


```

1 0001 0 MODULE PATREB (
2 L 0002 0   %IF %VARIANT EQL 1
3 0003 0   %THEN
4 0004 0       ADDRESSING_MODE (EXTERNAL = LONG_RELATIVE, NONEXTERNAL = LONG_RELATIVE),
5 0005 0   %FI
6 0006 0   IDENT = 'V04-000'
7 0007 0   ) =
8 0008 1 BEGIN
9 0009 1
10 0010 1 *****
11 0011 1 *
12 0012 1 *  COPYRIGHT (c) 1978, 1980, 1982, 1984 BY
13 0013 1 *  DIGITAL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION, MAYNARD, MASSACHUSETTS.
14 0014 1 *  ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
15 0015 1 *
16 0016 1 *  THIS SOFTWARE IS FURNISHED UNDER A LICENSE AND MAY BE USED AND COPIED
17 0017 1 *  ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF SUCH LICENSE AND WITH THE
18 0018 1 *  INCLUSION OF THE ABOVE COPYRIGHT NOTICE. THIS SOFTWARE OR ANY OTHER
19 0019 1 *  COPIES THEREOF MAY NOT BE PROVIDED OR OTHERWISE MADE AVAILABLE TO ANY
20 0020 1 *  OTHER PERSON. NO TITLE TO AND OWNERSHIP OF THE SOFTWARE IS HEREBY
21 0021 1 *  TRANSFERRED.
22 0022 1 *
23 0023 1 *  THE INFORMATION IN THIS SOFTWARE IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE
24 0024 1 *  AND SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS A COMMITMENT BY DIGITAL EQUIPMENT
25 0025 1 *  CORPORATION.
26 0026 1 *
27 0027 1 *  DIGITAL ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE USE OR RELIABILITY OF ITS
28 0028 1 *  SOFTWARE ON EQUIPMENT WHICH IS NOT SUPPLIED BY DIGITAL.
29 0029 1 *
30 0030 1 *
31 0031 1 *****
32 0032 1
33 0033 1
34 0034 1 **
35 0035 1 FACILITY:      PATCH
36 0036 1
37 0037 1 ABSTRACT:      RST routines used primarily to rebuild RST data structures.
38 0038 1
39 0039 1
40 0040 1 ENVIRONMENT:  This module runs on VAX under VAX/VMS, user mode, non-AST level.
41 0041 1
42 0042 1 Author:      Kevin Pammett, August 12, 1977.
43 0043 1
44 0044 1 Version:     V02-008
45 0045 1
46 0046 1 MODIFIED BY:
47 0047 1
48 0048 1     V03-001 MTR0012      Mike Rhodes      16-Aug-1982
49 0049 1     Modify file names to remove duplicate file name usage
50 0050 1     between code and require files.
51 0051 1
52 0052 1     V02-008 PCG0001      Peter George    02-FFB-1981
53 0053 1     Add require statement for LIB$PATDEF.REQ
54 0054 1
55 0055 1 MODIFICATIONS:
56 0056 1
57 0057 1 NO  DATE          PROGRAMMER      PURPOSE

```

58	0058	1	--	----	-----	
59	0059	1				
60	0060	1	00	22-DEC-77	K.D. MORSE	
61	0061	1	01	24-JAN-78	K.D. MORSE	
62	0062	1	02	28-JAN-78	K.D. MORSE	
63	0063	1				
64	0064	1				
65	0065	1				
66	0066	1				
67	0067	1				
68	0068	1				
69	0069	1				
70	0070	1	03	04-APR-78	K.D. MORSE	
71	0071	1	04	18-APR-78	K.D. MORSE	
72	0072	1				
73	0073	1				
74	0074	1				
75	0075	1	05	25-APR-78	K.D. MORSE	
76	0076	1	06	18-MAY-78	K.D. MORSE	
77	0077	1				
78	0078	1				
79	0079	1				
80	0080	1	07	13-JUN-78	K.D. MORSE	
81	0081	1				
82	0082	1	--			

ADAPT VERSION 36 FOR PATCH.
ADD ERROR MSG PAT\$ MODNOTADD (37).
SET MODULE NOW WORRS FROM
THE COMMAND ARGUMENT LIST
OR FROM AN MC POINTER. (38)
SET MODULE AND CANCEL MODULE
UNDERSTAND /ALL. (39)
THE SAT/LVT ACCESSING LOGIC WAS
ADDED TO THE SORT FOR
PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT. (40)
NO CHANGES FOR 41.
CHANGE NXT SAT LVT TO
GET NXT SAT LVT AND MADE ACCESS
TO IT INCLUDE THE RECORD SIZE. 42
PUT IN SET AND CANCEL /ALL MODU. 43
CONVERT TO NATIVE COMPILER.
CANCEL MODULE ALSO NOT CAUSES
SCOPE TO BE CANCELLED IF BOTH
ARE THE SAME. (44)
NO CHANGES FOR VERS 45.
ADD FAO COUNTS TO SIGNALS.

```

84 0083 1 !
85 0084 1 ! TABLE OF CONTENTS:
86 0085 1 !
87 0086 1 !
88 0087 1 FORWARD ROUTINE
89 0088 1 PAT$GET_NXT_SAT,
90 0089 1 PAT$GET_NXT_LVT,
91 0090 1 GET_NXT_SAT_LVT,
92 0091 1 PAT$SET_MODULE : NOVALUE,
93 0092 1 PAT$CANC_MODULE : NOVALUE,
94 0093 1 PAT$SORT_SA_LVT : NOVALUE,
95 0094 1 DELE_SAT_LVT,
96 0095 1 EMPTY_SAT_LVT : NOVALUE,
97 0096 1
98 0097 1 UNLINK_NT_RECS : NOVALUE;
99 0098 1
100 0099 1 !
101 0100 1 ! INCLUDE FILES:
102 0101 1 !
103 0102 1 !
104 0103 1 LIBRARY 'SYSS$LIBRARY:LIB.L32';
105 0104 1 REQUIRE 'SRCS:PATPCT.REQ';
106 0144 1 REQUIRE 'LIBS:PATDEF.REQ';
107 0198 1 REQUIRE 'LIBS:PATMSG.REQ';
108 0372 1 REQUIRE 'SRCS:VXSMAC.REQ';
109 0437 1 REQUIRE 'SRCS:BSTRUC.REQ';
110 0513 1 REQUIRE 'SRCS:LISTEL.REQ';
111 0555 1 REQUIRE 'SRCS:PATGEN.REQ';
112 0777 1 REQUIRE 'SRCS:PATRTS.REQ';
113 1873 1 REQUIRE 'SRCS:SYSSER.REQ';

```

```

: Provide access to the SAT
: Provide access to the LVT
: ! Parameterized access to SAT/LVT.
: Add a <module list> to the RST.
: Delete a <module list> from the RST.
: Sort the LVT or SAT vector.
: Mark SAT or LVT records for deletion.
: Remove the SAT/LVT portion of a
: module from the RST.
: Remove NTs from hash chains.

```

! Defines literals

PATREB
V04-000

G 4
16-Sep-1984 01:05:57
15-Sep-1984 22:50:49

VAX-11 Bliss-32 V4.0-742
_S255\$DUA28:[PATCH.SRC]SYSSER.REQ;1

Page 4
(1)

PAT
V04

: R1905 1
: R1906 1
: R1907 1
: R1908 1
: R1909 1

SWITCHES LIST (SOURCE):

EXTERNAL ROUTINE
PAT\$fao_out;

! formats a line and outputs to the terminal

: R

```

: 114 1955 1
: 115 1956 1
: 116 1957 1 MACROS:
: 117 1958 1
: 118 1959 1
: 119 1960 1
: 120 1961 1 EQUATED SYMBOLS:
: 121 1962 1
: 122 1963 1
: 123 1964 1
: 124 1965 1 EXTERNAL REFERENCES:
: 125 1966 1
: 126 1967 1
: 127 1968 1 EXTERNAL
: 128 1969 1 PAT$GL_CONTEXT : BITVECTOR,
: 129 1970 1 PAT$GL_RST_BEGN,
: 130 1971 1 PAT$GL_CSP_PTR : REF PATHNAME VECTOR,
: 131 1972 1 PAT$GL_MC_PTR : REF MC_RECORD,
: 132 1973 1 PAT$GL_HEAD_LST;
: 133 1974 1
: 134 1975 1
: 135 1976 1 EXTERNAL ROUTINE
: 136 1977 1 PAT$ADD_MODULE,
: 137 1978 1 PAT$VS_FREE : NOVALUE,
: 138 1979 1 PAT$SAVE_SCOPE;

! CONTEXT QUALIFIER BITS (/ALL)
! ADDRESS OF START OF RST
! Pointer to the current SCOPE
! Pointer to the Module Chain (MC).
! pointer to expression arg list.

! Add a module's symbols to the RST.
! Release vector storage.
! CANCEL MODU may imply CANCEL SCOPE
```

```

: 140      1980 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE PAT$GET_NXT_SAT( ACCESS_FLAG ) =
: 141      1981 2 BEGIN
: 142      1982 2 RETURN( GET_NXT_SAT_LVT( .ACCESS_FLAG, RST_SAT_SIZE ) );
: 143      1983 1 END;

```

```

.TITLE PATREB
.IDENT \V04-000\

.EXTRN PAT$FAO_OUT, PAT$GL_CONTEXT
.EXTRN PAT$GL_RST_BEGN
.EXTRN PAT$GL_CSP_PTR, PAT$GL_MC_PTR
.EXTRN PAT$GL_HEAD_LST
.EXTRN PAT$ADD_MODULE, PAT$VS_FREE
.EXTRN PAT$SAVE_SCOPE
.WEAK ACCESS_CHECK

.PSECT _PAT$CODE,NOWRT,2

```

```

00000000V EF          04 0A DD 00002
                        AC DD 00004
                        02 FB 00007
                        04 0000E

```

```

.ENTRY PAT$GET_NXT_SAT, Save nothing      : 1980
PUSHL #10                                : 1982
PUSHL ACCESS_FLAG
CALLS #2, GET_NXT_SAT_LVT
RET                                        : 1983

```

; Routine Size: 15 bytes, Routine Base: _PAT\$CODE + 0000

```

: 144      1984 1
: 145      1985 1
: 146      1986 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE PAT$GET_NXT_LVT( ACCESS_FLAG ) =
: 147      1987 2 BEGIN
: 148      1988 2 RETURN( GET_NXT_SAT_LVT( .ACCESS_FLAG, RST_LVT_SIZE ) );
: 149      1989 1 END;

```

```

00000000V EF          04 06 DD 00002
                        AC DD 00004
                        02 FB 00007
                        04 0000E

```

```

.ENTRY PAT$GET_NXT_LVT, Save nothing      : 1986
PUSHL #6                                  : 1988
PUSHL ACCESS_FLAG
CALLS #2, GET_NXT_SAT_LVT
RET                                        : 1989

```

; Routine Size: 15 bytes, Routine Base: _PAT\$CODE + 000F


```
151 1990 1 ROUTINE GET_NXT_SAT_LVT( ACCESS_FLAG, RECORD_SIZE ) =
152 1991 1
153 1992 1
154 1993 1 **
155 1994 1 Functional Description:
156 1995 1 Provide access to the RST SAT or LVT structures.
157 1996 1 i.e. Allow sequential access to the SAT/LVT via
158 1997 1 successive calls to this 'mapping' routine
159 1998 1 so that the accessor has no built-in notion of
160 1999 1 just how this sequential access is achieved.
161 2000 1
162 2001 1 Formal Parameters:
163 2002 1
164 2003 1 access_flag - One of three (3) possible values which indicate
165 2004 1 what type of access this is.
166 2005 1 SA_ACCE_INIT - Initialize the OWN pointers for further
167 2006 1 access.
168 2007 1 SA_ACCE_RECS - Return the next record in the structure.
169 2008 1 SA_ACCE_FREE - Return the next record marked for deletion
170 2009 1 that is not in a module about to be deleted.
171 2010 1 record_size - The number of bytes in the record structure being accessed.
172 2011 1
173 2012 1 Implicit Inputs:
174 2013 1
175 2014 1 This routine defines how the SAT and LVT are accessed
176 2015 1 sequentially. This definition must correspond to the one
177 2016 1 that is also 'built-in' in the routine DBG$SORT_SA_LVT.
178 2017 1 The latter does not use this routine's definition because
179 2018 1 of the performance penalty we pay to do it. (all the ALLSes)
180 2019 1
181 2020 1 Some other routines also access the SAT/LVT 'on their own',
182 2021 1 but they restrict themselves to only looking at one storage vector's
183 2022 1 contribution to the SAT/LVT.
184 2023 1
185 2024 1 The MC storage descriptors for all MCs marked MC_IN_RST
186 2025 1 (this includes the one for globals) must be consistent.
187 2026 1
188 2027 1 Implicit Outputs:
189 2028 1
190 2029 1 none.
191 2030 1
192 2031 1 Routine Value:
193 2032 1
194 2033 1 0, when there are no more SAT or LVT records given the
195 2034 1 indicated ending criteria,
196 2035 1 Otherwise, a pointer to the appropriate record.
197 2036 1
198 2037 1 On the _INIT call, this routine returns the number of
199 2038 1 bytes in the SAT/LVT record which the _INIT
200 2039 1 was done for.
201 2040 1
202 2041 1 Side Effects:
203 2042 1
204 2043 1 The SAT or LVT is accessed sequentially.
205 2044 1 OWN storage is initialized and used.
206 2045 1 --
207 2046 1
```

```

208 2047 2 BEGIN
209 2048 2
210 2049 2 LABEL
211 2050 2 NEXT_MC_LOOP;
212 2051 2
213 2052 2
214 2053 2 OWN
215 2054 2 LAST_PTR : REF SAT_RECORD,
216 2055 2
217 2056 2 MC_PTR : REF MC_RECORD;
218 2057 2
219 2058 2 LOCAL
220 2059 2 STORE_DESC : REF VECT_STORE_DESC,
221 2060 2
222 2061 2 CURRENT,
223 2062 2
224 2063 2
225 2064 2
226 2065 2
227 2066 2 CURRENT_SAT_PTR : REF SAT_RECORD;
228 2067 2
229 2068 2
230 2069 2 !++
231 2070 2 ! Initialization mode processing is simple and contained. We simply set up a
232 2071 2 ! new context.
233 2072 2 !--
234 2073 2 IF (.access_flag EQL SL_ACCE_INIT)
235 2074 2 THEN
236 2075 2 BEGIN
237 2076 2 !++
238 2077 2 ! Set up so that the next call will find the
239 2078 2 ! first LVT or SAT record given the access criterion.
240 2079 2 !--
241 2080 2 MC_PTR = .PAT$GL_MC_PTR;
242 2081 2 LAST_PTR = 0;
243 2082 2 RETURN(.RECORD_SIZE);
244 2083 2
245 2084 2 END;
246 2085 2
247 2086 2 !++
248 2087 2 ! Iterate to set 'current' and 'current_sat_ptr' to point to
249 2088 2 ! the next record we want to consider.
250 2089 2 !--
251 2090 2 REPEAT
252 2091 2 NEXT_MC_LOOP:
253 2092 2 BEGIN
254 2093 2 !++
255 2094 2 ! Once we run off the end of the module chain
256 2095 2 ! there is no more of any kind of storage.
257 2096 2 !--
258 2097 2 IF (.MC_PTR EQL 0) AND (.LAST_PTR EQL 0)
259 2098 2 THEN
260 2099 2 RETURN(0);
261 2100 2
262 2101 2 !++
263 2102 2 ! See if this module is a possible candidate.
264 2103 2 !--

```

! Pointer to the record we returned on
! the previous call to this routine.
! Module that LAST_PTR was in.

! Pointer to the storage descriptor for the
! type of storage we are currently looking
! We keep two pointers to the SAT or LVT
! record currently under consideration.
! One, 'current', is NOT a SAT_POINTER becau
! such longword pointers aren't easily compa
! to the NT-pointers we get from storage des
! The other, 'current_sat_ptr' is a real SAT
! pointer which always corresponds to 'curre

! Return the record size so that we can
! localize this knowledge to this routine.

```

: 265      2104      3
: 266      2105      3
: 267      2106      4
: 268      2107      4
: 269      2108      4
: 270      2109      4
: 271      2110      5
: 272      2111      4
: 273      2112      4
: 274      2113      4
: 275      2114      5
: 276      2115      5
: 277      2116      5
: 278      2117      5
: 279      2118      5
: 280      2119      5
: 281      2120      5
: 282      2121      5
: 283      2122      4
: 284      2123      4
: 285      2124      4
: 286      2125      4
: 287      2126      4
: 288      2127      4
: 289      2128      6
: 290      2129      5
: 291      2130      4
: 292      2131      4
: 293      2132      4
: 294      2133      4
: 295      2134      4
: 296      2135      5
: 297      2136      4
: 298      2137      5
: 299      2138      5
: 300      2139      5
: 301      2140      5
: 302      2141      5
: 303      2142      6
: 304      2143      5
: 305      2144      5
: 306      2145      5
: 307      2146      5
: 308      2147      5
: 309      2148      5
: 310      2149      5
: 311      2150      5
: 312      2151      5
: 313      2152      5
: 314      2153      5
: 315      2154      5
: 316      2155      5
: 317      2156      5
: 318      2157      5
: 319      2158      5
: 320      2159      5
: 321      2160      5

```

```

IF .MC_PTR[MC_IN_RST]
THEN
  BEGIN
  !++
  ! The _FREE access type asks that we look only at
  ! MCs which are both _IN_RST and NOT _DYING.
  IF (.access_flag EQL SL_ACCE_FREE)
  THEN
    IF .MC_PTR[MC_IS_DYING]
    THEN
      BEGIN
      !++
      ! This module is soon to be deleted
      ! so there is no _FREE storage therein.
      ! Skip over this module completely.
      --
      MC_PTR = .MC_PTR [MC_NEXT];
      LEAVE NEXT_MC_LOOP;
      END;

      !++
      ! See if this module has any of the kind
      ! of storage we are looking for.
      --
      STORE_DESC = (IF (.RECORD_SIZE EQL RST_SAT_SIZE)
      THEN MC_PTR [MC_SAT_STORAGE]
      ELSE MC_PTR [MC_VT_STORAGE]);

      !++
      ! No storage is allocated if the 'begin' field is null.
      --
      IF (.STORE_DESC [STOR_BEGIN_RST] NEQ 0)
      THEN
        BEGIN
        !++
        ! Found the right place to look. Point
        ! to the next record within this module.
        --
        IF (.LAST_PTR EQL 0)
        THEN
          !++
          ! First time thru we start at the beginning
          --
          CURRENT = .STORE_DESC [STOR_BEGIN_RST]
        ELSE
          !++
          ! Subsequent times thru we assume that
          ! the records are contiguous and fixed-size.
          --
          CURRENT = .LAST_PTR + .RECORD_SIZE;

          !++
          ! The 'current' pointer must be within range and it
          ! must point to a record we are interested in, given
          ! the access criteria. Loop thru the storage for this
          ! module as long as there are still some to look at.

```

: R

```

: 322 2161 5
: 323 2162 6
: 324 2163 8
: 325 2164 7
: 326 2165 8
: 327 2166 8
: 328 2167 8
: 329 2168 8
: 330 2169 8
: 331 2170 8
: 332 2171 8
: 333 2172 8
: 334 2173 8
: 335 2174 8
: 336 2175 8
: 337 2176 8
: 338 2177 9
: 339 2178 8
: 340 2179 9
: 341 2180 9
: 342 2181 9
: 343 2182 9
: 344 2183 9
: 345 2184 10
: 346 2185 9
: 347 2186 9
: 348 2187 9
: 349 2188 8
: 350 2189 8
: 351 2190 9
: 352 2191 9
: 353 2192 9
: 354 2193 9
: 355 2194 9
: 356 2195 10
: 357 2196 9
: 358 2197 9
: 359 2198 8
: 360 2199 8
: 361 2200 8
: 362 2201 8
: 363 2202 8
: 364 2203 8
: 365 2204 8
: 366 2205 6
: 367 2206 6
: 368 2207 5
: 369 2208 5
: 370 2209 5
: 371 2210 5
: 372 2211 5
: 373 2212 5
: 374 2213 5
: 375 2214 5
: 376 2215 5
: 377 2216 5
: 378 2217 5

```

```

|--
IF (
(WHILE( .CURRENT LSSA .STORE_DESC [STOR_MARKER] )
DO
BEGIN
++
: Initialize the SAT_POINTER which
: corresponds to 'current'.
--
CURRENT_SAT_PTR = .CURRENT + .PAT$GL_RST_BEGN;

++
: As long as we are in range, we can imply skip
: along successive records until we get one
: which satisfies the given access criteria.
--
IF (.access_flag EQL SL_ACCE_RECS)
THEN
BEGIN
++
: Skip records which are marked
: for deletion. Anything else is OK.
--
IF (.CURRENT_SAT_PTR [SAT_NT_PTR] NEQ 1)
THEN
EXITLOOP(TRUE);
ELSE
BEGIN
++
: The FREE mode asks only for deleted
: records in NOT_DYING modules.
--
IF (.CURRENT_SAT_PTR [SAT_NT_PTR] EQL 1)
THEN
EXITLOOP(TRUE);
END;

++
: Skip along to the next record.
--
CURRENT = .CURRENT + .RECORD_SIZE;
END
) EQL TRUE
)
THEN
++
: We have found a valid record in the current module.
--
EXITLOOP;

++
: If we fall out of the above loop, there were no records
: in the current module which satisfied the access
: criteria. Set up so that when we look at the next
: module we will begin at the first record.

```

```

: 379
: 380
: 381
: 382
: 383
: 384
: 385
: 386
: 387
: 388
: 389
: 390
: 391
: 392
: 393
: 394
: 395
: 396
: 397
: 398
: 399
: 400
: 401

```

```

2218 5
2219 5
2220 4
2221 4
2222 4
2223 4
2224 4
2225 4
2226 3
2227 3
2228 3
2229 3
2230 3
2231 3
2232 3
2233 2
2234 2
2235 2
2236 2
2237 2
2238 2
2239 2
2240 1

```

```

!--
LAST_PTR = 0;
END;

!++
There is none of the kind of storage we are looking for so
loop back to consider the next module.
--
END;

!++
The current module is not in the RST so loop back to consider the next one.
--
MC_PTR = .MC_PTR [MC_NEXT];
END;

!++
Pass back the desired pointer having first stored it away in our OWN storage
so that we can pick it up on the next call.
--
LAST_PTR = .CURRENT;
RETURN(.CURRENT_SAT_PTR);
END;

```

.PSECT _PAT\$OWN,NOEXE,2

```

00000 LAST_PTR:
00004 MC_PTR: .BLKB 4

```

.PSECT _PAT\$CODE,NOWRT,2

007C 00000 GET_NXi_SAT_LVT:

					.WORD	Save R2,R3,R4,R5,R6	: 1990
56	00000000'	EF	9E	00002	MOVAB	MC_PTR, R6	
54	04	AC	D0	00009	MOVL	ACCESS_FLAG, R4	: 2073
		0F	12	0000D	BNEQ	1\$	
66	00000000G	EF	D0	0000F	MOVL	PAT\$GL_MC_PTR, MC_PTR	: 2080
		FC	A6	D4	CLRL	LAST_PTR	: 2081
50	08	AC	D0	00019	MOVL	RECORD_SIZE, R0	: 2082
			04	0001D	RET		
51		66	D0	0001E	1\$: MOVL	MC_PTR, R1	: 2097
		08	12	00021	BNEQ	2\$	
		FC	A6	D5	TSTL	LAST_PTR	
		03	12	00026	BNEQ	2\$	
		008C	31	00028	BRW	16\$	
52	00000000G	EF	D0	0002B	2\$: MOVL	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, R2	: 2104
51		52	C0	00032	ADDL2	R2, R1	
6B	03	A1	01	E1	BBC	#1, 3(R1), 13\$	
		03	54	D1	CMPL	R4, #3	: 2110
			05	12	BNEQ	3\$	
65	03	A1	06	E0	BBS	#6, 3(R1), 14\$: 2112
		0A	08	AC	D1	00044 3\$: CMPL	RECORD_SIZE, #10 : 2128

			0A	12	00048		BNEQ	4\$			
	51	66	52	C1	0004A		ADDL3	R2, MC_PTR, R1			2129
		50	23	A1	9E 0004E		MOVAB	35(R1), STORE_DESC			
	51	66	08	11	00052		BRB	5\$			
		50	52	C1	00054 4\$:		ADDL3	R2, MC_PTR, R1			2130
			2A	A1	9E 00058		MOVAB	42(R1), STORE_DESC			
			01	A0	B5 0005C 5\$:		TSTW	1(STORE_DESC)			2135
				44	13 0005F		BEQL	13\$			
		51	FC	A6	D0 00061		MOVL	LAST_PTR, R1			2142
				06	12 00065		BNEQ	6\$			
		53	01	A0	3C 00067		MOVZWL	1(STORE_DESC), CURRENT			2147
				05	11 0006B		BRB	7\$			
	53	51	08	AC	C1 0006D 6\$:		ADDL3	RECORD_SIZE, R1, CURRENT			2154
53	05	A0	00	ED	00072 7\$:		CMPZV	#0, #18, 5(STORE_DESC), CURRENT			2163
				20	1B 00078		BLEQU	11\$			
		53		52	C1 0007A		ADDL3	R2, CURRENT, CURRENT_SAT_PTR			2170
		01		54	D1 0007E		CMP	R4, #1			2177
				07	12 00081		BNEQ	8\$			
		01		65	B1 00083		CMPW	(CURRENT_SAT_PTR), #1			2184
				0C	13 00086		BEQL	10\$			
				05	11 00088		BRB	9\$			
		01		65	B1 0008A 8\$:		CMPW	(CURRENT_SAT_PTR), #1			2186
				05	12 0008D		BNEQ	10\$			
		51		01	D0 0008F 9\$:		MOVL	#1, R1			2197
				09	11 00092		BRB	12\$			
		53	08	AC	C0 00094 10\$:		ADDL2	RECORD_SIZE, CURRENT			2203
				D8	11 00098		BRB	7\$			2163
		51		01	CE 0009A 11\$:		MNEGL	#1, R1			
		01		51	D1 0009D 12\$:		CMP	R1, #1			2205
				0D	13 000A0		BEQL	15\$			
			FC	A6	D4 000A2		CLRL	LAST_PTR			2219
	51	66		52	C1 000A5 13\$:		ADDL3	R2, MC_PTR, R1			2231
		66		61	3C 000A9 14\$:		MOVZWL	(R1), MC_PTR			
			FF6F	31	000AC		BRW	1\$			2084
		FC	A6	53	D0 000AF 15\$:		MOVL	CURRENT, LAST_PTR			2238
		50		55	D0 000B3		MOVL	CURRENT_SAT_PTR, R0			2239
				04	000B6		RET				
				50	D4 000B7 16\$:		CLRL	R0			2240
				04	000B9		RET				

; Routine Size: 186 bytes, Routine Base: _PAT\$CODE + 001E

```

: 403 2241 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE PAT$SET_MODULE (MODULE_TO_SET) : NOVALUE =
: 404 2242 1
: 405 2243 1 !++
: 406 2244 1 ! Functional Description:
: 407 2245 1
: 408 2246 1     Add the symbols for a given list of modules, or /ALL modules to the RST.
: 409 2247 1
: 410 2248 1 ! Formal Parameters:
: 411 2249 1
: 412 2250 1     MODULE_TO_SET  -an MC pointer to the module we are
: 413 2251 1                   to add, or 0 => use the command
: 414 2252 1                   argument list or do SET /ALL.
: 415 2253 1
: 416 2254 1 !
: 417 2255 1 ! Implicit Inputs:
: 418 2256 1
: 419 2257 1     The expression list contains MC_PTRs to the indicated modules.
: 420 2258 1     If "SET MODULE /ALL" was specified, then the Module Chain points to
: 421 2259 1     all the modules to set.
: 422 2260 1
: 423 2261 1 ! Implicit Outputs:
: 424 2262 1
: 425 2263 1     The modules are added.
: 426 2264 1
: 427 2265 1 ! Return Value:
: 428 2266 1
: 429 2267 1     NOVALUE - This routine SIGNALs out if an error occurs.
: 430 2268 1
: 431 2269 1 ! Side Effects:
: 432 2270 1
: 433 2271 1     The symbols for the indicated modules get added to the RST.  If they
: 434 2272 1     are already there, PATCH merely returns.
: 435 2273 1     If an error occurs, a SIGNAL and UNWIND are performed.
: 436 2274 1 !--
: 437 2275 1
: 438 2276 2 BEGIN
: 439 2277 2
: 440 2278 2 LOCAL
: 441 2279 2     DO_SAT_SORT,           ! flags to control sorting.
: 442 2280 2     DO_LVT_SORT,
: 443 2281 2     POINTER,           ! Used to scan the arg list.
: 444 2282 2     MC_CHAIN : REF MC RECORD, ! POINTER TO CURRENT MODULE CHAIN ENTRY
: 445 2283 2     MC_PTR : REF MC RECORD,   ! Each arg is an MC pointer.
: 446 2284 2     STORE_DESC : REF VECT_STORE_DESC; ! We look at the storage descriptor
: 447 2285 2                                     ! associated with a module after we
: 448 2286 2                                     ! try to add it to see if SAT or LVT
: 449 2287 2                                     ! storage was allocated.
: 450 2288 2
: 451 2289 2 !++
: 452 2290 2 ! Assume that we won't have to (re)sort the LVT and SAT - an added module doesn't
: 453 2291 2 ! necessarily add anything to the LVT or SAT.
: 454 2292 2 !--
: 455 2293 2 DO_SAT_SORT = FALSE;
: 456 2294 2 DO_LVT_SORT = FALSE;
: 457 2295 2 MC_CHAIN = 0;
: 458 2296 2
: 459 2297 2 !++

```

```
460 2298 2 : If we were given a specific module to set, then we just assume that that is
461 2299 2 : the MC_PTR we want. Otherwise either DBG$GL_HEAD_LST points to an arg
462 2300 2 : list of MC_PTRs, or it is 0, which means that we are to try to set ALL modules.
463 2301 2 :--
464 2302 3 IF (.MODULE_TO_SET EQL 0)
465 2303 2 THEN
466 2304 3     IF ((POINTER = .PAT$GL_HEAD_LST) EQL 0)
467 2305 2     THEN
468 2306 2         MC_PTR = MC_CHAIN = .PAT$GL_MC_PTR;
469 2307 2
470 2308 2 :++
471 2309 2 : Loop thru the arg list or module chain trying to add the indicated modules to
472 2310 2 : the RST. Note that we skip over the MC reserved for globals if the MC chain
473 2311 2 : is being used.
474 2312 2 :--
475 2313 2 :--
476 2314 2 REPEAT
477 2315 3     BEGIN
478 2316 3     :++
479 2317 3     : PICK UP A POINTER TO THE MODULE TO BE SET.
480 2318 3     :--
481 2319 4     IF (.MC_CHAIN NEQ 0)
482 2320 3     THEN
483 2321 4         BEGIN
484 2322 4         :++
485 2323 4         : THE NEXT MODULE COMES FROM THE MODULE CHAIN. CHECK FOR END
486 2324 4         : OF THE CHAIN. This also skips the MC for globals.
487 2325 4         :--
488 2326 5         IF ((MC_PTR = .MC_PTR[MC_NEXT]) EQL 0)
489 2327 4         THEN
490 2328 4             EXITLOOP;
491 2329 4         END
492 2330 3     ELSE
493 2331 3     :++
494 2332 3     : THE NEXT MODULE IS EITHER ONE SPECIFICALLY REQUESTED OR
495 2333 3     : COMES FROM THE COMMAND ARGUMENT LIST.
496 2334 3     :--
497 2335 4     IF ((MC_PTR = .MODULE_TO_SET) EQL 0)
498 2336 3     THEN
499 2337 3         :++
500 2338 3         : EACH ARGUMENT IS A POINTER TO THE MC RECORD FOR
501 2339 3         : THE MODULE TO BE SET.
502 2340 3         :--
503 2341 3         MC_PTR = .LIST_ELEM_EXP1(.POINTER);
504 2342 3
505 2343 3     :++
506 2344 3     : NOW CHECK THAT THE MODULE IS NOT ALREADY IN THE RST.
507 2345 3     :--
508 2346 4     IF ( NOT .MC_PTR[MC_IN_RST])
509 2347 3     THEN
510 2348 4         BEGIN
511 2349 4         :++
512 2350 4         : Simply add the module the same way that the RST init
513 2351 4         : procedure would.
514 2352 4         :--
515 2353 5         IF (PAT$ADD_MODULE( .MC_PTR ))
516 2354 4         THEN
```



```

517 2355 5 BEGIN
518 2356 5 !++
519 2357 5 ! Note that the module has been added, and see
520 2358 5 ! if any LVT and/or SAT storage was allocated
521 2359 5 ! for it to avoid an unnecessary SORT later on.
522 2360 5 !--
523 2361 5 MC_PTR [MC_IN_RST] = TRUE;
524 2362 5 MC_PTR [MC_IS_DYING] = FALSE;
525 2363 5 STORE_DESC = MC_PTR [MC_SAT_STORAGE];
526 2364 6 IF (.STORE_DESC[STOR_BEGIN_RST] NEQ 0)
527 2365 5 THEN
528 2366 5 DO_SAT_SORT = TRUE;
529 2367 5 STORE_DESC = MC_PTR [MC_LVT_STORAGE];
530 2368 6 IF (.STORE_DESC[STOR_BEGIN_RST] NEQ 0)
531 2369 5 THEN
532 2370 5 DO_LVT_SORT = TRUE;
533 2371 5 END
534 2372 4 ELSE
535 2373 4 !++
536 2374 4 ! IF A LIST OF MODULES IS BEING SET, THIS MESSAGE MUST
537 2375 4 ! BE INFORMATIONAL BECAUSE A 'RETURN' MUST BE EXECUTED
538 2376 4 ! FROM HERE TO DO THE POST-MODULE 'SET' CLEANUP.
539 2377 4 ! OTHERWISE A SIGNAL CAN BE PERFORMED HERE AND OUT OF
540 2378 4 ! THE 'SET SCOPE' COMMAND AS WELL. BY SUBTRACTING
541 2379 4 ! ONE FROM THE INFORMATION ERROR CODE, PATCH CREATES
542 2380 4 ! A WARNING CODE.
543 2381 4 !--
544 2382 5 IF (.MODULE_TO_SET NEQ 0)
545 2383 4 THEN
546 2384 4 SIGNAL(PAT$MODNOTADD-1, 1, MC_PTR[MC_NAME_CS])
547 2385 4 ELSE
548 2386 4 SIGNAL(PAT$MODNOTADD, 1, MC_PTR[MC_NAME_CS]);
549 2387 3 END;
550 2388 3 !++
551 2389 3 ! Go back and look at the next arg if there is one.
552 2390 3 !--
553 2391 3 IF (.MODULE_TO_SET NEQ 0)
554 2392 4 THEN
555 2393 3 !++
556 2394 3 ! THERE IS NEVER A NEXT ONE IF ONLY ONE WAS SPECIFIED.
557 2395 3 !--
558 2396 3 EXITLOOP;
559 2397 3 !++
560 2398 3 ! A NEXT ONE MUST COME FROM THE MC CHAIN OR THE ARG LIST.
561 2399 3 !--
562 2400 3 IF (.MC_CHAIN EQL 0)
563 2401 3 THEN
564 2402 4 IF ((POINTER = .LIST_ELEM_FLINK(.POINTER)) EQL 0)
565 2403 3 THEN
566 2404 4 THEN
567 2405 3 EXITLOOP;
568 2406 3 END;
569 2407 2 !++
570 2408 2 ! If any SAT/LVT storage was allocated, then corresponding records have been
571 2409 2 ! added so we have to re-sort the structure.
572 2410 2
573 2411 2

```


		006D800A	8F	DD	0008F		PUSHL	#7176202	:	
			0F	11	00095		BRB	7\$:	
50		52	69	C1	00097	6\$:	ADDL3	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, MC_PTR, R0	:	2386
			A0	9F	0009B		PUSHAB	12(R0)	:	
			01	DD	0009E		PUSHL	#1	:	
		006D800B	8F	DD	000A0		PUSHL	#7176203	:	
	00000000G	00	03	FB	000A6	7\$:	CALLS	#3, LIB\$SIGNAL	:	
			55	D5	000AD	8\$:	TSTL	R5	:	2392
			0C	12	000AF		BNEQ	10\$:	
			56	D5	000B1		TSTL	MC_CHAIN	:	2402
			03	12	000B3		BNEQ	9\$-	:	
		54	64	D0	000B5		MOVL	(POINTER), POINTER	:	2404
			03	13	000B8	9\$:	BEQL	10\$:	
			FF70	31	000BA		BRW	1\$:	
		07	58	E9	000BD	10\$:	BLBC	DO SAT_SORT, 11\$:	2413
			FE64	CF	000C0		PUSHAB	PAT\$GET_NXT_SAT	:	2415
		6A	01	FB	000C4		CALLS	#1, PAT\$SORT_SA_LVT	:	
		07	57	E9	000C7	11\$:	BLBC	DO_LVT_SORT, -12\$:	2416
			FE69	CF	000CA		PUSHAB	PAT\$GET_NXT_LVT	:	2418
		6A	01	FB	000CE		CALLS	#1, PAT\$SORT_SA_LVT	:	
			04	000D1	12\$:		RET		:	2420

; Routine Size: 210 bytes, Routine Base: _PAT\$CODE + 00D8

; R

```

: 584 2421 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE PAT$CANC_MODULE : NOVALUE =
: 585 2422 1
: 586 2423 1 !++
: 587 2424 1 ! Functional Description:
: 588 2425 1
: 589 2426 1 ! Delete the symbols for a given list of module names from the RST,
: 590 2427 1 ! or delete /ALL modules. If the SCOPE is set to a module that is to be
: 591 2428 1 ! cancelled, then the SCOPE is also cancelled.
: 592 2429 1
: 593 2430 1 ! Implicit Inputs:
: 594 2431 1
: 595 2432 1 ! Context bit if /ALL was specified or not.
: 596 2433 1 ! The expression list contains MC_PTRs to the indicated modules.
: 597 2434 1
: 598 2435 1 ! Implicit Outputs:
: 599 2436 1
: 600 2437 1 ! none.
: 601 2438 1
: 602 2439 1 ! Return Value:
: 603 2440 1
: 604 2441 1 ! NOVALUE
: 605 2442 1
: 606 2443 1 ! Side Effects:
: 607 2444 1
: 608 2445 1 ! The symbols for the indicated modules are deleted from the RST.
: 609 2446 1 ! If the symbols are not set, PATCH merely returns. If an error occurs,
: 610 2447 1 ! then a SIGNAL and UNWIND are performed.
: 611 2448 1 ! --
: 612 2449 1
: 613 2450 2 BEGIN
: 614 2451 2
: 615 2452 2 LOCAL
: 616 2453 2 MC_CHAIN : REF MC_RECORD, ! Pointer to scan module chain
: 617 2454 2 POINTER, ! Used to scan the arg list.
: 618 2455 2 SHRINK_LVT, ! Number of LVT records freed up.
: 619 2456 2 SHRINK_SAT, ! Number of SAT records freed up.
: 620 2457 2 MC_PTR : REF MC_RECORD;
: 621 2458 2
: 622 2459 2 !++
: 623 2460 2 ! If the module names come from the command argument list, then check the
: 624 2461 2 ! consistency of the list. Otherwise, initialize in preparation for the
: 625 2462 2 ! "CANCEL MODULE /ALL" command.
: 626 2463 2 ! --
: 627 2464 2 MC_CHAIN = 0;
: 628 2465 3 IF ((POINTER = .PAT$GL_HEAD_LST) EQL 0)
: 629 2466 2 THEN
: 630 2467 2 MC_PTR = MC_CHAIN = .PAT$GL_MC_PTR;
: 631 2468 2
: 632 2469 2 !++
: 633 2470 2 ! To avoid having to shrink the SAT or LVT when unnecessary, initialize
: 634 2471 2 ! the flags (actually, counts) which indicate whether or not any records have
: 635 2472 2 ! been removed from the corresponding data structures.
: 636 2473 2 ! --
: 637 2474 2 SHRINK_LVT = 0;
: 638 2475 2 SHRINK_SAT = 0;
: 639 2476 2
: 640 2477 2 !++

```

```

641 2478 2 ! Loop thru the arg list trying to delete the indicated modules from the RST.
642 2479 2 !--
643 2480 2 REPEAT
644 2481 3 BEGIN
645 2482 4 IF (.MC_CHAIN NEQ 0)
646 2483 3 THEN
647 2484 4 BEGIN
648 2485 4 ++
649 2486 4 | The next module name comes from the module chain. Check
650 2487 4 | for the end of the chain.
651 2488 4 |--
652 2489 5 IF ((MC_PTR = .MC_PTR[MC_NEXT]) EQL 0)
653 2490 4 THEN
654 2491 4 | EXITLOOP;
655 2492 4 END
656 2493 3 ELSE
657 2494 3 ++
658 2495 3 | The next module name comes from the command argument list.
659 2496 3 | Each argument is a pointer to the MC record for the module
660 2497 3 | to be deleted.
661 2498 3 |--
662 2499 3 MC_PTR = .LIST_ELEM_EXP1(.POINTER);
663 2500 3
664 2501 3 ++
665 2502 3 | Don't try to delete one which is not already there,
666 2503 3 | and don't complain if we are asked to.
667 2504 3 |--
668 2505 4 IF (.MC_PTR [MC_IN_RST])
669 2506 3 THEN
670 2507 4 BEGIN
671 2508 4 ++
672 2509 4 | Zero out all LVT or SAT records which correspond
673 2510 4 | to NT records which we are about to release.
674 2511 4 |--
675 2512 4 SHRINK_SAT = .SHRINK SAT +
676 2513 4 | DELE_SAT_LVT[ MC_PTR [MC_NT_STORAGE], PAT$GET_NXT_SAT );
677 2514 4 SHRINK_LVT = .SHRINK LVT +
678 2515 4 | DELE_SAT_LVT[ MC_PTR [MC_NT_STORAGE], PAT$GET_NXT_LVT );
679 2516 4
680 2517 4
681 2518 4 ++
682 2519 4 | If we have just cancelled a module into which the current
683 2520 4 | SCOPE is pointing, we cancel that scope so as to let the
684 2521 4 | user know it is useless.
685 2522 4 |--
686 2523 5 IF (.PAT$GL_CSP_PTR NEQA 0)
687 2524 4 THEN
688 2525 5 BEGIN
689 2526 5 LOCAL
690 2527 5 | CS_PTR : CS_POINTER;
691 2528 5
692 2529 5 ++
693 2530 5 | Pick up the first entry in the CSP pathname vector
694 2531 5 | since that is the module name and is all we have
695 2532 5 | to look at to see if the CSP "points into" the
696 2533 5 | module we have just cancelled.
697 2534 5 |--

```

```
698 2535 5 CS_PTR = .PAT$GL_CSP_PTR[0];
699 2536 6 IF (CH$EQL(.CS_PTR[0], CS_PTR[1], .MC_PTR[MC_NAME_CS],
700 2537 6 MC_PTR[MC_NAME_ADDR]))
701 2538 5 THEN
702 2539 5 PAT$SAVE_SCOPE(FALSE); ! Cancel the SCOPE
703 2540 4 END;
704 2541 4
705 2542 4 !++
706 2543 4 ! Note that the module is about to be cancelled. We can't turn
707 2544 4 ! off MC_IN_RST yet because the access functions still use that
708 2545 4 ! flag and there are still valid records in the storage
709 2546 4 ! associated with this module.
710 2547 4 !--
711 2548 4 MC_PTR [MC_IS_DYING] = TRUE;
712 2549 4
713 2550 4 !++
714 2551 4 ! Unlink all NT records for this module from the hash chains
715 2552 4 ! they are currently in, and release the vector storage taken
716 2553 4 ! by them.
717 2554 4 !--
718 2555 4 UNLINK_NT_RECS( .MC_PTR );
719 2556 4 PAT$VS_FREE( MC_PTR [MC_NT_STORAGE] );
720 2557 3 END;
721 2558 3 !++
722 2559 3 ! Check if there is another module name.
723 2560 4 !--
724 2561 3 IF (.MC_CHAIN EQL 0)
725 2562 4 THEN
726 2563 3 IF ((POINTER = .LIST_ELEM_FLINK(.POINTER)) EQL 0)
727 2564 3 THEN
728 2565 2 EXITLOOP;
729 2566 2 END;
730 2567 2 !++
731 2568 2 ! For each module to be cancelled, we still have associated SAT/LVT storage
732 2569 2 ! which probably contains records that correspond to other modules. We must
733 2570 2 ! move these to safer ground and then actually free up the storage.
734 2571 2 !--
735 2572 3 IF (.SHRINK_SAT NEQ 0)
736 2573 2 THEN
737 2574 2 EMPTY_SAT_LVT( PAT$GET_NXT_SAT );
738 2575 3 IF (.SHRINK_LVT NEQ 0)
739 2576 2 THEN
740 2577 2 EMPTY_SAT_LVT( PAT$GET_NXT_LVT );
741 2578 2
742 2579 2 !++
743 2580 2 ! All modules previously _DYING are now dead.
744 2581 2 !--
745 2582 2 MC_PTR = .PAT$GL_MC_PTR;
746 2583 3 WHILE( (MC_PTR = .MC_PTR [MC_NEXT]) NEQ 0 )
747 2584 2 DO
748 2585 3 BEGIN
749 2586 4 IF (.MC_PTR [MC_IS_DYING])
750 2587 3 THEN
751 2588 3 !++
752 2589 3 ! Once _IN_RST is FALSE almost no other flags are believed.
753 2590 3 !--
754 2591 3 MC_PTR [MC_IN_RST] = FALSE;
```


			03	13	000B9	7\$:	BEQL	8\$			
			FF6A	31	000BB		BRW	2\$			
			57	D5	000BE	8\$:	TSTL	SHRINK_SAT		2572	
			09	13	000C0		BEQL	9\$			
			5A	DD	000C2		PUSHL	R10		2574	
	0000000V	EF	01	FB	000C4		CALLS	#1, EMPTY_SAT_LVT			
			58	D5	000CB	9\$:	TSTL	SHRINK_LVT		2575	
			0A	13	000CD		BEQL	10\$			
			OF	AA	9F	000CF	PUSHAB	PAT\$GET_NXT_LVT		2577	
	0000000V	EF	01	FB	000D2		CALLS	#1, EMPTY_SAT_LVT			
		54	68	D0	000D9	10\$:	MOVL	PAT\$GL_MC_PTR, MC_PTR		2582	
	50	54	69	C1	000DC	11\$:	ADDL3	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, MC_PTR, R0		2583	
		54	60	3C	000E0		MOVZWL	(R0), MC_PTR			
			OF	13	000E3		BEQL	12\$			
	50	54	69	C1	000E5		ADDL3	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, MC_PTR, R0		2586	
	EE	03	06	E1	000E9		BBC	#6, 3(R0), -11\$			
		03	02	8A	000EE		BICB2	#2, 3(R0)		2591	
			E8	11	000F2		BRB	11\$		2583	
				04	000F4	12\$:	RET			2593	

; Routine Size: 245 bytes, Routine Base: _PAT\$CODE + 01AA


```

: 758 2594 1 ROUTINE UNLINK_NT_RECS( MC_PTR ) : NOVALUE =
: 759 2595 1
: 760 2596 1 !++
: 761 2597 1 ! Functional Description:
: 762 2598 1
: 763 2599 1 ! Remove all NT records for the module indicated by MC_PTR from the
: 764 2600 1 ! hash chains they are in. This is done in preparation for removing the
: 765 2601 1 ! indicated module from the RST completely.
: 766 2602 1
: 767 2603 1 ! Formal Parameters:
: 768 2604 1
: 769 2605 1 ! MC_PTR -An RST pointer to the MC entry for
: 770 2606 1 ! the module we are to unlink NTs for.
: 771 2607 1
: 772 2608 1 ! Implicit Inputs:
: 773 2609 1
: 774 2610 1 ! The NT records for the indicated module are all in contiguous storage
: 775 2611 1 ! (the so-called 'vector storage' for that module), and one can
: 776 2612 1 ! 'go thru' this vector and pick out the NT records given the data therein.
: 777 2613 1 ! (Now we use RST_NT_OVERHEAD and the count byte for the associated symbol
: 778 2614 1 ! name - but any 'contained' method will do).
: 779 2615 1
: 780 2616 1 ! Implicit Outputs:
: 781 2617 1
: 782 2618 1 ! All existing hash chains are correctly re-linked,
: 783 2619 1 ! bypassing all NTs for the indicated module.
: 784 2620 1
: 785 2621 1 ! Return Value:
: 786 2622 1
: 787 2623 1 ! NOVALUE - we make no checks on the given data.
: 788 2624 1 ! --
: 789 2625 1
: 790 2626 2 BEGIN
: 791 2627 2
: 792 2628 2 MAP
: 793 2629 2 MC_PTR : REF MC_RECORD;
: 794 2630 2
: 795 2631 2 LOCAL
: 796 2632 2 NT_PTR : REF NT_RECORD, ! Pointer we use to go thru the storage
: 797 2633 2 ! vector of NT records.
: 798 2634 2 NT_VEC_DESC : REF VECT_STORE_DESC; ! We use the MC-contained descriptor of
: 799 2635 2 ! the vector storage for the indicated NTs.
: 800 2636 2
: 801 2637 2 !++
: 802 2638 2 ! Pick up the vector storage descriptor for the indicated NT records.
: 803 2639 2 ! --
: 804 2640 2 NT_VEC_DESC = MC_PTR [MC_NT_STORAGE];
: 805 2641 2
: 806 2642 2 !++
: 807 2643 2 ! The first NT record begins in the first byte of the storage vector, and
: 808 2644 2 ! the storage 'marker' field has been set to the first byte of unallocated
: 809 2645 2 ! storage.
: 810 2646 2 ! --
: 811 2647 2 NT_PTR = .NT_VEC_DESC [STOR_BEGIN_RST];
: 812 2648 2
: 813 2649 2 !++
: 814 2650 2 ! Go thru the storage vector sequentially.

```

```

: 815 2651 2 !--
: 816 2652 3 WHILE( .NT_PTR LSSA .NT_VEC_DESC [STOR_MARKER] )
: 817 2653 2 DO
: 818 2654 2 BEGIN
: 819 2655 2 LOCAL
: 820 2656 2     BACKWARD_NT : REF NT_RECORD,
: 821 2657 2     FORWARD_NT : REF NT_RECORD;
: 822 2658 2
: 823 2659 2     !++
: 824 2660 2     Pick up the two links (forward and backward) which indicate where in
: 825 2661 2     the hash chain this NT record is.
: 826 2662 2     --
: 827 2663 2     BACKWARD_NT = .NT_PTR [NT_BACKWARD];
: 828 2664 2     FORWARD_NT = .NT_PTR [NT_FORWARD];
: 829 2665 2
: 830 2666 2     !++
: 831 2667 2     Unlink the NT record from its hash chain, i.e. Make the forward
: 832 2668 2     pointer of our back NT record point to the one after us. Note that
: 833 2669 2     if our back pointer points back to the hash chain, then we are
: 834 2670 2     actually overwriting the RST pointer in that hash chain entry (as we
: 835 2671 2     want to). This is why NT_FORWARD must be the first 2 bytes of an NT record.
: 836 2672 2     --
: 837 2673 2     BACKWARD_NT [NT_FORWARD] = .FORWARD_NT;
: 838 2674 2
: 839 2675 2     !++
: 840 2676 2     If we are not at the end of the hash chain, we must connect up the
: 841 2677 2     hole we are making by unlinking this NT record.
: 842 2678 2     --
: 843 2679 2     IF (.FORWARD_NT NEQ 0)
: 844 2680 2     THEN
: 845 2681 2         FORWARD_NT [NT_BACKWARD] = .BACKWARD_NT;
: 846 2682 2
: 847 2683 2     !++
: 848 2684 2     Find the next NT record in the vector by adding the overhead bytes
: 849 2685 2     (fixed) for each record to the count bytes for the name.
: 850 2686 2     --
: 851 2687 2     NT_PTR = .NT_PTR + RST_NT_OVERHEAD + .NT_PTR [NT_NAME_CS];
: 852 2688 2     END;
: 853 2689 2
: 854 2690 2 !++
: 855 2691 2 ! All NT records are successfully unlinked.
: 856 2692 2 --
: 857 2693 1 END;

```

```

                                003C 0000 UNLINK_NT RECS:
                                .WORD   Save R2,R3,R4,R5                : 2594
                                MOVL    PAT$GL_RST_BEGN, R5             : 2640
50                                ADDL3  MC_PTR, R5, R0
                                ADDL2  #28, NT_VEC_DESC
54                                MOVZWL 1(NT_VEC_DESC), NT_PTR         : 2647
10                                CMPZV  #0, #16, 5(NT_VEC_DESC), NT_PTR : 2652
                                BLEQU  3$
53                                ADDL3  R5, NT_PTR, R3                 : 2663

```


973	2808	4
974	2809	4
975	2810	5
976	2811	4
977	2812	5
978	2813	5
979	2814	5
980	2815	5
981	2816	5
982	2817	5
983	2818	5
984	2819	5
985	2820	5
986	2821	5
987	2822	5
988	2823	6
989	2824	5
990	2825	6
991	2826	6
992	2827	6
993	2828	6
994	2829	7
995	2830	6
996	2831	7
997	2832	7
998	2833	7
999	2834	7
1000	2835	7
1001	2836	7
1002	2837	7
1003	2838	7
1004	2839	7
1005	2840	7
1006	2841	7
1007	2842	7
1008	2843	6
1009	2844	6
1010	2845	6
1011	2846	6
1012	2847	6
1013	2848	6
1014	2849	5
1015	2850	5
1016	2851	5
1017	2852	5
1018	2853	5
1019	2854	5
1020	2855	5
1021	2856	4
1022	2857	4
1023	2858	4
1024	2859	4
1025	2860	4
1026	2861	4
1027	2862	4
1028	2863	3
1029	2864	2

```

|--
CURRENT = .END_MARKER;
WHILE( .CURRENT LSSA .END_MARKER )
DO
BEGIN
++
Construct a SAT pointer to correspond to the
current place in the storage vector.
|--
CURRENT_SAT_PTR = .CURRENT + .PAT$GL_RST_BEGN;

++
We only want to deal with records not marked for
deletion.
|--
IF (.CURRENT_SAT_PTR [SAT_NT_PTR] NEQ 1)
THEN
BEGIN
++
See if there is some place to put this record.
|--
IF ((NEXT_FREE = (.access_function)(SL_ACCE_FREE)) EQL 0)
THEN
BEGIN
++
This should never happen because the
storage for a given module should be
big enough to contain all SATs/LVTs for
that module. If this is the number of
records marked for deletion, any real
records left herein should correspond to
outside records now marked for deletion.
|--
$FAO TT_OUT('!/empty free storage error');
RETURN;
END;

++
Move the valid record to a safe place.
|--
CHSMOVE( .record_size, .CURRENT_SAT_PTR, .NEXT_FREE );
END;

++
Go back to look at the next record in the
current vector storage.
|--
CURRENT = .CURRENT + .RECORD_SIZE;
END;

++
All records are now moved to a safe place so we
can free up the associated vector storage.
|--
PAT$VS_FREE( .STORE_DESC );
END;
! Go back to consider the next DYING module
! Go back and consider the next module in th

```

END:

```

: 1030      2865  2
: 1031      2866  2
: 1032      2867  2  !++
: 1033      2868  2  ! ALL SAT/LVT storage has been freed up - we still have to leave what's left in
: 1034      2869  2  ! order so that the accessing functions can use them. (LOOKUP SAT/LVT)
: 1035      2870  2  ! PAT$SORT_SA_LVT believes MC_IN_RST which is at this point untrue, but since
: 1036      2871  2  ! the associated storage descriptor has been zeroed out, the accessing function
: 1037      2872  2  ! will work OK.
: 1038      2873  2  !
: 1039      2874  2  ! PAT$SORT_SA_LVT( .access_function );
: 1040      2875  1  ! END;
: INFO#212      Li:2841
: Null expression appears in value-required context

```

```

.PSECT _PAT$PLIT,NOWRT,NOEXE,0
74 73 20 65 65 72 66 20 79 74 70 6D 65 2F 1A 00000 P.AAA: .BYTE 26
72 6F 72 72 65 20 65 67 61 72 6F 00001 .ASCII \!/empty free storage error\
72 6F 00010

.PSECT _PAT$CODE,NOWRT,2
OFFC 00000 EMPTY_SAT_LVT:
5E 04 C2 00002 .WORD Save R2,R3,R4,R5,R6,R7,R8,R9,R10,R11 : 2694
7E D4 00005 .SUBL2 #4, SP : 2768
04 BC 01 FB 00007 .CLRL -(SP)
6E 50 D0 0000B .CALLS #1, @ACCESS_FUNCTION
57 00000000G EF D0 0000E .MOVL R0, RECORD_SIZE : 2775
50 57 00000000G EF C1 00015 1$: .MOVL PAT$GL_MC_PTR, MC_PTR : 2776
57 60 3C 0001D .ADDL3 PAT$GL_RST_BEGN, MC_PTR, R0
76 13 00020 .MOVZWL (R0), MC_PTR
50 57 00000000G EF C1 00022 .BEQL 8$ : 2783
E6 03 A0 01 E1 0002A .ADDL3 PAT$GL_RST_BEGN, MC_PTR, R0
E1 03 A0 06 E1 0002F .BBC #1, 3(R0), 1$
51 FCE4 CF 9E 00034 .BBC #6, 3(R0), 1$ : 2790
51 04 AC D1 00039 .MOVAB PAT$GET_NXT_SAT, R1
56 23 A0 9E 0003F .CML ACCESS_FUNCTION, R1 : 2791
56 2A A0 9E 00045 2$: .BNEQ 2$ : 2792
59 05 A6 3C 00049 3$: .BRB 3$ : 2801
58 01 A6 3C 0004D .MOVZWL 5(STORE_DESC), END_MARKER : 2802
03 12 00051 .MOVZWL 1(STORE_DESC), CURRENT
58 59 D0 00053 .BNEQ 4$ : 2809
59 58 D1 00056 4$: .MOVL END_MARKER, CURRENT : 2810
31 1E 00059 .CML CURRENT, END_MARKER
5A 58 00000000G EF C1 0005B .BGEQU 7$ : 2817
01 6A B1 00063 .ADDL3 PAT$GL_RST_BEGN, CURRENT, CURRENT_SAT_PTR : 2823
1F 13 00066 .CMPW (CURRENT_SAT_PTR), #1
03 DD 00068 .BEQL 6$ : 2829
04 BC 01 FB 0006A .PUSHL #3
5B 50 D0 0006E .CALLS #1, @ACCESS_FUNCTION
.MOVL R0, NEXT_FREE

```

			10	12	00071	BNEQ	5\$		
			7E	D4	00073	CLRL	-(SP)		2841
		00000000'	EF	9F	00075	PUSHAB	P,AAA		
			02	FB	0007B	CALLS	#2, PAT\$FAO_OUT		
				04	00082	RET			2831
6B	6A		6E	28	00083	MOVCL3	RECORD_SIZE, (CURRENT_SAT_PTR), (NEXT_FREE)		2848
	58		6E	C0	00087	ADDL2	RECORD_SIZE, CURRENT		2855
			CA	11	0008A	BRB	4\$		2810
			56	DD	0008C	PUSHL	STORE_DESC		2862
		00000000G	EF	01	FB	CALLS	#1, PAT\$VS_FREE		
				FF7D	31	BRW	1\$		2776
			04	AC	DD	PUSHL	ACCESS_FUNCTION		2873
		00000000V	EF	01	FB	CALLS	#1, PAT\$SORT_SA_LVT		
				04	000A2	RET			2875

; Routine Size: 163 bytes, Routine Base: _PAT\$CODE + 02E4


```

: 1042 2876 1 GLOBAL ROUTINE PAT$SORT_SA_LVT( ACCESS_FUNCTION ) : NOVALUE =
: 1043 2877 1
: 1044 2878 1 !++
: 1045 2879 1 Functional Description:
: 1046 2880 1
: 1047 2881 1     This routine is an unspeakably inefficient, (shell) sort
: 1048 2882 1     suitable to sort either the LVT or the SAT into ascending order.
: 1049 2883 1     It is necessary because access to the LVT or SAT assumes that
: 1050 2884 1     it has been done.
: 1051 2885 1
: 1052 2886 1 Formal Parameters:
: 1053 2887 1
: 1054 2888 1     ACCESS_FUNCTION -The function which must be called to
: 1055 2889 1     gain sequential access to the SAT or LVT.
: 1056 2890 1
: 1057 2891 1 Implicit Inputs: (assumptions)
: 1058 2892 1
: 1059 2893 1     SATs/LVTs are accessed via longword pointers, vector
: 1060 2894 1     storage descriptors contain RST-pointers, and CH$MOVE
: 1061 2895 1     works with the same kind of pointer as SAT_POINTER does.
: 1062 2896 1
: 1063 2897 1     The SAT_RECORD structure is appropriate for either type of
: 1064 2898 1     vector providing that we only use the _NT_PTR and _LB fields.
: 1065 2899 1
: 1066 2900 1     A temporary SAT record is large enough to contain an LVT record.
: 1067 2901 1
: 1068 2902 1     The sort is on the _LB field, which corresponds to the _VALUE
: 1069 2903 1     field in LVT records. The comparison is UNSIGNED.
: 1070 2904 1
: 1071 2905 1 Implicit Outputs:
: 1072 2906 1
: 1073 2907 1     None.
: 1074 2908 1
: 1075 2909 1 Routine Value:
: 1076 2910 1
: 1077 2911 1     NOVALUE
: 1078 2912 1
: 1079 2913 1 Side Effects:
: 1080 2914 1
: 1081 2915 1     The SAT/LVT vector is sorted into ascending order.
: 1082 2916 1
: 1083 2917 1     This routine knows the difference between RST pointers and 'real'
: 1084 2918 1     pointers. (The former are stored in VECT_STORE_DESCS and the latter
: 1085 2919 1     are used to reference SAT/LVT structures.)
: 1086 2920 1 --
: 1087 2921 1
: 1088 2922 2 BEGIN
: 1089 2923 2
: 1090 2924 2 LABEL
: 1091 2925 2     INIT_LOOP,
: 1092 2926 2     SORT_LOOP;
: 1093 2927 2
: 1094 2928 2 LOCAL
: 1095 2929 2     MC_PTR : REF MC_RECORD,           ! Current module pointer
: 1096 2930 2     STORE_DESC : REF VECT_STORE_DESC, ! Storage within the current module
: 1097 2931 2     NXT_MC_PTR : REF MC_RECORD,       ! Pointer to next module
: 1098 2932 2     NXT_STORE_DESC : REF VECT_STORE_DESC, ! Storage within the next module

```

```

1099
1100
1101
1102
1103
1104
1105
1106
1107
1108
1109
1110
1111
1112
1113
1114
1115
1116
1117
1118
1119
1120
1121
1122
1123
1124
1125
1126
1127
1128
1129
1130
1131
1132
1133
1134
1135
1136
1137
1138
1139
1140
1141
1142
1143
1144
1145
1146
1147
1148
1149
1150
1151
1152
1153
1154
1155

```

```

2933 2 SAT FLAG,
2934 2 ELEMENT_SIZE,
2935 2 REC_PTR = REF SAT_RECORD;
2936 2
2937 2
2938 2
2939 2
2940 2
2941 2
2942 2
2943 2
2944 2
2945 2
2946 2
2947 2
2948 2
2949 2
2950 2
2951 2
2952 2
2953 2
2954 2
2955 2
2956 2
2957 2
2958 2
2959 2
2960 2
2961 2
2962 2
2963 2
2964 2
2965 2
2966 2
2967 2
2968 2
2969 2
2970 2
2971 2
2972 2
2973 2
2974 2
2975 2
2976 2
2977 2
2978 2
2979 2
2980 2
2981 2
2982 2
2983 2
2984 2
2985 2
2986 2
2987 2
2988 2
2989 2

```

```

! 1=SAT, 0=LVT SORT
! The number of bytes in a SAT/LVT record.
! Declare a pointer which is suitable for us
! a REF SAT_RECORD as well as a REF LVT_RECO
! This pointer is used to sequentially go th
! the indicated vector to do the sort.

```

```

++
The (shell) sort works by going thru the vector sequentially, considering
each element, finding the minimum of those which are left, and swapping
this minimum with the current one if such a minimum can be found.

REC_PTR points to the record currently under consideration.
MIN_PTR points to the smallest one of those left.
TMP_PTR is used to deduce what MIN_PTR should be.

Set up to begin accessing the LVT or SAT.
--
ELEMENT_SIZE = (.ACCESS_FUNCTION)( SL ACCE_INIT );
SAT_FLAG = .ACCESS_FUNCTION EQL PAT$GET_NXT_SAT;
MC_PTR = .PAT$GL_MC_PTR;
REPEAT
  INIT_LOOP:
  BEGIN
  ++
  Check for the end of the module chain.
  --
  IF (.MC_PTR EQL 0)
  THEN
  ++
  The SAT/LVT structure is completely empty. This is not a
  sort error.
  --
  RETURN(TRUE);

  ++
  The current module is to be ignored if the user has not brought it
  into the RST.
  --
  IF NOT .MC_PTR[MC_IN_RST]
  THEN
  BEGIN
  MC_PTR = .MC_PTR[MC_NEXT];
  LEAVE INIT_LOOP;
  END;

  ++
  Check if this module has any of the kind of storage sought.
  No storage is allocated if the "BEGIN" field is null.
  --
  STORE_DESC = (IF .SAT_FLAG
  THEN MC_PTR[MC_SAT_STORAGE]
  ELSE MC_PTR[MC_LVT_STORAGE]);
  IF (.STORE_DESC[STOR_BEGIN_RST] EQL 0)
  THEN
  BEGIN
  MC_PTR = .MC_PTR[MC_NEXT];

```

```

: 1156      2990      4      LEAVE INIT_LOOP;
: 1157      2991      4      END;
: 1158      2992      4
: 1159      2993      4
: 1160      2994      4      !++
: 1161      2995      4      ! The first SAT/LVT record has been found.  Discontinue looping.
: 1162      2996      4      !--
: 1163      2997      4      REC_PTR = .STORE_DESC[STOR_BEGIN_RST] + .PAT$GL_RST_BEGN;
: 1164      2998      4      EXITLOOP;
: 1165      2999      4      END;
: 1166      3000      2      !++
: 1167      3001      2      ! There is at least one record in the logical SAT/LVT structure.  Now loop
: 1168      3002      2      ! to actually do the sort.
: 1169      3003      2      !--
: 1170      3004      3      REPEAT
: 1171      3005      3      BEGIN
: 1172      3006      3      LABEL
: 1173      3007      3      LOCAL
: 1174      3008      3      NXT_STORE : REF VECT_STORE_DESC,
: 1175      3009      3      TMP_STORE : REF VECT_STORE_DESC,
: 1176      3010      3      FIRST_FLAG,
: 1177      3011      3      NXT_MC_PTR : REF MC_RECORD,
: 1178      3012      3      TMP_MC_PTR : REF MC_RECORD,
: 1179      3013      3      MIN_PTR : REF SAT_RECORD,
: 1180      3014      3      NXT_PTR,
: 1181      3015      3      TMP_PTR;
: 1182      3016      3      TMP_PTR = .REC_PTR - .PAT$GL_RST_BEGN,
: 1183      3017      3      MIN_PTR = .REC_PTR;
: 1184      3018      3      !++
: 1185      3019      3      ! Find the minimum of those left.
: 1186      3020      3      !--
: 1187      3021      3      FIRST_FLAG = TRUE;
: 1188      3022      3      TMP_MC_PTR = .MC_PTR;
: 1189      3023      3      TMP_STORE = .STORE_DESC;
: 1190      3024      3
: 1191      3025      3      REPEAT
: 1192      3026      3      MIN_LOOP:
: 1193      3027      4      BEGIN
: 1194      3028      4      LOCAL
: 1195      3029      4      TMP_SAT_PTR : REF SAT_RECORD;
: 1196      3030      4
: 1197      3031      5      IF (.TMP_PTR EQL 0)
: 1198      3032      4      THEN
: 1199      3033      5      BEGIN
: 1200      3034      5      !++
: 1201      3035      5      ! The next record must come from the next module in
: 1202      3036      5      ! the chain.
: 1203      3037      5      !--
: 1204      3038      6      IF ((TMP_MC_PTR = .TMP_MC_PTR[MC_NEXT]) EQL 0)
: 1205      3039      5      THEN
: 1206      3040      5      EXITLOOP; ! No more for min search
: 1207      3041      5      IF NOT .TMP_MC_PTR[MC_IN_RST]
: 1208      3042      5      THEN
: 1209      3043      5      LEAVE MIN_LOOP;
: 1210      3044      5
: 1211      3045      5      !++
: 1212      3046      5      ! Check if this module has any of the kind of storage

```

```

: 1213 3047 5
: 1214 3048 5
: 1215 3049 5
: 1216 3050 6
: 1217 3051 6
: 1218 3052 5
: 1219 3053 6
: 1220 3054 5
: 1221 3055 5
: 1222 3056 5
: 1223 3057 5
: 1224 3058 5
: 1225 3059 6
: 1226 3060 6
: 1227 3061 6
: 1228 3062 6
: 1229 3063 6
: 1230 3064 5
: 1231 3065 4
: 1232 3066 5
: 1233 3067 5
: 1234 3068 4
: 1235 3069 5
: 1236 3070 5
: 1237 3071 5
: 1238 3072 5
: 1239 3073 4
: 1240 3074 4
: 1241 3075 4
: 1242 3076 4
: 1243 3077 4
: 1244 3078 4
: 1245 3079 4
: 1246 3080 4
: 1247 3081 5
: 1248 3082 4
: 1249 3083 4
: 1250 3084 4
: 1251 3085 3
: 1252 3086 3
: 1253 3087 3
: 1254 3088 3
: 1255 3089 3
: 1256 3090 3
: 1257 3091 3
: 1258 3092 3
: 1259 3093 3
: 1260 3094 3
: 1261 3095 3
: 1262 3096 3
: 1263 3097 3
: 1264 3098 3
: 1265 3099 3
: 1266 3100 4
: 1267 3101 3
: 1268 3102 4
: 1269 3103 4

```

```

: sought. No storage is allocated if the 'BEGIN' field
: is null.
--
TMP_STORE = (IF .SAT FLAG
              THEN TMP_MC_PTR[MC_SAT_STORAGE]
              ELSE TMP_MC_PTR[MC_LVT_STORAGE]);
IF (.TMP_STORE[STOR_BEGIN_RST] EQL 0)
THEN
    LEAVE MIN_LOOP;
TMP_PTR = .TMP_STORE[STOR_BEGIN_RST];
IF .FIRST_FLAG
THEN
    BEGIN
        NXT_PTR = 0;
        NXT_STORE = .TMP_STORE;
        NXT_MC_PTR = .TMP_MC_PTR;
    END
END
ELSE
IF NOT ((TMP_PTR = .TMP_PTR + .ELEMENT_SIZE) LSSA
        (.TMP_STORE[STOR_MARKER]))
THEN
    BEGIN
        TMP_PTR = 0;
        LEAVE MIN_LOOP;
    END
ELSE
    IF .FIRST_FLAG
    THEN
        NXT_PTR = .TMP_PTR;
        !++
        ! Check if a new minimum has been found.
        !--
        TMP_SAT_PTR = .TMP_PTR + .PAT$GL_RST BEGN;
        IF (.TMP_SAT_PTR[SAT_LB] LSSA .MIN_PTR[SAT_LB])
        THEN
            MIN_PTR = .TMP_SAT_PTR; ! A NEW MINIMUM WAS FOUND
            FIRST_FLAG = FALSE;
            END; ! End of MIN_LOOP
        !++
        ! If no 'NEXT' pointer was found above, there were no more
        ! records to search.
        !--
        IF .FIRST_FLAG
        THEN
            EXITLOOP;
        !++
        ! If the minimum has not changed, having started out as the current
        ! one, then we do nothing except go on to the next element in the
        ! vector. Otherwise we swap the minimum with the current so that we
        ! can then go on to the next anyway.
        !--
        IF (.MIN_PTR NEQ .REC_PTR)
        THEN
            BEGIN
                LOCAL

```

```

1270      3104 4      TMP_RECORD : SAT_RECORD;
1271      3105 4
1272      3106 4
1273      3107 4      ;++
1274      3108 4      ; Swap the old current one with the new minimum.
1275      3109 4      ;--
1276      3110 4      CH$MOVE( .ELEMENT_SIZE, .REC_PTR, TMP_RECORD );
1277      3111 4      CH$MOVE( .ELEMENT_SIZE, .MIN_PTR, .REC_PTR );
1278      3112 4      CH$MOVE( .ELEMENT_SIZE, TMP_RECORD, .MIN_PTR );
1279      3113 3      END;
1280      3114 3
1281      3115 3      ;++
1282      3116 3      ; Update the "CURRENT" record by effectively going back to the first
1283      3117 3      ; "NEXT" record found above.
1284      3118 4      ;--
1285      3119 3      IF ((REC_PTR = .NXT_PTR) EQL 0)
1286      3120 4      THEN
1287      3121 4      BEGIN
1288      3122 4      MC_PTR = .NXT_MC_PTR;
1289      3123 4      STORE_DESC = .NXT_STORE;
1290      3124 3      REC_PTR = .STORE_DESC[.STORE_BEGIN_RST];
1291      3125 3      END;
1292      3126 2      REC_PTR = .REC_PTR + .PAT$GL_RST_BEGN;
1293      3127 2      END;
1294      3128 2      ;++
1295      3129 2      ; At this point the vector is sorted into ascending order.
1296      3130 2      ;--
1297      3131 2      RETURN(TRUE);
1298      3132 1      END;

```

Address	OpCode	Operand 1	Operand 2	Operand 3	Instruction	Comment	Address
			OFFC	00000	.ENTRY	PAT\$SORT_SA_LVT, Save R2,R3,R4,R5,R6,R7,R8,-;	2876
	SE	1C	C2	00002	SUBL2	R9,R10,RT1	
		7E	D4	00005	CLRL	#28, SP	
04	BC	01	FB	00007	CALLS	-(SP)	2951
04	AE	50	D0	0000B	MOVL	#1, @ACCESS_FUNCTION	
	51	FC66	CF	9E 0000F	MOVAB	R0, ELEMENT_SIZE	
			50	D4 00014	CLRL	PAT\$GET_NXT_SAT, R1	2952
	51	04	AC	D1 00016	CLRL	R0	
			02	12 0001A	CMPL	ACCESS_FUNCTION, R1	
			50	D6 0001C	BNEQ	1\$	
	6E		50	D0 0001E	INCL	R0	
	57	00000000G	EF	D0 00021	MOVL	R0, SAT_FLAG	
			01	12 00028	MOVL	1\$	2953
				04 0002A	BNEQ	PAT\$GL_MC_PTR, MC_PTR	2960
				04 0002A	RET	3\$	
	51	00000000G	EF	D0 0002B	MOVL	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, R1	2972
50	57		51	C1 00032	ADDL3	R1, MC_PTR, R0	
1A	03		01	E1 00036	BBC	#1, 3(R0), 6\$	
			6E	E9 0003B	BLBC	SAT_FLAG, 4\$	2983
50	57		51	C1 0003E	ADDL3	R1, MC_PTR, R0	2984
	56	23	A0	9E 00042	MOVAB	35(R0), STORE_DESC	
			08	11 00046	BRB	5\$	
50	57		51	C1 00048	ADDL3	R1, MC_PTR, R0	2985

			56	2A	A0	9E	0004C		MOVAB	42(R0), STORE_DESC		
				01	A6	B5	00050	5\$:	TSTW	1(STORE_DESC)		2986
					05	12	00053		BNEQ	7\$		
			57		60	3C	00055	6\$:	MOVZWL	(R0), MC_PTR		2989
					CE	11	00058		BRB	2\$		2990
			5A	01	A6	3C	0005A	7\$:	MOVZWL	1(STORE_DESC), REC_PTR		2996
			5A		51	C0	0005E		ADDL2	R1, REC_PTR		
			59	00000000G	EF	D0	00061		MOVL	PAT\$GL_RST BEGN, R9		3016
	53		5A		59	C3	00068	8\$:	SUBL3	R9, REC_PTR, TMP_PTR		
			58		5A	D0	0006C		MOVL	REC_PTR, MIN_PTR		3017
			54		01	D0	0006F		MOVL	#1, FIRST_FLAG		3021
			50		56	7D	00072		MOVQ	STORE_DESC, TMP_STORE		3023
					53	D5	00075	9\$:	TSTL	TMP_PTR		3031
					36	12	00077		BNEQ	12\$		
					6941	9F	00079		PUSHAB	(R9)[TMP_MC_PTR]		3038
			51		9E	3C	0007C		MOVZWL	@(SP)+, TMP_MC_PTR		
					56	13	0007F		BEQL	16\$		
	52		51		59	C1	00081		ADDL3	R9, TMP_MC_PTR, R2		3041
	EB		A2	03	01	E1	00085		BBC	#1, 3(R2), 9\$		
			06		6E	E9	0008A		BLBC	SAT_FLAG, 10\$		3050
			50		A2	9E	0008D		MOVAB	35(R2), TMP_STORE		3051
					04	11	00091		BRB	11\$		
			50		A2	9E	00093	10\$:	MOVAB	42(R2), TMP_STORE		3052
					01	A0	B5	00097	11\$:	TSTW	1(TMP_STORE)	3053
					D9	13	0009A		BEQL	9\$		
			53		A0	3C	0009C		MOVZWL	1(TMP_STORE), TMP_PTR		3056
			22		54	E9	000A0		BLBC	FIRST_FLAG, 14\$		3057
					5B	D4	000A3		CLRL	NXT_PTR		3060
		0C	AE		50	D0	000A5		MOVL	TMP_STORE, NXT_STORE		3061
		08	AE		51	D0	000A9		MOVL	TMP_MC_PTR, NXT_MC_PTR		3062
					16	11	000AD		BRB	14\$		3057
			53	05	AE	C0	000AF	12\$:	ADDL2	ELEMENT_SIZE, TMP_PTR		3066
			10		00	ED	000B3		CMPZV	#0, #16, 5(TMP_STORE), TMP_PTR		3067
					04	1A	000B9		BGTRU	13\$		
					53	D4	000BB		CLRL	TMP_PTR		3070
					B6	11	000BD		BRB	9\$		3071
			03		54	E9	000BF	13\$:	BLBC	FIRST_FLAG, 14\$		3074
			5B		53	D0	000C2		MOVL	TMP_PTR, NXT_PTR		3076
			53		59	C1	000C5	14\$:	ADDL3	R9, TMP_PTR, TMP_SAT_PTR		3080
			AB	02	A2	D1	000C9		CMPL	2(TMP_SAT_PTR), 2(MIN_PTR)		3081
					03	1E	000CE		BGEQU	15\$		
			58		52	D0	000D0		MOVL	TMP_SAT_PTR, MIN_PTR		3083
					54	D4	000D3	15\$:	CLRL	FIRST_FLAG		3084
					9E	11	000D5		BRB	9\$		3023
			2D		54	E8	000D7	16\$:	BLBS	FIRST_FLAG, 19\$		3090
			5A		5B	D1	000DA		CMPL	MIN_PTR, REC_PTR		3100
					11	13	000DD		BEQL	17\$		
			6A	10	AE	28	000DF		MOV3	ELEMENT_SIZE, (REC_PTR), TMP_RECORD		3109
			68		AE	28	000E5		MOV3	ELEMENT_SIZE, (MIN_PTR), (REC_PTR)		3110
			AE		AE	28	000EA		MOV3	ELEMENT_SIZE, TMP_RECORD, (MIN_PTR)		3111
			5A		5B	D0	000F0	17\$:	MOVL	NXT_PTR, REC_PTR		3118
					0C	12	000F3		BNEQ	18\$		
			57		AE	D0	000F5		MOVL	NXT_MC_PTR, MC_PTR		3121
			56		0C	AE	D0	000F9	MOVL	NXT_STORE, STORE_DESC		3122
			5A		01	A6	3C	000FD	MOVZWL	1(STORE_DESC), REC_PTR		3123
			5A		59	C0	00101	18\$:	ADDL2	R9, REC_PTR		3125
					FF61	31	00104		BRW	8\$		2998


```

: 1300 3133 1 ROUTINE DELE_SAT_LVT( STORE_DESC_ADDR, ACCESS_FUNCTION ) =
: 1301 3134 1
: 1302 3135 1 ++
: 1303 3136 1 Functional Description:
: 1304 3137 1
: 1305 3138 1 This routine deletes records from the LVT or SAT
: 1306 3139 1 vector it is given a pointer to (VEC_PTR). The
: 1307 3140 1 records that are deleted are those that correspond
: 1308 3141 1 (point) to an indicated module (STORE_DESC_ADDR).
: 1309 3142 1 The correspondence is discovered by seeing if the
: 1310 3143 1 NT_PTR in a given LVT/SAT record lies within the
: 1311 3144 1 RST storage for the NTs for the indicated module.
: 1312 3145 1 This is faster than actually following the scope
: 1313 3146 1 chains of the pointed-to NT records to see if
: 1314 3147 1 they belong to the indicated module.
: 1315 3148 1
: 1316 3149 1 Formal Parameters:
: 1317 3150 1
: 1318 3151 1 STORE_DESC_ADDR -The address of the storage vector descriptor
: 1319 3152 1 which completely describes the NT storage
: 1320 3153 1 for the indicated module.
: 1321 3154 1 ACCESS_FUNCTION -The name of the function to call to
: 1322 3155 1 access the indicated structure.
: 1323 3156 1
: 1324 3157 1 Implicit Inputs: (assumptions)
: 1325 3158 1
: 1326 3159 1 We assume that direct comparisons of RST pointers
: 1327 3160 1 is valid. (i.e. that 'begin < ptr < end' is a valid
: 1328 3161 1 test of whether 'ptr' RST-points to somewhere inbetween
: 1329 3162 1 where 'begin' and 'end' RST-point.
: 1330 3163 1
: 1331 3164 1 Implicit Outputs:
: 1332 3165 1
: 1333 3166 1 None.
: 1334 3167 1
: 1335 3168 1 Routine Value:
: 1336 3169 1
: 1337 3170 1 The number of records which are marked for deletion
: 1338 3171 1 in the indicated structure.
: 1339 3172 1
: 1340 3173 1 Side Effects:
: 1341 3174 1
: 1342 3175 1 Records are 'deleted' from the SAT/LVT vector.
: 1343 3176 1 Really, this only means that the indicated records
: 1344 3177 1 are marked with their NT_PTR = 1. More processing
: 1345 3178 1 of this structure is necessary before it is usable,
: 1346 3179 1 but it is better to do this processing only once
: 1347 3180 1 if several modules are to be deleted from the RST.
: 1348 3181 1 --
: 1349 3182 1
: 1350 3183 2 BEGIN
: 1351 3184 2
: 1352 3185 2 MAP
: 1353 3186 2 STORE_DESC_ADDR : REF VECT_STORE_DESC; ! Storage descriptor for the NTs.
: 1354 3187 2
: 1355 3188 2 LOCAL
: 1356 3189 2 GLOBALS : REF VECT_STORE_DESC, ! We pick up a storage descriptor for GLOBAL

```



```

: 1357 3190 2 DELETE COUNT,
: 1358 3191 2 REC_PTR : REF SAT_RECORD,
: 1359 3192 2
: 1360 3193 2
: 1361 3194 2
: 1362 3195 2 NT_BEGINS : REF NT_RECORD,
: 1363 3196 2 NT_ENDS : REF NT_RECORD,
: 1364 3197 2 GL_NTS_BEGIN : REF NT_RECORD,
: 1365 3198 2 GL_NTS_END : REF NT_RECORD;
: 1366 3199 2
: 1367 3200 2 !++
: 1368 3201 2 ! We tally up the number of records which we mark
: 1369 3202 2 ! for deletion so that we can return this value.
: 1370 3203 2 !--
: 1371 3204 2 DELETE_COUNT = 0;
: 1372 3205 2
: 1373 3206 2 !++
: 1374 3207 2 ! Pick up the RST limit pointers of where the associated NT records exist,
: 1375 3208 2 ! and where the global NT records exist.
: 1376 3209 2 !--
: 1377 3210 2 GLOBALS = PAT$GL_MC_PTR [MC_NT_STORAGE];
: 1378 3211 2 NT_BEGINS = .STORE_DESC_ADDR [STOR_BEGIN_RST];
: 1379 3212 2 NT_ENDS = .STORE_DESC_ADDR [STOR_END_RST];
: 1380 3213 2 GL_NTS_BEGIN = .GLOBALS [STOR_BEGIN_RST];
: 1381 3214 2 GL_NTS_END = .GLOBALS [STOR_END_RST];
: 1382 3215 2
: 1383 3216 2 !++
: 1384 3217 2 ! Go thru the structure sequentially checking for records to mark as deleted.
: 1385 3218 2 !--
: 1386 3219 2 (.ACCESS_FUNCTION)( SL_ACCE_INIT );
: 1387 3220 3 WHILE( (REC_PTR = (.ACCESS_FUNCTION)( SL_ACCE_RECS )) NEQ 0 )
: 1388 3221 2 DO
: 1389 3222 3 BEGIN
: 1390 3223 3 !++
: 1391 3224 3 ! Delete the record if it points to an NT record
: 1392 3225 3 ! in the storage for the indicated module.
: 1393 3226 3 !--
: 1394 3227 3 IF (.REC_PTR [SAT_NT_PTR] GEQA .NT_BEGINS) AND
: 1395 3228 4 (.REC_PTR [SAT_NT_PTR] LSSA .NT_ENDS)
: 1396 3229 3 THEN
: 1397 3230 4 BEGIN
: 1398 3231 4 !++
: 1399 3232 4 ! Actually, we can only mark it for deletion because it is much
: 1400 3233 4 ! more efficient to compress the entire structure only once.
: 1401 3234 4 !--
: 1402 3235 4 DELETE_COUNT = .DELETE_COUNT +1;
: 1403 3236 4 REC_PTR [SAT_NT_PTR] = -1;
: 1404 3237 4 END
: 1405 3238 3 ELSE
: 1406 3239 3 !++
: 1407 3240 3 ! If that didn't detect something to delete, we must also see if we are
: 1408 3241 3 ! deleting global literals since they must go away too.
: 1409 3242 3 !--
: 1410 3243 4 IF (.ACCESS_FUNCTION EQL PAT$GET_NXT_LVT)
: 1411 3244 3 THEN
: 1412 3245 3 IF (.REC_PTR [SAT_NT_PTR] GEQA .GL_NTS_BEGIN) AND
: 1413 3246 4 (.REC_PTR [SAT_NT_PTR] LSSA .GL_NTS_END)

```

```

! Tally up how many records we delete.
! Declare a pointer which is suitable for us
! a REF SAT_RECORD as well as a REF LVT_RECO
! This pointer is used to sequentially go th
! the indicated vector.
! NT storage RST limits.

```

```

: 1414      3247 3      THEN
: 1415      3248 4
: 1416      3249 4      BEGIN
: 1417      3250 4      DELETE_COUNT = .DELETE_COUNT +1;
: 1418      3251 3      REC_PTR [SAT_NT_PTR] =-1;
: 1419      3252 2      END;
: 1420      3253 2      ! Loop back to consider the next record.
: 1421      3254 2      !++
: 1422      3255 2
: 1423      3256 2      ! Return the number of records which we have marked for deletion.
: 1424      3257 2      !--
: 1425      3258 2      RETURN(.DELETE_COUNT);
: 1426      3259 1      END;

```

				007C 00000 DELE_SAT_LVT:					
				52	D4 00002	.WORD	Save R2,R3,R4,R5,R6	: 3133	
				EF	C1 00004	CLRL	DELETE_COUNT	: 3204	
	50	00000000G	EF	00000000G	EF	C1 00004	ADDL3	PAT\$GL_RST_BEGN, PAT\$GL_MC_PTR, R0	: 3210
			50		1C	C0 00010	ADDL2	#28, GLOBALS	: 3211
			51	04	AC	D0 00013	MOVL	STORE_DESC_ADDR, R1	: 3212
			56	01	A1	3C 00017	MOVZWL	1(R1), NT_BEGINS	: 3213
			55	03	A1	3C 0001B	MOVZWL	3(R1), NT_ENDS	: 3214
			54	01	A0	3C 0001F	MOVZWL	1(GLOBALS), GL_NTS_BEGIN	: 3219
			53	03	A0	3C 00023	MOVZWL	3(GLOBALS), GL_NTS_END	: 3220
					7E	D4 00027	CLRL	-(SP)	: 3227
	08	BC			01	FB 00029	CALLS	#1, @ACCESS_FUNCTION	: 3228
					01	DD 0002D	PUSHL	#1	: 3229
	08	BC			01	FB 0002F	CALLS	#1, @ACCESS_FUNCTION	: 3230
					50	D5 00033	TSTL	REC_PTR	: 3231
56	60	10			2E	13 00035	BEQL	4\$: 3232
					00	ED 00037	CMPZV	#0, #16, (REC_PTR), NT_BEGINS	: 3233
55	60	10			07	1F 0003C	BLSSU	2\$: 3234
					00	ED 0003E	CMPZV	#0, #16, (REC_PTR), NT_ENDS	: 3235
					19	1F 00043	BLS	3\$: 3236
			51	FB37	CF	9E 00045	MOVAB	PAT\$GET_NXT_LVT, R1	: 3237
			51	08	AC	D1 0004A	CML	ACCESS_FUNCTION, R1	: 3238
					DD	12 0004E	BNEQ	1\$: 3239
54	60	10			00	ED 00050	CMPZV	#0, #16, (REC_PTR), GL_NTS_BEGIN	: 3240
					D6	1F 00055	BLSSU	1\$: 3241
53	60	10			00	ED 00057	CMPZV	#0, #16, (REC_PTR), GL_NTS_END	: 3242
					CF	1E 0005C	BGEQU	1\$: 3243
					52	D6 0005E	INCL	DELETE_COUNT	: 3244
			60		01	B0 00060	MOVW	#1, (REC_PTR)	: 3245
					C8	11 00063	BRB	1\$: 3246
			50		52	D0 00065	MOVL	DELETE_COUNT, R0	: 3247
					04	00068	RET		: 3248

; Routine Size: 105 bytes, Routine Base: _PAT\$CODE + 048F

PATREB
V04-000

E 7
16-Sep-1984 01:05:57
14-Sep-1984 12:52:44

VAX-11 BLISS-32 V4.0-742
DISK\$VMSMASTER:[PATCH.SRC]PATREB.B32;1 (11)

Page 41

: 1428 3260 1 END
: 1429 3261 0 ELUDOM

. End of module

.EXTRN LIB\$SIGNAL

PSECT SUMMARY

Name	Bytes	Attributes
_PAT\$CODE	1272	NOVEC,NOWRT, RD, EXE,NOSHR, LCL, REL, CON,NOPIC,ALIGN(2)
_PAT\$OWN	8	NOVEC, WRT, RD, NOEXE,NOSHR, LCL, REL, CON,NOPIC,ALIGN(2)
_PAT\$PLIT	27	NOVEC,NOWRT, RD, NOEXE,NOSHR, LCL, REL, CON,NOPIC,ALIGN(0)

Library Statistics

File	Total	Symbols Loaded	Percent	Pages Mapped	Processing Time
_\$255\$DUA28:[SYSLIB]LIB.L32;1	18619	4	0	1000	00:01.7

: Information: 1
: Warnings: 0
: Errors: 0

COMMAND QUALIFIERS

: BLISS/CHECK=(FIELD,INITIAL,OPTIMIZE)/VARIANT:1/LIS=LISS:PATREB/OBJ=OBJ\$:PATREB MSRCS:PATREB/UPDATE=(ENH\$:PATREB)

: Size: 1272 code + 35 data bytes
: Run Time: 00:40.3
: Elapsed Time: 02:07.0
: Lines/CPU Min: 4858
: Lexemes/CPU-Min: 28298
: Memory Used: 214 pages
: Compilation Complete

The image displays a grid of 100 small terminal window screenshots, arranged in 10 rows and 10 columns. Each window shows a different view of data or system output, likely generated by the PAT* LIS (List) commands mentioned in the labels. The data is presented in various formats, including text-based tables with columns and rows, and some with headers. The labels for the windows are as follows:

- Row 1: PATREB LIS, PATSCA LIS
- Row 2: PATSTO LIS
- Row 3: PATRST LIS
- Row 4: PATSPA LIS, PATSSV LIS

The remaining windows in the grid show various other data outputs, including what appears to be system status, file listings, and detailed data tables. The overall appearance is that of a comprehensive test suite or a series of diagnostic outputs for the VAX/VMS V4.0 software.