

```

EEEEEEEEEE XX XX AAAAAA MM MM PPPPPPPP LL EEEEEEEEE SSSSSSSS
EEEEEEEEEE XX XX AAAAAA MM MM PPPPPPPP LL EEEEEEEEE SSSSSSSS
EEEEEEEEEE XX XX AAAAAA MM MM PPPPPPPP LL EEEEEEEEE SSSSSSSS
EE XX XX AA AA MMMM MMMM PP PP LL EE SS
EE XX XX AA AA MMMM MMMM PP PP LL EE SS
EE XX XX AA AA MMMM MMMM PP PP LL EE SS
EE XX XX AA AA MM MM MM PP PP LL EE SS
EE XX XX AA AA MM MM MM PP PP LL EE SS
EE XX XX AA AA MM MM MM PP PP LL EE SS
EEEEEEEE XX XX AA AA MM MM PPPPPPPP LL EEEEEEEEE SSSSSSS
EEEEEEEE XX XX AA AA MM MM PPPPPPPP LL EEEEEEEEE SSSSSSS
EEEEEEEE XX XX AA AA MM MM PPPPPPPP LL EEEEEEEEE SSSSSSS
EE XX XX AAAAAAAAAA MM MM PP LL EE SS
EE XX XX AAAAAAAAAA MM MM PP LL EE SS
EE XX XX AAAAAAAAAA MM MM PP LL EE SS
EE XX XX AA AA MM MM PP LL EE SS
EE XX XX AA AA MM MM PP LL EE SS
EE XX XX AA AA MM MM PP LL EE SS
EEEEEEEEEE XX XX AA AA MM MM PP LLLLLLLLLL EEEEEEEEE SSSSSSSS
EEEEEEEEEE XX XX AA AA MM MM PP LLLLLLLLLL EEEEEEEEE SSSSSSSS
EEEEEEEEEE XX XX AA AA MM MM PP LLLLLLLLLL EEEEEEEEE SSSSSSSS

```



File: LABIOCON.FOR  
Version 'V04-000'

```

*****
*
*  COPYRIGHT (c) 1978, 1980, 1982, 1984 BY
*  DIGITAL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION, MAYNARD, MASSACHUSETTS.
*  ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
*
*  THIS SOFTWARE IS FURNISHED UNDER A LICENSE AND MAY BE USED AND COPIED
*  ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF SUCH LICENSE AND WITH THE
*  INCLUSION OF THE ABOVE COPYRIGHT NOTICE. THIS SOFTWARE OR ANY OTHER
*  COPIES THEREOF MAY NOT BE PROVIDED OR OTHERWISE MADE AVAILABLE TO ANY
*  OTHER PERSON. NO TITLE TO AND OWNERSHIP OF THE SOFTWARE IS HEREBY
*  TRANSFERRED.
*
*  THE INFORMATION IN THIS SOFTWARE IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE
*  AND SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS A COMMITMENT BY DIGITAL EQUIPMENT
*  CORPORATION.
*
*  DIGITAL ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE USE OR RELIABILITY OF ITS
*  SOFTWARE ON EQUIPMENT WHICH IS NOT SUPPLIED BY DIGITAL.
*
*****

```

Program LABIO\_CONNECT

! Define Labio data structures  
  Include 'LABCHNDEF.FOR'

! Mailbox Definitions

  Include 'LABMBXDEF.FOR'           !Defines Mailbox Data Structures

! System Service Definitions

  Logical\*4 SYSSCREMBX,SYSSASSIGN  
  Logical\*4 SUCCESS  
  External SSS\_ENDOFFILE

! Subroutine Definitions

  Integer CONNECT,DISCONNECT,ABORT,ALLOCATE,DEALLOCATE  
  Integer READ\_MAILBOX,WRITE\_MAILBOX,LABIO\_LOG,ACKNOWLEDGE  
  Integer CHECK\_PID,RETURN\_CODE

! Command Data Structures

```

Parameter    MAX_COMMAND = 5
Character*15 COMMAND_TABLE(MAX_COMMAND)
Data COMMAND_TABLE    /'CONNECT',
1                    'DISCONNECT',
1                    'ABORT',

```

LAB  
:  
B  
:  
N  
Z  
:  
E  
:  
C  
:  
99  
100

```
1      'ALLOCATE'  
1      'DEALLOCATE' /
```

```
Map to the Global Data Section 'LABIO COMMON'  
And Define the Common Event Flag Clusters  
Request write access to the data base.
```

```
Call LABIO_INIT ( 1 )
```

```
See if mailbox LABIO_CONNECT exists by attempting to assign it, if  
it does not exist, create it. This mailbox is used to communicate with  
other LABIO processes. Restrict it to processes within this group.
```

```
SUCCESS = SYSS$ASSIGN('LABIO_CONNECT',MBX_CHANNEL,,)  
If (.not. SUCCESS) Then  
    SUCCESS = SYSS$CREMBX(MBX_CHANNEL,,,%val('FDOO'x),,'LABIO_CONNECT')  
    If (.not. SUCCESS)  
        1 Call FATAL_ERROR( SUCCESS, 'Creating mailbox')  
End If
```

```
Tell other processes that we're ready to go.
```

```
Call SYSS$SETEF( %val( EF_CONNECT ) )
```

```
! Get a command from a requesting processes
10  Call READ_MAILBOX      !Get a message
    Call CONNECT_CHECK    !Check the database to clear
                          !any deleted processes.
!
! If I/O status is EOF then process has terminated, ABORT it.
    If ( MBX_IO_STATUS .eq. %Loc(SS$_ENDOFFILE) ) Go To 23
!
! Decode characters as a command
    If ( MBX_MESSAGE_L .eq. 0 ) Go To 10
    Decode (MBX_MESSAGE_L,100,MBX_MESSAGE,ERR=10) COMMAND
!
! Search Command Table for Command
!
    Do 11 COMMAND_INDEX = 1,MAX_COMMAND
    If( COMMAND .eq. COMMAND_TABLE(COMMAND_INDEX) ) Go To 12
11  Continue
    Go To 13      !Illegal command
!
! Dispatch to correct routine
!
12  Go To (21,22,23,24,25) COMMAND_INDEX !
!
! If we get here, it's an unknown command
13  Call LABIO_LOG(-1)
!
! CONNECT command
!
21  RETURN_CODE = CONNECT (MBX_PID)
    Call ACKNOWLEDGE( RETURN_CODE )      !Acknowledge the request
    Call LABIO_LOG ( RETURN_CODE )      !Log the acknowledgement
!
! Disconnect if was bad connect
    If (RETURN_CODE .ne. 0 ) Call DISCONNECT(-1)
    Go To 10
!
! DISCONNECT Command
!
22  RETURN_CODE = DISCONNECT (MBX_PID)
    Call LABIO_LOG ( RETURN_CODE )      !Log the acknowledgement
    Go To 10
```

! ABORT command

23 RETURN\_CODE = ABORT (MBX\_PID)  
Go To 40

! ALLOCATE command

24 RETURN\_CODE = ALLOCATE (MBX\_PID)  
Go To 40

! DEALLOCATE command

25 RETURN\_CODE = DEALLOCATE (MBX\_PID)  
Go To 40

! Return status in first character position

40 Call ACKNOWLEDGE( RETURN\_CODE ) !Acknowledge the request  
Call LABIO\_LOG( RETURN\_CODE ) !Log the acknowledgement  
Go To 10

! Formats

100 Format (A)  
End

## Subroutine CONNECT\_CHECK

```
! This routine checks to make sure all processes  
! connected (in CONNECT_BLOCK) actually exist.  
! If a process has been deleted, this routine  
! removes it from the database by calling ABORT
```

```
Include 'LABCHNDEF.FOR'
```

```
Logical*4 SYSSGETJPI
```

```
Do 10 I = 1, MAX_PID
```

```
PID = CONNECT_BLOCK(I,1)
```

```
If (PID .ne. 0) Then
```

```
  If( .not. SYSSGETJPI(%Val(2),PID,,C,,) ) Call ABORT( PID )
```

```
End If
```

```
Continue
```

```
Return
```

```
End
```

10

## Logical\*4 Function READ\_MAILBOX

! This routine reads the LABOI\_CONNECT mailbox  
! Returns when a message is ready

External IOS\_READVBLK  
Include 'LABMBXDEF.FOR'  
Logical\*4 SYSSQIOW,SUCCESS

! Read for a message from another process

MBX\_READ=%LOC(IOS\_READVBLK)  
MBX\_MESSAGE(1) = ' '

READ\_MAILBOX = SYSSQIOW(,XVAL(MBX\_CHANNEL),XVAL(MBX\_READ),  
1 MBX\_IO\_STATUS,,,MBX\_MESSAGE,  
1 XVAL(MAX\_MESSAGE),,,,)  
Return

End



Logical\*4 Function WRITE\_MAILBOX(MBX\_CHAN,MESSAGE,MESSAGE\_LENGTH)

! This routine writes a message to a mailbox  
! Input are the MBX channel, the message, and message length  
!

External IOS\_WRITEVBLK,IOSM\_NOW  
Logical SYSSQIO

! Write response buffer of MBX  
!

MBX\_WRITE =%Loc(IOS\_WRITEVBLK)+%Loc(IOSM\_NOW)

WRITE\_MAILBOX = SYSSQIO(%Val(MBX\_CHAN),%Val(MBX\_WRITE),...,  
1 MESSAGE,%Val(MESSAGE\_LENGTH),...)

99 Return

End



## Subroutine ACKNOWLEDGE (ACK\_CODE)

This routine acknowledges a request of process, by return the command string the process sent us. The string is preceded an acknowledge code (ACK\_CODE). The acknowledgement is sent via the mailbox the the sending processes had created. If that process has not connected to us, we do nothing.

Include 'LABCHNDEF.FOR'

Logical\*4 WRITE\_MAILBOX

Include 'LABMBXDEF.FOR'

Integer CONNECT\_INDEX,CHECK\_PID,ACK\_CODE

If process is not in CONNECT\_BLOCK, do not respond.

CONNECT\_INDEX = CHECK\_PID(MBX\_PID)

If (CONNECT\_INDEX .ne. 0 ) Then

Encode( MBX\_RESPONSE\_L,100,MBX\_RESPONSE) ACK\_CODE

MAILBOX = CONNECT\_BLOCK(CONNECT\_INDEX,2)

Call WRITE\_MAILBOX( MAILBOX, MBX\_RESPONSE,

1 MBX\_MESSAGE\_L + MBX\_RESPONSE\_L )

End If

Return

100 Format ( I2 )

End

```
Subroutine LABIO_LOG( CODE )
```

```
! This routine logs a message that has been processed. The message  
! is written to the log file, along with the time, process ID, IO status  
! word and the message length. This routine opens the log file  
! if it hasn't been opened.
```

```
Include 'LABMBXDEF.FOR'
```

```
Character*24 TIME  
Logical LOG_OPEN  
Integer CODE
```

```
Data LOG_OPEN/.false./
```

```
Call SYSSASCTIM(,TIME,,) !Get the date and time
```

```
! Open Log file if this is the first time thru
```

```
If ( .not. LOG_OPEN ) Then  
  Open (Unit = 1, Name='LABIO_LOG', Type='Unknown', Access = 'Append')  
  LOG_OPEN = .True.  
  Write(1,100) TIME, ' Labio Log Opened'  
End If
```

```
10 Write(1,200) TIME,MBX_PID,MBX_IO_STATUS,MBX_MESSAGE_L,  
1 CODE,(MBX_MESSAGE(I),I=1,MBX_MESSAGE_LT)
```

```
Return
```

```
100 Format( 2A )  
200 Format( A,Z10,Z10,I10/I3,128A1 )
```

```
End
```

LAB

10

! C

! (D

! C

15

! R

20

! M

30

! G

! A

99

100

200

400

500

600

! (E

```

Integer Function CONNECT(REQ_PID)
Include 'LABCHNDEF.FOR'
Include 'LABMBXDEF.FOR'
Character*63 MAILBOX_NAME
Integer*4 REQ_PID,CHECK_PID
Logical*4 OPEN_MAILBOX

CONNECT = 1
!
! Find an empty CONNECT_BLOCK slot
!
Do 10 I = 1, MAX_PID
  If ( CONNECT_BLOCK(I,1) .eq. 0 ) Go To 20
  Continue
10
! We should never get here, since the last slot of
! the CONNECT_BLOCK is a spare for sending message
! disallowing a connect!
Go To 99
!
! Open user specified MAILBOX
!
20 Decode (MBX MESSAGE L,100,MBX MESSAGE) MAILBOX_NAME
  If( .not. OPEN_MAILBOX( MAILBOX_CHAN,MAILBOX_NAME) ) Go To 99
!
! Allocate the connect block. if it is not a duplicate
! PID, store the PID and mailbox channel in CONNECT_BLOCK
! If it is a duplicate, store the PID as -1.
  If( CHECK_PID(REQ_PID) .eq. 0 ) Then
    CONNECT_BLOCK(I,1) = REQ_PID
    CONNECT = 0
  Else
    CONNECT_BLOCK(I,1) = -1      !Duplicate PID! We will Disconnect
                                !After Acknowledging request
  End If
CONNECT_BLOCK(I,2) = MAILBOX_CHAN
If ( I .ge. MAX_PID ) CONNECT = 1 !No room for process!
99 Return
100 Format(15X,A)
End

```

## Integer Function DISCONNECT(REQ\_PID)

```
! This routine disconnects a process from the LABIO system.  
! If it is a valid process, all channels still allocated are  
! deallocated, the request is acknowledged, the channel assigned  
! to the mailbox is deassigned, and the CONNECT_BLOCK entry is removed.
```

```
Include 'LABCHNDEF.FOR'  
Integer*4 REQ_PID,CHECK_PID
```

```
DISCONNECT = 1
```

```
! Find index into connect block
```

```
CONNECT_INDEX = CHECK_PID(REQ_PID)  
If (CONNECT_INDEX .eq. 0 ) Go To 99 !Not connected
```

```
! Deallocate all A/D channels
```

```
Call DEALLOCATE_ALL(REQ_PID)
```

```
! Acknowledge DISCONNECT request
```

```
Call ACKNOWLEDGE(0)
```

```
! Close the mailbox, and zero CONNECT_BLOCK
```

```
Call SYSSDASSGN( %Val(CONNECT_BLOCK(CONNECT_INDEX,2)) )  
CONNECT_BLOCK(CONNECT_INDEX,1) = 0  
CONNECT_BLOCK(CONNECT_INDEX,2) = 0  
DISCONNECT = 0
```

```
99 Return
```

```
End
```

```
Integer Function ABORT(REQ_PID)
```

```
Call DISCONNECT( REQ_PID )
```

```
Return
```

```
End
```

## Integer Function ALLOCATE(REQ\_PID)

```

! This routine allocates an A/D channel to a specific process.
! The process request a channels by number (1-16), specifying
! the sample rate in tics/sample, the buffer size in words, and
! the number of buffers to acquire ( 0 = infinity ). The user can
! default the rate to 1 tic/sample. Default the buffer size to
! the maximum, and the buffer count to 0. If the user reallocates
! the channel, the defaults are the previous values allocated.
! The channel must be INACTIVE if it is reallocated.

```

```

Include 'LABCHNDEF.FOR'
Include 'LABMBXDEF.FOR'

```

```

Integer*4 REQ_PID      !PID of requesting process
Integer*4 PARM(4)      !4 input parameters
Integer*2 CONNECT_INDEX,CHECK_PID
Integer*4 REQ_AD_CHAN,REQ_TICS,REQ_BUF_SIZE,REQ_BUF_COUNT
Logical   CHECK_PARM

```

```

! Get index into CONNECT_BLOCK for REQ_PID
! If index is not > 0 , ignore request

```

```

ALLOCATE = 1          !Checking first field

```

```

CONNECT_INDEX = CHECK_PID(REQ_PID)
If ( CONNECT_INDEX .le. 0 ) Go To 99 !Req. Proc not connected!

```

```

! Decode message into four fields

```

```

Decode ( MBX_MESSAGE_L,100,MBX_MESSAGE) PARM

```

```

REQ_AD_CHAN = PARM(1)  !Requested A/D channel is first parm
REQ_TICS    = PARM(2)  !Tics/sample is 2nd
REQ_BUF_SIZE= PARM(3)  !Buffer size is 3rd
REQ_BUF_COUNT=PARM(4) !Number of buffers is 4th

```

```

ALLOCATE = 2          !Check next parameter (channel number)

```

```

! Valid channel numbers are 1-16

```

```

If (REQ_AD_CHAN .lt. 1 .or. REQ_AD_CHAN .gt. 16) Go To 99

```

```

! Requested channel must not allocated, or
! allocated to the requesting process

```

```

If ( AD_BLOCK(2,REQ_AD_CHAN) .ne. 0 .and.
1   AD_BLOCK(2,REQ_AD_CHAN) .ne. REQ_PID ) Go To 99

```

```

! The channel must not be active

```

```

If (AD_BLOCK(1,REQ_AD_CHAN) .gt. INACTIVE ) Go To 99

```

```

ALLOCATE = 3          !Checking next parm (Tics/sample)

```

```

! Tics/sample must be between 1 and 2^31-1

```

```

If( .not. CHECK_PARM(REQ_TICS,AD_BLOCK(3,REQ_AD_CHAN),
1,'7FFFFFFF'x,1) ) Go To 99

```

```

ALLOCATE = 4 !Checking parmeter (Buffer size)

```

```

! Buffer size between 1 and MAX_BUF_SIZE

```

```

If( .not. CHECK_PARM(REQ_BUF_SIZE,AD_BLOCK(4,REQ_AD_CHAN),
1,MAX_BUF_SIZE,MAX_BUF_SIZE) ) Go To 99

```

```

ALLOCATE = 5 ! Checking next parameter (number of buffers)

```

```

! Number of buffers to acquire must be between 1 and 2^31-1, or
! zero to indicate no limit

```

```

If ( .not. CHECK_PARM(REQ_BUF_COUNT,AD_BLOCK(5,REQ_AD_CHAN),1,
1,'7FFFFFFF'x,0) ) Go To 99

```

```

ALLOCATE = 0 !Everything is acceptable

```

```

! Enter info into AD_BLOCK

```

```

AD_BLOCK(1,REQ_AD_CHAN) = 0 !Lock the data base

```

```

! Clear associated event flags

```

```

Call SYSSCLREF(%Val( EF_NOTIFY_OFF + REQ_AD_CHAN ) )

```

```

Call SYSSCLREF(%Val( EF_ACTIVITY_OFF + REQ_AD_CHAN ) )

```

```

Call SYSSCLREF(%Val( EF_STATUS_OFF + REQ_AD_CHAN ) )

```

```

AD_BLOCK(2,REQ_AD_CHAN) = REQ_PID !Requesting PID
AD_BLOCK(3,REQ_AD_CHAN) = REQ_TICS !Tics/sample
AD_BLOCK(4,REQ_AD_CHAN) = REQ_BUF_SIZE !Requested buffer size
AD_BLOCK(5,REQ_AD_CHAN) = REQ_BUF_COUNT !Number of buffers to acquire
AD_BLOCK(6,REQ_AD_CHAN) = 0 !No buffers acquired
AD_BLOCK(7,REQ_AD_CHAN) = 0 !No data buffer available
AD_BLOCK(8,REQ_AD_CHAN) = 0 !Number elements in last buf
AD_BLOCK(9,REQ_AD_CHAN) = 1 !Current buffer index
AD_BLOCK(10,REQ_AD_CHAN) = 0 !Current buffer count
AD_BLOCK(11,REQ_AD_CHAN) = 1 !Tics remaining
AD_BLOCK(12,REQ_AD_CHAN) = 0 !Offset to next data point
AD_BLOCK(1,REQ_AD_CHAN) = INACTIVE !Channel is inactive
Return

```

```

! Error return

```

```

99 Return !Return to caller

```

```

100 Format(15X,4I)

```

```

End

```



Integer Function DEALLOCATE(REQ\_PID)

! This routine deallocates a channel previously allocated by  
! a process. The channel must be INACTIVE when deallocated.

Include 'LABCHNDEF.FOR'  
Include 'LABMBXDEF.FOR'

Integer\*4 REQ\_PID !PID of requesting process  
Integer\*2 CONNECT\_INDEX,CHECK\_PID  
Integer\*4 REQ\_AD\_CHAN

! Get index into CONNECT\_BLOCK for REQ\_PID  
! If index is not > 0 , ignore request

DEALLOCATE = 1 !Checking first field

CONNECT\_INDEX = CHECK\_PID(PID)  
If ( CONNECT\_INDEX .le. 0 ) Go To 99

DEALLOCATE = 2

Decode (MBX\_MESSAGE\_L,100,MBX\_MESSAGE) REQ\_AD\_CHAN

! Valid channel numbers are 1-16

If (REQ\_AD\_CHAN .lt. 1 .or. REQ\_AD\_CHAN .gt. 16) Go To 99

! Does requesting process own the channel?

DEALLOCATE = 21

If (AD\_BLOCK(2,REQ\_AD\_CHAN) .ne. REQ\_PID ) Go To 99

! Is the channel inactive, clear the channel parameters

DEALLOCATE = 22

If ( AD\_BLOCK(1,REQ\_AD\_CHAN) .ne. INACTIVE ) Go to 99

Call AD\_CANCEL(REQ\_AD\_CHAN)

DEALLOCATE = 0 !Everything OK

Return

! ERROR return

99 Return

! This entry point is used to deallocate all channels  
! allocated to a specific process.

Entry DEALLOCATE\_ALL(REQ\_PID)

```
      DEALLOCATE = 1
! Valid PID?
      CONNECT_INDEX = CHECK_PID(PID)
      If ( CONNECT_INDEX .ne. 0 ) Then
! Look for all A/D channels allocated to process
! and cancel all I/O unconditionally.
      Do 10 AD_CHAN = 1 , MAX_AD_CHANNEL
      If ( AD_BLOCK(2,AD_CHAN) .eq. REQ_PID ) Call AD_CANCEL(AD_CHAN)
10      Continue
      DEALLOCATE_ALL = 0
      End If

100      Return
      Format(15X,115)
      End
```

```
Integer*4 Function AD_CANCEL( CHANNEL )
! Clears the parameter table associated with A/D channel
Include 'LABCHNDEF.FOR'
Integer CHANNEL

AD_CANCEL = 1           !Assume error
! Legal channel numbers are 1-16
If ( CHANNEL .ge. 1 .and. CHANNEL .le. 16 ) Then
! Zero the AD_BLOCK for this channel
Do 10 J = 1, 16         !Clear everthing
AD_BLOCK(J, CHANNEL) = 0
AD_CANCEL = 0          !Everything ok
End IF

! Clear associated event flags
Call SYSSCLREF(%Val( EF_NOTIFY_OFF + CHANNEL ) )
Call SYSSCLREF(%Val( EF_ACTIVITY_OFF + CHANNEL ) )
Call SYSSCLREF(%Val( EF_STATUS_OFF + CHANNEL ) )

99 Return
End
```

Logical Function CHECK\_PARM(IVAL,OVAL,MIN,MAX,DEFAULT)

```
! This routine validates and defaults an input parameter (IVAL)
! If IVAL is not 0, it compares it to MIN and MAX, returning TRUE or FALSE.
! If IVAL is 0, and OVAL is not zero, IVAL = OVAL
! If IVAL is 0, and OVAL is zero, IVAL = DEFAULT
```

Integer\*4 IVAL,OVAL,MIN,MAX,DEFAULT

CHECK\_PARM = .false. !assume the worst

```
If (IVAL .ne. 0 ) Then
  If( IVAL .lt. MIN .or. IVAL .gt. MAX) Go To 99
```

```
Else
  If (OVAL .ne. 0 ) Then
    IVAL = OVAL
```

```
  Else
    IVAL = DEFAULT
```

```
  End If
```

CHECK\_PARM = .true.

99 Return

END

LAB

Fi

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

\*\*

T

T

T

O

T

T

T

K

T

T

## Integer Function CHECK\_PID(PID)

```
! This routine checks to see if a PID is in CONNECT_BLOCK
! If it is, the INDEX into CONNECT_BLOCK is returned. If
! it isn't, 0 is returned
```

```
Include 'LABCHNDEF.FOR'
Integer*4 PID
```

```
! Assume PID is not in database
CHECK_PID = 0
```

```
! If PID is found, return index.
```

```
Do 10 I = 1, MAX_PID
If( CONNECT_BLOCK(I,1) .eq. PID ) CHECK_PID = I
Continue
```

```
Return
End
```

