



```

PPPPPPPP      AAAAAA      TTTTTTTTTT      RRRRRRRR      SSSSSSSS      TTTTTTTTTT
PPPPPPPP      AAAAAA      TTTTTTTTTT      RRRRRRRR      SSSSSSSS      TTTTTTTTTT
PP      PP      AA      AA      TT      RR      RR      SS      TT
PP      PP      AA      AA      TT      RR      RR      SS      TT
PP      PP      AA      AA      TT      RR      RR      SS      TT
PP      PP      AA      AA      TT      RR      RR      SS      TT
PPPPPPPP      AA      AA      TTT      RRRRRRRR      SSSSSS      TT
PPPPPPPP      AA      AA      TT      RRRRRRRR      SSSSSS      TT
PP      AAAAAAAAAA      TT      RR      RR      SS      TT
PP      AAAAAAAAAA      TT      RR      RR      SS      TT
PP      AA      AA      TT      RR      RR      SS      TT
PP      AA      AA      TT      RR      RR      SS      TT
PP      AA      AA      TT      RR      RR      SSSSSSSS      TT
PP      AA      AA      TT      RR      RR      SSSSSSSS      TT

```

```

LL      IIIIII      SSSSSSSS
LL      IIIIII      SSSSSSSS
LL      II      SS
LL      II      SS
LL      II      SS
LL      II      SS
LL      II      SSSSSS
LL      II      SSSSSS
LL      II      SS
LL      II      SS
LL      II      SS
LL      II      SS
LLLLLLLLLLLL      IIIIII      SSSSSSSS
LLLLLLLLLLLL      IIIIII      SSSSSSSS

```

.....

```

1 0001 0 MODULE PATRST (
2 L 0002 0 %IF %VARIANT EQL 1
3 0003 0 %THEN
4 0004 0 ADDRESSING_MODE (EXTERNAL = LONG_RELATIVE, NONEXTERNAL = LONG_RELATIVE),
5 0005 0 %FI
6 0006 0 IDENT = 'V04-000'
7 0007 0 ) =
8 0008 1 BEGIN
9 0009 1
10 0010 1 *****
11 0011 1 *
12 0012 1 * COPYRIGHT (c) 1978, 1980, 1982, 1984 BY
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29 0029 1 *
30 0030 1 *
31 0031 1 *****
32 0032 1
33 0033 1 **
34 0034 1 FACILITY: PATCH
35 0035 1
36 0036 1 ABSTRACT: Use the Runtime Symbol Table (RST) data structures.
37 0037 1
38 0038 1
39 0039 1 ENVIRONMENT: This module runs on VAX under VAX/VMS, user mode, non-AST level.
40 0040 1
41 0041 1 Author: Kevin Pammett, August 18, 1977.
42 0042 1
43 0043 1 Version: V02-014
44 0044 1
45 0045 1 MODIFIED BY:
46 0046 1
47 0047 1 V03-001 MTR0012 Mike Rhodes 16-Aug-1982
48 0048 1 Modify file names to remove duplicate file name useage
49 0049 1 between code and require files.
50 0050 1
51 0051 1 V02-014 PCG0001 Peter George 02-FEB-1981
52 0052 1 Add require statement for LIB$:PATDEF.REQ
53 0053 1
54 0054 1 MODIFICATIONS:
55 0055 1
56 0056 1 NO DATE PROGRAMMER PURPOSE
57 0057 1 -- ---- -
```

58	0058	1				
59	0059	1	00	21-DEC-77	K.D. MORSE	ADAPT VERSION 30 FOR PATCH.
60	0060	1	01	4-JAN-78	K.D. MORSE	MAKE PATSDST_VALUE DISTINGUISH
61	0061	1				BETWEEN WHAT IT CAN'T EVALUATE
62	0062	1				BECAUSE OF ERROR AND BECAUSE THE
63	0063	1				GIVEN CONTEXT (REGISTER SET) IS
64	0064	1				INAPPROPRIATE. (31)
65	0065	1	02	24-JAN-78	K.D. MORSE	NO CHANGES FOR 32.
66	0066	1	03	02-MAR-78	K.D. MORSE	NO CHANGES FOR 33.
67	0067	1	04	24-MAR-78	K.D. MORSE	NO CHANGES FOR 34.
68	0068	1	05	28-MAR-78	K.D. MORSE	PATSDST VALUE NOW ACCEPTS
69	0069	1				DESCRIPTORS WHOSE ACCESS
70	0070	1				FIELD = 2 FOR THE PC; THESE
71	0071	1				ARE FIXED-POSITION DESCS. (35)
72	0072	1	06	30-MAR-78	K.D. MORSE	ADD RETURN STATUS CODE OF 3
73	0073	1				TO INDICATE ARRAY DESCRIPTORS
74	0074	1				FROM PATSSYM TO VALU AND
75	0075	1				PATSSYMBOL VALU. THIS IS SO
76	0076	1				THAT PATSSYM TO VAL CAN
77	0077	1				ALWAYS RETURN THE ADDRESS BOUND
78	0078	1				TO A SYMBOL.
79	0079	1	07	06-APR-78	K.D. MORSE	LOOKUP_SYM NOW HANDLES SPECIAL
80	0080	1				EFFORT IN FINDING GLOBALS. (36)
81	0081	1				ROUTINES LOOKUP_GBL AND
82	0082	1				GBL_VAL TO SAT ADDED. (36)
83	0083	1				NEW_MC_GBL_FIELD 'LOCKED'. IT
84	0084	1				MEANS THAT THE LOOKUP RTNS ARE
85	0085	1				NOT TO CONSULT THE GST. (37)
86	0086	1				NO MORE ACCS_DESCRIPTOR'S THAT
87	0087	1				POINT TO DESCRIPTORS IN THE USER'S
88	0088	1				IMAGE FROM FORTRAN. (38)
89	0089	1	08	25-APR-78	K.D. MORSE	CONVERT TO NATIVE COMPILER.
90	0090	1	09	17-MAY-78	K.D. MORSE	NO CHANGES FOR VERS 39-40.
91	0091	1	10	18-MAY-78	K.D. MORSE	NO CHANGES FOR VERS 41.
92	0092	1	11	13-JUN-78	K.D. MORSE	ADD FAO COUNTS TO SIGNALS.
93	0093	1	12	15-JUN-78	K.D. MORSE	PATSSYM TO VALU RETURNS 0 OR 2
94	0094	1				FOR FAILURE. CHANGE CHECK IN
95	0095	1				PATSSYM TO VAL TO TEST FOR LOW BIT.
96	0096	1	13	28-JUN-78	K.D. MORSE	NO CHANGES FOR VERS 42-43.
97	0097	1				
98	0098	1	--			

```
100 0099 1 :  
101 0100 1 : TABLE OF CONTENTS:  
102 0101 1 :  
103 0102 1 :  
104 0103 1 FORWARD ROUTINE  
105 0104 1 PAT$ADD_NT_T_PV,  
106 0105 1  
107 0106 1 PAT$LOOKUP_SYM,  
108 0107 1  
109 0108 1 LOOKUP_GBL,  
110 0109 1  
111 0110 1 GBL_VAL_TO_SAT,  
112 0111 1 PAT$GET_NXT_DUP,  
113 0112 1 PAT$SYM_TO_VAL,  
114 0113 1 PAT$SYM_TO_VALU,  
115 0114 1  
116 0115 1 CONCAT_PATHS : NOVALUE,  
117 0116 1 PAT$NT_HASH_FCN,  
118 0117 1  
119 0118 1 PATH_MATCH,  
120 0119 1  
121 0120 1 PAT$VAL_TO_SYM,  
122 0121 1 LOOKUP_LVT,  
123 0122 1 VAL_TO_SAT,  
124 0123 1 PAT$SYMBOL_VALU,  
125 0124 1 PAT$DST_VALUE,  
126 0125 1 STD_SYM_EVAL;  
127 0126 1  
128 0127 1  
129 0128 1  
130 0129 1 :  
131 0130 1 : INCLUDE FILES:  
132 0131 1 :  
133 0132 1 :  
134 0133 1 LIBRARY 'SYS$LIBRARY:LIB.L32';  
135 0134 1 REQUIRE 'SRC$PATPCT.REQ';  
136 0174 1 REQUIRE 'SRC$SYSSER.REQ';
```

```
: Build a pathame vector by  
: following an NT scope chain.  
: Find all occurrences of a given  
: symbol in the RST data base.  
: Find all occurrences of a given  
: global symbol in the GST.  
: Translate VALUE to a global symbol.  
: Scan along hash chains.  
: LOOK UP A FULLY QUALIFIED SYMBOL.  
: Return more info than sym_to_val,  
: but otherwise do the same thing.  
: Concatenate two pathname vectors together.  
: Hashing function for calculating  
: dispersal of NT entries.  
: Match a pathname to the implied  
: path associated with an NT record.  
: Translate values to PATCH-time symbols.  
: Search the LVT.  
: Search the SAT.  
: Associate symbols with corresponding value  
: Deduce the value associated with a DST  
: Evaluate dynamic symbols which use  
: a standard encoding for how to do  
: this evaluation.
```

PATRST  
V04-000

J 7  
16-Sep-1984 01:09:03  
15-Sep-1984 22:50:49

VAX-11 Bliss-32 V4.0-742  
\_S255\$DUA28:[PATCH.SRC]SYSSER.REQ;1

Page 4  
(1)

PA1  
V04

: R0206 1  
: R0207 1  
: R0208 1  
: R0209 1  
: R0210 1

SWITCHES LIST (SOURCE);

EXTERNAL ROUTINE  
PAT\$fao\_out;

! formats a line and outputs to the terminal

.....

```
137 0256 1 REQUIRE 'SRC$:VXSMAC.REQ':  
138 0321 1 REQUIRE 'SRC$:PATGEN.REQ':  
139 0543 1 REQUIRE 'SRC$:PATRTS.REQ':  
140 1639 1 REQUIRE 'LIB$:PATDEF.REQ':  
141 1693 1 REQUIRE 'LIB$:PATMSG.REQ':  
142 1867 1  
143 1868 1  
144 1869 1 : MACROS:  
145 1870 1  
146 1871 1  
147 1872 1  
148 1873 1 : EQUATED SYMBOLS:  
149 1874 1  
150 1875 1  
151 1876 1  
152 1877 1  
153 1878 1 : OWN STORAGE:  
154 1879 1  
155 1880 1  
156 1881 1  
157 1882 1 : EXTERNAL REFERENCES:  
158 1883 1  
159 1884 1  
160 1885 1 EXTERNAL  
161 1886 1 PAT$GL_MC_PTR : REF MC RECORD, : Pointer to the Module Chain (MC).  
162 1887 1 PAT$GL_NT_HASH : REF RST_POINTER, : Pointer to the name table (NT) hash vector  
163 1888 1 PAT$GB_MOD_PTR : REF VECTOR[BYTE],  
164 1889 1 PAT$GL_CSP_PTR : REF PATHNAME_VECTOR;  
165 1890 1  
166 1891 1 EXTERNAL ROUTINE  
167 1892 1 PAT$GET_NXT_SAT, : Provide access to the SAT  
168 1893 1 PAT$GET_NXT_LVT, : Provide access to the LVT  
169 1894 1 PAT$GET_NXT_GST, : Scan the global symbol table.  
170 1895 1 PAT$GET_DST_REC, : Make a certain DST record available.  
171 1896 1 PAT$MAP_ADDR: : Map program address  
172 1897 1
```

: Defines literals

```
174 1898 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE PAT$ADD_NT_T_Pv( NT_PTR, PV_PTR ) =
175 1899 1
176 1900 1 !++
177 1901 1 | Functional Description:
178 1902 1 |
179 1903 1 |     Recur down thru an NT scope chain to build a pathname vector to
180 1904 1 |     correspond to the pathname implied by the scope chain.
181 1905 1 |
182 1906 1 | Formal Parameters:
183 1907 1 |
184 1908 1 |     NT_PTR     -a pointer to the NT record where
185 1909 1 |                 the symbol name is contained. This is where the
186 1910 1 |                 so-called 'scope chain' begins, if you consider such
187 1911 1 |                 a pathname to go right to left.
188 1912 1 |     PV_PTR     -a pointer to somewhere in the pathname vector we are
189 1913 1 |                 building. Specifically, this points to where we should
190 1914 1 |                 store a pointer to the first part (MODULE)
191 1915 1 |                 of the pathname.
192 1916 1 |
193 1917 1 | Implicit Inputs:
194 1918 1 |
195 1919 1 |     NT scope chains end either when the NT type is MODULE, or when the
196 1920 1 |     UP_SCOPE pointer is 0. (The latter is what we do for NT records which
197 1921 1 |     come in to PATCH as global of DEFINE symbols).
198 1922 1 |
199 1923 1 |     Scope chains, as built by simply chaining thru NT records,
200 1924 1 |     are 'reverse pathnames', as defined by PATHNAME_VECTOR. This
201 1925 1 |     is why this routine is recursive - we must recur down to
202 1926 1 |     the end of the NT chain before we can begin returning
203 1927 1 |     and filling in the pathname vector.
204 1928 1 |
205 1929 1 | Implicit Outputs:
206 1930 1 |
207 1931 1 |     None.
208 1932 1 |
209 1933 1 | Return Value:
210 1934 1 |
211 1935 1 |     The address (supposedly within the pathname vector)
212 1936 1 |     of where the next cs_pointer should be stored.
213 1937 1 |
214 1938 1 | Side Effects:
215 1939 1 |
216 1940 1 |     This routine will blow up if the NT chain implies a
217 1941 1 |     pathname that is longer than is expected by the
218 1942 1 |     PATHNAME_VECTOR declaration.
219 1943 1 |
220 1944 1 | --
221 1945 2 BEGIN
222 1946 2
223 1947 2 MAP
224 1948 2     NT_PTR : REF NT_RECORD,
225 1949 2     PV_PTR : REF PATHNAME_VECTOR;
226 1950 2
227 1951 2 !++
228 1952 2 | There's not much we can do till we've reached the end of the NT scope chain.
229 1953 2 | --
230 1954 3 IF (.NT_PTR[NT_TYPE] NEQ DSC$K_DTYPE_MOD) AND (.NT_PTR[NT_UP_SCOPE] NEQ 0)
```



```

231 1955 2 THEN
232 1956 2     PV_PTR = PAT$ADD_NT_T_PV( .NT_PTR[NT_UP_SCOPE], .PV_PTR );
233 1957 2
234 1958 2 !++
235 1959 2 ! The recursive call has modified our idea of where in the pathvector we
236 1960 2 ! should put the name pointer of the current pathname element. Once MODULE has
237 1961 2 ! been reached, though, backing up (and out) is straightforward.
238 1962 2 !--
239 1963 2 PV_PTR[0] = NT_PTR[NT_NAME_CS];
240 1964 2
241 1965 2 !++
242 1966 2 ! The next element's CS pointer goes in the next higher pathname vector element.
243 1967 2 ! Since we do not recur on the last time around (i.e. after the last ROUTINE
244 1968 2 ! name was inserted), and since we must guarantee to end the pathname vector
245 1969 2 ! with a 0 cs pointer, we zero each potential 'next' entry here to ensure this.
246 1970 2 ! This is the point where damage will be done if/when someone gives a pathname
247 1971 2 ! that is too long, since the recursion does not 'count' how many times it fills
248 1972 2 ! in a PATHNAME_VECTOR entry.
249 1973 2 !--
250 1974 2 PV_PTR[1] = 0;
251 1975 2 RETURN( PV_PTR[1] );
252 1976 1 END;

```

```

.TITLE PATRST
.IDENT  \V04-000\

.EXTRN PAT$FAO OUT, PAT$GL_MC_PTR
.EXTRN PAT$GL_NT_HASH, PAT$GB_MOD_PTR
.EXTRN PAT$GL_CSP_PTR, PAT$GET_NXT_SAT
.EXTRN PAT$GET_NXT_LVT
.EXTRN PAT$GET_NXT_GST
.EXTRN PAT$GET_DST_REC
.EXTRN PAT$MAP_ADDR, PAT$GL_RST_BEGN

.PSECT  _PAT$CODE,NOWRT,2

.ENTRY  PAT$ADD_NT_T_PV, Save R2      ; 1898
MOVAB  PAT$GL_RST_BEGN, R2          ;
ADDL3  PAT$GL_RST_BEGN, NT_PTR, R0  ; 1954
CMPB   2(R0), #188
BEQL   1$
TSTW   8(R0)
BEQL   1$
PUSHL  PV_PTR                      ; 1956
MOVZWL 8(R0), -(SP)
CALLS  #2, PAT$ADD_NT_T_PV
MOVL   R0, PV_PTR
MOVL   PV_PTR, R0                  ; 1963
ADDL3  PAT$GL_RST_BEGN, NT_PTR, R1
MOVAB  12(R1), (R0)+
CLRL   (R0)                        ; 1974
RET                                       ; 1976

```

; Routine Size: 57 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 0000

```

254 1977 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE PAT$LOOKUP_SYM( SYM_CS ) =
255 1978 1
256 1979 1 !++
257 1980 1 | Functional Description:
258 1981 1 |
259 1982 1 |     Look for a given symbol (NOT symbol pathname, only the symbol name
260 1983 1 |     itself) in the RST's name table (NT) always, and in the GST, sometimes.
261 1984 1 |     The latter happens when the MC_GBL_LOCKED field is FALSE.
262 1985 1 |
263 1986 1 |     Since there may be several such pathnames, this routine actually passes
264 1987 1 |     back a pointer to a so-called duplication chain. This chain must be
265 1988 1 |     whatever GET_NXT_DUP requires to 'track down' successive duplicates.
266 1989 1 |
267 1990 1 | Formal Parameters:
268 1991 1 |
269 1992 1 |     SYM_CS           -a counted string pointer to the symbol we are
270 1993 1 |                     to look for in the NT.
271 1994 1 |
272 1995 1 | Implicit Inputs:
273 1996 1 |
274 1997 1 |     none.
275 1998 1 |
276 1999 1 | Implicit Outputs:
277 2000 1 |
278 2001 1 |     none.
279 2002 1 |
280 2003 1 | Return Value:
281 2004 1 |
282 2005 1 |
283 2006 1 |     FALSE, when there is no NT or GST entry for 'sym_cs',
284 2007 1 |     an NT-pointer to (a portion of) the hash chain which
285 2008 1 |     begins with an NT record which has 'sym_cs' as its symbol,
286 2009 1 |     otherwise. If a global is found to match, its 'fake' NT record begins
287 2010 1 |     the hash chain.
288 2011 1 |
289 2012 1 | Side Effects:
290 2013 1 |
291 2014 1 |     The GST may be searched linearly until the end or until SYM_CS is found.
292 2015 1 | --
293 2016 1 |
294 2017 2 BEGIN
295 2018 2
296 2019 2 MAP
297 2020 2     SYM_CS : CS_POINTER;                ! A pointer to the symbol we are to look for
298 2021 2
299 2022 2 LOCAL
300 2023 2     GST_REC'D : REF GST_RECORD,          ! Pointer to the global symbol table record
301 2024 2     NT_HASH,                               ! Hash code for the given symbol.
302 2025 2     NT_PTR   : REF NT_RECORD;           ! Pointer we go thru the NT with.
303 2026 2
304 2027 2 !++
305 2028 2 | Access to the NT is via hashing. If there is no pointer in the hash vector
306 2029 2 | we get to, then no symbols exist that hash to the same value as the symbol
307 2030 2 | we are looking up. Otherwise we follow the hash chain and pass back a pointer
308 2031 2 | to the first symbol we find which matches 'sym_cs'.
309 2032 2 | --
310 2033 2 NT_HASH = PAT$NT_HASH_FCN( .SYM_CS );

```

```
311 2034 2
312 2035 2 !++
313 2036 2 First see if a global symbol can be found by the given name in the GST.
314 2037 2 !--
315 2038 2 IF ((GST_RECRD = LOOKUP_GBL(.SYM_CS)) NEQ 0) AND
316 2039 2 ((NT_PTR = .PAT$GL_MC_PTR[MC_GBL_NT_PTR]) NEQ 0)
317 2040 2 THEN
318 2041 2 BEGIN
319 2042 2 LOCAL
320 2043 2     global_type,
321 2044 2     NAME_CS : CS_POINTER;
322 2045 2
323 2046 2 !++
324 2047 2 Found a global symbol. Fill in the fake NT record for this global
325 2048 2 so that the rest of the sym_to_val routines don't have to worry about
326 2049 2 the special casing for globals. The symbol name is in a different
327 2050 2 place depending on which type of GSD this is. Pick up a pointer
328 2051 2 to this name, and record the GSD type.
329 2052 2 !--
330 2053 2 IF (.GST_RECRD[GST_ENTRY_TYPE] EQL GST_GLOBAL_DEFN)
331 2054 2 THEN
332 2055 2 BEGIN
333 2056 2     NAME_CS = GST_RECRD[GST_G_NAME_CS];
334 2057 2     GLOBAL_TYPE = DSC$K_DTYPE_GBL;
335 2058 2     END
336 2059 2 ELSE
337 2060 2 BEGIN
338 2061 2     NAME_CS = GST_RECRD[GST_E_NAME_CS];
339 2062 2     GLOBAL_TYPE = DSC$K_DTYPE_ENT;
340 2063 2     END;
341 2064 2
342 2065 2 !++
343 2066 2 Move the relevant fields into the NT record already reserved and
344 2067 2 pointer to by a field in the global MC record.
345 2068 2 !--
346 2069 2 CH$MOVE(.NAME_CS[0]+1, NAME_CS[0], NT_PTR[NT_NAME_CS]);
347 2070 2 NT_PTR[NT_TYPE] = GLOBAL_TYPE;
348 2071 2 NT_PTR[NT_IS_GLOBAL] = TRUE;
349 2072 2 NT_PTR[NT_UP_SCOPE] = 0;
350 2073 2 NT_PTR[NT_GBL_VALUE] = GST_RECRD[GST_VALUE];
351 2074 2
352 2075 2 !++
353 2076 2 Make this NT point forward to the hash chain in the RST for symbols
354 2077 2 which hash to this same value. Whether or not there are any such
355 2078 2 symbols, we have still built a duplication chain. We carefully don't
356 2079 2 change the existing hash chain so that nothing in the RST is actually
357 2080 2 changed by the addition of this new fake NT for the found global symbol.
358 2081 2 !--
359 2082 2 NT_PTR[NT_FORWARD] = .PAT$GL_NT_HASH[NT_HASH];
360 2083 2
361 2084 2 !++
362 2085 2 The duplication chain has been built.
363 2086 2 !--
364 2087 2 RETURN(.NT_PTR);
365 2088 2 END;
366 2089 2
367 2090 2 !++
```

```

368 2091 2 ! Access to the NT is via hashing. If there is no pointer in the hash vector we
369 2092 2 ! get to, then no symbols exist that hash to the same value as the symbol we are
370 2093 2 ! looking up. Otherwise we follow the hash chain and pass back a pointer to the
371 2094 2 ! first symbol we find which matches 'sym_cs'.
372 2095 2 !--
373 2096 3 IF ((NT_PTR = .PAT$GL_NT_HASH[NT_HASH]) EQL 0)
374 2097 2 THEN
375 2098 2 !++
376 2099 2 ! If there is no hash chain, then there is no 'sym_cs' in the
377 2100 2 ! RST data base.
378 2101 2 !--
379 2102 2 RETURN(FALSE);
380 2103 2
381 2104 2 !++
382 2105 2 ! There does exist a hash chain for the given symbol. If a match does exist,
383 2106 2 ! it must be in this chain, so we simply follow along it and compare the symbol
384 2107 2 ! names found therein for the first match.
385 2108 2 !--
386 2109 2 DO
387 2110 3 BEGIN
388 2111 3 !++
389 2112 3 ! We are only interested in this entry if the symbol names actually do match.
390 2113 3 !--
391 2114 4 IF (CH$EQL(.SYM_CS[0],SYM_CS[1],.NT_PTR[NT_NAME_CS],NT_PTR[NT_NAME_ADDR]))
392 2115 3 THEN
393 2116 4 BEGIN
394 2117 4 !++
395 2118 4 ! This is the place in the chain that we want to pass back a pointer to.
396 2119 4 !--
397 2120 4 RETURN(.NT_PTR);
398 2121 3 END;
399 2122 3
400 2123 3 !++
401 2124 3 ! Otherwise just skip along the chain. The hash chain ends when the
402 2125 3 ! NT_FORWARD pointer is 0.
403 2126 3 !--
404 2127 3 END
405 2128 2 WHILE( (NT_PTR = .NT_PTR[NT_FORWARD]) NEQ 0 );
406 2129 2
407 2130 2 !++
408 2131 2 ! If we fall out of the above loop, we ran off the end of the hash chain
409 2132 2 ! without finding a match to the symbol we were looking for.
410 2133 2 !--
411 2134 2 RETURN(FALSE);
412 2135 1 END;

```

		OFFC 00000		.ENTR	PAT\$LOOKUP_SYM, Save R2,R3,R4,R5,R6,R7,R8,-	1977
					R9,R10,R11	
	5B 00000000G	EF 9E 00002		MOVAB	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, R11	
		04 AC DD 00009		PUSHL	SYM_CS	2033
00000000V	EF	01 FB 0000C		CALLS	#1, PAT\$NI_HASH_FCN	
	59	50 DO 00013		MOVL	R0, NT_HASH	
		04 AC DD 00016		PUSHL	SYM_CS	2038

		00000000V	EF		01	FB	00019		CALLS	#1, LOOKUP_GBL				
			58		50	DO	00020		MOVL	R0, GST_REC'D				
					4D	13	00023		BEQL	3\$				
		50 00000000G	EF		6B	C1	00025		ADDL3	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, PAT\$GL_MC_PTR, R0		2039		
			56		A0	3C	00020		MOVZWL	4(R0), NT_PTR				
					3F	13	00031		BEQL	3\$				
					01	68	91	00033		CMPB	(GST_REC'D), #1	2053		
					0A	12	00036		BNEQ	1\$				
					50	09	A8	9E	00038	MOVAB	9(R8), NAME_CS	2056		
					5A	B4	8F	9A	0003C	MOVZWL	#180, GLOBAL_TYPE	2057		
						08	11	00040	BRB	2\$		2053		
					50	08	A8	9E	00042	1\$: MOVAB	11(R8), NAME_CS	2061		
					5A	B3	8F	9A	00046	MOVZBL	#179, GLOBAL_TYPE	2062		
					51		60	9A	0004A	2\$: MOVZBL	(NAME_CS), RT	2069		
						51	D6	0004D		INCL	R1			
					56	6B	C1	0004F		ADDL3	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, NT_PTR, R7			
		OC	57		60	51	28	00053		MOVCL3	R1, (NAME_CS), 12(R7)			
			A7		02	A7	5A	90	00058		MOVBL	GLOBAL_TYPE, 2(R7)	2070	
					03	A7	01	88	0005C		BISB2	#1, 3(R7)	2071	
						08	A7	B4	00060		CLRWB	8(R7)	2072	
					04	A7	05	A8	DO	00063		MOVL	5(GST_REC'D), 4(R7)	2073
					67	00000000GFF	49	B0	00068		MOVW	@PAT\$GL_NT_HASH[NT_HASH], (R7)	2082	
							24	11	00070		BRB	5\$	2087	
					56	00000000GFF	49	3C	00072	3\$:	MOVZWL	@PAT\$GL_NT_HASH[NT_HASH], NT_PTR	2096	
							23	13	0007A		BEQL	7\$		
					54	04	AC	DO	0007C		MOVL	SYM_CS, R4	2114	
					51	04	BC	9A	00080	4\$:	MOVZBL	@SYM_CS, R1		
					57		6B	C1	00084		ADDL3	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, NT_PTR, R7		
					50	0C	A7	9A	00088		MOVZBL	12(R7), R0		
		50	00		01	A4	51	2D	0008C		CMPC5	R1, 1(R4), #0, R0, 13(R7)		
						0D	A7		00092					
						04	12	00094		BNEQ	6\$			
					50		56	DO	00096	5\$:	MOVL	NT_PTR, R0	2120	
							04	00099		RET				
					56		67	3C	0009A	6\$:	MOVZWL	(R7), NT_PTR	2128	
							E1	12	0009D		BNEQ	4\$		
							50	D4	0009F	7\$:	CLRL	R0	2135	
							04	000A1		RET				

; Routine Size: 162 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 0039

```
414 2136 1 ROUTINE LOOKUP_GBL( SYM_CS ) =
415 2137 1
416 2138 1 !++
417 2139 1 Functional Description:
418 2140 1
419 2141 1     Look for a given symbol (NOT symbol pathname, only the
420 2142 1     symbol name itself) in the Global symbol table (GST).
421 2143 1
422 2144 1 Formal Parameters:
423 2145 1
424 2146 1     SYM_CS           -a counted string pointer to the symbol we are
425 2147 1                   to look for in the GST.
426 2148 1
427 2149 1 Implicit Inputs:
428 2150 1
429 2151 1
430 2152 1     We don't consult the GST if MC_GBL_LOCKED is TRUE.
431 2153 1
432 2154 1     GET_NXT_GST is all set up to allow us to
433 2155 1     read thru the (mapped) GST sequentially.
434 2156 1
435 2157 1 Implicit Outputs:
436 2158 1     none.
437 2159 1
438 2160 1 Return Value:
439 2161 1
440 2162 1     0, when no GST entry for 'sym_cs' can be found,
441 2163 1     a pointer to the GST record for
442 2164 1     the found symbol, otherwise.
443 2165 1
444 2166 1 Side Effects:
445 2167 1
446 2168 1     The GST may be searched sequentially until either
447 2169 1     the end is encountered, or the symbol is found.
448 2170 1 --
449 2171 1
450 2172 2 BEGIN
451 2173 2
452 2174 2 MAP
453 2175 2     SYM_CS : CS_POINTER;
454 2176 2
455 2177 2 LOCAL
456 2178 2     GST_RECND : REF GST_RECORD;           ! Pointer to where a fetched GST record live
457 2179 2
458 2180 2 !++
459 2181 2 ! Don't even look in the GST if it is locked. This happens either because the
460 2182 2 ! caller specifically does not want a global, or because the caller is using the
461 2183 2 ! 'cache' NT and SAT records for globals, and doesn't want them overwritten.
462 2184 2 --
463 2185 3 IF (.PAT$GL_MC_PTR[MC_GBL_LOCKED])
464 2186 2 THEN
465 2187 2     RETURN(0);
466 2188 2
467 2189 2 !++
468 2190 2 ! Process the GST records sequentially, giving up if some error occurs.
469 2191 2 ! First, do an INIT so that subsequent GETs return record pointers starting
470 2192 2 ! from the beginning.
```

```

471 2193 2 !--
472 2194 2 PAT$GET_NXT_GST(1);
473 2195 2
474 2196 2 !++
475 2197 2 PAT$GET_NXT_GST returns 0 when there are no more GST records to process.
476 2198 2 Otherwise it returns a pointer to each successive GST record.
477 2199 2 !--
478 2200 3 WHILE ((GST_REC RD = PAT$GET_NXT_GST(0)) NEQ 0)
479 2201 2 DO
480 2202 3 BEGIN
481 2203 3 !++
482 2204 3 We process each record depending on its GST type.
483 2205 3 !--
484 2206 3 CASE .GST_REC RD[GST_ENTRY_TYPE] FROM GST_LOWEST TO GST_HIGHEST OF
485 2207 3 SET
486 2208 3
487 2209 3 [ GST_GLOBAL_DEFN ]: ! Definition of a global symbol.
488 2210 4 BEGIN
489 2211 4 !++
490 2212 4 Check for string match of given and indicated symbols.
491 2213 4 !--
492 2214 5 IF (CH$EQL(.SYM_CS[0], SYM_CS[1], .GST_REC RD[GST_G_NAME_CS],
493 2215 5 GST_REC RD[GST_G_NAME_ADDR]))
494 2216 4 THEN
495 2217 4 !++
496 2218 4 Found the right record, and we know there are no more
497 2219 4 (because these are globals).
498 2220 4 !--
499 2221 4 EXITLOOP;
500 2222 3 END;
501 2223 3
502 2224 3 [ GST_ENTRY_DEFN ]: ! Definition of a entry point.
503 2225 4 BEGIN
504 2226 4 !++
505 2227 4 Check for string match of given and indicated symbols.
506 2228 4 !--
507 2229 5 IF (CH$EQL(.SYM_CS[0], SYM_CS[1], .GST_REC RD[GST_E_NAME_CS],
508 2230 5 GST_REC RD[GST_E_NAME_ADDR]))
509 2231 4 THEN
510 2232 4 !++
511 2233 4 Found the right record, and we know there are no more
512 2234 4 (because these are globals).
513 2235 4 !--
514 2236 4 EXITLOOP;
515 2237 3 END;
516 2238 3
517 2239 3 [ INRANGE, OUTRANGE ]: ! Error.
518 2240 4 BEGIN
519 2241 4 RETURN(0);
520 2242 4 END;
521 2243 3
522 2244 3 TES;
523 2245 3
524 2246 3 !++
525 2247 3 Go back and process the next record.
526 2248 3 !--
527 2249 2 END;

```

```

: 528      2250 2
: 529      2251 2
: 530      2252 2
: 531      2253 2
: 532      2254 2
: 533      2255 2
: 534      2256 2
: 535      2257 1

```

```

:++
: If the above WHILE exits, then either we encountered the normal end of GST
: processing, or we found the symbol match. Pass back the address of the given
: symbol's record, of 0, the failure code.
:--
RETURN(.GST_REC RD);
END;

```

```

                                003C 0000 LOOKUP_GBL:
                                .WORD Save R2,R3,R4,R5
                                MOVAB PAT$GET_NXT_GST, R5
                                ADDL3 PAT$GL_RST_BEGN, PAT$GL_MC_PTR, R0
                                BBS #2, 3(R0), 7$
                                PUSHL #1
                                CALLS #1, PAT$GET_NXT_GST
                                CLRL -(SP)
                                CALLS #1, PAT$GET_NXT_GST
                                MOVL R0, GST_REC RD
                                BEQL 6$
                                CASEB (GST_REC RD), #1, #2
                                .WORD 3$-2$,-
                                4$-2$,-
                                7$-2$
                                BRB 7$
                                50      04      AC      D0      00035 3$: MOVL SYM_CS, R0
                                52      60      9A      00039 3$: MOVZBL (R0), R2
                                51      09      A4      9A      0003C 3$: MOVZBL 9(GST_REC RD), R1
                                00      01      A0      52      2D      00040 3$: CMPC5 R2, 1(R0), #0, R1, 10(GST_REC RD)
                                0A      A4      00046
                                13      11      00048
                                BRB 5$
                                50      04      AC      D0      0004A 4$: MOVL SYM_CS, R0
                                52      60      9A      0004E 4$: MOVZBL (R0), R2
                                51      0B      A4      9A      00051 4$: MOVZBL 11(GST_REC RD), R1
                                00      01      A0      52      2D      00055 4$: CMPC5 R2, 1(R0), #0, R1, 12(GST_REC RD)
                                0C      A4      0005B
                                C0      12      0005D 5$: BNEQ 1$
                                50      54      D0      0005F 6$: MOVL GST_REC RD, R0
                                04      00062
                                RET
                                50      D4      00063 7$: CLRL R0
                                04      00065
                                RET

```

: Routine Size: 102 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 00DB



```

537 2258 1 ROUTINE GBL_VAL_TO_SAT( VALUE ) =
538 2259 1
539 2260 1
540 2261 1 +-
541 2262 1 Functional Description:
542 2263 1
543 2264 1 Search the GST for the closest global symbol match
544 2265 1 to the given value. If found, build a temporary SAT
545 2266 1 and NT entry for this symbol so that the rest
546 2267 1 of the RST manipulating routine do not have to
547 2268 1 special-case globals.
548 2269 1
549 2270 1 Formal Parameters:
550 2271 1 VALUE -The key value to match to Global symbol.
551 2272 1
552 2273 1 Implicit Inputs:
553 2274 1
554 2275 1 We don't consult the GST if MC_GBL_LOCKED.
555 2276 1 This happens because we normally want
556 2277 1 to let VAL_TO_SYM consult globals, but to we need
557 2278 1 to override this when PC_RULE calls it.
558 2279 1
559 2280 1 GET_NXT_GST is all set up to all us to
560 2281 1 read thru the (mapped) GST sequentially.
561 2282 1
562 2283 1 The first MC record is reserved for manipulating
563 2284 1 globals. As such, it has two fields which permanently
564 2285 1 point to the 'fake' NT and SAT records which get
565 2286 1 filled by this routine (and others).
566 2287 1
567 2288 1 Implicit Outputs:
568 2289 1
569 2290 1 If a match is found, the MC_GBL NT and SAT records
570 2291 1 are filled in so that they are usable just like
571 2292 1 other NT/SAT pairs are.
572 2293 1
573 2294 1 Return Value:
574 2295 1
575 2296 1 FALSE, when no candidate is found,
576 2297 1 a pointer to the SAT record for
577 2298 1 the found symbol, otherwise.
578 2299 1
579 2300 1 Side Effects:
580 2301 1
581 2302 1 The GST may be searched sequentially until either
582 2303 1 the end is encountered, or an exact match is found.
583 2304 1 --
584 2305 1
585 2306 2 BEGIN
586 2307 2
587 2308 2 LOCAL
588 2309 2 GLOBAL TYPE,
589 2310 2 NAME CS : CS POINTER,
590 2311 2 GST_REC'D : REF GST RECORD, ! Pointer to where a fetched GST record live
591 2312 2 GBL_SAT_PTR : REF SAT RECORD, ! Pointers to the SAT and NT records we buil
592 2313 2 GBL_NT_PTR : REF NT RECORD,
593 2314 2 BEST_MATCH : REF GST_RECORD; ! Pointer to so-far 'best' match found.

```

```

594 2315 2
595 2316 2 :++
596 2317 2 : If we find a match candidate, we will use the GLOBAL temporary SAT and NT
597 2318 2 : records to pass on the needed info. If no space has been reserved for these
598 2319 2 : records, we must give up now. Moreover, if this space is currently in use
599 2320 2 : (for SYM_TO_VAL) then again we must give up.
600 2321 2 :--
601 2322 3 IF (.PAT$GL_MC_PTR[MC_GBL_LOCKED])
602 2323 3 THEN
603 2324 3     RETURN(0);
604 2325 3 IF ((GBL_SAT_PTR = .PAT$GL_MC_PTR[MC_GBL_SAT_PTR]) EQL 0)
605 2326 2 THEN
606 2327 2     RETURN(0);
607 2328 3 IF ((GBL_NT_PTR = .PAT$GL_MC_PTR[MC_GBL_NT_PTR]) EQL 0)
608 2329 2 THEN
609 2330 2     RETURN(0);
610 2331 2
611 2332 2 :++
612 2333 2 : Process the GST records sequentially, giving up if some error occurs.
613 2334 2 : First, do an INIT so that subsequent GETs return record pointers starting from
614 2335 2 : the beginning.
615 2336 2 :--
616 2337 2 PAT$GET_NXT_GST(1);
617 2338 2 BEST_MATCH = 0;
618 2339 2
619 2340 2 :++
620 2341 2 : PAT$GET_NXT_GST returns 0 when there are no more GST records to process.
621 2342 2 :--
622 2343 3 WHILE ((GST_RECRD = PAT$GET_NXT_GST(0)) NEQ 0)
623 2344 2 DO
624 2345 3     BEGIN
625 2346 3     :++
626 2347 3     : We process each record depending on its GST type.
627 2348 3     :--
628 2349 3     CASE .GST_RECRD[GST_ENTRY_TYPE] FROM GST_LOWEST TO GST_HIGHEST OF
629 2350 3     SET
630 2351 3     [ GST_GLOBAL_DEFN ,           ! Definition of a global symbol.
631 2352 3     GST_ENTRY_DEFN ]:           ! Definition of global ENTRY points.
632 2353 3     BEGIN
633 2354 4     :++
634 2355 4     : Note that the only two types we support can be handled
635 2356 4     : together because the GST_VALUE field is in the same place in
636 2357 4     : both records. First check for an exact match because then
637 2358 4     : we can abandon any further looking.
638 2359 4     :--
639 2360 4     IF (.VALUE EQLA .GST_RECRD[GST_VALUE])
640 2361 5     THEN
641 2362 4     BEGIN
642 2363 5     BEST_MATCH = .GST_RECRD;
643 2364 5     EXIT[OOP;
644 2365 5     END;
645 2366 4
646 2367 4     :++
647 2368 4     : Inexact matches are still better than nothing.
648 2369 4     :--
649 2370 4     IF (.VALUE GTRA .GST_RECRD[GST_VALUE])
650 2371 5

```

```

: 651      2372  4      THEN
: 652      2373  4
: 653      2374  4      +-+
: 654      2375  4      | A match. See if we already have one.
: 655      2376  5      |--
: 656      2377  4      IF (.BEST_MATCH EQL 0)
: 657      2378  4      THEN
: 658      2379  4      | +-+
: 659      2380  4      | | Any one is better than none.
: 660      2381  4      | |--
: 661      2382  4      | BEST_MATCH = .GST_RECRD
: 662      2383  4      ELSE
: 663      2384  4      | +-+
: 664      2385  4      | | Take the new one only if this symbol
: 665      2386  4      | | is closer than the previous best one.
: 666      2387  5      | |--
: 667      2388  4      | IF (.BEST_MATCH[GST_VALUE] LSSA .GST_RECRD[GST_VALUE])
: 668      2389  4      | THEN
: 669      2390  3      |     BEST_MATCH = .GST_RECRD;
: 670      2391  3      END;
: 671      2392  3      [INRANGE, OUTRANGE]:          ! Error.
: 672      2393  4      BEGIN
: 673      2394  4      RETURN(FALSE);
: 674      2395  3      END;
: 675      2396  3      TES;
: 676      2397  3
: 677      2398  3      +-+
: 678      2399  3      | Go back and process the next record.
: 679      2400  3      |--
: 680      2401  3      END;
: 681      2402  2
: 682      2403  2
: 683      2404  2 +-+
: 684      2405  2 | If the above WHILE exits, then we encountered the normal end of GST processing.
: 685      2406  2 | If we didn't find any possible match, return failure status.
: 686      2407  2 |--
: 687      2408  3 IF (.BEST_MATCH EQL 0)
: 688      2409  2 THEN
: 689      2410  2     RETURN(0);
: 690      2411  2
: 691      2412  2 +-+
: 692      2413  2 | Success - a candidate has been found. Fill in the required SAT and NT
: 693      2414  2 | records, and pass back a pointer to the former. These records have already
: 694      2415  2 | been (permanently) allocated space - they are pointed to by fields in the
: 695      2416  2 | global MC record.
: 696      2417  2 |--
: 697      2418  2 GBL_SAT_PTR[SAT_LB] = .BEST_MATCH[GST_VALUE];
: 698      2419  2 GBL_SAT_PTR[SAT_UB] = 0;
: 699      2420  2 GBL_SAT_PTR[SAT_NT_PTR] = .GBL_NT_PTR;
: 700      2421  2
: 701      2422  2 +-+
: 702      2423  2 | The symbol name is in a different place depending on which type of GSD this
: 703      2424  2 | is. Pick up a pointer to this name, and record the GSD type.
: 704      2425  2 |--
: 705      2426  3 IF (.BEST_MATCH[GST_ENTRY_TYPE] EQL GST_GLOBAL_DEFN)
: 706      2427  2 THEN
: 707      2428  3     BEGIN

```

```

: 708      2429 3      NAME_CS = BEST_MATCH[GST_G_NAME_CS];
: 709      2430 3      GLOBAL_TYPE = DSC$K_DTYPE_GBL;
: 710      2431 3      END
: 711      2432 3      ELSE
: 712      2433 3      BEGIN
: 713      2434 3      NAME_CS = BEST_MATCH[GST_E_NAME_CS];
: 714      2435 3      GLOBAL_TYPE = DSC$K_DTYPE_ENT;
: 715      2436 3      END;
: 716      2437 2      CH$MOVE( .NAME_CS[0]+1, NAME_CS[0], GBL_NT_PTR[NT_NAME_CS]);
: 717      2438 2      GBL_NT_PTR[NT_TYPE] = .GLOBAL_TYPE;
: 718      2439 2      GBL_NT_PTR[NT_IS_GLOBAL] = TRUE;
: 719      2440 2      GBL_NT_PTR[NT_GBL_VALUE] = .BEST_MATCH[GST_VALUE];
: 720      2441 2      GBL_NT_PTR[NT_FORWARD] = 0;
: 721      2442 2      GBL_NT_PTR[NT_UP_SCOPE] = 0;
: 722      2443 2      RETURN(GBL_SAT_PTR);
: 723      2444 1      END;

```

OFFC 00000 GBL_VAL_TO SAT:											
										Save R2,R3,R4,R5,R6,R7,R8,R9,R10,R11	2258
		5B	00000000G	EF	9E	00002				MOVAB PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, R11	
		5A	00000000G	EF	9E	00009				MOVAB PAT\$GET_NXT_GST, R10	
50	00000000G	EF		6B	C1	00010				ADDL3 PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, PAT\$GL_MC_PTR, R0	2322
26	03	A0		02	E0	00018				BBS #2, 3(R0), 3\$	
		58	35	A0	D0	0001D				MOVL 53(R0), GBL_SAT_PTR	2325
				42	13	00021				BEQL 8\$	
		52	04	A0	3C	00023				MOVZWL 4(R0), GBL_NT_PTR	2328
				3C	13	00027				BEQL 8\$	
				01	DD	00029				PUSHL #1	2337
		6A		01	FB	0002B				CALLS #1, PAT\$GET_NXT_GST	
				56	D4	0002E				CLRL BEST_MATCH	2338
				7E	D4	00030	1\$:			CLRL -(SP)	2343
		6A		01	FB	00032				CALLS #1, PAT\$GET_NXT_GST	
				50	D5	00035				TSTL GST_REC RD	
				2A	13	00037				BEQL 7\$	
02	01			60	8F	00039				CASEB (GST_REC RD), #1, #2	2349
0070	0008			0008	0003D	2\$:				.WORD 4\$-2\$, -	
										4\$-2\$, -	
										11\$-2\$	
				68	11	00043	3\$:			BRB 11\$	2394
	05	A0	04	AC	51	00045	4\$:			CMPL VALUE, 5(GST_REC RD)	2361
		56		05	12	0004A				BNEQ 5\$	
				50	D0	0004C				MOVL GST_REC RD, BEST_MATCH	2364
				12	11	0004F				BRB 7\$	2363
				DD	1B	00051	5\$:			BLEQU 1\$	2371
				56	D5	00053				TSTL BEST_MATCH	2376
				07	13	00055				BEQL 6\$	
	05	A0	05	A6	D1	00057				CMPL 5(BEST_MATCH), 5(GST_REC RD)	2387
				D2	1E	0005C				BGEQU 1\$	
		56		50	D0	0005E	6\$:			MOVL GST_REC RD, BEST_MATCH	2389
				CD	11	00061				BRB 1\$	2376
				56	D5	00063	7\$:			TSTL BEST_MATCH	2408
				46	13	00065	8\$:			BEQL 11\$	
	02	A8	05	A6	D0	00067				MOVL 5(BEST_MATCH), 2(GBL_SAT_PTR)	2418

		06	A8	D4	0006C	CLRL	6(GBL_SAT_PTR)	: 2419	:
		68	52	B0	0006F	MOVW	GBL_NT_PTR, (GBL_SAT_PTR)	: 2420	:
		01	66	91	00072	CMPB	(BEST_MATCH), #1	: 2426	:
			0A	12	00075	BNEQ	9\$	:	:
		50	09	A6	9E 00077	MOVAB	9(R6), NAME_CS	: 2429	:
		59	B4	8F	9A 0007B	MOVZBL	#180, GLOBAL_TYPE	: 2430	:
			08	11	0007F	BRB	10\$	: 2426	:
		50	08	A6	9E 00081	MOVAB	11(R6), NAME_CS	: 2434	:
		59	B3	8F	9A 00085	MOVZBL	#179, GLOBAL_TYPE	: 2435	:
		51		60	9A 00089	MOVZBL	(NAME_CS), RT	: 2437	:
			51	D6	0008C	INCL	R1	:	:
		52		68	C1 0008E	ADDL3	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, GBL_NT_PTR, R7	:	:
0C	57	60		51	28 00092	MOV3	R1, (NAME_CS), 12(R7)	:	:
	A7	02	A7	59	90 00097	MOV3	GLOBAL_TYPE, 2(R7)	: 2438	:
		03	A7	01	88 0009B	BISB2	#1, 3(R7)	: 2439	:
		04	A7	05	A6 D0 0009F	MOVL	5(BEST_MATCH), 4(R7)	: 2440	:
				67	B4 000A4	CLRW	(R7)	: 2441	:
				08	A7 B4 000A6	CLRW	8(R7)	: 2442	:
		50		58	D0 000A9	MOVL	GBL_SAT_PTR, R0	: 2443	:
					04 000AC	RET		:	:
				50	D4 000AD	CLRL	R0	: 2444	:
					04 000AF	RET		:	:

; Routine Size: 176 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 0141

```

: 725      2445 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE PAT$SYM_TO_VAL( PATH_VEC_PTR, VALUE_PTR ) =
: 726      2446 1
: 727      2447 1 |**
: 728      2448 1 | Functional Description:
: 729      2449 1 |
: 730      2450 1 |     Use the RST/GST data base to translate a given symbol pathname to its
: 731      2451 1 |     corresponding value.
: 732      2452 1 |
: 733      2453 1 |     This routine is quite similar PAT$SYM_TO_VALU, except that it is called
: 734      2454 1 |     when ONLY the value is required. As this builds in less knowledge of
: 735      2455 1 |     the RST and its data structures, this routine should be called whenever
: 736      2456 1 |     possible.
: 737      2457 1 |
: 738      2458 1 | Formal Parameters:
: 739      2459 1 |
: 740      2460 1 |     PATH_VEC_PTR -a pointer to the pathname vector from a PATCH command
: 741      2461 1 |
: 742      2462 1 |     VALUE_PTR   -The location to hold the returned address bound to the
: 743      2463 1 |                 symbol pathname.
: 744      2464 1 |
: 745      2465 1 | Implicit Inputs:
: 746      2466 1 |
: 747      2467 1 |     The value to be passed back is a longword.
: 748      2468 1 |
: 749      2469 1 | Implicit Outputs:
: 750      2470 1 |
: 751      2471 1 |     None.
: 752      2472 1 |
: 753      2473 1 | Return Value:
: 754      2474 1 |
: 755      2475 1 |     TRUE, if symbol was located successfully.
: 756      2476 1 |     FALSE, otherwise.
: 757      2477 1 |
: 758      2478 1 | Side Effects:
: 759      2479 1 |
: 760      2480 1 |     The bound address is written into the return location.
: 761      2481 1 |
: 762      2482 1 | --
: 763      2483 1 |
: 764      2484 2 BEGIN
: 765      2485 2
: 766      2486 2 MAP
: 767      2487 2     PATH_VEC_PTR : REF PATHNAME VECTOR,
: 768      2488 2     VALUE_PTR   : REF VECTOR[.LONG];
: 769      2489 2
: 770      2490 2 LOCAL
: 771      2491 2     STATUS,                                ! INDICATOR FOR NO SYMBOL (0), ADDR OF SYMBO
: 772      2492 2     DSC_PTR  : REF BLOCK[.BYTE],          ! Array descriptor address
: 773      2493 2     VALU_DESC : VALU_DESCRIPTOR;         ! Local value descriptor
: 774      2494 2
: 775      2495 2 |**
: 776      2496 2 | PAT$SYM_TO_VALU does all the work of searching the symbol table. It returns
: 777      2497 2 | either the address bound to the symbol (STATUS = 1), the address of a
: 778      2498 2 | descriptor for an array (STATUS = 3), or an indication that the symbol was not
: 779      2499 2 | found (STATUS = 0 OR 2).
: 780      2500 2 | --
: 781      2501 3 IF (STATUS = PAT$SYM_TO_VALU(.PATH_VEC_PTR, VALU_DESC))

```

```

: 782      2502  2 THEN
: 783      2503  3 BEGIN
: 784      2504  4 !++
: 785      2505  5 Now determine if the value returned is the address bound to
: 786      2506  6 the symbol or the address of an array descriptor.
: 787      2507  7 !--
: 788      2508  8 IF (.STATUS EQL 1)
: 789      2509  9 THEN
: 790      2510 10     VALUE_PTR[0] = .VALU_DESC[VALU_VALUE]
: 791      2511 11 ELSE
: 792      2512 12     BEGIN
: 793      2513 13     !++
: 794      2514 14     This must be an array descriptor. Return the address bound
: 795      2515 15     to the symbol not the address of the descriptor.
: 796      2516 16     !--
: 797      2517 17     DSC_PTR = .VALU_DESC[VALU_VALUE];
: 798      2518 18     VALUE_PTR[0] = .DSC_PTR[DSC$A_POINTER];
: 799      2519 19     END;
: 800      2520 20 RETURN(TRUE);
: 801      2521 21 END
: 802      2522 22 ELSE
: 803      2523 23     !++
: 804      2524 24     Failure. There is really nothing further we can do.
: 805      2525 25     !--
: 806      2526 26 RETURN(FALSE);
: 807      2527 27 END;

```

			0000 0000	.ENTRY	PAT\$SYM_TO_VAL, Save nothing	: 2445
	SE		08 C2 00002	SUBL2	#8, SP	
			SE DD 00005	PUSHL	SP	: 2501
		04	AC DD 00007	PUSHL	PATH_VEC_PTR	
00000000V	EF		02 FB 0000A	CALLS	#2, PAT\$SYM_TO_VALU	
	19		50 E9 00011	BLBC	STATUS, 3\$	
	01		50 D1 00014	CMPL	STATUS, #1	: 2508
			07 12 00017	BNEQ	1\$	
	08 BC	02	AE D0 00019	MOVL	VALU_DESC+2, @VALUE_PTR	: 2510
			09 11 0001E	BRB	2\$	
	50	02	AE D0 00020 1\$:	MOVL	VALU_DESC+2, DSC_PTR	: 2517
	08 BC	04	A0 D0 00024	MOVL	4(DSC_PTR), @VALUE_PTR	: 2518
	50		01 D0 00029 2\$:	MOVL	#1, R0	: 2526
			04 0002C	RET		
			50 D4 0002D 3\$:	CLRL	R0	
			04 0002F	RET		: 2527

; Routine Size: 48 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 01F1

```

: 809 2528 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE PAT$SYM_TO_VALU( PATH_VEC_PTR, VALUE_DESC_ADDR ) =
: 810 2529 1
: 811 2530 1 ++
: 812 2531 1 Functional Description:
: 813 2532 1
: 814 2533 1     Use the RST/GST data base to translate a given
: 815 2534 1     symbol pathname to its corresponding value.
: 816 2535 1     Build and return a so-called 'value descriptor'
: 817 2536 1     which corresponds to this found value. It is
: 818 2537 1     within this routine that the notion of "search rules"
: 819 2538 1     is implemented.
: 820 2539 1
: 821 2540 1 Formal Parameters:
: 822 2541 1
: 823 2542 1     PATH_VEC_PTR -a pointer to the pathname vector which the user
: 824 2543 1     input as the symbol name. This can be a simple
: 825 2544 1     "name", a compound "rout\rout1...\name",
: 826 2545 1     or a fully-qualified "module...\name".
: 827 2546 1
: 828 2547 1     VALUE_DESC_ADDR -The address of a value descriptor which
: 829 2548 1     we are to 'fill in' with the one which
: 830 2549 1     corresponds to the value we find associated
: 831 2550 1     with the given symbol.
: 832 2551 1
: 833 2552 1 Implicit Inputs:
: 834 2553 1
: 835 2554 1     The value to be passed back is a longword, or at least,
: 836 2555 1     the current definition of VALU_DESCRIPTOR facilitates
: 837 2556 1     passing around the value we find.
: 838 2557 1
: 839 2558 1     The current state of the MODE data structure
: 840 2559 1     is used, along with the built-in relationship between the
: 841 2560 1     setting of these bits and the implied search rules, to
: 842 2561 1     pick out which is the correct match from the RST.
: 843 2562 1
: 844 2563 1
: 845 2564 1 Implicit Outputs:
: 846 2565 1
: 847 2566 1     Whatever is implied by the current definition of VALU_DESCRIPTOR.
: 848 2567 1
: 849 2568 1 Return Value:
: 850 2569 1
: 851 2570 1     TRUE, if the symbol is found successfully and
: 852 2571 1     the returned value is the address bound to the symbol,
: 853 2572 1     3, if the symbol is found successfully and
: 854 2573 1     the returned value is the address of descriptor for an array,
: 855 2574 1     FALSE or 2, otherwise.
: 856 2575 1
: 857 2576 1 Side Effects:
: 858 2577 1
: 859 2578 1     none.
: 860 2579 1 --
: 861 2580 1
: 862 2581 2 BEGIN
: 863 2582 2
: 864 2583 2 MAP
: 865 2584 2     PATH_VEC_PTR : REF PATHNAME_VECTOR,

```



```

866      2585      2      VALUE_DESC_ADDR : REF VALU_DESCRIPTOR;
867      2586      2
868      2587      2      LOCAL
869      2588      2      TEMP_PATH_VEC : PATHNAME_VECTOR,
870      2589      2
871      2590      2
872      2591      2      CHAIN_PTR : REF NT_RECORD,
873      2592      2
874      2593      2
875      2594      2      NT_PTR : REF NT_RECORD;
876      2595      2
877      2596      2
878      2597      2
879      2598      2      LOCAL
880      2599      2      INDEX;
881      2600      2
882      2601      2      !++
883      2602      2      ! See that the path vector has at least one entry, and that the RST has been initialized.
884      2603      2      !--
885      2604      2      IF .path_vec_ptr EQL 0
886      2605      2      THEN
887      2606      2          RETURN FALSE;
888      2607      3      IF (.PATH_VEC_PTR[0] EQL 0) OR (.PAT$GL_MC_PTR EQL 0)
889      2608      2      THEN
890      2609      2          RETURN(FALSE);
891      2610      2
892      2611      2      !++
893      2612      2      ! The symbol is the last entry in the given pathname.
894      2613      2      ! Pick up what index this is into the pathname vector.
895      2614      2      !--
896      2615      2      INDEX = 0;
897      2616      2
898      2617      2      REPEAT
899      2618      3          BEGIN
900      2619      4              IF (.PATH_VEC_PTR[.INDEX+1] EQL 0)
901      2620      3              THEN
902      2621      3                  EXITLOOP;
903      2622      4              IF ((INDEX = .INDEX + 1) GEQ MAX_PATH_SIZE)
904      2623      3              THEN
905      2624      3                  RETURN(FALSE);
906      2625      2          END;
907      2626      2
908      2627      2      !++
909      2628      2      ! Discover all occurrences of the given symbol in the RST data base. If some
910      2629      2      ! error occurs, we must give up. This is because we consider not finding any
911      2630      2      ! symbols an error.
912      2631      2      !--
913      2632      3      IF ((CHAIN_PTR = PAT$LOOKUP_SYM( .PATH_VEC_PTR[.INDEX] )) EQL 0)
914      2633      2      THEN
915      2634      2          RETURN(FALSE);
916      2635      2
917      2636      2      !++
918      2637      2      ! First, before we bother with all the search rules, see if the symbol happens
919      2638      2      ! to be unique. To do this, setup to scan the duplication chain. Grab the
920      2639      2      ! first one, and accept it as long as there is no second one, and as long as
921      2640      2      ! we were given only a symbol name.
922      2641      2      !--

```

! We use a local pathname vector to concatenate various other partial pathname vectors into.  
! A pointer to the hash chain which contains all occurrences of the symbol which ends the pathname pointed to by PATH\_VEC\_PTR.  
! We extract each RST-pointer from the hash chain and use the local NT\_PTR to contain the entry.

! Index of symbol in path vector.

! INDEX points to the symbol name.

! We can find no such symbol.

```

: 923 2642 3 IF (.INDEX EQL 0)
: 924 2643 2 THEN
: 925 2644 3 BEGIN
: 926 2645 3 !++
: 927 2646 3 | We have only a symbol name. Check for uniqueness.
: 928 2647 3 |--
: 929 2648 3 PAT$GET_NXT_DUP( 1, .CHAIN_PTR );
: 930 2649 3
: 931 2650 4 IF ((NT_PTR = PAT$GET_NXT_DUP(0)) EQL 0)
: 932 2651 3 THEN
: 933 2652 3 RETURN(FALSE); ! There is not even one.
: 934 2653 3
: 935 2654 4 IF (PAT$GET_NXT_DUP(0) EQL 0)
: 936 2655 3 THEN
: 937 2656 4 BEGIN
: 938 2657 4 !++
: 939 2658 4 | The symbol is unique. Return a corresponding
: 940 2659 4 | value descriptor and status code.
: 941 2660 4 |--
: 942 2661 4 VALUE DESC ADDR[VALU NT_PTR] = .NT_PTR;
: 943 2662 4 RETURN( PAT$SYMBOL_VALU[ .NT_PTR, VALUE_DESC_ADDR[VALU_VALUE] ] );
: 944 2663 3 END;
: 945 2664 2 END;
: 946 2665 2
: 947 2666 2 !++
: 948 2667 2 | We have all the duplicates, and there are more than 1 of them. Now see
: 949 2668 2 | if one of them matches the given pathname. Note that we have to apply each
: 950 2669 2 | search rule, in order, to ALL of the duplicates before we can go on to the next
: 951 2670 2 | search rule. (As opposed to applying all search rules to each consecutive
: 952 2671 2 | secutive duplicate - which sounds tempting but doesn't work).
: 953 2672 2
: 954 2673 2 | If GLOBAL or DEFINE symbols are acceptable first, we can just try to match
: 955 2674 2 | up the two pathnames directly.
: 956 2675 2 |--
: 957 2676 3 IF (.PAT$GB_MOD_PTR[MODE_GLOBALS])
: 958 2677 2 THEN
: 959 2678 3 BEGIN
: 960 2679 3 !++
: 961 2680 3 | Set up to scan the hash chain, and loop along
: 962 2681 3 | it until we have considered all duplicates.
: 963 2682 3 |--
: 964 2683 3 PAT$GET_NXT_DUP( 1, .CHAIN_PTR);
: 965 2684 4 WHILE( (NT_PTR = PAT$GET_NXT_DUP(0)) NEQ 0 )
: 966 2685 3 DO
: 967 2686 4 BEGIN
: 968 2687 5 IF (PATH_MATCH( .PATH_VEC_PTR, .NT_PTR))
: 969 2688 4 THEN
: 970 2689 5 BEGIN
: 971 2690 5 !++
: 972 2691 5 | Return a value descriptor and status code.
: 973 2692 5 |--
: 974 2693 5 VALUE DESC ADDR[VALU NT_PTR] = .NT_PTR;
: 975 2694 5 RETURN( PAT$SYMBOL_VALU[ .NT_PTR, VALUE_DESC_ADDR[VALU_VALUE] ] );
: 976 2695 4 END;
: 977 2696 4
: 978 2697 3 END; ! Loop back and try the next duplicate.
: 979 2698 2 END; ! It is not a GLOBAL.

```

```

980 2699 2 !++
981 2700 2 ! Next, unless asked not to, we try qualifying the given pathname with the one
982 2701 2 ! that corresponds to the user-set current scope position (CSP) vector.
983 2702 2 ! Note that we can't make this check if the CSP is null because this is
984 2703 2 ! equivalent to allowing a GLOBAL to satisfy the match which we can't allow
985 2704 2 ! at this point.
986 2705 2 --
987 2706 3 IF (.PAT$GB_MOD_PTR[MODE_SCOPE] AND .PAT$GL_CSP_PTR NEQ 0)
988 2707 2 THEN
989 2708 3 BEGIN
990 2709 3 !++
991 2710 3 ! Set up to scan the hash chain, and loop along
992 2711 3 ! it until we have considered all duplicates.
993 2712 3 --
994 2713 3 PAT$GET_NXT_DUP( 1, .CHAIN_PTR);
995 2714 4 WHILE( (.NT_PTR = PAT$GET_NXT_DUP(0)) NEQ 0 )
996 2715 3 DO
997 2716 4 BEGIN
998 2717 4 !++
999 2718 4 ! First, build the new pathname by perpending the CSP.
1000 2719 4 --
1001 2720 4 CONCAT PATHS( TEMP_PATH_VEC, .PAT$GL_CSP_PTR, .PATH_VEC_PTR );
1002 2721 5 IF (PATH_MATCH( TEMP_PATH_VEC, .NT_PTR))
1003 2722 4 THEN
1004 2723 5 BEGIN
1005 2724 5 !++
1006 2725 5 ! Return a value descriptor and status code.
1007 2726 5 --
1008 2727 5 VALUE_DESC_ADDR[VALU_NT_PTR] = .NT_PTR;
1009 2728 5 RETURN( PAT$SYMBOL_VALUT (.NT_PTR, VALUE_DESC_ADDR[VALU_VALUE] ) );
1010 2729 4 END;
1011 2730 4
1012 2731 3 END;
1013 2732 2 END;
1014 2733 2
1015 2734 2 !++
1016 2735 2 ! Next, if we haven't already considered globals, now's the time.
1017 2736 2 --
1018 2737 3 IF (NOT .PAT$GB_MOD_PTR[MODE_GLOBALS])
1019 2738 2 THEN
1020 2739 3 BEGIN
1021 2740 3 !++
1022 2741 3 ! Set up to scan the hash chain, and loop along it until we have
1023 2742 3 ! considered all duplicates.
1024 2743 3 --
1025 2744 3 PAT$GET_NXT_DUP( 1, .CHAIN_PTR);
1026 2745 4 WHILE( (.NT_PTR = PAT$GET_NXT_DUP(0)) NEQ 0 )
1027 2746 3 DO
1028 2747 4 BEGIN
1029 2748 5 IF (PATH_MATCH( .PATH_VEC_PTR, .NT_PTR))
1030 2749 4 THEN
1031 2750 5 BEGIN
1032 2751 5 !++
1033 2752 5 ! Return a value descriptor and status code.
1034 2753 5 --
1035 2754 5 VALUE_DESC_ADDR[VALU_NT_PTR] = .NT_PTR;
1036 2755 5 RETURN( PAT$SYMBOL_VALUT (.NT_PTR, VALUE_DESC_ADDR[VALU_VALUE] ) );

```

! Go back and try the next duplicate.  
! You can't find it via CSP.

: 1037  
: 1038  
: 1039  
: 1040  
: 1041  
: 1042  
: 1043  
: 1044  
: 1045

2756 4  
2757 3  
2758 2  
2759 2  
2760 2  
2761 2  
2762 2  
2763 2  
2764 1

END;  
END;  
END;  
!++  
! We applied all the search rules to all the duplicates and none was the one  
! we were looking for.  
!--  
RETURN(FALSE);  
END;

! Go back and try the next duplicate.  
! It is not a GLOBAL.

		01FC 00000	.ENTRY	PAT\$SYM_TO_VALU, Save R2,R3,R4,R5,R6,R7,R8	: 2528
58	00000000G	EF 9E 00002	MOVAB	PAT\$GL_CSP_PTR, R8	:
57	00000000V	EF 9E 00009	MOVAB	PATH_MATCH, R7	:
56	00000000G	EF 9E 00010	MOVAB	PAT\$GB_MOD_PTR, R6	:
55	00000000V	EF 9E 00017	MOVAB	PAT\$GET_NXT_DUP, R5	:
5E		2C C2 0001E	SUBL2	#44, SP	:
53	04	AC D0 00021	MOVL	PATH_VEC_PTR, R3	: 2604
		1B 13 00025	BEQL	2\$	:
		63 D5 00027	TSTL	(R3)	: 2607
		17 13 00029	BEQL	2\$	:
	00000000G	EF D5 0002B	TSTL	PAT\$GL_MC_PTR	:
		0F 13 00031	BEQL	2\$	:
		52 D4 00033	CLRL	INDEX	: 2615
	04 A342	D5 00035	TSTL	4(R3)[INDEX]	: 2619
		0A 13 00039	BEQL	3\$	:
		52 D6 0003B	INCL	INDEX	: 2622
0A		52 D1 0003D	CMPL	INDEX, #10	:
		F3 19 00040	BLSS	1\$	:
		00BB 31 00042	BRW	11\$	: 2624
		6342 DD 00045	PUSHL	(R3)[INDEX]	: 2632
FDCB	CF	01 FB 00048	CALLS	#1, PAT\$LOOKUP_SYM	:
	54	50 D0 0004D	MOVL	R0, CHAIN_PTR	:
		F0 13 00050	BEQL	2\$	:
		52 D5 00052	TSTL	INDEX	: 2642
		1A 12 00054	BNEQ	4\$	:
		54 DD 00056	PUSHL	CHAIN_PTR	: 2648
		01 DD 00058	PUSHL	#1	:
65		02 FB 0005A	CALLS	#2, PAT\$GET_NXT_DUP	:
		7E D4 0005D	CLRL	-(SP)	: 2650
65		01 FB 0005F	CALLS	#1, PAT\$GET_NXT_DUP	:
52		50 D0 00062	MOVL	R0, NT_PTR	:
		DB 13 00065	BEQL	2\$	:
		7E D4 00067	CLRL	-(SP)	: 2654
65		01 FB 00069	CALLS	#1, PAT\$GET_NXT_DUP	:
		50 D5 0006C	TSTL	R0	:
		7D 13 0006E	BEQL	10\$	:
50		66 D0 00070	MOVL	PAT\$GB_MOD_PTR, R0	: 2676
1D	06	A0 E9 00073	BLBC	6(R0), 6\$	:
		54 DD 00077	PUSHL	CHAIN_PTR	: 2683
		01 DD 00079	PUSHL	#1	:
65		02 FB 0007B	CALLS	#2, PAT\$GET_NXT_DUP	:
		7E D4 0007E	CLRL	-(SP)	: 2684
65		01 FB 00080	CALLS	#1, PAT\$GET_NXT_DUP	:

52		50	D0	00083	MOVL	R0, NT_PTR	:		
		0C	13	00086	BEQL	6\$	:		
		52	DD	00088	PUSHL	NT_PTR	:	2687	
		53	DD	0008A	PUSHL	R3	:		
67		02	FB	0008C	CALLS	#2, PATH_MATCH	:		
EC		50	E9	0008F	BLBC	R0, 5\$	:		
		59	11	00092	BRB	10\$	:	2693	
50		66	D0	00094	6\$: MOVL	PAT\$GB_MOD_PTR, R0	:	2706	
30	05	A0	E9	00097	BLBC	5(R0), 8\$	:		
		68	D5	0009B	TSTL	PAT\$GL_CSP_PTR	:		
		2C	13	0009D	BEQL	8\$	:		
		54	DD	0009F	PUSHL	CHAIN_PTR	:	2713	
		01	DD	000A1	PUSHL	#1	:		
65		02	FB	000A3	CALLS	#2, PAT\$GET_NXT_DUP	:		
		7E	D4	000A6	7\$: CLRL	-(SP)	:	2714	
65		01	FB	000A8	CALLS	#1, PAT\$GET_NXT_DUP	:		
52		50	D0	000AB	MOVL	R0, NT_PTR	:		
		1B	13	000AE	BEQL	8\$	:		
		53	DD	000B0	PUSHL	R3	:	2720	
		68	DD	000B2	PUSHL	PAT\$GL_CSP_PTR	:		
		AE	9F	000B4	PUSHAB	TEMP_PATH_VEC	:		
00000000V	EF	03	FB	000B7	CALLS	#3, CONCAT_PATHS	:		
		52	DD	000BE	PUSHL	NT_PTR	:	2721	
		AE	9F	000C0	PUSHAB	TEMP_PATH_VEC	:		
67		02	FB	000C3	CALLS	#2, PATH_MATCH	:		
DD		50	E9	000C6	BLBC	R0, 7\$	:		
		22	11	000C9	BRB	10\$	:	2727	
50		66	D0	000CB	8\$: MOVL	PAT\$GB_MOD_PTR, R0	:	2737	
2E		A0	E8	000CE	BLBS	6(R0), 11\$	:		
		54	DD	000D2	PUSHL	CHAIN_PTR	:	2744	
		01	DD	000D4	PUSHL	#1	:		
65		02	FB	000D6	CALLS	#2, PAT\$GET_NXT_DUP	:		
		7E	D4	000D9	9\$: CLRL	-(SP)	:	2745	
65		01	FB	000DB	CALLS	#1, PAT\$GET_NXT_DUP	:		
52		50	D0	000DE	MOVL	R0, NT_PTR	:		
		1D	13	000E1	BEQL	11\$	:		
		52	DD	000E3	PUSHL	NT_PTR	:	2748	
		53	DD	000E5	PUSHL	R3	:		
		02	FB	000E7	CALLS	#2, PATH_MATCH	:		
67		50	E9	000EA	BLBC	R0, 9\$	:		
EC	08	BC	B0	000ED	10\$: MOVW	NT_PTR, @VALUE_DESC_ADDR	:	2754	
7E	08	AC	02	C1	000F1	ADDL3	#2, VALUE_DESC_ADDR, -(SP)	2755	
			52	DD	000F6	PUSHL	NT_PTR	:	
00000000V	EF		02	FB	000F8	CALLS	#2, PAT\$SYMBOL_VALU	:	
			04	000FF	RET		:		
		50	D4	00100	11\$: CLRL	R0	:	2764	
			04	00102	RET		:		

; Routine Size: 259 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 0221

```

: 1047 2765 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE PAT$GET_NXT_DUP( INIT_FLAG, NEW_CHAIN ) =
: 1048 2766 1
: 1049 2767 1 :++
: 1050 2768 1 : Functional Description:
: 1051 2769 1
: 1052 2770 1 :     Facilitate going along hash chains (or whatever
: 1053 2771 1 :     it is that symbol duplicates are stored in) when we only
: 1054 2772 1 :     want to look at symbols which match a given symbol.
: 1055 2773 1
: 1056 2774 1 : Formal Parameters:
: 1057 2775 1
: 1058 2776 1 :     INIT_FLAG      0 => we are in the middle of a chain so
: 1059 2777 1 :     pass back the next NT and ignore NEW_CHAIN.
: 1060 2778 1 :     (so that we don't have to always pass 2 parameters)
: 1061 2779 1 :     1 => this is a real init. NEW_CHAIN marks the
: 1062 2780 1 :     beginning of the new chain we want to look at.
: 1063 2781 1 :     -The returned value is undefined for INIT_FLAG==1
: 1064 2782 1 :     type calls. NEW_CHAIN is not defined, otherwise.
: 1065 2783 1 :     NEW_CHAIN      -a pointer to a chain of forward-linked
: 1066 2784 1 :     NT records which all hash to the same value.
: 1067 2785 1 :     When an init is done, (INIT_FLAG == 1), the
: 1068 2786 1 :     first element on the new chain
: 1069 2787 1 :     is assumed to be the one that we henceforth
: 1070 2788 1 :     want to 'key' off.
: 1071 2789 1
: 1072 2790 1 : Implicit Inputs:
: 1073 2791 1
: 1074 2792 1 :     -The way that one 'chains' along hash chains.
: 1075 2793 1
: 1076 2794 1 :     -The first element in the chain when INIT==1 is the
: 1077 2795 1 :     'key' element for that chain. The symbol name therein
: 1078 2796 1 :     defines what subsequent elements on the chain
: 1079 2797 1 :     may be returned by PAT$GET_NXT_DUP(0) calls.
: 1080 2798 1
: 1081 2799 1 : Implicit Outputs:
: 1082 2800 1 :     none.
: 1083 2801 1
: 1084 2802 1 : Return Value:
: 1085 2803 1
: 1086 2804 1 :     0 - when there are no more NTs on the chain,
: 1087 2805 1 :     an NT_PTR to the next one, otherwise.
: 1088 2806 1
: 1089 2807 1 : Side effects:
: 1090 2808 1
: 1091 2809 1 :     OWN storage for IN_CHAIN and BEGIN_CHAIN get altered.
: 1092 2810 1 :--
: 1093 2811 1
: 1094 2812 2 BEGIN
: 1095 2813 2
: 1096 2814 2 OWN
: 1097 2815 2     IN_CHAIN : REF NT_RECORD,
: 1098 2816 2
: 1099 2817 2     BEGIN_CHAIN : REF NT_RECORD;
: 1100 2818 2
: 1101 2819 2
: 1102 2820 2
: 1103 2821 2

```

! Keep a static pointer to where we are in  
! the current hash chain.  
! If we are somewhere valid in the current  
! chain, then we also need a static pointer  
! what was the first element on this chain a  
! this is the one we get the chain symbol na

```

1104 2822 2  !++
1105 2823 2  ! See if this call marks the beginning of a new hash chain.
1106 2824 2  --
1107 2825 2  IF (.INIT_FLAG)
1108 2826 2  THEN
1109 2827 2  BEGIN
1110 2828 2  !++
1111 2829 2  ! Set up to be looking at a new chain.
1112 2830 2  --
1113 2831 2  BEGIN CHAIN = .NEW_CHAIN;
1114 2832 2  IN_CHAIN = .NEW_CHAIN;
1115 2833 2  --
1116 2834 2  !++
1117 2835 2  ! We don't define any return value for this type of call.
1118 2836 2  --
1119 2837 2  RETURN;
1120 2838 2  END;
1121 2839 2  --
1122 2840 2  !++
1123 2841 2  ! Skip along the chain until the next NT record of interest is found. We may
1124 2842 2  ! already be at the end because of previous calls.
1125 2843 2  --
1126 2844 2  IF (.IN_CHAIN EQL 0)
1127 2845 2  THEN
1128 2846 2  RETURN(0);
1129 2847 2  --
1130 2848 2  !++
1131 2849 2  ! Otherwise scan the chain.
1132 2850 2  --
1133 2851 2  DO
1134 2852 2  BEGIN
1135 2853 2  !++
1136 2854 2  ! Simply check that the symbol names match.
1137 2855 2  --
1138 2856 4  IF (CH$EQL( .IN_CHAIN[NT_NAME_CS], IN_CHAIN[NT_NAME_ADDR],
1139 2857 4  .BEGIN_CHAIN[NT_NAME_CS], BEGIN_CHAIN[NT_NAME_ADDR])
1140 2858 4  )
1141 2859 3  THEN
1142 2860 4  BEGIN
1143 2861 4  LOCAL
1144 2862 4  MATCH_NT : REF NT_RECORD;
1145 2863 4  --
1146 2864 4  MATCH_NT = .IN_CHAIN;
1147 2865 4  IN_CHAIN = .IN_CHAIN[NT_FORWARD];
1148 2866 4  RETURN(MATCH_NT);
1149 2867 3  END;
1150 2868 2  END
1151 2869 2  --
1152 2870 2  WHILE( (IN_CHAIN = .IN_CHAIN[NT_FORWARD]) NEQ 0 );
1153 2871 2  !++
1154 2872 2  ! There are no more in the chain to consider.
1155 2873 2  --
1156 2874 2  RETURN(0);
1157 2875 1  END;

```

INFO#212

L1:2832

; Null expression appears in value-required context

```

.PSECT _PAT$OWN,NOEXE,2
00000 IN_CHAIN:
00004 BEGIN_CHAIN:

```

```

.PSECT _PAT$CODE,NOVRT,2

```

			007C 00000	.ENTRY	PAT\$GET NXT DUP, Save R2,R3,R4,R5,R6	: 2765
	56	00000000'	EF 9E 00002	MOVAB	IN_CHAIN, R6	
	08	04	AC E9 00009	BLBC	INIT_FLAG, 1\$	: 2825
04	A6	08	AC D0 0000D	MOVL	NEW_CHAIN, BEGIN_CHAIN	: 2831
	66	08	AC D0 00012	MOVL	NEW_CHAIN, IN_CHAIN	: 2832
			36 11 00016	BRB	4\$	: 2827
			66 D5 00018 1\$:	TSTL	IN_CHAIN	: 2844
			32 13 0001A	BEQL	4\$	
	55	00000000G	EF D0 0001C 2\$:	MOVL	PAT\$GL_RST BEGN, R5	: 2856
54	66		55 C1 00023	ADDL3	R5, IN_CHAIN, R4	
	52	0C	A4 9A 00027	MOVZBL	12(R4), R2	
50	55	04	A6 C1 0002B	ADDL3	BEGIN_CHAIN, R5, R0	: 2857
	51	0C	A0 9A 00030	MOVZBL	12(R0), R1	
51	00	0D	A4 52 2D 00034	CMPC5	R2, 13(R4), #0, R1, 13(R0)	
			0D A0 0003A			
			07 12 0003C	BNEQ	3\$	
	50		66 D0 0003E	MOVL	IN_CHAIN, MATCH_NT	: 2864
	66		64 3C 00041	MOVZWL	(R4), IN_CHAIN	: 2865
			04 00044	RET		: 2866
50	66		55 C1 00045 3\$:	ADDL3	R5, IN_CHAIN, R0	: 2870
	66		60 3C 00049	MOVZWL	(R0), IN_CHAIN	
			CE 12 0004C	BNEQ	2\$	
			50 D4 0004E 4\$:	CLRL	R0	: 2875
			04 00050	RET		

; Routine Size: 81 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 0324



```

1159 2876 1 ROUTINE CONCAT_PATHS( DESTINATION, PV_1, PV_2 ) : NOVALUE =
1160 2877 1
1161 2878 1 +-
1162 2879 1 Functional Description:
1163 2880 1
1164 2881 1 Concatenate two PATHNAME_VECTORS together and place
1165 2882 1 the resultant vector in the indicated location.
1166 2883 1 If the PV_1 vector is the same as the DESTINATION
1167 2884 1 vector, then this routine is equivalent to routine
1168 2885 1 which just 'tacks' one vector onto the end of another.
1169 2886 1
1170 2887 1 Formal Parameters:
1171 2888 1
1172 2889 1 DESTINATION -a pointer to where the concatenation
1173 2890 1 of the PV_1 and PV_2 vectors should be
1174 2891 1 be stored.
1175 2892 1 PV_1 -a pointer to the first source vector. If PV_1[0]
1176 2893 1 is 0, the PV_1 vector is considered empty.
1177 2894 1 PV_2 -a pointer to the second source vector. If PV_2[0]
1178 2895 1 is 0, the PV_2 vector is considered empty.
1179 2896 1
1180 2897 1 Implicit Inputs:
1181 2898 1
1182 2899 1 None, other than the assumptions made about PATHNAME_VECTORS,
1183 2900 1 namely their characteristics, given via the 'canned' declaration,
1184 2901 1 and the fact that they must end with a 0 entry.
1185 2902 1
1186 2903 1 Implicit Outputs:
1187 2904 1
1188 2905 1 None.
1189 2906 1
1190 2907 1 Routine Value:
1191 2908 1
1192 2909 1 NOVALUE
1193 2910 1
1194 2911 1 Side Effects:
1195 2912 1
1196 2913 1 The two vectors are concatenated.
1197 2914 1 --
1198 2915 1
1199 2916 2 BEGIN
1200 2917 2
1201 2918 2 MAP
1202 2919 2 DESTINATION : REF PATHNAME_VECTOR, ! All three input parameters are pointers to
1203 2920 2 ! pathname vectors.
1204 2921 2 PV_1 : REF PATHNAME_VECTOR,
1205 2922 2 PV_2 : REF PATHNAME_VECTOR;
1206 2923 2
1207 2924 2 LOCAL
1208 2925 2 I_2, ! Index used for PV_2 vector.
1209 2926 2 INDEX; ! Used to index thru the destination vector.
1210 2927 2
1211 2928 2 +-
1212 2929 2 Initialize an index into the destination and source pathname vectors.
1213 2930 2 --
1214 2931 2 INDEX = 0;
1215 2932 2 I_2 = 0;

```

```

: 1216      2933      2
: 1217      2934      2
: 1218      2935      2
: 1219      2936      2
: 1220      2937      2
: 1221      2938      2
: 1222      2939      2
: 1223      2940      2
: 1224      2941      2
: 1225      2942      2
: 1226      2943      2
: 1227      2944      2
: 1228      2945      2
: 1229      2946      2
: 1230      2947      2
: 1231      2948      2
: 1232      2949      2
: 1233      2950      2
: 1234      2951      2
: 1235      2952      2
: 1236      2953      2
: 1237      2954      2
: 1238      2955      2
: 1239      2956      2
: 1240      2957      2
: 1241      2958      2
: 1242      2959      2
: 1243      2960      2
: 1244      2961      2
: 1245      2962      2
: 1246      2963      2
: 1247      2964      2
: 1248      2965      2
: 1249      2966      2
: 1250      2967      2
: 1251      2968      2
: 1252      2969      2
: 1253      2970      2
: 1254      2971      2
: 1255      2972      2
: 1256      2973      2
: 1257      2974      2
: 1258      2975      2
: 1259      2976      2
: 1260      2977      2
: 1261      2978      2
: 1262      2979      2
: 1263      2980      2
: 1264      2981      2
: 1265      2982      2
: 1266      2983      1

    !++
    ! If we were actually given the first vector, copy each element from it into
    ! the destination vector.  We do not consider a 0-pointer vector to be an error;
    ! it just means that that vector doesn't contribute anything to the result.
    !--
    IF (PV_1[0] NEQ 0)
    THEN
        !++
        ! Copy each element, making sure not to overflow.
        !--
        WHILE( .INDEX LSS MAX_PATH_SIZE )
            DO
                IF ((DESTINATION[.INDEX] = .PV_1[.INDEX]) EQL 0)
                THEN
                    !++
                    ! The first 0 element => the end.
                    !--
                    EXITLOOP
                ELSE
                    INDEX = .INDEX + 1;
            !++
            ! Then add on the second vector, again making sure that we were actually given
            ! something.  Note that we don't have to check overflow of the PV_2 vector
            ! because no matter how long it is, we will overflow the destination vector
            ! before we overflow it.
            !--
            IF (PV_2[0] NEQ 0)
            THEN
                WHILE( .INDEX LSS MAX_PATH_SIZE )
                DO
                    IF ((DESTINATION[.INDEX] = .PV_2[.I_2]) EQL 0)
                    THEN
                        !++
                        ! This is the only correct way to return from this routine.
                        !--
                        RETURN
                    ELSE
                        BEGIN
                            I_2 = .I_2 + 1;
                            INDEX = .INDEX + 1;
                        END;
                !++
                ! If we don't return in the above loop, then it is because we were about
                ! to overflow the destination vector.  We take care of this by effectively wiping
                ! out the vector we have built.
                !--
                DESTINATION[0] = 0;
                RETURN;
            !
            END;
```

0000 0000 CONCAT\_PATHS:

		50	7C	00002	.WORD	Save nothing		2876	
		AC	D5	00004	CLRQ	INDEX		2931	
		12	13	00007	TSTL	PV_1		2939	
		50	D1	00009	BEQL	2\$-			
0A		0D	18	0000C	1\$:	CMPL	INDEX, #10	2944	
04	BC40	08	BC40	D0	0000E	BGEQ	2\$		
		04	13	00015	MOVL	@PV_1[INDEX], @DESTINATION[INDEX]		2946	
		50	D6	00017	BEQL	2\$			
		EE	11	00019	INCL	INDEX		2953	
		AC	D5	0001B	1\$:	BRB	1\$	2946	
		14	13	0001E	2\$:	TSTL	PV_2	2960	
0A		50	D1	00020	3\$:	BEQL	4\$-		
		0F	18	00023	CMPL	INDEX, #10		2962	
04	BC40	0C	BC41	D0	00025	BGEQ	4\$		
		09	13	0002C	MOVL	@PV_2[I_2], @DESTINATION[INDEX]		2964	
		51	D6	0002E	BEQL	5\$			
		50	D6	00030	INCL	I_2		2972	
		EC	11	00032	INCL	INDEX		2973	
		04	BC	D4	00034	3\$:	BRB	3\$	2964
		04	00037	5\$:	CLRL	@DESTINATION		2981	
					RET			2983	

; Routine Size: 56 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 0375

```

: 1268      2984 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE PAT$NT_HASH_FCN( NAME_CS ) =
: 1269      2985 1
: 1270      2986 1 !++
: 1271      2987 1 | Functional Description:
: 1272      2988 1 |
: 1273      2989 1 |     Calculate what we call the 'hash' code associated
: 1274      2990 1 |     with a given symbol name (counted string).
: 1275      2991 1 |     This function localizes the dispersal that we
: 1276      2992 1 |     use to distribute symbol NT-records into so-called
: 1277      2993 1 |     NT-chains. Currently this works by simply adding
: 1278      2994 1 |     up the characters which make up the symbol name,
: 1279      2995 1 |     adding in the count as well, and then truncating
: 1280      2996 1 |     the resultant value to one byte so that we can
: 1281      2997 1 |     then use this byte to index into the NT Hash Vector
: 1282      2998 1 |     that then gives us the pointer to the NT chain for
: 1283      2999 1 |     all symbols that 'hash' to this same byte index.
: 1284      3000 1 |
: 1285      3001 1 | Formal Parameters:
: 1286      3002 1 |
: 1287      3003 1 |     NAME_CS -the address of a counted string that
: 1288      3004 1 |     is the symbol name we are to 'hash'.
: 1289      3005 1 |
: 1290      3006 1 | Implicit Inputs:
: 1291      3007 1 |
: 1292      3008 1 |     The hash index is supposed to be 1 byte long.
: 1293      3009 1 |     (See the literal, NT_HASH_SIZE).
: 1294      3010 1 |
: 1295      3011 1 | Implicit Outputs:
: 1296      3012 1 |
: 1297      3013 1 |     None.
: 1298      3014 1 |
: 1299      3015 1 | Routine Value:
: 1300      3016 1 |
: 1301      3017 1 |     The 1-byte hash index, guaranteed not to exceed
: 1302      3018 1 |     the range you can reach with an unsigned byte.
: 1303      3019 1 |
: 1304      3020 1 | Side Effects:
: 1305      3021 1 |
: 1306      3022 1 |     None.
: 1307      3023 1 | --
: 1308      3024 1 |
: 1309      3025 2 BEGIN
: 1310      3026 2
: 1311      3027 2 MAP
: 1312      3028 2     NAME_CS : CS_POINTER;
: 1313      3029 2
: 1314      3030 2 LOCAL
: 1315      3031 2     TALLY;
: 1316      3032 2
: 1317      3033 2 !++
: 1318      3034 2 | We simply add up the characters in the supposed name, including the count.
: 1319      3035 2 | --
: 1320      3036 2 DECR I FROM (TALLY = .NAME_CS[0]) TO 1
: 1321      3037 2     DO
: 1322      3038 2     TALLY = .TALLY + .NAME_CS[.I];
: 1323      3039 2     !++
: 1324      3040 2 ! The hash value is later used as a byte index into the NT hash table.

```

: 1325  
: 1326  
: 1327  
3041 2 :--  
3042 2 RETURN( .TALLY<0,8,0> );  
3043 1 END;

51	04	BC	9A	00002	.ENTRY	PAT\$NT HASH FCN, Save R2	:	2984
50	01	A1	9E	00006	MOVZBL	@NAME_CS, TALLY	:	3036
		08	11	0000A	MOVAB	1(R1), I	:	
52	04	BC40	9A	0000C	BRB	2\$	:	
51		52	C0	00011	MOVZBL	@NAME_CS[I], R2	:	3038
F5		50	F5	00014	ADDL2	R2, TALLY	:	
50		51	9A	00017	SOBGR	I, 1\$	:	
		04	0001A		MOVZBL	TALLY, R0	:	3042
					RET		:	3043

: Routine Size: 27 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 03AD

```

: 1329 3044 1 ROUTINE PATH_MATCH( PATH_VEC_PTR, NT_PTR ) =
: 1330 3045 1
: 1331 3046 1 !++
: 1332 3047 1 Functional Description:
: 1333 3048 1
: 1334 3049 1 See if the NT record we are passed a pointer to
: 1335 3050 1 has the same implicit path name as the one
: 1336 3051 1 specified in the PATHNAME_VECTOR we are also
: 1337 3052 1 passed a pointer to.
: 1338 3053 1
: 1339 3054 1 Formal Parameters:
: 1340 3055 1
: 1341 3056 1 PATH_VEC_PTR -A pointer to the pathname vector which holds
: 1342 3057 1 the path name of the symbol we are to match
: 1343 3058 1 with the one implied by the NT scope chain.
: 1344 3059 1 NT_PTR -A pointer to the NT record which begins a so-called
: 1345 3060 1 scope chain.
: 1346 3061 1
: 1347 3062 1 Implicit Inputs:
: 1348 3063 1
: 1349 3064 1 -Pathname vectors end with a 0 element; NT scope chains
: 1350 3065 1 end when PAT$ADD_NT_T_PV says they do.
: 1351 3066 1 -If the 'top' NT entry in an NT chain IS_GLOBAL,
: 1352 3067 1 then we assume that a pathname consisting only
: 1353 3068 1 of that global name is sufficient to 'match' the
: 1354 3069 1 implicit NT pathname. This means that PATH_MATCH
: 1355 3070 1 had better not be called with the user-given pathname
: 1356 3071 1 (ie nothing has been prepended to it) unless
: 1357 3072 1 a global answer is acceptable.
: 1358 3073 1
: 1359 3074 1 Implicit Outputs:
: 1360 3075 1
: 1361 3076 1 None.
: 1362 3077 1
: 1363 3078 1 Return Value:
: 1364 3079 1
: 1365 3080 1 TRUE, if the paths match,
: 1366 3081 1 FALSE, otherwise.
: 1367 3082 1
: 1368 3083 1 Side Effects:
: 1369 3084 1
: 1370 3085 1 None.
: 1371 3086 1 --
: 1372 3087 1
: 1373 3088 2 BEGIN
: 1374 3089 2
: 1375 3090 2 MAP
: 1376 3091 2 PATH_VEC_PTR : REF PATHNAME_VECTOR,
: 1377 3092 2 NT_PTR : REF NT_RECORD;
: 1378 3093 2
: 1379 3094 2 LOCAL
: 1380 3095 2 CS_SRC : CS_POINTER,
: 1381 3096 2 CS_DST : CS_POINTER,
: 1382 3097 2 PATH_VEC : PATHNAME_VECTOR;
: 1383 3098 2
: 1384 3099 2 !++
: 1385 3100 2 ! Since we want to compare to pathnames which have a radically different data

```

```

: 1386 3101 2 ! structure representation, the simplest thing to do is to convert one of the
: 1387 3102 2 ! two different things into the same kind of thing as the other is. Then
: 1388 3103 2 ! comparing them is easy. In our case it is easiest to build a real
: 1389 3104 2 ! PATHNAME_VECTOR to correspond to the one implied by the NT scope chain.
: 1390 3105 2 --
: 1391 3106 2 PAT$ADD_NT_T_PV( .NT_PTR, PATH_VEC );
: 1392 3107 2 --
: 1393 3108 2 !++
: 1394 3109 2 ! Now just look thru the two vectors making sure that the CS pointers therein
: 1395 3110 2 ! point to identical strings. Note that we do the comparison up to and
: 1396 3111 2 ! including the symbol name which ends the path, since although we know these
: 1397 3112 2 ! symbols hash to the same value we don't know that they are identical.
: 1398 3113 2 ! Also note that even if we go thru the following loop mathing OK up to and
: 1399 3114 2 ! including the MAX_PATH_SIZE'th time, this is still NOT a valid match since
: 1400 3115 2 ! we must get a 0 entry to end the pathvectors properly. This is why we say
: 1401 3116 2 ! that falling out of this loop implies failure.
: 1402 3117 2 --
: 1403 3118 2 INCR I FROM 0 TO MAX_PATH_SIZE
: 1404 3119 2 DO
: 1405 3120 2 BEGIN
: 1406 3121 3 !++
: 1407 3122 3 ! Extract the CS pointers from the pathname vectors and make sure
: 1408 3123 3 ! that one of them is not 0 unless the other one is. If the two paths
: 1409 3124 3 ! are to match, they must end at the same time, otherwise the paths
: 1410 3125 3 ! do not match because one is longer than the other.
: 1411 3126 3 --
: 1412 3127 3 CS_SRC = .PATH_VEC_PTR[I];
: 1413 3128 3 CS_DST = .PATH_VEC[I];
: 1414 3129 4 IF (.CS_SRC EQL 0) AND (.CS_DST EQL 0)
: 1415 3130 3 THEN
: 1416 3131 3 RETURN(TRUE); ! This is one of two places that a match can
: 1417 3132 3
: 1418 3133 4 IF (.CS_SRC EQL 0) OR (.CS_DST EQL 0)
: 1419 3134 3 THEN
: 1420 3135 3 EXITLOOP; ! The pathnames don't match because
: 1421 3136 3 ! one of them is too short.
: 1422 3137 3
: 1423 3138 3 !++
: 1424 3139 3 ! Now it is safe to actually compare the element strings.
: 1425 3140 3 --
: 1426 3141 4 IF (NOT CH$EQL( .CS_SRC[0], CS_SRC[1], .CS_DST[0], CS_DST[1]))
: 1427 3142 3 THEN
: 1428 3143 3 EXITLOOP; ! Mismatch because two elements are not the
: 1429 3144 2 END; ! Corresponding pathname elements match. Go
: 1430 3145 2 ! and check successive elements.
: 1431 3146 2
: 1432 3147 2 !++
: 1433 3148 2 ! If we fall out of the above loop, then the pathnames did not match.
: 1434 3149 2 ! As well as a straightforward pathvector match, we must also implement a
: 1435 3150 2 ! special match for when the user asks for a global symbol which happens
: 1436 3151 2 ! to be a global from a module we have locals for. The reason for the special
: 1437 3152 2 ! case here is because (only) this type of global has a real pathname -
: 1438 3153 2 ! namely "mod\glob_name". While we support the user giving such names, we must
: 1439 3154 2 ! also allow him to say simply "glob_name" as well. To check this, first see
: 1440 3155 2 ! that the two symbol names are identical. Then make sure that this is all
: 1441 3156 2 ! of the user-given pathname, and that the corresponding NT record _IS_GLOBAL
: 1442 3157 2 ! and is not MODULE.

```





50	00	01	50 A5	0C	A6 9A 00053		MOVZBL 12(R6), R0	:	
				0D	51 2D 00057		CMPC5 R1, 1(CS_SRC), #0, R0, 13(R6)	:	
					A6 12 0005D			:	
				04	14 12 0005F		BNEQ 5\$	:	
					A7 D5 00061		TSTL 4(R7)	:	3167
					0F 12 00064		BNEQ 5\$	:	
		BC	0B	03	A6 E9 00066		BLBC 3(R6), 5\$	:	
			8F	02	A6 91 0006A		CMPB 2(R6), #188	:	3173
					04 13 0006F		BEQL 5\$	:	
			50		01 D0 00071 4\$:		MOVL #1, R0	:	3177
					04 00074		RET	:	
					50 D4 00075 5\$:		CLRL R0	:	3181
					04 00077		RET	:	

; Routine Size: 120 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 03C8

```

: 1468 3182 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE PAT$VAL_TO_SYM( VALUE, NT_PTR_ADDR, LVT_FLAG ) =
: 1469 3183 1
: 1470 3184 1 ++
: 1471 3185 1 Functional Description:
: 1472 3186 1
: 1473 3187 1     Implement the search algorithm which PATCH uses to
: 1474 3188 1     correspond values with symbols.
: 1475 3189 1
: 1476 3190 1 Formal Parameters:
: 1477 3191 1
: 1478 3192 1     VALUE           -The key we use in the lookup.
: 1479 3193 1     NT_PTR_ADDR    -A pointer to where we should copy back
: 1480 3194 1                   the NT_POINTER to the record we find
: 1481 3195 1                   to correspond to the value. The
: 1482 3196 1                   contents of this location are not changed
: 1483 3197 1                   if no such correspondence is discovered.
: 1484 3198 1     LVT_FLAG       -Whether or not we should even try for a
: 1485 3199 1                   match in the literal value table (LVT).
: 1486 3200 1                   (We always lookup in the SAT first).
: 1487 3201 1 Warning:
: 1488 3202 1
: 1489 3203 1     We return an NT pointer via NT_PTR_ADDR.
: 1490 3204 1     As long as this returned value is NOT a longword,
: 1491 3205 1     due to BLISS's inability to use the REF NT_RECORD
: 1492 3206 1     ONLY as an NT pointer, (i.e. BLISS assumes that
: 1493 3207 1     REFs are longwords), a caller of this routine should
: 1494 3208 1     initialize the NT_PTR to 0 before expecting this
: 1495 3209 1     routine to pass back the value. This routine
: 1496 3210 1     can not pass back a longword because we won't know that
: 1497 3211 1     the address we were passed is not a real NT_PTR
: 1498 3212 1     field - ie, the 2-bytes that it should be...
: 1499 3213 1
: 1500 3214 1 Implicit Inputs:
: 1501 3215 1
: 1502 3216 1     None.
: 1503 3217 1
: 1504 3218 1 Implicit Outputs:
: 1505 3219 1
: 1506 3220 1     The RESULT parameter via NT_PTR_ADDR.
: 1507 3221 1     (see above.)
: 1508 3222 1
: 1509 3223 1 Routine Value:
: 1510 3224 1
: 1511 3225 1     TRUE, if a match is found,
: 1512 3226 1     FALSE, otherwise.
: 1513 3227 1
: 1514 3228 1 Side Effects:
: 1515 3229 1
: 1516 3230 1
: 1517 3231 1     The SAT (and LVT) table(s) is/are searched.
: 1518 3232 1 --
: 1519 3233 1
: 1520 3234 2 BEGIN
: 1521 3235 2
: 1522 3236 2 MAP
: 1523 3237 2     NT_PTR_ADDR : REF RST_POINTER;
: 1524 3238 2

```

! The NT pointer we return is an RSI-pointer

```

: 1525      3239 2 LOCAL
: 1526      3240 2     SAT_PTR : REF SAT_RECORD;
: 1527      3241 2
: 1528      3242 2     IF (VAL_TO_SAT(.VALUE, SAT_PTR))
: 1529      3243 2     THEN
: 1530      3244 2         BEGIN
: 1531      3245 2             ++
: 1532      3246 2             | Make up for the fact that we are supposed to return an NT pointer,
: 1533      3247 2             | not the SAT pointer that VAL_TO_SAT gave us.
: 1534      3248 2             |--
: 1535      3249 2             NT_PTR_ADDR[0] = .SAT_PTR[SAT_NT_PTR];
: 1536      3250 2             RETURN(TRUE);
: 1537      3251 2         END;
: 1538      3252 2
: 1539      3253 4     RETURN( IF (.LVT_FLAG)
: 1540      3254 3         THEN
: 1541      3255 3             LOOKUP_LVT( .VALUE, .NT_PTR_ADDR )
: 1542      3256 3         ELSE
: 1543      3257 2             FALSE);
: 1544      3258 1     END;

```

			0000	00000	.ENTRY	PAT\$VAL_TO_SYM, Save nothing	: 3182
	SE		04	C2 00002	SUBL2	#4, SP	
			5E	DD 00005	PUSHL	SP	: 3242
		04	AC	DD 00007	PUSHL	VALUE	
00000000V	EF		02	FB 0000A	CALLS	#2, VAL_TO_SAT	
	09		50	E9 00011	BLBC	R0, 1\$	
08	BC	00	BE	B0 00014	MOVW	@SAT_PTR, @NT_PTR_ADDR	: 3249
	50		01	D0 00019	MOVL	#1, R0	: 3250
				04 0001C	RET		
	0C	0C	AC	E9 0001D 1\$:	BLBC	LVT_FLAG, 2\$	: 3253
	7E	04	AC	7D 00021	MOVQ	VALUE, -(SP)	: 3255
00000000V	EF		02	FB 00025	CALLS	#2, LOOKUP_LVT	
				04 0002C	RET		
			50	D4 0002D 2\$:	CLRL	R0	: 3253
				04 0002F	RET		: 3258

; Routine Size: 48 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 0440

```

: 1546 3259 1 ROUTINE VAL_TO_SAT( VALUE, SAT_PTR_ADDR ) =
: 1547 3260 1
: 1548 3261 1 !++
: 1549 3262 1 Functional Description:
: 1550 3263 1
: 1551 3264 1 Search the Static Address Table (SAT) for the best
: 1552 3265 1 match to the given value.
: 1553 3266 1
: 1554 3267 1 Formal Parameters:
: 1555 3268 1
: 1556 3269 1 VALUE -The key we use in the lookup.
: 1557 3270 1 SAT_PTR_ADDR -A pointer to where we should copy back
: 1558 3271 1 the SAT_POINTER to the record we find
: 1559 3272 1 to correspond to the value. The
: 1560 3273 1 contents of this location are not changed
: 1561 3274 1 if no such correspondence is discovered.
: 1562 3275 1
: 1563 3276 1 Implicit Inputs:
: 1564 3277 1
: 1565 3278 1 The way we define a 'match' in the SAT is
: 1566 3279 1 determined solely in this routine.
: 1567 3280 1
: 1568 3281 1 Implicit Outputs:
: 1569 3282 1
: 1570 3283 1 The RESULT parameter, via SAT_PTR_ADDR, also
: 1571 3284 1 indicates the corresponding NT record
: 1572 3285 1 (via SAT_NT_PTR).
: 1573 3286 1
: 1574 3287 1 Routine Value:
: 1575 3288 1
: 1576 3289 1 TRUE, if a match is found,
: 1577 3290 1 FALSE, otherwise.
: 1578 3291 1
: 1579 3292 1 Side Effects:
: 1580 3293 1
: 1581 3294 1 The SAT is searched.
: 1582 3295 1
: 1583 3296 1
: 1584 3297 2 BEGIN
: 1585 3298 2
: 1586 3299 2 MAP
: 1587 3300 2 SAT_PTR_ADDR : REF VECTOR; ! The SAT pointer we stuff back is a longwor
: 1588 3301 2
: 1589 3302 2 LABEL
: 1590 3303 2 SEARCH_SAT;
: 1591 3304 2
: 1592 3305 2 LOCAL
: 1593 3306 2 CURRENT_NT : REF NT_RECORD, ! When we look at each record of the SAT_VEC
: 1594 3307 2 ! we apply the proper structure.
: 1595 3308 2
: 1596 3309 2 CURRENT_SAT : REF SAT_RECORD,
: 1597 3310 2 NEXT_SAT : REF SAT_RECORD,
: 1598 3311 2 BEST_SAT : REF SAT_RECORD; ! When we look at each record of the SAT_VEC
: 1599 3312 2 ! we apply the proper structure.
: 1600 3313 2 ! same time - the 'current' one, and
: 1601 3314 2 ! the previous, or so-far 'best', one.
: 1602 3315 2 !++

```

```

: 1603 3316 2 ! There starts out being no 'previous' or best match. There is also no initial
: 1604 3317 2 ! notion of 'current' sat - we made it different from 'best' to begin with
: 1605 3318 2 ! solely for the diagnostic printout, below.
: 1606 3319 2 --
: 1607 3320 2 BEST_SAT = 0;
: 1608 3321 2
: 1609 3322 2 !++
: 1610 3323 2 ! Set up to begin the sequential pass of the SAT.
: 1611 3324 2 --
: 1612 3325 2 PAT$GET_NXT_SAT( SL_ACCE_INIT );
: 1613 3326 2
: 1614 3327 2 !++
: 1615 3328 2 ! Linearly search the SAT looking for an exact match. SAT access type is RECS
: 1616 3329 2 ! because we want to quit when the access-mapping routine recognizes that
: 1617 3330 2 ! even though there may be more potential records in the SAT, there are no more
: 1618 3331 2 ! ones currently in use.
: 1619 3332 2 --
: 1620 3333 3 WHILE( (NEXT_SAT = PAT$GET_NXT_SAT( SL_ACCE_RECS )) NEQ 0 )
: 1621 3334 2 DO
: 1622 3335 2
: 1623 3336 2 SEARCH SAT:
: 1624 3337 3 BEGIN
: 1625 3338 3
: 1626 3339 3 !++
: 1627 3340 3 ! Update our idea of the current SAT to consider.
: 1628 3341 3 --
: 1629 3342 3 CURRENT_SAT = .NEXT_SAT;
: 1630 3343 3 CURRENT_NT = .CURRENT_SAT[SAT_NT_PTR];
: 1631 3344 3
: 1632 3345 4 IF (.CURRENT_SAT[SAT_LB] EQL .VALUE)
: 1633 3346 3 THEN
: 1634 3347 4 BEGIN
: 1635 3348 4 !++
: 1636 3349 4 ! We define a match to be 'best' if it is an exact one. Even
: 1637 3350 4 ! better, though, is an exact match which is NOT to a p-sect symbol.
: 1638 3351 4 --
: 1639 3352 5 IF (.BEST_SAT EQL 0)
: 1640 3353 4 THEN
: 1641 3354 5 BEGIN
: 1642 3355 5 !++
: 1643 3356 5 ! Since there were no previous candidates, we take
: 1644 3357 5 ! the current one as best.
: 1645 3358 5 --
: 1646 3359 5 BEST_SAT = .CURRENT_SAT;
: 1647 3360 5 END
: 1648 3361 4 ELSE
: 1649 3362 5 BEGIN
: 1650 3363 5 !++
: 1651 3364 5 ! See if the former 'best' match was exact.
: 1652 3365 5 --
: 1653 3366 6 IF (.BEST_SAT[SAT_LB] NEQ .VALUE)
: 1654 3367 5 THEN
: 1655 3368 5 !++
: 1656 3369 5 ! The newer and exact match is preferable to a
: 1657 3370 5 ! previous non-exact one no matter what.
: 1658 3371 5 --
: 1659 3372 5 BEST_SAT = .CURRENT_SAT

```

1660 3373 5  
1661 3374 5  
1662 3375 5  
1663 3376 5  
1664 3377 5  
1665 3378 5  
1666 3379 5  
1667 3380 5  
1668 3381 6  
1669 3382 5  
1670 3383 5  
1671 3384 4  
1672 3385 4  
1673 3386 4  
1674 3387 4  
1675 3388 4  
1676 3389 4  
1677 3390 4  
1678 3391 3  
1679 3392 3  
1680 3393 3  
1681 3394 3  
1682 3395 3  
1683 3396 4  
1684 3397 3  
1685 3398 3  
1686 3399 3  
1687 3400 3  
1688 3401 3  
1689 3402 3  
1690 3403 3  
1691 3404 3  
1692 3405 3  
1693 3406 3  
1694 3407 3  
1695 3408 3  
1696 3409 3  
1697 3410 3  
1698 3411 3  
1699 3412 3  
1700 3413 4  
1701 3414 3  
1702 3415 4  
1703 3416 4  
1704 3417 4  
1705 3418 4  
1706 3419 4  
1707 3420 5  
1708 3421 4  
1709 3422 4  
1710 3423 4  
1711 3424 4  
1712 3425 4  
1713 3426 4  
1714 3427 4  
1715 3428 4  
1716 3429 4

```

ELSE
    ++
    Since there was a previous exact match,
    and there now is a current exact match,
    we choose the one which is not a p-sect
    (even if we end up with one which was a
    match only because its UB is 0).
    --
    IF (.CURRENT_NT[NT_TYPE] NEQ DSC$K_DTYPE_PCT)
    THEN
        BEST_SAT = .CURRENT_SAT;
    END;

    ++
    At this point there is nothing further to do
    until we see if there are any more candidates.
    --
    LEAVE SEARCH_SAT;
    END;

    ++
    Now try for a non-exact match.
    --
    IF (.CURRENT_SAT[SAT_LB] GTRA .VALUE)
    THEN
        ++
        Once we get past the value we were
        searching for, we know there will be
        no other candidates because the SAT
        is sorted.
        --
        EXITLOOP;

    ++
    At this point, we know that the CURRENT lower bound! value is strictly
    less than VALUE. Now we are! concerned about the corresponding upper
    bound value. Normally this UB value is the address which is the
    upper extent to which the corresponding symbol is bound. Some symbols
    don't come with this info, though, so we handle these cases separately.
    --
    IF (.CURRENT_SAT[SAT_UB] NEQ 0)
    THEN
        BEGIN
            ++
            Since we have the UB information, we simply see if the
            CURRENT symbol spans the given VALUE.
            --
            IF (.CURRENT_SAT[SAT_UB] LSSA .VALUE)
            THEN
                LEAVE SEARCH_SAT;                ! This datum ends too soon.

            ++
            VALUE falls within this symbol's extent. If we already have
            a match but havn't accepted it as final, then its UB must
            be 0, or its type is P-sect. In either case, this new one
            is better because its UB is not 0.
            --

```

```

1717 3430 4 BEST_SAT = .CURRENT_SAT;
1718 3431 4
1719 3432 4
1720 3433 4 !++
1721 3434 4 ! If the best one now is of type P-sect, we should still
1722 3435 4 ! look further.
1723 3436 5 !--
1724 3437 4 IF (.CURRENT_NT[NT_TYPE] NEQ DSC$K_DTYPE_PCT)
1725 3438 4 THEN
1726 3439 4 !++
1727 3440 4 ! This is the first non-P-sect match so we'll take it
1728 3441 4 ! without any further checks. This is where we might
1729 3442 4 ! get into trouble later because there may still be a
1730 3443 4 ! more appropriate match if we were to take SCOPE into
1731 3444 4 ! account.
1732 3445 4 !--
1733 3446 4 EXITLOOP;
1734 3447 4
1735 3448 4 !++
1736 3449 4 ! There is nothing further to consider when we know the UB value.
1737 3450 4 ! At this point we want to loop back and perhaps find a
1738 3451 4 ! better match.
1739 3452 4 !--
1740 3453 3 ELSE
1741 3454 4 BEGIN
1742 3455 4 !++
1743 3456 4 ! We must consider it to be a match when the upper bound is 0
1744 3457 4 ! because we don't know that it isn't a match.
1745 3458 4 ! It is certainly not a good match, though, so we throw it
1746 3459 4 ! away unless we don't have anything better.
1747 3460 4 !--
1748 3461 5 IF (.BEST_SAT EQL 0)
1749 3462 4 THEN
1750 3463 4 BEST_SAT = .CURRENT_SAT
1751 3464 4 ELSE
1752 3465 5 IF (.BEST_SAT[SAT_UB] EQL 0)
1753 3466 4 THEN
1754 3467 4 BEST_SAT = .CURRENT_SAT
1755 3468 4 ELSE
1756 3469 4 !++
1757 3470 4 ! BEST must be p-sect
1758 3471 4 !--
1759 3472 5 IF (.CURRENT_NT[NT_TYPE] NEQ DSC$K_DTYPE_PCT)
1760 3473 4 THEN
1761 3474 4 BEST_SAT = .CURRENT_SAT;
1762 3475 3 END;
1763 3476 3
1764 3477 2 END; ! Loop back and try again with the next SAT
1765 3478 2
1766 3479 2 !++
1767 3480 2 ! If we fall out of the above loop, then there are no more candidates from the
1768 3481 2 ! RST to consider. See if the answer we got was good enough, or if we should
1769 3482 2 ! consult the GST.
1770 3483 2 !--
1771 3484 3 IF (.BEST_SAT EQL 0)
1772 3485 2 THEN
1773 3486 2 !++

```

```

: 1774      3487      2      ! Any global is better than nothing.
: 1775      3488      2      !--
: 1776      3489      2      BEST_SAT = GBL_VAL_TO_SAT(.VALUE)
: 1777      3490      2      ELSE
: 1778      3491      2      !++
: 1779      3492      2      ! Don't even try for a global if we already got
: 1780      3493      2      ! an exact match from the RST.
: 1781      3494      2      !--
: 1782      3495      2      IF (NOT .VALUE EQLA .BEST_SAT[SAT_LB])
: 1783      3496      2      THEN
: 1784      3497      2      BEGIN
: 1785      3498      2      LOCAL
: 1786      3499      2      BEST_NT : REF NT_RECORD;
: 1787      3500      2
: 1788      3501      2      !++
: 1789      3502      2      ! Check for a better match.
: 1790      3503      2      !--
: 1791      3504      2      BEST_NT = .BEST_SAT[SAT_NT_PTR];
: 1792      3505      2      IF ((.BEST_SAT[SAT_UB] EQL 0) OR
: 1793      3506      2      (.BEST_NT[NT_TYPE] EQL DSC$K_DTYPE_PCT))
: 1794      3507      2      THEN
: 1795      3508      2      IF ((CURRENT_SAT = GBL_VAL_TO_SAT(.VALUE)) NEQ 0)
: 1796      3509      2      THEN
: 1797      3510      2      !++
: 1798      3511      2      ! The global match is better if it is closer.
: 1799      3512      2      !--
: 1800      3513      2      IF (.CURRENT_SAT[SAT_LB] GTRA .BEST_SAT[SAT_LB])
: 1801      3514      2      THEN
: 1802      3515      2      BEST_SAT = .CURRENT_SAT;
: 1803      3516      2      END;
: 1804      3517      2
: 1805      3518      2      !++
: 1806      3519      2      ! Now see how we've done.
: 1807      3520      2      !--
: 1808      3521      2      IF (.BEST_SAT NEQ 0)
: 1809      3522      2      THEN
: 1810      3523      2      BEGIN
: 1811      3524      2      !++
: 1812      3525      2      ! Pass back the NT-pointer to the match and return a success status.
: 1813      3526      2      !--
: 1814      3527      2      SAT_PTR_ADDR[0] = .BEST_SAT;
: 1815      3528      2      RETURN(TRUE);
: 1816      3529      2      END;
: 1817      3530      2
: 1818      3531      2      !++
: 1819      3532      2      ! No 'match' was found - return the standard failure status.
: 1820      3533      2      !--
: 1821      3534      2      RETURN(FALSE);
: 1822      3535      1      END;

```

```

01FC 00000 VAL_TO_SAT:
58 0000000G EF 9E 00002      .WORD      Save R2,R3,R4,R5,R6,R7,R8
                                MOVAB      PAT$GET_NXT_SAT, R8

```



	57	FCC4	CF	9E	00009	MOVAB	GBL VAL TO SAT, R7		
	56	00000000G	EF	9E	0000E	MOVAB	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, R6		
			53	D4	00015	CLRL	BEST_SAT		3320
			7E	D4	00017	CLRL	-(SP)		3325
	68		01	FB	00019	CALLS	#1, PAT\$GET_NXT_SAT		
	55	04	AC	D0	0001C	MOVL	VALUE, R5		3345
			01	DD	00020	1\$: PUSHL	#1		3333
	68		01	FB	00022	CALLS	#1, PAT\$GET_NXT_SAT		
			50	D5	00025	TSTL	NEXT_SAT		
			4E	13	00027	BEQL	6\$		
	54		50	D0	00029	MOVL	NEXT_SAT, CURRENT_SAT		3342
	52		64	3C	0002C	MOVZWL	(CURRENT_SAT), CURRENT_NT		3343
	55	02	A4	D1	0002F	CMPL	2(CURRENT_SAT), R5		3345
			0C	12	00033	BNEQ	2\$		
			53	D5	00035	TSTL	BEST_SAT		3352
			39	13	00037	BEQL	5\$		
	55	02	A3	D1	00039	CMPL	2(BEST_SAT), R5		3366
			28	13	0003D	BEQL	4\$		
			31	11	0003F	BRB	5\$		3372
			34	1A	00041	2\$: BGTRU	6\$		3396
		06	A4	D5	00043	TSTL	6(CURRENT_SAT)		3413
			16	13	00046	BEQL	3\$		
	55	06	A4	D1	00048	CMPL	6(CURRENT_SAT), R5		3420
			D2	1F	0004C	BLSSU	1\$		
	53		54	D0	0004E	MOVL	CURRENT_SAT, BEST_SAT		3430
51	52		66	C1	00051	ADDL3	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, CURRENT_NT, R1		3436
	8F	02	A1	91	00055	CMPB	2(R1), -#184		
			C4	13	0005A	BEQL	1\$		
			19	11	0005C	BRB	6\$		3445
			53	D5	0005E	3\$: TSTL	BEST_SAT		3461
			10	13	00060	BEQL	5\$		
		06	A3	D5	00062	TSTL	6(BEST_SAT)		3465
			0B	13	00065	BEQL	5\$		
51	52		66	C1	00067	4\$: ADDL3	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, CURRENT_NT, R1		3472
	8F	02	A1	91	0006B	CMPB	2(R1), -#184		
			AE	13	00070	BEQL	1\$		
	53		54	D0	00072	5\$: MOVL	CURRENT_SAT, BEST_SAT		3474
			A9	11	00075	BRB	1\$		3333
			53	D5	00077	6\$: TSTL	BEST_SAT		3484
			0A	12	00079	BNEQ	7\$		
			55	DD	0007B	PUSHL	R5		3489
	67		01	FB	0007D	CALLS	#1, GBL_VAL_TO_SAT		
	53		50	D0	00080	MOVL	R0, BEST_SAT		
			2C	11	00083	BRB	9\$		
	02	A3	55	D1	00085	7\$: CMPL	R5, 2(BEST_SAT)		3495
			26	13	00089	BEQL	9\$		
	50		63	3C	0008B	MOVZWL	(BEST_SAT), BEST_NT		3504
		06	A3	D5	0008E	TSTL	6(BEST_SAT)		3505
			0A	13	00091	BEQL	8\$		
	50		66	C0	00093	ADDL2	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, R0		3506
	8F	02	A0	91	00096	CMPB	2(R0), -#184		
			14	12	0009B	BNEQ	9\$		
			55	DD	0009D	8\$: PUSHL	R5		3508
	67		01	FB	0009F	CALLS	#1, GBL_VAL_TO_SAT		
	54		50	D0	000A2	MOVL	R0, CURRENT_SAT		
			0A	13	000A5	BEQL	9\$		
	02	A3	02	A4	D1	000A7	CMPL	2(CURRENT_SAT), 2(BEST_SAT)	3513

PATRST  
V04-000

B 11  
16-Sep-1984 01:09:03  
14-Sep-1984 12:52:45

VAX-11 Bliss-32 V4.0-742  
DISK\$VMMASTER:[PATCH.SRC]PATRST.B32;1 (14)

PAT  
V04

		03	18	000AC		BLEQU	9\$			
	53	54	D0	000AE		MOVL	CURRENT_SAT, BEST_SAT		3515	
		53	D5	000B1	9\$:	TSTL	BEST_SAT		3521	
		08	13	000B3		BEQL	10\$			
08	BC	53	D0	000B5		MOVL	BEST_SAT, @SAT_PTR_ADDR		3527	
	50	01	D0	000B9		MOVL	#1, R0		3528	
			04	000BC		RET				
		50	D4	000BD	10\$:	CLRL	R0		3534	
			04	000BF		RET			3535	

; Routine Size: 192 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 0470

.....

.. I  
.. W  
.. E

.

.

.. S  
.. R  
.. R  
.. E  
.. L  
.. F  
.. C

```

: 1824 3536 1 ROUTINE LOOKUP_LVT( VALUE, NT_PTR_ADDR ) =
: 1825 3537 1
: 1826 3538 1 !++
: 1827 3539 1 Functional Description:
: 1828 3540 1
: 1829 3541 1     Search the literal value table (LVT) for a match
: 1830 3542 1     to the given value.
: 1831 3543 1
: 1832 3544 1 Formal Parameters:
: 1833 3545 1
: 1834 3546 1     VALUE           -The key we use in the lookup.
: 1835 3547 1     NT_PTR_ADDR      -A pointer to where we should copy back
: 1836 3548 1                   the NT_POINTER to the record we find
: 1837 3549 1                   to correspond to the value. The
: 1838 3550 1                   contents of this location are not changed
: 1839 3551 1                   if no such correspondence is discovered.
: 1840 3552 1
: 1841 3553 1 Warning:
: 1842 3554 1
: 1843 3555 1     We return an NT pointer via NT_PTR_ADDR.
: 1844 3556 1     As long as this returned value is NOT a longword,
: 1845 3557 1     due to BLISS's inability to use the REF NT_RECORD
: 1846 3558 1     ONLY as an NT pointer, (i.e. BLISS assumes that
: 1847 3559 1     REFs are longwords), a caller of this routine should
: 1848 3560 1     initialize the NT_PTR to 0 before expecting this
: 1849 3561 1     routine to pass back the value. This routine
: 1850 3562 1     can not pass back a longword because we won't know that
: 1851 3563 1     the address we were passed is not a real NT_PTR
: 1852 3564 1     field - ie, the 2-bytes that it should be...
: 1853 3565 1
: 1854 3566 1 Implicit Inputs:
: 1855 3567 1
: 1856 3568 1     The way we define a 'match' in the LVT which is
: 1857 3569 1     simply that the given value must be exactly the
: 1858 3570 1     same as the corresponding one from the LVT. The
: 1859 3571 1     first one found is always the one passed back.
: 1860 3572 1
: 1861 3573 1 Implicit Outputs:
: 1862 3574 1
: 1863 3575 1     The RESULT parameter via NT_PTR_ADDR.
: 1864 3576 1     (see above.)
: 1865 3577 1
: 1866 3578 1 Routine Value:
: 1867 3579 1
: 1868 3580 1     TRUE, if a match is found,
: 1869 3581 1     FALSE, otherwise.
: 1870 3582 1
: 1871 3583 1 Side Effects:
: 1872 3584 1
: 1873 3585 1     The LVT is searched.
: 1874 3586 1 --
: 1875 3587 1
: 1876 3588 2 BEGIN
: 1877 3589 2
: 1878 3590 2 MAP
: 1879 3591 2     NT_PTR_ADDR : REF RST_POINTER;
: 1880 3592 2

```

```

: 1881 3593 2 LOCAL
: 1882 3594 2 LVT_PTR : REF LVT_RECORD;
: 1883 3595 2
: 1884 3596 2
: 1885 3597 2 !++
: 1886 3598 2 ! Set up to begin the sequential pass of the LVT.
: 1887 3599 2 !--
: 1888 3600 2 PAT$GET_NXT_LVT( SL_ACCE_INIT );
: 1889 3601 2
: 1890 3602 2 !++
: 1891 3603 2 ! Linearly search the LVT looking for an exact match. LVT access type is RECS
: 1892 3604 2 ! because we want to quit when the access-mapping routine recognizes that
: 1893 3605 2 ! even though there may be more potential records in the LVT, there are no more
: 1894 3606 2 ! ones currently in use.
: 1895 3607 2 !--
: 1896 3608 3 WHILE ((LVT_PTR = PAT$GET_NXT_LVT( SL_ACCE_RECS )) NEQ 0)
: 1897 3609 3 DO
: 1898 3610 3 BEGIN
: 1899 3611 3
: 1900 3612 4 IF (.LVT_PTR[LVT_VALUE] EQL .VALUE)
: 1901 3613 4 THEN
: 1902 3614 4 BEGIN
: 1903 3615 4 !++
: 1904 3616 4 ! This is the only place we can find a match and return an OK status.
: 1905 3617 4 !--
: 1906 3618 4 NT_PTR_ADDR[0] = .LVT_PTR[LVT_NT_PTR];
: 1907 3619 4 RETURN(TRUE);
: 1908 3620 3 END;
: 1909 3621 3
: 1910 3622 3 !++
: 1911 3623 3 ! Loop back and try again with the next LVT record.
: 1912 3624 3 !--
: 1913 3625 2 END;
: 1914 3626 2
: 1915 3627 2 !++
: 1916 3628 2 ! If we fall out of the above loop, no match can be found.
: 1917 3629 2 !--
: 1918 3630 2 RETURN(FALSE);
: 1919 3631 1 END;

```

				0004 0000	LOOKUP_LVT:			
					.WORD	Save R2		: 3536
	52	00000000G	EF 9E 00002		MOVAB	PAT\$GET_NXT_LVT, R2		: 3600
			7E D4 00009		CLRL	-(SP)		: 3608
	62		01 FB 0000B	1\$:	CALLS	#1, PAT\$GET_NXT_LVT		: 3612
			01 DD 0000E		PUSHL	#1		: 3618
	62		01 FB 00010		CALLS	#1, PAT\$GET_NXT_LVT		: 3619
			50 D5 00013		TSTL	LVT_PTR		
			0F 13 00015		BEQL	2\$		
	04	AC 02	A0 D1 00017		CMPL	2(LVT_PTR), VALUE		: 3612
			F0 12 0001C		BNEQ	1\$		: 3618
	08	BC	60 B0 0001E		MOVW	(LVT_PTR), @NT_PTR_ADDR		: 3619
			50 01 D0 00022		MOVL	#1, R0		



```

1921 3632 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE PAT$SYMBOL_VALU( NT_PTR, VALUE_PTR ) =
1922 3633 1
1923 3634 1 !++
1924 3635 1 Functional Description:
1925 3636 1
1926 3637 1 -Look up the value associated with a given
1927 3638 1 NT record.
1928 3639 1 -Note that we refer to 'value' associated with a symbol
1929 3640 1 but really mean 'address', since that is as far as RST
1930 3641 1 manipulation handles symbol-value correlation.
1931 3642 1
1932 3643 1 Formal Parameters:
1933 3644 1
1934 3645 1 NT_PTR -a pointer to the NT_RECORD that corresponds
1935 3646 1 to the symbol we want the value of.
1936 3647 1 VALUE_PTR -where we are to copy the value back to.
1937 3648 1
1938 3649 1 Implicit Inputs:
1939 3650 1
1940 3651 1 -We can call PAT$DST_VALUE with a DST_REC ID.
1941 3652 1 (in BLD's ADD_NT we call it with a DST_REC RD pointer).
1942 3653 1
1943 3654 1 -The value bound to a symbol can be passed
1944 3655 1 back in a longword.
1945 3656 1 -NT records marked NT_IS_GLOBAL may be 1 of 2 types:
1946 3657 1 1) one which was first a normal NT record but
1947 3658 1 which was later marked NT_IS_GLOBAL. In this case
1948 3659 1 there IS scope info, and we pick up the value
1949 3660 1 from the DST.
1950 3661 1 2) a fake NT record which was created from a GST
1951 3662 1 record. In this case the 'value' field is stored
1952 3663 1 in the NT_DST_PTR field of the NT record.
1953 3664 1
1954 3665 1 Implicit Outputs:
1955 3666 1
1956 3667 1 None.
1957 3668 1
1958 3669 1 Routine Value:
1959 3670 1
1960 3671 1 TRUE, if the symbol is found successfully and
1961 3672 1 the returned value is the address bound to the symbol,
1962 3673 1 3, if the symbol is found successfully and the value returned is the
1963 3674 1 address of an array descriptor for the symbol,
1964 3675 1 FALSE or 2, otherwise.
1965 3676 1
1966 3677 1 Side Effects:
1967 3678 1
1968 3679 1 The value gets passed back.
1969 3680 1 --
1970 3681 1
1971 3682 2 BEGIN
1972 3683 2
1973 3684 2 MAP
1974 3685 2 NT_PTR : REF NT_RECORD,
1975 3686 2 VALUE_PTR : REF VECTOR[.LONG];
1976 3687 2
1977 3688 2 !++

```

```

: 1978 3689 2 ! If this NT record corresponds only to a GLOBAL symbol, there is no associated
: 1979 3690 2 ! DST record. In this case we use the DST pointer space from the NT record
: 1980 3691 2 ! to contain the value associated with the global symbol.
: 1981 3692 2 !--
: 1982 3693 3 IF (.NT_PTR[NT_IS_GLOBAL] AND .NT_PTR[NT_UP_SCOPE] EQL 0)
: 1983 3694 2 THEN
: 1984 3695 3 BEGIN
: 1985 3696 3 VALUE_PTR[0] = .NT_PTR[NT_GBL_VALUE];
: 1986 3697 3
: 1987 3698 3 RETURN(TRUE);
: 1988 3699 2 END;
: 1989 3700 2
: 1990 3701 2 !++
: 1991 3702 2 ! We localize all DST understanding to yet another routine.
: 1992 3703 2 !--
: 1993 3704 2 RETURN( PAT$DST_VALUE( .NT_PTR[NT_DST_PTR], .VALUE_PTR));
: 1994 3705 1 END;

```

50	04	AC	00000000G	EF	C1	00002	.ENTRY	PAT\$SYMBOL_VALU, Save nothing	:	3632
		OE	03	A0	E9	0000B	ADDL3	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, NT_PTR, R0	:	3693
			08	A0	B5	0000F	BLBC	3(R0), 1\$	:	
				09	12	00012	TSTW	8(R0)	:	
	08	BC	04	A0	D0	00014	BNEQ	1\$	:	
		50		01	D0	00019	MOVL	4(R0), @VALUE_PTR	:	3696
					04	0001C	MOVL	#1, R0	:	3698
				08	AC	DD 0001D	RET		:	
				04	A0	DD 00020	PUSHL	VALUE_PTR	:	3704
					02	FB 00023	PUSHL	4(R0)	:	
		00000000V	EF		04	0002A	CALLS	#2, PAT\$DST_VALUE	:	
							RET		:	3705

: Routine Size: 43 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 0559

```

: 1996 3706 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE PAT$DST_VALUE( DST_REC_ID, VALUE_PTR ) =
: 1997 3707 1
: 1998 3708 1
: 1999 3709 1 +-
: 2000 3710 1 Functional Description:
: 2001 3711 1
: 2002 3712 1 -Look up the value associated with a given
: 2003 3713 1 DST record.
: 2004 3714 1 -Note that we refer to 'value' associated with a symbol
: 2005 3715 1 but really mean 'address', since that is as far as RST
: 2006 3716 1 manipulation handles symbol-value correlation.
: 2007 3717 1 Normally this 'address' is the virtual address which is
: 2008 3718 1 bound to the symbol. If the symbol is associated with
: 2009 3719 1 a descriptor, though, it is the address of the descriptor
: 2010 3720 1 which is returned for this symbol.
: 2011 3721 1
: 2012 3722 1 Formal Parameters:
: 2013 3723 1
: 2014 3724 1 DST_REC_ID -a pointer to the DST RECORD that corresponds
: 2015 3725 1 to the symbol we want the value of.
: 2016 3726 1 -this may also be the DBGINT-defined DST record ID
: 2017 3727 1 which it assigns to each DST record it processes.
: 2018 3728 1 ***** see implicit inputs below.
: 2019 3729 1
: 2020 3730 1 VALUE_PTR -where we are to copy the value back to.
: 2021 3731 1
: 2022 3732 1 Implicit Inputs:
: 2023 3733 1
: 2024 3734 1 The concept of a DST_REC_ID vs a DST_RECIRD pointer
: 2025 3735 1 is merged by this routine. i.e. we don't consider
: 2026 3736 1 these two things to be different even though everything
: 2027 3737 1 else in PATCH does not preclude this. If the
: 2028 3738 1 DST interface routine is changed so that these two things
: 2029 3739 1 are no longer the same, we must change calls to this routine
: 2030 3740 1 to be consistent. So far this routine is called
: 2031 3741 1 by PAT$SYMBOL_VALU and ADD_NT only.
: 2032 3742 1
: 2033 3743 1 -The value bound to a symbol can be passed
: 2034 3744 1 back in a longword.
: 2035 3745 1
: 2036 3746 1 Implicit Outputs:
: 2037 3747 1
: 2038 3748 1 None.
: 2039 3749 1
: 2040 3750 1 Routine Value:
: 2041 3751 1
: 2042 3752 1 TRUE, if the symbol is found successfully and the value returned is the
: 2043 3753 1 address bound to the symbol,
: 2044 3754 1 3, if the symbol is found successfully and the value returned is the
: 2045 3755 1 address of an array descriptor for the symbol,
: 2046 3756 1 FALSE or 2, otherwise.
: 2047 3757 1
: 2048 3758 1 Side Effects:
: 2049 3759 1
: 2050 3760 1 The value gets returned.
: 2051 3761 1
: 2052 3762 1 The DST is 'read' in such a way as to ensure that
: if any PAT$GET_NEXT_DST sequence is in progress it
: is NOT disturbed by this call.

```



```

: 2053      3763      1  !--
: 2054      3764      1
: 2055      3765      2 BEGIN
: 2056      3766      2
: 2057      3767      2 MAP
: 2058      3768      2     VALUE_PTR : REF VECTOR[,LONG];
: 2059      3769      2
: 2060      3770      2 LOCAL
: 2061      3771      2     STATUS,                                ! RETURNED STATUS CODE
: 2062      3772      2     MAPPED_ADR : REF BLOCK[,BYTE],        ! Mapped descriptor address
: 2063      3773      2     ISE_ADR,                               ! Image Section Address
: 2064      3774      2     VALUE,                               ! Used to accumulate the symbol's value.
: 2065      3775      2     ACCESS,                             ! The access field from the DST record.
: 2066      3776      2     DST_REC'D : REF DST_RECORD;
: 2067      3777      2
: 2068      3778      2 !++
: 2069      3779      2 ! Fetch the indicated DST record.
: 2070      3780      2 !--
: 2071      3781      2 STATUS = TRUE;                                ! ASSUME EVERYTHING WORKS
: 2072      3782      3 IF ((DST_REC'D = PAT$GET_DST_REC( .DST_REC_ID )) EQL 0)
: 2073      3783      2 THEN
: 2074      3784      2     !++
: 2075      3785      2     ! The supposed record does not exist. An error message should already
: 2076      3786      2     ! have been produced.
: 2077      3787      2     !--
: 2078      3788      2     RETURN(FALSE);
: 2079      3789      2
: 2080      3790      2 !++
: 2081      3791      2 ! How we pick up the value depends on what class of DST record this is.
: 2082      3792      2 !--
: 2083      3793      3 IF (.DST_REC'D[DSTR_TYPE] EQL DSC$K_DTYPE_Z)
: 2084      3794      2 THEN
: 2085      3795      3 BEGIN
: 2086      3796      3     !++
: 2087      3797      3     ! BLISS Type Zero records have a format which is different from
: 2088      3798      3     ! standard DST records.
: 2089      3799      3     !--
: 2090      3800      3 BIND
: 2091      3801      3     BLZ_REC'D = DST_REC'D : REF BLZ_RECORD;
: 2092      3802      3
: 2093      3803      3     !++
: 2094      3804      3     ! We can't make any sense out of these records (yet) unless
: 2095      3805      3     ! 1) no optional type into was given
: 2096      3806      3     !    (i.e. we only get the standard 3 bytes)
: 2097      3807      3     ! 2) the structure attribute is 0
: 2098      3808      3     ! 3) the sub-type is within the range we currently support.
: 2099      3809      3     !    (i.e. only FORMALs and SYMBOLs are OK)
: 2100      3810      3
: 2101      3811      3     ! We have already implicitly checked the first two of these because we
: 2102      3812      3     ! wouldn't have entered the symbol into the NT had this check
: 2103      3813      3     ! not succeeded.
: 2104      3814      3     !--
: 2105      3815      3
: 2106      3816      3     !++
: 2107      3817      3     ! Pick up the value of this symbol.
: 2108      3818      3     !--
: 2109      3819      3     STATUS = STD_SYM_EVAL(VALUE, .BLZ_REC'D[BLZ_ACCESS], .BLZ_REC'D[BLZ_VALUE]);

```

```

2110 3820 3
2111 3821 3
2112 3822 3
2113 3823 3
2114 3824 3
2115 3825 2
2116 3826 2
2117 3827 2
2118 3828 2
2119 3829 3
2120 3830 2
2121 3831 3
2122 3832 4
2123 3833 3
2124 3834 4
2125 3835 4
2126 3836 4
2127 3837 4
2128 3838 4
2129 3839 4
2130 3840 4
2131 3841 5
2132 3842 4
2133 3843 4
2134 3844 4
2135 3845 4
2136 3846 4
2137 3847 4
2138 3848 4
2139 3849 4
2140 3850 4
2141 3851 4
2142 3852 4
2143 3853 4
2144 3854 4
2145 3855 4
2146 3856 4
2147 3857 4
2148 3858 4
2149 3859 3
2150 3860 3
2151 3861 3
2152 3862 3
2153 3863 3
2154 3864 3
2155 3865 3
2156 3866 3
2157 3867 3
2158 3868 3
2159 3869 2
2160 3870 3
2161 3871 3
2162 3872 3
2163 3873 3
2164 3874 3
2165 3875 3
2166 3876 3

```

ELSE

```

++
End of special handling for type ZERO variables.
--
END

```

```

++
Class 1 is the so-called SRM 'standard' types.
--
IF (.DST_RECRD[DSTR_TYPE] LEQ DST_TYP_HIGHEST)
THEN

```

```

BEGIN
IF (.DST_RECRD[DSTR_ACCES_TYPE] EQL ACCS_DESCRIPTOR)
THEN

```

```

BEGIN
++
Ignore dynamically-located array descriptors. This
means that only the so-called 'PC' relative ones are
supported.
--

```

```

IF (.DST_RECRD[DSTR_ACCES_BASED] NEQ 2) OR
(.DST_RECRD[DSTR_ACCES_BREG] NEQ 15)
THEN

```

```

RETURN(FALSE);

```

```

++
The descriptor is in the DST record itself.
The notion of PC is as though the 'DST' PC
were just used to 'pick up' the VALUE field,
which gives how far from there to displace
to find the actual array descriptor.
For the routine PAT$SYM_TO_VAL, the status
code returned must indicate that this value is
an array descriptor address.
--

```

```

VALUE = .DST_RECRD[DSTR_VALUE];
VALUE = .VALUE + DST_RECRD[DSTR_VALUE] * %UPVAL;
STATUS = 3;
END

```

ELSE

```

++
For standard types, we simply apply the corresponding
standard algorithm. The various TYPES will be used
mainly to sort out what we do with the value
after the algorithm tells us how to get it, but
this is handled outside of this routine.
--

```

```

STATUS = STD_SYM_EVAL(VALUE, .DST_RECRD[DSTR_ACCESS], .DST_RECRD[DSTR_VALUE]);

```

END

ELSE

```

BEGIN
++
Class 2 is 'the rest'. We expect them to be from the standard
DSTR_TYPES class.
--
CASE .DST_RECRD[DSTR_TYPE] FROM DST_DST_LOWEST TO DST_DST_HIGHEST OF
SET

```

```

: 2167 3877 3
: 2168 3878 3
: 2169 3879 3
: 2170 3880 4
: 2171 3881 4
: 2172 3882 4
: 2173 3883 3
: 2174 3884 3
: 2175 3885 3
: 2176 3886 3
: 2177 3887 3
: 2178 3888 3
: 2179 3889 3
: 2180 3890 3
: 2181 3891 3
: 2182 3892 3
: 2183 3893 3
: 2184 3894 3
: 2185 3895 3
: 2186 3896 3
: 2187 3897 3
: 2188 3898 3
: 2189 3899 3
: 2190 3900 2
: 2191 3901 2
: 2192 3902 2
: 2193 3903 2
: 2194 3904 2
: 2195 3905 2
: 2196 3906 1
: INFO#212
: Null expression appears in value-required context

```

```

[DSC$K_DTYPE_FLD]: ! Bliss fields.

BEGIN
$FAO TT OUT('!/FLD not supported');
RETURN(FALSE);
END;

[DSC$K_DTYPE_PCT,
DSC$K_DTYPE_LBL,
dsc$K_dtype_slb,
DSC$K_DTYPE_RTN]: ! These ones have values.

VALUE = .DST_REC RD[DSTR_VALUE];

[INRANGE,OUTRANGE]: ! Probably an error.

RETURN(FALSE);

TES;

END;

!++
! At this point, the value has been obtained or a RETURN has been done.
! We simply pass back this value and return a good status code.
!--
VALUE PTR[0] = .VALUE;
RETURN(.STATUS);
END;
LI:3881

```

										.PSECT _PAT\$PLIT,NOWRT,NOEXE,0											
6F	70	70	75	73	20	74	6F	6E	20	44	4C	46	2F	13	0000	P.AAA:	.BYTE	19	:		
											64	65	74	72	0001		.ASCII	\!/FLD not supported\	:		
															0010				:		
										.PSECT _PAT\$CODE,NOWRT,2											
														000C	0000	.ENTRY	PAT\$DST_VALUE, Save R2,R3	:	3706		
											5E	04	C2	0000	2	SJBL2	#4, SP	:			
											53	01	D0	0000	5	MOVL	#1, STATUS	:	3781		
												04	AC	DD	0000	8	PUSHL	DST_REC_ID	:	3782	
											00000000G	EF	01	FB	0000	B	CALLS	#1,-PAT\$GET DST_REC	:		
												52	50	D0	0001	2	MOVL	R0, DST_REC RD	:		
													7E	13	0001	5	DEQL	7\$	:		
												50	01	A2	9A	0001	7	MOVZBL	1(DST_REC RD), R0	:	3793
														09	12	0001	B	BNEQ	1\$	:	
													06	A2	DD	0001	D	PUSHL	6(DST_REC RD)	:	3819
												7E	04	A2	9A	0002	0	MOVZBL	4(DST_REC RD), -(SP)	:	
														38	11	0002	4	BRB	3\$	:	

			17		50	91	00026	1\$:	CMPB	R0, #23	:	3829
					42	1A	00029		BGTRU	4\$	:	
02	02	A2	02		00	ED	00028		CMPZV	#0, #2, 2(DST_REC RD), #2	:	3832
					24	12	00031		BNEQ	2\$	:	
02	02	A2	02		02	ED	00033		CMPZV	#2, #2, 2(DST_REC RD), #2	:	3840
					68	12	00039		BNEQ	10\$	:	
0F	02	A2	04		04	ED	00038		CMPZV	#4, #4, 2(DST_REC RD), #15	:	3841
					60	12	00041		BNEQ	10\$	:	
			6E	03	A2	D0	00043		MOVL	3(DST_REC RD), VALUE	:	3855
			50	03	A2	9E	00047		MOVAB	3(DST_REC RD), R0	:	3856
			50		6E	C0	0004B		ADDL2	VALUE, R0	:	
			6E	04	A0	9E	0004E		MOVAB	4(R0), VALUE	:	
			53		03	D0	00052		MOVL	#3, STATUS	:	3857
					44	11	00055		BRB	9\$	:	3832
			7E	03	A2	DD	00057	2\$:	PUSHL	3(DST_REC RD)	:	3867
				02	A2	98	0005A		CVTBL	2(DST_REC RD), -(SP)	:	
				08	AE	9F	0005E	3\$:	PUSHAB	VALUE	:	
		00000000V	EF		03	FB	00061		CALLS	#3, STD_SYM_EVAL	:	
			53		50	D0	00068		MOVL	R0, STATUS	:	
					2E	11	0006B		BRB	9\$	:	3829
					50	8F	0006D	4\$:	CASEB	R0, #183, #8	:	3875
0025		08	B7	8F				5\$:	.WORD	6\$-5\$, -	:	
0025	0031			0025	0014		00072			8\$-5\$, -	:	
	0031			0031	0025		0007A			10\$-5\$, -	:	
					0031		00082			8\$-5\$, -	:	
										8\$-5\$, -	:	
										10\$-5\$, -	:	
										10\$-5\$, -	:	
										8\$-5\$, -	:	
										10\$-5\$, -	:	
										10\$-5\$, -	:	
										BRB	:	3894
					1D	11	00084		CLRL	-(SP)	:	3881
					7E	D4	00086	6\$:	PUSHAB	P.AAA	:	
			00000000G	EF	02	FB	0008E		CALLS	#2, PAT\$FAO_OUT	:	
					0C	11	00095	7\$:	BRB	10\$	:	3882
				6E	03	A2	00097	8\$:	MOVL	3(DST_REC RD), VALUE	:	3890
		08	BC		6E	D0	0009B	9\$:	MOVL	VALUE, @VALUE_PTR	:	3904
			50		53	D0	0009F		MOVL	STATUS, R0	:	3905
						04	000A2		RET		:	
					50	D4	000A3	10\$:	CLRL	R0	:	3906
					04	000A5			RET		:	

; Routine Size: 166 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 0584

```

: 2198 3907 1 ROUTINE STD_SYM_EVAL( PASS_BACK_ADDR, ACCESS, IN_VALUE ) =
: 2199 3908 1
: 2200 3909 1 !++
: 2201 3910 1 Functional Description:
: 2202 3911 1
: 2203 3912 1 Implement the algorithm which comes up with
: 2204 3913 1 a symbol's value given the so-called ACCESS
: 2205 3914 1 and IN_VALUE fields taken from (various places within)
: 2206 3915 1 the DST record for a symbol which uses
: 2207 3916 1 'standard encoding'.
: 2208 3917 1
: 2209 3918 1 See CP0021.MEM, pgs 9-10 for this algorithm.
: 2210 3919 1
: 2211 3920 1 Formal Parameters:
: 2212 3921 1
: 2213 3922 1 PASS_BACK_ADDR -The address of where we stuff back the value -LT
: 2214 3923 1 the algorithm determines.
: 2215 3924 1 ACCESS -The 1-byte field which encodes the
: 2216 3925 1 3-element fields described in CP0021.MEM
: 2217 3926 1 for so-called 'standard encoding'.
: 2218 3927 1 IN_VALUE -The value field which may be used in
: 2219 3928 1 conjunction with ACCESS.
: 2220 3929 1
: 2221 3930 1 Implicit Inputs:
: 2222 3931 1
: 2223 3932 1 That the value bound to a symbol can be passed
: 2224 3933 1 back in a longword.
: 2225 3934 1
: 2226 3935 1 Implicit Outputs:
: 2227 3936 1
: 2228 3937 1 The value which is currently associated with the symbol which
: 2229 3938 1 presumably corresponds to the ACCESS and IN_VALUE fields given,
: 2230 3939 1 is passed back.
: 2231 3940 1
: 2232 3941 1 Routine Value:
: 2233 3942 1
: 2234 3943 1 TRUE, if all goes OK and the value gets passed back.
: 2235 3944 1 NOT TRUE, otherwise. In this case we distinguish two possibilities:
: 2236 3945 1 0 => a real error - the symbol could not be evaluated.
: 2237 3946 1 and 2 => a soft error - the evaluation failed because of an
: 2238 3947 1 inappropriate context.
: 2239 3948 1
: 2240 3949 1 Side Effects:
: 2241 3950 1
: 2242 3951 1 The value which is currently associated with
: 2243 3952 1 the symbol which presumably corresponds to
: 2244 3953 1 the ACCESS and IN_VALUE fields given.
: 2245 3954 1 --
: 2246 3955 1
: 2247 3956 2 BEGIN
: 2248 3957 2
: 2249 3958 2 MAP
: 2250 3959 2 PASS_BACK_ADDR : REF VECTOR; ! THE VALUE WE PASS BACK IS A LONGWORD
: 2251 3960 2
: 2252 3961 2 LOCAL
: 2253 3962 2 RET_VALUE; ! We accumulate the value we return.
: 2254 3963 2

```

```

: 2255      3964 2  |++
: 2256      3965 2  | ***** THIS ROUTINE MUST BE WRITTEN WHEN BLISS VARIABLES ARE ADDED. *****
: 2257      3966 2  | --
: 2258      3967 2  | RET VALUE = .IN_VALUE;
: 2259      3968 3  | IF (.ACCESS<2,1,0>)                                ! If "indirect" set
: 2260      3969 2  | THEN;
: 2261      3970 2  | ***** WARNING: Don't know if going indirect is to a mapped or
: 2262      3971 2  |                               non-mapped address. Therefore return error for now.
: 2263      3972 2  |     RET VALUE = .(.RET_VALUE);
: 2264      3973 2  |     RETURN(2);
: 2265      3974 2  | PASS_BACK_ADDR[0] = .RET_VALUE;
: 2266      3975 2  | RETURN(TROE);
: 2267      3976 1  | END;

```

```

                                0000 00000 STD_SYM_EVAL:
                                .WORD
04      08      50      0C      AC      D0 00002      MOVL      Save nothing      : 3907
                                IN_VALUE, RET_VALUE
                                #2, ACCESS, 1$
                                #2, R0
                                04 0000E      RET
                                50  D0 0000F 1$:      MOVL      RET_VALUE, @PASS_BACK_ADDR      : 3974
                                01  D0 00013      MOVL      #1, R0      : 3975
                                04 00016      RET      : 3976

```

: Routine Size: 23 bytes, Routine Base: \_PAT\$CODE + 062A

PATRST  
V04-000

B 12  
16-Sep-1984 01:09:03  
14-Sep-1984 12:52:45

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DISK\$VM\$MASTER:[PATCH.SRC]PATRST.B32;1 (19)

PAT  
V04

: 2269 3977 1 END  
: 2270 3978 0 ELUDOM

. End of module

PSECT SUMMARY

Name	Bytes	Attributes
_PAT\$CODE	1601	NOVEC,NOWRT, RD , EXE,NOSHR, LCL, REL, CON,NOPIC,ALIGN(2)
_PAT\$OWN	8	NOVEC, WRT, RD ,NOEXE,NOSHR, LCL, REL, CON,NOPIC,ALIGN(2)
_PAT\$PLIT	20	NOVEC,NOWRT, RD ,NOEXE,NOSHR, LCL, REL, CON,NOPIC,ALIGN(0)

Library Statistics

File	----- Total	Symbols Loaded	----- Percent	Pages Mapped	Processing Time
_\$255\$DUA28:[SYSLIB]LIB.L32;1	18619	14	0	1000	00:01.8

: Information: 2  
: Warnings: 0  
: Errors: 0

COMMAND QUALIFIERS

: BLISS/CHECK=(FIELD,INITIAL,OPTIMIZE)/VARIANT:1/LIS=LIS\$:PATRST/OBJ=OBJ\$:PATRST MSRC\$:PATRST/UPDATE=(ENH\$:PATRST)

: Size: 1601 code + 28 data bytes  
: Run Time: 00:49.0  
: Elapsed Time: 02:30.8  
: Lines/CPU Min: 4874  
: Lexemes/CPU-Min: 26019  
: Memory Used: 207 pages  
: Compilation Complete

