC_ADDR), 3$           ; 0685
                           FE A246  9F 00042          PUSHAB  -2(RECORD_SIZE)[REC_ADDR]         ; 0687
                  52            9E  3C 00046          MOVZWL  @(SP)+, RECORD_SIZE               ;
                         00C3   C9  95 00049 3$:      TSTB    195(IRAB)                         ; 0710
                                17  12 0004D          BNEQ    4$                                ;
            00BC  C9     00BA   C9  B1 0004F          CMPW    186(IRAB), 188(IRAB)              ; 0712
                                0E  12 00056          BNEQ    4$                                ;
            00B0  C9     00AC   C9  D1 00058          CMPL    172(IRAB), 176(IRAB)              ; 0714
                                05  12 0005F          BNEQ    4$                                ;
                  5C            01  D0 00061          MOVL    #1, AP                            ; 0716
                                02  11 00064          BRB     5$                                ;
                                5C  D4 00066 4$:      CLRL    AP                                ; 0718
                  51            52  D0 00068 5$:      MOVL    RECORD_SIZE, R1                   ; 0720
                  50       68   A9  D0 0006B          MOVL    104(IRAB), R0                     ;
                             0000G  30 0006F          BSBW    RM$UNPACK_REC                     ;
                  52            50  D0 00072          MOVL    R0, RECORD_SIZE                   ;
      35    00A2  CA            02  E1 00075          BBC     #2, 162(IFAB), 8$                 ; 0728
                  56       68   A9  D0 0007B          MOVL    104(IRAB), REC_ADDR               ; 0731
                                52  DD 0007F          PUSHL   RECORD_SIZE                       ; 0736
                  7E     00BC   C9  3C 00081          MOVZWL  188(IRAB), -(SP)                  ;
                         00B0   C9  DD 00086          PUSHL   176(IRAB)                         ;
                                05  DD 0008A          PUSHL   #5                                ;
                    00000000G   EF  16 0008C          JSB     RM$RU_JOURNAL3                    ;
                  5E            10  C0 00092          ADDL2   #16, SP                           ;
                  05            50  E8 00095          BLBS    STATUS, 6$                        ;
                             0000G  30 00098          BSBW    RM$CLEAN_BDB                      ;
                                75  11 0009B          BRB     13$                               ;
            07    A9            20  88 0009D 6$:      BISB2   #32, 7(IRAB)                      ; 0737
                                0D  11 000A1          BRB     8$                                ; 0677
                           68   A9  DD 000A3 7$:      PUSHL   104(IRAB)                         ; 0745
                         0044   8F  BB 000A6          PUSHR   #^M<R2,R6>                        ;
                             0000G  30 000AA          BSBW    RM$MOVE                           ;
                  5E            0C  C0 000AD          ADDL2   #12, SP                           ;
                  56            53  D0 000B0 8$:      MOVL    SAVE_REC_ADDR, REC_ADDR           ; 0750
                  54       3C   A9  D0 000B3 9$:      MOVL    60(IRAB), BDB                     ; 0759
                                24  13 000B7          BEQL    10$                               ;
                           3C   A9  D4 000B9          CLRL    60(IRAB)                          ; 0762
                             0000V  30 000BC          BSBW    RM$DELETE_RRV                     ; 0766
                  51            50  D0 000BF          MOVL    R0, STATUS                        ;
                  18            51  E8 000C2          BLBS    STATUS, 10$                       ;
            07    A9            20  8A 000C5          BICB2   #32, 7(IRAB)                      ;
                  54       20   A9  D0 000C9          MOVL    32(IRAB), BDB                     ;
                           20   A9  D4 000CD          CLRL    32(IRAB)                          ;
                                7E  D4 000D0          CLRL    -(SP)                             ;
                             0000G  30 000D2          BSBW    RM$RLSBKT                         ;
```

```
            5E          04 C0 000D5         ADDL2   #4, SP                          ;
            50          51 D0 000D8         MOVL    STATUS, R0                      ;
                        35 11 000DB         BRB     13$                             ;
            54     20   A9 D0 000DD  10$:   MOVL    32(IRAB), BDB                   ; 0773
                   20   A9 D4 000E1         CLRL    32(IRAB)                        ; 0774
                     0000V 30 000E4         BSBW    RM$DELETE_UDR                   ; 0776
       0A   A4          02 88 000E7         BISB2   #2, 10(BDB)                     ; 0778
                        7E D4 000EB         CLRL    -(SP)                           ; 0779
                     0000G 30 000ED         BSBW    RM$RLSBKT                       ;
            5E          04 C0 000F0         ADDL2   #4, SP                          ;
            06          50 E8 000F3         BLBS    STATUS, 11$                     ;
       07   A9          20 8A 000F6         BICB2   #32, 7(IRAB)                    ;
                        16 11 000FA         BRB     13$                             ;
            01   00B2   CA 91 000FC  11$:   CMPB    178(IFAB), #1                   ; 0784
                        08 1B 00101         BLEQU   12$                             ;
                        52 DD 00103         PUSHL   RECORD_SIZE                     ; 0786
                      FEB5 30 00105         BSBW    RM$DEL_ALL_SIDR                 ;
            5E          04 C0 00108         ADDL2   #4, SP                          ;
       07   A9          20 8A 0010B  12$:   BICB2   #32, 7(IRAB)                    ; 0791
            50          01 D0 0010F         MOVL    #1, R0                          ; 0792
                 00FC   8F BA 00112  13$:   POPR    #^M<R2,R3,R4,R5,R6,R7>          ; 0793
                        05 00116            RSB                                     ;

; Routine Size:  279 bytes,    Routine Base:  RM$RMS3 + 0043
```

```
1 %SBTTL  'RM$DELETE_RRV'
1 GLOBAL ROUTINE RM$DELETE_RRV : RL$RABREG_4567 =
1
1 !++
1 !
1 ! FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
1 !
1 !       Delete the RRV for the current primary data record. If the file is a
1 !       prologue 3 file the RRV is entirely deleted; otherwise, it is marked
1 !       deleted and just the space occupied by the pointer is reclaimed.
1 !
1 !       If the state bit IRB$V_RU_DELETE is set, the RRV is just marked
1 !       RU_DELETE. Likewise, if the state bit IRB$V_RU_UNDEL is set, then the
1 !       RU_DELETE bit in the RRV;s control byte is cleared.
1 !
1 ! CALLING SEQUENCE:
1 !
1 !       RM$DELETE_RRV()
1 !
1 ! INPUT PARAMETERS:
1 !       NONE
1 !
1 ! IMPLICIT INPUTS:
1 !
1 !       BDB                     - BDB of buffer with RRV bucket in it
1 !           BDB$L_ADDR          - address of buffer
1 !
1 !       IFAB                    - address of IFAB
1 !           IFB$B_PLG_VER       - prologue version of file
1 !
1 !       IRAB
1 !           IRB$V_RU_DELETE     - if set, mark RU_DELETE and do not reclaim
1 !           IRB$V_RU_UNDEL      - if set, un-delete the RRV
1 !
1 !       REC_ADDR                - address of record whose RRV is to be deleted
1 !
1 ! OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
1 !       NONE
1 !
1 ! IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
1 !
1 !       IDX_DFN                 - index descriptor for the primary key
1 !
1 ! ROUTINE VALUE:
1 !
1 !       Value of RLSBKT when writing out bucket with RRV deleted
1 !
1 ! SIDE EFFECTS:
1 !
1 !       AP destroyed.
1 !       IDX_DFN is set up for the primary key.
1 !       The freespace offset in the RRV bucket is updated to reflect the
1 !            amount of space reclaimed.
1 !
1 !--
1
2    BEGIN
```

```
	BUILTIN
	    AP;

	EXTERNAL REGISTER
	    R_BDB_STR,
	    COMMON_RAB_STR,
	    R_IDX_DFN_STR,
	    R_REC_ADDR_STR;

	GLOBAL REGISTER
	    R_BKT_ADDR_STR;

	LOCAL
	    DEL_RRV_SIZE,
	    LENGTH,
	    RRV_SIZE,
	    SAVE_REC_ADDR;

	! Obtain the key descriptor for the primary key of reference.
	!
	RM$KEY_DESC(0);

	SAVE_REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR;

	! Extract the RRV ID of the current primary data record.
	!
	AP = RM$RECORD_ID();

	! Position to the RRV to be deleted, the RRV for the current primary data
	! record. It is impossible for this positioning to fail as long as the
	! bucket containing the RRV has not been released since RM$FIND_BY_RRV
	! accessed it.
	!
	BKT_ADDR = .BDB[BDB$L_ADDR];
	RM$FIND_BY_ID();

	! If is is indicated that the RRV should just be marked RU_DELETE and that
	! no space should be reclaimed, then do so by setting the RU_DELETE bit
	! within the RRV's control byte.
	!
	IF .IRAB[IRB$V_RU_DELETE]
	THEN
	    REC_ADDR[IRC$V_RU_DELETE] = 1

	! If it is indicated that the RRV should be un-deleted, then do so by
	! clearing the RU_DELETE bit in the RRV's control byte.
	!
	ELSE
	    IF .IRAB[IRB$V_RU_UNDEL]
	    THEN
		REC_ADDR[IRC$V_RU_DELETE] = 0

	    ! Delete the RRV reclaiming as much space as is possible.
	    !
	    ELSE
		BEGIN
```

```

		! Setup a series of constants to be used in deleting the RRV. These
		! constants are prologue dependent.
		!
		IF .IFAB[IFB$B_PLG_VER] LSSU PLG$C_VER_3
		THEN
		    BEGIN
		    RRV_SIZE     = IRC$C_FIXOVHDSZ;
		    DEL_RRV_SIZE = 2;
		    END
		ELSE
		    BEGIN
		    RRV_SIZE     = IRC$C_FIXOVHSZ3;
		    DEL_RRV_SIZE = 0;
		    END;

		! Delete/Squish the current primary data record's RRV and fix up
		! the RRV bucket's freespace.
		!
		LENGTH = (.BKT_ADDR + .BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE])
			     - (.REC_ADDR + .RRV_SIZE);

		IF .LENGTH GTRU 0
		THEN
		    RM$MOVE (.LENGTH,
			     .REC_ADDR + .RRV_SIZE,
			     .REC_ADDR + .DEL_RRV_SIZE);

		BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE] = .BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE]
					       - .RRV_SIZE + .DEL_RRV_SIZE;

		! If the file is not a prologue 3 file, then the RRV of the current
		! primary data record was just squished. The RRV pointer was
		! removed, but the control byte and record ID fields remain. In
		! this case RMS wants to setup the control byte of the squished RRV
		! to indicate that it has been deleted, is an RRV, and doesn't
		! contain a pointer.
		!
		IF .IFAB[IFB$B_PLG_VER] LSSU PLG$C_VER_3
		THEN
		    REC_ADDR[IRC$B_CONTROL] = IRC$M_RRV OR IRC$M_DELETED
							OR IRC$M_NOPTRSZ;
		END;

	    ! Restore the address of the current primary data record and release the
	    ! RRV's bucket after marking it dirty.
	    !
	    REC_ADDR = .SAVE_REC_ADDR;

	    BDB[BDB$V_DRT] = 1;
	    RETURN RM$RLSBKT (RLS$M_WRT_THRU)

	    END;
```

```
                                2C  BB 00000 RM$DELETE_RRV::
                                               PUSHR   #^M<R2,R3,R5>                         ; 0795
                 5E             08  C2 00002   SUBL2   #8, SP
                                7E  D4 00005   CLRL    -(SP)                                 ; 0872
                             0000G  30 00007   BSBW    RM$KEY_DESC                           ;
                 5E             04  C0 0000A   ADDL2   #4, SP                                ;
                 6E             56  D0 0000D   MOVL    REC_ADDR, SAVE_REC_ADDR               ; 0874
                             0000G  30 00010   BSBW    RM$RECORD_.D                          ; 0878
                 5C             50  D0 00013   MOVL    R0, AP                                ;
                 55       18    A4  D0 00016   MOVL    24(BDB), BKT_ADDR                     ; 0885
                             0000G  30 0001A   BSBW    RM$FIND_BY_ID                         ; 0886
     05       07 A9             05  E1 0001D   BBC     #5, 7(IRAB), 1$                       ; 0892
                 66             20  88 00022   BISB2   #32, (REC_ADDR)                       ; 0894
                                53  11 00025   BRB     6$                                    ;
     05       07 A9             06  E1 00027 1$: BBC   #6, 7(IRAB), 2$                       ; 0900
                 66             20  8A 0002C   BICB2   #32, (REC_ADDR)                       ; 0902
                                49  11 0002F   BRB     6$                                    ;
                 03     00B7    CA  91 00031 2$: CMPB  183(IFAB), #3                         ; 0912
                                09  1E 00036   BGEQU   3$                                    ;
                 53             07  D0 00038   MOVL    #7, RRV_SIZE                          ; 0915
              04 AE             02  D0 0003B   MOVL    #2, DEL_RRV_SIZE                      ; 0916
                                06  11 0003F   BRB     4$                                    ; 0912
                 53             09  D0 00041 3$: MOVL  #9, RRV_SIZE                          ; 0920
                          04    AE  D4 00044   CLRL    DEL_RRV_SIZE                          ; 0921
                 52       04    A5  3C 00047 4$: MOVZWL 4(BKT_ADDR), R2                      ; 0927
     51          55             52  C1 0004B   ADDL3   R2, BKT_ADDR, R1                      ;
     50          56             53  C1 0004F   ADDL3   RRV_SIZE, REC_ADDR, R0                ; 0928
                 51             50  C2 00053   SUBL2   R0, LENGTH                            ;
                                0E  13 00056   BEQL    5$                                    ; 0930
                          04 BE46   9F 00058   PUSHAB  @DEL_RRV_SIZE[REC_ADDR]               ; 0934
                                50  DD 0005C   PUSHL   R0                                    ; 0933
                                51  DD 0005E   PUSHL   LENGTH                                ; 0932
                             0000G  30 00060   BSBW    RM$MOVE                               ;
                 5E             0C  C0 00063   ADDL2   #12, SP                               ;
     50          52             53  C3 00066 5$: SUBL3 RRV_SIZE, R2, R0                      ; 0937
  04 A5          50       04    AE  A1 0006A   ADDW3   DEL_RRV_SIZE, R0, 4(BKT_ADDR)         ;
                 03     00B7    CA  91 00070   CMPB    183(IFAB), #3                         ; 0946
                                03  1E 00075   BGEQU   6$                                    ;
                 66             1C  90 00077   MOVB    #28, (REC_ADDR)                       ; 0949
                 56             6E  D0 0007A 6$: MOVL  SAVE_REC_ADDR, REC_ADDR               ; 0955
              0A A4             02  88 0007D   BISB2   #2, 10(BDB)                           ; 0957
                                02  DD 00081   PUSHL   #2                                    ; 0958
                             0000G  30 00083   BSBW    RM$RLSBKT                             ;
                 5E             0C  C0 00086   ADDL2   #12, SP                               ; 0960
                                2C  BA 00089   POPR    #^M<R2,R3,R5>                         ;
                                05  05 0008B   RSB                                           ;

; Routine Size:  140 bytes,    Routine Base:  RM$RMS3 + 015A
```

```
%SBTTL  'RMS$DELETE_SIDR'
GLOBAL ROUTINE RMS$DELETE_SIDR : RL$RABREG_7 =

!++
!
! FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
!
!       This routine's responsibility is to position to the SIDR array element
!       pointing to the current primary data record for a given key of
!       reference and delete it. The secondary key in keybuffer 2, and the
!       RFA address of the current primary data record, found as part of the
!       local NRP context in the IRAB, are utilized in this positioning.
!       Deletion of the appropriate SIDR array element consists of one of the
!       following:
!
!       1. Removal of the entire SIDR if duplicates are not allowed.
!
!       2. Marking the SIDR array element as deleted and not recovering any
!          space if duplicates are allowed for this key of reference and the
!          file is a prologue 1 or 2 file.
!
!       3. Marking the SIDR array element as deleted and not recovering any
!          space if duplicates are allowed for this key of reference, the file
!          is a prologue 3 file, and the element is the first element in the SIDR
!          array.
!
!       4. Marking the SIDR element deleted and squishing out the space
!          occupied by the RRV pointer if duplicates are allowed for this key
!          of reference, the file is a prologue 3 file, and the element is not
!          the first element in the SIDR array.
!
!       5. Removal of the entire SIDR array if duplicates are allowed, this is
!          the first SIDR with this key value, the SIDR is not the physically
!          last SIDR in the bucket, and ever single element within the SIDR
!          array has been deleted.
!
! CALLING SEQUENCE:
!
!       RMS$DELETE_SIDR()
!
! INPUT PARAMETERS:
!       NONE
!
! IMPLICIT INPUTS:
!
!       IDX_DFN                 - address of index descriptor
!           IDX$B_KEYSZ         - size of alternate key
!
!       IRAB                    - address of IRAB
!           IRB$W_UDR_ID        - RFA VBN of the current primary data record
!           IRB$L_UDR_VBN       - RFA ID of the current primary data record
!
! OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
!       NONE
!
! IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
!
```

```
1 !        IRAB                           - address of IRAB
1 !            IRB$B_KEYSZ                - size of alternate key for key of reference
1 !            IRB$B_STOPLEVEL            - level of index to search to (set to 0)
1 !
1 ! ROUTINE VALUE:
1 !
1 !        Status of the RM$RLSBKT call (success or error) that released
1 !            the modified bucket.
1 !        BUG - if the SIDR array element could not be located
1 !
1 ! SIDE EFFECTS:
1 !
1 !        Modified bucket is released.
1 !        IRB$V_POSDELETE set within IRB$W_SRCHFLGS.
1 !
1 !--
1
2     BEGIN
2
2     EXTERNAL REGISTER
2         COMMON_RAB_STR,
2         R_IDX_DFN_STR;
2
2     GLOBAL REGISTER
2         COMMON_IO_STR,
2         R_REC_ADDR_STR;
2
2     LABEL
2         FIND_ELEMENT;
2
2     LOCAL
2         BEGIN_OF_SIDR;
2
2     ! Since RMS is going to position so it can delete a SIDR array element,
2     ! set the appropriate search flag, and make sure the key size is set up.
2     !
2     IRAB[IRB$B_STOPLEVEL] = 0;
2     IRAB[IRB$W_SRCHFLAGS] = IRB$M_POSDELETE;
2     IRAB[IRB$B_KEYSZ] = .IDX_DFN[IDX$B_KEYSZ];
2
2     ! Position to the SIDR array element pointing to the current primary data
2     ! record for this key of reference. This loop will only be exited either
2     ! when the array element has been located or all SIDR elements with this
2     ! key value are exhausted.
2     !
2 FIND_ELEMENT:
3     BEGIN
3
3     LOCAL
3         END_OF_SIDR,
3         ID,
3         STATUS,
3         VBN;
3
3     WHILE 1
3     DO
4         BEGIN
```

```

        ! If RMS is unable to find an array element pointing to the current
        ! primary data record, then something is very wrong. Return an internal
        ! bug error, and save the status from RM$CSEARCH_TREE, in the RABs STV
        ! field.
        !
        IF NOT (STATUS = RM$CSEARCH_TREE())
        THEN
            BEGIN
            RAB[RAB$L_STV] = .STATUS;
            RETURN RMSERR(BUG);
            END;

        ! Prepare to search the SIDR array for the element pointing to the
        ! current primary data record.
        !
        BEGIN_OF_SIDR = .REC_ADDR;
        END_OF_SIDR = RM$SIDR_END();

        ! Position to the first array element in the SIDR array.
        !
        REC_ADDR = RM$SIDR_FIRST(0);

        ! Search the current SIDR array for the element corresponding to the
        ! current primary data record.
        !
        WHILE .REC_ADDR LSSA .END_OF_SIDR
        DO

            ! If after extracting out the RFA pointer from the current SIDR
            ! array element, RMS finds that it does indeed point to the
            ! current primary data record, then exit the search loop
            !
            IF  RM$EXT_ARRY_RFA (VBN, ID)
                 AND
                (.IRAB[IRB$W_UDR_ID] EQLU .ID)
                 AND
                (.IRAB[IRB$L_UDR_VBN] EQLU .VBN)
            THEN
                LEAVE FIND_ELEMENT

            ! If the current array element is deleted or does not point to the
            ! current primary data record then proceed to the next element in
            ! the SIDR array.
            !
            ELSE
                RM$GETNXT_ARRAY();
        END;
    END;

    ! Delete the SIDR array pointing to the current primary data record
    ! for this key of reference. The deletion rules are stated above.
    !
    BDB = .IRAB[IRB$L_CURBDB];
    IRAB[IRB$L_CURBDB] = 0;

    BKT_ADDR = .BDB[BDB$L_ADDR];
```

```
; 1072          1132  2      RM$SQUISH_SIDR (0, .BEGIN_OF_SIDR);
; 1073          1133  2
; 1074          1134  2      ! Mark the bucket dirty, and release it.
; 1075          1135  2      !
; 1076          1136  2      BDB[BDB$V_DRT] = 1;
; 1077          1137  2      RETURN RM$RLSBKT(0);
; 1078          1138  2
; 1079          1139  1      END;


                                  007C    8F   BB 00000 RM$DELETE_SIDR::
                                                                PUSHR   #^M<R2,R3,R4,R5,R6>                ; 0962
                          5E              08   C2 00004         SUBL2   #8, SP
                                     41   A9   94 00007         CLRB    65(IRAB)                           ; 1054
                   42     A9              04   B0 0000A         MOVW    #4, 66(IRAB)                       ; 1055
                 00A6     C9         20   A7   90 0000E         MOVB    32(IDX_DFN), 166(IRAB)             ; 1056
                                       0000G   30 00014 1$:     BSBW    RM$CSEARCH_TREE                    ; 1081
                          54              50   D0 00017         MOVL    R0, STATUS
                          0B              54   E8 0001A         BLBS    STATUS, 2$
                   0C     A8              54   D0 0001D         MOVL    STATUS, 12(RAB)                    ; 1084
                          50       8434   8F   3C 00021         MOVZWL  #33844, R0                         ; 1085
                                          5E   11 00026         BRB     6$
                          53              56   D0 00028 2$:     MOVL    REC_ADDR, BEGIN_OF_SIDR            ; 1091
                                       0000G   30 0002B         BSBW    RM$SIDR_END                        ; 1092
                          55              50   D0 0002E         MOVL    R0, END_OF_SIDR
                                          7E   D4 00031         CLRL    -(SP)                              ; 1096
                                       0000G   30 00033         BSBW    RM$SIDR_FIRST
                          5E              04   C0 00036         ADDL2   #4, SP
                          56              50   D0 00039         MOVL    R0, REC_ADDR
                          55              56   D1 0003C 3$:     CMPL    REC_ADDR, END_OF_SIDR              ; 1101
                                          D3   1E 0003F         BGEQU   1$
                                          5E   DD 00041         PUSHL   SP                                 ; 1108
                                     08   AE   9F 00043         PUSHAB  VBN
                                       0000G   30 00046         BSBW    RM$EXT_ARRY_RFA
                          5E              08   C0 00049         ADDL2   #8, SP
                          11              50   E9 0004C         BLBC    R0, 4$
     6E      00BC    C9   10              00   ED 0004F         CMPZV   #0, #16, 188(IRAB), ID             ; 1110
                                          08   12 00056         BNEQ    4$
                   04     AE       00B0   C9   D1 00058         CMPL    176(IRAB), VBN                     ; 1112
                                          05   13 0005E         BEQL    5$
                                       0000G   30 00060 4$:     BSBW    RM$GETNXT_ARRAY                    ; 1121
                                          D7   11 00063         BRB     3$                                 ; 1108
                          54         20   A9   D0 00065 5$:     MOVL    32(IRAB), BDB                      ; 1128
                                     20   A9   D4 00069         CLRL    32(IRAB)                           ; 1129
                          55         18   A4   D0 0006C         MOVL    24(BDB), BKT_ADDR                  ; 1131
                                          53   DD 00070         PUSHL   BEGIN_OF_SIDR                      ; 1132
                                          7E   D4 00072         CLRL    -(SP)
                                       0000V   30 00074         BSBW    RM$SQUISH_SIDR
                          5E              04   C0 00077         ADDL2   #4, SP
                   0A     A4              02   88 0007A         BISB2   #2, 10(BDB)                        ; 1136
                                          6E   D4 0007E         CLRL    (SP)                               ; 1137
                                       0000G   30 00080         BSBW    RM$RLSBKT
                          5E              04   C0 00083         ADDL2   #4, SP
                          5E              08   C0 00086 6$:     ADDL2   #8, SP                             ; 1139
```

```
                                007C    8F  BA 00089          POPR    #^M<R2,R3,R4,R5,R6>
                                            05 0008D          RSB

; Routine Size:  142 bytes,    Routine Base:  RM$RMS3 + 01E6
```

```
%SBTTL  'RMS$DELETE_UDR'
GLOBAL ROUTINE RMS$DELETE_UDR : RL$RABREG_4567 NOVALUE =

!++
!
! FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
!
!       This routine's responsibility is the deletion of a primary data record.
!       Most but not all of the time, the record being deleted is the current
!       primary data record. The rules for how primary data records are deleted
!       are as follows:
!
!       1. If the primary data record is marked deleted, then the entire record
!          is always deleted.
!
!       2. If duplicate primary keys are not allowed, and the record is not the
!          last primary data record in the bucket then the entire primary data
!          record is deleted.
!
!       3. If duplicate primary keys are not allowed, and the record is the
!          last primary data record in the bucket then the primary data record
!          is marked deleted, and the space occupied by the data portion of the
!          record is reclaimed if the file's prologue version is 3.
!
!       4. If duplicate primary keys are allowed then the primary data record
!          is marked deleted, and the space occupied by the data portion of the
!          record is recovered if the file's prologue version is 3.
!
!       5. If the state bit IRB$V_RU_DELETE is set, then the primary data
!          record is just marked RU_DELETE and no space is reclaimed.
!
!       6. If the state bit IRB$V_RU_UNDEL is set, then the primary data record
!          is un-deleted by clearing the RU_DELETE bit within the record control
!          byte.
!
!       7. If the primary data record is completely deleted, the record was in
!          its original bucket (ie - a RRV does not exist), and the file's
!          prologue version is 1 or 2, then a two-byte RRV is created at the
!          end of the bucket for this record to prevent its ID from being
!          recycled.
!
! CALLING SEQUENCE:
!
!       RMS$DELETE_UDR()
!
! INPUT PARAMETERS:
!       NONE
!
! IMPLICIT INPUTS:
!
!       BDB                     - address of BDB for primary data bucket buffer
!           BDB$L_ADDR          - address of primary data bucket buffer
!           BDB$L_VBN           - VBN of primary data bucket
!
!       IDX_DFN                 - address of index descriptor for primary key
!           IDX$V_DUPKEYS       - if set, duplicate primary keys are allowed
!           IDX$V_KEY_COMPR     - if set, primary key compression is enabled
```

```
!
!       IFAB                    - address of IFAB
!           IFB$W_KBUFSZ        - size of each keybuffer
!           IFB$B_PLG_VER       - prologue version of the file
!
!       IRAB                    - address of IRAB
!           IRB$L_KEYBUF        - address of the contigious keybuffers
!           IRB$V_RU_DELETE     - if set, mark RU_DELETE and do not reclaim
!           IRB$V_RU_UNDEL      - if set, un-delete the RRV
!
!       REC_ADDR                - address of primary data record to be deleted
!
! OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
!       NONE
!
! IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
!       NONE
!
! ROUTINE VALUE:
!       NONE
!
! SIDE EFFECTS:
!
!       AP is trashed.
!       Keybuffer 5 is trashed (if the primary key of the following primary
!           data record had to be re-expanded).
!       The freespace offset in the bucket is updated to reflect the amount
!           of space reclaimed.
!       REC_ADDR is unchanged. It either points to the deleted record if the
!           target primary data record could not be completely removed, or
!           it points to whatever followed the deleted primary data record
!           (if anything) if it could.
!       If this is a prologue 1 or 2 file, and the primary data record which was
!           deleted is in its original bucket, then a two-byte RRV is created
!           to replace the deleted primary data record, provided the space
!           occupied by the record was completely recovered.
!
!--

    BEGIN

    BUILTIN
        AP;

    EXTERNAL REGISTER
        R_BDB_STR,
        COMMON_RAB_STR,
        R_IDX_DFN_STR,
        R_REC_ADDR_STR;

    GLOBAL REGISTER
        R_BKT_ADDR_STR;

    FIELD
        DELETE_FLAGS =
            SET
            BUILD_RRV           = [0,0,1,0],
```

```
2                   LAST_RECORD         = [0,1,1,0],
2                   RE_EXPAND_KEY       = [0,2,1,0]
2                   TES;
2
2           LOCAL
2               END_OF_BUCKET   : REF BBLOCK,
2               FLAGS           : BLOCK[1,BYTE]
2                                 FIELD(DELETE_FLAGS),
2               NEXT_REC_ADDR   : REF BBLOCK,
2               REC_OVHD;
2
2           ! If is is indicated that the primary data record should just be marked
2           ! RU_DELETE and that no space should be reclaimed, then do so by setting
2           ! the RU_DELETE bit within the RRV's control byte.
2           !
2           IF .IRAB[IRB$V_RU_DELETE]
2           THEN
3               BEGIN
3               REC_ADDR[IRC$V_RU_DELETE] = 1;
3               RETURN;
3               END
3
3           ! If it is indicated that the primary data record should be un-deleted,
3           ! then do so by clearing the RU_DELETE bit in the pirmary data record's
3           ! control byte.
3           !
2           ELSE
2               IF .IRAB[IRB$V_RU_UNDEL]
2               THEN
3                   BEGIN
3                   REC_ADDR[IRC$V_RU_DELETE] = 0;
3                   RETURN;
2                   END;
2
2           ! Obtain the address of the primary data bucket, and compute the first
2           ! free byte in the data bucket.
2           !
2           FLAGS = 0;
2           BKT_ADDR = .BDB[BDB$L_ADDR];
2           END_OF_BUCKET = .BKT_ADDR + .BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE];
2
2           ! Obtain the overhead for ALL records in this primary data bucket, and
2           ! compute the address of the first primary data record which would follow
2           ! the primary data record to be deleted.
2           !
3           BEGIN
3
3           LOCAL
3               REC_SIZE;
3
3           REC_OVHD = RM$REC_OVHD(0; REC_SIZE);
3           NEXT_REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR + .REC_OVHD + .REC_SIZE;
2           END;
2
2           ! Determine whether the primary data record to be deleted is the last
2           ! record in the bucket, and set the local state flag accordingly.
2           !
```

```
3       IF  (.NEXT_REC_ADDR EQLA .END_OF_BUCKET)
2             OR
2           .NEXT_REC_ADDR[IRC$V_RRV]
2       THEN
2           FLAGS[LAST_RECORD] = 1;
2
2       ! If the target primary data record can not be completely deleted either
2       ! because duplicates primary keys are allowed or it is the last record
2       ! in the bucket, mark the record deleted, and squish out the data portion
2       ! of the primary data record if it is squishable.
2       !
2       IF  NOT .REC_ADDR[IRC$V_DELETED]
2             AND
3           (.IDX_DFN[IDX$V_DUPKEYS]
3                   OR
3                 .FLAGS[LAST_RECORD])
2       THEN
3           BEGIN
3           RM$SQUISH_DATA();
3           REC_ADDR[IRC$V_DELETED] = 1;
3           RETURN;
3           END
3
3       ! The primary data record can be completely deleted. It is either marked
3       ! deleted (the only reason why RMS would be calling this routine would be
3       ! to elimiate it entirely), or duplicates are not allowed and it is not
3       ! the last primary data record in the bucket.
3       !
2       ELSE
3           BEGIN
3
3           LOCAL
3               UDR_ID;
3
3           ! If the file is a prologue 1 or 2 file and the primary data record to
3           ! be deleted is in its original bucket (ie - there is no RRV for it),
3           ! then a two-byte RRV will have to be created for it at the end of the
3           ! bucket inorder to reserve its ID and prevent it from being recycled.
3           !
3           AP = 3;
3
4           IF (.IFAB[IFB$B_PLG_VER] LSSU PLG$C_VER_3)
3               AND
4              (RM$RECORD_VBN() EQLA .BDB[BDB$L_VBN])
3           THEN
4               BEGIN
4               FLAGS[BUILD_RRV] = 1;
4               UDR_ID = .REC_ADDR[IRC$B_ID];
3               END;
3
3           ! If primary key compression is enabled, and this primary data record
3           ! is not the last record in the file, then the key of the following
3           ! record, whose front compression is based on this record, will have
3           ! to be re-expanded, after this target primary data record is
3           ! completely removed. Set the local state bit accordingly and save the
3           ! entire key portion (both control bytes and key) of the target primary
3           ! data record in keybuffer 5 to be used in re-expanded the key of the
```

```
3          ! primary data record that follows.
3          !
3          IF .IDX_DFN[IDX$V_KEY_COMPR]
3              AND
3             NOT .FLAGS[LAST_RECORD]
3          THEN
4              BEGIN
4              FLAGS[RE_EXPAND_KEY] = 1;
4
4              RM$MOVE (.(.REC_ADDR + .REC_OVHD)<0,8> + 2,
4                        .REC_ADDR + .REC_OVHD,
4                        KEYBUF_ADDR(5));
3              END;
3
3          ! If the primary data record being deleted is not the last entity in
3          ! the bucket, recover the space it occupies by shifting everything
3          ! that follows, and update the freespace offset in the bucket
3          ! accordingly. If the primary data record being deleted is the last
3          ! entity in the primary data bucket the space it occupies maybe
3          ! recovered by just adjusting the freespace offset.
3          !
4          IF (.NEXT_REC_ADDR LSSA .END_OF_BUCKET)
3          THEN
3              RM$MOVE (.END_OF_BUCKET - .NEXT_REC_ADDR,
3                        .NEXT_REC_ADDR,
3                        .REC_ADDR);
3
3          BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE] = .BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE]
3                                                     - (.NEXT_REC_ADDR - .REC_ADDR);
3
3          ! If there is a record following the primary data record just deleted,
3          ! whose primary key is to be re-expanded, re-expand it. The routine
3          ! RM$EXPAND_KEYD will take care of re-adjusting the bucket freespace
3          ! offset.
3          !
3          IF .FLAGS[RE_EXPAND_KEY]
3          THEN
3              RM$EXPAND_KEYD (KEYBUF_ADDR(5), .REC_ADDR + .REC_OVHD);
3
3          ! If a two-byte RRV must be built for the deleted primary data record,
3          ! then build it at the end of the bucket, and adjust the bucket
3          ! freespace offset to reflect the RRV's size.
3          !
3          IF .FLAGS[BUILD_RRV]
3          THEN
4              BEGIN
4              END_OF_BUCKET = .BKT_ADDR + .BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE];
4              END_OF_BUCKET[IRC$B_CONTROL] = IRC$M_DELETED OR IRC$M_NOPTRSZ
4                                                            OR IRC$M_RRV;
4              END_OF_BUCKET[IRC$B_ID] = .UDR_ID;
4              BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE] = .BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE] + 2;
3              END;
3
2          END;
2
1      END;
```

```
                                 2C   BB 00000 RMS$DELETE_UDR::
                                                        PUSHR   #^M<R2,R3,R5>                              ; 1141
                    5E           0C   C2 00002          SUBL2   #12, SP                                    ;
    05        07    A9           05   E1 00005          BBC     #5, 7(IRAB), 1$                            ; 1269
                    66           20   88 0000A          BISB2   #32, (REC_ADDR)                            ; 1272
                                 48   11 0000D          BRB     6$                                         ; 1271
    05        07    A9           06   E1 0000F 1$:      BBC     #6, 7(IRAB), 2$                            ; 1281
                    66           20   8A 00014          BICB2   #32, (REC_ADDR)                            ; 1284
                                 3E   11 00017          BRB     6$                                         ; 1283
                                 53   94 00019 2$:      CLRB    FLAGS                                      ; 1291
                    55      18   A4   D0 0001B          MOVL    24(BDB), BKT_ADDR                          ; 1292
                    52      04   A5   3C 0001F          MOVZWL  4(BKT_ADDR), END_OF_BUCKET                 ; 1293
                    52           55   C0 00023          ADDL2   BKT_ADDR, END_OF_BUCKET                    ;
                                 51   D4 00026          CLRL    R1                                         ; 1304
                              0000G   30 00028          BSBW    RM$REC_OVHD                                ;
              04    AE           50   D0 0002B          MOVL    R0, REC_OVHD                               ;
    50              56      04   AE   C1 0002F          ADDL3   REC_OVHD, REC_ADDR, R0                     ; 1305
    6E              50           51   C1 00034          ADDL3   REC_SIZE, R0, NEXT_REC_ADDR                ;
                    52           6E   D1 00038          CMPL    NEXT_REC_ADDR, END_OF_BUCKET               ; 1311
                                 05   13 0003B          BEQL    3$                                         ;
    03        00    BE           03   E1 0003D          BBC     #3, @NEXT_REC_ADDR, 4$                     ; 1313
                    53           02   88 00042 3$:      BISB2   #2, FLAGS                                  ; 1315
    11              66           02   E0 00045 4$:      BBS     #2, (REC_ADDR), 7$                         ; 1322
                    04      1C   A7   E8 00049          BLBS    28(IDX_DFN), 5$                            ; 1324
    09              53           01   E1 0004D          BBC     #1, FLAGS, 7$                              ; 1326
                              0000V   30 00051 5$:      BSBW    RM$SQUISH_DATA                             ; 1329
                    66           04   88 00054          BISB2   #4, (REC_ADDR)                             ; 1330
                               008B   31 00057 6$:      BRW     12$                                        ; 1328
                    5C           03   D0 0005A 7$:      MOVL    #3, AP                                     ; 1350
                    03    00B7   CA   91 0005D          CMPB    183(IFAB), #3                              ; 1352
                                 11   1E 00062          BGEQU   8$                                         ;
                              0000G   30 00064          BSBW    RM$RECORD_VBN                              ; 1354
              1C    A4           50   D1 00067          CMPL    R0, 28(BDB)                                ;
                                 08   12 0006B          BNEQ    8$                                         ;
                    53           01   88 0006D          BISB2   #1, FLAGS                                  ; 1357
              08    AE      01   A6   9A 00070          MOVZBL  1(REC_ADDR), UDR_ID                        ; 1358
    22        1C    A7           06   E1 00075 8$:      BBC     #6, 28(IDX_DFN), 9$                        ; 1370
    1E              53           01   E0 0007A          BBS     #1, FLAGS, 9$                              ; 1372
                    53           04   88 0007E          BISB2   #4, FLAGS                                  ; 1375
                    50    00B4   CA   3C 00081          MOVZWL  180(IFAB), R0                              ; 1379
                          60 B940     DF 00086          PUSHAL  @96(IRAB)[R0]                              ;
                          08 BE46     9F 0008A          PUSHAB  @REC_OVHD[REC_ADDR]                        ; 1378
                    7E    0C BE46     9A 0008E          MOVZBL  @REC_OVHD[REC_ADDR], -(SP)                 ; 1377
                    6E           02   C0 00093          ADDL2   #2, (SP)                                   ;
                              0000G   30 00096          BSBW    RM$MOVE                                    ;
                    5E           0C   C0 00099          ADDL2   #12, SP                                    ;
                    52           6E   D1 0009C 9$:      CMPL    NEXT_REC_ADDR, END_OF_BUCKET               ; 1389
                                 10   1E 0009F          BGEQU   10$                                        ;
                                 56   DD 000A1          PUSHL   REC_ADDR                                   ; 1393
                            04   AE   DD 000A3          PUSHL   NEXT_REC_ADDR                              ; 1392
    7E              52      08   AE   C3 000A6          SUBL3   NEXT_REC_ADDR, END_OF_BUCKET, -(SP)        ; 1391
                              0000G   30 000AB          BSBW    RM$MOVE                                    ;
                    5E           0C   C0 000AE          ADDL2   #12, SP                                    ;
```

```
      50        56          6E  C3 000B1 10$:    SUBL3   NEXT_REC_ADDR, REC_ADDR, R0            ; 1396
           04   A5          50  A0 000B5         ADDW2   R0, 4(BKT_ADDR)                        ;
      12        53          02  E1 000B9         BBC     #2, FLAGS, 11$                         ; 1403
      51        56      04  AE  C1 000BD         ADDL3   REC_OVHD, REC_ADDR, R1                 ; 1405
                50    00B4  CA  3C 000C2         MOVZWL  180(IFAB), R0                          ;
                50 60 B940  DE 000C7             MOVAL   a96(IRAB)[R0], R0                      ;
                      0000G  30 000CC            BSBW    RM$EXPAND_KEYD                         ;
                13          53  E9 000CF 11$:    BLBC    FLAGS, 12$                             ; 1411
                52      04  A5  3C 000D2         MOVZWL  4(BKT_ADDR), END_OF_BUCKET             ; 1414
                52          55  C0 000D6         ADDL2   BKT_ADDR, END_OF_BUCKET                ;
                62          1C  90 000D9         MOVB    #28, (END_OF_BUCKET)                   ; 1416
           01   A2      08  AE  90 000DC         MOVB    UDR_ID, 1(END_OF_BUCKET)               ; 1417
           04   A5          02  A0 000E1         ADDW2   #2, 4(BKT_ADDR)                        ; 1418
                5E          0C  C0 000E5 12$:    ADDL2   #12, SP                                ; 1423
                            2C  BA 000E8         POPR    #^M<R2,R3,R5>                          ;
                                05 000EA         RSB                                            ;
```

; Routine Size: 235 bytes, Routine Base: RM$RMS3 + 0274

```
1 %SBTTL  'RM$SQUISH_DATA'
1 ROUTINE RM$SQUISH_DATA : RL$SQUISH_DATA NOVALUE =
1
1 !++
1 !
1 ! FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
1 !
1 !       This routine's responsibility is the deletion of the data part of
1 !       the current primary data record. This deletion can only take place if
1 !       the file is a prologue 3 file.
1 !
1 ! CALLING SEQUENCE:
1 !
1 !       RM$SQUISH_DATA()
1 !
1 ! INPUT PARAMETERS:
1 !       NONE
1 !
1 ! IMPLICIT INPUTS:
1 !
1 !       BKT_ADDR                - address of the primary data bucket
1 !
1 !       IDX_DFN                 - address of the primary key index descriptor
1 !           IDX$V_KEY_COMP      - if set, key compression is enabled
1 !           IDX$B_KEYSZ         - size of the key
1 !           IDX$V_REC_COMP      - if set, record compression is enabled
1 !
1 !       IFAB                    - address of the IFAB
1 !           IFB$B_PLG_VER       - prologue version of the file
1 !
1 !       REC_ADDR                - address of the current primary data record
1 !
1 ! OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
1 !       NONE
1 !
1 ! IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
1 !       NONE
1 !
1 ! ROUTINE VALUE:
1 !       NONE
1 !
1 ! SIDE EFFECTS:
1 !
1 !       The freespace in the bucket is updated to reflect the space reclaimed.
1 !
1 !--
2     BEGIN
2
2     EXTERNAL REGISTER
2         R_BKT_ADDR_STR,
2         R_IDX_DFN_STR,
2         R_IFAB_STR,
2         R_REC_ADDR_STR;
2
2     GLOBAL REGISTER
2         R_RAB,
2         R_IRAB,
```

```
		R_IMPURE,
		R_BDB;

	LOCAL
		REC_SIZE,
		KEY_SIZE,
		REC_OVHD,
		SIZE;

	! If this is not a prologue 3 file then nothing can be done; however, if
	! this is a prologue 3 file then as the primary key is always kept separate
	! from the data portion of a prologue 3 data record, the data portion
	! of the current primary data record can always be squished out, and its
	! space recovered.

	IF .IFAB[IFB$B_PLG_VER] NEQ PLG$C_VER_3
	THEN
		RETURN;

	! Obtain the size of the record overhead and the size of the current
	! primary data record. Note that the size of the key (and any key specific
	! control bytes) is always included as part of the size of the current
	! primary data record.
	!
	REC_OVHD = RM$REC_OVHD(0; REC_SIZE);

	! Compute the contribution of the primary key of the record to the size of
	! the current primary data record. If primary key compression is enabled,
	! then the key size will include the two bytes of key compression overhead.
	!
	IF .IDX_DFN[IDX$V_KEY_COMPR]
	THEN
		KEY_SIZE = .(.REC_ADDR + .REC_OVHD)<0,8> + 2
	ELSE
		KEY_SIZE = .IDX_DFN[IDX$B_KEYSZ];

	! Compute the size of the data portion of the current primary data record.
	! If the current primary data record consists of the primary key alone,
	! return, as there is no data portion to squish out.
	!
	IF ((SIZE = .REC_SIZE - .KEY_SIZE) EQLU 0)
	THEN
		RETURN;

	! Squish out the data portion of the current primary data record.
	!
	RM$MOVE ((.BKT_ADDR + .BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE])
				- (.REC_ADDR + .REC_OVHD + .REC_SIZE),
		.REC_ADDR + .REC_OVHD + .REC_SIZE,
		.REC_ADDR + .REC_OVHD + .KEY_SIZE);

	! Update the record size of the current primary data record to reflect
	! the squishing out of the data portion of the record. NOTE that if the
	! record is fixed length and both key and record compression are disabled,
	! then there will be no record size field to update.
	!
	IF NOT (.IFAB[IFB$B_RFMORG] EQLU FAB$C_FIX
```

```
; 1480         1538  3              AND
; 1481         1539  3            NOT .IDX_DFN[IDX$V_KEY_COMPR]
; 1482         1540  3              AND
; 1483         1541  3            NOT .IDX_DFN[IDX$V_REC_COMPR])
; 1484         1542  2        THEN
; 1485         1543  2            (.REC_ADDR + .REC_OVHD - 2)<0,16> = .(.REC_ADDR + .REC_OVHD - 2)<0,16>
; 1486         1544  2                                                - .SIZE;
; 1487         1545  2
; 1488         1546  2        ! Update the freespace pointer in the bucket to reflect the space that
; 1489         1547  2        ! has been recovered by the squishing out of the data portion of the
; 1490         1548  2        ! current primary data record.
; 1491         1549  2        !
; 1492         1550  2        BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE] = .BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE] - .SIZE;
; 1493         1551  2
; 1494         1552  1        END;



                              0B1C    8F   BB 00000 RM$SQUISH_DATA:
                                                             PUSHR   #^M<R2,R3,R4,R8,R9,R11>          ; 1425
                   03         00B7    CA   91 00004          CMPB    183(IFAB), #3                    ; 1496
                                      58   12 00009          BNEQ    5$
                                      51   D4 0000B          CLRL    R1                               ; 1505
                                   0000G   30 0000D          BSBW    RM$REC_OVHD
                          52          50   D0 00010          MOVL    R0, REC_OVHD
            09      1C    A7          06   E1 00013          BBC     #6, 28(IDX_DFN), 1$              ; 1511
                          54        6246   9A 00018          MOVZBL  (REC_OVHD)[REC_ADDR], KEY_SIZE   ; 1513
                          54          02   C0 0001C          ADDL2   #2, KEY_SIZE
                                      04   11 0001F          BRB     2$
                          54     20   A7   9A 00021 1$:      MOVZBL  32(IDX_DFN), KEY_SIZE            ; 1515
            53            51          54   C3 00025 2$:      SUBL3   KEY_SIZE, REC_SIZE, SIZE         ; 1521
                                      38   13 00029          BEQL    5$
            50            56          52   C1 0002B          ADDL3   REC_OVHD, REC_ADDR, R0           ; 1530
                                    6440   9F 0002F          PUSHAB  (KEY_SIZE)[R0]
                          51          50   C0 00032          ADDL2   R0, R1                           ; 1529
                                      51   DD 00035          PUSHL   R1
                          50     04   A5   3C 00037          MOVZWL  4(BKT_ADDR), R0                  ; 1527
                          50          55   C0 0003B          ADDL2   BKT_ADDR, R0
            7E            50          51   C3 0003E          SUBL3   R1, R0, -(SP)                    ; 1528
                                   0000G   30 00042          BSBW    RM$MOVE
                          5E          0C   C0 00045          ADDL2   #12, SP
                          01     50   AA   91 00048          CMPB    80(IFAB), #1                     ; 1537
                                      0A   12 0004C          BNEQ    3$
            05      1C    A7          06   E0 0004E          BBS     #6, 28(IDX_DFN), 3$              ; 1539
                                 1C   A7   95 00053          TSTB    28(IDX_DFN)                      ; 1541
                                      07   18 00056          BGEQ    4$
                               FE A246    9F 00058 3$:      PUSHAB  -2(REC_OVHD)[REC_ADDR]           ; 1544
                          9E          53   A2 0005C          SUBW2   SIZE, @(SP)+
                    04    A5          53   A2 0005F 4$:      SUBW2   SIZE, 4(BKT_ADDR)                ; 1550
                              0B1C    8F   BA 00063 5$:      POPR    #^M<R2,R3,R4,R8,R9,R11>          ; 1552
                                           05 00067          RSB

; Routine Size:  104 bytes,    Routine Base:  RM$RMS3 + 035F
```

```
1 %SBTTL  'RMS$SQUISH_SIDR'
1 GLOBAL ROUTINE RM$SQUISH_SIDR (SCAN, BEGIN_OF_SIDR) : RL$RABREG_567 =
1
1 !++
1 !
1 ! FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION:
1 !
1 !       This routine's responsibility is to delete the SIDR array element
1 !       pointing to the current primary data record for this key of reference.
1 !       Deletion of the SIDR array element goes according to one of the
1 !       following rules:
1 !
1 !       1. Removal of the entire SIDR if duplicates are not allowed. NOTE that
1 !          if the input parameter SCAN is 1 and the file is a prologue 3 file
1 !          then for the purpose of this SIDR deletion it is assumed that this
1 !          key of reference does allow duplicates (See rules 2 through 5).
1 !
1 !       2. Marking the SIDR array element as deleted and not recovering any
1 !          space if duplicates are allowed for this key of reference and the
1 !          file is a prologue 1 or 2 file.
1 !
1 !       3. Marking the SIDR array element as deleted and not recovering any
1 !          space if duplicates are allowed for this key of reference, the file
1 !          is a prologue 3 file, and the element is the first element in the
1 !          SIDR array.
1 !
1 !       4. Marking the SIDR element deleted and squishing out the space
1 !          occupied by the RRV pointer if duplicates are allowed for this key
1 !          of reference, the file is a prologue 3 file, and the element is not
1 !          the first element in the SIDR array.
1 !
1 !       5. Removal of the entire SIDR array if duplicates are allowed, this is
1 !          the first SIDR with this key value, the SIDR is not the physically
1 !          last SIDR in the bucket, and ever single element within the SIDR
1 !          array has been deleted.
1 !
1 !       6. If the state bit IRB$V_RU_DELETE is set, then the SIDR array element
1 !          is just marked RU_DELETE and no space is reclaimed.
1 !
1 !       7. If the state bit IRB$V_RU_UNDEL is set, then the SIDR array element
1 !          is un-deleted by clearing the RU_DELETE bit within the element's
1 !          control byte.
1 !
1 ! CALLING SEQUENCE:
1 !
1 !       BSBW RM$SQUISH_SIDR()
1 !
1 ! INPUT PARAMETERS:
1 !
1 !       SCAN            - if 1, scan the current SIDR array (if Prologue 3 file)
1 !
1 !       BEGIN_OF_SIDR   - pointer to the beginning of the SIDR record
1 !
1 ! IMPLICIT INPUTS:
1 !
1 !       BKT_ADDR                - address of the SIDR bucket
1 !
```

```
!       IDX_DFN                     - address of the index descriptor
!           IDX$V_DUPKEYS           - if set, duplicate keys are allowed
!           IDX$V_KEY_COMPR         - if set, SIDR key compression is enabled
!
!       IFAB                        - address of IFAB
!           IFB$W_KBUFSZ            - size of one of the contigious keybuffers
!           IFB$B_PLG_VER           - prologue version of file
!
!       IRAB                        - address of IRAB
!           IRB$L_KEYBUF            - address of the contigious keybuffers
!           IRB$V_RU_DELETE         - if set, mark RU_DELETE and do not reclaim
!           IRB$V_RU_UNDEL          - if set, un-delete the RRV
!
!       REC_ADDR                    - address of the SIDR array element
!
! OUTPUT PARAMETERS:
!       NONE
!
! IMPLICIT OUTPUTS:
!
!       REC_ADDR            - address of next SIDR if the entire SIDR was deleted
!                             otherwise unchanged.
!
! ROUTINE VALUE:
!
!       1                   - some space was recovered.
!       0                   - no space was recovered.
!
! SIDE EFFECTS:
!
!       Keybuffer 5 will have been trashed, if any key re-expansion occurred.
!       The freespace in the bucket is updated to reflect the space reclaimed.
!       If the SIDR is completely deleted, SIDR key compression is enabled, and
!           a SIDR follows the completely deleted SIDR, then the key of this
!           following SIDR will have been re-expanded.
!--

    BEGIN

    EXTERNAL REGISTER
        R_BKT_ADDR_STR,
        COMMON_RAB_STR,
        R_IDX_DFN_STR,
        R_REC_ADDR_STR;

    LABEL
        DUPS;

    LOCAL
        DELETE_START,
        DELETE_END,
        FLAGS           : BLOCK[1],
        LENGTH,
        NEXT_REC_ADDR,
        RECORD_OVHD,
        SAVE_REC_ADDR   : REF BBLOCK;
```

```
        MAP
            BEGIN_OF_SIDR   : REF BBLOCK;

        MACRO
            DELETE_SIDR     = 0,0,1,0 %,
            SQUISH_SIDR     = 0,1,1,0 %,
            RE_EXPAND_KEY   = 0,2,1,0 %;

        ! If is is indicated that the SIDR array element should just be marked
        ! RU_DELETE and that no space should be reclaimed, then do so by setting
        ! the RU_DELETE bit within the element's control byte.
        !
        IF .IRAB[IRB$V_RU_DELETE]
        THEN
            BEGIN
            REC_ADDR[IRC$V_RU_DELETE] = 1;
            RETURN 0;
            END

        ! If it is indicated that the SIDR array element should be un-deleted,
        ! then do so by clearing the RU_DELETE bit in the element's control byte.
        !
        ELSE
            IF .IRAB[IRB$V_RU_UNDEL]
            THEN
                BEGIN
                REC_ADDR[IRC$V_RU_DELETE] = 0;
                RETURN 0;
                END;

        ! Save the address of the current SIDR element, and zero out the local
        ! flag field.
        !
        FLAGS = 0;
        SAVE_REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR;

        ! Determine the address of the first byte past the end of the current
        ! SIDR.
        !
        BEGIN

        LOCAL
            REC_SIZE;

        REC_ADDR = .BEGIN_OF_SIDR;
        RECORD_OVHD = RM$REC_OVHD(-1; REC_SIZE);
        NEXT_REC_ADDR = .REC_ADDR + .RECORD_OVHD + .REC_SIZE;
        END;

        ! If this secondary key of reference does not allow duplicate key values
        ! and either the file's prologue version is 1 or 2; or, the input parameter
        ! SCAN is 0, then the entire SIDR maybe deleted.
        !
        IF  NOT .IDX_DFN[IDX$V_DUPKEYS]
              AND
            (NOT .SCAN
```

```
3                   OR
3                 .IFAB[IFB$B_PLG_VER] LSSU PLG$C_VER_3)
2       THEN
2           FLAGS[DELETE_SIDR] = 1
2
2       ! If this key of reference does allow duplicate SIDR keys or duplicates are
2       ! not allowed but the file's prologue version is 3 and a scan of then entire
2       ! SIDR array has been requested (SCAN is set to 1), then mark the current
2       ! element as deleted and under certain circumstances, reclaim the space
2       ! occupied by the SIDR array element's RRV pointer. Under very restricted
2       ! circumstances it will also be possible to reclaim the space occupied by
2       ! the entire SIDR.
2       !
2       ELSE
2 DUPS:
3           BEGIN
3           SAVE_REC_ADDR[IRC$V_DELETED] = 1;
3
3           ! If the file is a prologue 2 file then marking the element deleted is
3           ! all that can be done.
3           !
4           IF (.IFAB[IFB$B_PLG_VER] LSSU PLG$C_VER_3)
3           THEN
4               BEGIN
4               REC_ADDR = .SAVE_REC_ADDR;
4               RETURN 0;
4               END
4
4           ! The file is a prologue 3 file. If every single array element in this
4           ! SIDR array is deleted, if the SIDR is not physically the last SIDR in
4           ! the bucket (this restriction applies to duplicates keys allowed only)
4           ! and if this SIDR is the first such SIDR with this key value in the
4           ! file then it will be possible to delete the entire SIDR; otherwise,
4           ! the space occupied by the element's RRV pointer is reclaimed unless
4           ! it is the first element in the array in which case nothing more can
4           ! be done.
4           !
3           ELSE
4               BEGIN
4
4               LABEL
4                   ENTIRE_SIDR;
4
4               LOCAL
4                   FIRST_SIDR      : REF BBLOCK;
4
4               ! Obtain the address of the first array element in the SIDR array.
4               !
4               FIRST_SIDR = RM$SIDR_FIRST(0);
4
4               ! If the first element in the array (which maybe the element being
4               ! deleted) is marked deleted, and this SIDR is the first such
4               ! record in the file with this key value, then it still maybe
4               ! possible to delete the entire SIDR.
4               !
4               IF  .FIRST_SIDR[IRC$V_DELETED]
4                   AND
```

```
4                         .FIRST_SIDR[IRC$V_FIRST_KEY]
4                 THEN
5 ENTIRE_SIDR:            BEGIN
5
5                         LOCAL
5                             SCAN_START;
5
5                         ! If the current SIDR is physically the last SIDR in the bucket
5                         ! and duplicates keys are allowed then it will not be possible
5                         ! to reclaim the space occupied by the entire SIDR even if all
5                         ! its elements are deleted.
5                         !
6                         IF .NEXT_REC_ADDR GEQA (.BKT_ADDR + .BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE])
5                             AND
5                            .IDX_DFN[IDX$V_DUPKEYS]
5                         THEN
5                             LEAVE ENTIRE_SIDR;
5
5                         ! Scan the SIDR array starting with the second element up to
5                         ! but not including the target element making sure that all
5                         ! these elements have been deleted. If a live element is found
5                         ! then the space occupied by the entire SIDR can not be
5                         ! reclaimed.
5                         !
5                         SCAN_START = .FIRST_SIDR + .FIRST_SIDR[IRC$V_PTRSZ]
5                                                  + IRC$C_DATPTRBS3
5                                                  + 1;
5
6                         IF (.SCAN_START LSSA .SAVE_REC_ADDR)
5                         THEN
5                             IF NOT CH$FAIL (CH$FIND_NOT_CH
5                                             (.SAVE_REC_ADDR - .SCAN_START,
5                                              .SCAN_START,
5                                              %CHAR(IRC$M_DELETED)
5                                                     OR
5                                                  %CHAR(IRC$M_NOPTRSZ)))
5                             THEN
5                                 LEAVE ENTIRE_SIDR;
5
5                         ! Scan the SIDR array starting with the first element past the
5                         ! target element and ending with the last element in the SIDR
5                         ! making sure that all these elements have been deleted. If a
5                         ! live element is found then the space occupied by the entire
5                         ! SIDR can not be reclaimed.
5                         !
5                         SCAN_START = .SAVE_REC_ADDR + .SAVE_REC_ADDR[IRC$V_PTRSZ]
5                                                     + IRC$C_DATPTRBS3
5                                                     + 1;
5
6                         IF (.SCAN_START LSSA .NEXT_REC_ADDR)
5                         THEN
5                             IF NOT CH$FAIL (CH$FIND_NOT_CH
5                                             (.NEXT_REC_ADDR - .SCAN_START,
5                                              .SCAN_START,
5                                              %CHAR(IRC$M_DELETED)
5                                                     OR
5                                                  %CHAR(IRC$M_NOPTRSZ)))
```

```
5                      THEN
5                          LEAVE ENTIRE_SIDR;
5
5                  ! Every single element in the current SIDR has been found to be
5                  ! deleted, so the space occupied by the entire SIDR maybe
5                  ! reclaimed.
5                  !
5                  FLAGS[DELETE_SIDR] = 1;
5                  LEAVE DUPS;
4                  END;
4
4              ! If it is not possible to delete the entire SIDR then set up to
4              ! reclaim the space occupied by the element's RRV pointer unless the
4              ! element is the first element in the array in which case nothing
4              ! more can be done.
4              !
4              REC_ADDR = .SAVE_REC_ADDR;
4
5              IF (.REC_ADDR EQLA .FIRST_SIDR)
4              THEN
4                  RETURN 0
4              ELSE
4                  FLAGS[SQUISH_SIDR] = 1;
3              END;
2          END;
2
2      ! If the space occupies by the entire SIDR is to be reclaimed, set up to
2      ! recover it.
2      !
2      IF .FLAGS[DELETE_SIDR]
2      THEN
3          BEGIN
3          DELETE_START = .BEGIN_OF_SIDR;
3          DELETE_END = .NEXT_REC_ADDR;
3
3          ! If key compression is enabled, and this SIDR is not the last SIDR
3          ! in the bucket, save the key of the current SIDR in keybuffer 5,
3          ! so that it maybe used in expanding the key of the following
3          ! record.
3          !
3          IF .IDX_DFN[IDX$V_KEY_COMPR]
3          THEN
4              BEGIN
4
4              GLOBAL REGISTER
4                  R_BDB;
4
4              FLAGS[RE_EXPAND_KEY] = 1;
4
4              RM$MOVE (.(.REC_ADDR + .RECORD_OVHD)<0,8> + 2,
4                       .REC_ADDR + .RECORD_OVHD,
4                       KEYBUF_ADDR(5));
3              END;
3          END
3
3      ! If the space occupies by the RRV pointer is to be reclaimed, set up to
3      ! recover it.
```

```
        !
        ELSE
            BEGIN

            DELETE_START = .REC_ADDR + 1;
            DELETE_END   = .DELETE_START + .REC_ADDR[IRC$V_PTRSZ]
                                         + IRC$C_DATPTRBS3;

            REC_ADDR[IRC$V_NOPTRSZ] = 1;
            REC_ADDR[IRC$V_PTRSZ]   = 0;

            ! Update the SIDR size field. As it is currently written, this
            ! updating assumes that the size field is the first two bytes
            ! (and the only two bytes) of the record overhead field.
            !
            (.BEGIN_OF_SIDR)<0,16> = .(.BEGIN_OF_SIDR)<0,16>
                                     - (.DELETE_END - .DELETE_START);
            END;

        ! Recover the space that can be recovered, and update the freespace offset
        ! in the SIDR bucket. If the SIDR is being completely deleted, and it is the
        ! last SIDR in the bucket then there will be nothing to move and only the
        ! bucket's freespace offset need be updated.
        !
        LENGTH = .BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE] - (.DELETE_END - .BKT_ADDR);

        IF .LENGTH GTRU 0
        THEN
            BEGIN

            GLOBAL REGISTER
                R_BDB;

            RM$MOVE (.LENGTH, .DELETE_END, .DELETE_START);
            END;

        BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE] = .BKT_ADDR[BKT$W_FREESPACE]
                                    - (.DELETE_END - .DELETE_START);

        ! If key compression is enabled, the space occupied by the current SIDR was
        ! completely reclaimed, and a SIDR follows whose key needs to be
        ! re-expanded, do so at this point.
        !
        IF .FLAGS[RE_EXPAND_KEY]
        THEN
            RM$EXPAND_KEYD (KEYBUF_ADDR(5), .REC_ADDR + .RECORD_OVHD);

        ! Return indicating that some space has been recovered.
        !
        RETURN 1;
        END;
```

```
1C  BB 00000 RM$SQUISH_SIDR::
```

```
                                            PUSHR   #^M<R2,R3,R4>                          ; 1554
                 5E          0C  C2 00002        SUBL2   #12, SP                                ;
          05     07  A9      05  E1 00005        BBC     #5, 7(IRAB), 1$                        ; 1680
                     66      20  88 0000A        BISB2   #32, (REC_ADDR)                        ; 1683
                             43  11 0000D        BRB     4$                                     ; 1684
          05     07  A9      06  E1 0000F 1$:    BBC     #6, 7(IRAB), 2$                        ; 1691
                     66      20  8A 00014        BICB2   #32, (REC_ADDR)                        ; 1694
                             39  11 00017        BRB     4$                                     ; 1695
                        04   AE  D4 00019 2$:    CLRL    FLAGS                                  ; 1701
                 54          56  D0 0001C        MOVL    REC_ADDR, SAVE_REC_ADDR                ; 1702
                 56     20   AE  D0 0001F        MOVL    BEGIN_OF_SIDR, REC_ADDR                ; 1712
                 51          01  CE 00023        MNEGL   #1, R1                                 ; 1713
                          0000G  30 00026        BSBW    RM$REC_OVHD                            ;
                 08  AE      50  D0 00029        MOVL    R0, RECORD_OVHD                        ;
          50     56     08   AE  C1 0002D        ADDL3   RECORD_OVHD, REC_ADDR, R0              ; 1714
          53     50          51  C1 00032        ADDL3   REC_SIZE, R0, NEXT_REC_ADDR            ;
                 0B     1C   A7  E8 00036        BLBS    28(IDX_DFN), 3$                        ; 1721
                 7E     1C   AE  E9 0003A        BLBC    SCAN, 10$                              ; 1723
                 03   00B7   CA  91 0003E        CMPB    183(IFAB), #3                          ; 1725
                 77          1F     00043        BLSSU   10$                                    ;
                 64          04  88 00045 3$:    BISB2   #4, (SAVE_REC_ADDR)                    ; 1740
                 03   00B7   CA  91 00048        CMPB    183(IFAB), #3                          ; 1745
                 06          1E     0004D        BGEQU   5$                                     ;
                 56          54  D0 0004F        MOVL    SAVE_REC_ADDR, REC_ADDR                ; 1748
                           0100  31 00052 4$:    BRW     17$                                    ; 1749
                             7E  D4 00055 5$:    CLRL    -(SP)                                  ; 1772
                          0000G  30 00057        BSBW    RM$SIDR_FIRST                          ;
                 5E          04  C0 0005A        ADDL2   #4, SP                                 ;
                 6E          50  D0 0005D        MOVL    R0, FIRST_SIDR                         ;
          5D     00  BE      02  E1 00060        BBC     #2, @FIRST_SIDR, 11$                   ; 1779
                        00   BE  95 00065        TSTB    @FIRST_SIDR                            ; 1781
                             58  18 00068        BGEQ    11$                                    ;
          50            04   A5  3C 0006A        MOVZWL  4(BKT_ADDR), R0                        ; 1793
          50                 55  C0 0006E        ADDL2   BKT_ADDR, R0                           ;
          50                 53  D1 00071        CMPL    NEXT_REC_ADDR, R0                      ;
                             04  1F 00074        BLSSU   6$                                     ;
                        1C   A7  E8 00076        BLBS    28(IDX_DFN), 11$                       ; 1795
 50   00  BE        02       00  EF 0007A 6$:    EXTZV   #0, #2, @FIRST_SIDR, R0                ; 1805
                    51       6E  D0 00080        MOVL    FIRST_SIDR, R1                         ; 1807
                    52  05 A041  9E 00083        MOVAB   5(R0)[R1], SCAN_START                  ;
                    54       52  D1 00088        CMPL    SCAN_START, SAVE_REC_ADDR              ; 1809
                             10  1E 0008B        BGEQU   8$                                     ;
          50     54          52  C3 0008D        SUBL3   SCAN_START, SAVE_REC_ADDR, R0          ; 1812
          62     50          14  3B 00091        SKPC    #20, R0, (SCAN_START)                  ; 1815
                             02  12 00095        BNEQ    7$                                     ;
                             51  D4 00097        CLRL    R1                                     ;
                             51  D5 00099 7$:    TSTL    R1                                     ; 1816
                             25  12 0009B        BNEQ    11$                                    ;
 50       64        02       00  EF 0009D 8$:    EXTZV   #0, #2, (SAVE_REC_ADDR), R0            ; 1826
                    52  05 A044  9E 000A2        MOVAB   5(R0)[SAVE_REC_ADDR], SCAN_START       ; 1828
                    53       52  D1 000A7        CMPL    SCAN_START, NEXT_REC_ADDR              ; 1830
                             10  1E 000AA        BGEQU   10$                                    ;
          50     53          52  C3 000AC        SUBL3   SCAN_START, NEXT_REC_ADDR, R0          ; 1833
          62     50          14  3B 000B0        SKPC    #20, R0, (SCAN_START)                  ; 1836
                             02  12 000B4        BNEQ    9$                                     ;
                             51  D4 000B6        CLRL    R1                                     ;
                             51  D5 000B8 9$:    TSTL    R1                                     ; 1837
```

```
                              06   12 000BA        BNEQ    11$                                  ;
              04   AE         01   88 000BC 10$:   BISB2   #1, FLAGS                            ; 1845
                              0C   11 000C0        BRB     12$                                  ; 1846
                   56         54   D0 000C2 11$:   MOVL    SAVE_REC_ADDR, REC_ADDR              ; 1854
                   6E         56   D1 000C5        CMPL    REC_ADDR, FIRST_SIDR                 ; 1856
                              88   13 000C8        BEQL    4$                                   ;
              04   AE         02   88 000CA        BISB2   #2, FLAGS                            ; 1860
                   2D    04   AE   E9 000CE 12$:   BLBC    FLAGS, 13$                           ; 1867
                   51    20   AE   D0 000D2        MOVL    BEGIN_OF_SIDR, DELETE_START          ; 1870
                   52         53   D0 000D6        MOVL    NEXT_REC_ADDR, DELETE_END            ; 1871
         3D   1C   A7         06   E1 000D9        BBC     #6, 28(IDX_DFN), 14$                 ; 1878
              04   AE         04   88 000DE        BISB2   #4, FLAGS                            ; 1885
                   50  00B4   CA   3C 000E2        MOVZWL  180(IFAB), R0                        ; 1889
                         60 B940   DF 000E7        PUSHAL  @96(IRAB)[R0]                        ;
                         0C BE46   9F 000EB        PUSHAB  @RECORD_OVHD[REC_ADDR]               ; 1888
                   7E    10 BE46   9A 000EF        MOVZBL  @RECORD_OVHD[REC_ADDR], -(SP)        ; 1887
                   6E         02   C0 000F4        ADDL2   #2, (SP)                             ;
                           0000G   30 000F7        BSBW    RM$MOVE                              ;
                   5E         0C   C0 000FA        ADDL2   #12, SP                              ;
                              1C   11 000FD        BRB     14$                                  ; 1867
                   51    01   A6   9E 000FF 13$:   MOVAB   1(R6), DELETE_START                  ; 1899
    50   66        52         00   EF 00103        EXTZV   #0, #2, (REC_ADDR), R0               ; 1900
                   52    04 A041   9E 00108        MOVAB   4(R0)[DELETE_START], DELETE_END      ; 1901
                   66         10   88 0010D        BISB2   #16, (REC_ADDR)                      ; 1903
                   66         03   8A 00110        BICB2   #3, (REC_ADDR)                       ; 1904
         50        51         52   C3 00113        SUBL3   DELETE_END, DELETE_START, R0         ; 1911
              20   BE         50   A0 00117        ADDW2   R0, @BEGIN_OF_SIDR                   ;
         50        55         52   C3 0011B 14$:   SUBL3   DELETE_END, BKT_ADDR, R0             ; 1919
                   53    04   A5   3C 0011F        MOVZWL  4(BKT_ADDR), R3                      ;
                   50         53   C0 00123        ADDL2   R3, LENGTH                           ;
                              0A   13 00126        BEQL    15$                                  ; 1921
                              51   DD 00128        PUSHL   DELETE_START                         ; 1928
                              05   BB 0012A        PUSHR   #^M<R0,R2>                           ;
                           0000G   30 0012C        BSBW    RM$MOVE                              ;
                   5E         0C   C0 0012F        ADDL2   #12, SP                              ;
                   51         52   C2 00132 15$:   SUBL2   DELETE_END, R1                       ; 1932
              04   A5         51   A0 00135        ADDW2   R1, 4(BKT_ADDR)                      ;
         12   04   AE         02   E1 00139        BBC     #2, FLAGS, 16$                       ; 1938
         51        56    08   AE   C1 0013E        ADDL3   RECORD_OVHD, REC_ADDR, R1            ; 1940
                   50  00B4   CA   3C 00143        MOVZWL  180(IFAB), R0                        ;
                   50    60 B940   DE 00148        MOVAL   @96(IRAB)[R0], R0                    ;
                           0000G   30 0014D        BSBW    RM$EXPAND_KEYD                       ;
                   50         01   D0 00150 16$:   MOVL    #1, R0                               ; 1944
                              02   11 00153        BRB     18$                                  ;
                              50   D4 00155 17$:   CLRL    R0                                   ; 1945
                   5E         0C   C0 00157 18$:   ADDL2   #12, SP                              ;
                              1C   BA 0015A        POPR    #^M<R2,R3,R4>                        ;
                              05      0015C        RSB                                          ;

; Routine Size:  349 bytes,    Routine Base:  RM$RMS3 + 03C7

; 1889          1946   1
; 1890          1947   1 END
; 1891          1948   1
; 1892          1949   0 ELUDOM
```

```
;                                    PSECT SUMMARY
;
;       Name                       Bytes                        Attributes
;
;  RM$RMS3                            1316  NOVEC,NOWRT,  RD ,  EXE,NOSHR,  GBL,  REL,  CON,  PIC,ALIGN(2)


;                               Library Statistics
;
;                                              -------- Symbols --------      Pages       Processing
;       File                                   Total    Loaded   Percent      Mapped      Time
;
;  _$255$DUA28:[RMS.OBJ]RMS.L32;1               3109        92         2        154         00:00.4



;                                    COMMAND QUALIFIERS

;       BLISS/CHECK=(FIELD,INITIAL,OPTIMIZE)/LIS=LIS$:RM3DELETE/OBJ=OBJ$:RM3DELETE MSRC$:RM3DELETE/UPDATE=(ENH$:RM3DELETE)

; 1893          1950  0
; Size:         1316 code + 0 data bytes
; Run Time:        00:33.6
; Elapsed Time:    01:00.1
; Lines/CPU Min:     3483
; Lexemes/CPU-Min: 15181
; Memory Used:  163 pages
; Compilation Complete
```

0324 AH-BT13A-SE
VAX/VMS V4.0

DIGITAL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION
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RM3FACE
LIS

RM3DISCON
LIS

RM3CONN
LIS

RM3DELETE
LIS

RM3CREATE
LIS