

CCCCCCCCCCCC	DDDDDDDDDDDD	DDDDDDDDDDDD		
CCCCCCCCCCCC	DDDDDDDDDDDD	DDDDDDDDDDDD		
CCCCCCCCCCCC	DDDDDDDDDDDD	DDDDDDDDDDDD		
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCC	DDD	DDD	DDD	DDD
CCCCCCCCCCCC	DDDDDDDDDDDD	DDDDDDDDDDDD		
CCCCCCCCCCCC	DDDDDDDDDDDD	DDDDDDDDDDDD		
CCCCCCCCCCCC	DDDDDDDDDDDD	DDDDDDDDDDDD		

```
CCCCCCCC DDDDDDDD DDDDDDDD LL I11111 BBBB8888
CCCCCCCC DDDDDDDD DDDDDDDD LL I11111 BBBB8888
CC        DD      DD DD      DD LL      II      BB      BB
CC        DD      DD DD      DD LL      II      BB      BB
CC        DD      DD DD      DD LL      II      BB      BB
CC        DD      DD DD      DD LL      II      BBBB8888
CC        DD      DD DD      DD LL      II      BBBB8888
CC        DD      DD DD      DD LL      II      BB      BB
CC        DD      DD DD      DD LL      II      BB      BB
CC        DD      DD DD      DD LL      II      BB      BB
CC        DD      DD DD      DD LL      II      BB      BB
CCCCCCCC DDDDDDDD DDDDDDDD LLLLLLLLLL I11111 BBBB8888
CCCCCCCC DDDDDDDD DDDDDDDD LLLLLLLLLL I11111 BBBB8888
          . . . .
          . . . .
          . . . .
          . . . .
```

```
LL        I11111 SSSSSSSS
LL        I11111 SSSSSSSS
LL        II      SS
LL        II      SS
LL        II      SS
LL        II      SS
LL        II      SSSSSS
LL        II      SSSSSS
LL        II      SS
LL        II      SS
LL        II      SS
LL        II      SS
LLLLLLLLLL I11111 SSSSSSSS
LLLLLLLLLL I11111 SSSSSSSS
```

0001 0
0002 0
0003 0
0004 0
0005 0
0006 0
0007 0
0008 0
0009 0
0010 0
0011 0
0012 0
0013 0
0014 0
0015 0
0016 0
0017 0
0018 0
0019 0
0020 0
0021 0
0022 0
0023 0
0024 0
0025 0
0026 0
0027 0
0028 0
0029 0
0030 0
0031 0
0032 0
0033 0
0034 0
0035 0
0036 0
0037 0
0038 0
0039 0
0040 0
0041 0
0042 0
0043 0
0044 0
0045 0
0046 0

```
*****  
*  
*  COPYRIGHT (c) 1978, 1980, 1982, 1984 BY  
*  DIGITAL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION, MAYNARD, MASSACHUSETTS.  
*  ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.  
*  
*  THIS SOFTWARE IS FURNISHED UNDER A LICENSE AND MAY BE USED AND COPIED  
*  ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF SUCH LICENSE AND WITH THE  
*  INCLUSION OF THE ABOVE COPYRIGHT NOTICE. THIS SOFTWARE OR ANY OTHER  
*  COPIES THEREOF MAY NOT BE PROVIDED OR OTHERWISE MADE AVAILABLE TO ANY  
*  OTHER PERSON. NO TITLE TO AND OWNERSHIP OF THE SOFTWARE IS HEREBY  
*  TRANSFERRED.  
*  
*  THE INFORMATION IN THIS SOFTWARE IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE  
*  AND SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUED AS A COMMITMENT BY DIGITAL EQUIPMENT  
*  CORPORATION.  
*  
*  DIGITAL ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE USE OR RELIABILITY OF ITS  
*  SOFTWARE ON EQUIPMENT WHICH IS NOT SUPPLIED BY DIGITAL.  
*  
*****  
**  
TITLE: CDDLIB                CDD Bliss Library  
VERSION: 'V04-000'  
FACILITY: Common Data Dictionary  
ABSTRACT:  
    This module is the library file used for compiling all other  
    modules in the CDD facility.  
ENVIRONMENT:  
AUTHOR: Jeff East, 22-Jan-80  
MODIFIED BY:  
    7-May-81 (JAE) Added $IO_SYNC macro.  
--  
%TITLE    'CDD Bliss Library'
```

0047 0
0048 0
0049 0
0050 0
0051 0
0052 0
0053 0
0054 0
0055 0
0056 0
0057 0
0058 0
0059 0
0060 0
0061 0
0062 0
0063 0
0064 0
0065 0
0066 0
0067 0
0068 0
0069 0
0070 0
0071 0
M 0072 0
0073 0
0074 0
0075 0
0076 0
0077 0
0078 0
0079 0
0080 0

%SBTTL 'STRUCTURE DEFINITIONS'

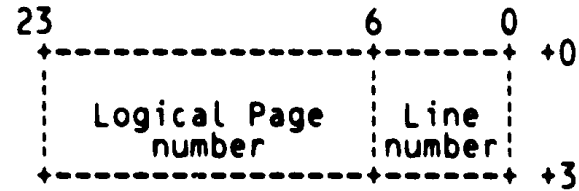
++

STRUCTURE DEFINITIONS

--

+

On-disk Pointer Structure



DPTR\$V_LINE
DPTR\$V_PAGE

LITERAL

DPTR\$\$_BLOCK_LENGTH = 3;

MACRO

\$DPTR = BLOCK[DPTR\$\$_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (DPTR\$Z_FIELDS)
%;

FIELD DPTR\$Z_FIELDS =

SET

DPTR\$V_VALUE = [0, 0, 24, 0],
DPTR\$V_LINE = [0, 0, 7, 0],
DPTR\$V_PAGE = [0, 7, 17, 0]

TES;

0081 0
 0082 0
 0083 0
 0084 0
 0085 0
 0086 0
 0087 0
 0088 0
 0089 0
 0090 0
 0091 0
 0092 0
 0093 0
 0094 0
 0095 0
 0096 0
 0097 0
 0098 0
 0099 0
 0100 0
 0101 0
 0102 0
 0103 0
 M 0104 0
 0105 0
 0106 0
 0107 0
 0108 0
 0109 0
 0110 0
 0111 0
 0112 0

```

+
  In-core Disk Pointer Structure

  31      23      6      0
  +-----+-----+-----+ +0
  | Internal | Logical Page | Line |
  |  file   |   number   | number |
  | number  |             |       |
  +-----+-----+-----+ +4
  DKEY$V_LINE
  DKEY$V_PAGE
  DKEY$B_FILE

  When a disk pointer is being passed around routines, it
  is passed as a Disk Key (DKEY), rather than just a disk
  pointer.

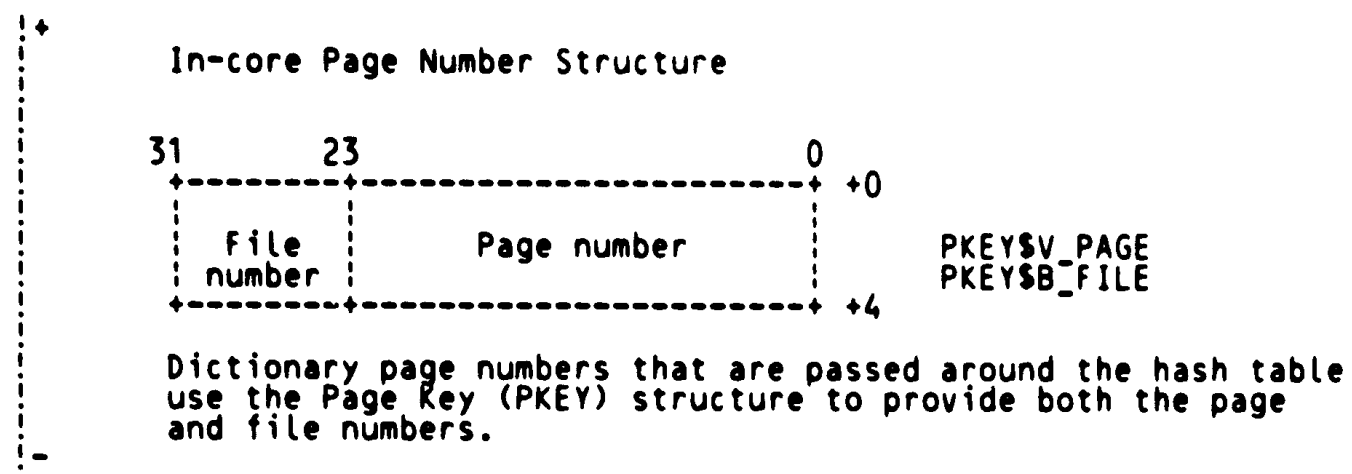
  Disk Keys include all the information of a disk pointer,
  but also include a pointer to their file's FCB.

  LITERAL
    DKEY$$_BLOCK_LENGTH = 4;

  MACRO
    $DKEY = BLOCK[DKEY$$_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (DKEY$Z_FIELDS)
    %;

  FIELD DKEY$Z_FIELDS =
    SET
      DKEY$V_LINE      = [0, 0, 7, 0],
      DKEY$V_PAGE      = [0, 7, 17, 0],
      DKEY$B_FILE       = [0, 24, 8, 0]
  TES;
  
```

0113 0
0114 0
0115 0
0116 0
0117 0
0118 0
0119 0
0120 0
0121 0
0122 0
0123 0
0124 0
0125 0
0126 0
0127 0
0128 0
0129 0
0130 0
0131 0
0132 0
M 0133 0
0134 0
0135 0
0136 0
0137 0
0138 0
0139 0
0140 0



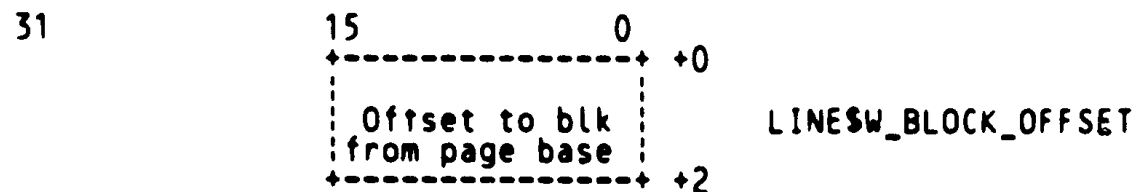
```
LITERAL
    PKEY$$_BLOCK_LENGTH = 4;

MACRO
    $PKEY = BLOCK[PKEY$$_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (PKEY$Z_FIELDS)
    %;

FIELD PKEY$Z_FIELDS =
    SET
        PKEY$V_PAGE           = [0, 0, 24, 0],
        PKEY$B_FILE          = [0, 24, 8, 0]
    TES;
```

0141 0
 0142 0
 0143 0
 0144 0
 0145 0
 0146 0
 0147 0
 0148 0
 0149 0
 0150 0
 0151 0
 0152 0
 0153 0
 0154 0
 0155 0
 0156 0
 0157 0
 0158 0
 0159 0
 0160 0
 0161 0
 0162 0
 0163 0
 0164 0
 0165 0
 M 0166 0
 0167 0
 0168 0
 0169 0
 0170 0
 0171 0
 0172 0

Line Index Format



Each block on a dictionary page is pointed to by a line index on that page. Disk pointers (DPTIR) between the various blocks actually point to the block's line index. The line index is then used to locate the physical dictionary block.

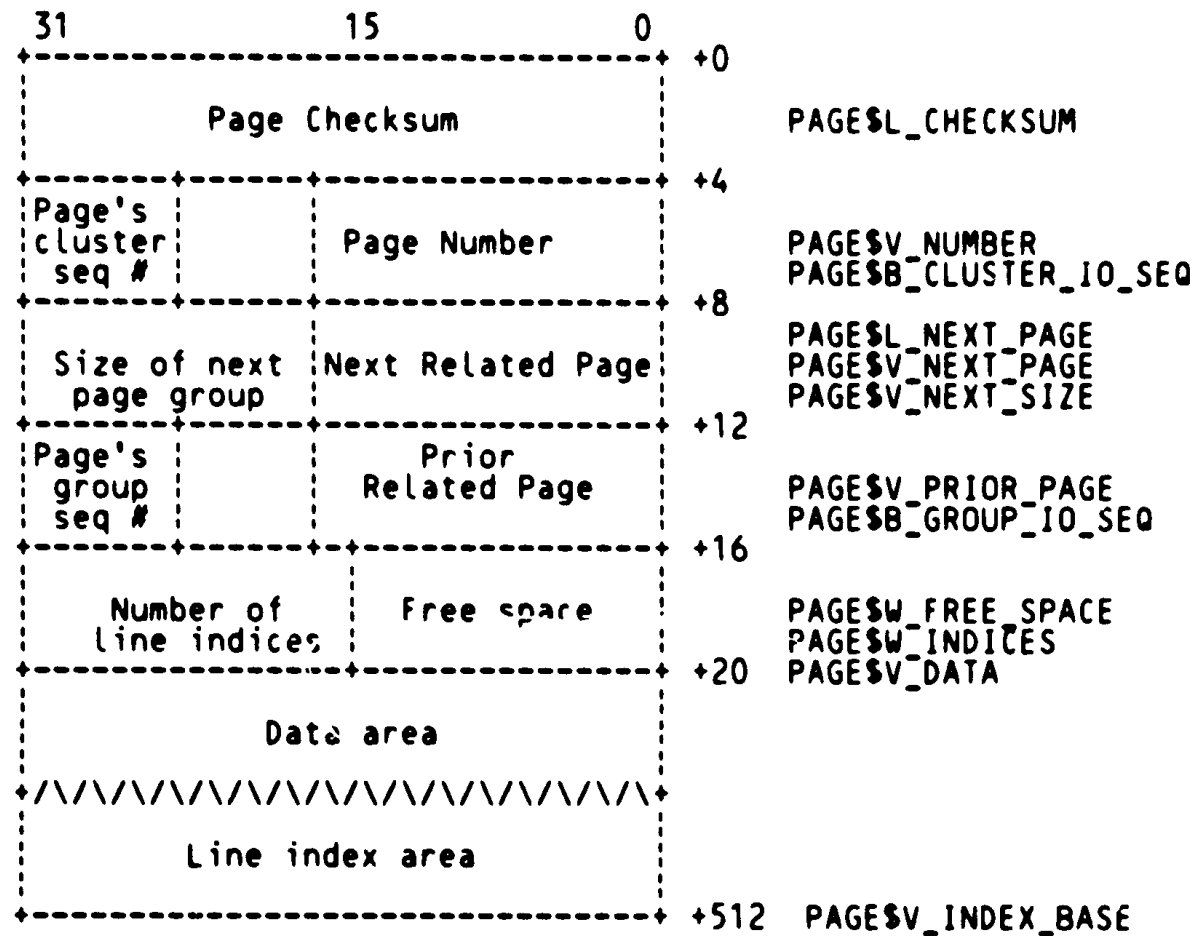
The PAGE\$INDEX macro allows the programmer to access a line index while it resides on a dictionary page. It also uses the LINESZ_FIELDS to access the individual fields within a line index.

```

LITERAL
  LINES$BLOCK_LENGTH = 2;
MACRO
  $LINE = BLOCK[LINES$BLOCK_LENGTH,BYTE] FIELD (LINESZ_FIELDS)
  %;
FIELD  LINESZ_FIELDS =
  SET
    LINESW_BLOCK_OFFSET = [0, 0, 16, 0]
  TES;
    
```

0173 0
0174 0
0175 0
0176 0
0177 0
0178 0
0179 0
0180 0
0181 0
0182 0
0183 0
0184 0
0185 0
0186 0
0187 0
0188 0
0189 0
0190 0
0191 0
0192 0
0193 0
0194 0
0195 0
0196 0
0197 0
0198 0
0199 0
0200 0
0201 0
0202 0
0203 0
0204 0
0205 0
0206 0
0207 0
0208 0
0209 0
0210 0
0211 0
0212 0
0213 0
0214 0
0215 0
0216 0
0217 0
0218 0
0219 0
0220 0
0221 0
0222 0
0223 0
0224 0
0225 0
0226 0
0227 0
0228 0
0229 0

Page Format



Each page in the dictionary file starts with a page header. The next and prior related page pointers are used for linking page groups. The following types of page groups exist:

- 1) Lockable page group.
Each named entity (and history list) owns exactly one lockable page group. These groups contain all unnamed offspring of the name entry (or history list).

A page group may only be accessed through its portal page. A group's portal page is the page on which the named entity (or history list head) resides. If a group's portal page is locked, then no pages in the group may be accessed.

The PAGESINDEX structure is used to access a line index entry on a page.

A page whose checksum is zero is a locked page, and indicates that the sub-tree below it is incomplete and in a transient state.

0230 0
 0231 0
 0232 0
 0233 0
 0234 0
 0235 0
 0236 0
 0237 0
 0238 0
 0239 0
 0240 0
 0241 0
 0242 0
 0243 0
 0244 0
 0245 0
 0246 0
 M 0247 0
 0248 0
 0249 0
 0250 0
 0251 0
 0252 0
 0253 0
 0254 0
 0255 0
 0256 0
 0257 0
 0258 0
 0259 0
 0260 0
 0261 0
 0262 0
 0263 0
 0264 0
 0265 0
 0266 0
 0267 0
 0268 0
 0269 0
 0270 0
 0271 0
 0272 0
 0273 0
 0274 0
 0275 0

```

:      Such pages may never be read.
:
:      Each page has two page sequence numbers. The cluster sequence
:      number must be the same for all pages in the cluster. The group
:      sequence number must be the same for all pages in an I/O group.
:
:      The cluster I/O sequence number is bumped whenever more than one
:      group in the cluster is written. The group I/O sequence number
:      is bumped whenever the group is written. These sequence numbers
:      enable the detection of incomplete cluster unstage operations.
:
:
LITERAL
  PAGE$$_BLOCK_LENGTH = 512;

MACRO
  $PAGE = BLOCK[PAGE$$_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (PAGE$Z_FIELDS)
  %:

FIELD PAGE$Z_FIELDS =
  SET
    PAGE$L_CHECKSUM           = [0, 0, 32, 0],
    PAGE$V_NUMBER            = [4, 0, 17, 0],
    PAGE$B_CLUSTER_IO_SEQ    = [7, 0, 8, 0],
    PAGE$L_NEXT_PAGE         = [8, 0, 32, 0],
    PAGE$V_NEXT_PAGE        = [8, 0, 17, 0],
    PAGE$V_NEXT_SIZE         = [8, 1, 15, 0],
    PAGE$V_PRIOR_PAGE        = [12, 0, 17, 0],
    PAGE$B_GROUP_IO_SEQ     = [15, 0, 8, 0],
    PAGE$W_FREE_SPACE        = [16, 0, 16, 0],
    PAGE$W_INDICES           = [18, 0, 16, 0],
    PAGE$V_DATA              = [20, 0, 0, 0],
    PAGE$V_INDEX_BASE        = [512, 0, 0, 0]

  TES:

LITERAL
  PAGE$K_BASE = BLOCK[0, PAGE$V_DATA;
                    PAGE$$_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE],
  PAGE$K_FREE_SPACE = PAGE$$_BLOCK_LENGTH - PAGE$K_BASE,
  PAGE$$_INDEX_BASE = BLOCK[0, PAGE$V_INDEX_BASE;
                    PAGE$$_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE];

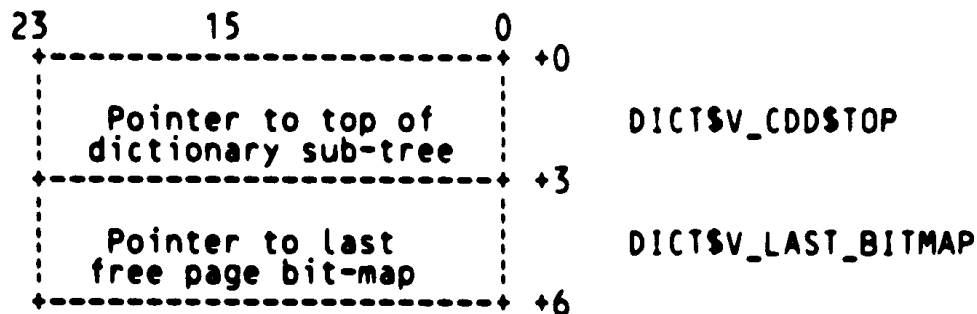
STRUCTURE
  PAGE$INDEX[I, O, P, S, E] =
    (PAGE$INDEX+PAGE$$_INDEX_BASE+O-((I)*LINE$$_BLOCK_LENGTH)) <P,S,E>;

```

0276 0
0277 0
0278 0
0279 0
0280 0
0281 0
0282 0
0283 0
0284 0
0285 0
0286 0
0287 0
0288 0
0289 0
0290 0
0291 0
0292 0
0293 0
0294 0
0295 0
0296 0
0297 0
0298 0
0299 0
0300 0
0301 0
0302 0
0303 0
0304 0
0305 0
0306 0
0307 0
0308 0
0309 0
0310 0
0311 0
0312 0
0313 0
0314 0

!+
-
-

Dictionary Header Block



Each dictionary uses page 1 as its dictionary header page.
The dictionary header block immediately follows the page
header on page 1.

DICTSV_CDDSTOP points to the root of the tree/sub-tree contained
in the dictionary file.

DICTSV_LAST_BITMAP points to the last free page bit-map entry.

LITERAL

DICT\$\$_BLOCK_LENGTH = 6 + PAGE\$\$_BASE;

MACRO

\$DICT = BLOCK[DICT\$\$_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (PAGE\$\$_FIELDS,
DICT\$\$_FIELDS)

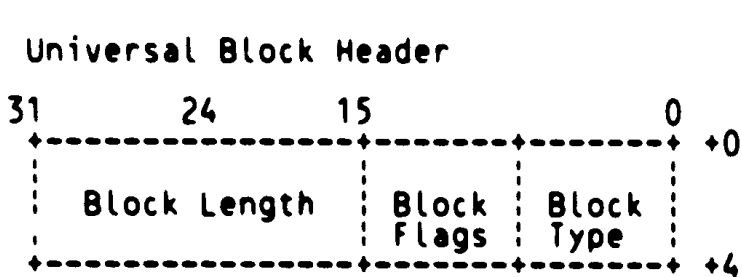
%;

FIELD DICT\$\$_FIELDS =

SET
DICTSV_CDDSTOP = [0+PAGE\$\$_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
DICTSV_LAST_BITMAP = [3+PAGE\$\$_BASE, 0, 24, 0]

TES;

0315 0
0316 00
0317 000
0318 0000
0319 00000
0320 000000
0321 0000000
0322 00000000
0323 000000000
0324 0000000000
0325 00000000000
0326 000000000000
0327 0000000000000
0328 00000000000000
0329 000000000000000
0330 0000000000000000
0331 00000000000000000
0332 000000000000000000
0333 0000000000000000000
0334 00000000000000000000
0335 000000000000000000000
0336 0000000000000000000000
0337 00000000000000000000000
0338 000000000000000000000000
0339 0000000000000000000000000
0340 00000000000000000000000000
0341 000000000000000000000000000
0342 0000000000000000000000000000
0343 00000000000000000000000000000
0344 000000000000000000000000000000
0345 0000000000000000000000000000000
0346 00000000000000000000000000000000
0347 000000000000000000000000000000000
0348 0000000000000000000000000000000000
0349 00000000000000000000000000000000000
0350 000000000000000000000000000000000000
0351 0000000000000000000000000000000000000
0352 00000000000000000000000000000000000000
0353 000000000000000000000000000000000000000
0354 00
0355 000
0356 00
0357 000
0358 00
0359 000
0360 00
0361 000
0362 00
0363 000
0364 00
0365 000
0366 00
0367 000
0368 00
0369 000
0370 000
0371 00



BLK\$B_TYPE
BLK\$B_FLAGS
BLK\$W_LENGTH

This block header is used in every non-fixed block on the dictionary pages. Fixed blocks (one which always occur in the same place whenever they exist) do not have this block header.

LITERAL
BLK\$S_BLOCK_LENGTH = 4;

MACRO
\$BLK = BLOCK[BLK\$S_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (ACLSZ_FIELDS,
ACLC\$Z_FIELDS,
ATT\$Z_FIELDS,
BLK\$Z_FIELDS,
ELST\$Z_FIELDS,
ENT\$Z_FIELDS,
FPCBSZ_FIELDS,
LIST\$Z_FIELDS,
LST\$Z_FIELDS,
NAME\$Z_FIELDS,
NAT\$Z_FIELDS,
NNAM\$Z_FIELDS,
NODE\$Z_FIELDS,
SEG\$Z_FIELDS,
SLST\$Z_FIELDS,
SSASZ_FIELDS,
STR\$Z_FIELDS,
TEXT\$Z_FIELDS)

%;

FIELD BLK\$Z_FIELDS =
SET
BLK\$B_TYPE = [0, 0, 8, 0],
BLK\$B_FLAGS = [1, 0, 8, 0],
BLK\$W_LENGTH = [2, 0, 16, 0]

TES;

LITERAL
BLK\$K_FLAGS = BLOCK[0, BLK\$B_TYPE; , BYTE],
BLK\$K_BASE = BLK\$S_BLOCK_LENGTH;

↑
Block types

0372 0
0373 0
0374 0
0375 0
0376 0
0377 0
0378 0
0379 0
0380 0
0381 0
0382 0
0383 0
0384 0
0385 0
0386 0
0387 0
0388 0
0389 0
0390 0
0391 0
0392 0
0393 0
0394 0
0395 0
0396 0
0397 0
0398 0
0399 0
0400 0
0401 0
0402 0
0403 0
0404 0
0405 0
0406 0
0407 0
0408 0
0409 0
0410 0
0411 0
0412 0
0413 0
0414 0
0415 0
0416 0
0417 0

The ordering and clustering of these block types is significant.

All block types must be contiguous without any holes and bounded by the symbols BLK\$K_TYPE_FIRST and BLK\$K_TYPE_LAST.

All node and NAME block types must be contiguous and bounded by the symbols BLK\$K_TYPE_NODE_FIRST and BLK\$K_TYPE_NODE_LAST.

To add more node or NAME block types, insert them at the front of the table.

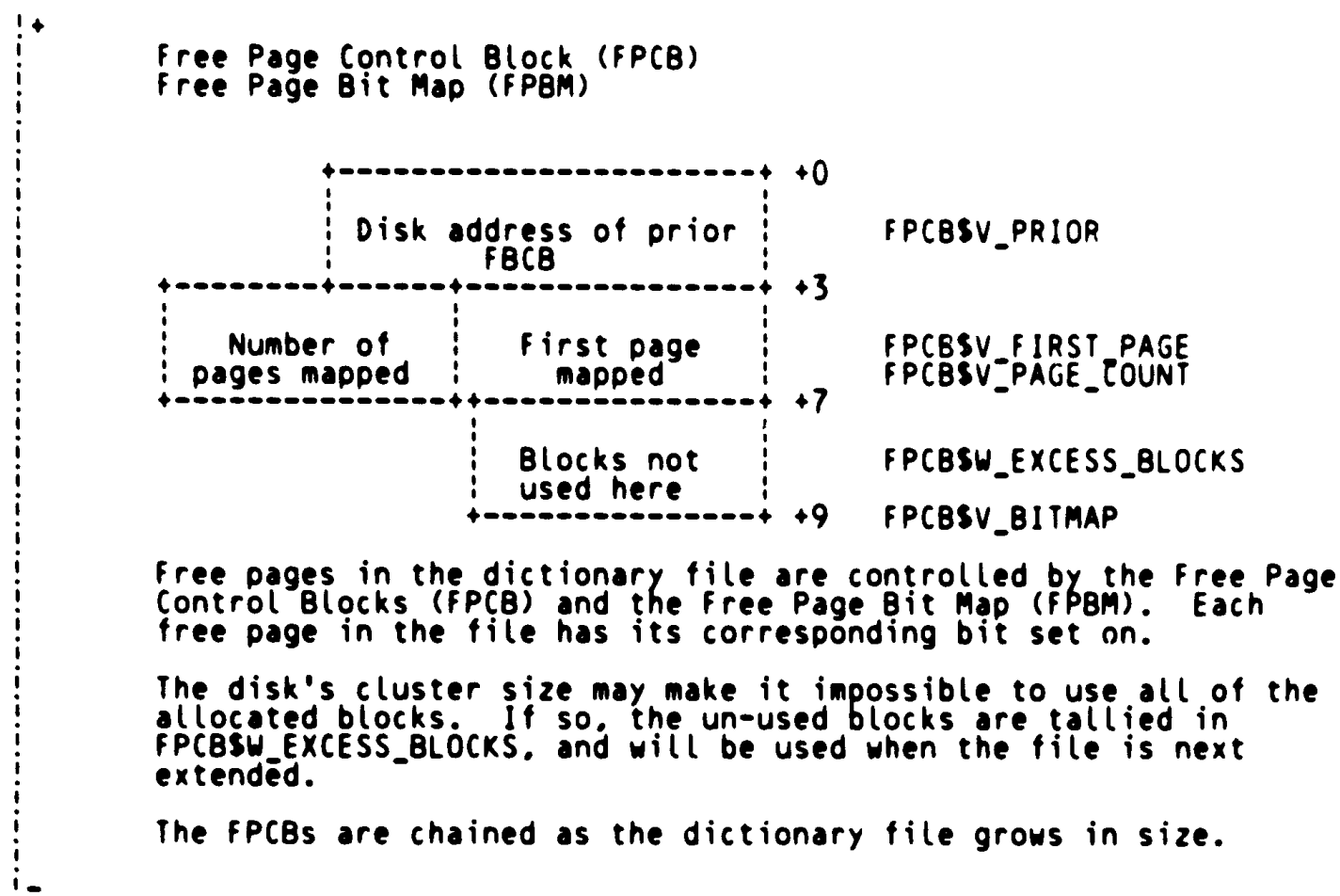
To add any other block type, append them to the end of the table.

CHANGING THE VALUES OF ANY OF THE ACTUAL BLOCK TYPES WILL INVALIDATE EXISTING DICTIONARIES.

LITERAL

BLK\$K_TYPE_FIRST	= 101,	! Lowest block type
BLK\$K_TYPE_NODE_FIRST	= 101,	! First node or NAM block
BLK\$K_TYPE_DIR_NAM	= 101,	! Directory NAM block
BLK\$K_TYPE_FIL_NAM	= 102,	! File NAM block
BLK\$K_TYPE_TERM_NAM	= 103,	! Terminal NAM block
BLK\$K_TYPE_DIR_NODE	= 104,	! Directory node block
BLK\$K_TYPE_TERM_NODE	= 105,	! Terminal node block
BLK\$K_TYPE_NODE_LAST	= 105,	! Last node or NAM block
BLK\$K_TYPE_BITMAP	= 106,	! Free page bitmap
BLK\$K_TYPE_ENTITY_ATT	= 107,	! Entity attribute block
BLK\$K_TYPE_ENTITY_LIST	= 108,	! Entity list block
BLK\$K_TYPE_ENTITY_LIST_ATT	= 109,	! Entity list attribute block
BLK\$K_TYPE_NULL_ATT	= 110,	! Null attribute block
BLK\$K_TYPE_NUM_ATT	= 111,	! Numeric attribute block
BLK\$K_TYPE_SHORT_ATT	= 112,	! Short string attribute block
BLK\$K_TYPE_STRING_ATT	= 113,	! String attribute block
BLK\$K_TYPE_STRING_LIST	= 115,	! String list block
BLK\$K_TYPE_STRING_LIST_ATT	= 116,	! String list attribute block
BLK\$K_TYPE_STRING_SEG	= 117,	! String segment block
BLK\$K_TYPE_TEXT	= 118,	! Text block
BLK\$K_TYPE_ACL	= 119,	! Access control list entry
BLK\$K_TYPE_ACLC	= 120,	! Access control list criterion
BLK\$K_TYPE_LAST	= 120;	! Highest block type

0418 0
0419 0
0420 0
0421 0
0422 0
0423 0
0424 0
0425 0
0426 0
0427 0
0428 0
0429 0
0430 0
0431 0
0432 0
0433 0
0434 0
0435 0
0436 0
0437 0
0438 0
0439 0
0440 0
0441 0
0442 0
0443 0
0444 0
0445 0
0446 0
0447 0
0448 0
0449 0
0450 0
0451 0
0452 0
0453 0
0454 0
0455 0
0456 0
0457 0
0458 0
0459 0
0460 0
0461 0
0462 0
0463 0
0464 0
0465 0
0466 0
0467 0
0468 0
0469 0
0470 0
0471 0



```
LITERAL
  FPCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH = BLK$K_BASE + 9;

STRUCTURE
  FPCB[0, P, S, E; BLOCKS] = [FPCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH+(BLOCKS+7)/8]
    (FPCB+0)<P,S,E>;

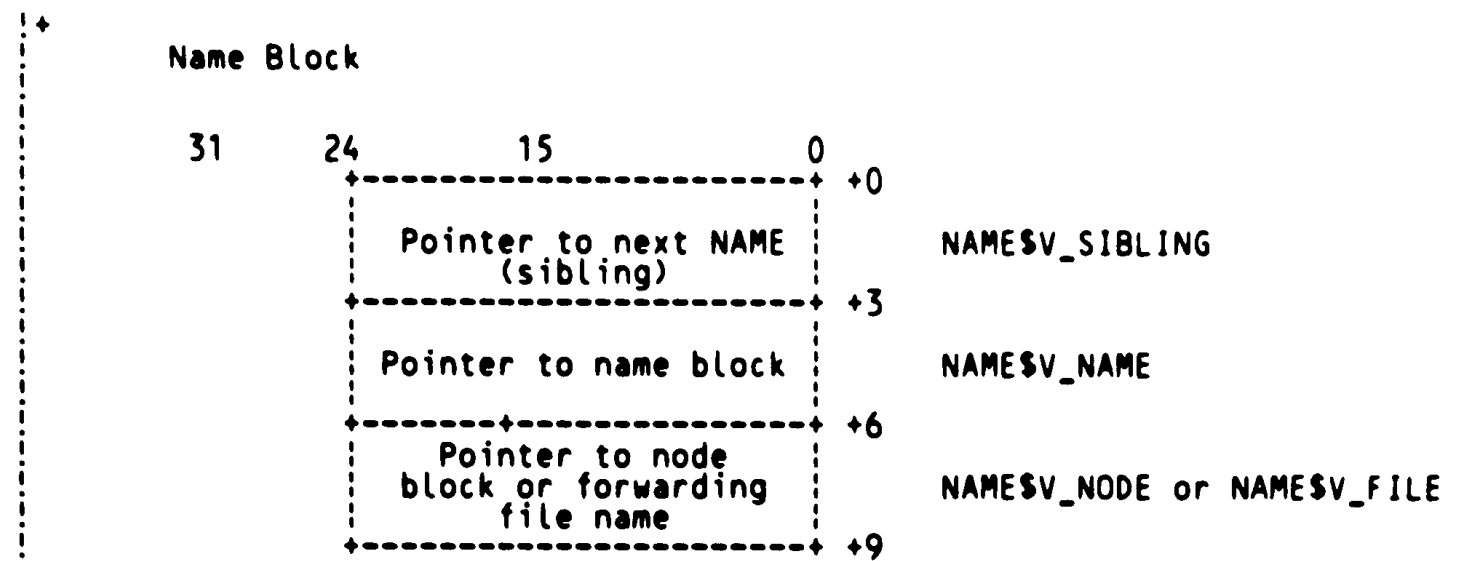
FIELD FPCB$Z_FIELDS =
  SET
    FPCB$V_PRIOR           = [0+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
    FPCB$V_FIRST_PAGE     = [3+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 17, 0],
    FPCB$V_PAGE_COUNT     = [3+BLK$K_BASE, 17, 15, 0],
    FPCB$W_EXCESS_BLOCKS  = [7+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 16, 0],
    FPCB$V_BITMAP         = [9+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 0, 0]

TES;

LITERAL
  FPCB$K_BASE = FPCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH,
  FPCB$$BITMAP = FPCB[0, FPCB$V_BITMAP];

STRUCTURE
  FPBM[I] = (FPBM+FPCB$$BITMAP)<I-1, 1, 0>;
```

0472 0
0473 0
0474 0
0475 0
0476 0
0477 0
0478 0
0479 0
0480 0
0481 0
0482 0
0483 0
0484 0
0485 0
0486 0
0487 0
0488 0
0489 0
0490 0
0491 0
0492 0
0493 0
0494 0
0495 0
0496 0
0497 0
0498 0
0499 0
0500 0
0501 0
0502 0
0503 0
0504 0
0505 0
0506 0
0507 0
0508 0
0509 0
0510 0
0511 0
0512 0
0513 0
0514 0
0515 0
0516 0
0517 0
0518 0
0519 0



There are three types of NAM Blocks, Directory, File, and Terminal.

Directory NAM Block is made up of a Block Header + NAM Block.

File NAM Block is made up of a Block Header + NAM Block.

Terminal NAM Block is made up of a Block Header + NAM Block + Terminal NAM Block.

```

LITERAL
  NAME$S_BLOCK_LENGTH = 9 + BLK$K_BASE;

MACRO
  $NAME = BLOCK[NAME$S_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (BLK$Z_FIELDS,
  NAME$Z_FIELDS)
  %;

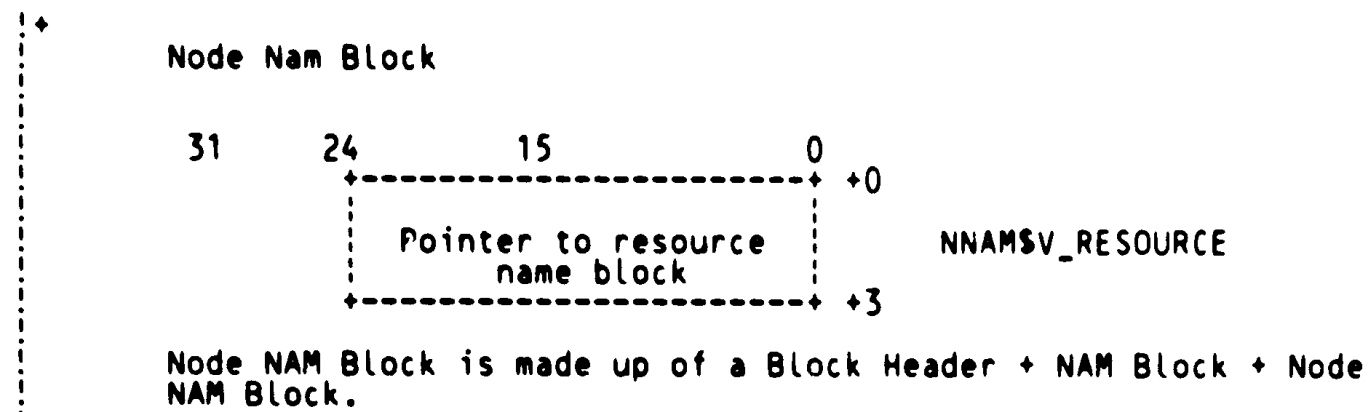
FIELD NAME$Z_FIELDS =
  SET
    NAME$V_SIBLING      = [0+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
    NAME$V_NAME         = [3+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
    NAME$V_NODE         = [6+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
    NAME$V_FILE         = [6+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0]
  TES;

LITERAL
  NAME$K_BASE          = NAME$S_BLOCK_LENGTH;
  
```

```

0520 0
0521 0
0522 0
0523 0
0524 0
0525 0
0526 0
0527 0
0528 0
0529 0
0530 0
0531 0
0532 0
0533 0
0534 0
0535 0
0536 0
0537 0
0538 0
0539 0
MM 0540 0
MM 0541 0
MM 0542 0
0543 0
0544 0
0545 0
0546 0
0547 0
0548 0
0549 0
0550 0
0551 0

```



```

LITERAL
NNAMSS_BLOCK_LENGTH = 3 + NAME$K_BASE;

```

```

MACRO
$NNAM = BLOCK[NNAMSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (BLK$Z_FIELDS,
NAME$Z_FIELDS,
NNAM$Z_FIELDS)
%:

```

```

FIELD NNAM$Z_FIELDS =
SET
NNAMSV_RESOURCE = [0+NAME$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0]
TES;

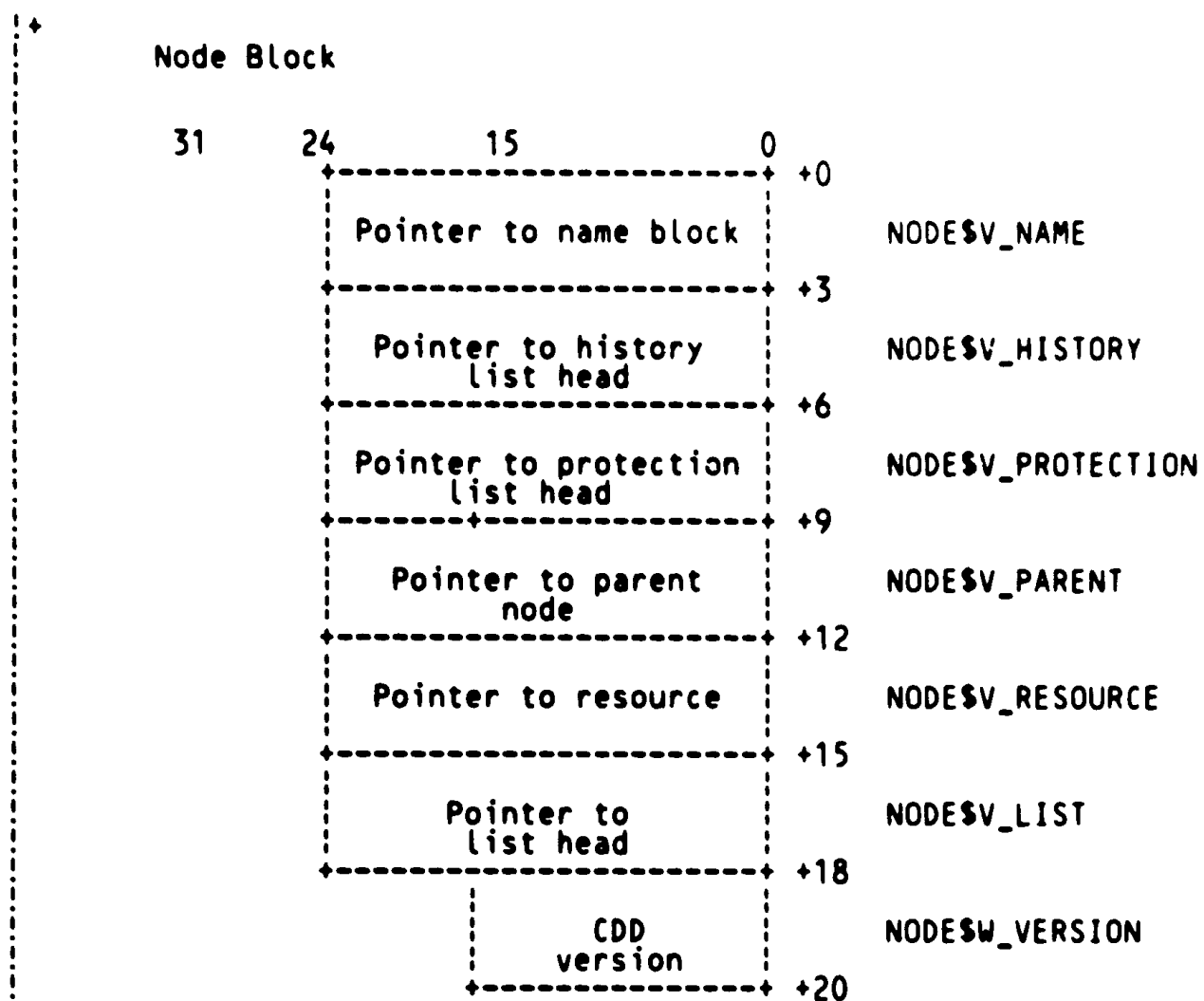
```

```

LITERAL
NNAM$K_BASE = NNAMSS_BLOCK_LENGTH;

```

0552 0
0553 0
0554 0
0555 0
0556 0
0557 0
0558 0
0559 0
0560 0
0561 0
0562 0
0563 0
0564 0
0565 0
0566 0
0567 0
0568 0
0569 0
0570 0
0571 0
0572 0
0573 0
0574 0
0575 0
0576 0
0577 0
0578 0
0579 0
0580 0
0581 0
0582 0
0583 0
0584 0
0585 0
0586 0
0587 0
0588 0
0589 0
0590 0
0591 0
0592 0
0593 0
0594 0
0595 0
0596 0
0597 0
0598 0
0599 0
0600 0
0601 0
0602 0
0603 0
0604 0
0605 0
0606 0
0607 0
0608 0



There are two types of Node Blocks Directory and Terminal.
Directory Node Block is made up of a Block Header + Node Block
Terminal Node Block is made up of a Block Header + Node Block

```

LITERAL
  NODE$S_BLOCK_LENGTH = 20+ BLK$K_BASE;

MACRO
  $NODE = BLOCK[NODE$S_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (BLK$Z_FIELDS,
  NODE$Z_FIELDS)
  %;

FIELD NODE$Z_FIELDS =
  SET
    NODE$V_ORDERED      = [1, 0, 1, 0],
    NODE$V_NAME         = [0+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
    NODE$V_HISTORY      = [3+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
    NODE$V_PROTECTION   = [6+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],

```


CDD Bliss Library
STRUCTURE DEFINITIONS

L 15
15-Sep-1984 23:36:45
15-Sep-1984 22:41:23

VAX-11 Bliss-32 V4.0-742
_S255\$DUA28:[CDD.SRC]CDDLIB.B32;1

Page 15
(12)

0609 0
0610 0
0611 0
0612 0
0613 0
0614 0
0615 0
0616 0
0617 0
0618 0
0619 0
0620 0
0621 0
0622 0
0623 0
0624 0

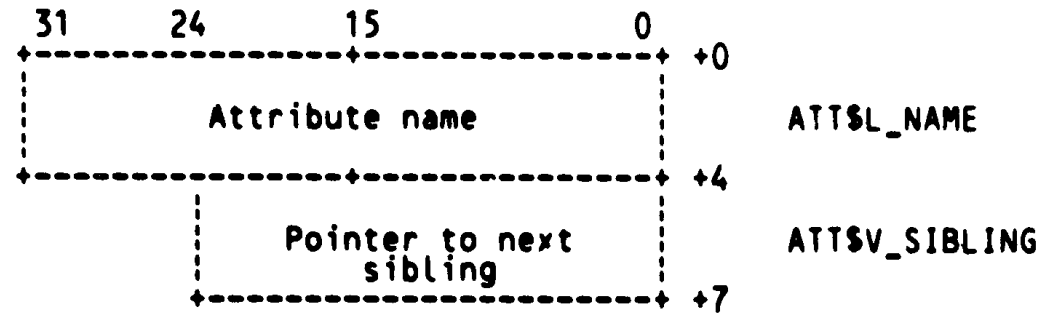
```

    NODE$V_PARENT      = [9+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
    NODE$V_RESOURCE    = [12+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
    NODE$V_LIST        = [15+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
    NODE$W_VERSION     = [18+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 16, 0]
TES;
LITERAL
    NODE$K_BASE        = NODE$$_BLOCK_LENGTH;
!+
    The following flag occurs in the BLK$B_FLAGS field of
!-
    a directory node.
LITERAL
    NODE$M_ORDERED     = 1^1 - 1^0;    ! List elements are sorted by name
```

0625 0
0626 0
0627 0
0628 0
0629 0
0630 0
0631 0
0632 0
0633 0
0634 0
0635 0
0636 0
0637 0
0638 0
0639 0
0640 0
0641 0
0642 0
0643 0
0644 0
0645 0
0646 0
0647 0
0648 0
0649 0
0650 0
0651 0
0652 0
0653 0
0654 0
0655 0
0656 0
0657 0
0658 0
0659 0
0660 0
0661 0
0662 0
0663 0
0664 0
0665 0
0666 0
0667 0
0668 0
0669 0
M 0670 0
M 0671 0
0672 0
0673 0
0674 0
0675 0
0676 0
0677 0
0678 0
0679 0
0680 0
0681 0

+
-
-

Common Attribute Block



Each attribute has the common attribute block immediately following the universal block header.

There are six types of Attribute Blocks Entity Attribute Block, List Attribute Block, Numeric Attribute Block, Null Attribute Block, Short String Attribute Block, and String Attribute Block.

Entity Attribute Block is made up of a Block Header + Attribute Block + Entity Attribute Block.

List Attribute Block is made up of a Block Header + Attribute Block + List Attribute Block.

Numeric Attribute Block is made up of a Block Header + Attribute Block + Numeric Attribute Block.

Null Attribute Block is made up of a Block Header + Attribute Block.

Short String Attribute Block is made up of a Block Header + Attribute Block + Short String Attribute.

String Attribute Block is made up of a Block Header + Attribute Block + String Attribute Block.

LITERAL
ATT\$S_BLOCK_LENGTH = 7 + BLK\$K_BASE;

MACRO
\$ATT = BLOCK[ATT\$S_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (ATT\$Z_FIELDS,
BLK\$Z_FIELDS)
%;

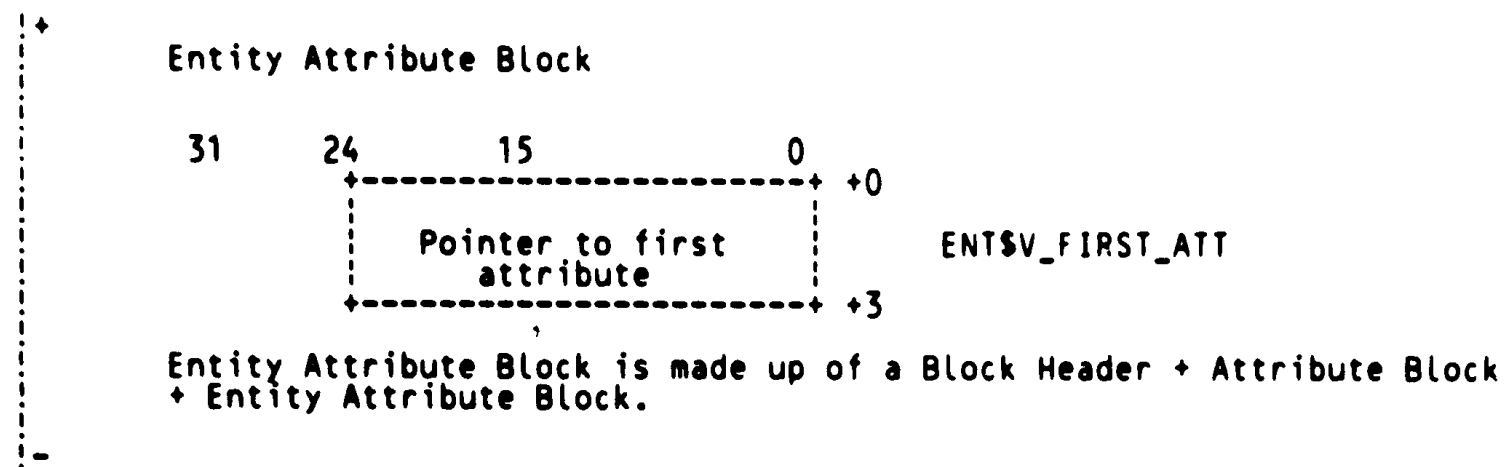
FIELD ATT\$Z_FIELDS =
SET
ATT\$L_NAME = [0+BLK\$K_BASE, 0, 32, 0],
ATT\$V_SIBLING = [4+BLK\$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0]
TES;

LITERAL
ATT\$K_BASE = ATT\$S_BLOCK_LENGTH;

```

0682 0
0683 0
0684 0
0685 0
0686 0
0687 0
0688 0
0689 0
0690 0
0691 0
0692 0
0693 0
0694 0
0695 0
0696 0
0697 0
0698 0
0699 0
0700 0
0701 0
0702 0
0703 0
0704 0
0705 0
0706 0
0707 0
0708 0
0709 0
0710 0
0711 0
0712 0
0713 0

```



```

LITERAL
  ENT$$BLOCK_LENGTH = 3 + ATT$K_BASE;

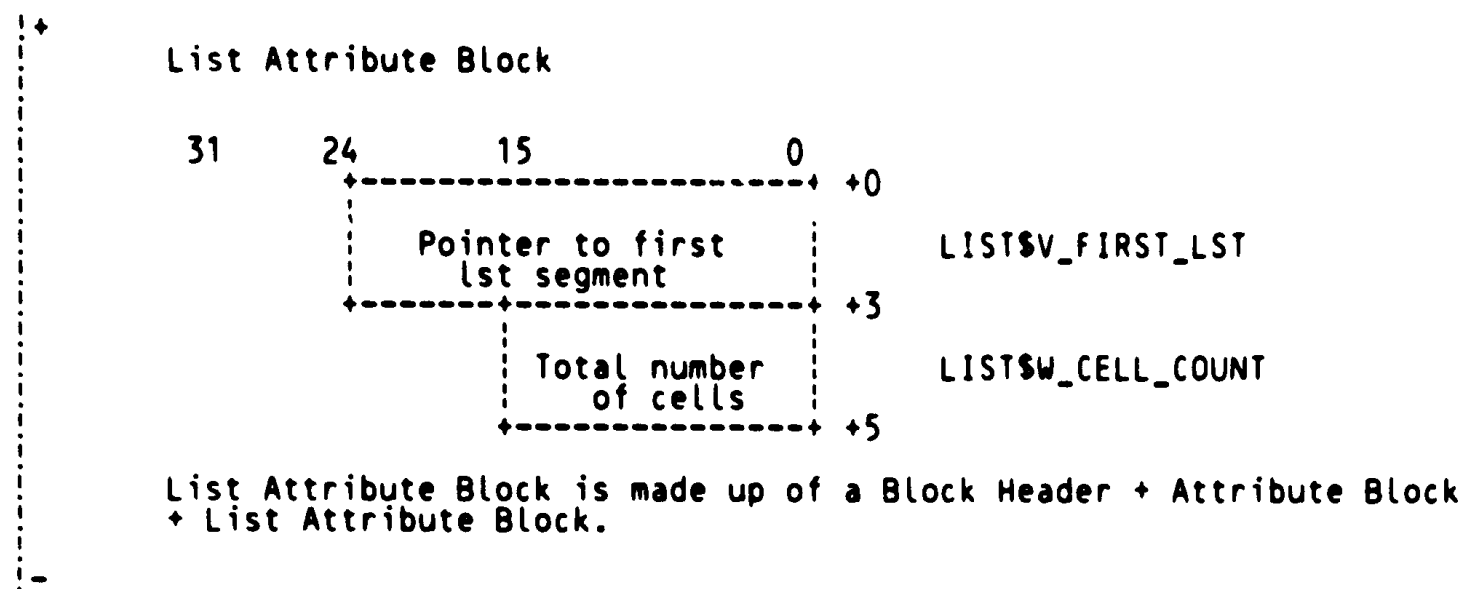
MACRO
  $ENT = BLOCK[ENT$$BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (ATT$Z_FIELDS,
  BLK$Z_FIELDS,
  ENT$Z_FIELDS)
  %;

FIELD ENT$Z_FIELDS =
  SET
  ENT$V_FIRST_ATT = [0+ATT$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0]
  TES;

LITERAL
  ENT$K_BASE = ENT$$BLOCK_LENGTH;

```

0714 0
0715 0
0716 0
0717 0
0718 0
0719 0
0720 0
0721 0
0722 0
0723 0
0724 0
0725 0
0726 0
0727 0
0728 0
0729 0
0730 0
0731 0
0732 0
0733 0
0734 0
0735 0
0736 0
0737 0
0738 0
0739 0
0740 0
0741 0
0742 0
0743 0
0744 0
0745 0
0746 0
0747 0
0748 0
0749 0
0750 0



LITERAL
LIST\$\$BLOCK_LENGTH = 5 + ATT\$K_BASE;

MACRO
\$LIST = BLOCK[LIST\$\$BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (ATT\$Z_FIELDS,
BLK\$Z_FIELDS,
LIST\$Z_FIELDS)

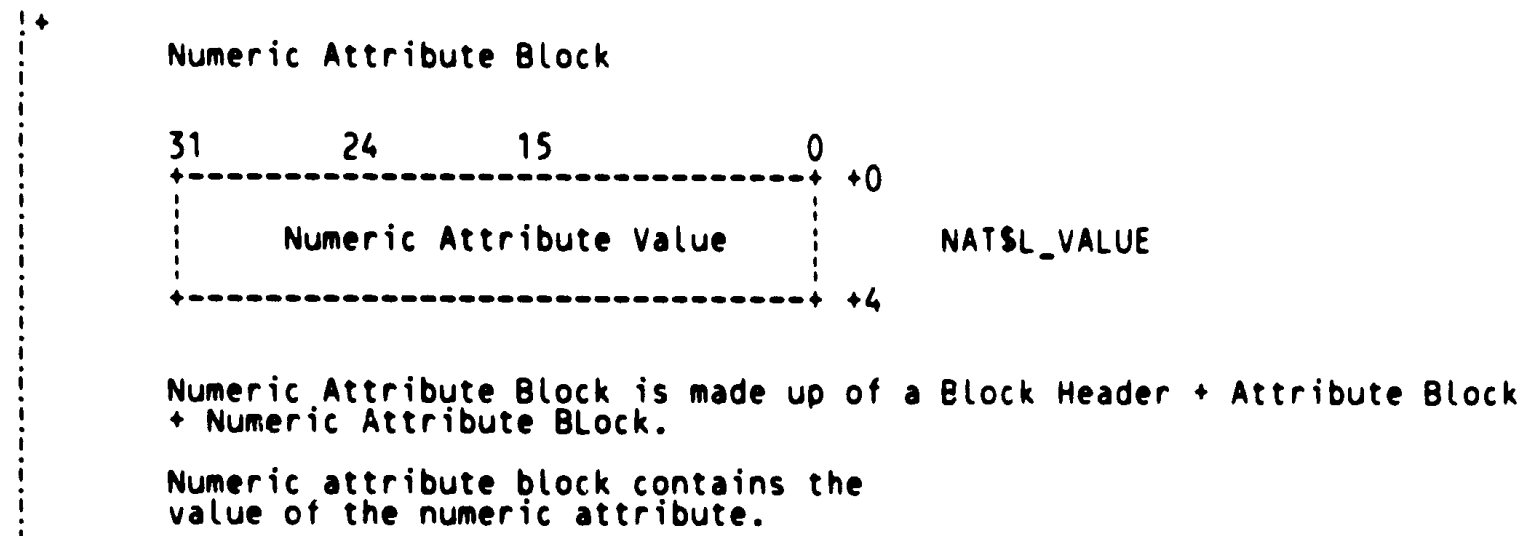
%;

FIELD LIST\$Z_FIELDS =
SET
LIST\$V_FIRST_LST = [0+ATT\$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
LIST\$W_CELL_COUNT = [3+ATT\$K_BASE, 0, 16, 0]

TES;

LITERAL
LIST\$K_BASE = LIST\$\$BLOCK_LENGTH;

0751 0
0752 0
0753 0
0754 0
0755 0
0756 0
0757 0
0758 0
0759 0
0760 0
0761 0
0762 0
0763 0
0764 0
0765 0
0766 0
0767 0
0768 0
0769 0
0770 0
0771 0
0772 0
0773 0
0774 0
MM 0775 0
0776 0
0777 0
0778 0
0779 0
0780 0
0781 0
0782 0
0783 0
0784 0
0785 0
0786 0



```

LITERAL
  NAT$$_BLOCK_LENGTH = 4 + ATT$K_BASE;

MACRO
  $NAT = BLOCK[NAT$$_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (ATT$Z_FIELDS,
                                                BLK$Z_FIELDS,
                                                NAT$Z_FIELDS)
  %;

FIELD NAT$Z_FIELDS =
  SET
    NAT$L_VALUE          = [0+ATT$K_BASE, 0, 32, 0]
  TES;

LITERAL
  NAT$K_BASE            = NAT$$_BLOCK_LENGTH;

```

0787 0
0788 0
0789 0
0790 0
0791 0
0792 0
0793 0
0794 0
0795 0
0796 0
0797 0
0798 0
0799 0
0800 0
0801 0
0802 0
0803 0
0804 0
0805 0
0806 0
0807 0
0808 0
0809 0
0810 0
0811 0
0812 0
0813 0
0814 0
0815 0
0816 0
0817 0
0818 0
0819 0
0820 0
0821 0
0822 0
0823 0
0824 0
0825 0
0826 0

```

+
Short String Attribute Block
31
      +-----+ +0  SSAST_STRING
      |         |
      |   String   |
      |         |
      +-----+ +n

Short String Attribute Block is made up of a Block Header + Attribute
Block + Short String Attribute.

Strings whose total length is between 0 and 255 bytes are usually
stored using the short string attribute block.  If a string is
too long to be stored in an SSA, then it is stored using a normal
string attribute block (STR).
-

LITERAL
  SSASS_BLOCK_LENGTH = 0 + ATT$K_BASE;

MACRO
  $SSA = BLOCK[SSASS_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (ATT$Z_FIELDS,
                                                BLK$Z_FIELDS,
                                                SSASZ_FIELDS)
  %;

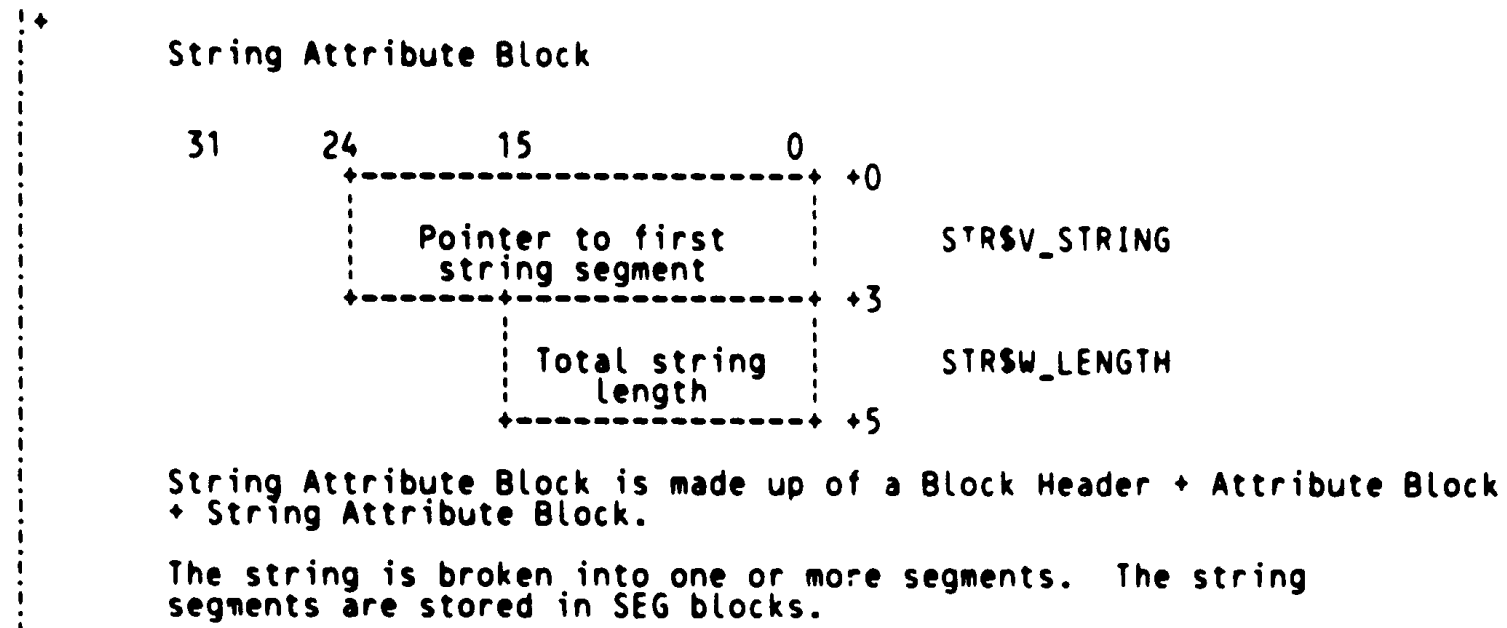
FIELD SSASZ_FIELDS =
  SET
    SSAST_STRING          = [0+ATT$K_BASE, 0, 0, 0]
  TES;

LITERAL
  SSASK_BASE              = SSASS_BLOCK_LENGTH;

```

MEM

0827 0
0828 00
0829 00
0830 00
0831 00
0832 00
0833 00
0834 00
0835 00
0836 00
0837 00
0838 00
0839 00
0840 00
0841 00
0842 00
0843 00
0844 00
0845 00
0846 00
0847 00
0848 00
0849 00
0850 00
0851 00
0852 00
0853 00
0854 00
0855 00
0856 00
0857 00
0858 00
0859 00
0860 00
0861 00
0862 00
0863 00
0864 00
0865 0



```
LITERAL
  STR$$BLOCK_LENGTH = 5 + ATT$K_BASE;

MACRO
  $STR = BLOCK[STR$$BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (ATT$Z_FIELDS,
  BLK$Z_FIELDS,
  STR$Z_FIELDS)

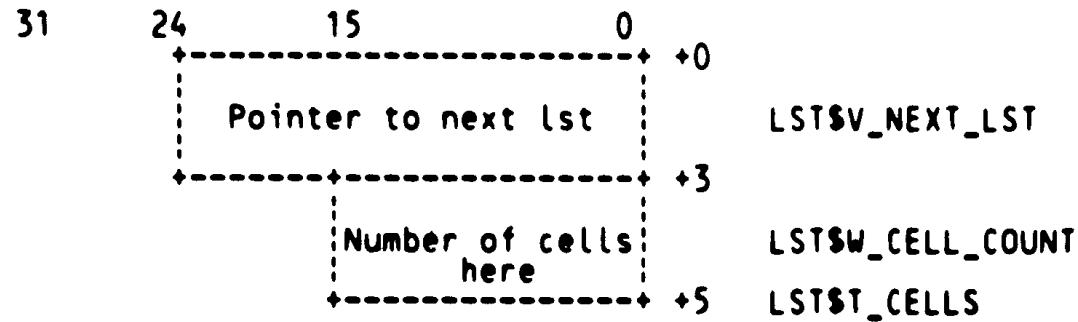
  %;

FIELD STR$Z_FIELDS =
  SET
    STR$V_STRING          = [0+ATT$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
    STR$W_LENGTH          = [3+ATT$K_BASE, 0, 16, 0]
  TES;

LITERAL
  STR$K_BASE = STR$$BLOCK_LENGTH;
```

0866 0
0867 0
0868 0
0869 0
0870 0
0871 0
0872 0
0873 0
0874 0
0875 0
0876 0
0877 0
0878 0
0879 0
0880 0
0881 0
0882 0
0883 0
0884 0
0885 0
0886 0
0887 0
0888 0
0889 0
0890 0
0891 0
0892 0
0893 0
0894 0
0895 0
0896 0
0897 0
0898 0
0899 0
0900 0
0901 0
0902 0
0903 0
0904 0
0905 0
0906 0
0907 0
0908 0
0909 0

LST Segment Block



There are two types of LST Segment Blocks Entity List Block and String List Attribute Block.

Entity List Block is made up of a Block Header + LST Block + Entity List Block.

String List Attribute Block is made up of a Block Header + LST Block + String List Attribute Block.

LITERAL

LSTSS_BLOCK_LENGTH = 5 + BLKSK_BASE;

MACRO

\$LST = BLOCK[LSTSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (BLK\$Z_FIELDS, LST\$Z_FIELDS)

%;

FIELD LST\$Z_FIELDS =

SET
 LST\$V_NEXT_LST = [0 + BLKSK_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
 LST\$W_CELL_COUNT = [3 + BLKSK_BASE, 0, 16, 0],
 LST\$T_CELLS = [5 + BLKSK_BASE, 0, 0, 0]

TES;

LITERAL

LST\$K_BASE = LSTSS_BLOCK_LENGTH;

0910 0
0911 0
0912 0
0913 0
0914 0
0915 0
0916 0
0917 0
0918 0
0919 0
0920 0
0921 0
0922 0
0923 0
0924 0
0925 0
0926 0
0927 0
0928 0
M 0929 0
0930 0
0931 0
0932 0
0933 0
0934 0
0935 0
0936 0
0937 0
0938 0
0939 0
0940 0
0941 0
0942 0
0943 0
0944 0
0945 0

```
Entity List Block
    31  24  15  0
    +-----+
    |             |
    | Pointer to first |
    | attribute       |
    +-----+
    +0
    +3
    ELST$V_ATT

Entity List Block is made up of a Block Header + LST Block +
Entity List Block.

LITERAL
  ELST$$_BLOCK_LENGTH = 3;

MACRO
  $ELST = BLOCK[ELST$$_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (ELST$Z_FIELDS)
  %;

FIELD ELST$Z_FIELDS =
  SET
    ELST$V_ATT = [0, 0, 24, 0]
  TES;

LITERAL
  ELST$K_BASE = ELST$$_BLOCK_LENGTH;

STRUCTURE
  ELST$ELM[I] =
    (ELST$ELM + LST$K_BASE + (I * ELST$$_BLOCK_LENGTH));
```

0946 0
0947 0
0948 0
0949 0
0950 0
0951 0
0952 0
0953 0
0954 0
0955 0
0956 0
0957 0
0958 0
0959 0
0960 0
0961 0
0962 0
0963 0
0964 0
0965 0
0966 0
0967 0
0968 0
0969 0
M 0970 0
0971 0
0972 0
0973 0
0974 0
0975 0
0976 0
0977 0
0978 0
0979 0
0980 0
0981 0
0982 0
0983 0
0984 0
0985 0
0986 0
0987 0

```

+
String List Attribute Block

31 24 15 0 +0
+-----+
| Pointer to first |
| string segment  |
| or text block   |
+-----+ +3
|
| Total string    |
| length          |
+-----+ +5
SLST$V_STRING
SLST$W_LENGTH
SLST$T_STRING

String List Attribute Block is made up of a Block Header + LST
Block + String List Attribute Block.

-

LITERAL
SLST$$BLOCK_LENGTH = 5;

MACRO
M $SLST = BLOCK[SLST$$BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (SLST$Z_FIELDS)
%:

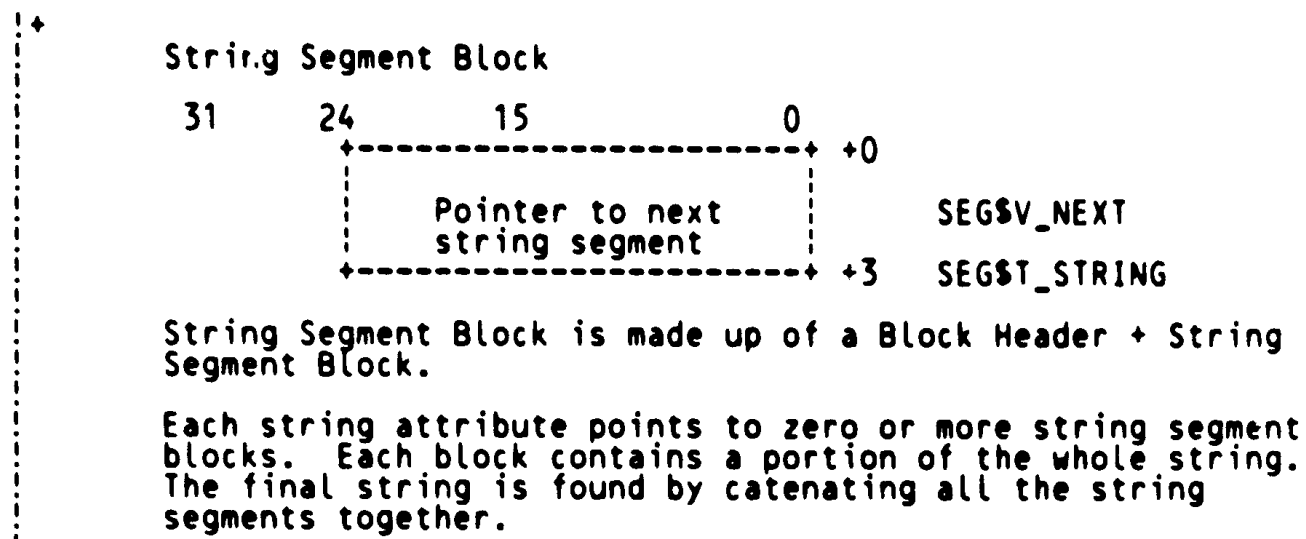
FIELD SLST$Z_FIELDS =
SET
SLST$V_STRING      = [0, 0, 24, 0],
SLST$W_LENGTH      = [3, 0, 16, 0],
SLST$T_STRING      = [5, 0, 0, 0]
TES;

LITERAL
SLST$K_BASE        = SLST$$BLOCK_LENGTH;

STRUCTURE
SLST$ELM[I] =
(SLST$ELM + LST$K_BASE + (I * SLST$$BLOCK_LENGTH));

```

0988 0
0989 0
0990 0
0991 0
0992 0
0993 0
0994 0
0995 0
0996 0
0997 0
0998 0
0999 0
1000 0
1001 0
1002 0
1003 0
1004 0
1005 0
1006 0
1007 0
1008 0
1009 0
1010 0
1011 0
1012 0
1013 0
1014 0
1015 0
1016 0
1017 0
1018 0
1019 0
1020 0
1021 0
1022 0
1023 0



```

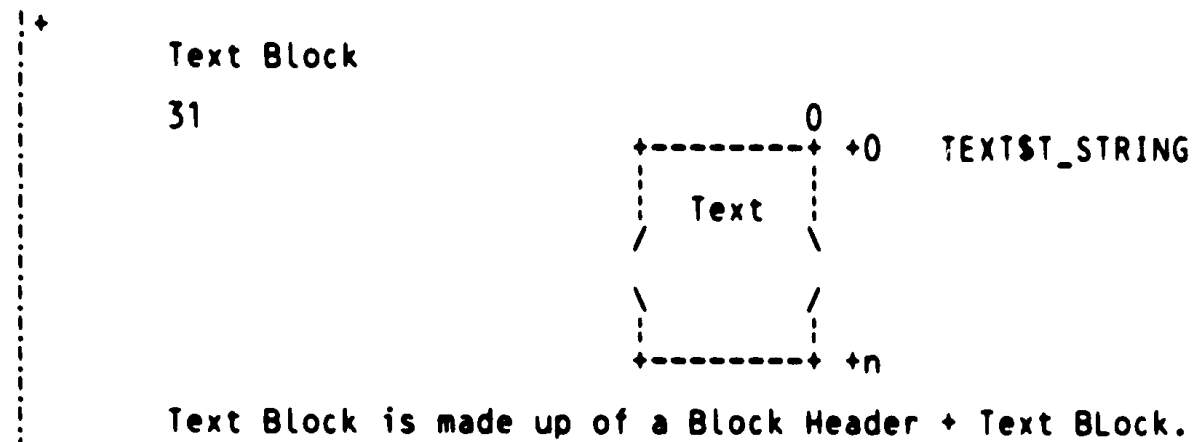
LITERAL
    SEG$S_BLOCK_LENGTH = 3 + BLK$K_BASE;

MACRO
    $SEG = BLOCK[SEG$S_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (BLK$Z_FIELDS,
    SEG$Z_FIELDS)
    %;

FIELD SEG$Z_FIELDS =
    SET
        SEG$V_NEXT           = [0+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
        SEG$T_STRING        = [3+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 0, 0]
    TES;

LITERAL
    SEG$K_BASE = SEG$S_BLOCK_LENGTH;
    
```

1024 0
1025 0
1026 0
1027 0
1028 0
1029 0
1030 0
1031 0
1032 0
1033 0
1034 0
1035 0
1036 0
1037 0
1038 0
1039 0
1040 0
1041 0
1042 0
1043 0
1044 0
1045 0
1046 0
1047 0
1048 0
1049 0
1050 0
1051 0
1052 0
1053 0
1054 0
1055 0



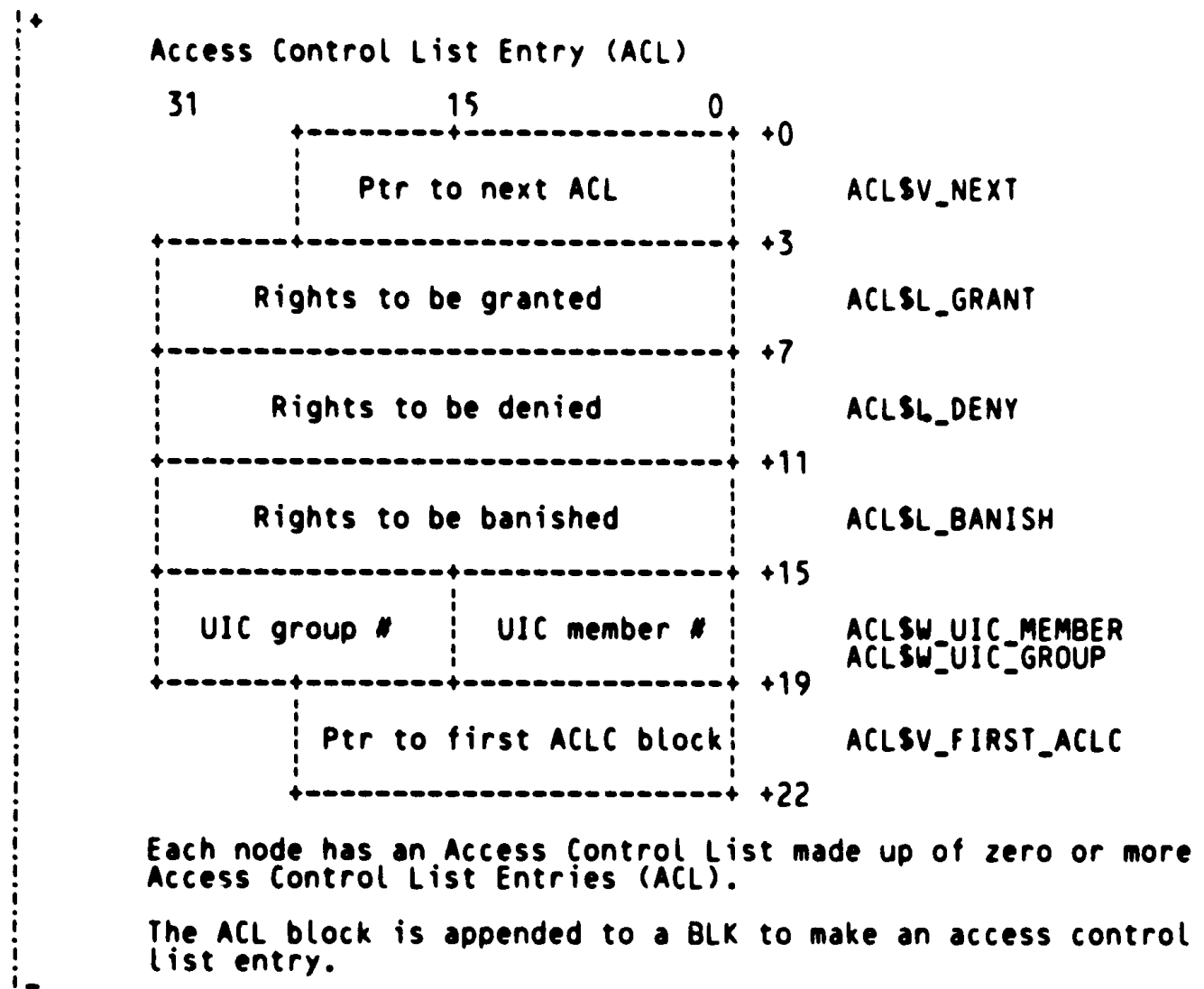
LITERAL
TEXT\$\$BLOCK_LENGTH = 0 + BLK\$K_BASE;

MACRO
\$TEXT = BLOCK[TEXT\$\$BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (BLK\$Z_FIELDS,
TEXT\$Z_FIELDS)
%;

FIELD TEXT\$Z_FIELDS =
SET
TEXT\$T_STRING = [0+BLK\$K_BASE, 0, 0, 0]
TES;

LITERAL
TEXT\$K_BASE = TEXT\$\$BLOCK_LENGTH;

1056
1057
1058
1059
1060
1061
1062
1063
1064
1065
1066
1067
1068
1069
1070
1071
1072
1073
1074
1075
1076
1077
1078
1079
1080
1081
1082
1083
1084
1085
1086
1087
1088
1089
1090
1091
1092
1093
1094
1095
1096
1097
1098
1099
1100
1101
1102
1103
1104
1105
1106
1107
1108
1109
1110
1111
1112



```
LITERAL
ACLS_BLOCK_LENGTH = 22+BLK$K_BASE;

MACRO
$ACL = BLOCK[ACLS_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (BLK$Z_FIELDS,
ACL$Z_FIELDS)
X:

FIELD ACL$Z_FIELDS =
SET
ACLSV_NEXT           = [0+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
ACLSL_GRANT         = [3+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 32, 0],
ACLSL_DENY          = [7+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 32, 0],
ACLSL_BANISH        = [11+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 32, 0],
ACLSW_UIC_MEMBER    = [15+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 16, 0],
ACLSW_UIC_GROUP     = [17+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 16, 0],
ACLSV_FIRST_ACLC    = [19+BLK$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0]

TES:

LITERAL
```

CDD Bliss Library
STRUCTURE DEFINITIONS

L 16
15-Sep-1984 23:36:45
15-Sep-1984 22:41:23

VAX-11 Bliss-32 V4.0-742
_S255SDUA28:[CDD.SRC]CDDLIB.B32;1

Page 28
(24)

: 1113 0

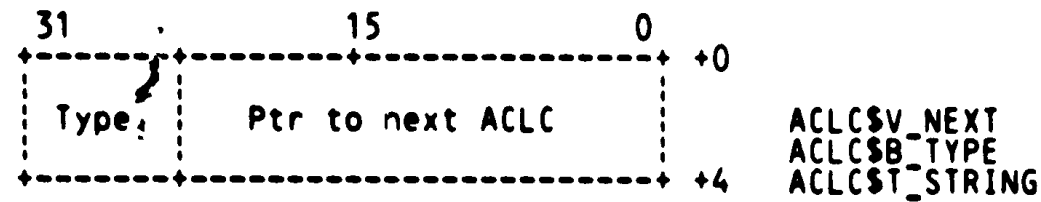
ACL\$K_BASE

= ACL\$\$BLOCK_LENGTH;

1114 0
1115 0
1116 0
1117 0
1118 0
1119 0
1120 0
1121 0
1122 0
1123 0
1124 0
1125 0
1126 0
1127 0
1128 0
1129 0
1130 0
1131 0
1132 0
1133 0
1134 0
1135 0
1136 0
1137 0
1138 0
1139 0
1140 0
1141 0
1142 0
1143 0
1144 0
1145 0
1146 0
1147 0
1148 0
1149 0
1150 0

↑
-
↓

Access Control List Criterion (ACLC)



Each ACL may have one or more Access Control List Criterion (ACLC) chained from it.

Each ACLC specifies one user identification criterion for the ACL entry. The user must match all the criteria for the ACL entry to apply to him.

An ACLC is appended to a BLK to form the criterion block.

LITERAL

ACLC\$S_BLOCK_LENGTH = 4+BLK\$K_BASE;

MACRO

\$ACLC = BLOCK[ACLC\$S_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (BLK\$Z_FIELDS, ACLC\$Z_FIELDS)

%;

FIELD ACLC\$Z_FIELDS =

SET

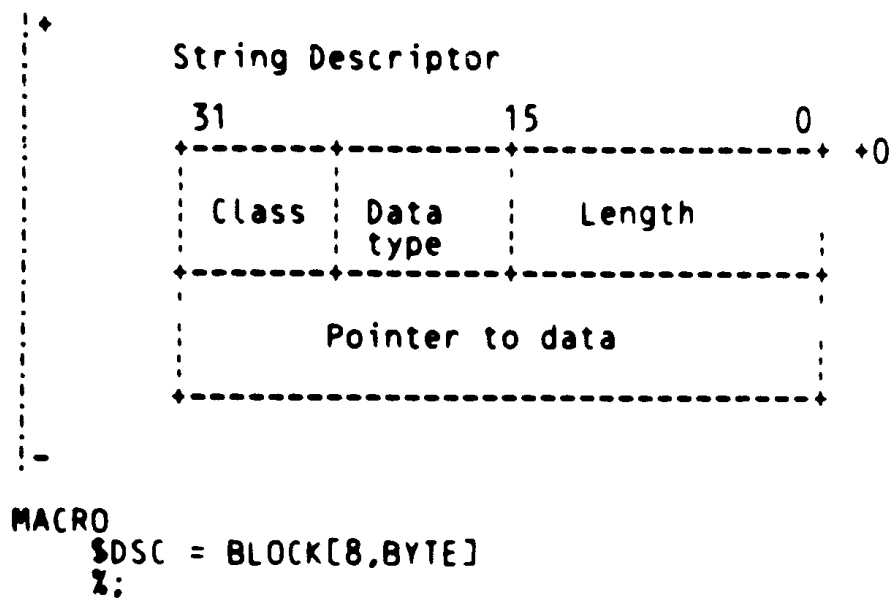
ACLC\$V_NEXT = [0+BLK\$K_BASE, 0, 24, 0],
ACLC\$B_TYPE = [3+BLK\$K_BASE, 0, 8, 0],
ACLC\$T_STRING = [4+BLK\$K_BASE, 0, 0, 0]

TES;

LITERAL

ACLC\$K_BASE = ACLC\$S_BLOCK_LENGTH;

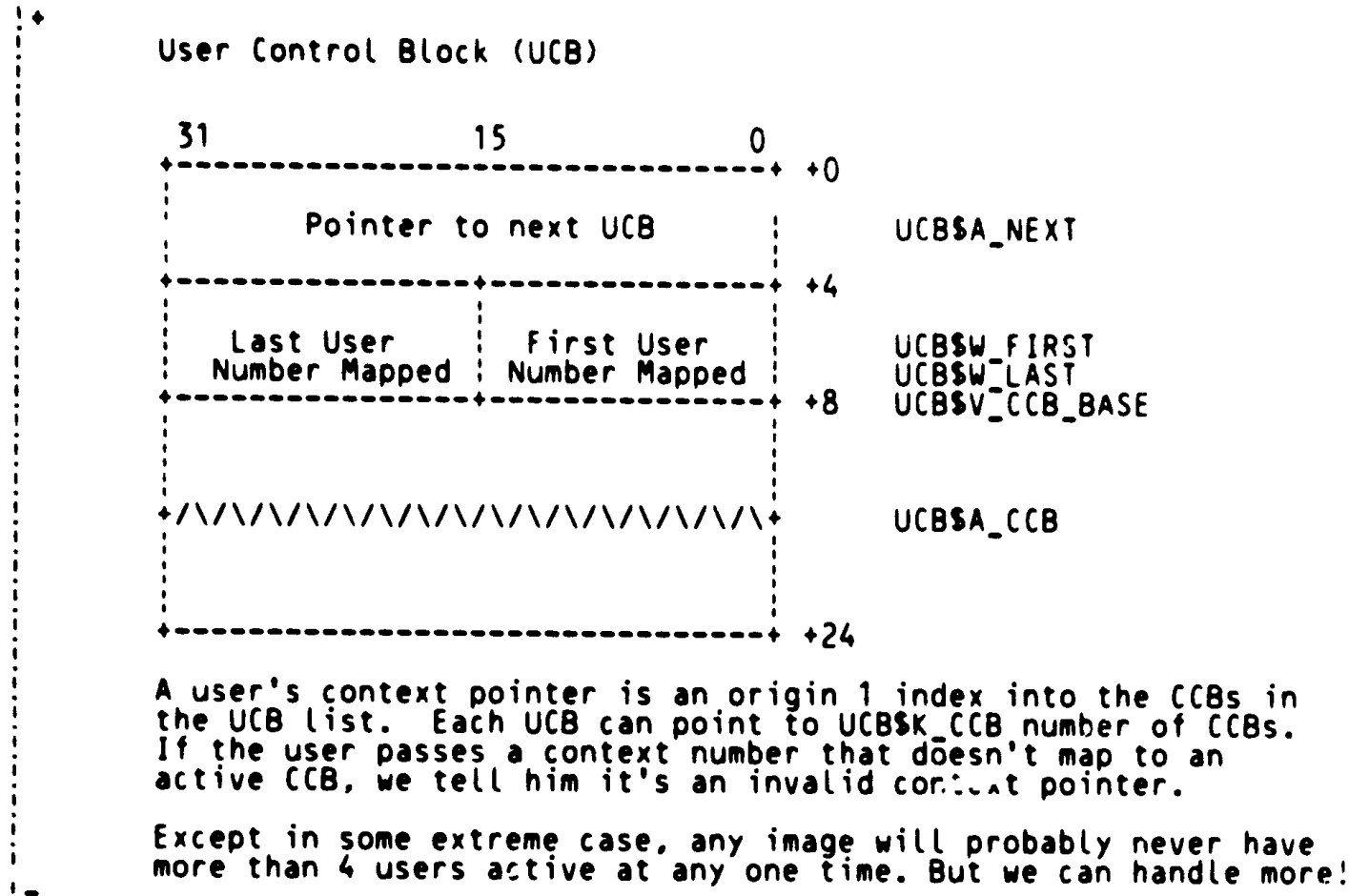
1151 0
1152 00
1153 000
1154 0000
1155 00000
1156 000000
1157 0000000
1158 00000000
1159 000000000
1160 0000000000
1161 00000000000
1162 000000000000
1163 0000000000000
1164 00000000000000
1165 000000000000000
1166 0000000000000000
1167 00000000000000000
M 1168 000000000000000000
1169 0




```

1170 0
1171 0
1172 0
1173 0
1174 0
1175 0
1176 0
1177 0
1178 0
1179 0
1180 0
1181 0
1182 0
1183 0
1184 0
1185 0
1186 0
1187 0
1188 0
1189 0
1190 0
1191 0
1192 0
1193 0
1194 0
1195 0
1196 0
1197 0
1198 0
1199 0
1200 0
1201 0
1202 0
1203 0
1204 0
1205 0
1206 0
1207 0
M 1208 0
1209 0
1210 0
1211 0
1212 0
1213 0
1214 0
1215 0
1216 0
1217 0
1218 0
1219 0
1220 0
1221 0
1222 0
1223 0
1224 1
1225 0

```



```

LITERAL
UCB$K_CCB_BASE      = 8,
UCB$K_CCB          = 4, ! Number of CCBs/UCB
UCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH  = UCB$K_CCB_BASE + UCB$K_CCB * 4;

MACRO
$UCB = BLOCK[UCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH,BYTE] FIELD (UCB$Z_FIELDS)
%:

FIELD UCB$Z_FIELDS =
SET
UCB$A_NEXT      = [0, 0, 32, 0],
UCB$W_FIRST     = [4, 0, 16, 0],
UCB$W_LAST      = [6, 0, 16, 0],
UCB$V_CCB       = [8, 0, 0, 0],
UCB$A_CCB       = [0, 0, 32, 0]
TES;

LITERAL
UCB$C_FIRST = BLOCK[0, UCB$W_FIRST; UCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE];

STRUCTURE
UCB$CCB[I, 0, P, S, E] = (UCB$CCB+UCB$K_CCB_BASE+
(I-(UCB$CCB+UCB$C_FIRST)<0,16,0>)*4+0)<P,S,E>;

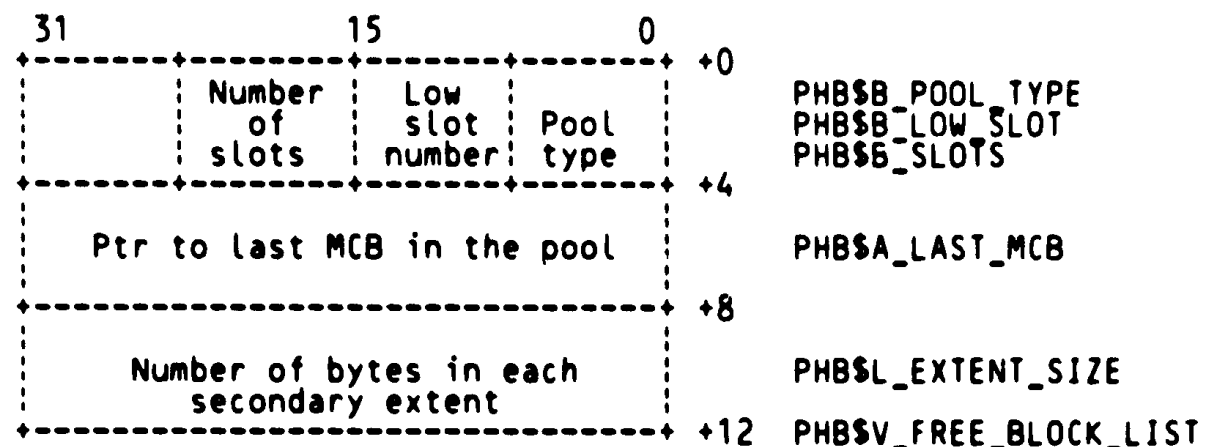
```

```

: 1226 0
: 1227 0
: 1228 0
: 1229 0
: 1230 0
: 1231 0
: 1232 0
: 1233 0
: 1234 0
: 1235 0
: 1236 0
: 1237 0
: 1238 0
: 1239 0
: 1240 0
: 1241 0
: 1242 0
: 1243 0
: 1244 0
: 1245 0
: 1246 0
: 1247 0
: 1248 0
: 1249 0
: 1250 0
: 1251 0
: 1252 0
: 1253 0
: 1254 0
: 1255 0
: 1256 0
: 1257 0
: 1258 0
: 1259 0
: 1260 0
: 1261 0
: 1262 0
: 1263 0
: 1264 0
: 1265 0
: 1266 0
M 1267 0
: 1268 0
: 1269 0
: 1270 0
: 1271 0
: 1272 0
: 1273 0
: 1274 0
: 1275 0
: 1276 0
: 1277 0
: 1278 0

```

Pool Header Block (PHB)



Pools are used to provide space for various in-core block types. Blocks that are related are usually allocated from the same pool. This is done because pools provide good locality of reference and this allocation scheme reduces page faults.

Each pool consists of one or more extents. Each extent consists of a Memory Control Block and the rest of the space allocated to the extent. Each pool has a Pool Header Block associated with it. This block identifies the MCB list, as well as contains the pool's free block list.

The free block list is a vector of linked lists. Each slot in the vector corresponds to a block type. When a block is freed, it is linked into its associated free list. When a block is requested, its free list is checked to see if it is non-empty. If so, then a block is allocated from it. Otherwise, a block is allocated from one of the pool's extents.

```

LITERAL
  PHB$$_BLOCK_LENGTH = 12;

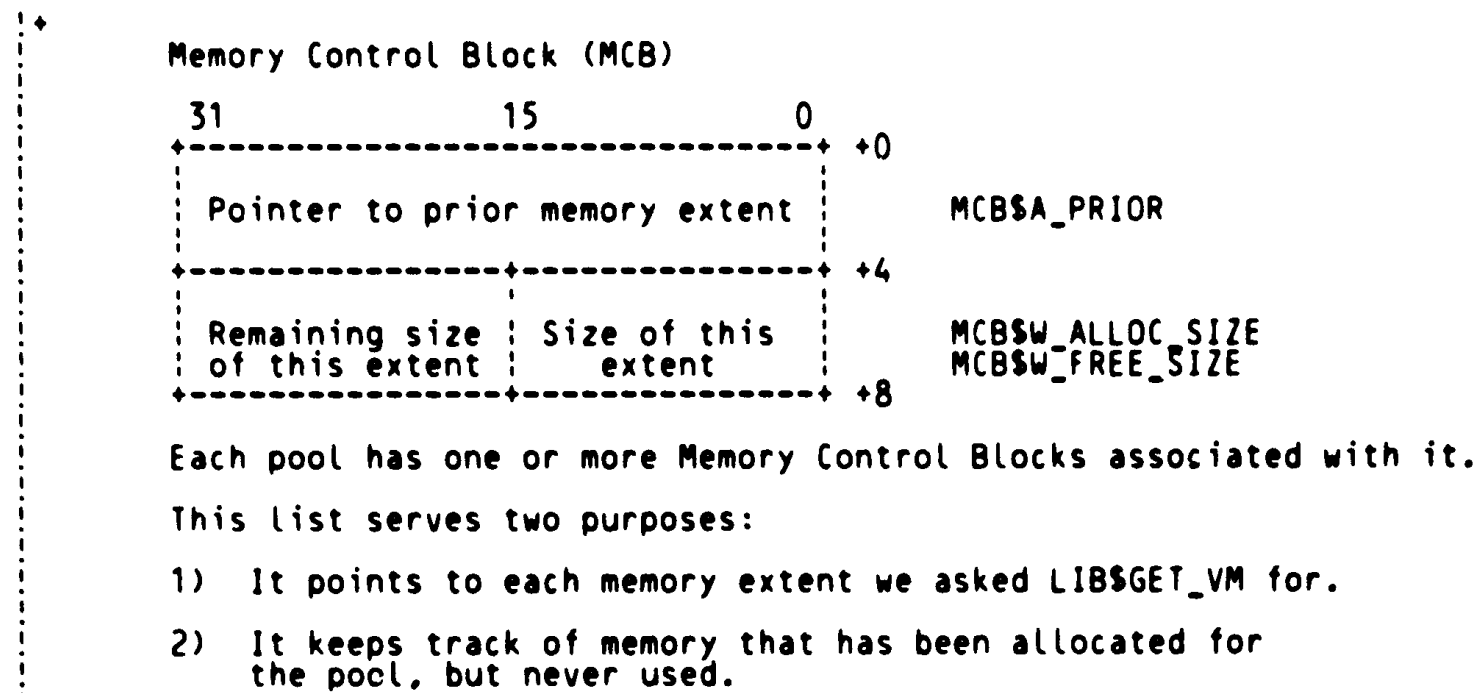
MACRO
  $PHB = BLOCK[PHB$$_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (PHB$Z_FIELDS)
  %:

FIELD
  SET PHB$Z_FIELDS =
    PHB$B_POOL_TYPE = [0, 0, 8, 0],
    PHB$B_LOW_SLOT = [1, 0, 8, 0],
    PHB$B_SLOTS = [2, 0, 8, 0],
    PHB$A_LAST_MCB = [4, 0, 32, 0],
    PHB$L_EXTENT_SIZE = [8, 0, 32, 0],
    PHB$V_FREE_BLOCK_LIST = [12, 0, 0, 0]

TES:

```

1279 0
1280 0
1281 0
1282 0
1283 0
1284 0
1285 0
1286 0
1287 0
1288 0
1289 0
1290 0
1291 0
1292 0
1293 0
1294 0
1295 0
1296 0
1297 0
1298 0
1299 0
1300 0
1301 0
1302 0
1303 0
1304 0
1305 0
1306 0
M 1307 0
1308 0
1309 0
1310 0
1311 0
1312 0
1313 0
1314 0
1315 0



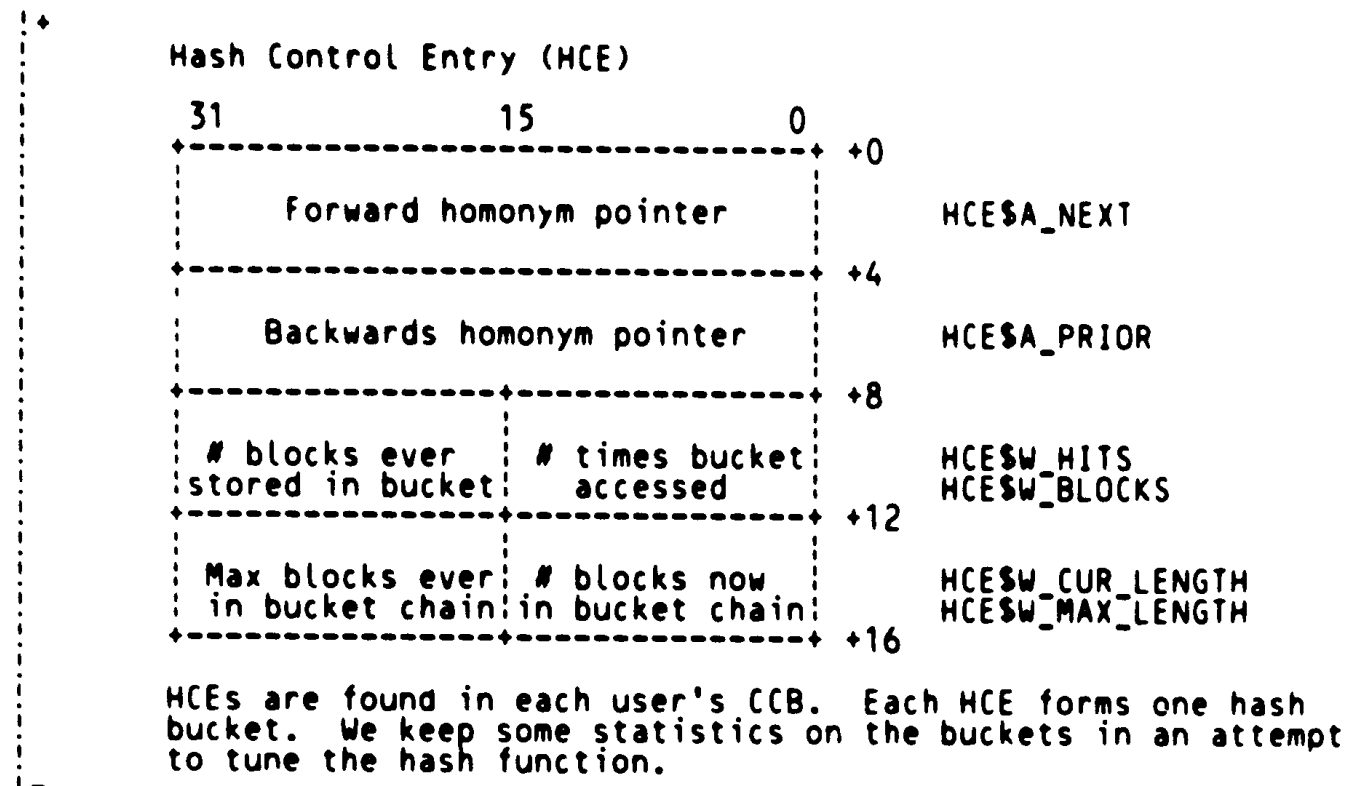
```
LITERAL
  MCB$$_BLOCK_LENGTH = 8;

MACRO
  $MCB = BLOCK[MCB$$_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (MCB$$_FIELDS)
  %;

FIELD  MCB$$_FIELDS =
  SET
    MCB$$_PRIOR           = [0, 0, 32, 0],
    MCB$$_ALLOC_SIZE     = [4, 0, 16, 0],
    MCB$$_FREE_SIZE      = [6, 0, 16, 0]

TES;
```

1316 0
1317 0
1318 0
1319 0
1320 0
1321 0
1322 0
1323 0
1324 0
1325 0
1326 0
1327 0
1328 0
1329 0
1330 0
1331 0
1332 0
1333 0
1334 0
1335 0
1336 0
1337 0
1338 0
1339 0
1340 0
1341 0
1342 0
1343 0
1344 0
1345 0
1346 0
M 1347 0
1348 0
1349 0
1350 0
1351 0
1352 0
1353 0
1354 0
1355 0
1356 0
1357 0
1358 0
1359 0
1360 0
1361 0



```

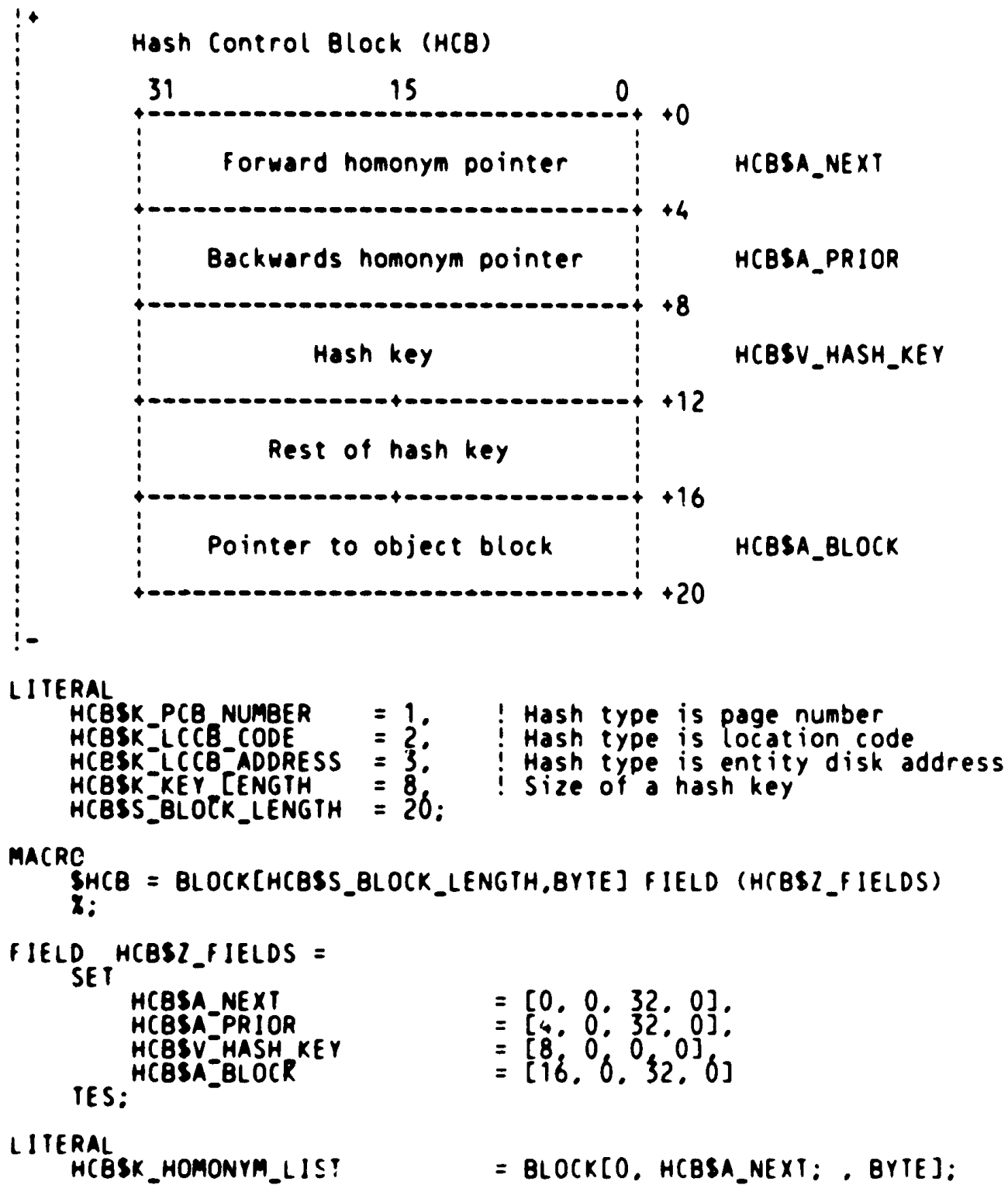
LITERAL
    HCESS_BLOCK_LENGTH = 16;

MACRO
    $HCE = BLOCK[HCESS_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (HCE$Z_FIELDS)
    %;

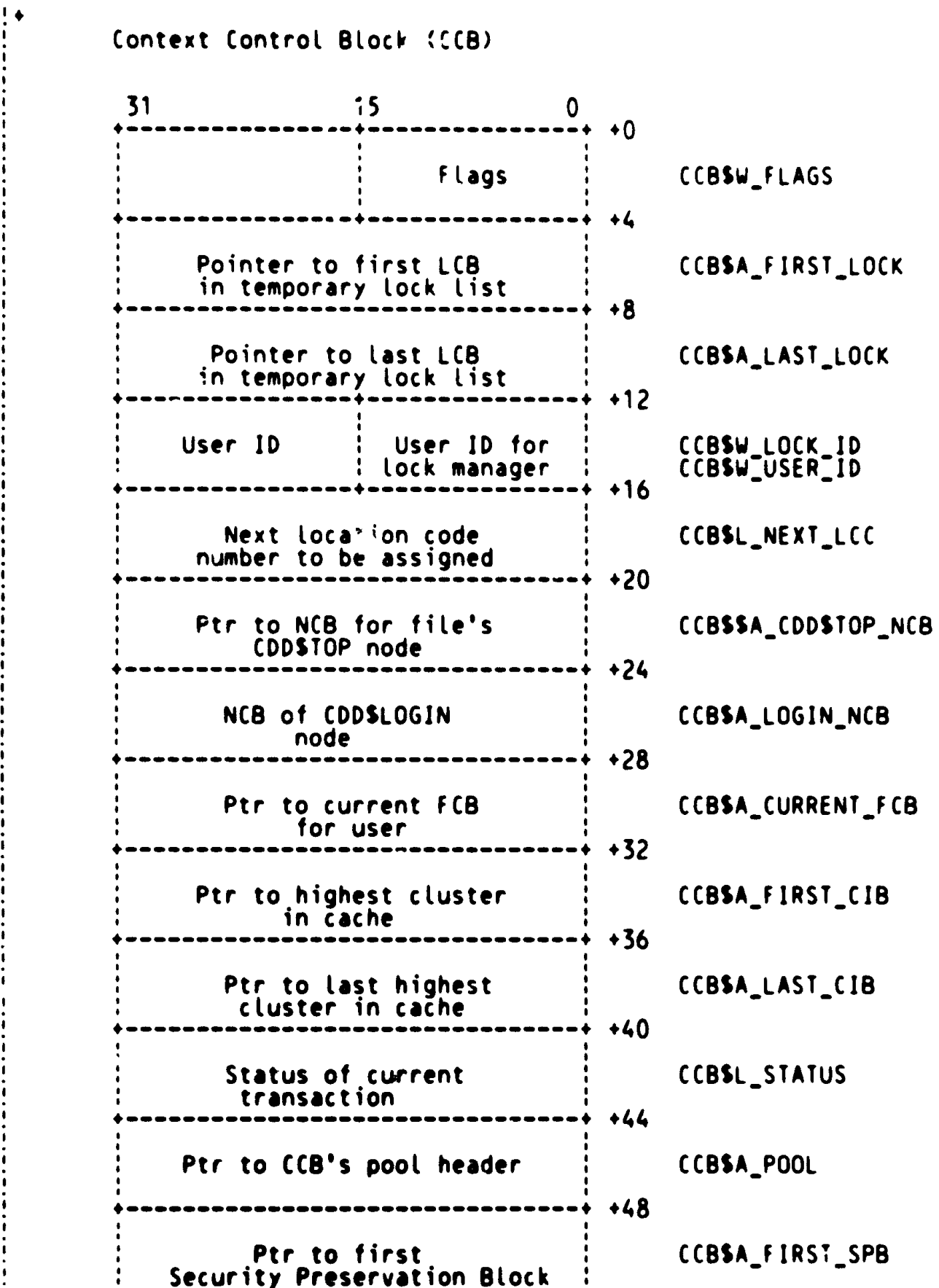
FIELD HCE$Z_FIELDS =
    SET
        HCE$A_NEXT           = [0, 0, 32, 0],
        HCE$A_PRIOR         = [4, 0, 32, 0],
        HCE$W_HITS           = [8, 0, 16, 0],
        HCE$W_BLOCKS         = [10, 0, 16, 0],
        HCE$W_CUR_LENGTH     = [12, 0, 16, 0],
        HCE$W_MAX_LENGTH     = [14, 0, 16, 0]
    TES;

LITERAL
    HCE$K_HOMONYM_LIST      = BLOCK[0, HCE$A_NEXT; , BYTE];
    
```

1362 0
1363 0
1364 0
1365 0
1366 0
1367 0
1368 0
1369 0
1370 0
1371 0
1372 0
1373 0
1374 0
1375 0
1376 0
1377 0
1378 0
1379 0
1380 0
1381 0
1382 0
1383 0
1384 0
1385 0
1386 0
1387 0
1388 0
1389 0
1390 0
1391 0
1392 0
1393 0
1394 0
1395 0
1396 0
1397 0
M 1398 0
1399 0
1400 0
1401 0
1402 0
1403 0
1404 0
1405 0
1406 0
1407 0
1408 0
1409 0
1410 0

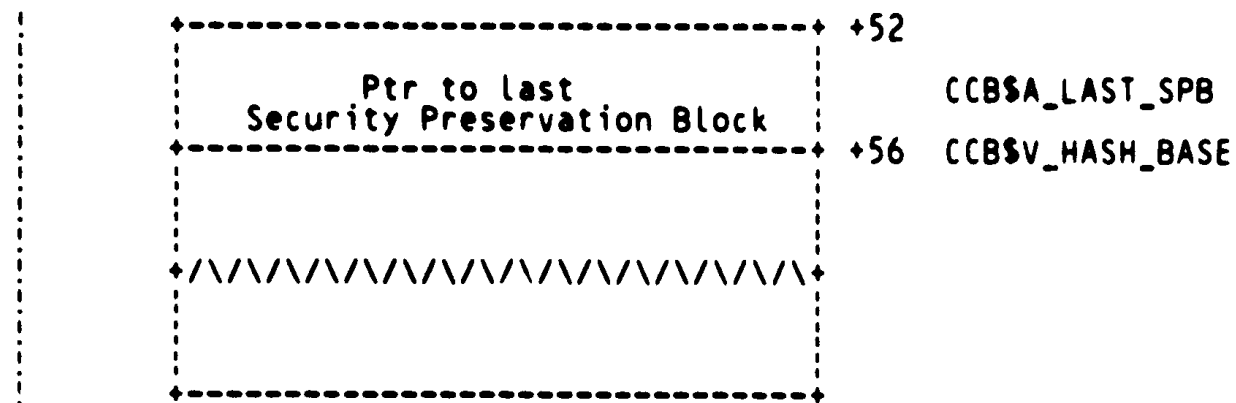


1411 0
1412 0
1413 0
1414 0
1415 0
1416 0
1417 0
1418 0
1419 0
1420 0
1421 0
1422 0
1423 0
1424 0
1425 0
1426 0
1427 0
1428 0
1429 0
1430 0
1431 0
1432 0
1433 0
1434 0
1435 0
1436 0
1437 0
1438 0
1439 0
1440 0
1441 0
1442 0
1443 0
1444 0
1445 0
1446 0
1447 0
1448 0
1449 0
1450 0
1451 0
1452 0
1453 0
1454 0
1455 0
1456 0
1457 0
1458 0
1459 0
1460 0
1461 0
1462 0
1463 0
1464 0
1465 0
1466 0
1467 0



CCB\$W_FLAGS
CCB\$A_FIRST_LOCK
CCB\$A_LAST_LOCK
CCB\$W_LOCK_ID
CCB\$W_USER_ID
CCB\$L_NEXT_LCC
CCB\$A_CDD\$TOP_NCB
CCB\$A_LOGIN_NCB
CCB\$A_CURRENT_FCB
CCB\$A_FIRST_CIB
CCB\$A_LAST_CIB
CCB\$L_STATUS
CCB\$A_POOL
CCB\$A_FIRST_SPB

1468 0
1469 0
1470 0
1471 0
1472 0
1473 0
1474 0
1475 0
1476 0
1477 0
1478 0
1479 0
1480 0
1481 0
1482 0
1483 0
1484 0
1485 0
1486 0
1487 0
1488 0
1489 0
1490 0
M 1491 0
1492 0
1493 0
1494 0
1495 0
1496 0
1497 0
1498 0
1499 0
1500 0
1501 0
1502 0
1503 0
1504 0
1505 0
1506 0
1507 0
1508 0
1509 0
1510 0
1511 0
1512 0
1513 0
1514 0
1515 0
1516 0
1517 0
1518 0
1519 0
1520 0
1521 0
1522 0
1523 0
1524 0



The hash table consists of a number of hash entries.
See the HCE description for the format of these entries.

```
LITERAL
  CCBSK_HASH_TABLE_SIZE = 151,
  CCBSB_BLOCK_LENGTH   = 56 + (CCBSK_HASH_TABLE_SIZE * HCESS_BLOCK_LENGTH);
```

```
MACRO
  $CCB = BLOCK[CCBSB_BLOCK_LENGTH,BYTE] FIELD (CCBSZ_FIELDS)
  %:
```

```
FIELD CCBSZ_FIELDS =
  SET
    CCBSW_FLAGS           = [0, 0, 16, 0],
    CCBSV_CORRUPT        = [0, 0, 1, 0],           ! Stream is corrupt
    CCBSA_FIRST_LOCK     = [4, 0, 32, 0],
    CCBSA_LAST_LOCK      = [8, 0, 32, 0],
    CCBSW_LOCK_ID        = [12, 0, 16, 0],
    CCBSW_USER_ID        = [14, 0, 16, 0],
    CCBSL_NEXT_LCC       = [16, 0, 32, 0],
    CCBSA_CDDSTOP_NCB    = [20, 0, 32, 0],
    CCBSA_LOGIN_NCB      = [24, 0, 32, 0],
    CCBSA_CURRENT_FCB    = [28, 0, 32, 0],
    CCBSA_FIRST_CIB      = [32, 0, 32, 0],
    CCBSA_LAST_CIB       = [36, 0, 32, 0],
    CCBSL_STATUS         = [40, 0, 32, 0],
    CCBSA_POOL           = [44, 0, 32, 0],
    CCBSA_FIRST_SPB      = [48, 0, 32, 0],
    CCBSA_LAST_SPB       = [52, 0, 32, 0],
    CCBSV_HASH_BASE      = [56, 0, 0, 0]
```

TES:

```
LITERAL
  CCBSK_LOCK_LIST      = BLOCK[0, CCBSA_FIRST_LOCK; , BYTE],
  CCBSK_CLUSTER_LIST  = BLOCK[0, CCBSA_FIRST_CIB; , BYTE],
  CCBSB_HASH_BASE     = BLOCK[0, CCBSV_HASH_BASE; , BYTE],
  CCBSK_SPB_LIST      = BLOCK[0, CCBSA_FIRST_SPB; , BYTE];
```

```
STRUCTURE
  CCBSHASH[I, O, P, S, E] =
    (CCBSHASH+CCBSB_HASH_BASE+O+(I*HCESS_BLOCK_LENGTH))<P,S,E>;
```

CDD Bliss Library
STRUCTURE DEFINITIONS

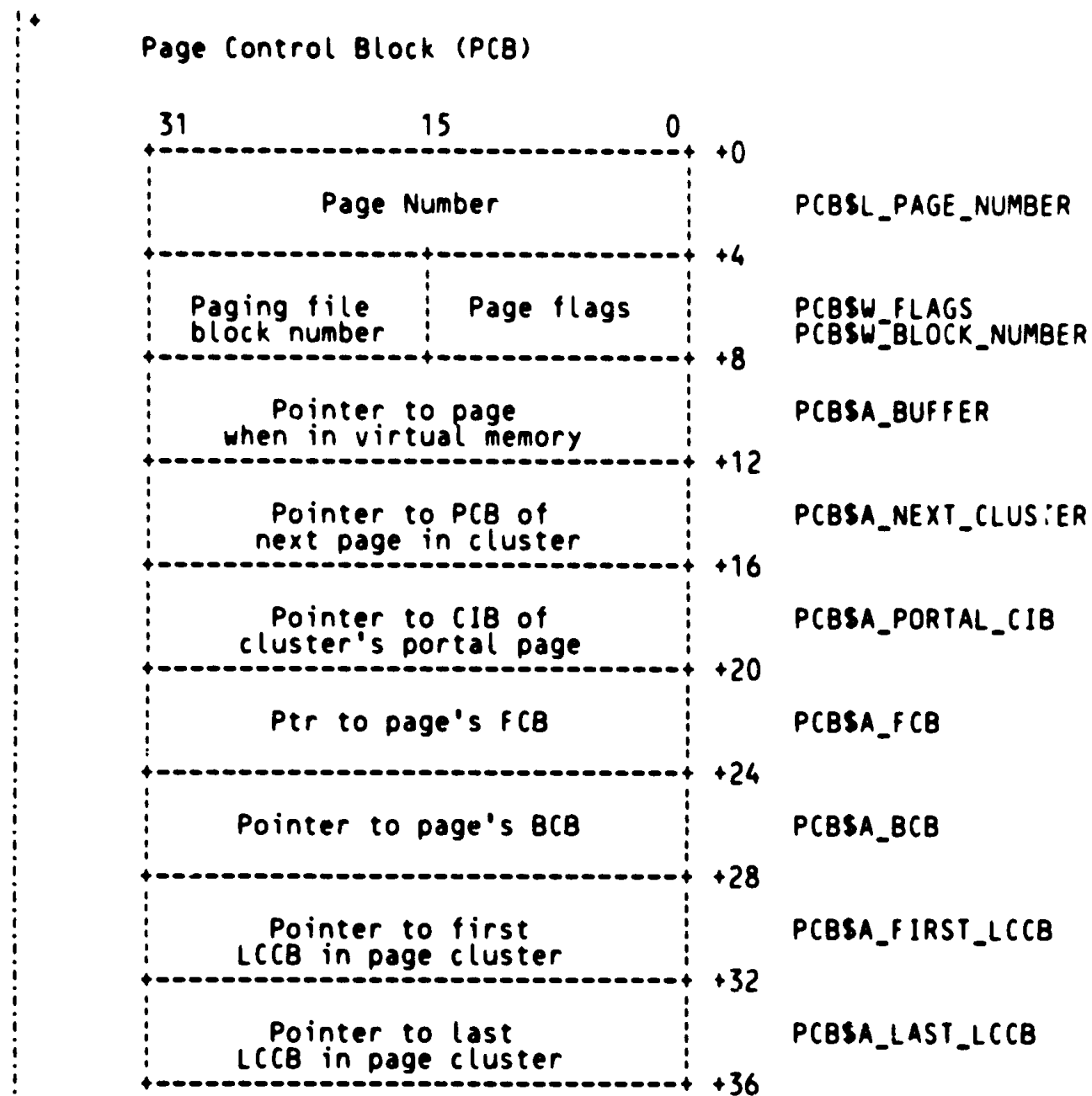
J 1
15-Sep-1984 23:36:45
15-Sep-1984 22:41:23

VAX-11 Bliss-32 V4.0-742
_S255SDUA28:[CDD.SRC]CDDLIB.B32;1

Page 38
(32)

: 1525 0
: 1526 0
LITERAL
CCBSM_CORRUPT = 1^1 - 1^0; ! Stream is corrupt

1527 0
1528 0
1529 0
1530 0
1531 0
1532 0
1533 0
1534 0
1535 0
1536 0
1537 0
1538 0
1539 0
1540 0
1541 0
1542 0
1543 0
1544 0
1545 0
1546 0
1547 0
1548 0
1549 0
1550 0
1551 0
1552 0
1553 0
1554 0
1555 0
1556 0
1557 0
1558 0
1559 0
1560 0
1561 0
1562 0
1563 0
1564 0
1565 0
1566 0
1567 0
1568 0
1569 0
1570 0
1571 0
1572 0
1573 0
1574 0
1575 0
1576 0
1577 0
1578 0
1579 0
M 1580 0
1581 0
1582 0
1583 0

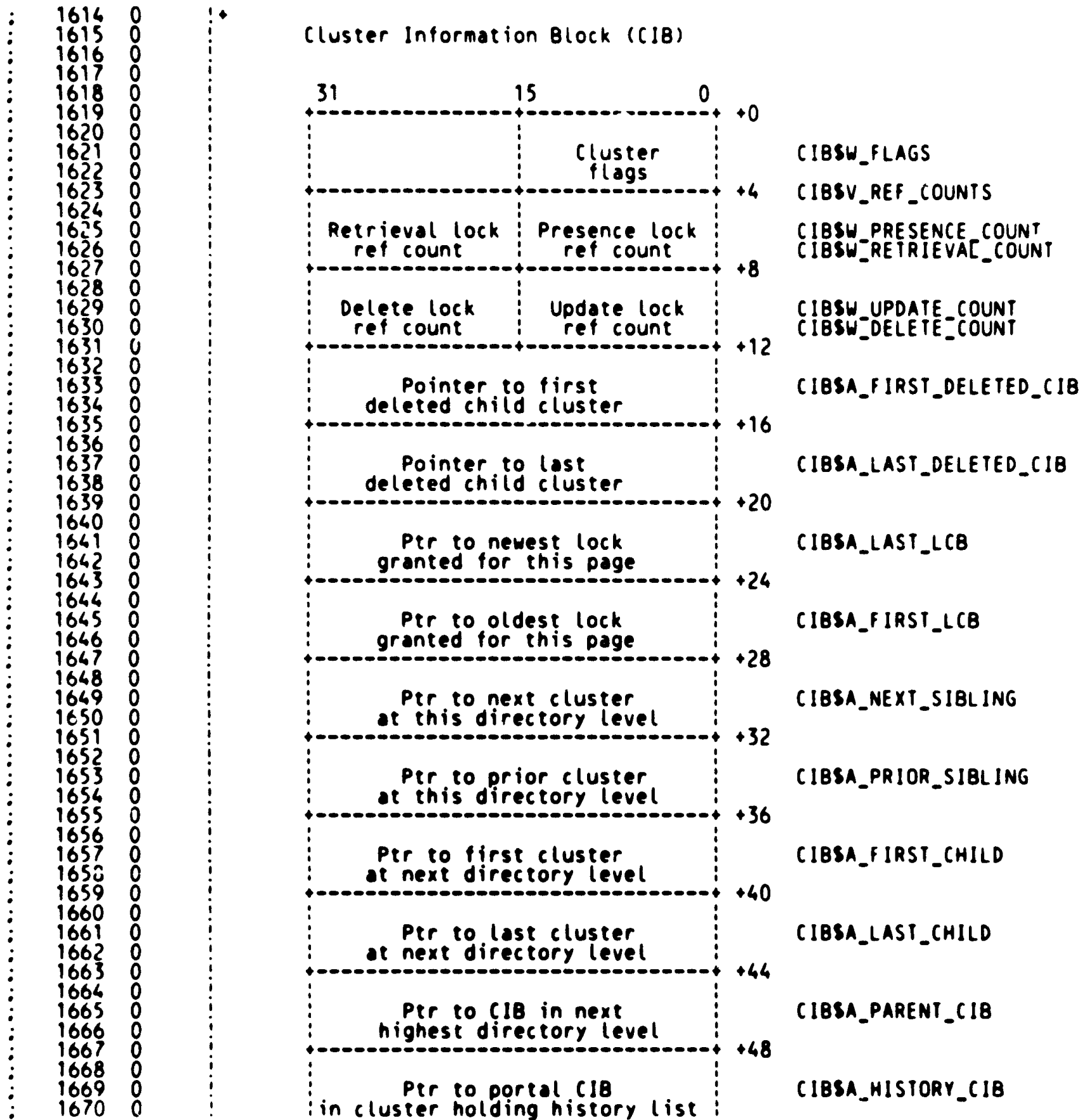


A Page Control Block (PCB) exists for every page in the cache, and for pages that only have presence locks on them (thus they're not in the staging cache). Portal pages have a Cluster Information Block (CIB) appending to their PCB.

LITERAL
PCB\$\$BLOCK_LENGTH = 36;

MACRO
\$PCB = BLOCK[PCB\$\$BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (PCB\$Z_FIELDS)
%;

```
1584 0 FIELD PCBSZ_FIELDS =
1585 0 SET
1586 0 PCBSL_PAGE_NUMBER = [0, 0, 32, 0],
1587 0 PCBSW_FLAGS = [4, 0, 16, 0],
1588 0 PCBSV_MODIFIED = [4, 0, 1, 0], ! Must write back to dict.
1589 0 PCBSV_NEW_PAGE = [4, 3, 1, 0], ! Page was in free chain
1590 0 PCBSV_READ_ONLY = [4, 4, 1, 0], ! Page is read only
1591 0 PCBSV_FREE_PAGE = [4, 5, 1, 0], ! Page is a free page
1592 0 PCBSV_AVAILABLE = [4, 6, 1, 0], ! Page available in cache
1593 0 PCBSV_PORTAL_PAGE = [4, 7, 1, 0], ! Page is portal page, CIB follows
1594 0 PCBSW_BLOCK_NUMBER = [6, 0, 16, 0],
1595 0 PCBSA_BUFFER = [8, 0, 32, 0],
1596 0 PCBSA_NEXT_CLUSTER = [12, 0, 32, 0],
1597 0 PCBSA_PORTAL_CIB = [16, 0, 32, 0],
1598 0 PCBSA_FCB = [20, 0, 32, 0],
1599 0 PCBSA_BCB = [24, 0, 32, 0],
1600 0 PCBSA_FIRST_LCCB = [28, 0, 32, 0],
1601 0 PCBSA_LAST_LCCB = [32, 0, 32, 0],
1602 0 TES:
1603 0
1604 0 LITERAL
1605 0 PCBSK_LCCB_LIST = BLOCK[0, PCBSA_FIRST_LCCB; , BYTE];
1606 0
1607 0 LITERAL
1608 0 PCBSM_MODIFIED = 1^1 - 1^0, ! Must write back to dict.
1609 0 PCBSM_NEW_PAGE = 1^4 - 1^3, ! Page was in free chain
1610 0 PCBSM_READ_ONLY = 1^5 - 1^4, ! Page is read only
1611 0 PCBSM_FREE_PAGE = 1^6 - 1^5, ! Page is a free page
1612 0 PCBSM_AVAILABLE = 1^7 - 1^6, ! Page available in cache
1613 0 PCBSM_PORTAL_PAGE = 1^8 - 1^7; ! Portal page, CIB follows
```



CIBSW_FLAGS

CIBSW_REF_COUNTS

CIBSW_PRESENCE_COUNT
CIBSW_RETRIEVAL_COUNT

CIBSW_UPDATE_COUNT
CIBSW_DELETE_COUNT

CIBSA_FIRST_DELETED_CIB

CIBSA_LAST_DELETED_CIB

CIBSA_LAST_LCB

CIBSA_FIRST_LCB

CIBSA_NEXT_SIBLING

CIBSA_PRIOR_SIBLING

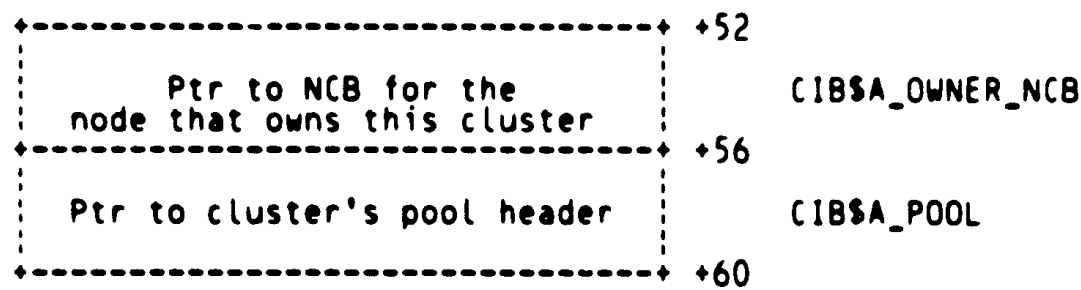
CIBSA_FIRST_CHILD

CIBSA_LAST_CHILD

CIBSA_PARENT_CIB

CIBSA_HISTORY_CIB

1671 0
1672 0
1673 0
1674 0
1675 0
1676 0
1677 0
1678 0
1679 0
1680 0
1681 0
1682 0
1683 0
1684 0
1685 0
1686 0
1687 0
1688 0
1689 0
1690 0
1691 0
1692 0
1693 0
1694 0
1695 0
M 1696 0
M 1697 0
1698 0
1699 0
1700 0
1701 0
1702 0
1703 0
1704 0
1705 0
1706 0
1707 0
1708 0
1709 0
1710 0
1711 0
1712 0
1713 0
1714 0
1715 0
1716 0
1717 0
1718 0
1719 0
1720 0
1721 0
1722 0
1723 0
1724 0
1725 0
1726 0
1727 0



CIB\$A_OWNER_NCB

CIB\$A_POOL

Each clusters' portal page has a CIB associated with it.
This block is physically appended to the PCB of the cluster's
portal page.

The CIB also points to the cluster's pool header.

The CIB\$V_REF_COUNTS lists must have each of the lock ref counts
in the same order as the LOCK\$K_XXX lock request symbols.

LITERAL

CIB\$\$BLOCK_LENGTH = 60 + PCB\$\$BLOCK_LENGTH;

MACRO

%CIB = BLOCK[CIB\$\$BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (CIB\$Z_FIELDS,
PCB\$Z_FIELDS)

%;

FIELD CIB\$Z_FIELDS =

SET

```

CIB$W_FLAGS = [0+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 16, 0],
CIB$V_LOCKED_DELETE = [0+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 1, 0],
CIB$V_LOCKED_UPDATE = [0+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 1, 1, 0],
CIB$V_LOCKED_RETRIEVAL = [0+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 2, 1, 0],
CIB$V_LOCKED_PRESENCE = [0+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 3, 1, 0],
CIB$V_LOCKED = [0+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 4, 0],
CIB$V_LOGIN = [0+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 4, 1, 0],
CIB$V_COMPLETE = [0+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 5, 1, 0],
CIB$V_NEW = [0+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 6, 1, 0],
CIB$V_HISTORY = [0+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 7, 1, 0],
CIB$V_REF_COUNTS = [4+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 0, 0],
CIB$W_PRESENCE_COUNT = [4+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 16, 0],
CIB$W_RETRIEVAL_COUNT = [6+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 16, 0],
CIB$W_UPDATE_COUNT = [8+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 16, 0],
CIB$W_DELETE_COUNT = [10+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 16, 0],
CIB$A_FIRST_DELETED_CIB = [12+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
CIB$A_LAST_DELETED_CIB = [16+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
CIB$A_LAST_LCB = [20+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
CIB$A_FIRST_LCB = [24+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
CIB$A_NEXT_SIBLING = [28+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
CIB$A_PRIOR_SIBLING = [32+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
CIB$A_FIRST_CHILD = [36+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
CIB$A_LAST_CHILD = [40+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
CIB$A_PARENT_CIB = [44+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
CIB$A_HISTORY_CIB = [48+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
CIB$A_OWNER_NCB = [52+PCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
  
```

```
: 1728 0
: 1729 0
: 1730 0
: 1731 0
: 1732 0
: 1733 0
: 1734 0
: 1735 0
: 1736 0
: 1737 0
: 1738 0
: 1739 0
: 1740 0
: 1741 0
: 1742 0
: 1743 0
: 1744 0
: 1745 0

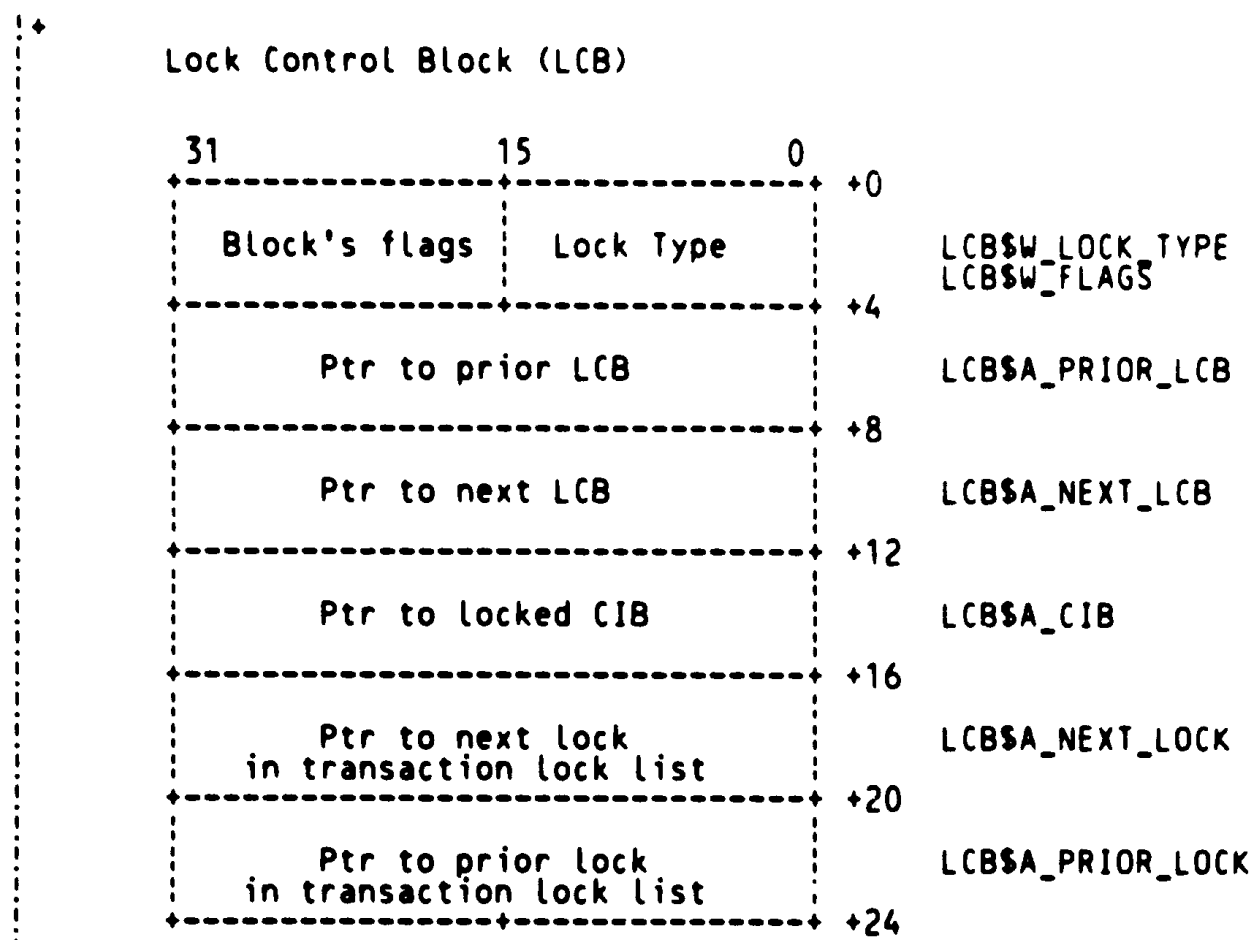
      CIBSA_POOL = [56+PCBS$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0]
      TES;

LITERAL
      CIB$K_LOCK_LIST = BLOCK[0, CIB$A_LAST_LCB; , BYTE],
      CIB$K_SIBLING_LIST = BLOCK[0, CIB$A_NEXT_SIBLING; , BYTE],
      CIB$K_CHILD_LIST = BLOCK[0, CIB$A_FIRST_CHILD; , BYTE];

LITERAL
      CIB$M_LOCKED_DELETE = 1^1 - 1^0,
      CIB$M_LOCKED_UPDATE = 1^2 - 1^1,
      CIB$M_LOCKED_RETRIEVAL = 1^3 - 1^2,
      CIB$M_LOCKED_PRESENCE = 1^4 - 1^3,
      CIB$M_LOCKED = 1^4 - 1^0,
      CIB$M_LOGIN = 1^5 - 1^4,
      CIB$M_COMPLETE = 1^6 - 1^5,
      CIB$M_NEW = 1^7 - 1^6,
      CIB$M_HISTORY = 1^8 - 1^7;

      ! Cluster is on login path
      ! Cluster is complete in cache
      ! Cluster read in this transaction
      ! History list is in cluster
```

1746 0
1747 0
1748 0
1749 0
1750 0
1751 0
1752 0
1753 0
1754 0
1755 0
1756 0
1757 0
1758 0
1759 0
1760 0
1761 0
1762 0
1763 0
1764 0
1765 0
1766 0
1767 0
1768 0
1769 0
1770 0
1771 0
1772 0
1773 0
1774 0
1775 0
1776 0
1777 0
1778 0
1779 0
1780 0
1781 0
1782 0
1783 0
1784 0
1785 0
1786 0
1787 0
1788 0
1789 0
1790 0
1791 0
1792 0
1793 0
1794 0
1795 0
1796 0
1797 0
1798 0
1799 0
1800 0
1801 0
1802 0



LCBSW_LOCK_TYPE
LCBSW_FLAGS

LCBSA_PRIOR_LCB

LCBSA_NEXT_LCB

LCBSA_CIB

LCBSA_NEXT_LOCK

LCBSA_PRIOR_LOCK

LCBs are used to keep track of which locks exist on a cluster (CIB).
Each LCB is linked to its CIB, and to other LCBs for that cluster.
When an LCB is granted, it is placed in the transaction's
lock list until the transaction terminates.

LITERAL
LCB\$\$_BLOCK_LENGTH = 24;

MACRO
\$LCB = BLOCK[LCB\$\$_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (LCB\$Z_FIELDS)
%;

FIELD LCB\$Z_FIELDS =
SET
LCBSW_LOCK_TYPE = [0, 0, 16, 0],
LCBSW_FLAGS = [2, 0, 16, 0],
LCBSV_CURRENT = [2, 1, 1, 0], ! Allocated in current transaction
LCBSA_PRIOR_LCB = [4, 0, 32, 0],
LCBSA_NEXT_LCB = [8, 0, 32, 0],
LCBSA_CIB = [12, 0, 32, 0],
LCBSA_NEXT_LOCK = [16, 0, 32, 0],
LCBSA_PRIOR_LOCK = [20, 0, 32, 0]

TES;

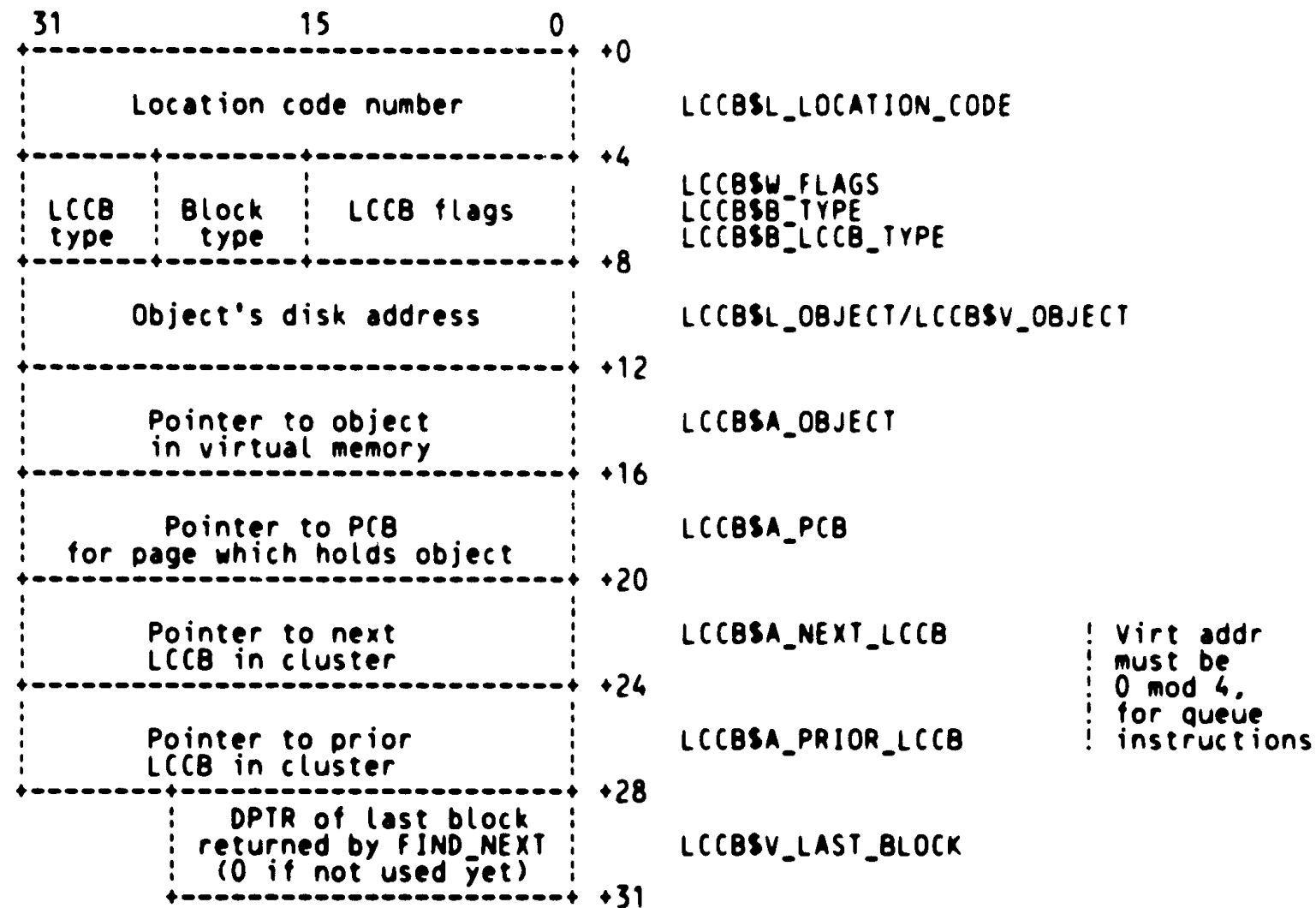
: 1803 0
: 1804 0
: 1805 0
: 1806 0
: 1807 0
: 1808 0

LITERAL
LCBSK_LOCK_LIST = BLOCK[0, LCBSA_PRIOR_LCB; , BYTE];
LCBSK_TEMP_LOCK_LIST = BLOCK[0, LCBSA_NEXT_LOCK; , BYTE];

LITERAL
LCBSM_CURRENT = 1^2 - 1^1; ! Allocated in current transaction

1809 0
1810 0
1811 0
1812 0
1813 0
1814 0
1815 0
1816 0
1817 0
1818 0
1819 0
1820 0
1821 0
1822 0
1823 0
1824 0
1825 0
1826 0
1827 0
1828 0
1829 0
1830 0
1831 0
1832 0
1833 0
1834 0
1835 0
1836 0
1837 0
1838 0
1839 0
1840 0
1841 0
1842 0
1843 0
1844 0
1845 0
1846 0
1847 0
1848 0
1849 0
1850 0
1851 0
1852 0
1853 0
1854 0
1855 0
1856 0
1857 0
1858 0
1859 0
1860 0
1861 0
1862 0
1863 0
1864 0
M 1865 0

Location Code Control Block (LCCB)



! Virt addr
! must be
! 0 mod 4,
! for queue
! instructions

Location codes are used to provide a convenient means for the user to identify a particular object. Each location code is associated with an LCCB. The following objects may be assigned location code:

- 1) Entities
- 2) Lists
- 3) Nodes

LITERAL
LCCB\$S_BLOCK_LENGTH = 31;

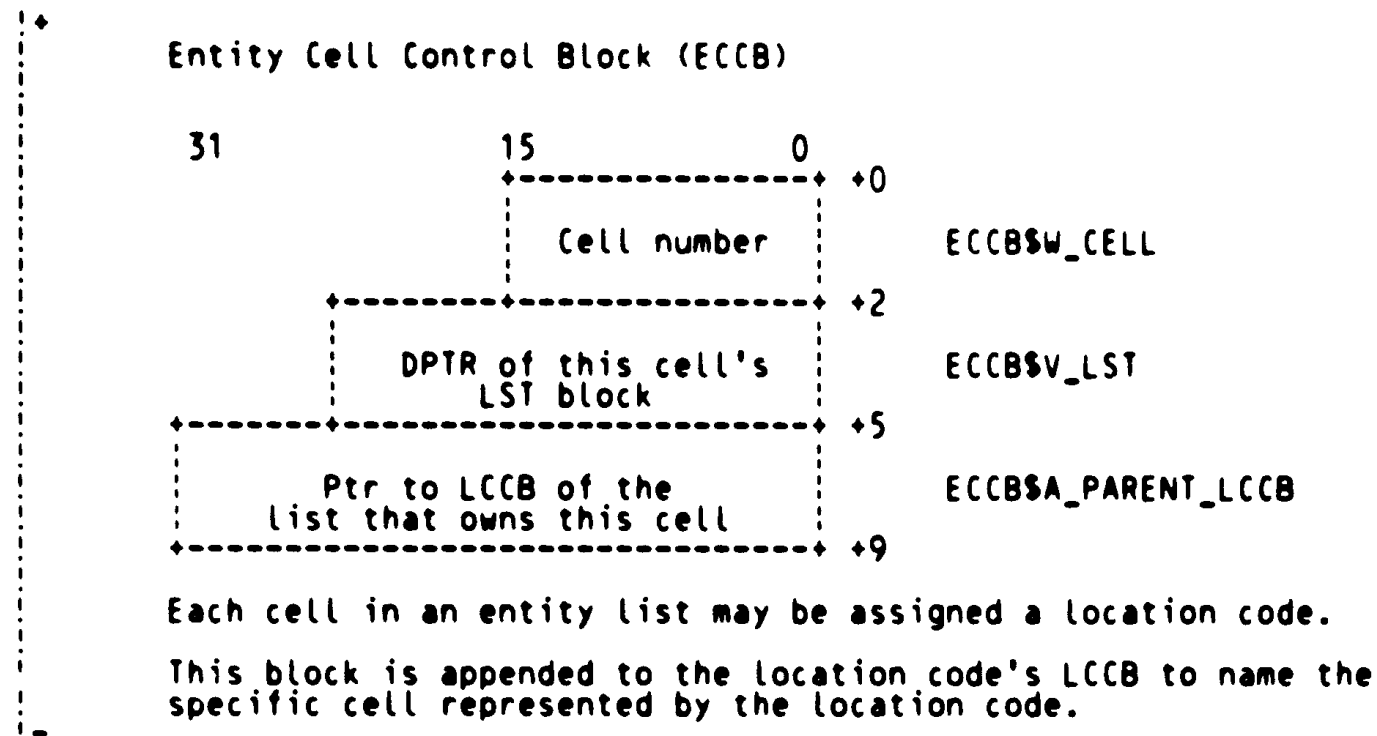
MACRO
\$LCCB = BLOCK[LCCB\$S_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (LCCB\$Z_FIELDS)


```

1866 0      %:
1867 0
1868 0      FIELD  LCCBSZ_FIELDS =
1869 0      SET
1870 0          LCCBSL_LOCATION_CODE    = [0, 0, 32, 0],
1871 0          LCCBSW_FLAGS             = [4, 0, 16, 0],
1872 0          LCCBSV_AVAILABLE        = [4, 0, 1, 0],
1873 0          LCCBSV_MUST_SCAN        = [4, 1, 1, 0],
1874 0          LCCBSV_GHOST            = [4, 2, 1, 0],
1875 0          LCCBSV_DIRECTORY        = [4, 3, 1, 0],
1876 0          LCCBSV_TERMINAL         = [4, 4, 1, 0],
1877 0          LCCBSV_ENTITY_ATT       = [4, 5, 1, 0],
1878 0          LCCBSV_ENTITY_LIST_ATT  = [4, 6, 1, 0],
1879 0          LCCBSV_ENTITY_LIST      = [4, 7, 1, 0],
1880 0          LCCBSV_STRING_LIST_ATT  = [4, 8, 1, 0],
1881 0          LCCBSB_TYPE              = [6, 0, 8, 0],
1882 0          LCCBSB_LCCB_TYPE        = [7, 0, 8, 0],
1883 0          LCCBSL_OBJECT           = [8, 0, 32, 0],
1884 0          LCCBSV_OBJECT           = [8, 0, 24, 0],
1885 0          LCCBSA_OBJECT           = [12, 0, 32, 0],
1886 0          LCCBSA_PCB              = [16, 0, 32, 0],
1887 0          LCCBSA_NEXT_LCCB       = [20, 0, 32, 0],
1888 0          LCCBSA_PRIOR_LCCB      = [24, 0, 32, 0],
1889 0          LCCBSV_LAST_BLOCK      = [28, 0, 24, 0],
1890 0      TES;
1891 0
1892 0      LITERAL
1893 0          LCCBSK_LCCB_LIST          = BLOCK[0, LCCBSA_NEXT_LCCB; , BYTE];
1894 0
1895 0      LITERAL
1896 0          LCCBSM_AVAILABLE        = 1^1 - 1^0,      ! Object's virtual addr is known
1897 0          LCCBSM_MUST_SCAN        = 1^2 - 1^1,      ! Protection tree must be scanned
1898 0          LCCBSM_GHOST            = 1^3 - 1^2,      ! LCCB may not be fetched by LCC
1899 0          LCCBSM_DIRECTORY        = 1^4 - 1^3,      ! Directory NCB
1900 0          LCCBSM_TERMINAL        = 1^5 - 1^4,      ! Terminal NCB
1901 0          LCCBSM_ENTITY_ATT       = 1^6 - 1^5,      ! Entity attribute LCCB
1902 0          LCCBSM_ENTITY_LIST_ATT  = 1^7 - 1^6,      ! Entity list attribute LCCB
1903 0          LCCBSM_ENTITY_LIST      = 1^8 - 1^7,      ! Entity list ECCB
1904 0          LCCBSM_STRING_LIST_ATT  = 1^9 - 1^8,      ! String list LCCB
1905 0
1906 0          LCCBSK_LCCB_TYPE_FIRST   = 1,
1907 0          LCCBSK_NCB               = 1,              ! LCCB includes NCB
1908 0          LCCBSK_ECCB              = 2,              ! LCCB includes ECCB
1909 0          LCCBSK_LCCB              = 3,
1910 0          LCCBSK_LCCB_TYPE_LAST    = 3;

```

1911 0
1912 0
1913 0
1914 0
1915 0
1916 0
1917 0
1918 0
1919 0
1920 0
1921 0
1922 0
1923 0
1924 0
1925 0
1926 0
1927 0
1928 0
1929 0
1930 0
1931 0
1932 0
1933 0
1934 0
1935 0
1936 0
1937 0
1938 0
1939 0
1940 0
1941 0
1942 0
1943 0
1944 0
1945 0
1946 0
1947 0
1948 0
1949 0
1950 0

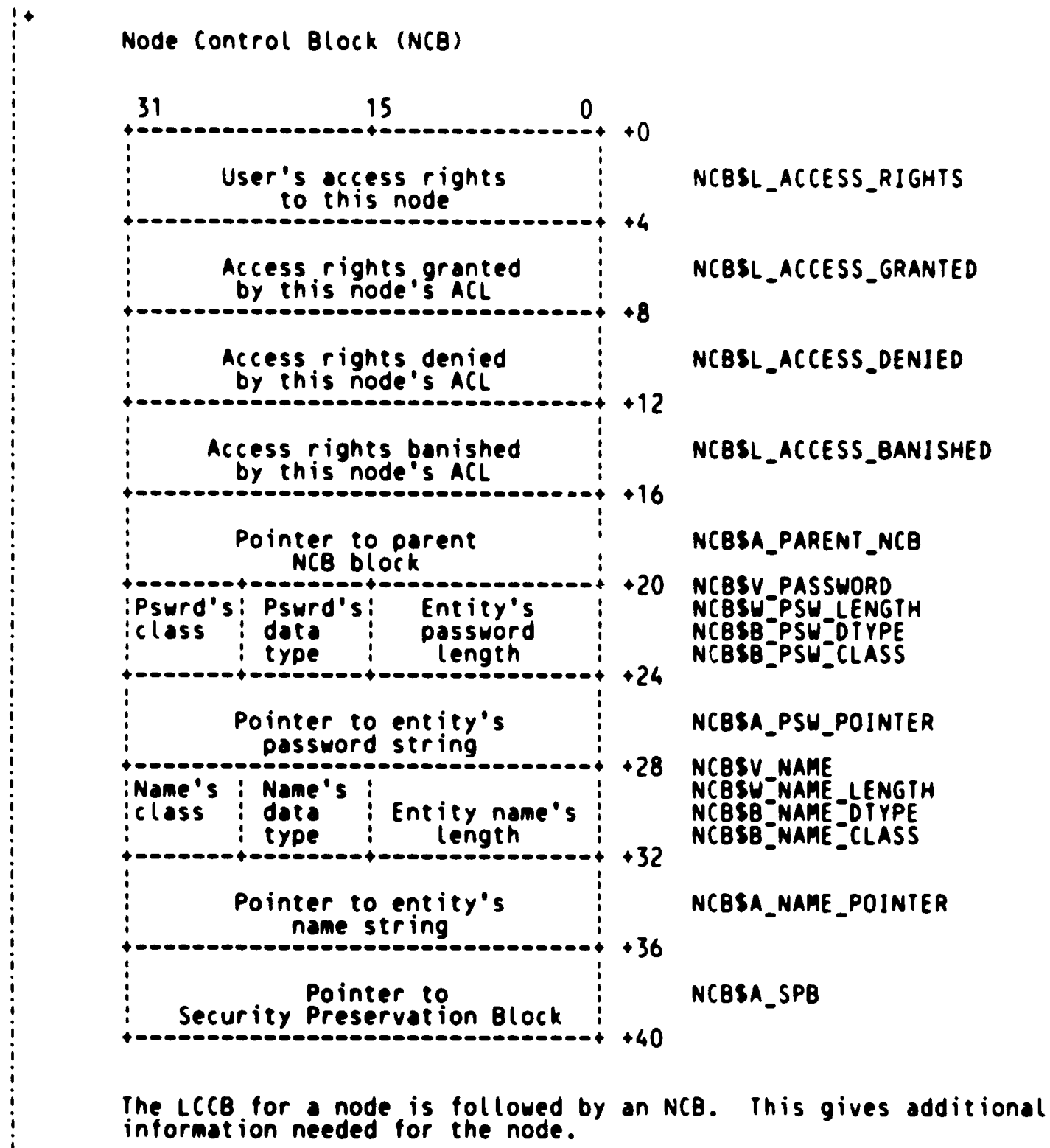


```
LITERAL
    ECCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH =      LCCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH + 9;

MACRO
    $ECCB = BLOCK[ECCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH,BYTE] FIELD (ECCB$Z_FIELDS,
                                                    LCCB$Z_FIELDS)
    X;

FIELD  ECCB$Z_FIELDS =
SET
    ECCB$W_CELL      = [0+LCCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 16, 0],
    ECCB$V_LST       = [2+LCCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 24, 0],
    ECCB$A_PARENT_LCCB = [5+LCCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0]
TES;
```

1951 0
1952 0
1953 0
1954 0
1955 0
1956 0
1957 0
1958 0
1959 0
1960 0
1961 0
1962 0
1963 0
1964 0
1965 0
1966 0
1967 0
1968 0
1969 0
1970 0
1971 0
1972 0
1973 0
1974 0
1975 0
1976 0
1977 0
1978 0
1979 0
1980 0
1981 0
1982 0
1983 0
1984 0
1985 0
1986 0
1987 0
1988 0
1989 0
1990 0
1991 0
1992 0
1993 0
1994 0
1995 0
1996 0
1997 0
1998 0
1999 0
2000 0
2001 0
2002 0
2003 0
2004 0
2005 0
2006 0
M 2007 0



```
LITERAL
NCB$$_BLOCK_LENGTH = 40+LCCB$$_BLOCK_LENGTH;
MACRO
$NCB = BLOCK[NCB$$_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (LCCB$Z_FIELDS,
```

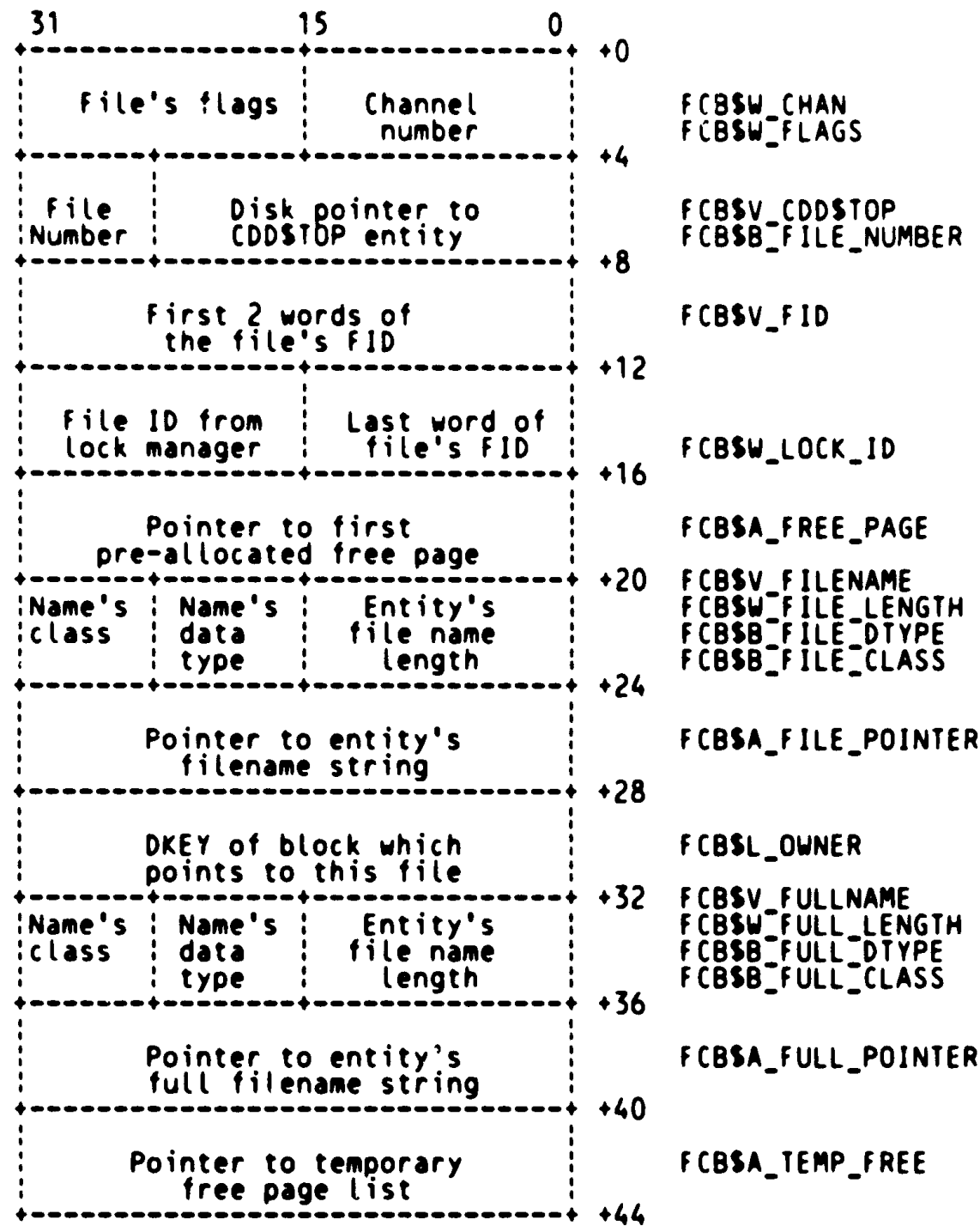
.. M 2008 0
.. 2009 0
.. 2010 0
.. 2011 0
.. 2012 0
.. 2013 0
.. 2014 0
.. 2015 0
.. 2016 0
.. 2017 0
.. 2018 0
.. 2019 0
.. 2020 0
.. 2021 0
.. 2022 0
.. 2023 0
.. 2024 0
.. 2025 0
.. 2026 0
.. 2027 0
.. 2028 0
.. 2029 0

```
      %:
FIELD SET NCBSZ_FIELDS =
      NCBSL_ACCESS_RIGHTS = [0+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
      NCBSL_ACCESS_GRANTED = [4+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
      NCBSL_ACCESS_DENIED = [8+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
      NCBSL_ACCESS_BANISHED = [12+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
      NCBSA_PARENT_NCB = [16+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
      NCBSV_PASSWORD = [20+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 0, 0],
      NCBSW_PSW_LENGTH = [20+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 16, 0],
      NCBSB_PSW_DTYPE = [22+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 8, 0],
      NCBSB_PSW_CLASS = [23+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 8, 0],
      NCBSA_PSW_POINTER = [24+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
      NCBSV_NAME = [28+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 0, 0],
      NCBSW_NAME_LENGTH = [28+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 16, 0],
      NCBSB_NAME_DTYPE = [30+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 8, 0],
      NCBSB_NAME_CLASS = [31+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 8, 0],
      NCBSA_NAME_POINTER = [32+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0],
      NCBSA_SPB = [36+LCCBSS_BLOCK_LENGTH, 0, 32, 0]
TES;
```

NCBSZ_FIELDS)

2030 0
2031 0
2032 0
2033 0
2034 0
2035 0
2036 0
2037 0
2038 0
2039 0
2040 0
2041 0
2042 0
2043 0
2044 0
2045 0
2046 0
2047 0
2048 0
2049 0
2050 0
2051 0
2052 0
2053 0
2054 0
2055 0
2056 0
2057 0
2058 0
2059 0
2060 0
2061 0
2062 0
2063 0
2064 0
2065 0
2066 0
2067 0
2068 0
2069 0
2070 0
2071 0
2072 0
2073 0
2074 0
2075 0
2076 0
2077 0
2078 0
2079 0
2080 0
2081 0
2082 0
2083 0
2084 0
2085 0
2086 0

File Control Block (FCB)



Each active (open) dictionary file has an FCB.

The FCBSL_OWNER field holds the DKEY of the attribute block (FIL) which pointed to the file. The primary dictionary file has key 0, while files that are not currently pointed to have a value of -1 in the owner field.

2087 0
2088 0
2089 0
2090 0
2091 0
2092 0
2093 0
M 2094 0
2095 0
2096 0
2097 0
2098 0
2099 0
2100 0
2101 0
2102 0
2103 0
2104 0
2105 0
2106 0
2107 0
2108 0
2109 0
2110 0
2111 0
2112 0
2113 0
2114 0
2115 0
2116 0
2117 0
2118 0
2119 0
2120 0
2121 0
2122 0
2123 0
2124 0
2125 0

```
!+
LITERAL
  FCBSK_FILE_LIMIT = 255,
  FCBSB_BLOCK_LENGTH = 44;

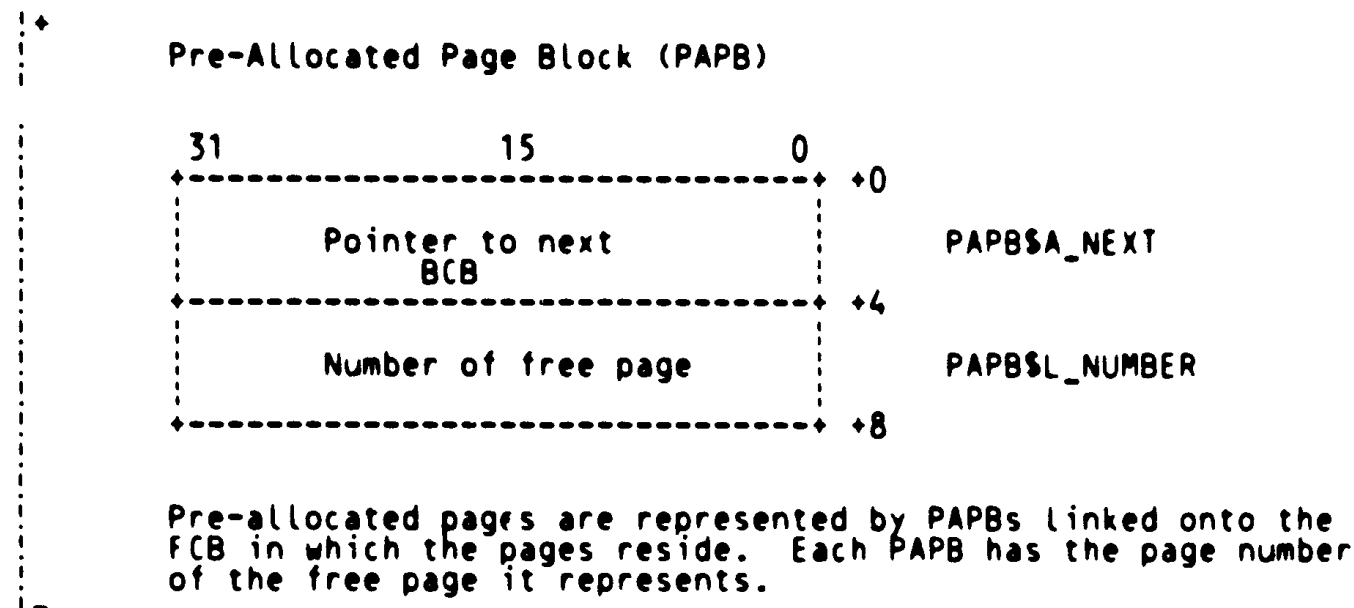
MACRO
  $FCB = BLOCK[FCBSB_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (FCBSZ_FIELDS)
  %;

FIELD FCBSZ_FIELDS =
SET
  FCBSW_CHAN           = [0, 0, 16, 0],
  FCBSW_FLAGS         = [2, 0, 16, 0],
  FCBSV_READ_ONLY     = [2, 0, 1, 0],
  FCBSV_ROOT          = [2, 1, 1, 0],
  FCBSV_CDD$STOP      = [4, 0, 24, 0],
  FCBSB_FILE_NUMBER   = [7, 0, 8, 0],
  FCBSV_FID           = [8, 0, 0, 0],
  FCBSW_LOCK_ID       = [14, 0, 16, 0],
  FCBSA_FREE_PAGE     = [16, 0, 32, 0],
  FCBSV_FILENAME      = [20, 0, 0, 0],
  FCBSW_FILE_LENGTH   = [20, 0, 16, 0],
  FCBSB_FILE_DTYPE    = [22, 0, 8, 0],
  FCBSB_FILE_CLASS    = [23, 0, 8, 0],
  FCBSA_FILE_POINTER  = [24, 0, 32, 0],
  FCBSL_OWNER         = [28, 0, 32, 0],
  FCBSV_FULLNAME      = [32, 0, 0, 0],
  FCBSW_FULL_LENGTH   = [32, 0, 16, 0],
  FCBSB_FULL_DTYPE    = [34, 0, 8, 0],
  FCBSB_FULL_CLASS    = [35, 0, 8, 0],
  FCBSA_FULL_POINTER  = [36, 0, 32, 0],
  FCBSA_TEMP_FREE     = [40, 0, 32, 0]

TES;

LITERAL
  FCBSM_READ_ONLY = 1^1 - 1^0, ! File can only be opened for read
  FCBSM_ROOT      = 1^2 - 1^1, ! FCB is the root dictionary file
```

2126 0
2127 0
2128 0
2129 0
2130 0
2131 0
2132 0
2133 0
2134 0
2135 0
2136 0
2137 0
2138 0
2139 0
2140 0
2141 0
2142 0
2143 0
2144 0
2145 0
2146 0
2147 0
2148 0
2149 0
2150 0
M 2151 0
2152 0
2153 0
2154 0
2155 0
2156 0
2157 0
2158 0



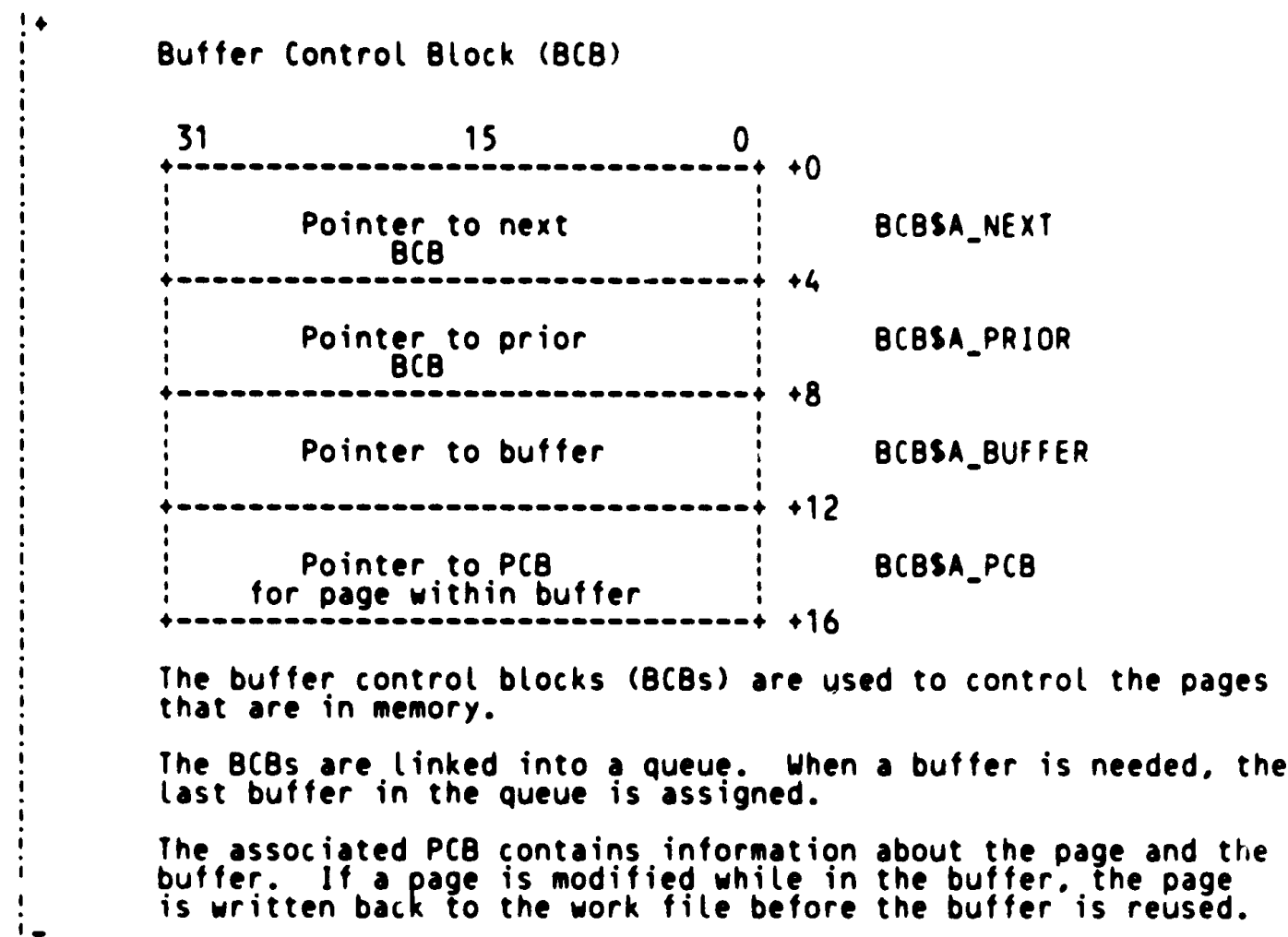
```

LITERAL
  PAPBS_BLOCK_LENGTH = 8;

MACRO
  $PAPB = BLOCK[PAPBS_BLOCK_LENGTH,BYTE] FIELD (PAPBSZ_FIELDS)
  &:

FIELD  PAPBSZ_FIELDS =
  SET
    PAPBSA_NEXT          = [0, 0, 32, 0],
    PAPBSL_NUMBER        = [4, 0, 32, 0]
  TES;
  
```

2159 0
2160 0
2161 0
2162 0
2163 0
2164 0
2165 0
2166 0
2167 0
2168 0
2169 0
2170 0
2171 0
2172 0
2173 0
2174 0
2175 0
2176 0
2177 0
2178 0
2179 0
2180 0
2181 0
2182 0
2183 0
2184 0
2185 0
2186 0
2187 0
2188 0
2189 0
2190 0
2191 0
2192 0
2193 0
2194 0
2195 0
2196 0
2197 0
M 2198 0
2199 0
2200 0
2201 0
2202 0
2203 0
2204 0
2205 0
2206 0
2207 0
2208 0
2209 0
2210 0



```

LITERAL
    BCB$K_NUMBER      = 16,    ! Number of in-core buffers
    BCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH = 16;

MACRO
    $BCB = BLOCK[BCB$$BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (BCB$Z_FIELDS)
    %;

FIELD BCB$Z_FIELDS =
    SET
        BCB$A_NEXT      = [0, 0, 32, 0],
        BCB$A_PRIOR     = [4, 0, 32, 0],
        BCB$A_BUFFER    = [8, 0, 32, 0],
        BCB$A_PCB       = [12, 0, 32, 0]
    TES;

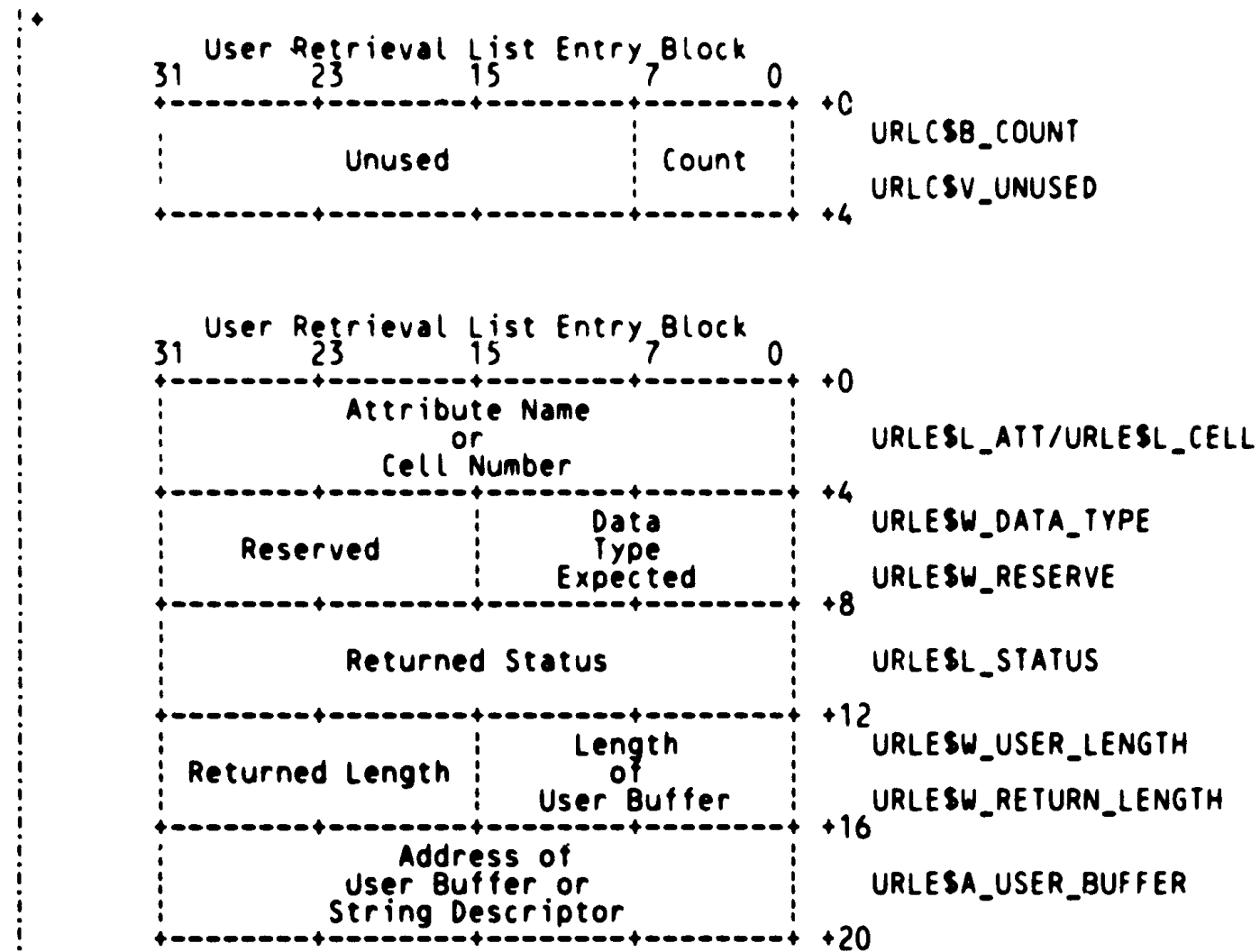
LITERAL
    BCB$K_BUFFER_LIST = BLOCK[0, BCB$A_NEXT; , BYTE];
  
```



```

2211 0
2212 0
2213 0
2214 0
2215 0
2216 0
2217 0
2218 0
2219 0
2220 0
2221 0
2222 0
2223 0
2224 0
2225 0
2226 0
2227 0
2228 0
2229 0
2230 0
2231 0
2232 0
2233 0
2234 0
2235 0
2236 0
2237 0
2238 0
2239 0
2240 0
2241 0
2242 0
2243 0
2244 0
2245 0
2246 0
2247 0
2248 0
2249 0
2250 0
M 2251 0
2252 0
2253 0
2254 0
2255 0
2256 0
2257 0
2258 0
2259 0
2260 0
M 2261 0
2262 0
2263 0
2264 0
2265 0
2266 0
2267 0

```



LITERAL

```

URLC$$_BLOCK_LENGTH = 4;
URLES$_BLOCK_LENGTH = 20;

```

MACRO

```

$URLC = BLOCK[URLC$$_BLOCK_LENGTH,BYTE] FIELD (URLC$Z_FIELDS)
%;

```

FIELD URCL\$Z_FIELDS =

```

SET
  URLC$B_COUNT   = [0, 0, 8, 0],
  URLC$V_UNUSED = [1, 0, 24, 0]

```

TES;

MACRO

```

$URLE = BLOCK[URLES$_BLOCK_LENGTH,BYTE] FIELD (URLES$Z_FIELDS)
%;

```

FIELD URLES\$Z_FIELDS =

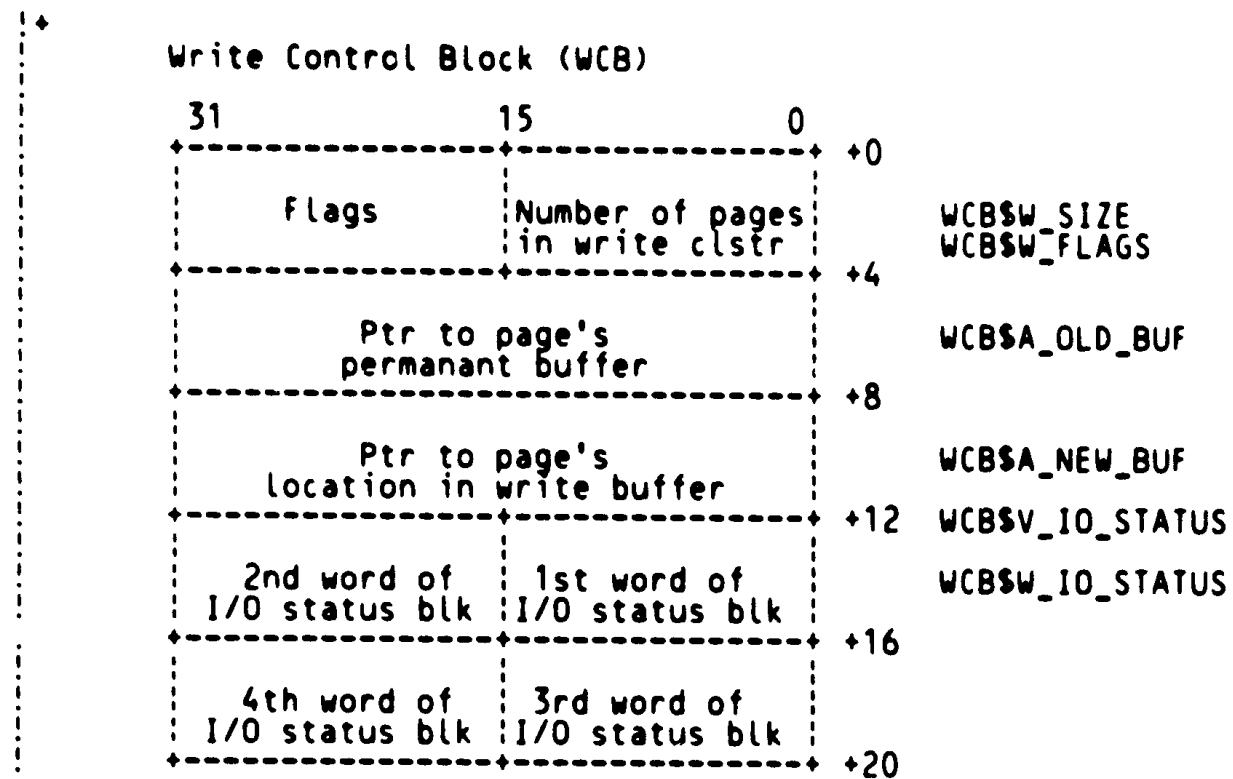
```

SET
  URLES$L_ATT = [0, 0, 32, 0],

```

```
: 2268 0          URLE$L_CELL          = [0, 0, 32, 0],  
: 2269 0          URLE$W_DATA TYPE   = [4, 0, 16, 0],  
: 2270 0          URLE$W_RESERVE     = [6, 0, 16, 0],  
: 2271 0          URLE$L_STATUS      = [8, 0, 32, 0],  
: 2272 0          URLE$W_USER LENGTH = [12, 0, 16, 0],  
: 2273 0          URLE$W_RETURN LENGTH = [14, 0, 16, 0],  
: 2274 0          URLE$A_USER_BUFFER = [16, 0, 32, 0],  
: 2275 0          TES;  
: 2276 0  
: 2277 0          STRUCTURE  
: 2278 1          URL$BLOCK [I] = (URL$BLOCK + URLC$$ BLOCK_LENGTH +  
: 2279 0          (I * URLE$$_BLOCK_LENGTH));  
: 2280 0
```

2281 0
2282 0
2283 0
2284 0
2285 0
2286 0
2287 0
2288 0
2289 0
2290 0
2291 0
2292 0
2293 0
2294 0
2295 0
2296 0
2297 0
2298 0
2299 0
2300 0
2301 0
2302 0
2303 0
2304 0
2305 0
2306 0
2307 0
2308 0
2309 0
2310 0
2311 0
2312 0
2313 0
2314 0
2315 0
2316 0
2317 0
2318 0
2319 0
2320 0
2321 0
2322 0
2323 0
2324 0
2325 0
2326 0
2327 0
2328 0
2329 0
2330 0
2331 0



WCB\$W_SIZE
WCB\$W_FLAGS
+4
WCB\$A_OLD_BUF
+8
WCB\$A_NEW_BUF
+12
WCB\$V_IO_STATUS
WCB\$W_IO_STATUS
+16
+20

LITERAL
WCB\$\$BLOCK_LENGTH = 20;

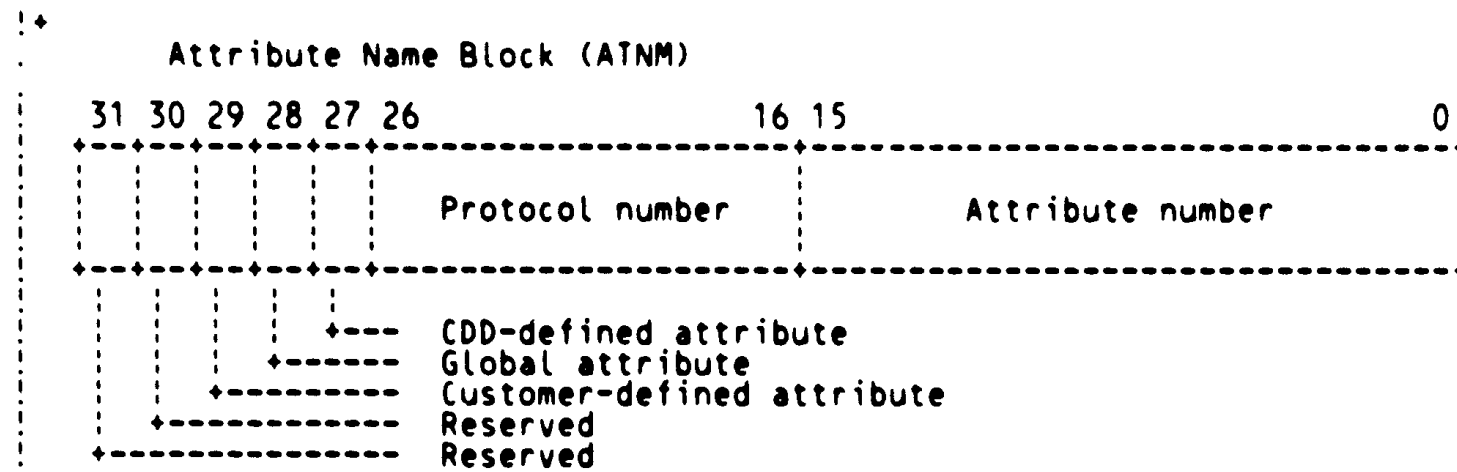
MACRO
\$WCB = BLOCK[WCB\$\$BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (WCB\$Z_FIELDS)
%:

FIELD WCB\$Z_FIELDS =
SET
WCB\$W_SIZE = [0, 0, 16, 0],
WCB\$W_FLAGS = [2, 0, 16, 0],
WCB\$V_WRITABLE = [2, 0, 1, 0], ! Write group to file
WCB\$V_GROUP = [2, 1, 1, 0], ! Group of pages
WCB\$A_OLD_BUF = [4, 0, 32, 0],
WCB\$A_NEW_BUF = [8, 0, 32, 0],
WCB\$V_IO_STATUS = [12, 0, 0, 0],
WCB\$W_IO_STATUS = [12, 0, 16, 0]

TES:

LITERAL
WCB\$M_WRITABLE = 1^1 - 1^0, ! Write group to file
WCB\$M_GROUP = 1^2 - 1^1, ! Group of pages

2332 0
2333 0
2334 0
2335 0
2336 0
2337 0
2338 0
2339 0
2340 0
2341 0
2342 0
2343 0
2344 0
2345 0
2346 0
2347 0
2348 0
2349 0
2350 0
2351 0
2352 0
2353 0
2354 0
2355 0
2356 0
2357 0
2358 0
2359 0
2360 0
2361 0
2362 0
2363 0
2364 0
M 2365 0
2366 0
2367 0
2368 0
2369 0
2370 0
2371 0
2372 0
2373 0
2374 0
2375 0
2376 0
2377 0



The attribute name block defines the break down of the attribute name. Bits 0 to 15 contains the number. Bits 16 to 26 contains the protocol. The remaining bits are flags define the type of attribute. Bit 27 on implies a system defined attribute. Bit 28 on implies a global defined attribute. Bit 29 on implies a customer defined attribute.

NOTE: If the high order word of the attribute name block is 0 the block is describing a cell. That is the protocol will equal 0 and the flag bits will equal 0.

LITERAL

ATNMSS_BLOCK_LENGTH = 4;

MACRO

\$ATNM = BLOCK[ATNMSS_BLOCK_LENGTH,BYTE] FIELD (ATNMSZ_FIELDS)

%;

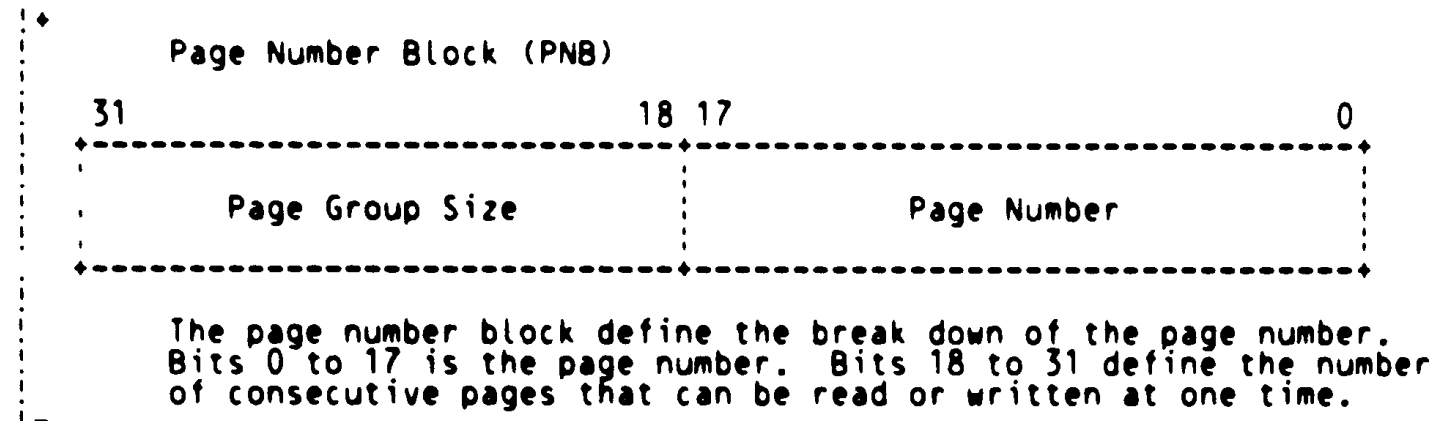
FIELD ATNMSZ_FIELDS =

SET

ATNMSW_NUMBER = [0, 0, 16, 0],
 ATNMSW_HIGH_ORD = [0, 16, 16, 0],
 ATNMSV_PROTOCOL = [0, 16, 11, 0],
 ATNMSV_FLAGS = [0, 27, 5, 0],
 ATNMSV_SYSTEM = [0, 27, 1, 0],
 ATNMSV_GLOBAL = [0, 28, 1, 0],
 ATNMSV_CUSTOMER = [0, 29, 1, 0]

TES;

2378 0
2379 0
2380 0
2381 0
2382 0
2383 0
2384 0
2385 0
2386 0
2387 0
2388 0
2389 0
2390 0
2391 0
2392 0
2393 0
2394 0
2395 0
M 2396 0
2397 0
2398 0
2399 0
2400 0
2401 0
2402 0
2403 0
2404 0



```
LITERAL
  PNB$$_BLOCK_LENGTH = 4;

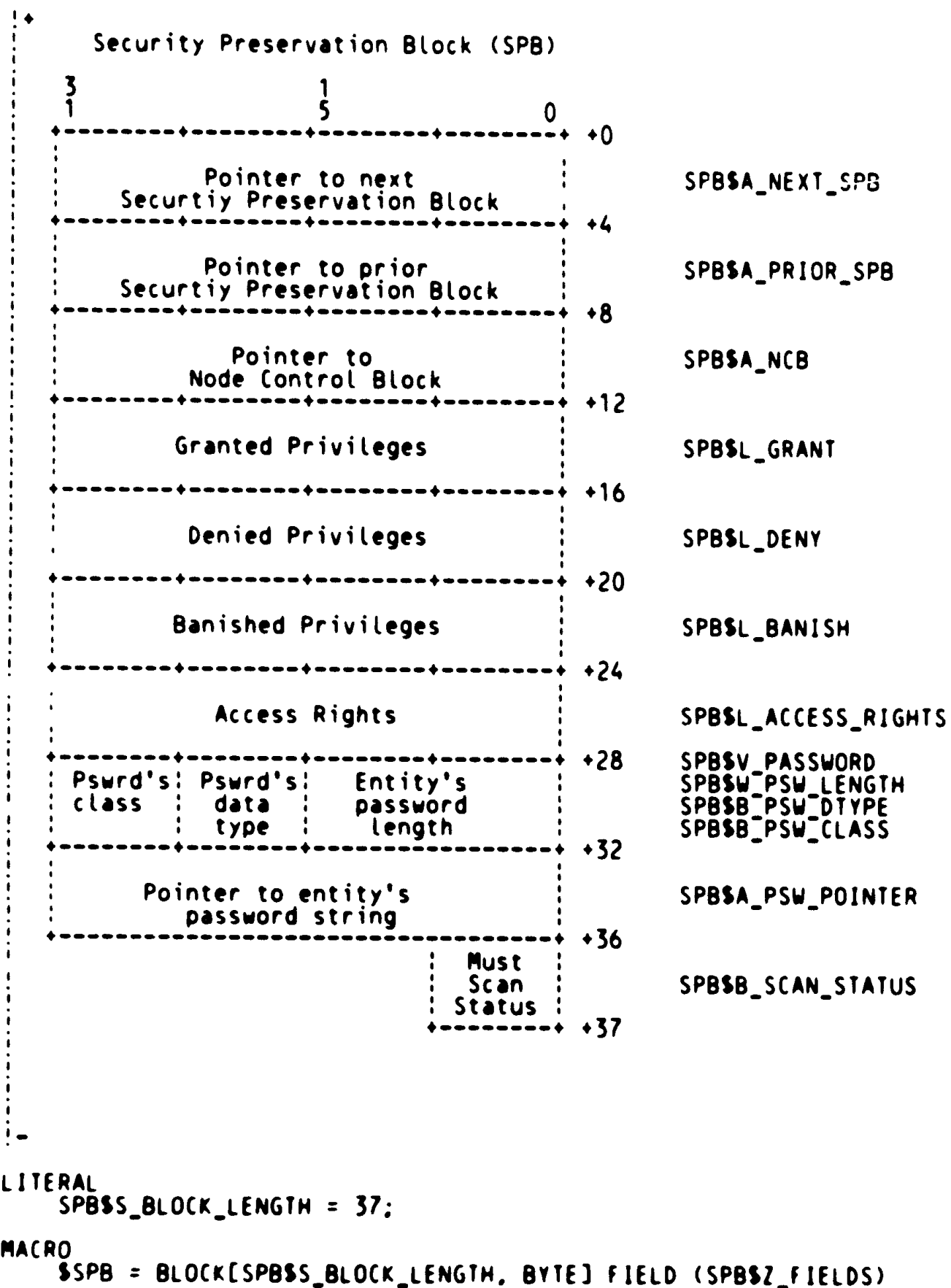
MACRO
  $PNB = BLOCK[PNB$$_BLOCK_LENGTH, BYTE] FIELD (PNB$Z_FIELDS)
  %;

FIELD  PNB$Z_FIELDS =
  SET   PNB$V_PAGE_NUM = [0, 0, 17, 0],
        PNB$V_GROUP_SIZ = [0, 17, 15, 0]
  TES;
```

```

2405 0
2406 0
2407 0
2408 0
2409 0
2410 0
2411 0
2412 0
2413 0
2414 0
2415 0
2416 0
2417 0
2418 0
2419 0
2420 0
2421 0
2422 0
2423 0
2424 0
2425 0
2426 0
2427 0
2428 0
2429 0
2430 0
2431 0
2432 0
2433 0
2434 0
2435 0
2436 0
2437 0
2438 0
2439 0
2440 0
2441 0
2442 0
2443 0
2444 0
2445 0
2446 0
2447 0
2448 0
2449 0
2450 0
2451 0
2452 0
2453 0
2454 0
2455 0
2456 0
2457 0
2458 0
2459 0
M 2461 0

```



SPB\$A_NEXT_SPB

SPB\$A_PRIOR_SPB

SPB\$A_NCB

SPB\$L_GRANT

SPB\$L_DENY

SPB\$L_BANISH

SPB\$L_ACCESS_RIGHTS

SPB\$V_PASSWORD
SPB\$W_PSW_LENGTH
SPB\$B_PSW_DTYPE
SPB\$B_PSW_CLASS

SPB\$A_PSW_POINTER

SPB\$B_SCAN_STATUS

```
2462 0      %:  
2463 0  
2464 0      FIELD SPB$Z_FIELDS =  
2465 0      SET  
2466 0      SPB$A_NEXT_SPB      = [0, 0, 32, 0],  
2467 0      SPB$A_PRIOR_SPB   = [4, 0, 32, 0],  
2468 0      SPB$A_NCB         = [8, 0, 32, 0],  
2469 0      SPB$L_GRANT       = [12, 0, 32, 0],  
2470 0      SPB$L_DENY        = [16, 0, 32, 0],  
2471 0      SPB$L_BANISH      = [20, 0, 32, 0],  
2472 0      SPB$L_ACCESS_RIGHTS = [24, 0, 32, 0],  
2473 0      SPB$V_PASSWORD    = [28, 0, 0, 0],  
2474 0      SPB$W_PSW_LENGTH  = [28, 0, 16, 0],  
2475 0      SPB$B_PSW_DTYPE   = [30, 0, 8, 0],  
2476 0      SPB$B_PSW_CLASS   = [31, 0, 8, 0],  
2477 0      SPB$A_PSW_POINTER = [32, 0, 32, 0],  
2478 0      SPB$B_SCAN_STATUS = [36, 0, 8, 0]  
2479 0      TES:  
2480 0  
2481 0      LITERAL  
2482 0      SPB$K_QUE_HEADER  = BLOCK[0, SPB$A_NEXT_SPB; , BYTE];
```

2483 0
2484 0
2485 0
2486 0
2487 0
2488 0
2489 0
2490 0
2491 0
2492 0
2493 0
2494 0
2495 0
2496 0
2497 0
2498 0
2499 0
2500 0
2501 0
2502 0
2503 0
2504 0
2505 0
2506 0
2507 0
2508 0
2509 0
2510 0
2511 0
2512 0
2513 0
2514 0
2515 0
2516 0
2517 0
2518 0
2519 0
2520 0
2521 0
2522 0
2523 0
2524 0
2525 0
2526 0
2527 0
2528 0
2529 0
2530 0
2531 0
2532 0
2533 0
2534 0
2535 0
2536 0
2537 0
2538 0
2539 0

```

++      %SBTTL      'System Literal Definitions'
SYSTEM LITERAL DEFINITIONS

These literals are only used internally.

CDD Implementation Version

LITERAL
  CDD$K_FACILITY      = 43
  CDD$K_LOWEST_VERSION = 201; ! Lowest compatible version
  CDD$K_VERSION       = 201; ! Present version

Boolean literals

LITERAL
  TRUE  = 1;      ! Boolean TRUE value
  FALSE = 0;      ! Boolean FALSE value

The following literals are used to validate routines' parameter
lists.

LITERAL
  ARG$K_OPTIONAL      = 1;      ! Parameter is optional
  ARG$K_REQUIRED      = 2;      ! Parameter is required
  ARG$K_SYNC          = 3;      ! See CDD$SU_VALIDATE documentation
  ARG$K_SYNCIF        = 4;      ! See CDD$SU_VALIDATE documentation
  ARG$K_MARK          = 0;      ! Mark parameter as missing
  ARG$K_DEFAULT       = 1;      ! Use default value
  ARG$K_STRING        = 1;      ! Default value is a null string
  ARG$K_LONG          = 2;      ! Default value is a longword
  ARG$K_WORD          = 3;      ! Default value is a word value
  ARG$K_REF           = 0;      ! Parameter passed by reference
  ARG$K_VALUE         = 1;      ! Parameter passed by value

Access Lock Constants

NOTE:  The order of the LOCK$K_NORMAL lock constants MUST be
the same as the order of the CIB$V_REF_COUNTS lock
ref count fields in the CIB.

LITERAL
```



```

2540 0 LOCK$K_NULL = 0, . Not locked
2541 0
2542 0 LOCK$K_NORMAL = 1, ! Base of partially queued locks
2543 0 LOCK$K_PRESENCE = 1,
2544 0 LOCK$K_RETRIEVAL = 2,
2545 0 LOCK$K_UPDATE = 3,
2546 0 LOCK$K_DELETE = 4,
2547 0 LOCK$K_NORMAL_TYPES = 4, ! Number of partially queued locks
2548 0
2549 0 !!! LOCK$K_QUEUED = 5, ! Base of fully queued locks
2550 0 !!! LOCK$K_FULL_RET = 5,
2551 0 !!! LOCK$K_FULL_UPD = 6,
2552 0 !!! LOCK$K_QUEUED_TYPES = 2, ! Number of fully queued locks
2553 0
2554 0 LOCK$K_XXX_GET = 1^17-1^16, ! Flag indicates must establish lock
2555 0 LOCK$K_XXX_GET_IF = 1^18-1^17, ! Get lock if not already present
2556 0 LOCK$K_OPTIONS = 1^32-1^16; ! Option bits for locks
2557 0

```

```

2558 0
2559 0 !+
2560 0 | Types of page purge requests
2561 0 |-
2562 0

```

```

2563 0 LITERAL
2564 0 PURGE$K_ALL = 1, ! Complete purge
2565 0 PURGE$K_PRESENCE = 2, ! Purge but keep portal page
2566 0 PURGE$K_RETRIEVAL = 3, ! Checkpoint & keep retrieval locks
2567 0 PURGE$K_UPDATE = 4, ! Checkpoint & keep all locks
2568 0 PURGE$K_SUBTREE = 100, ! Purge whole subtree
2569 0 PURGE$K_CLUSTER = 101; ! Purge this cluster only
2570 0

```

```

2571 0
2572 0 !+
2573 0 | Types of blocks that can be allocated in a pool.
2574 0 |-
2575 0

```

```

2576 0
2577 0 !+
2578 0 | Types of pools
2579 0 |-
2580 0

```

```

2581 0 LITERAL
2582 0 MEM$K_LOWEST_POOL = 1, ! Lowest pool type
2583 0 MEM$K_CCB_POOL = 1, ! Pool for CCB and HCBs
2584 0 MEM$K_CIB_POOL = 2, ! Pool for cluster blocks
2585 0 MEM$K_HIGHEST_POOL = 2; ! Highest pool type
2586 0

```

```

2587 0
2588 0 !+
2589 0 | CCB Pool block types
2590 0 |-
2591 0

```

```

2592 0 LITERAL
2593 0 MEM$K_CCB_LOWEST = 1, ! Lowest block type in CCB pool
2594 0 MEM$K_CCB_CCB = 1, ! CCB block
2595 0 MEM$K_CCB_LOW_SLOT = 2, ! Lowest block type in free block list
2596 0 MEM$K_CCB_HCB = 2, ! HCB block

```

2597 0 MEMSK_CCB_HIGHEST = 2; ! Highest block type in CCB pool

2598 0

2599 0

2600 0 !+

2601 0 Cluster Pool block types

2602 0 !-

2603 0

2604 0 LITERAL

2605 0 MEMSK_CIB_LOWEST = 1, ! Lowest block type in cluster pool

2606 0 MEMSK_CIB_CIB = 1, ! CIB block

2607 0 MEMSK_CIB_LOW_SLOT = 2, ! Lowest block type in free block list

2608 0 MEMSK_CIB_PCB = 2, ! PCB,

2609 0 MEMSK_CIB_LCB = 3, ! LCB,

2610 0 MEMSK_CIB_LCCB = 4, ! LCCB,

2611 0 MEMSK_CIB_ECCB = 5, ! ECCB,

2612 0 MEMSK_CIB_NCB = 6, ! NCB,

2613 0 MEMSK_CIB_SPB = 7, ! SPB,

2614 0 MEMSK_CIB_HIGHEST = 7; ! Highest block type in cluster pool

2615 0

2616 0 !+

2617 0 These flags tell the deletion routine how it is to handle the

2618 0 following cases:

2619 0

2620 0 DELSK_FAST says that pointers do not have to be cleaned up,

2621 0 as the block they reside in is going to be deleted.

2622 0

2623 0 DELSK_PRESERVE indicates that a directory node is merely to be

2624 0 emptied, and that its cluster is not to be deleted.

2625 0

2626 0 DELSK_SUBDICTIONARY says that sub-files are to have their contents

2627 0 deleted.

2628 0 !-

2629 0

2630 0 LITERAL

2631 0 DELSK_FAST = 1^1 - 1^0,

2632 0 DELSK_PRESERVE = 1^2 - 1^1,

2633 0 DELSK_SUBDICTIONARY = 1^3 - 1^2;

2634 0

2635 0

2636 0 !+

2637 0 User Identification Criteria

2638 0 !-

2639 0

2640 0 LITERAL

2641 0 CDDSK_ACL_LOWEST = 1,

2642 0 CDDSK_ACL_PASSWORD = 1, ! PASSWORD

2643 0 CDDSK_ACL_TERMINAL = 2, ! TERMINAL name or class

2644 0 CDDSK_ACL_UIC = 3, ! UIC

2645 0 CDDSK_ACL_USERNAME = 4, ! USERNAME

2646 0 CDDSK_ACL_HIGHEST = 4;

2647 0
2648 00
2649 000
2650 0000
2651 00000
2652 000000
2653 0000000
2654 00000000
2655 000000000
2656 0000000000
2657 00000000000
2658 000000000000
2659 0000000000000
2660 00000000000000
2661 000000000000000
2662 0000000000000000
2663 00000000000000000
2664 000000000000000000
2665 0000000000000000000
2666 00000000000000000000
2667 000000000000000000000
2668 0000000000000000000000
2669 00000000000000000000000
2670 000000000000000000000000
2671 0000000000000000000000000
2672 00000000000000000000000000
2673 000000000000000000000000000
2674 0000000000000000000000000000
2675 00000000000000000000000000000
2676 000000000000000000000000000000
2677 0000000000000000000000000000000
2678 00000000000000000000000000000000
2679 000000000000000000000000000000000
2680 0000000000000000000000000000000000
2681 00000000000000000000000000000000000
2682 000000000000000000000000000000000000
2683 0000000000000000000000000000000000000
2684 00000000000000000000000000000000000000
2685 000000000000000000000000000000000000000
2686 00
2687 000
2688 00
2689 000
2690 00
2691 000
2692 00
2693 000
2694 00
2695 000

%SBTTL 'Security Masks'

SECURITY MASKS

CDD security bits

LITERAL

CDD\$K_PROT_C	= 1^1 - 1^0,	! CONTROL access
CDD\$K_PROT_D	= 1^2 - 1^1,	! LOCAL DELETE access
CDD\$K_PROT_G	= 1^3 - 1^2,	! GLOBAL DELETE access
CDD\$K_PROT_H	= 1^4 - 1^3,	! HISTORY list entry creation access
CDD\$K_PROT_P	= 1^5 - 1^4,	! PASS THRU access
CDD\$K_PROT_S	= 1^6 - 1^5,	! SEE (read) access
CDD\$K_PROT_U	= 1^7 - 1^6,	! UPDATE terminal node access
CDD\$K_PROT_X	= 1^8 - 1^7,	! EXTEND directory node access
CDD\$K_PROT_F	= 1^9 - 1^8,	! FORWARDing directory creation allowed

Macro-security values

CDD\$K_PROT_ANY	= 1^9 - 1^0,
CDD\$K_PROT_DELETE	= CDD\$K_PROT_D OR CDD\$K_PROT_G,
CDD\$K_PROT_EXTEND	= CDD\$K_PROT_F OR CDD\$K_PROT_X,
CDD\$K_PROT_UPDATE	= CDD\$K_PROT_C OR CDD\$K_PROT_D OR CDD\$K_PROT_G OR CDD\$K_PROT_H OR CDD\$K_PROT_U OR CDD\$K_PROT_X OR CDD\$K_PROT_F,

Other processor security bits

VAX-11 Datatrieve

CDD\$K_DTR_PROT_E	= 1^17 - 1^16,	! EXTEND file
CDD\$K_DTR_PROT_R	= 1^18 - 1^17,	! READ file
CDD\$K_DTR_PROT_M	= 1^19 - 1^18,	! MODIFY file
CDD\$K_DTR_PROT_W	= 1^20 - 1^19,	! WRITE file

2696 0
 2697 0
 2698 0
 2699 0
 2700 0
 2701 0
 2702 0
 2703 0
 2704 0
 2705 0
 2706 0
 2707 0
 2708 0
 2709 0
 2710 0
 2711 0
 2712 0
 2713 0
 2714 0
 2715 0
 2716 0
 2717 0
 2718 0
 2719 0
 2720 0
 2721 0
 2722 0
 2723 0
 2724 0
 2725 0
 2726 0
 2727 0
 2728 0
 2729 0
 2730 0
 2731 0
 2732 0
 2733 0
 2734 0
 2735 0
 2736 0
 2737 0
 2738 0
 2739 0
 2740 0
 2741 0
 2742 0
 2743 0
 2744 0
 2745 0
 2746 0
 2747 0
 2748 0
 2749 0
 2750 0
 2751 0
 2752 0

```
%SBTTL      'User Literal Definitions'
```

```
USER LITERAL DEFINITIONS
```

```
These symbols are needed by users of the program interface.
```

```
System Defined Attribute Names
```

```
LITERAL
```

```
CDD$K_SYSNAM_FLAGS = 1^28 OR 1^27 OR 0^16; ! Global/System-defined/Protocol=0
```

```
LITERAL
```

CDD\$K_FIRST_SYSNAM	= 1 OR CDD\$K_SYSNAM_FLAGS,	! Lowest system defined attribute name value
CDD\$K_FILE	= 1 OR CDD\$K_SYSNAM_FLAGS,	! Node's file name
CDD\$K_HISTORY	= 2 OR CDD\$K_SYSNAM_FLAGS,	! History list head
CDD\$K_NAME	= 3 OR CDD\$K_SYSNAM_FLAGS,	! Node's name
CDD\$K_PROTOCOL	= 5 OR CDD\$K_SYSNAM_FLAGS,	! Node's protocol name
CDD\$K_TYPE	= 6 OR CDD\$K_SYSNAM_FLAGS,	! Type of object pointed to by location code
CDD\$K_PATHNAME	= 7 OR CDD\$K_SYSNAM_FLAGS,	! Node's complete pathname
CDD\$K_SHORT_PATHNAME	= 8 OR CDD\$K_SYSNAM_FLAGS,	! Node's path to CDD\$DEFAULT directory
CDD\$K_ORDER	= 9 OR CDD\$K_SYSNAM_FLAGS,	! Directory's order
CDD\$K_LAST_SYSNAM	= 9 OR CDD\$K_SYSNAM_FLAGS;	! Highest system defined attribute name value

```
Attribute and Entity Types
```

```
LITERAL
```

```
CDD$K_FIRST_TYPE = 1,  

CDD$K_ENTITY = 1,  

CDD$K_ENTITY_LIST = 2,  

CDD$K_NULL = 3,  

CDD$K_NUMERIC = 4,  

CDD$K_STRING = 5,  

CDD$K_STRING_LIST = 6,  

CDD$K_DIRECTORY = 7,  

CDD$K_TERMINAL = 8,  

CDD$K_LAST_TYPE = 8;
```

```
User's entity purge options
```

```
LITERAL
```

```
CDD$K_ALL = 1^1 - 1^0,  

CDD$K_ABORT = 1^2 - 1^1,  

CDD$K_CHECKPOINT = 1^3 - 1^2;
```

```
2753 0      !+
2754 0      !-      User's node creation options
2755 0      !-
2756 0
2757 0      LITERAL
2758 0      CDD$K_NOHISTORY      = 1^1 - 1^0,      ! Doesn't want history list cluster
2759 0      CDD$K_NOACL        = 1^2 - 1^1,      ! Don't create default ACL entry
2760 0      CDD$K_CREATE       = 1^3 - 1^2,      ! Create dictionary file if needed
2761 0      CDD$K_FIRST        = 1^4 - 1^3,      ! Insert as first node
2762 0      CDD$K_LAST         = 1^5 - 1^4;      ! Insert as last node
2763 0
2764 0
2765 0      !+
2766 0      !-      User's node deletion options
2767 0      !-
2768 0
2769 0      LITERAL
2770 0      CDD$K_CHECK        = 1^1 - 1^0,      ! Fail if directory has children
2771 0      CDD$K_SUBDICTIONARY = 1^2 - 1^1;      ! Delete contents of subdictionaries
2772 0
2773 0
2774 0      !+
2775 0      !-      Values of the CDD$K_ORDER attribute
2776 0      !-
2777 0
2778 0      LITERAL
2779 0      CDD$K_SORTED       = 1,              ! Directory is sorted
2780 0      CDD$K_NONSORTED    = 2;              ! Directory is not sorted
```

```
2781 0      %SBTTL      'LINKAGE DEFINITIONS'  
2782 0      |++  
2783 0      |  
2784 0      |      LINKAGE DEFINITIONS  
2785 0      |  
2786 0      |--  
2787 0      |  
2788 0      |++  
2789 0      |      CDDCALL  
2790 0      |  
2791 0      |      This linkage uses the CALLG/CALLS linkage convention, except  
2792 0      |      that it allows for one global register to be used in  
2793 0      |      parameter passing.  
2794 0      |  
2795 0      |      R11 -- used to pass the user's context pointer.  
2796 0      |--  
2797 0      |  
2798 0      LINKAGE  
2799 0      |      CDDCALL = CALL : GLOBAL (USER_CONTEXT = 11);  
2800 0      |  
2801 0      |  
2802 0      |++  
2803 0      |      SYS_JSB  
2804 0      |  
2805 0      |      This linkage provides us with a general JSB routine linkage.  
2806 0      |--  
2807 0      |  
2808 0      LINKAGE  
2809 0      |      SYS_JSB = JSB;
```

```
.....2810 0
.....2811 0
.....2812 0
.....2813 0
.....2814 0
.....2815 0
.....2816 0
.....2817 0
.....2818 0
.....2819 0
.....2820 0
.....2821 0
.....2822 0
.....2823 0
.....2824 0
.....2825 0
.....2826 0
.....2827 0
.....2828 0
.....2829 0
.....2830 0
.....2831 0
.....2832 0
.....2833 0
.....2834 0
.....2835 0
.....2836 0
.....2837 0
.....2838 0
.....2839 0
.....2840 0
.....2841 0
.....2842 0
.....2843 0
.....2844 0
.....2845 0
.....2846 0
.....2847 0
.....2848 0
.....2849 0
.....2850 0
.....2851 0
.....2852 0
.....2853 0
.....2854 0
.....2855 0
.....2856 0
.....2857 0
.....2858 0
.....2859 0
.....2860 0
.....2861 0
.....2862 0
.....2863 0
.....2864 0
.....2865 0
.....2866 0
```

```

%SBITL      'MACRO DEFINITIONS'
++
MACRO DEFINITIONS
--
+
$ACTIVE
$INACTIVE

These macros declare that we have started, and finished,
respectively, a CDD transaction. They abort the transaction
if another transaction is in progress.
-

MACRO
$ACTIVE =
BEGIN
EXTERNAL
CDD$GB_INUSE:      BYTE;

EXTERNAL LITERAL
CDD$_NOTASTREE;

BUILTIN
TESTBITSS;

IF TESTBITSS (CDD$GB_INUSE) THEN
SIGNAL (CDD$_NOTASTREE);
END
%,
$INACTIVE =
BEGIN
EXTERNAL
CDD$GB_INUSE:      BYTE;

CDD$GB_INUSE = FALSE;
END
%,
+
$BITCLEAR

This macro checks to see if any bit in a mask is set in the
target area. If not, it returns TRUE.
-

$BITCLEAR(target, mask) =
(target AND mask) EQLU 0
%,

```

2867
 2868
 2869
 2870
 2871
 2872
 2873
 2874
 2875
 2876
 2877
 2878
 2879
 2880
 2881
 2882
 2883
 2884
 2885
 2886
 2887
 2888
 2889
 2890
 2891
 2892
 2893
 2894
 2895
 2896
 2897
 2898
 2899
 2900
 2901
 2902
 2903
 2904
 2905
 2906
 2907
 2908
 2909
 2910
 2911
 2912
 2913
 2914
 2915
 2916
 2917
 2918
 2919
 2920
 2921
 2922
 2923

```

+
$BITSET
This macro checks to see if any bit in a mask is set in the
target area.  If so, it returns TRUE.
-
$BITSET(target, mask) =
(target AND mask) NEQU 0
%,
+
$DONE_TRANS
This macro is used to terminate a transaction.
Call:
  $DONE_TRANS [(dsc1 [, dsc2] ...)]
Where:
  dsci ::= the names of dynamic descriptors which are to
          have their strings returned to the string pool.
-
$DONE_TRANS (dsc1) =
  BEGIN
    EXTERNAL ROUTINE
      CDD$$$SN_DONE_TRANS      : CDDCALL      NOVALUE;

    CDD$$$SN_DONE_TRANS (dsc1
      %IF 'NO' %NULL(%REMAINING) %THEN , %REMAINING %FI );
    .USER_CONTEXT[CCBSL_STATUS]
  END
%,
+
$FIND_ENTITY
This macro returns the virtual address of the LCCB associated
with a location code.  It also checks to make certain that
the cluster is locked as requested, and that the cluster's node
allows the requested security access.
Call:
  lccb-block.wa.v = $FIND_ENTITY (valid-arg.ra.v ,
    ( CHECK      ( RETRIEVAL      ) ) , ( READ
    ( UPDATE    ( UPDATE        ) ) , ( MODIFY ) );
    ( DELETE    ( DELETE        ) ) , ( DELETE
    ( ANY       ( ANY            ) ) , ( ANY

```


2924
 2925
 2926
 2927
 2928
 2929
 2930
 2931
 2932
 2933
 2934
 2935
 2936
 2937
 2938
 2939
 2940
 2941
 2942
 2943
 2944
 2945
 2946
 2947
 2948
 2949
 2950
 2951
 2952
 2953
 2954
 2955
 2956
 2957
 2958
 2959
 2960
 2961
 2962
 2963
 2964
 2965
 2966
 2967
 2968
 2969
 2970
 2971
 2972
 2973
 2974
 2975
 2976
 2977
 2978
 2979
 2980

```

Where:
    valid-arg ::= the address of the calling routine's validated
                  argument list.
                  The argument list must have the following format:
                        valid-arg[0] ::= address of longword holding
                                      context #
                        valid-arg[1] ::= address of descriptor holding
                                      path name, or zero.

The first set of keywords names the desired lock state of
the entity's cluster.

The last set of keywords names the intended access to the
cluster.

SFIND_ENTITY (valid_arg, locking, security) =
BEGIN
    EXTERNAL ROUTINE
        CDD$SN_FIND_ENTITY      : CDDCALL;

    CDD$SN_FIND_ENTITY (..valid_arg[1],
        $FIND_XXX_LOCKING (%REMOVE(locking)),
        %NAME('CDD$K_PROT_', security))
END
%.

SFIND_XXX_LOCKING (class, type) =
    %IF %IDENTICAL (class, %QUOTE LOCK) %THEN
        LOCK$K_XXX_GET OR
    %ELSE
        %IF %IDENTICAL (class, %QUOTE LOCKIF) %THEN
            LOCK$K_XXX_GET_IF OR
        %ELSE
            %IF NOT %IDENTICAL (class, %QUOTE CHECK) %THEN
                %ERROR ('Invalid locking keyword: ', class)
            %FI
        %FI
    %FI
    %NAME ('LOCK$K_', type)
%.

SFIND_NODE

This macro returns the virtual address of the NCB associated
with a path name or location code. It also checks to make certain
that the cluster is locked as requested, and that the target node
allows the requested security access.

Call:
    ncb-block.wa.v = SFIND_NODE (valid-arg.ra.v ,
  
```

```

      LOCK      RETRIEVAL      READ
    ( { LOCKIF } { UPDATE      } ) , { MODIFY } );
      CHECK     DELETE         DELETED
                                ANY
  
```

Where:

valid-arg ::= the address of the calling routine's validated argument list.
The argument list must have the following format:

```

      valid-arg[0] ::= address of longword holding
                    context #
      valid-arg[1] ::= address of descriptor holding
                    path name, or zero.
      valid-arg[2] ::= address of longword holding
                    location code, or zero.
  
```

The first set of keywords names the desired lock state of the node's cluster.

The last set of keywords names the intended access to the cluster.

```

$FIND_NODE (valid_arg, locking, security) =
  BEGIN
    EXTERNAL ROUTINE
      CDD$SN_FIND_NODE      : CDDCALL;

    CDD$SN_FIND_NODE (valid_arg,
      $FIND_XXR_LOCKING (%REMOVE(locking)),
      %NAME('CDD$K_PROT_', security))
  END
  
```

x.

\$FIND_PARENT

This macro returns the virtual address of the NCB associated with a location code. It also checks to make certain that the cluster is locked as requested, and that the cluster's node allows the requested security access.

Call:

```

      status.wlc.v = $FIND_PARENT (valid-arg.ra.v ,
      LOCK      RETRIEVAL      READ
    ( { LOCKIF } { UPDATE      } ) , { MODIFY } , ncb-block.wa.r,
      CHECK     DELETE         DELETED
                                ANY
      name.wt.ds);
  
```

Where:

valid-arg ::= the address of the calling routine's validated argument list.

```

2981 0
2982 0
2983 0
2984 0
2985 0
2986 0
2987 0
2988 0
2989 0
2990 0
2991 0
2992 0
2993 0
2994 0
2995 0
2996 0
2997 0
2998 0
2999 0
3000 0
3001 0
3002 0
3003 0
3004 0
3005 0
3006 0
3007 0
3008 0
3009 0
3010 0
3011 0
3012 0
3013 0
3014 0
3015 0
3016 0
3017 0
3018 0
3019 0
3020 0
3021 0
3022 0
3023 0
3024 0
3025 0
3026 0
3027 0
3028 0
3029 0
3030 0
3031 0
3032 0
3033 0
3034 0
3035 0
3036 0
3037 0
  
```

The argument list must have the following format:

```
valid-arg[0] ::= address of longword holding
                context #
valid-arg[1] ::= address of descriptor holding
                path name, or zero.
valid-arg[2] ::= address of longword holding
                location code, or zero.
```

The first set of keywords names the desired lock state of the target cluster.

The last set of keywords names the intended access to the cluster.

```
$FIND PARENT (valid_arg, locking, security, ncb_block, name) =
  BEGIN
    EXTERNAL ROUTINE
      CDD$$SN_FIND_PARENT      : CDDCALL;

    CDD$$SN FIND PARENT (valid_arg,
      $FIND_XXX_LOCKING (%REMOVE(locking)),
      %NAME('CDD$K_PROT_', security), ncb_block, name)
  END
```

```
$INIT_DSC
This macro is used to initialize dynamic string descriptors.
```

```
Call:
  $INIT_DSC (dsc1 [, dsc2] ...)
```

```
$INIT_DSC[DSC_NAM] =
  BEGIN
    DSC_NAM[DSC$B_DTYPE] = DSC$K_DTYPE_T;
    DSC_NAM[DSC$B_CLASS] = DSC$K_CLASS_D;
    DSC_NAM[DSC$W_LENGTH] = 0;
    DSC_NAM[DSC$A_POINTER] = 0;
  END
```

```
$IO_SYNC (ef, iosb)
This macro waits for the event flag (ef) to be set and for the I/O status parameter (iosb) to be filled in (non-zero).
ef      must be the target event flag number.
```

```
3038 0
3039 0
3040 0
3041 0
3042 0
3043 0
3044 0
3045 0
3046 0
3047 0
3048 0
3049 0
3050 0
3051 0
3052 0
3053 0
3054 0
3055 0
3056 0
3057 0
3058 0
3059 0
3060 0
3061 0
3062 0
3063 0
3064 0
3065 0
3066 0
3067 0
3068 0
3069 0
3070 0
3071 0
3072 0
3073 0
3074 0
3075 0
3076 0
3077 0
3078 0
3079 0
3080 0
3081 0
3082 0
3083 0
3084 0
3085 0
3086 0
3087 0
3088 0
3089 0
3090 0
3091 0
3092 0
3093 0
3094 0
```

3095
 3096
 3097
 3098
 3099
 M 3100
 M 3101
 M 3102
 M 3103
 M 3104
 M 3105
 M 3106
 M 3107
 M 3108
 M 3109
 M 3110
 M 3111
 M 3112
 M 3113
 M 3114
 M 3115
 M 3116
 M 3117
 M 3118
 M 3119
 M 3120
 M 3121
 M 3122
 M 3123
 M 3124
 M 3125
 M 3126
 M 3127
 M 3128
 M 3129
 M 3130
 M 3131
 M 3132
 M 3133
 M 3134
 M 3135
 M 3136
 M 3137
 M 3138
 M 3139
 M 3140
 M 3141
 M 3142
 M 3143
 M 3144
 M 3145
 M 3146
 M 3147
 M 3148
 M 3149
 M 3150
 M 3151

```

iosb must be the address of the I/O status block. This
      must be defined as a VECTOR[,WORD] VOLATILE structure.

$IO_SYNC (ef, iosb) =
  DO
    BEGIN
      LOCAL
        STATUS: LONG;

        STATUS = $WAITFR (efn = ef);
        IF NOT .STATUS THEN
          SIGNAL STOP (.STATUS);
        STATUS = $LREF (efn = ef);
        IF NOT .STATUS THEN
          SIGNAL STOP (.STATUS);
        END WHILE .iosb[0] EQLU 0
  X.

+
$MARK_PAGE (page-block)
  This macro marks a page as modified. Such a page must be
  written back to the dictionary file when it is purged from
  the staging buffers.
-

$MARK_PAGE (page_block) =
  page_block[P[BSV_MODIFIED]] = TRUE
X.

+
$PARAMETERS (arg1 [, arg2] ...)
  This macro is used to build the control vector for the parameter
  list validate routine (CDD$SU_VALIDATE).

  There is one entry (arg1, arg2, etc) for every formal parameter in
  the routine. Each entry has the following format:

  ( REQUIRED [, [n] [, [REF : VALUE] :
    ( SYNC : $SYNCIF ), n :
    OPTIONAL [, MARK : , DEFAULT [, STRING : , LONG : , WORD] ] )

$PARAMETERS[] =
  UPLIT (%LENGTH, $PARM_PROCESS (%REMOVE(%REMAINING)))
X.

$PARM_PROCESS[arg] =
  BYTE ($PARM_DECIDE (%REMOVE(arg)))
X.

```

.....
M 3152 0
M 3153 0
M 3154 0
M 3155 0
M 3156 0
M 3157 0
M 3158 0
M 3159 0
M 3160 0
M 3161 0
M 3162 0
M 3163 0
M 3164 0
M 3165 0
M 3166 0
M 3167 0
M 3168 0
M 3169 0
M 3170 0
M 3171 0
M 3172 0
M 3173 0
M 3174 0
M 3175 0
M 3176 0
M 3177 0
M 3178 0
M 3179 0
M 3180 0
M 3181 0
M 3182 0
M 3183 0
M 3184 0
M 3185 0
M 3186 0
M 3187 0
M 3188 0
M 3189 0
M 3190 0
M 3191 0
M 3192 0
M 3193 0
M 3194 0
M 3195 0
M 3196 0
M 3197 0
M 3198 0
M 3199 0
M 3200 0
M 3201 0
M 3202 0
M 3203 0
M 3204 0
M 3205 0
M 3206 0
M 3207 0
M 3208 0
.....

```
$PARM DECIDE(status)[] =  
  %IF %IDENTICAL (status, %QUOTE REQUIRED) %THEN  
    ARG$K_REQUIRED, 0,  
    %IF %NULL (%REMAINING) %THEN  
      ARG$K_REF, 0  
    %ELSE  
      $PARM_PEQUIRED (%REMAINING)  
    %FI  
  %ELSE  
    %IF %IDENTICAL (status, %QUOTE SYNC) %THEN  
      ARG$K_SYNC, 0, 0, %REMAINING  
    %ELSE  
      %IF %IDENTICAL (status, %QUOTE SYNCIF) %THEN  
        ARG$K_SYNCIF, 0, 0, %REMAINING  
      %ELSE  
        %IF %IDENTICAL (status, %QUOTE OPTIONAL) %THEN  
          ARG$K_OPTIONAL, $PARM_OPTIONAL (%REMAINING), 0  
        %ELSE  
          %ERROR ('Invalid parameter status: ', status)  
          0, 0, 0, 0  
        %FI  
      %FI  
    %FI  
  %FI  
%.  
$PARM REQUIRED(number, pass) =  
  %IF %NULL (pass) %THEN  
    0  
  %ELSE  
    %NAME ('ARG$K_', pass)  
  %FI  
  %IF %NULL (number) %THEN  
    0  
  %ELSE  
    , number  
  %FI  
%.  
$PARM OPTIONAL(action)[] =  
  %IF %IDENTICAL (action, %QUOTE MARK) %THEN  
    ARG$K_MARK, 0  
  %ELSE  
    %IF %IDENTICAL (action, %QUOTE DEFAULT) %THEN  
      ARG$K_DEFAULT, %NAME ('ARG$K_', %REMAINING)  
    %ELSE  
      %ERROR ('Invalid action keyword: ', action)  
      0, 0  
    %FI  
  %FI  
%.  
!+  
$PRESENT  
! This macro checks to see if a parameter is present (non-zero)
```

```

3209
3210
3211
3212
3213
3214
3215
3216
3217
3218
3219
3220
3221
3222
3223
3224
3225
3226
3227
3228
3229
3230
3231
3232
3233
3234
3235
3236
3237
3238
3239
3240
3241
3242
3243
3244
3245
3246
3247
3248
3249
3250
3251
3252
3253
3254
3255
3256
3257
3258
3259
3260
3261
3262
3263
3264
3265

```

```

      in a list.
      :-
      $PRESENT (name) =
      .name NEQA 0
      %,
      +
      $RECOVERY ( RESET ; ENABLE ; DISABLE )
      This macro determines the ability of the exit handler to
      perform a purge of the cache if the task aborts.
      $RECOVERY (DISABLE)
      declares that the internal data structures or
      external disk structure is in an indeterminant
      state and cannot be recovered by the exit
      handler.
      $RECOVERY (ENABLE)
      declares that the data structure manipulation
      is completed.
      $RECOVERY (RESET)
      specifies that the data structures are in a
      recoverable state.
      Note that these can be nested. Recovery is only possible if
      the recovery counter is zero (reset).
      :-
      $RECOVERY (option) =
      BEGIN
      EXTERNAL
      CDD$GW_RECOVERY:      WORD;
      %IF %IDENTICAL (option, %QUOTE DISABLE) %THEN
      CDD$GW_RECOVERY = .CDD$GW_RECOVERY + 1;
      %ELSE
      %IF %IDENTICAL (option, %QUOTE ENABLE) %THEN
      CDD$GW_RECOVERY = .CDD$GW_RECOVERY - 1;
      %ELSE
      %IF %IDENTICAL (option, %QUOTE RESET) %THEN
      CDD$GW_RECOVERY = 0;
      %ELSE
      %ERROR ('Illegal recovery option: ', option)
      %FI
      %FI
      END
      %,
      +
      $RELEASE_LOCK

```

```

3266
3267
3268
3269
3270
3271
3272
3273
3274
3275
3276
3277
3278
3279
3280
3281
3282
3283
3284
3285
3286
3287
3288
3289
3290
3291
3292
3293
3294
3295
3296
3297
3298
3299
3300
3301
3302
3303
3304
3305
3306
3307
3308
3309
3310
3311
3312
3313
3314
3315
3316
3317
3318
3319
3320
3321
3322
  
```

```

This macro calls the CDD$SSN_RELEASE routine to release one
or more locks.

Call:

      RETRIEVAL
$RELEASE_LOCK ( { UPDATE } , ncb-block1 ...);
      DELETE

$RELEASE_LOCK (locking)[] =
BEGIN
  EXTERNAL ROUTINE
    CDD$SSN_RELEASE      : CDDCALL      NOVALUE;

  CDD$SSN_RELEASE (%NAME ('LOCK$K_', locking), %REMAINING)
END
%,

$SIGNAL_SEVERE (error)
This routine signals a severe error.

$SIGNAL_SEVERE (ERROR) =
SIGNAL (ERROR OR S'$S$K_SEVERE)
%,

$STATIC_DSC
This macro is used to initialize static string descriptors.

Call:
  $STATIC_DSC (dsc1 [, dsc2] ...)

Where:
  dsci ::= name ! ( name , source )

Source is the name of another descriptor. The named descriptor
is initialized to point to the same string as source.

$STATIC_DSC[dsci] =
  $STATIC_DSC_BUILD (%REMOVE (dsci))
%,

$STATIC_DSC_BUILD(name, source) =
BEGIN
  
```

```

3323
3324
3325
3326
3327
3328
3329
3330
3331
3332
3333
3334
3335
3336
3337
3338
3339
3340
3341
3342
3343
3344
3345
3346
3347
3348
3349
3350
3351
3352
3353
3354
3355
3356
3357
3358
3359
3360
3361
3362
3363
3364
3365
3366
3367
3368
3369
3370
3371
3372
3373
3374
3375
3376
3377
3378
3379
  
```

```

name[DSC$B_DTYPE] = DSC$K_DTYPE_T;
name[DSC$B_CLASS] = DSC$K_CLASS_S;
%IF %NULL(source) %THEN
  name[DSC$W_LENGTH] = 0;
  name[DSC$A_POINTER] = 0;
%ELSE
  name[DSC$W_LENGTH] = .source[DSC$W_LENGTH];
  name[DSC$A_POINTER] = .source[DSC$A_POINTER];
%FI
END
%,

$STRING

These macros are used to build string descriptors for literal
strings.

Call:

    $STRING ( (name, string) ...)
    $STRING_INIT ();

"name" is defined to be a BLOCK structure, and the address of
the string is poked into the structure by the STRING_INIT macro,
which must be the first executable statement in a routine.

$STRING [] =
  $STRING_DSC_SETUP (%REMAINING)
  MACRO
    %QUOTE %QUOTE $STRING_INIT =
      $STRING_PTR_SETUP (%QUOTE %EXPAND %REMAINING)
    %QUOTE %
%,

$STRING_DSC_SETUP[PAIR] =
  $STRING_DSC_INIT (%REMOVE (PAIR))
%,

$STRING_DSC_INIT (STR_NAME, STR_VAL) =
  OWN
  STR_NAME: $DSC PRESET ([DSC$B_DTYPE] = DSC$K_DTYPE_T,
                        [DSC$B_CLASS] = DSC$K_CLASS_S,
                        [DSC$W_LENGTH] =
                          %CHARCOUNT (%REMOVE (STR_VAL)));
%,

$STRING_PTR_SETUP[PAIR] =
  $STRING_PTR_INIT (%REMOVE (PAIR))
%,

$STRING_PTR_INIT (STR_NAME, STR_VAL) =
  STR_NAME[DSC$A_POINTER] = UPLIT BYTE (%REMOVE (STR_VAL));
%,
  
```



```

3380
3381
3382
3383
3384
3385
3386
3387
3388
3389
3390
3391
3392
3393
3394
3395
3396
3397
3398
3399
3400
3401
3402
3403
3404
3405
3406
3407
3408
3409
3410
3411
3412
3413
3414
3415
3416
3417
3418
3419
3420
3421
3422
3423
3424
3425
3426
3427
3428
3429
3430
3431
3432
3433
3434
3435
3436

```

```

+
-
+
-

```

```

STEXTC

This macro is used to define counted strings. The first byte
of such strings is a count of the number of characters in the
string.

Each string is defined to be a VECTOR[,BYTE] structure, with
the 0 element being the character count, and the actual string
starting at STRING[1].

STEXTC ((name1,'str1') [, (name2, 'str2')] ...);

STEXTC[PAIR] =
  STEXTC_STR(%REMOVE(PAIR))
%.

STEXTC_STR(NAME,TSTR) =
  BIND
  NAME = UPLIT BYTE (%CHARCOUNT(%REMOVE(TSTR)), %REMOVE(TSTR)) :
  VECTOR[%CHARCOUNT(%REMOVE(TSTR))+1, BYTE];
%.

$VALIDATE (cntl, [arg-list])

This macro generates a call to the general transaction setup
routine.

cntl -- the address of the control vector for CDD$$U_VALIDATE.

arg-list-- is optional. If present, it is the address of the
vector which is to receive the verified argument list
from CDD$$U_VALIDATE.

$VALIDATE(cntl, arg_list) =
  BEGIN
  EXTERNAL ROUTINE
  CDD$$SN_START_TRANS : CDDCALL NOVALUE;

  BUILTIN
  AP;

  %IF %NULL (arg_list) %THEN
  CDD$$SN_START_TRANS (.AP, cntl)
  %ELSE
  CDD$$SN_START_TRANS (.AP, cntl, arg_list)
  %FI
  END
%:

```

COMMAND QUALIFIERS

```
:  
:          BLISS/LIST=LISS:CDDLIB/LIBRARY=OBJ$:CDDLIB SRCS:CDDLIB  
: Run Time:          00:15.0  
: Elapsed Time:     00:59.0  
: Lines/CPU Min:    13734  
: Lexemes/CPU-Min: 38142  
: Memory Used:      144 pages  
: Library Precompilation Complete
```

0042 AH-BT13A-SE
VAX/VMS V4.0

DIGITAL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION
CONFIDENTIAL AND PROPRIETARY

The image displays a grid of 100 small terminal window screenshots, arranged in 10 rows and 10 columns. Each window shows a different VAX/VMS command and its output. The windows are arranged in a grid. Some windows contain text like 'COO', 'COOSHR MAP', 'COOEXC2 LIS', 'COOLIB LIS', 'WRITEBOOT LIS', and 'COOLIB B32'. The output typically consists of lists of files, directories, or system status information.

GENRAL REQ R32	EXTCAL LIS
CLISDEF R32	GENCODE4 LIS
CDUMSGS LIS	GENCODE1 LIS
CDU	GENCODE2 LIS
CDU MAP	GENCODE3 LIS
CDUREQ R32	GENCODE2 LIS
CDUTPODEF LIS	