CONTROL DATA[®]

CARD READERS

CBI04/105/106 CB202/203

INTRODUCTION OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS INSTALLATION & CHECKOUT THEORY OF OPERATION MAINTENANCE DIAGRAMS PARTS DATA



CORPORATION REFERENCE/HARDWARE MAINTENANCE MANUAL

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PREFACE

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This manual contains information for understanding the theory and operation of the CONTROL DATA B CB10X/20X Card Reader. Also included is information for installation, checkout, maintenance, and parts.



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FIGURE

SECTION I

INTRODUCTION

1-1. GENERAL

The description consists of general and physical characteristics, as well as interface descriptions and available options.

1-2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Reader (Figure 1-1) is an input peripheral device. It is a columnoriented device which reads data represented by punched holes, presented upon 80 column or 51 column tabulating cards. Excluded are black cards or cards with detectable, non-reflecting marks on the unprinted side of the card; i.e., cards should conform to ANSI STD X3.21 - 1967. Model configurations are available, providing for speed options ranging from 300 to 800 cpm, a card capacity of 1000 cards, and an input power capability of 50 or 60 Hz. One model is also available which may be used with either punched cards or marked cards. Marked cards have data represented by pencil marks rather than punched holes. The Reader contains an electromechanical card transport that includes a hopper and solenoid-operated feeder, reflective read station, card transport roller, stacker, associated drive components, and dc power supply.

When properly powered up and loaded, operation of the reader is automatically controlled by an associated controller. Data is read in response to commands issued by the controller. Cards are transported individually, column by column, past a fiber optic read station. The data is detected by the fiber optics and transferred to a bank of phototransistors mounted on the rear of the read station. These phototransistors convert the visual data to electrical signals. Self-contained data and control logic sends the 12-bit parallel data to the interface connector (data output pins) where it is available to the computer. Cards may be added to the input hopper, provided that 100 or more cards remain in the hopper. Cards may be removed from the output stacker at any time while cards are being processed. The Reader may be operated Off-Line for the purpose of maintenance through the use of maintenance switches located on the Control Board and Data Board, Table 1-1 describes the difference between the reader models.

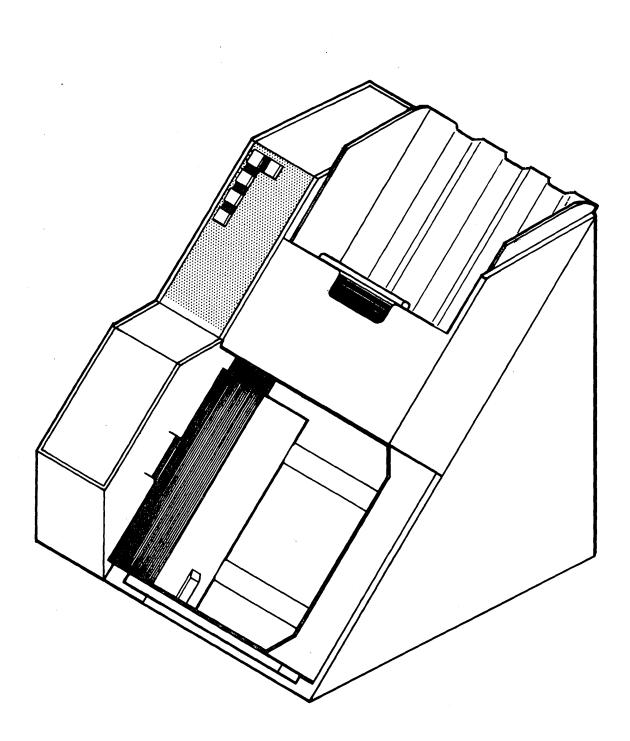


Figure 1-1. Card Reader (Optical Hole Reader Version)

Table 1-1. DIFFERENCE DATA

READER CHARACTERISTICS	CB104	CB105	CB106	CB202	CB203
SPEED (CPM)	300,600	300,400 600, and 800	300	300,600	300,400 600, and 800
HOPPER/STACKER CAPACITY	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
INPUT DATA FORM	Punched	Punched	Punched	Punched or Marked	Punched or Marked

NOTE: Suffix notations; e.g., CB104C are used to designate primary frequency as: A, C, E = 60 Hz and B, D, F = 50 Hz.

1-3. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION

The reader is a completely self-contained unit, provided with an input hopper, card feed mechanism, read station, output stacker, control logic, and data buffer electronics, as well as an integral power supply. An operator control panel (upper left of unit) provides the controls and indicators necessary to initialize or stop unit operation and to monitor the several status alarms (See Section II). The entire left side decorative panel is hinged and held secure by bayonet-type, snap-open disconnects to permit ready access to the read station and feed mechanism components.

Control logic and data buffer electronics are contained upon boards fixed to the inside of the rear panel. Two screw type fasteners are located along the upper edge of the hinged panel, permitting access during maintenance operations. Mounted directly behind the input hopper is an internal base plate on which is mounted the Data Amplifier Board, transport motor, and pulley components. All signal connections are made via ribbon-type cable and connectors.

Power and signal interface receptacles and three fuses are located at the rear of the unit along the lower main frame of the cabinet. The fuses are contained by bayonet, twist-lock receptacles (See Operator Maintenance, Section II). Table 1-2 describes the card reader specifications.

Table 1-2. CARD READER SPECIFICATIONS

CHARACTERISTICS

Dimensions and Weight

Height Width Depth Weight

Environmental

Altitude

Temperature

SPECIFICATIONS

a weight	US Units	Metric Units
	16.8 inches 15.8 inches 19.5 inches 55 pounds	43 centimeters 40 centimeters 49.5 centimeters 25 kilograms
	-	0

50°F to 95°F with a maximum gradient of 0.2°F per minute (Operating) -30°F to 150°F with a maximum gradient of 20°F per hour (Non-Operating)

Relative Humidity

Heat Dissipation

20% to 80% without condensation (Operating) 5% to 95% without condensation (Non-Operating)

-1000 to 10,000 feet (Operating) -1000 to 15,000 feet (Non-Operating)

1100 BTU per hour (maximum)

Electrical

Input Power Requirements

Freq.	Voltage	Current	Limiting Values
60 Hz	115V, 1ø	5 amp nominal	104-127 VAC 59.0-60.6 Hz
50 Hz	230V, 1ø	<u>3 amp</u> nominal	207-246 VAC 49.0-50.5 Hz

NOTE

115VAC and 230 VAC are described as input power because they are most commonly used; however, by rewiring the power supply via terminal board jumpers, other input power may be obtained. These are 100VAC, 220VAC, 240VAC, and 250VAC. See Section VII - Diagrams for actual wiring connections.

Media Requirements

Before processing by the reader, cards must be stored for at least 40 hours under the following conditions:

Temperature: 50°F to 95°F (10°C to 35°C) Humidity: As per ANSI STD X3.11-1969, a uniform relative humidity (between 30% to 65%) is recommended. Cards may become permanently warped if they have been exposed for an extended period of time outside recommended humidity range (30% to 65%) and cannot be easily corrected.

1-4. INTERFACE CHARACTERISTICS

The reader can use three different data boards. The variable polarity data board has been selected for description in this manual. The reader

utilizes integrated circuits from the 7400 TTL series. Signals that originate in the reader are defined as output signals. These lines are driven by 7416 drivers. Other drivers are available for special applications. Signals are received in the reader by 7414 Schmitt Triggers. The User's output drivers must be capable of sinking 5.8 milliamperes, plus any additional current from stray cable capacitance while maintaining a maximum of 0.8V. In the Hi level, the source must be capable of withstanding +5 VDC. The reader output drivers are capable of sinking 35 milliamperes in the Lo state and a 1K ohm resistor pulls the line to the +5 VDC level when in the Hi state. Figure 1-2 is a diagram, showing signals present at the card reader interface. Arrows associated with each lead indicate the direction of signal flow. Table 1-3 identifies each interface line.

	EXT. START	(1)	*
	EXT. FEED	(1)	
	EXT. STOP	(1)	*
	DATA	(12)	
	DATA STROBE	(1)	С
С	READY	(1)	А
0	HOPPER EMPTY	(1)	R
N	STACKER FULL	(1)	D
Т	CARD SUPPLY	(1)	
R	, FEED ERROR	(1)	R
0	STACK ERROR	(1)	E
	READ CHECK	(1)	Α
	MOTION ERROR	(1)	D
E	, BUSY	(1)	E
R	/ IMAGE	(1)	R
	A.C. ON	(1)	
	D.C. COMMON		
	.		

NOTE

* External Start and External Stop depend on External Interface.

Figure 1-2. Interface Lines

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Table 1-3.INTERFACE LINES DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTION

Input Signals:

External Start (ES)

NAME

An input command signal which, when true, initiates drive motor turn-on and conditions the reader ready logic to accept a feed command, provided no Error Condition exists.

External Feed (EF) An input command signal which, when true, initiates a card feed and read cycle. Signal will only be accepted by the reader when the reader is Not Busy and Ready.

> A minimum pulse width of 2 microsecond will cause a single card to be fed and read. If the EF signal persists beyond the end of the card cycle, it will be interpreted as a continuous feed, causing an additional card to be fed and read. EF may be a dc level which will cause cards to process at the reader's maximum rate.

> An input command signal which, when true, stops the reader and makes the reader Not Ready. If a card cycle is in process, that cycle will be completed before the reader stops.

> Twelve buffered data lines correspond with data rows

on punch cards. Signal is true for one full column

Indicates that data has stabilized on the data lines

Indicates that no error conditions exist. If RESET switch is depressed or if HOPPER EMPTY, READ, or STACKER FULL errors occur, READY remains true until the card cycle is completed. SYNC ERROR or FEED ERROR will cause READY to go not true

Indicates that the input hopper is empty and the last

Output Signals:

Data

Data Strobe (DS)

External Stop (EP)

Ready (R)

Hopper Empty (HE)

Stacker Full (SF) Indicates that the stacker is full and the last card fed has been read.

upon detection of the error.

card has been used.

and is ready for acceptance.

(16 clock pulses).

Card Supply (CS) Indicates that the hopper empty or stacker full condition exists.

Table 1-3. INTERFACE LINES DESCRIPTION (Cont'd)

NAME	DESCRIPTION
Output Signals: (Cont'd)	
Feed Error (FE)	Indicates that the reader was not able to feed the bot- tom card from the deck after two feed attempts (ini- tial feed and repick attempt), or the reader has de- tected a card feed with no Feed command.
Stacker Error (SE)	Indicates a jam in the card path from the read station to the stacker and double feed or timing error.
Read Check (RC)	Indicates a read station failure or possible data error or damaged card at the leading or trailing edge. (Refer to Section III - Theory of Operation)
Motion Error (ME)	 Indicates a read station failure or possible data error. A composite of the following may cause this condition: 1. Feed Error 2. Stacker Error (jam) 3. Illegal Feed
Busy (B)	Indicates that a feed or read cycle is in process and the reader will not accept a feed command. Leading edge of BUSY indicates a feed command has been accepted.
Image (I)	Indicates that a card is in the read station. Signal encompasses the time frame of all eighty Data Strobes and all Timing Error Checks. No Data Strobes or Timing Error Checks will be generated, if IMAGE is not present.
AC On	Indicates power is ON and the +5 vdc supply is up. Line is open when power is OFF and must be termin- ated through a resistor to +5 vdc externally. Term- ination is to be compatible with 7416 driver specifi- cations. Output will be low when +5 vdc supply is up.

1-4.1 SIGNAL INTERFACE

a. Connector and Cable

The card reader is supplied with a backpanel-mounted interface connector (AMP Part No. 201358-1) with pins (AMP 66106-1). Optional connectors are available. The following items are required to couple the unit to an associated controller:

1. Plug Connector (AMP Part No. 200277-2 and Socket No. 66108-1).

 Cable - The card reader will operate with shielded twisted-pair signal lines of size 24 AWG copper wire, having a maximum length of 15 feet.

b. Interface Pin Assignment

The card reader may use any of three different Data Boards. Tables 1-4, 1-5, and 1-6 list the interface pin assignments for each of the Data Boards. A description of each of the three Data Boards is contained in Section III of this manual.

1-4.2 ELECTRICAL INTERFACE

Accepted commercial engineering practices are employed to prevent the introduction of large current transients into the input power lines and the dc logic power lines. To prevent power line current transients, triacs are used for motor control. To prevent dc logic line current transients, the following practices are employed:

- a. The mechanical deck and motor frame are connected to the frame (ac) ground.
- b. Power supply dc return lines and frame ground are strapped together at the power supply connector TB1, pins 3 and 4. The common and frame grounds may be isolated by removing this strap.

 Table 1-4.
 INTERFACE PIN ASSIGNMENT

DATA BOARD A5 FIXED POLARITY A

SIGNAL TITLE	SIGNAL PIN	GROUND PIN
D12.FA/	r	v
D11. FA/	d	i
D0.FA/	f	m
D1. FA/	К	Р
D2.FA/	Ν	Т
D3.FA/	\mathbf{L}	R
D4.FA/	W	а
D5.FA/	U	Y

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Table 1-4. INTERFACE PIN ASSIGNMENT (Cont'd)

SIGNAL TITLE	SIGNAL PIN	GROUND PIN
D6.FA/	X	b
D7. FA/	v	\tilde{z}
D8. FA/	e	k
D9. FA /	с	h
HE.FA/	x	w
SF.FA/	У	w
AC ON. 2A	HH	-
IMAGE. FA/	M	S
ME.GA/	CC	DD
STKERR. FA/	BB	DD
CS.GA/	Z	w
READY.GA/	n	t
BUSY.GA/	A	E
FE.FA/	AA	DD
RC.GA/	D	J
EXFD*/	C	H
EXSTP*/	· p ·	u
EXSTRT*/	S	u
CHASSIS GROUND	FF	-

DATA BOARD A5 FIXED POLARITY A

Table 1-5. INTERFACE PIN ASSIGNMENT

DATA BOARD A5 VARIABLE POLARITY

SIGNAL TITLE	SIGNAL PIN	GROUND PIN
DATA 12	r	v
DATA 11	d	j
DATA 0	f	m
DATA 1	K	Р
DATA 2	Ν	\mathbf{T}
DATA 3	${ m L}$	$\mathbf R$
DATA 4	W	а
DATA 5	\mathbf{U}	Y
DATA 6	X	b
DATA 7	V	Z
DATA 8	е	k
DATA 9	С	h
DATA STROBE	В	\mathbf{F}
EXT FEED	С	H
EXT STOP	р	u
EXT START	S	u
AC ON	$_{ m HH}$	-
READY	n	t
HOPPER EMPTY	x	W
STACKER FULL	У	w
CARD SUPPLY	Z	w

DATA BOARD A5 VARIABLE POLARITY

SIGNAL TITLE	SIGNAL PIN	GROUND PIN
FEED ERROR	AA	DD
STACKER ERROR	BB	DD
READ CHECK	D	J
MOTION ERROR	CC	DD
BUSY	A	E
IMAGE	M	S
END OF FILE	Optional	-
CLEAR END OF FILE	Optional	-
CHASSIS GROUND	FF	-

1-10

1-5. FEATURES/OPTIONS

Enhancements to the basic card reader mechanism include the following options that may be retrofitted by kit under the listed part number, or incorporated in the initial manufacturing cycle:

FEATURE	DESCRIPTION	KIT PART NUMBER
51-Column	Enables reading of 51 column punched cards	77126601
OHMR	Enables reading optically marked cards	86878502
600/800 CPM	Enables reading at two card speeds	77110601
600 CPM	One card speed	77110501

The card reader power source is a 50/60 Hz power supply; therefore, when preparing the unit for 50 or 60 Hz input use the appropriate pulley.

Parts data on the above kits is included in Section VIII.

NOTE

The CB10X/20X card reader is checked for proper functional operation only in the operational mode requested by the customer. The individual card reader is not functionally checked with all the features/options that are available.

SECTION II

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

2-1. GENERAL

This section contains information on the Reader controls, indicators, and procedures necessary for properly operating the unit.

2-2. CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

The Reader can be operated in an Off-line or On-line mode by manipulation of Switch Panel, Data Board, and Control Board Switches. Processing cards in the Off-line mode is a feature associated with maintenance and is described in Section V - Maintenance.

In the On-line mode, the operation of the unit is controlled by the Reader logic and is synchronized with system demands by a controller. Surge and overload protection is provided by three fuses on the lower rear of the unit.

2-2.1 SWITCH PANEL ASSEMBLY (Figure 2-1)

A description of the Switch Panel Assembly is given in Table 2-1. Switch/Indicators and Indicators are both used on the panel. The signal, produced by the switch, is stored in the logic, as required for proper functional control.

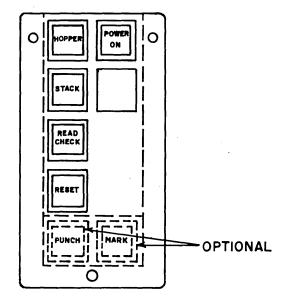


Figure 2-1. Switch Panel Assembly

Table 2-1.SWITCH PANELSWITCH/INDICATOR FUNCTIONS

NAME/TYPE	SWITCH FUNCTION	INDICATOR FUNCTION
POWER (Indicator Only)	Not applicable.	Green indicator illuminated indicates power is applied to Reader and backpanel toggle switch (S1) is on.
HOPPER (Indicator Only)	Not applicable.	Red indicator illuminated in- dicates empty input hopper, feed failure, or illegal feed.
STACK (Indicator Only)	Not applicable.	Red indicator illuminated in- dicates full output stacker.
READ CHECK L/T	When depressed, tests all front panel indicators if reader is not in READY condition.	Red indicator illuminated in- dicates read station failure, possible data error, or ille- gal feed.
RESET	When depressed, resets electronics and places Reader to a READY or NOT READY condition, depending upon previous condition.	White indicator illuminated indicates Reader is READY.
PUNCH (Only on units equip- ped with mark read- ing capability)	When depressed, places Reader in punch mode, resets mark mode, and automatically disables CARD CLK.	White indicator illuminated indicates Reader is in punch mode.
MARK (Only on units equip- ped with mark read- ing capability)	When depressed, places Reader in mark mode, resets punch mode, and automatically disables RESYNC on DATA.	White indicator illuminated indicates Reader is in mark mode. Reader will normally be set to mark mode when power is initially applied.
	NOTE	

If both STACK and READ CHECK L/T indicators are illuminated, this indicates either a double feed or a gross timing error.

2-3. OPERATING PROCEDURES

The following operating procedures are to be implemented only after Section IV - Installation and Checkout has been satisfactorily completed.

2-3.1 POWER ON

a. Place the power on toggle switch (S1) located on the lower rear panel of the Reader to the ON (up) position.

- b. Check for proper indicator illumination by depressing READ CHECK L/T switch momentarily.
- c. Place Reader in Punch or Mark mode.
- d. Depress RESET switch to place Reader in READY status.
- 2-3.2 CARD LOADING

Before loading cards, remove all the markings from the back of the cards and fan the cards from both ends to break any bond between cards. Align cards by jogging, prior to placing them in the input hopper. Punched cards are to be loaded into the input hopper, face down, with the nine edge toward the rear. Marked cards are placed in the input hopper, face up, with the timing marks on the card toward the rear. Timing marks, used on marked cards, are placed on the nine edge of the card. A maximum of 1000 cards can be initially loaded into the input hopper. Cards may be added to the input hopper during machine operation; however, the card weight should not be removed when the card supply is less than 100 cards.

2-3.3 OFF-LINE OPERATION

The Reader may be operated in an Off-line mode. The only function the unit will perform is the manual feeding of cards. In Off-line mode, the unit is not under external control from the computer.

Maintenance routines may be run in the Off-line mode. Off-line maintenance techniques are described in paragraph 5-3.2, Section V - Maintenance.

2-3.4 ON-LINE OPERATION

The Reader, when in the On-line mode, will be able to accept commands from the computer system. The following steps are to be followed in order to place the unit in On-line mode:

- a. I/O cables are properly connected. See Section IV Installation and Checkout.
- b. Apply power to machine by turning Power On switch (S1) to the ON position.

NOTE

Cards must be placed in the hopper at this time or the Reader will go NOT READY because of a hopper empty condition.

- c. Depress RESET switch momentarily; RESET indicator should now be illuminated.
- d. Unit is now in READY status and under control of computer system.

2-3.5 CARD UNLOADING

The cards enter the output stacker in the same order as they were loaded into the input hopper. A maximum of 1000 cards can be stacked in the output stacker. Card feeding is stopped automatically when the output stacker is full. Cards may be removed from the output stacker during operation.

2-4. OPERATOR MAINTENANCE

Operator maintenance consists of basic preventive maintenance; i.e., cleaning of the reader which must be done on a daily basis and minor emergency maintenance procedures (paragraphs 2-4.1 through 2-4.4).

2-4.1 CLEANING

After every 24 hours of operation, the operator is to perform the following maintenance (cleaning) with power turned off.

- a. Open the left side decorative panel.
- b. Using a paint brush or other similar soft brush, start at the input hopper and remove all card dust and other foreign matter from the entire card path. Clean read head area by unsnapping the clamp spring from the read support block and sliding the block back on its guide pins. The front of the read head will now be exposed and can be cleaned.
- Moisten a Kimwipe with water and clean the surfaces of the card transport drum. To expose the entire surface of the feed drum, manually rotate the card transport drum in the direction of <u>card feed.</u> (See para. 5-2.3)

d. Perform lamp test, using READ CHECK L/T switch. Replace any indicators that do not illuminate. (Refer to para. 2-3.1)

2-4.2 FEED JAM ELIMINATION

Data card distortions or damage can cause a card jam condition which should result in immediate shutdown of the unit. If a card or portion of card remains in read station, reader will not start and no additional error indication will be provided. To clear a jam, proceed as follows:

- a. Place backpanel power toggle switch in OFF (down) position.
- b. Open left side decorative panel to better expose card path.
- c. Remove clamp spring from read support block and slide block back along guide pins.
- d. Remove jammed or torn card(s).

CAUTION

Cards must be removed in direction of normal travel only to avoid damage to select bands.

e. Slide support block back into place and replace clamp spring.

2-4.3 SWITCH LAMP REPLACEMENT

Failure of the unit to provide an appropriate alarm or switch lamp response may be due to a defective bulb element. Replacement is accomplished by grasping the recessed edges of the affected switch or lamp enclosure (thumb and forefinger) and pulling out with a sharp, deliberate movement. The type DL394 bulbs are removed by pulling free from the insert aperture. Following a bulb replacement, snap the entire enclosure into place. Observe nomenclature lettering to ensure correct insertion. Execute a lamp check; i. e., press the READ CHECK L/T switch lamp with the unit in the Not Ready condition and observe for lamp illumination. If failure persists, request qualified maintenance support.

2-4.4 FUSE REPLACEMENT

A failure of the unit to power up or a sudden shutdown, not immediately attributable to a feed or jam problem, could be caused by a blown fuse. Surge and overload protection is provided by three fuses: F1, F2, and F3, located on the lower rear power supply panel. Before checking these fuses, remove power from the reader by either removing the power cord or by placing the power toggle switch (rear of unit) in the OFF (down) position. To inspect or replace these fuses, turn fuse holder counterclockwise 1/4 turn and withdraw from receptacle.

F1 - Primary 115 VAC - Use 5 amp, 3 AG (slow-blow), 60 Hz
or
- Primary 230 VAC - Use 3 amp, 3 AG (slow-blow), 50 Hz

F2 - 5 VDC	- Use 8 amp, 3 AG
F3 - 17 VDC	- Use 3 amp, 3 AG (slow-blow)

- 2-5. TRANSPORT DRIVE BELT
- 2-5.1 TRANSPORT DRIVE BELT REMOVAL
 - a. Loosen three motor mounting plate screws.
 - b. Slide motor so that transport drive belt slips off motor shaft pulley.
- 2-5.2 TRANSPORT DRIVE BELT REPLACEMENT

Follow steps in paragraph 2-5.1 in reverse.

- 2-5.3 SPEED SELECTION
 - a. Loosen three motor mounting plate screws.
 - b. Slip transport drive belt to adjacent pulley grooves.
 - c. Apply tension to drive belt and tighten three motor mounting plate screws.

SECTION III

THEORY OF OPERATION

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3-1. GENERAL

Information, presented within this section, is intended to provide a comprehensive review of the principle of operation, as related to the card reader. Specific components (e.g., K029), referred to in this section, may be found in diagrams, Section VII.

3-2. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The function of the card reader is to read either punched cards or marked cards. This is accomplished through the use of an electromechanical card transport and associated electronic circuitry. The card reader has six sub-areas of operation:

Card Transport Read Station Control Board Data Board Amplifier Board Power Supply

Primary power single phase (60 or 50 Hz) is accepted by the card reader power supply and is converted to the dc levels required by the card transport system and electronics. Power distribution circuits provide the necessary voltages for transport motor, drive, and logic circuits in compliance with control and status levels.

Figure 3-1 is a block diagram, illustrating the electromechanical relationships that exist within the card reader. The reading of punched or marked cards is initiated in response to system demands through the function of an external controller unit. A start signal is issued by the controller and is recognized by the control logic circuits, provided that the reader is not "BUSY" (feeding or reading a card) and is READY (cards in hopper, stacker not full, and no error conditions exist). Recognition of the START command causes the control logic to issue a motor drive signal to the card transport motor. Upon reaching operational speed (a time delay function), the control logic circuits set the READY

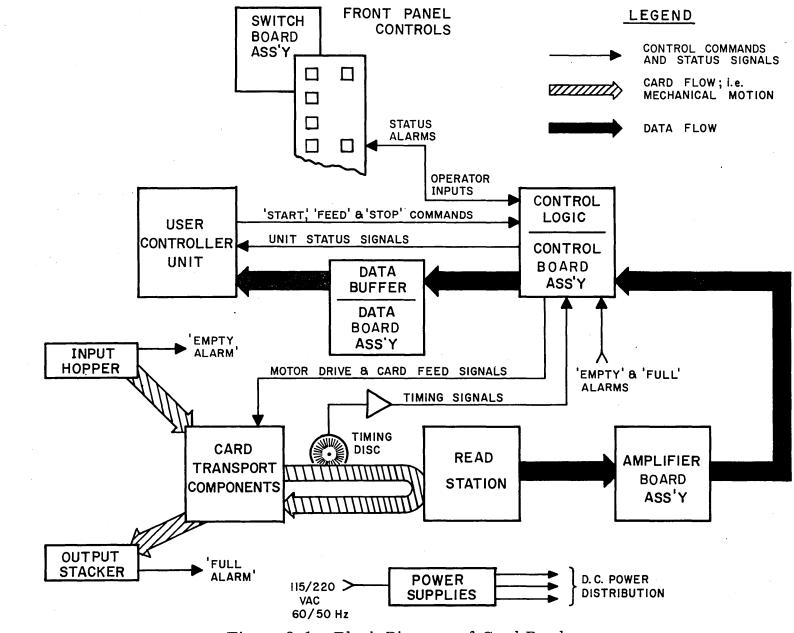


Figure 3-1. Block Diagram of Card Reader

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signal on the correct status line to the controller which then responds with an external feed (EXT FEED) command.

NOTE

It is possible to program the reader via internal 'function' switches to respond to either sequentially received EXT FEED commands (single card processing) or to respond such that cards are automatically fed and read, as long as cards are inputted to the machine.

When the reader receives a signal from the controller that a feed and read cycle is to be initiated, the lead card in the input hopper is selected and drawn through the read station by the rotating transport drum. Attached to the drum is a timing disc that operates with a phototransistor pickup to generate timing pulses. The frequency of these timing pulses is such that 16 cycles represent 0.087 inch of card movement, which is the distance from the leading edge of one column to the leading edge of the next column.

The read station utilizes a system of fiber optic bundles, a light source, and an array of light sensitive phototransistors to detect the data that exists in each card column, as it passes through the read station. This light sensing system also provides a means of performing basic "error checks"; i. e., phototransistors correctly respond to the leading and trailing edges of a card and that column to column synchronization is maintained while reading. A data read or timing error stops the read process and the READ CHECK L/T indicator on the switch panel is illuminated.

The electrical impulses, developed by the read station phototransistors (for punched or marked cards), are received by the amplifier board where these impulses are amplified and shaped. These data signals are now shifted column by column through the control board and into the data buffer circuits where they are now available to the controller. This processing of data is accomplished by coordination of data and timing and strobe signals. The sequencing of cards by the reader will continue, as long as the controller furnishes the reader with FEED commands. Operation is automatically discontinued; however, in response to error signals such as read errors, loss of timing, empty hopper, and stacker full.

In addition to the front panel operator controls and alarm indicators, the unit may be equipped with either of the two different data boards covered in the following paragraphs.

3-2.1 DATA BOARD, VARIABLE POLARITY, ASSY NO. 59540002

This board is provided with "POLARITY SELECT" switches in positions T4 and W4 that enables selection of positive or negative logic levels for all data, status, and interface signals. Setting the switch to the ON position selects the negative logic level.

3-2.2 DATA BOARD, FIXED POLARITY A, ASSY NO. 59535501

This board has negative output logic levels for all data, status, and interface signals.

3-3. FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS

The following paragraphs explain the operation of the reader subsystems.

3-3.1 CARD TRANSPORT OPERATION

A single phase AC motor serves as the drive source for the card transport drum. A solenoid-activated feed plate (A, Figure 3-2) holds the card deck above the drum's surface until a FEED command is received. In response to the FEED command, this solenoid is energized, thus drawing the feed plate down and allowing the drum surface to contact the lead card in the input hopper. The elastomer surface of the drum thereby draws the card into the feed path through the read station and into the output stacker. The card is deposited in the output stacker by belt driven spiral rotating springs (Figure 3-3).

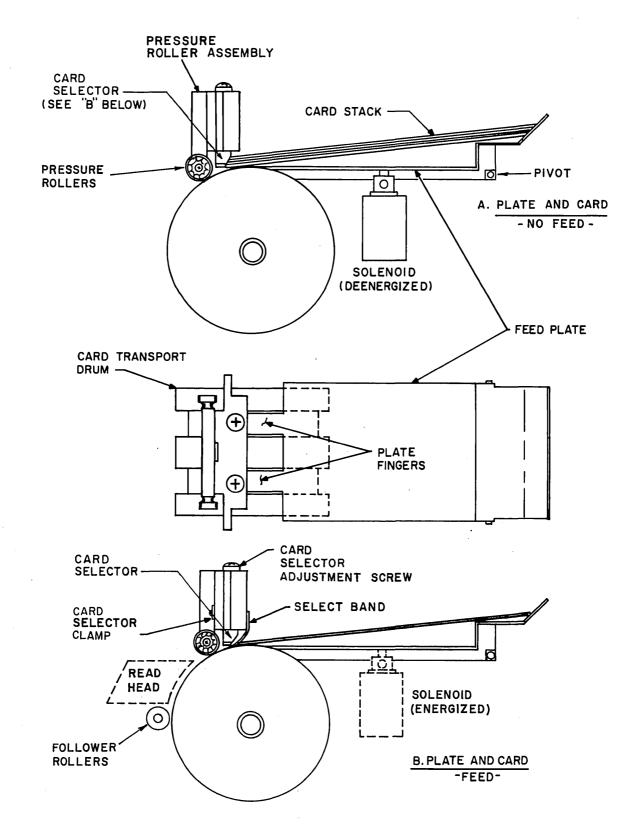
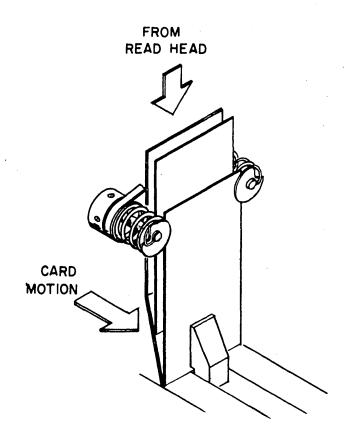


Figure 3-2. Feed Mechanism Components

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3-3.2 READ STATION FUNCTIONS

a. Read Head Operation

The read head consists of an array of fiber optic bundles, a light source, and a row of 12 phototransistor sensors (13 for mark option units). The light source provides its illumination through an array of fiber optic bundles that distribute light onto the card surface. Where a data hole is punched on a card's surface, the light is not reflected and results in a binary "one" (1) at the I/O interface. An unpunched surface at any data point on a card permits light to be reflected, thus transferred to the phototransistor sensor via the fiber optics. The resultant electrical impulse is representative of a binary "zero" (0). Important to internal timing is the detection of a card's leading edge, as it enters the read station, and its trailing edge, as it exits the station. Leading edge detection is accomplished when any one of four designated phototransistors (channel positions 0, 1, 6 or 7) respond to reflected light for the first time in a given card cycle.

3-3.2 (Cont'd)

Trailing edge detection is resolved when all twelve channel phototransistors respond to a dark condition after the card has passed the read head. The current, generated by a leading edge response, is furnished to the read amplifier circuits to condition the amplifiers for receipt of data impulses. Conversely, the dark sensing is used to reduce amplifier sensitivity when a card is not in the read station. (Also, see Read Amplifier Operation, paragraph 3-3.2b and ERROR DETECTION, paragraph 3-3.4.)

b. Read Amplifier Operation

Figure 3-4 provides a schematic interpretation of a single channel amplifier, operating in conjunction with the bias control circuit that is common to all channels.

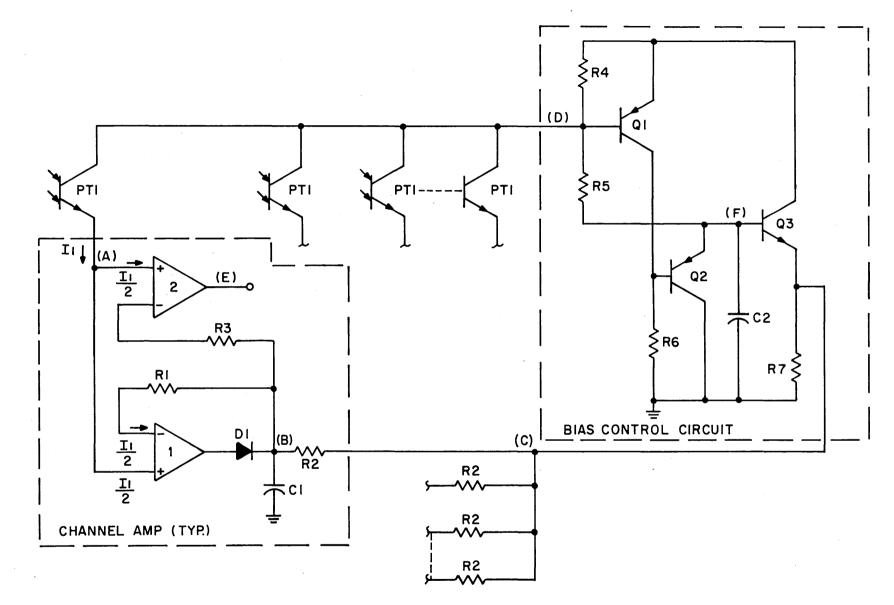
As shown in Figure 3-4, the pickup elements (phototransistors) are TIL6203 types. Each phototransistor acts as a current source at point A of its respective amplifier. The current into point A divides evenly between section 1 and section 2 of each amplifier. Section 1 of an amplifier serves as the automatic gain control circuit.

Current from the phototransistor pickup flows into the positive node of amplifier section 1 and is amplified. The resultant voltage is detected by diode D1 and capacitor C1, producing an automatic gain bias for amplifier section 2, as seen at point B. This bias is fed back into the negative input of section 1 through resistor R1.

The foregoing action causes the voltage at point B to rise to a positive level. This rise continues until the current into the negative input of section 1 is equal to the current provided by the phototransistor; i.e., at the positive input of the amplifier section.

The bias voltage, set up at point B of the amplifier, is also fed back to the negative input of amplifier section 2 through resistor R3 and results in an effective subtraction from the current supplied to the positive input by the phototransistor.

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Figure 3-4. Read Amplifier Schematic

From the foregoing, it is seen that the current from the phototransistor at point A splits evenly into the positive inputs of amplifiers 1 and 2. Since the current into the negative input of amplifier 1 is also equal to the current into the positive input of amplifier 1, the acceptance level of amplifier section 2 can be set by establishing a specific ratio between resistors R1 and R3. The value of R3 is always larger than R1.

An appropriate expression for the voltage at point B is $\frac{I1}{2}$ (R1). The current fed into the negative node of amplifier 2 is defined as $\frac{VB}{R3} = \frac{I1 \cdot R1}{2R3}$. Since $\frac{I1}{2}$ represents the current flowing into the positive input of amplifier 2, the acceptable level of this amplifier is determined by the value $\frac{R1}{R3}$ and must always be less than one.

The automatic bias circuit consists of circuit elements R4, R5, R6, R7, C2, Q1, Q2, and Q3. The purpose of this circuit is to determine the average dark current carried by all twelve phototransistors and to inject a stabilizing bias current at point B of each amplifier section.

By reference to Figure 3-4, it is seen that the twelve phototransistor collectors (thirteen, if clock channel is used) are tied to point D. All twelve R2's (thirteen, if clock channel is used) are tied to point C and the opposite end of each of these resistors (R2) is connected to point B of its respective amplifier.

The foregoing arrangement senses the average current through all of the phototransistors during a sense "black" condition. The current at point D, as provided by the phototransistors, thus flows through R4 and produces a voltage drop across this resistor. During the "dark" sense period, a very small current flows to point D and transistor Q1 is held close to an "off" condition. With Q1 conduction minimal (or off), the impedance across Q1 is large and the voltage drop across R6 is very small. This voltage drop, plus the emitter drop at Q2, is thus seen as the effective voltage at point F; i.e., since Q2 is an emitter follower. The voltage at point F, plus the base emitter drop of Q3, therefore represents the "sense" dark bias control voltage observed at point C. The voltage level is used to draw current through resistor R2 (as provided by peak detector, point B), resulting in a turn-down bias, as felt by each section 2 amplifier. The bias is used to ensure that the outputs of each amplifier are held low when there is no card in the read station.

When a card is in the read station, the photocells sense a white (reflective) level and additional current is drawn through resistor R4. The voltage drop across R4 is sufficient to turn Q1 on, causing a larger voltage drop across R6 and turning Q2 off. The bias voltage, established while looking at a white level (point F), is sustained during the card by the charge developed at capacitor C2.

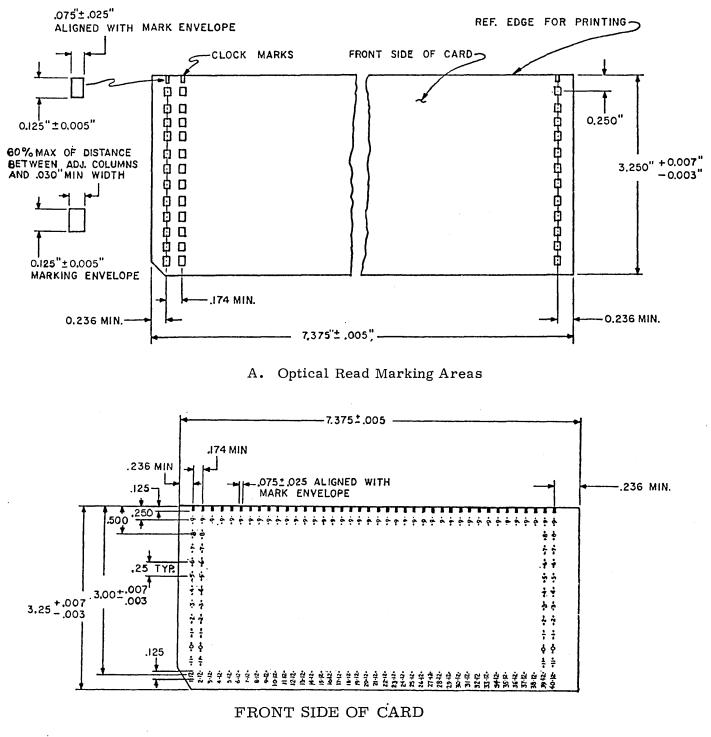
3-3.3 TIMING/SYNCHRONIZATION

Correct timing of the read function and synchronization of the several error checks is accomplished by circuits associated with all three major circuit boards; i.e., Control Board A4, Data Board A5, and Amplifier Board A2. These circuits obtain their columnar timing reference from one of two possible sources, depending upon the model options incorporated by the unit and/or specific operating mode selections. In all units, a timing disc is employed for basic timing. Punch/mark units can receive data column timing from either a binary counter driven by the disc or from timing marks inscribed upon the card (Figure 3-5). Counter operation is consistent with standard (Hollerith) card format while timing marks provide a variable output format. Of the three data boards available, data board Variable Polarity will be referenced to in this discussion.

Since the operation of the counter and steering logic circuits is essentially similar for both modes of operation, the punch mode is selected for the basic discussion with operational differences of mark timing discussed under a separate heading.

a. Punch Mode Timing

Column to column movement of a card through the read station is sensed and tracked through the function of a timing disc, associated



B. Optical Read Marking Envelope

Figure 3-5. Card Format Information

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pickup, and binary counting circuits. The timing disc (Figure 3-6) is rigidly mounted to the transport drum and carries 2304 timing marks about its circumference. A mask (section of the disc) and phototransistor pickup (mounted behind the disc) provide timing pulses, as the disc rotates with the transport drum. The frequency of these timing pulses is such that 16 pulses represent 0.087 inch of card movement. This amount of travel is consistent with the distance from the leading edge of a data hole to the leading edge of the next data hole.

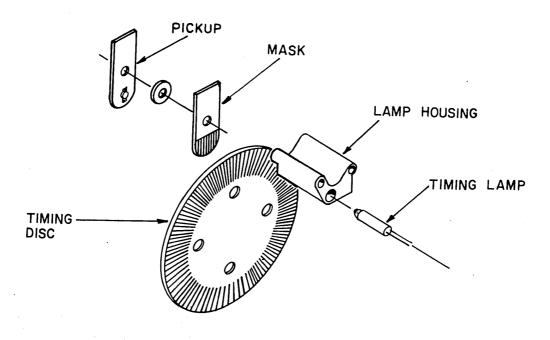


Figure 3-6. Timing Disc and Pickup Arrangement

The disc pulse train, previously discussed, is employed to "sync" a free-running oscillator (Amplifier Board A2) which, in turn, provides a clean, amplified clock train that agrees with the selected card speed of the unit. This clock train (80 CLK) is combined with a 500 KHz standard that is introduced at flip-flop K029 on Control Board A4. This slight modification of the basic clock is used to ensure consistent leading edge transitions throughout the steering logic. The clock output is thereafter used to control the stepping of counter circuits that provide the column timing, data gating, and strobe signals necessary for synchronous operation. Column-to-column timing is established by the subcounter circuit, C000 on Data Board A5. This 16 count circuit is triggered by the CLOCK input and divides each column into 16 discrete counts (Figure 3-7). The first significant count is 11, at which time through associated decoder and gating logic, the INGATE signal is initiated, MUX-M000 on Data Board A5.

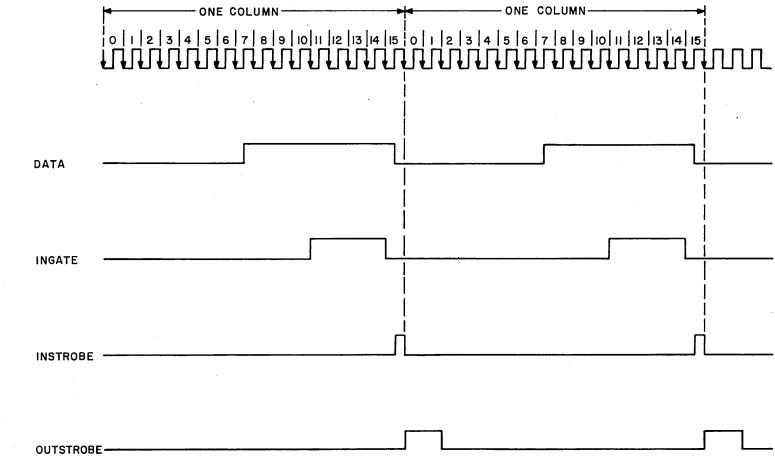
This signal enables the first buffer chain (K00-K010) and data is transferred and locked into the buffer prior to the 15th count, at which time INGATE is terminated.

At the count of 15.5, data is transferred to the second stage buffers (R000 and R001) by the INSTRB signal appearing at pin 9 of MUX circuit M000. The first stage buffers are cleared upon reaching the zero count. Output lines from the second stage buffers go through exclusive OR circuits(I030-I042) and driver/inverters (L000-L012) to the data interface connector. Data transfer is effected upon reaching the count of 0 on the next subcounter sequence. At this time, OUTSTROBE appears at the interface connector; i.e., from pin 12 of MUX M000 through an exclusive OR and an inverter driver stage. This status signal enables controller logic to sense the output lines thus concluding a first column data transfer.

Concurrent with completion of the first 16 count by the subcounter, the CARRY output, pin 12, C000 Data Board A5 is fed as a clock to increment the first of two column counters, C003 which then increments C004. These cascaded counters are, thereafter, incremented once for each column interval. This results in a possible total count of 255 that divides the card (leading to trailing edge) into approximately 85 column widths or 80 data columns, plus leading and trailing edge setback. Timing compensation for leading edge to first column setback is accomplished (at IMAGE set) by presetting the subcounter to 11 and the column counter to 254. All counters are initially cleared upon receipt of a FEED command.

Functionally, the column counters are employed to establish the timing sequence for various checks, status sensings, and logic decisions required to sustain synchronous operation of the reader.





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b. Mark Only Timing

Punch/Mark units (CB202/203) are equipped with a front panel selector switch that programs the unit for operation with either standard punched cards or cards upon which data is entered by optically sensed 'marks'. Punched cards operate from internal disc timing as previously described. Mark timing can be accomplished via the internal mode or by sensing timing marks located along the nine edge of the card, and when present are sensed by a thirteenth channel of the read head. The mark timing option is selected by closing an internal control switch (CARDCLK) on Control Board A4. When set to the 'true' (low) state, the CARDCLK input to MUX circuit M000 switches from the clock source previously used for derivation of INGATE, INSTRB, and OUTSTROBE signals; i.e., from the disc stepped subcounter to the timing mark clock. Data will be accepted only when a clock mark is present and output strobes will be generated only after a clock mark is read. The sub-counter and column counters continue to sequence all non-data events.

NOTE

Marks must be entered with a blunt No.2 soft black lead pencil. Mark mode is generally selected in order to achieve a variable format. Column spacing is thus usually dictated by application. However, when keypunching, the columns must be spaced on 0.087 inch centers or multiples thereof. See Figure 3-5 for data box and clock (timing) mark positioning dimensions.

3-3.4 ERROR DETECTION

During a read operation, several dynamic checks are performed to determine:

- a. Leading edge entrance at the read head.
- b. Dynamic response of all channel sensors to reflected light; i.e., "Light Test".

- c. That the card is still present just prior to the end of card time;i.e., "Early Dark Test".
- d. Trailing edge exit from the read head; i.e., "Late Dark Test".

If errors are present, the LED error indicators mounted on the outer edge of the control board will be lit; these are FEED, LIGHT, ILLEGAL FEED, EARLY DARK, LATE DARK, STACK, and SYNC errors. Additional error indicators are on the switch panel (Table 2-1.) which are HOPPER, STACK, and READ CHECK.

a. Leading Edge Detection

This check is performed via data channels 0, 1, 6 and 7 since the associated light pickups are located over the grooves of the transport drum and hence are not susceptible to false reflections from particles such as card dust on the drum surface. This results in setting one or more of the input lines to counter C000 (Control Board A4) to the 'false' state, wherein, the LE output (pin 12) is brought to a high level indicative of <u>not</u> all dark. The LE signal is introduced at pin 1, I049, Control Board to initiate logic operation required to clear and preset the subcounter and counter circuits. LE is also fed to the enable gate, G1 of counter circuit C001 as a precondition of the next sequential tests.

b. Light Test

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This test is a dynamic check for proper operation of all photosensor circuits and associated amplifier channels that is performed after LE time but prior to reading data from data column one. With all 12 data sense lines in a 'false' state ("a see light" condition), the associated cascaded counters C000, C001, and C002, Control Board A4 will produce a false LITE./level at pin 13 (borrow output) of stage C002. Any single channel failure results in a lack of 'reset' of K000 which will cause READ CHECK L/T (error) lamp to turn on at the beginning of column one time. An error in this check causes termination of reader operation at the end of the card cycle (Figure 3-8).

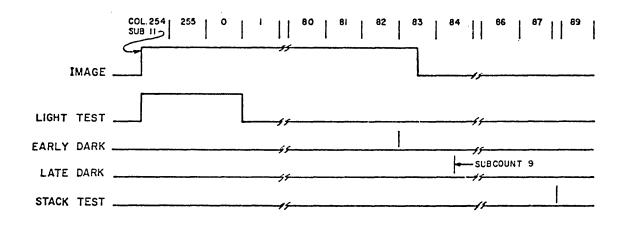


Figure 3-8. Error Detection Timing

c. Early Dark Test

Logic circuits associated with the column counters are employed to time this test, such that the data channels are sampled just prior to the appearance of the final data column beneath the sensors; i.e., effectively column 82 in reference to total card travel. The upper section of the I108 gate, Control Board A4, is conditioned for 80 column card applications and receives the AND result of IMAGE and the 82 column count via I107. With IMAGE still present at this time, the clock drive input to the early dark flip-flop (K026) is disabled and the alarm to the READ CHECK L/T lamp remains 'off'. However, a dark sense (no image) results in a high state of K026, pin 9, and a resultant 'error lamp' indication.

d. Late Dark Test

The late dark test samples the 12 channel sensors at subcount 9 of column 84 to ensure that an all dark response to the trailing edge has occurred. Logic actions are similar to those described for early dark above (See FF K027) except that IMAGE must be false to prevent a READ/CHECK lamp indication.

3-3.4 (Cont'd)

e. Miscellaneous Error Checks

The reader also stops operation if the input hopper is empty, the output stacker is full, feeder cannot feed a card after two attempts (FEED ERR), a card jams in the track (STACK ERR), or there is a loss of timing (SYNC ERR).

A feed and read cycle is completed before motor cut-off on all errors except for a card jam, timing loss, or feed error conditions. These errors cause immediate shutdown of the reader. If a card or portion of a card remains in the read station, the reader will not start and stack light and READ CHECK light will be on. Last card read will be valid, after a motor stop, only if no READ CHECK error condition exists.

3-4. POWER SUPPLY

Operating voltage for the reader is provided by a pass-regulated type of power supply accessible through the rear door of the reader. The supply converts 50/60 Hz AC power to a primary regulated output of +5 VDC for the logic circuits and secondary outputs of +17 VDC for the feed solenoid and indicator lamps, controlled 115 VAC lines for drive and stacker motors, and a sense output used to control power down sequencing.

Selected input power (Section VI, Diagrams) is applied through fuse F1 and switch S1 to transformers T1 and T2. Unregulated AC is rectified and filtered and applied to the integrated circuit voltage regulator. This component provides a precise voltage reference and includes an operational amplifier capable of continuously adjusting the power supply output voltage to +5 VDC $\pm 2.5\%$ at 4 amps. The IC control drives intermediate power stages to three series pass transistors. During normal operation, a feedback loop across the output feeds into the IC to adjust power delivered and maintain the output voltage.

Solid state relay K1 responds to a motor start signal to switch 115 VAC to the motors at an approximate "zero" phase angle (zero-cross) of the

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3-4. (Cont'd)

input waveform. +17 VDC is also controlled by the circuitry comprised of CR8, Q4, and Q5 which is switched to activate the feed solenoid. An unregulated "sense" voltage is also cabled to the Data Board through the Control Board.

Protection of the supply is provided by foldback current limiting and overvoltage circuitry. Foldback current limiting reduces output voltage as an overcurrent condition is approached. The overvoltage protection is triggered at +6.5 VDC by an SCR, shunting across the supply and causing its output to collapse to zero. Primary power must be turned off and then on again to reset the circuit.

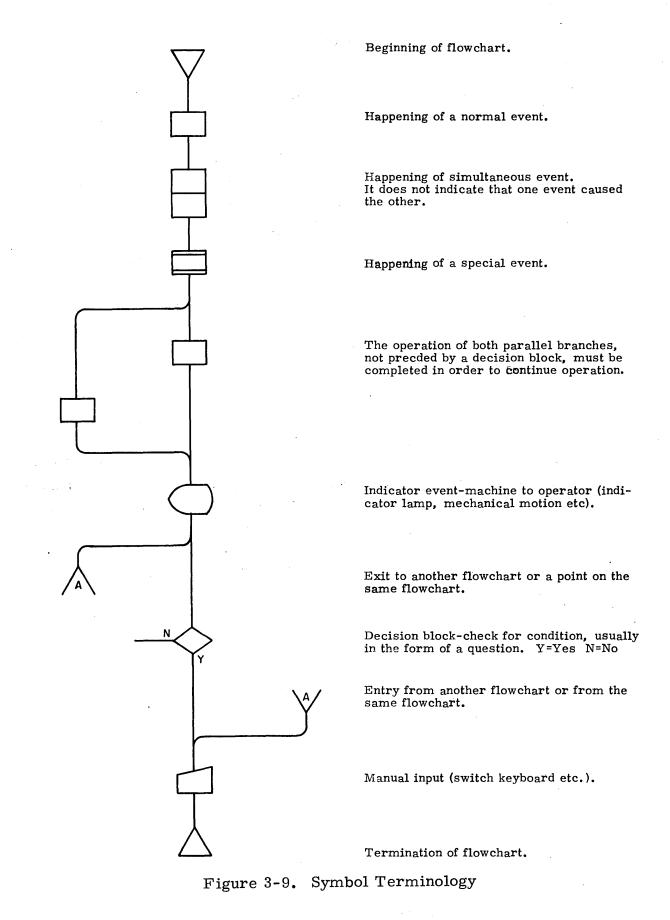
3-5. CABINET COOLING

The reader is cooled by a muffin fan mounted over a cutout on the floor of the reader cabinet.

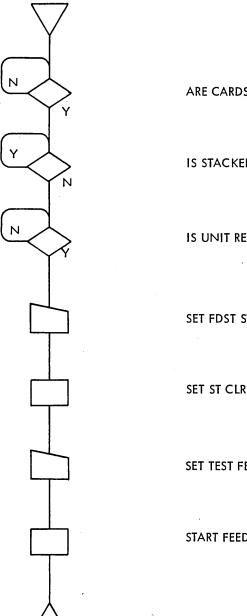
3-6. LOGIC FUNCTIONS

The logic functions of the Card Reader are described in flow charts. SYMBOL TERMINOLOGY - Figure 3-9 describes the function of each symbol used in the flow chart and Figures 3-10 thru 3-13 depicts the card reader operation by use of flow charts.

The flow charts are keyed to the logic diagrams in Section VI - Diagrams.



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ARE CARDS IN INPUT HOPPER

IS STACKER FULL

IS UNIT READY

SET FDST SWITCH ON CONTROL BOARD TO "ON" (DISABLE)

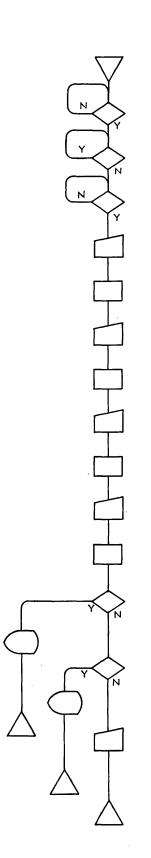
SET ST CLR CIRCUIT

SET TEST FEED SWITCH ON DATA BOARD TO "ON"

START FEED CYCLE

Figure 3-10. Flow Chart, Off-Line Mode, Fixed Pol. A

3-21



ARE CARDS IN INPUT HOPPER

IS STACKER FULL

IS UNIT READY

SET FDST SWITCH ON CONTROL BOARD TO "ON"

SET ST CLR CIRCUIT

SET ESP SWITCH ON DATA BOARD TO "ON"

ES: P IS SENT AS A "1" TO CONTROL BOARD

SET EPP SWITCH ON DATA BOARD TO "ON"

EP: R IS SENT AS A "1" TO CONTROL BOARD

DEPRESS RESET SWITCH TO START PROCESSING OF CARDS

FEED CIRCUIT

HOPPER EMPTY

STACKER FULL

DEPRESS RESET TO STOP PROCESSING OF CARDS

Figure 3-11. Flow Chart, Off-Line Mode, Var. Pol.

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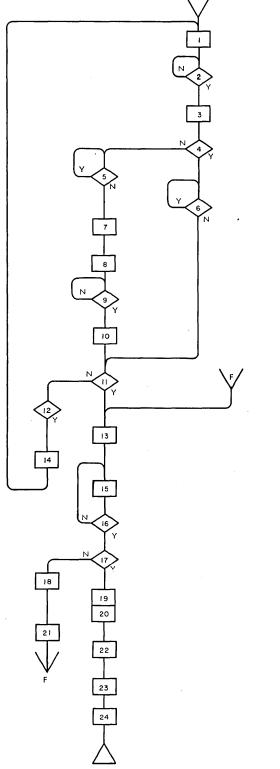




Figure 3-12. Flow Chart, Feed Cycle

3-23

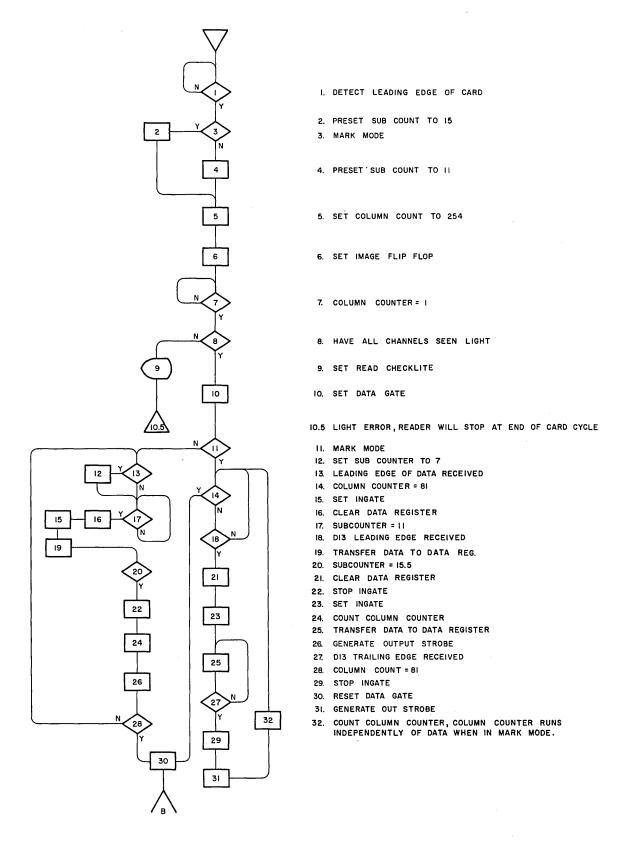
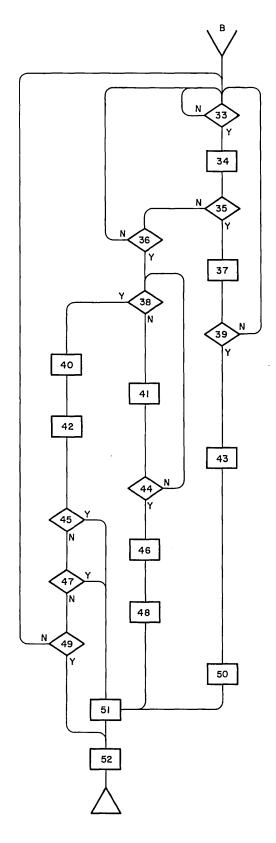


Figure 3-13. Flow Chart, Read Cycle, (Sheet 1)

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33. SUBCOUNTER = 15 ? 34. COUNT COLUMN COUNTER 35. COLUMN COUNTER = 83 ? 36. COLUMN COUNTER >83 ? 37. SET END CHECK 38. DO ALL CHANNELS SEE DARK ? 39. DO ALL CHANNELS SEE DARK ? 40. RESET IMAGE 41. SET LATE DARK 42. RESET BUSY 43. SET EARLY DARK 44. COLUMN COUNTER = 89 ? 45. IS LATE DARK SET ? 46. SET STACK ERROR 47. IS LIGHT ERROR SET ? 48. RESET IMAGE 49. HOPPER EMPTY OR STACKER FULL ? 50. RESET IMAGE 51. SET READ CHECK 52. STOP MOTOR

Figure 3-13. Flow Chart, Read Cycle (Sheet 2)

3-25

SECTION IV

INSTALLATION AND CHECKOUT

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4-1. GENERAL

The card reader is highly compact and portable and is compatible with any reasonable data processing environment. This section lists applicable site requirements and provides information pertinent to uncrating, initial inspection and preliminary set-up.

4-2. SITE REQUIREMENTS

With the exceptions of meeting the environmental limitations of Table 1-2, Section 1, the only additional site requirements are those related to power and signal interface provisions.

4-2.1 POWER

Reader units bearing model suffixes C and E; e.g., CB202C, CB203E, etc., require access to a primary power source of a nominal 115 VAC. 60 Hz. Suffix D and F designated units operate with a nominal 230 VAC/50 Hz primary input. Tolerance values are listed below:

Freq.	Voltage	Current	Limiting Values
60 Hz	115V	5 amp (nominal)	104-127 VAC 59-60.6 Hz
50 Hz	230V	3 amp (nominal)	207-253 VAC 49-50.5 Hz

NOTE

Other input power is available by rewiring the power supply (Table 1-2)

The reader power cable is color coded as follows:

Black: V AC (115 or 230 Volts) White: AC N (Neutral) Green: Chassis (earth ground)

4-2.2 TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

The operating temperature, limited by the media, is 50°F to 95°F. The non-operating temperature is minus 30°F to 150°F with a maximum gradient of 20° F per hour. The operating humidity, limited by the media, is 30% to 65%; non-operating humidity is 5% to 95%.

4-2.3 ALTITUDE

The maximum altitude is 10,000 feet operating, and 15,000 feet non-operating.

4-2.4 GROUNDING

Frame ground within the reader is connected to the cabinet, mechanical deck and drive motor housing. Frame ground conducts only leakage currents and short circuit currents for the protection of personnel against shock and fire hazards. The frame ground is connected to the service ground center terminal of the main power receptacle with #16 wire.

4-2.5 AREA AND MAINTENANCE ACCESS

With the decorative cover, rear panel and the hinged front panel all extended for maintenance access the reader will occupy approximately 4.5 square feet of installation space. See Figure 4-1.

4-2.6 FLOOR LOADING

Distributed floor loading is approximately 50 pounds per square foot. Maximum load imposed upon each of the six support bumpers is 17 pounds.

4-2.7 SIGNAL INTERFACE

The unit provides 12-bit word length, parallel output data to an interface receptacle (rear of unit) through which associated controller commands and unit status signals are also routed. Interface characteristics and signal definitions pertinent to controller/unit compatibility are provided by Section II of this manual.

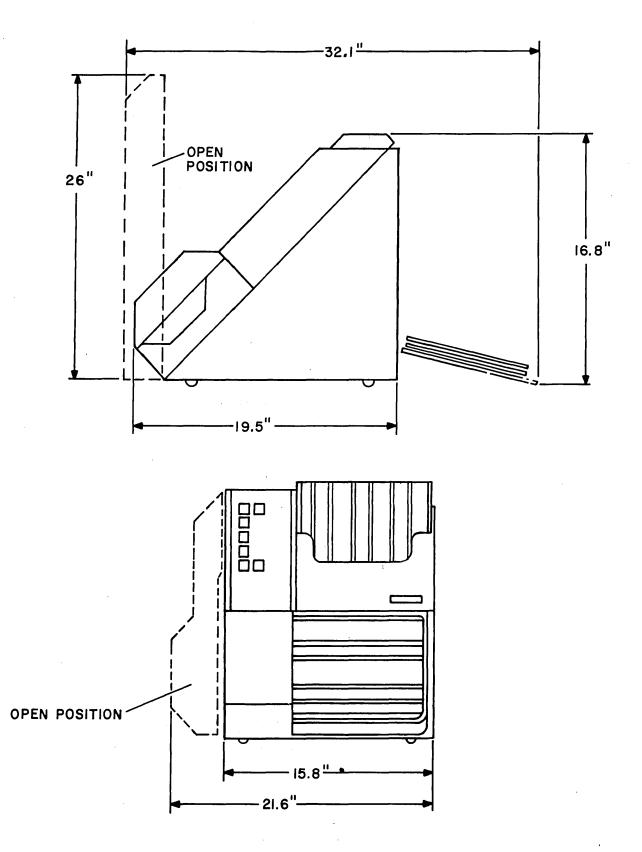


Figure 4-1. Card Readér Working Area

4-3

4-3. INSTALLATION

4-3.1 UNCRATING AND INSPECTION

The reader unit is shipped in a heavy duty cardboard carton and is buffered from shock and/or impact damage by industrial filler. Appropriate documentation; i.e., packing slip and service manual is enclosed. No special instructions are required to remove the unit. The "Visual Inspection" Table 4-1 should be accomplished to determine the possibility of in-transit damage.

Table 4-1. VISUAL INSPECTION

ITEM	DESIRED CONDITION
Cabinet exterior and decorative panels	Painted surfaces unmarred, no structural damage, hinged panels open/close without binding.
Switch-Indicators	Plastic housing intact, marking legible, and assemblies properly seated in plug-in receptacles.
Cabling & Wiring	Check for viewable continuity, connector pins not broken or bent, insulation sleeving correctly pos itioned.
Circuit Boards	No visible evidence of component damage, ribbon connectors properly seated in re- ceptacles.
Fuse Elements	Properly rated fuses are installed - See Operator Maintenance, Section II.

4-4. INITIAL SET-UP/CHECKOUT

Prior to placing the reader in on-line operation perform the following checks:

- a. Compare unit nameplate data i.e., primary power rating to the of the available power source to ensure compability.
- b. Confirm that the drive belt and pulley arrangement is correct for desired reader card speed (See appropriate Parts List).

NOTE

Upon completion of step b, reader should be ready for primary power and controller interface connections. It is recommended; however, that unit first be set up for off-line operation (See paragraph 5-3.2a, Section V - MAINTENANCE) and a short card deck processed in order to verify unit operation.

c. For on-line operation, set all the switches on Control Board A4 to "OFF". When Data Board FIXED POLARITY A is used, the test feed switch on these data boards should be set to "off". If the Variable Polarity Data Board is used, set the switches in accordance with system requirements of negative active or positive active logic.

4-5. REPACKING PROCEDURES

For repacking procedures, follow the reverse of UNCRATING and IN-SPECTION PROCEDURES, paragraph 4-3.1.

4-5.1 FIELD SHIPMENT

To ship unit back for refurbishment or between sites, and to order packing material, consult the Field Procedure Guide, Section 8:504:00.

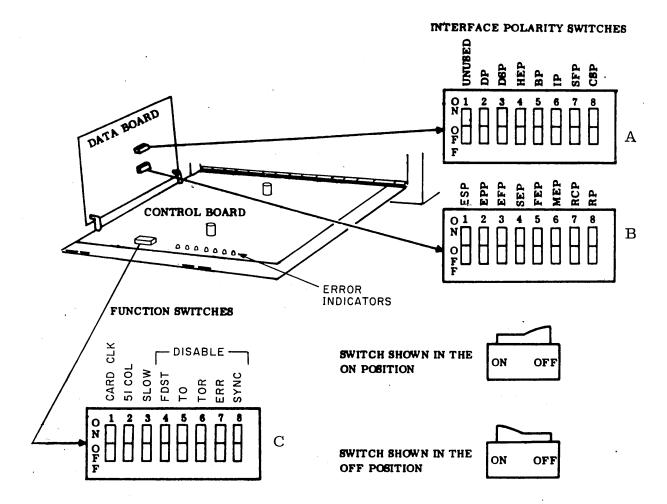


Figure 4-2. Card Reader Functions and Interface Polarity Switches

SWITCH A		SWITCH B		SWITCH C				
S1	Unuse	d	S1	ESP	external start	S1	Card C	
S2	DP	12 data lines	S2	EPP	external stop	S2	51 Col	
S3	DSP	data strobe	S3	EFP	external feed	S3	Slow	
S4	HEP	hopper empty	S4	SEP	stacker error	S4	FDST	
S5	BP	busy	S5	FEP	feed error	S5	TO	
S6	IP	image	S6	MEP	motion error	S6	TOR	
S7	SFP	stacker full	S7	RCP	read check	S7	ERR	
S8	CSP	card supply	S8	RP	ready	S8	SYNC	

NOTES

- 1. Switches A and B refer to Tables 1-3, 1-4, 1-5 and 4- for additional information.
- 2. Switch C Refer to Table 5-2 for additional information.

SECTION V

MAINTENANCE

5-1. GENERAL

This section contains information pertinent to routine preventive maintenance services as required to preempt failures and reduce downtime, plus those exact troubleshooting, removal/replacement, and adjustment procedures required to return a defective unit to On-line status.

5-1.1 SPECIAL TOOLS AND TEST EQUIPMENT

Special tools and test equipment required for maintenance of the card reader are listed in Table 5-1.

ITEM	TOOL/EQUIPMENT
1	Set of Allen Wrenches
2	Oscilloscope - Hewlitt-Packward 180 or equivalent
3	Soldering Iron (low wattage)
4	Solder (resin core flux)
5	Assorted Screwdrivers
6	Feeler Gauge Set
7	Volt-Ohm-Meter (high impedance)
8	General Purpose Pliers
9	Needlenose Pliers
10	Gauge - Feed Plate (73715400)

Table 5-1. SPECIAL TOOLS AND TEST EQUIPMENT

5-1.2 FUNCTION SWITCHES

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The reader can be programmed to operate in several modes via internal switch settings. These switch settings are also useful as an aid in trouble-shooting. A single DIP switch, located on Control Board A4, contains these switches. Table 5-2 lists and describes each of these 'function' switches.

Table 5-2. FUNCTION SWITCHES

NAME/LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	<u>N</u>
Card Clock (CDCLK/), (S1) (OHMR Option) Refer to Para 1-5.	Disable (off):	Logic circuits are conditioned to accept column timing from either internal reader timing or timing marks on optical mark sense data cards.
	Enable (on):	Logic circuits derive column timing from timing marks on optical mark sense data cards. MARK switch must also be de- pressed on SWITCH PANEL.
51 Column (51 COL.T/), (S2)	Disable (off):	Logic circuits are conditioned for reading 80 column cards.
	Enable (on):	Logic circuits are conditioned for reading 51 column cards. 51 column card mechanical con- version kit must be installed when 51 column card mode is used.
Slow Card Rate (SLOW/), (S3) (Available on Dual Speed Models, Only)	Enable (off):	Reader will accept a feed com- mand immediately upon detec- tion of a card's trailing edge at read station.
	Disable (on):	Acceptance of feed command is delayed such that card per min- ute rate is one-half the rate with switch in enable position.
Feed Start (FDST.T/), (S4)	Enable (off):	Allows an external feed com- mand to automatically start motor.
	Disable (on):	This is a maintenance position which enables off-line card processing in conjunction with Data Board Test Feed switch and Switch Panel "RESET" switch. (See paragraph 5-3.2a, Off-Line Mode)
Time Out Ready (TOR.T/), (S6)	Enable (off):	Off position is normal opera- ting position. Ready signal remains active after motor turns off.

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Table 5-2. FUNCTION SWITCHES (Cont'd)

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NAME/LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	<u>N</u>
Time Out Ready (TOR.T/), (S6)	Disable (on):	Ready signal will go inactive when reader Time Out signal occurs.
Time Out (TO.T/), (S5)	Enable (off):	Motor will automatically turn off 14 + 5 seconds after receipt of last feed command.
	Disable (on):	Motor stays on unless turned off by a NOT READY condition.
Error (ERR/), (S7)	Enable (off):	Reader will stop upon detection of all error conditions.
	Disable (on):	Maintenance position that per- mits reader to continue running while it is detecting all reader errors. Only STACK err will stop reader while in this condi- tion.
Resync (SYNC/), (S8) NOTE	Enable (off):	Allows resync of electronics timing when leading edge of data is detected.
In either position, DISABLE or EN- ABLE, Resync will occur upon detection of leading edge of card.	Disable (on):	When Resync is disabled, the counters will not be preset to seven at the leading edge of data. Card slippage may be checked with the switch in this maintenance position. If a card is fed with only one column punched, the card slippage may be checked by looking at the INSTROBE test point with re- spect to the DATA test point. The relationship between them should remain constant through- out the card, within four clock periods.

NOTE

See Figure 4-2 for location of Function Switches.

5-1.3 ERROR INDICATORS

Seven LED type error (alarm) lamps provide maintenance personnel with indication as to the probable nature of a reader malfunction; i.e., the point in operational sequence where error occurred. These lamps are located along the bottom edge of Control Board A4 when this board is opened out for access. Table 5-3 lists and describes individual lamp functions.

Table 5-3. ERROR INDICATORS

LAMP	FUNCTIONAL INDICATION
FEED ERR	Lamp 'on' when two successive card feed attempts have failed to produce an image 'true' condition; i.e., leading edge detection.
LIGHT ERR	Lamp 'on' when read head sensors fail to detect 'all light' prior to column one immediately follow- ing leading edge detection.
ILLEGAL FEED ERR	Lamp 'on' denotes transport motor running and image 'true' prior to a valid FEED command; i.e., a card has been fed without command.
EARLY DARK ERR	Lamp 'on' indicates that all channels sense dark at the end of column 82 time.
LATE DARK ERR	Lamp 'on' when card is still under read head at subcount 9, column 84 time.
STACK ERR	Lamp 'on' when card presence is detected under read head at reference column 89 time.
SYNC ERR	Lamp 'on' indicates loss of basic timing pulses.

5-2. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

5-2.1 ACTIVITIES AND OBJECTIVES

Preventive maintenance incorporates those inspections and/or procedures, scheduled on a continuing basis that are performed to eliminate undesirable conditions before operational degradation or total equipment failure can occur; e.g., dirt accumulation, excessive component wear or borderline adjustment/alignment tolerances. The P/M subsection is, therefore, a guide that establishes the manufacturer's recommended activity schedule and includes specific cleaning, adjustment checks and other procedures that are preventive in nature. Adherence to the P/M Schedule should prevent most marginal problems and materially reduce equipment 'down time'. Where a defective component or a misadjustment/alignment is exposed through a P/M activity, the appropriate remedial action is referenced to the "Corrective Maintenance" subsection.

5-2.2 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE INDEX

Table 5-4 lists and schedules the manufacturer's P/M activity recommendations. As a rule of interpretation, it is understood that "weekly" (50 hours) activities are automatically a prerequisite of "monthly" (200 hours) activities, etc.

The "Level" columns of Table 5-4 are designated, for scheduling purposes as:

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Level 1 - - - - - - - Prior to power-up after sustained shutdown Level 2 - - - - - - - 50 operating hours or weekly Level 3 - - - - - - 200 operating hours or monthly Level 4 - - - - - - 600 operating hours or quarterly

Table 5-4. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE INDEX

LEVEL	ACTIVITY/ACTION	REFERENCE	TIME REQ.
1 2 3 4			
Х	Visual Inspection	Table 4-1	3 min.
X	Inspection/cleaning	Para. 5-2.3	15 min.
X	Vacuum Interior of unit	None	10 min.
X	Throat gap setting, check/ adjust	Para. 5-3.3	
X	Head skew, check/adjust	Para. 5-3.2	15 min .
X	Drive belt-inspection and possible replacement	None	5 min.
Х	Timing disc-inspection, adjustment/replacement	Para. 5-4.19/20	45 min.

5-2.3 INSPECTION/CLEANING

Inspect the drum surface, stacker follower, card path and overall exterior of unit for buildup of dirt, dust, ink or other foreign material. Where a cleaning requirement is evident it should be accomplished using a soft, lint-free cloth such a kimwipe moistened with isopropyl alcohol with the exception of the card transport drum which is cleaned with water.

CAUTION

Manually rotate transport drum in direction of card feed only.

The area under feed plate accumulates card dust and should be dusted and vacuumed. (Failure to clean could result in premature failure of feed plate solenoid or intermittent feed fails.)

5-2.4 LUBRICATION

No lubrication requirements exist; i.e., motor drive components are sealed, permanently lubricated units.

5-3. CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE

Corrective maintenance incorporates trouble isolation, component removal/replacement and mechanical/electrical adjustments and alignments.

5-3.1 TROUBLESHOOTING

Reader malfunctions lend themselves most readily to isolation with respect to the point-in-time that an 'error' is noted with respect to the overall card feed/read cycle. The 'error indicators', Table 5-3, facilitate rapid identification of the time point of a failure indication. Table 5-5, TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE provides a rapid reference to problem areas associated with major symptoms and/or error lamp indications.

Table 5-5. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

SYMPTOM OR ERROR LAMP	PROBABLE CAUSE	ACTION
Unit fails to power-up	Improper input power connection.	Check-correct
	Blown fuse.	Check-replace
	Defective power supply component (s).	See Section VII - DIAGRAMS.
Unit fails to power-off	Defective zero cross over detector in power supply.	Check-replace
Transport motor fails to start	Interface command level (ES) not set 'true'.	Table 1-3, Sec. I
	Motor start logic defec- tive.	See Section VII - DIAGRAMS
Fails to feed (FEED ERR lamp - 'off')	Interface command level (EF), not set 'true'.	Table 1-3, Sec. I
Fails to feed (FEED ERR lamp - 'on')	Card contacting surface of drum is excessively dirty.	Inspect-clean para. 5-2.3
	Throat gap restrictively tight.	Inspect-adjust para. 5-3.3
	Hopper empty switch defective.	Inspect-replace paras. 5-4.24 and 5-4.25.

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Table 5-5. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE (Cont'd)

Fails to feed (FEED ERR lamp - 'on') (Cont'd)

Invalid feed (ILLEGAL FEED ERR)

Invalid feed; i.e., double feed (STACK ERR lamp - 'on')

READ CHECK L/T fault (LIGHT ERR lamp - 'on')

READ CHECK L/T fault (EARLY DARK ERR lamp -'on') Feed plate mechanically bound.

Feed plate solenoid defective.

Control logic element defective.

Logic element in feed control loop defective.

Solenoid spring weak or damaged.

Feed plate damaged or alignment with drum surface incorrect

Throat gap setting excessively open

Timing invalid

Feed plate up/down travel incorrect

Bent or missing corner on card.

Read head lamp voltage low.

Logic element LE/image loop

Read channel component defective.

Timing lamp defective

Timing disc or mask damaged or incorrectly positioned.

Timing phototransistor pickup defective.

Inspect-clear

Check-replace, para. 5-4.9/10.

See Section VII -DIAGRAMS

See Section VII -DIAGRAMS

Inspect-replace, para. 5-4.9/10.

Inspect-replace plate, paras. 5-3.3 and 5-4.2,

Inspect-adjust, para. 5-3.3

See para. 5-3.2

Check per para. 5-3.3. Replace para. 5-4.3/4

Check

Check-adjust, para. 5-3.2

See Section VII -DIAGRAMS

Replace read head, para. 5-4.16.

Check para. 5-3.2, Replace 5-4.21

Inspect-replace, para. 5-4.19/20

Replace, para. 5-4.22/23

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Table 5-5. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE (Cont'd)

READ CHECK L/T fault (EARLY DARK ERR lamp- 'on') (Cont'd)	Logic element in ''Early Dark'' test loop defective.	See Section VII - DIAGRAMS
READ CHECK L/T fault (LATE DARK ERR lamp- 'on')	Throat gap setting excessively tight.	Check-adjust, para. 5-3.3
	Read head gap ex- cessively tight.	Check-adjust, para. 5-3.3
	Feed plate fingers out of true (Fig. 3-2)	Check para. 5-3.3, para. 5-4.3/4
	Stacker springs damaged.	Check-replace, para. 5-4.7/8.
	Logic element in ''Late Dark'' test loop defective	See Section VII - DIAGRAMS
READ CHECK L/T fault (SYNC ERR lamp - 'on')	Timing lamp defective	Check-replace, para. 5-4.21
	Timing channel phototransistor defective.	Check-replace para. 5-4.22/23
	Timing amplifier channel defective	Ch e ck-replace, para. 5-3.2
	Logic element in "SYNC" test loop defective.	See Section VII - DIAGRAMS
Data Errors (all channels affected)	Read lamp intensity low	Check-adjust, Para. 5-3.2
	Data strobes missing or erratic	Check strobe gener- ation logıc (See Sec- tion VII - DIAGRAMS
	Read Head mechanical positioning incorrect;	Check-align, Para. 5-3.2

positioning incorrect; i.e., skew. Channel sense and/or

Data Error (discrete channels only) Channel sense and/or amplifier components defective.

Test - replace

.

Table 5-5. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE (Cont'd)

Card DamageStacker springs(s) de-In(No other alarm/mal-fectivePafunctions present)FectiveFa

Inspect-replace, Para. 5-4.7/8.

5-3.2 ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENTS/ALIGNMENTS

Electrical adjustment/alignment procedures that are prerequisite to proper reader operation are outlined by subordinate headings and are treated in the best order of performance. Instructions are prepared to the level of trained field maintenance personnel that are familiar with the operation of the reader unit and appropriate test equipment.

Prior to executing subsequent procedures the reader must be placed in Off-line operation; i.e., interface plug must be decoupled and all internal polarity select and function switches must be appropriately set. It is assumed that 80-column punched cards are used throughout the following procedures. An oscilloscope (Hewlitt-Packard 180 - or equivalent) and VOM (high impedance input) are required. See "Off Line operation", below.

a. Off-Line Operation

Decouple the interface connector and set internal polarity select and function switches as indicated:

- 1. Polarity select switches on Data Board A5: (Loc W4), ESP-'ON', EPP-'ON', EFP-'OFF'.
- 2. Function switches on Control Board A4: FDST switch 'ON all other function switches to be initially 'OFF'.

Place cards in hopper, 9 edge in and face down. The operator panel RESET control is then used to start or stop card feeding i.e., alternate action sequencing.

NOTE

If FIXED POLARITY DATA BOARD A is used the Off-Line switch on the Data Board or the RESET control can be used to start or stop card processing.

NOTE

Refer to Tables 4-2 and 5-2 for additional information on polarity select switches and function switches.

- b. Timing Pulse Check
 - 1. Precondition:

Unit powered up, motor off.

Oscilloscope: Setup for single channel operation, internal trigger, and time base at approx. $10\mu sec/cm$. Connect scope test probe at 80 CLOCK TP on Amplifier Board A2.

- Observe that free running time of oscillator is 55 ± 10 μs

 (66 ± 10 μs*). If incorrect, try varying the lamp
 position. The lamp filament must be parallel to the timing
 disk segments. If changing the lamp position does not correct
 the time, perform Timing Lamp Adjustment, paragraph 5-3.2c.
- Initiate motor start without feeding cards (EFP switch on A5 board 'ON'). Observe that clock cycle becomes shorter by at least 10%. Values for selectable read speeds are:

800 cpm - $35 + 4 \mu \text{sec}$ 600 cpm - $45 + 5 \mu \text{sec}$ (37 + 5 μsec *)

* For the following units: CB104K and CB202K.

NOTE

If excessive jitter is observed or if 80 CLK output fails to achieve a stable sync with disc input, perform Timing Lamp Adjustment, paragraph 5-3.2 c.

NOTE

After repeating paragraphs 5-3.2 b and 5-3.2 c and jitter still exists, the timing lamp and/or phototransistor board may require replacement.

5-3.2 (Cont'd)

c. Timing Lamp Adjustment

- 1. Precondition: Same as para. 5-3.2 b above, except transport motor 'ON'. Set Function switch 'TO' to the ON position. (Refer to Figure 4-1)
- 2. Connect VOM to measure dc lamp voltage across variable resistor R9 on A2 board (or across lamp terminals).
- 3. Observe scope waveform while turning R9 clockwise (toward ground) until 80 CLK output begins to lose sync with disc timing pulses or end of pot is reached. <u>Record VOM voltage</u> reading.
- 4. Observe scope waveform while turning R9 counterclockwise until 80 CLK output begins to distort or lose sync or end of pot is reached. Record VOM voltage reading.
- 5. Set timing lamp voltage (R9) at midpoint of observed readings;
 i.e., <u>V Step 3 + V Step 4</u> = Pot Setting
- 6. Remove VOM connection and observe 80 CLK output for a clean stable pulse train. Jitter at middle or trailing edge of clock cycle should be minimal or preferably zero. Slight rotation of timing lamp within its holder may be necessary to reduce jitter effect. Lamp intensity is also affected by "in/out" movement. If lamp movement is accomplished, repeat this procedure to insure an appropriate final adjustment.

CAUTION

Overtightening of the set screw that holds the timing lamp in place may damage lamp, and result in the loss of +5V volts.

7. Reset adjusting screw on R9.

NOTE

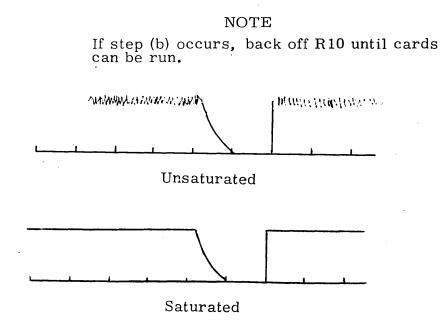
If timing lamp phototransistor is removed, observe the following precautions upon replacement: (1) polarity markings of connecting leads and (2) mask is reinstalled with marked lines closest to timing disc.

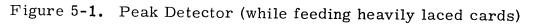
5-3.2 (Cont'd)

- d. Read Lamp Adjustment
 - 1. Precondition: Input hopper loaded with high reflectance (Buff) cards, checkboard pattern (see Figure 5-2A).

Oscilloscope: Setup for single channel operation, sync on "DATA" TP (A4 Board). Set voltage scale to 1V/DIV and time scale to 20 ms/DIV. Scope probe to "PEAK DETECT" output TP (Cathode CR3 of A2 board).

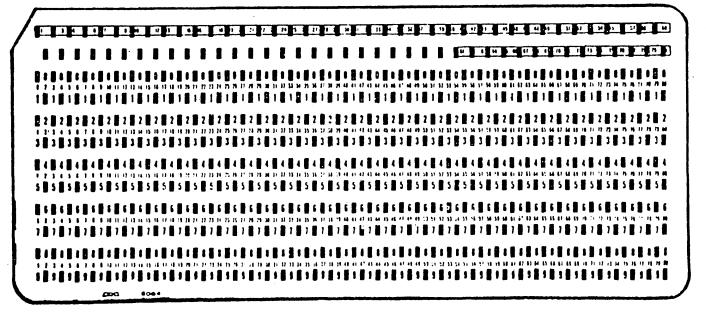
- Initiate card feed. Adjust Read Lamp Control, variable resistor R10 (A2 Board) until one of the following occurs:
 - (a) Peak detector output (Figure 5-1) approaches saturation as evidenced by a flattening of the waveform pedestal.
 - (b) A READ CHECK alarm halts card processings.





3. Measure (VOM) the read lamp voltage across read lamp terminals. Record value as V BUFF.

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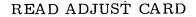
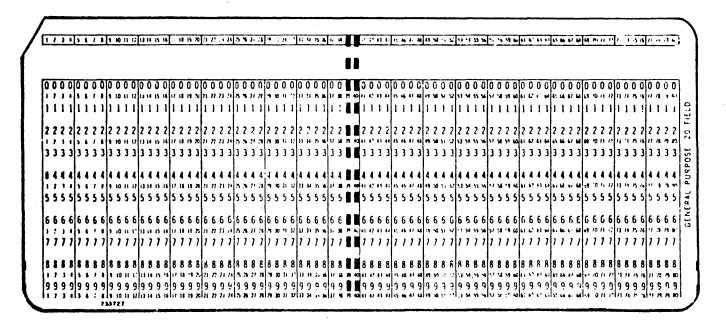


Figure 5-2A



AMPLIFIER SETTING CARD

Figure 5-2B

5-3.2 (Cont'd)

4. Reload input hopper with low reflectance (Blue) cards punched in columns 39 and 40 (rows 12 thru 9). To determine low reflectance cards, observe "PEAKDETECT" TP on Amplifier card A2. Feed a deck of blue colored cards and record peak detect amplitude. If cards are of low reflectance, peak detect amplitude will be approximately 50% less than the value of the Buff cards as recorded in step 3 (see Figure 5-2B).

- 5. Place scope probe on "DATA" test point on Control Board (A4) Set scope to 2V/div and time base at 50 μ sec/div. Initiate card feed. Observe scope waveform with uncalibrated time/cm control. Adjust trace until one period of data waveform occupies 10 cm on scope face.
- Vary "Read Lamp Control" R10 until duty cycle of observed waveform is 20% greater than initial observation (see Figure 5-3) or bottom of potentiometer is reached.

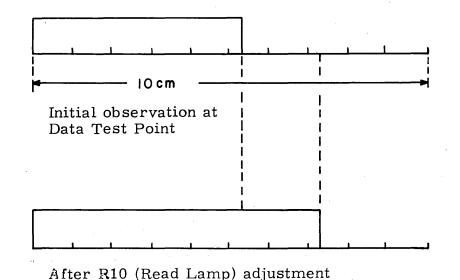


Figure 5-3. Read Lamp Adjustment

5-3.2 (Cont'd)

- Measure and record the voltage across the read lamp (as in step 3). Record value as V BLUE.
- 8. Calculate final read lamp voltage (VL) setting as: VL = V BUFF + V BLUE
- 9. Observe VOM as previously connected. Adjust R10 until voltage equals computed value of VL.
- Using blue cards, check scope waveform duty cycle is not greater than 80% of period established in step 5 above. If greater than 80%, check amplifier or phototransistor board.
- 11. Reseal adjusting screw on R10.

e. Skew Adjustment

- Precondition: Input hopper loaded with properly registered buff cards punched in rows 9 and 12 only. (See Figure 5-5) Oscilloscope: Set up for dual channel operation, algebraically add SYNC external on IMAGE TP on A4 board.
- 2. Connect CH-'A' probe at D9 TP (A2 board) and CH-'B' probe at D12 TP (A2 board).
- 3. Initiate card run. View data at center of card; i.e., expand or delay sweep.
- 4. Uncalibrate scope and expand one data bit over 10 scope divisions.
- 5. Loosen two read head adjustment link screws adjust position of assembly for minimum skew (Figure 5-4). <u>Tighten</u> adjustment link screws carefully to avoid disturbing adjustment.
- 6. Adjust sweep trace to observe data display at leading and trailing edge of card time. Skew should be less than 25% at either end. Skew measurements are to be made with respect to the data center points (not leading or trailing edges). Reference paragraph 5-3.3b.
- 7. Check read head gap.

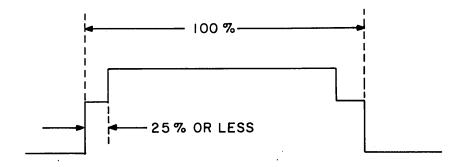


Figure 5-4. Minimum Skew Adjustment

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SKEW ADJUST CARD

Figure 5-5.

NOTE

Alternate type skew pattern may be used also. Card punched with holes in rows 9 and 12 and columns 1 and 80.

5-3.3 MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENT

Mechanical adjustments, critical to the proper operation of the card reader, are outlined under appropriate subordinate headings of this subsection.

a. Throat Gap Adjustment

Prior to setting the throat gap, an attempt should be made to locate any low points along the card carrying surfaces of the drum; i.e., out of round points. This can be accomplished by slipping a 0.008-inch feeler gauge between each card stop (Figure 5-6) and the associated elastomer drum ring, and slowly rotating the drum, in the direction of card flow only, until such points are noted.

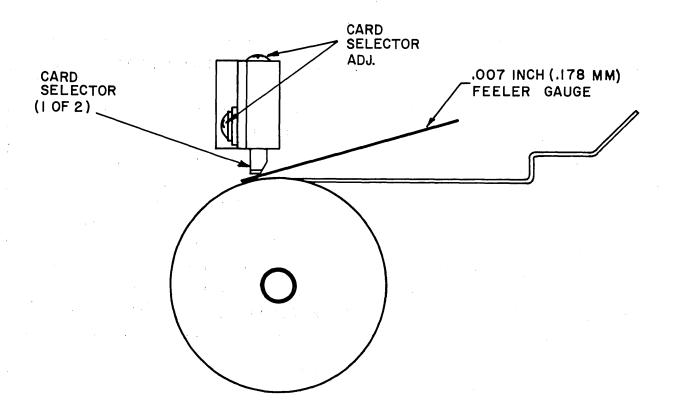


Figure 5-6. Feed Mechanism Components

5-3.3 (Cont'd)

Using the lowest point (widest gap) on an individual ring as a reference, insert an 0.008 inch feeler gauge between the drum and card stop at a position tangent to drum at the point of maximum gap between card stop and drum. Proper throat gap setting is such that linear movement of the 0.008 thickness gauge will cause positive rotation of drum in both directions, while corresponding movement of an 0.006 thickness gauge does not cause positive rotation. Both card stops should be adjusted individually.

Adjust gap by first loosening card stop set screws (Figure 5-6) and then adjusting spring loaded adjustment screws for correct gap. Lock adjustment by tightening set screws.

NOTE

The gap may be increased/decreased in event of failure to feed last card or double card feed when hopper is full. Check for card damage caused by card selectors when reducing gap.

b. Read Head Gap

The read head gap setting should be between 0.008 and 0.012 after all adjustments are completed. The gap is set initially to 0.007 - 0.010 by placing a 0.009 mylar gauge (or combination of a tab card and writing paper which will equal approximately 0.010 inch) between drum and read head with read head loose on rear head support. The head is pressed firmly toward drum and three allen head adjustment screws tightened uniformly, beginning with center screw. The final gap setting will be actually determined at skew adjustment, paragraph 5-3.2e, and should be checked to assure that it has not changed significantly. Scribe marks on the read head support and front and rear plates, to record the aligned position, can be made to simplify repositioning of read head and support assembly after removal. Otherwise, skew adjustment must be checked following any disturbance of read head positioning.

NOTE

As a preliminary skew setting, the top of Read Head Assembly should be parallel with the top drum.

5-3.3 (Cont'd)

c. Feed Plate to Drum - Symmetry and Throw

An undamaged (symmetrical) feed plate, operating with a properly installed and adjusted solenoid assembly, should exhibit the follow-ing conditions:

Derenergized- Feed plate tangs should rise no more than 5/64inch above elastomer rings on transport drum and no less than 3/64.

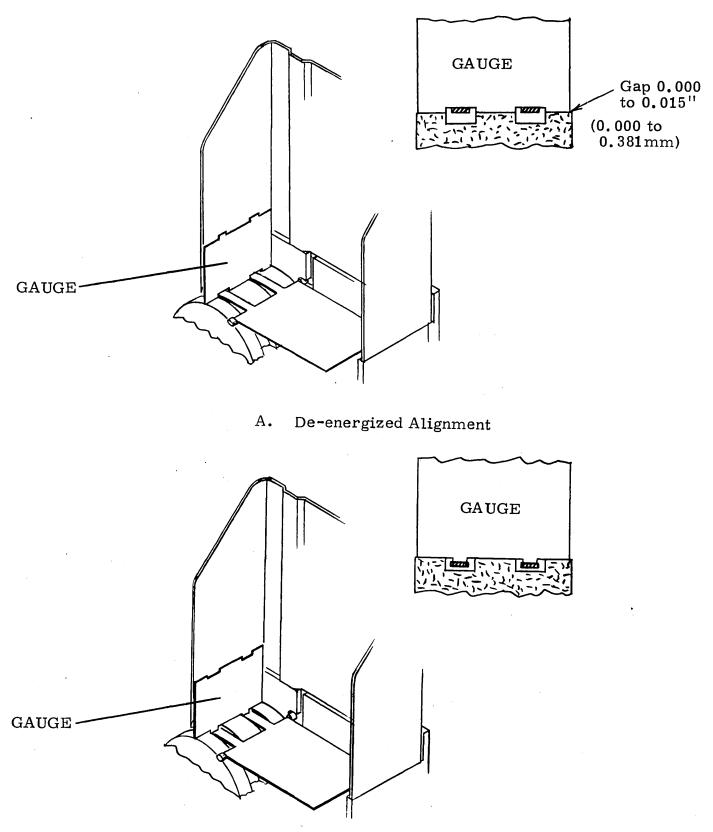
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Energized - Feed plate tangs should deflect no less than 3/32inch below elastomer rings on transport drum.

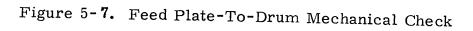
Obtain feed plate gauge (P/N 73715400). Refer to Figure 5-7 and check minimum/maximum deflections as follows:

- 1. Place gauge against left-hand side wall of input hopper with calibrated tang cutout notches down.
- 2. Allow gauge to rest across input throat; i.e., notches straddle feed plate tangs. Press gauge firmly against elastomer surface; the feed plate tangs should contact gauge.
- 3. Reverse position of gauge; i.e., calibrated extensions over feed plate tangs.
- 4. Press gauge down firmly; tangs should depress without undue resistance until shoulders of gauge are seated across elastom- er rings of drum.

Failure to achieve proper deflections can be attributed to: (1) feed plate tangs bent or out-of-true, (2) a defective solenoid spring, or (3) solenoid assembly improperly installed.



B. Energized Deflection



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e. Follower Roller Adjustment

- 1. Remove Read Head Assembly (para. 5-4.16)
- 2. Loosen the two screws that contain the Follower Roller Assembly to the mounting bracket and adjust until the rollers lightly contact the drum; i.e., rotation of drum causes rotation of rollers but not vice versa. (During 360° rotation of drum, the rollers should be making contact.)

f. Wear Plate Damper Adjustment

Loosen the hex nut on the deck strap and turn the adjusting screw attached to the plunger cap until the plunger cap just contacts the deceleration plate (See Section VIII, Parts for illustration.) Adjust plunger cap until clearance between deceleration plate and stacker follower is zero to minus 0.050 inch (interference condition).

5-4, COMPONENT REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

The following procedures should be consulted prior to removal/replacement of reader components. Where replacement (reinstallation) of a component is accomplished by reversing the removal procedure, a separate replacement procedure is not provided.

The following instructions are supported by exploded view drawings contained in the Parts Section.

5-4.1 POWER SUPPLY REMOVAL

- a. Disconnect power cord at terminal board connections.
- b. Remove 6-32 screws from metal screen cover and remove cover.
- c. Remove two screws that secure power supply fuse switch/plug panel to rear of reader cabinet.
- d. Remove screw that secures power supply base to cabinet base.
- e. Lift power supply through rear panel opening of cabinet.

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5-4.2 FEED PLATE REMOVAL

Remove three screws in the top of the feed plate and remove plate by lifting upward, taking care not to damage hopper empty switch.

5-4.3 FEED PLATE CARRIER REMOVAL

- a. Insert a phillips head screwdriver through the access slot in the front of the deck assembly and remove the 10-32 screw and washers securing the right side of the solenoid mounting plate.
- b. Insert screwdriver through access slot and engage the remaining screw that secures the solenoid plate to the rear of the deck assembly. Remove screw while holding solenoid from underneath. Withdraw and remove solenoid. Slide the solenoid off of the plunger connector out of the plunger T-slot.
- c. Remove screw and adjustment plate in front deck cutout.
- d. Loosen screws which secure the front deck assembly to the rear deck assembly and pull back front deck until the feed plate carrier is free of the front deck.
- e. Remove feed plate carrier from the hopper, being careful not to damage the hopper empty switch.

5-4.4 FEED PLATE CARRIER REPLACEMENT

- a. Follow the reverse of the Feed Plate Carrier Removal, paragraph 5-4.3.
- b. After the carrier has been replaced, check feed plate throw, paragraph 5-3.3.

5-4.5 STACKER DRIVE BELT REMOVAL

- a. Loosen three screws that contain motor mounting plate via standoffs to rear plate. These screws should be loosened a sufficient amount to permit removal pulley belt between pulleys and rear plate, but still have retention of motor mounting plate to rear plate.
- b. Slip motor drive belt off motor shaft pulley.
- c. Remove stacker drive belt from inner pulley of motor shaft and remove belt from motor shaft area.
- d. Remove outboard stacker spring mount and remove stacker drive belt from pulley drive system.
- 5-4.6 STACKER DRIVE BELT REPLACEMENT (Figure 5-6)
 - a. Slip new belt onto inner pulley of the motor shaft.
 - b. Place belt on outboard stacker pulley and snug down outboard pulley mount.
 - c. Rethread belt (refer to Figure 5-8).
 - d. Rotate motor and observe for correct pulley rotation (refer to Figure 5-6).
 - e. Replace drive belt on motor shaft pulley.
 - f. Tighten down outboard stacker mount screws and tighten down motor plate screws while maintaining tension on drive belt.

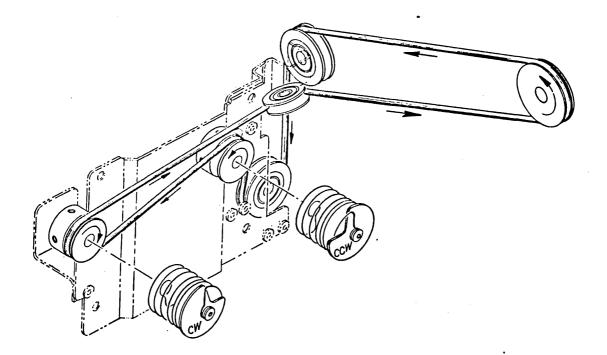
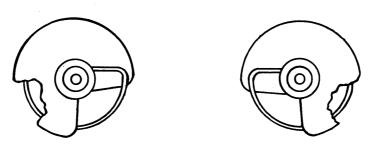
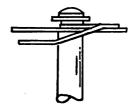
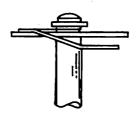


Figure 5-8. Stacker Belt Drive

- 5-4.7 STACKER SPRING/DISC REMOVAL
 - a. Remove pan head screw and washer that secure spring and disc to shaft; remove disc. Use needle-noise pliers to grasp spring.
 - b. It may be necessary to apply heat (clean-tipped soldering iron) to head of screw in order to dissipate previously applied "Loctite".
- 5-4.8 STACKER SPRING/DISC REPLACEMENT
 - a. Place one drop of "Loctite" into threaded end of shaft.
 - b. Select proper spring to conform with rotation; i.e., CW or CCW (See Figure 5-9).
 - c. Slide large end loop of spring over shaft until it snaps in groove of shaft.
 - d. Insert a $6-32 \ge 1/4$ inch pan head screw and washer through spring wrap and hole in disc. Drop assembly over shaft and tighten just sufficiently to keep assembly on shaft.







C.W. DETAIL

C.C.W. DETAIL

Figure 5-9. Stacker Spring and Disc

5-4.9 FEED SOLENOID REMOVAL

- a. Remove power supply cover and disconnect solenoid leads from horizontal terminal board; i.e., terminals 3, 6, and 8. Open cable wrap to solenoid assembly.
- Insert a screwdriver through access slot located in the front plate of mechanical deck assembly and remove 10-32 screw and flat and lockwashers.
- c. Insert screwdriver through access slot and engage the remaining screw that secures the solenoid mounting plate to the rear of the deck assembly. Remove screw while holding solenoid from underneath. Withdraw solenoid and slide plunger off the connector "T", and also remove the shim behind the solenoid bracket.

5-4.10 FEED SOLENOID REPLACEMENT

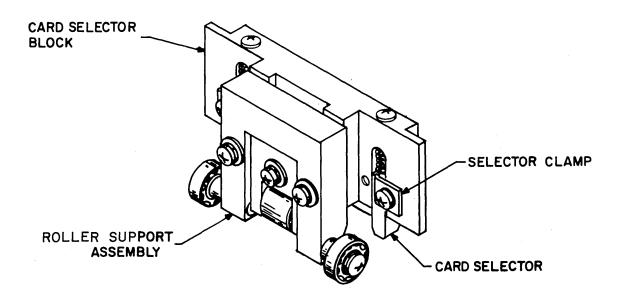
NOTE

Mechanical deck should be in closed position prior to replacing solenoid.

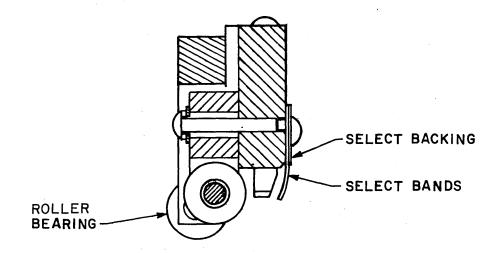
- a. Slide the solenoid shaft T-slot into feed plate connector. Slide spring over plunger and press solenoid upward until the righthand mounting hole on solenoid mounting plate is aligned with tapped hole on the rear deck assembly.
- b. Position shim behind solenoid and insert 10-32 screw (without washers) into tapped hole and tighten sufficiently to maintain solenoid assembly firmly, but not rigidly, cinched against rear deck plate.
- c. Align hole in left side of solenoid mounting bracket with tapped hole in rear plate and securely tighten with 10-32 screw and lock and flat washers.
- d. Reroute solenoid leads to power supply. Reconnect (step a, paragraph 5-4.9), replace power supply cover, and retie cable wraps.
- e. Check feed plate throw, paragraph 5-3.3.

5-4.11 PRESSURE ROLLER ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

- a. Remove four screws (two from the edge of front and back deck plates, respectively). See Figure 5-10.
- b. Lift unit free of mechanical deck assembly.
- 5-4.12 SELECT BANDS REMOVAL
 - a. Remove pressure roller assembly, paragraph 5-4.11.
 - Remove two 6-32 screws and remove backing strip and two select bands.



A. FRONT VIEW



B. SIDE VIEW

Figure 5-10 Pressure Roller Assembly

5-4.13 ROLLER BEARING REMOVAL

- a. Remove 6-32 pan head screw in center of roller support assembly and remove roller bearing and block.
- b. Tap the bearing pin from the block and remove bearing.
- 5-4.14 CARD SELECTOR(S) REMOVAL
 - a. Loosen 6-32 screw on top of the card selector block directly above the affected card selector.
 - b. Remove the selector clamp from the card selector block by removing the 6-32 screw which secures the selector clamp.
 - c. Remove card selector and compression spring.

NOTE

As selector clamp is removed, internal spring pressure will eject both selector and spring.

- 5-4.15 CARD SELECTOR(S) REPLACEMENT
 - a. Insert compression spring into appropriate aperture of pressure roller assembly.
 - b. Insert card selector against spring (Figure 5-8) and introduce
 6-32 screw through top of assembly until threads engage compression spring.
 - c. Replace selector clamp and 6-32 screw.
 - d. Replace pressure roller assembly and perform Throat Gap Adjustment, paragraph 5-3.3.

5-4.16 READ HEAD ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

a. Remove two lead wires to read head lamp; i.e., bayonet type connection.

- b. Disconnect ribbon interconnecting cable at top of Amplifier BoardA2. Undo plastic cable strap at rear of deck assembly.
- c. Remove three 6-32 screws that retain read head assembly to the support assembly.
- d. Remove the clamp spring that locks the read head assembly in place by pulling back and up on the clamp spring.
- e. Remove read head assembly.
- 5-4,17 READ HEAD ASSEMBLY REPLACEMENT
 - a. The clearance between the face of the read head assembly and the elastomer surface of card drum should be set from .012 to .016 inch.
 - b. Place read head assembly beneath the read head support and insert and loosely tighten the three 6-32 screws.
 - c. Insert a feeler gauge (.012 to .016) on each side of the read head assembly between the face of the read head and the surface of the card transport drum.
 - d. Press read head assembly forward until the assembly is snug against the feeler gauge and tighten the three 6-32 screws securely.
 - e. Draw feeler gauges through read head and remove at exit throat.
 - f. Insert and tighten read lamp in housing or reconnect bayonet lamp leads.
 - g. Connect ribbon cable from read head assembly to receptacle at upper right of Amplifier Board A2. Secure with cable clamp.

h. Perform Skew and Read Lamp Adjustment, paragraph 5-3.2.

NOTE

Two tabulating cards may be used in lieu of feeler gauges in setting clearance.

5-4.18 DRIVE MOTOR ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

- a. Remove two 6-32 screws from top of motor bracket and disconnect cable clamps. Rethread screws for retention.
- b. Unwrap power cable to power supply, remove power supply cover, and disconnect motor leads at terminals 1, 2, and 3 of TB2 in power supply.
- c. Remove belts from motor pulley.
- d. Loosen three 10-32 screws located at edge of motor mounting plate.
- e. Remove upper right-hand screw and one lower mounting screw.
- f. Cradle motor from beneath and remove remaining mounting screw. Lift motor assembly free of cabinet. Retain spacers on motor mounting plate.

5-4.19 TIMING DISC REMOVAL

- a. Remove timing belt from pulley.
- b. Remove two 6-32 x 1 inch pan head screws from lamp housing and remove housing.
- c. Loosen two 8-32 set screws on hub and slide pulley and disc free of shaft.
- d. Remove four 6-32 head screws and nuts securing disc to pulley surface.

5-4.20 TIMING DISC REPLACEMENT

a. Follow reverse procedure to that stipulated by paragraph 5-4.19 and adjust disc on shaft with a non-metal feeler gauge so that clearance between back of disc and deck assembly is 0.005 to 0.015 inch

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at 1 o'clock position, with a minimum clearance of 0.005 inch at all other points around disc. Press assembly against non-metal feeler gauge(s) or two tabulating cards and tighten set screws; remove gauge. Be careful not to scratch disc scribe lines.

b. Perform Timing Lamp Adjustment, paragraph 5-3.2.

NOTE

Emulsion side of timing disc must face emulsion side of timing mask.

5-4.21 TIMING LAMP REMOVAL

- a. Loosen set screw on side of lamp housing.
- b. Withdraw timing lamp. Disconnect lamp leads.

NOTE

Perform Timing Lamp Adjustment, paragraph 5-3.2c, upon relacing a timing lamp.

5-4.22 TIMING MASK/PHOTOTRANSISTOR REMOVAL

- a. Remove lamp housing, paragraph 5-4.21.
- b. Remove color coded leads from pickup assembly.
- c. Remove pulley/disc assembly, paragraph 5-4.19.
- d. Remove 6-32 screw that secures mask/phototransistor pickup to rear deck and ease entire assembly out of cutout notch.

5-4.23 TIMING MASK/PHOTOTRANSISTOR REPLACEMENT

a. Place phototransistor on flat surface and reassemble with plastic spacer and timing mask (in that order).

CAUTION

Marked side of timing mask must face out.

- b. Align screw holes on above components and insert $6-32 \ge 3/8$ inch screw with lock and flat washers.
- c. Lift entire assembly and position in cutout notch on rear plate of deck assembly. Tighten mounting screw.
- d. Replace pulley/disc assembly and reconnect timing belt.
- e. Replace timing lamp housing.
- f. Reconnect phototransistor pickup wires to terminals. Observe color coding of wires to ensure correct polarity assignment.
- g. Perform Timing Lamp Adjustment, paragraph 5-3.2c.
- 5-4.24 HOPPER EMPTY SWITCH REMOVAL
 - a. Remove front cover of reader from deck assembly by removing screw and pushing cover sideways.
 - b. Disconnect switch leads at quick disconnect receptacle.
 - c. Remove the two screws that attach switch bracket to front plate of deck assembly. Remove switch.
- 5-4.25 HOPPER EMPTY SWITCH REPLACEMENT
 - a. Perform steps b and c of paragraph 5-4.24 in reverse.
 - b. It may be necessary to adjust the switch after replacement; the front plate of the deck assembly has two 6-32 screws for adjustment.

5-4.26 OUTPUT STACKER SWITCH REMOVAL

- a. Disconnect lead at quick disconnect receptacle.
- Remove two 6-32 x 3/8 inch socket head screws that attach switch bracket to rear plate of deck assembly and remove assembly.

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5-4.27 STACKER FOLLOWER ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

- a. Remove one 6-32 inch screw that secures the spring support to the channel section of the stacker tray. Pull spring assembly and rod free of hole in right side of stacker to allow follower assembly to be removed free of rod.
- b. Remove one 4-40 screw that fastens follower spring to the base of follower. Spring support and rod can then be removed from left side of stacker.

5-4.28 FOLLOWER (NEGATOR) SPRING REMOVAL

- a. Perform steps a and b, paragraph 5-4.27.
- b. Remove one 4-40 screw that fastens negator spring to follower.
- c. Press out the pin from spring support and remove spring and sleeve bearing.

5-4.29 FOLLOWER ROLLER ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

a. Remove two pan-head screws and remove assembly.

5-3.30 FAN REMOVAL

- a. Remove power from unit.
- b. Disconnect fan leads at terminal 2 and 3 of TB2.
- c. Remove four pan head screws that fasten fan to floor of reader cabinet.

SECTION VI

WIRE LIST

.

6-1. GENERAL

No wire lists as such are contained in this manual. Refer to Section VII, Diagrams, for the interconnections between the circuit boards and subassemblies.

SECTION VII

DIAGRAMS

7-1. GENERAL

This section contains the diagrams and schematics necessary to maintain the reader in an operational status. Included are logic diagrams for the control, data, and amplifier boards. Discrete board schematics are also included, as well as a wiring diagram showing the interconnections between the circuit boards and subassemblies. While referencing the schematics, Figures 7-3 through 7-10, it may be noticed that these schematics begin with sheet two and not sheet one. Sheet one is the board assembly drawing and can be found in Section VIII, Parts. Figure 7-1 shows a typical logic symbol used on the diagrams and describes the nomenclature.

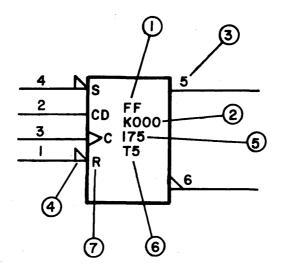
Data for the more complex components are listed in Table 7-1. The symbol for these components is also contained within the description. A cross-reference list of element numbers to commercial identification is shown at the beginning of the table.

Table	7-1.	INTEGRATED	CIRCUIT	DATA

CROSS-REFERENCE LIST

ELEMENT NUMBER	COMMERCIAL NUMBER
134	936
140	7400
141	7410
146	7404
148	7402
149	7486
156	74107
164S	74S113
175	7474
189	74157
193	74137
201	
	7408
203	7405
204	7438
208	7420
214L	74L73
223	7451
224	7427
500 505	74193 74151
507	74151 7442
519	74174
905	75451
981	7416
	7414

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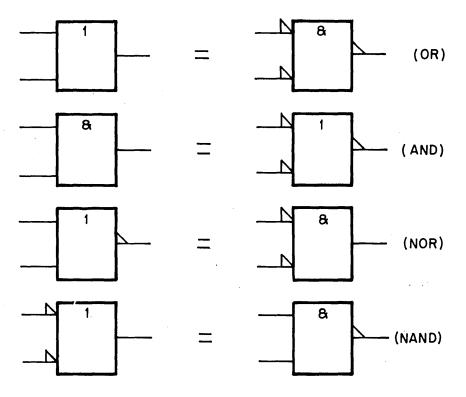


FIND NO.

DESCRIPTION

- 1 <u>FUNCTION</u> An abbreviation stating the function performed by the logic block. In the example, FF stands for flip-flop (bistable) multivibrator.
- 2 <u>TERM</u> An alpha-numeric that uniquely identifies a particular logic symbol. It consists of a letter and several numbers and is used to locate and trace logic.
- 3 <u>PIN NUMBER</u> The pin number of the IC associated with the logic symbol.
- 4 <u>POLARITY INDICATOR</u> At input, indicates that input is active when low. At output, indicates that logical function has been performed when low.
- 5 <u>TYPE</u> An element number that identifies the type of IC. It is used to look up the IC data found in Table 7-1. Data is arranged in type number sequence and supplied for the more complex IC's.
- 6 <u>LOCATION</u> An alpha-numeric that locates an IC on the board in terms of co-ordinate designations inscribed along the edges.
- 7 <u>PIN FUNCTION</u> An abbreviation that describes the signal or function associated with pin.

Figure 7-1. Logic Symbol Nomenclature

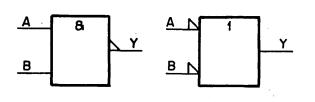


SYMBOLS USED FOR SAME TYPE IC DUE TO CIRCUIT FUNCTION.

SYMBOLS USED FOR SAME TYPE IC DUE TO CIRCUIT FUNCTION.

,

14 pin dual-in-line package which contains six DTL hex inverters.



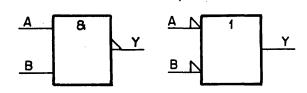
TRUTH TABLE

	INP	JTS	OUTPUT
	Α	В	Y
	0	0	1
	1	0	1
	0	1	1
÷	I	I	0

134 (936)

DESCRIPTION

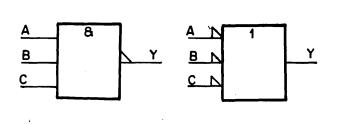
14 pin dual-in-line package which contains four TTL 2-input positive NAND gates.



Τ	RI	JT	Η	T.	AE	BLE	

INPL	JTS	OUTPUT
Α	В	Y
0	0	I
I	0	1
0	I	1
1	I	0

14 pin dual-in-line package containing three TTL 3-input positive NAND gates.



11	PUTS	S	OUTPUT
Α	В	С	Y
0	x	X	1
X	0	X	1
x	X	0	1
I	1	1	0

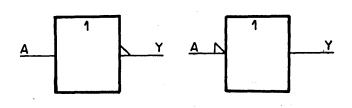
TRUTH TABLE

X = EITHER LOGIC I OR O

141 (7410)

DESCRIPTION

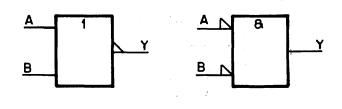
14 pin dual-in-line package which contains six TTL inverter circuits.



TRUTH TAE	JLE
-----------	------------

INPUT	OUTPUT
Α	Y
0	1
1	0

14 pin dual-in-line package containing four TTL 2-input positive NOR gates.



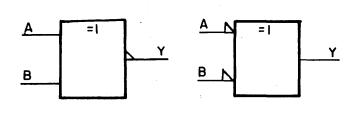
TRUTH TABLE

INPU	TS	OUTPUT
Α	В	Y
0	0	1
Ι	0	0
0	1	0
I	1	0

148 (7402)

DESCRIPTION

14 pin dual-in-line package containing four 2-input TTL Exclusive-OR gates.



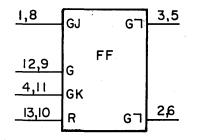
TRUTH TABLE

INPL	JTS	OUTPUT
Α	B .	Y
· 0	0	0
ł	0	- 1
0	I	1
1	ł	0

Table 7-1. INTEGRATED CIRCUIT DATA (Cont'd)

DESCRIPTION

14 pin dual-in-line package containing two independent TTL J-K master-slave flipflops. Each J-K master-slave flip-flop contains a master and a slave flip-flop. The master samples data at the GJ and GK inputs when the clock (G) waveform is at a logic 0. When the clock goes to a logic 1, the GJ and GK inputs are disabled. The data contained in the master is transferred to the slave outputs on the logic 1 to 0 transition of the clock waveform. A logic 0 input to the master reset (R) input sets Q (pins 3, 5) to a logic 0 and \overline{Q} (pins 2, 6) to a logic 1 independently of all other inputs.



TRUTH TABLE

t	'n	tn+l
G J	GK	GГ
0	. 0	Gīn
0	1	0
I	0	1 -
I	I	G٦n

NOTES: I. tn = BIT TIME BEFORE CLOCK PULSE

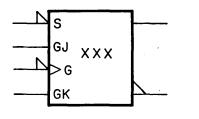
> 2. tn+I=BIT TIME AFTER CLOCK PULSE.

156 (71407)

Table 7-1. INTEGRATED CIRCUIT DATA (Cont'd)

DESCRIPTION

14 pin dual-in-line TTL package that contains dual J-K flip-flops that are designed so that when the clock goes high, the inputs are enabled and data will be accepted. The logic level of the J and K inputs may be allowed to change when the clock pulse is HIGH and the bistable will perform according to the truth table as long as minimum setup times are observed. Input data is transferred to the outputs on the negative-going edge of the clock pulse.



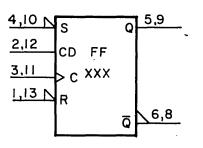
TRUTH TABLE

tn		tn+l
J	К	Q ·
L	L	Qn
L	н	L
н	L	н
н	Н	Qn

NOTE: tn = BIT TIME BEFORE CLOCK PULSE tn+I= BIT TIME AFTER CLOCK PULSE

164S (74S113)

14 pin dual-in-line package containing two independent TTL D-type edge-triggered flip-flops. The data appearing on the D input is transferred to the complementary outputs on the logic 0 to 1 transition of the clock input. After the logic 0 to 1 transition of the clock input, the data input (CD) is locked out. A logic 0 input to the master set (S) inputs sets Q (pins 5, 9) the logic 1 independently of the clock input. Similarly a logic 0 input to the master reset (R) inputs sets Q to a logic 0. With S and R inputs at logic 0, both Q (pins 5, 9) and \overline{Q} (pins 6, 8) outputs are at a logic 1.



TRUTH TABLE

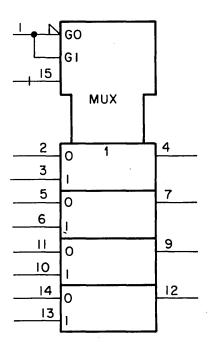
t _{n.} INPUTS			t _n +l OUTPUTS	
S	R	CD	(Q)	(Q <u></u>)
0	 0	x x	 0	0
0	0	x		1 I
1	1	1	1 -	0
1	1	0	0	I

X = EITHER LOGIC I OR O.

tn F BIT TIME BEFORE LOGIC O TO I TRANSITION OF CLOCK PULSE. tn+I = BIT TIME AFTER CLOCK PULSE.

175 (7474)

16 pin dual-in-line package consisting of data selectors/multiplexers that contain inverters and drivers for the four output gates. A separate strobe input is provided. A four bit word is selected from one of two sources and is routed to one of four outputs.



TRUTH TABLE

	OUTPUT			
ENABLE PIN 15	SELECT PIN I	A PIN 25,11,14	B PIN 3,6, 10,13	Y PIN 4,7,9,12
I	X	×	X	0
0	0	0	X	0
0	0	1	X	I
0	1	X	1	I

X=LOGIC I OR O.

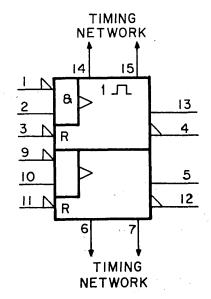
189 (74157)

Table 7-1. INTEGRATED CIRCUIT DATA (Cont'd)

DESCRIPTION

16 pin dual-in-line package containing two TTL retriggerable single shots having two trigger inputs, one active level 1 (pins 2, 10) and one active level 0 (pins 1, 9). The output pulse duration is a function of an external timing network. The overriding clear input (R) permits any output pulse to be terminated at any time independently of any other inputs.

If the trigger signals is applied to the active 1 input, triggering will occur on the rising edge of the waveforms. By applying the trigger input to the active 0 input, triggering will occur on the falling edge of the waveform. Each time the trigger conditions are met, the external timing capacitor is discharged and a new cycle is started. Successive trigger inputs with a period shorter than the output pulse delay time retrigger the single shot resulting in a continuous true output.

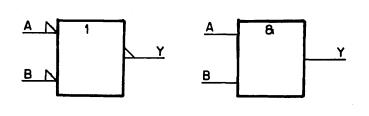


		TRUTH	TABLE		
		INPUTS		OUTF	PUTS ²
MODE	PIN 1,9	PIN 2,10	R	PIN 13,5 (Q)	PIN 4,12 (Q)
MASTER RESET	x	×	Ó	0	1
TRIGGERING INHIBITED	I X	X O	-	0	
POSITIVE EDGE TRIGGERING	0.	0-+1	Ŀ	POSITIVE PULSE OF	NEGATIVE PULSE OF
NEGATIVE EDGE TRIGGERING	I → 0	1	1	WIDTH T	WIDTH T

NOTES: I. X = LOGIC | OR O. 2. WIDTH "T" OF OUTPUT PULSE IS DETERMINED BY THE EXTERNAL TIMING NETWORK.

193 (74123)

14 pin dual-in-line package containing four TTL 2-input positive AND gates.



INPL	ITS	ΟυΤΡυΤ					
Α	В	Y					
0	0	0					
1	0	0					
0	I	0					
1	1	ł					

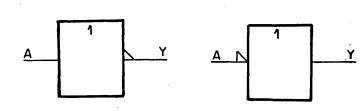
TABLE

TRUTH



DESCRIPTION

14 pin dual-in-line package that contains six TTL hex inverters with open collector output.



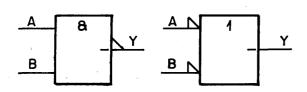
TRUTH TABLE

INPUT	OUTPUT
Α	Y
0	1
1	0

203 (7405)

49757900 A

14 pin dual-in-line package containing four TTL 2-input positive NAND gates with open collector output.



TRUTH TABLE

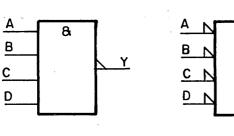
INP	UTS	OUTPUT
A	В	Y
0	X	1
X	0	1
1	1	0

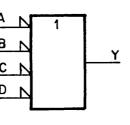
X = EITHER LOGIC I OR O

204 (7438)

DESCRIPTION

14 pin dual-in-line package containing two 4-input TTL positive NAND gates.





TRUTH TABLE

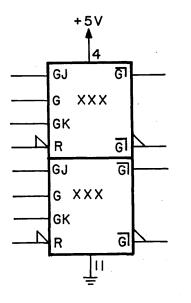
	INP	OUTPUT		
Α	В	C	D	Y
0	X	X	X	I
X	0	X	X	I
X	X	0	X	1
Х	X	X	0	l
1	I	I	ł	0
		-		• • • • • • •

X = EITHER LOGIC I OR O



14 pin dual-in-line package. This is a J-K flip-flop circuit based on the masterslave principle. The AND gate inputs for entry into the master section are controlled by the clock pulse. Sequence is as follows:

- 1. Isolate slave from master.
- 2. Enter information from AND gate inputs to master.
- 3. Disable AND gate inputs.
- 4. Transfer information from master to slave. Logical state of J and K inputs must be allowed to change when the clock pulse is in a high state.



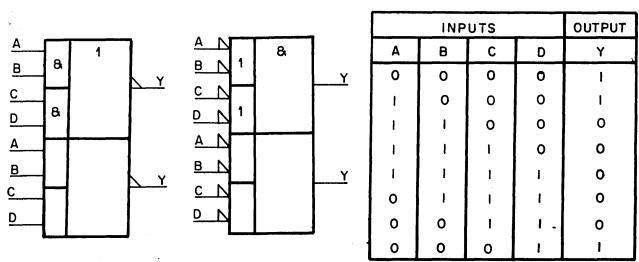
TRU	TRUTH TABLE						
t	n	tn+l					
J	К	Q					
0	0	QN					
0		0					
	0						
1	I	QN					

NOTES: I. tn = BIT TIME BEFORE CLOCK PULSE

> 2. tn+I=BIT TIME AFTER CLOCK PULSE.

214 L (74L73)

14 pin dual-in-line package containing dual 2-wide 2-input AND-OR-invert gates.

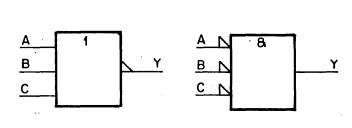




2**2**3 (7451)

DESCRIPTION

14 pin dual-in-line package containing three TTL 3-input positive-NOR gates.



TRUTH TABLE

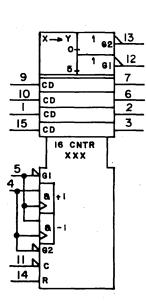
11	PUTS	5	OUTPUT ·
Α	В	С	Y
I	X	X	0
X	Ì	x	0
x	х	I	0
0	I	Ι	X

X = EITHER LOGIC I ORO

224 (7427)

16 pin dual-in-line package containing a 4-bit synchronous binary up/down counter. The outputs are triggered by a logic 0 to 1 transition of either count (clock) input. The direction of counting is determined by which count input is pulsing while the other count is high. The output may be reset to any state by entering the desired data at the data inputs while the load input pin 11 is logic 0. The output will change to agree with the data inputs independently of the count pulses. The master reset input forces all outputs to logic 0, independently of count and load inputs, when a logic 1 is applied.

Both borrow and carry outputs are available to cascade both the up-and-down counting functions. The borrow output (G2) produces a pulse equal in width to the count-down input when the counter overflows. Similarly, the carry output (G1) produces a pulse equal in width to the count-up input when an overflow condition exists. Cascading is accomplished by feeding the borrow and carry outputs to the count-down and count-up inputs respectively of the succeeding TRUTH TABLE counter.



tı											†2			
INPUTS											OUTPUTS			
MODE	MASTER MODE COUL RESET SELECT ENAB													
MODE		LOAD	UP	DOWN	PIN 15 (DO)	PIN I (DI)	PIN 10 (D2)	PIN 9 (D3)	PIN 3 (QO)	PIN2 (Q1)	PIN 6 (Q2)	PIN 7 (Q3)	PIN13 (G2)	PIN 12 (G1)
REGISTER CLEAR	l	x	×	x	×	x	x	x	0	0	0	0	o	0
PARALLEL	0	0	x	x	DOI	DO2	D03	D04	DOI	D02	D03	D04	0	0
LOAD	0	0	×ι	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	L	X	ΧI
	0	0	XI	×ı	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	×ı	×ı
UP	1	I	ŧ	ı	x	x	x	x	Q01	QI	Q21	Q3	1	ı
COUNTER	1				X		X	X		0	0	0	0	0
	i	i i	Ŧ	li	Ŷ	x	x	x	ı	l i	o	0	o	0
		2 S	÷								÷			
					X X X	X X X	X X X	X X X	010	1		 0	000	0 0
DOWN	1	1	1	1	x	x	x	х	901	QI	Q21	Q3I	1	1
COUNTER		1				X	X	X	0	0	0	0		0
	i	i	l i	l i	x	x	x	x	ò	l i	l i	i	l ò	ō
					×	Ĭ ×	x 1 x	X		ן ן	0	0	0	
			1		x	x x	x x	x x	1	0	000	00	00	000

NOTES: I. 11 = BIT TIME BEFORE COUNT PULSE.

2. 12 = BIT TIME AFTER COUNT PULSE.

3. $XX_1 = INPUT$ OR OUTPUT STATE AT TIME t_1 . 4. $X_1 = DEPENDENT$ ON COUNT ENABLE STATE.

5. # = COUNT ENABLE PULSE TRANSITION O TO I.

6. X = EITHER LOGIC I OR O.

7. GI AND G2 PULSE WIDTH EQUAL TO COUNT ENABLE PULSE WIDTH.

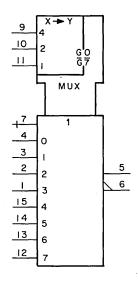
500 (74193)

16 pin dual-in-line package consisting of data selectors/multiplexers that contain inverters/drivers. The circuit is provided with a strobe-input which, when taken to a logic 0, enables the function of these multiplexers.

				11	NPUTS							OUTPUT	
C PIN 9	B PINIO	A PINTT	STROBE PIN 7	D _O PIN4	D _I PIN 3	D ₂ PIN2	D3 PIN I	D4 PIN 15	D5 PIN 14	D6 PIN 13	D7 PINI 2	Y PIN5	W PIN 6
x	X	х	l	x	х	Х	Х	х	X	X	x	0	Ι
0	0	0	0	0	х	X	X	X	X	х	X	0	1
0	0	0	0	1	X	х	х	x	х	X	х	I	0
0	0	1	0	X	0	x	x	X	x	x	X	0	1
0	0	t	0	X	1	x	X	X	X	х	х	I	0
0	I	0	0	X	X	0	X	x	X	x	X	0	1
0	I	0	0	x	X	I	х	X	х	х	х	1	0
0	1	I	0	X	X	×	0	X	X	х	x	0	I
0	I	1	0	x	x	х	I	х	x	x	х	1	0
. E	0	0	0	x	X	х	X	0	X	х	x	0	I
1	0	0	0	х	х	х	х	1	X	х	X	l	0
-	0	1	0	х	х	х	х	х	0	х	x	0	<u>г</u> ,
1	0	. 1	0	х	x	X	x	х	1	X	x	1	0
1	.1	0	0	х	X	X	X	х	X	0	x	0	I
I	1	0	0	х	x	X	х	х	X	I	x	I	0
1	1	1	0	х	×	х	х	X	x	X	0	0	Ì
	1	1	0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	I	Ι	0

TRUTH TABLE

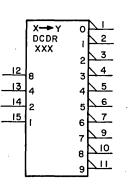
X=LOGIC I OR O



505 (74151)

49757900 A

16 pin dual-in-package containing a TTL BCD-TO-DECIMAL decoder. The decoder accepts a four input binary code and provides ten mutually exclusive active logic 0 inputs. All outputs are a logic 1 when binary codes greater than nine are applied to the inputs.



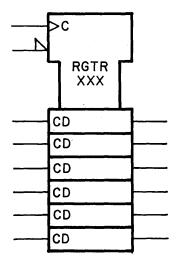
				-	1	ЛН		RLI						
BINARY		INF	UTS						OL	ITPU	тs			
CODE	AI	A2	Α4	A 8	xo	XI	X2	Х3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8	хэ
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1		1.	1	1	1
1		0	0	0	L	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	I	
2	0		0	0	1		0	1	1	1			1	1
2 3	1	1	0	0		1		0	1			I.		1 1
4	0	0	I	0			1		0		1.		T	1
5		0		0				1	1	0	1	1	1	1
6	0		1	0	1	1		1	1	1.	0	1		1
7				0				1			1	0	T	
8	0	0	0			1			1	1			0	1
9		0	0		1	1					1		1	0
10	0		0		1		1	1			1		1	1
11	11		0	1		1						1		1
12	0	0	1	1		1	1					I	1	1
13		0	1			1	1		1			1	1	1
14	0	- t					1							
15	- E.	1	1	1	1	1			I.			1		1

TRUTH TABLE

507 (7442)

507 (7442)

16 pin dual-in-line package that contains six D-type flip-flops. Information at the input is transferred to the output on the positive-going edge of the clock pulse. When the clock input is either at the high or low level, the input signal has no effect at the output.



TRUTH TABLE

]]	INPUTS		OUTP	UTS
CLEAR	CLOCK	D	Q	Qt
L	x	Х	L	Н
н	ŧ	Н	Н	L
н	† .	L		Н
н	Ļ	Х	Qo	Qo

H=HIGH LEVEL

L=LOW LEVEL

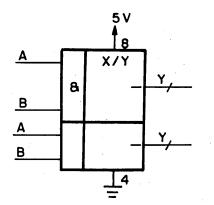
X= IRRELEVANT

† = TRANSITION FROM LOW TO HIGH LEVEL

Qo=THE LEVEL OF Q BEFORE THE STEADY STATE CONDITIONS WERE ESTABLISHED.

519 (74174)

8 pin dual-in-line package containing two independent peripheral drivers. It is used to drive transmission lines, lamps, relays and various memories. Each driver consists of a 2-input TTL NAND gate internally connected to an NPN transistor with an open-collector output.

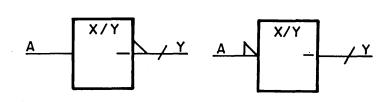


TRUTH TABLE

Α	В	Y
0	0	0
1	0	0
0	I	0
1	1	*

905 (75451)

14 pin dual-in-line package containing six drivers, hex inverter buffers, with open collector.



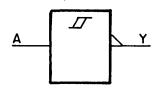
INPUT	OUTPUT
Α	Y
0	1
1	0

TRUTH TABLE

981 (7416)

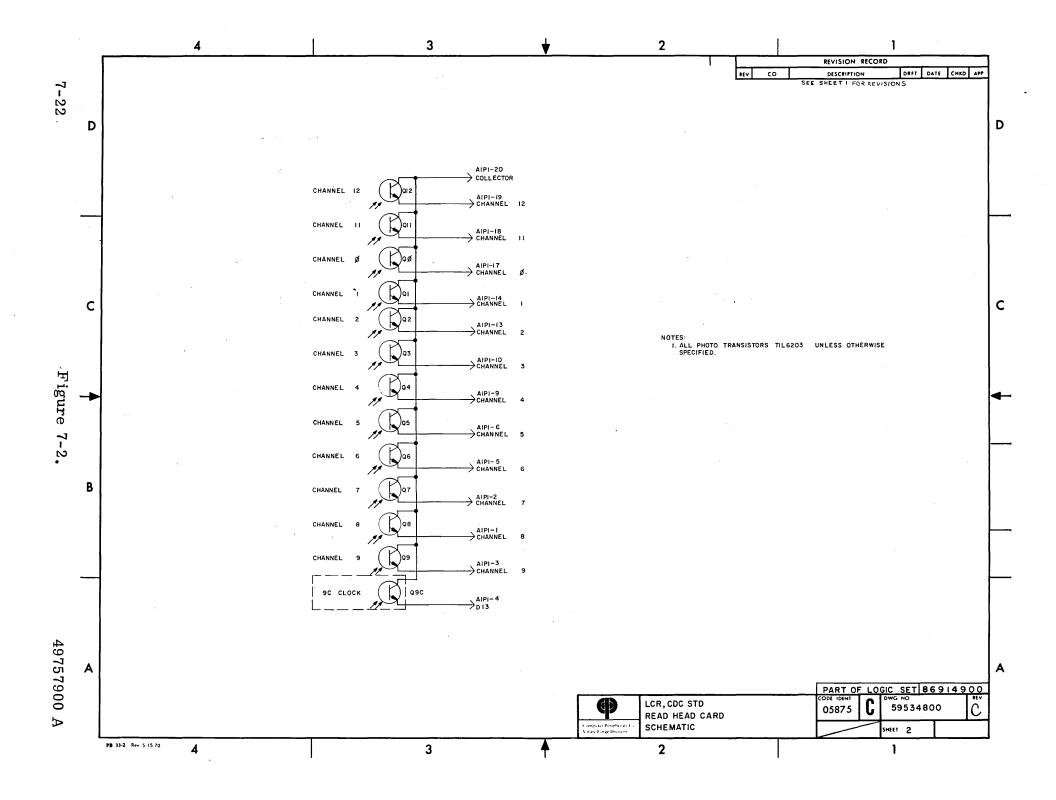
DESCRIPTION

14 pin dual-in-line package containing TTL Schmitt-Trigger positive - NAND gates and inverters with toem-pole outputs.



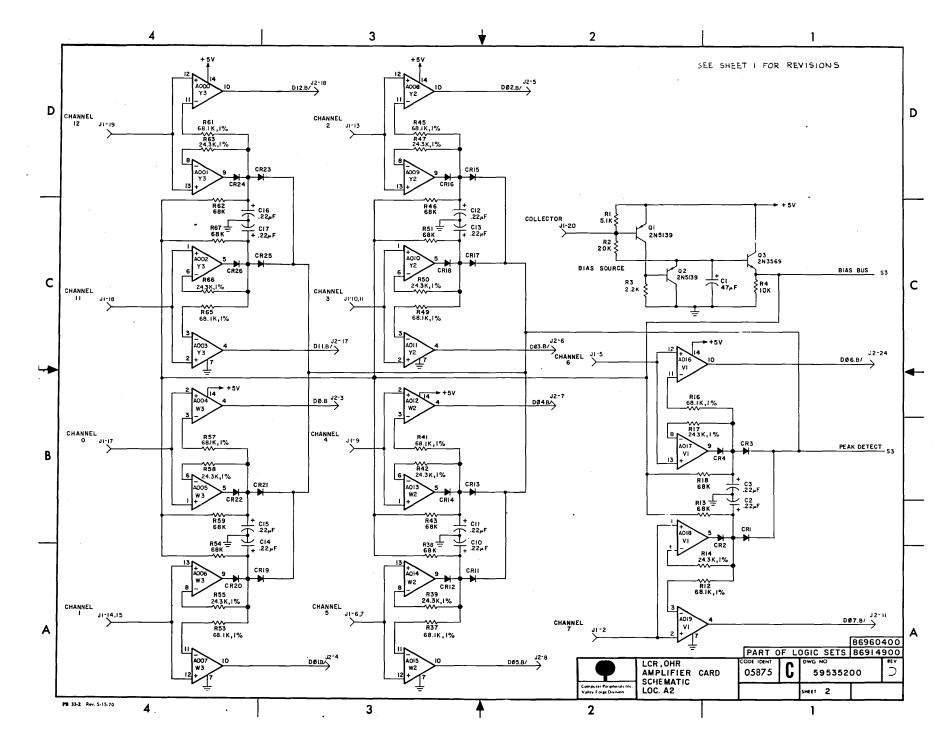
TRUTH TABLE

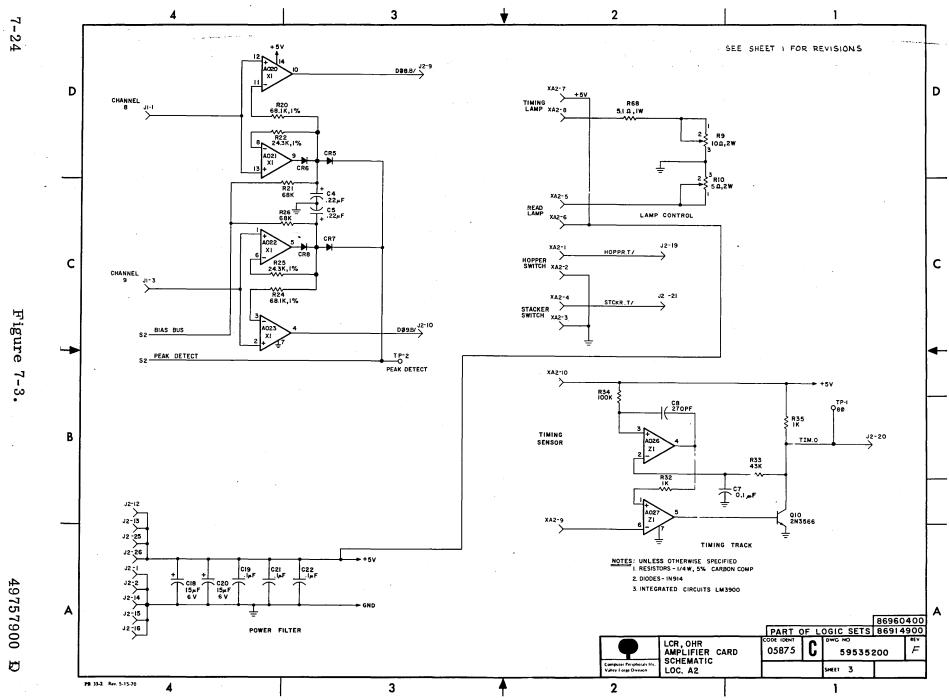
INPUT	OUTPUT		
Α	Y		
0	I		
I	0		

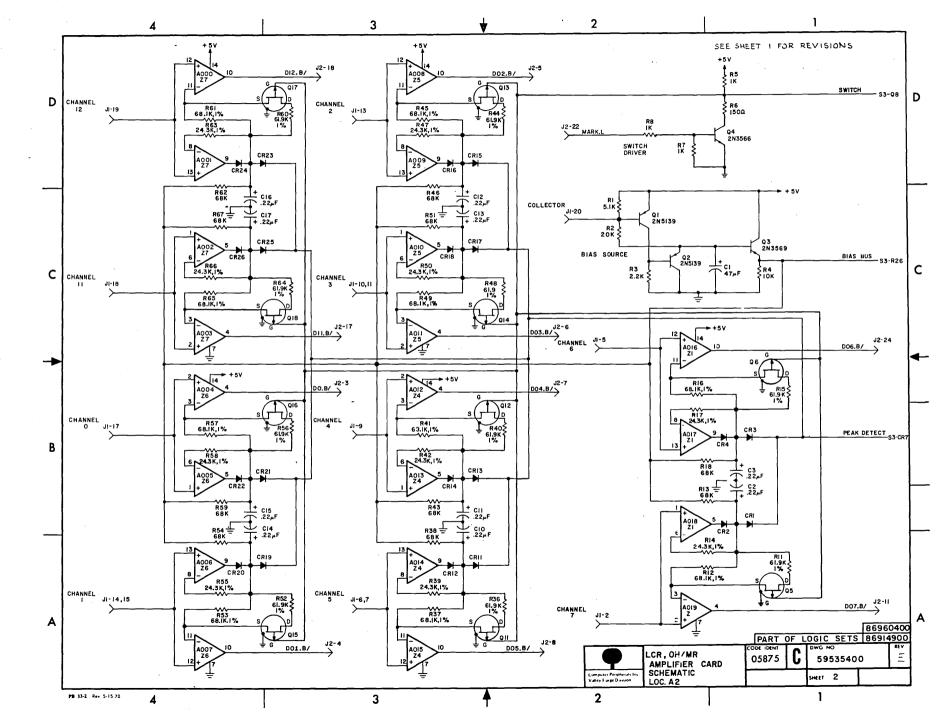












49757900 D

Figure 7-4.

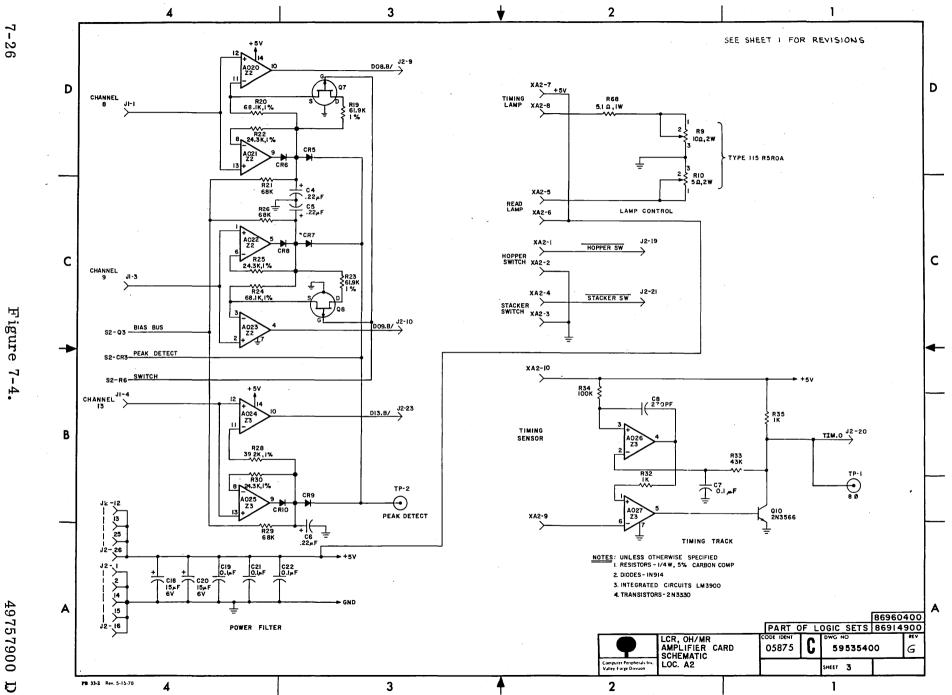


Figure 7-4.

49757900 D

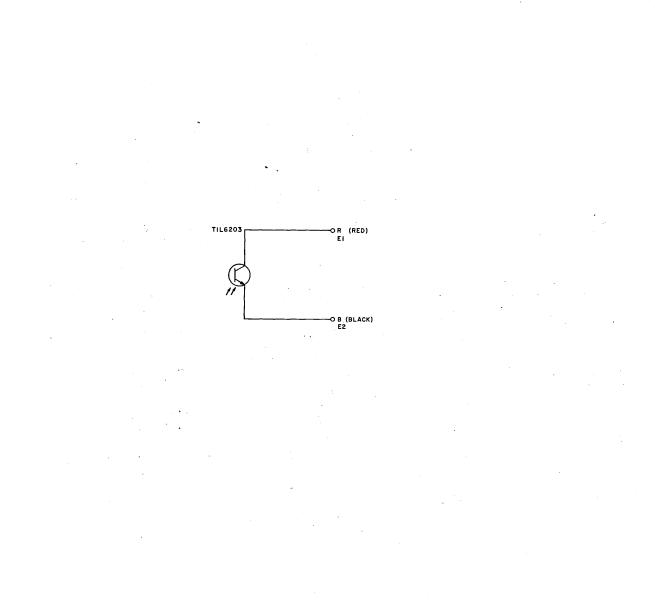
FOR REVISIONS SEE SHT I

PART OF LOGIC SETS 86960400 CODE IDENT 05875 C 99534900 1000

•	LCR PHOTOTRANSISTOR	CODE IDENT	n .	595349
mputer Peripherals Inc. Hey Forge Disision	CARD SCHEMATIC			SHEET 2

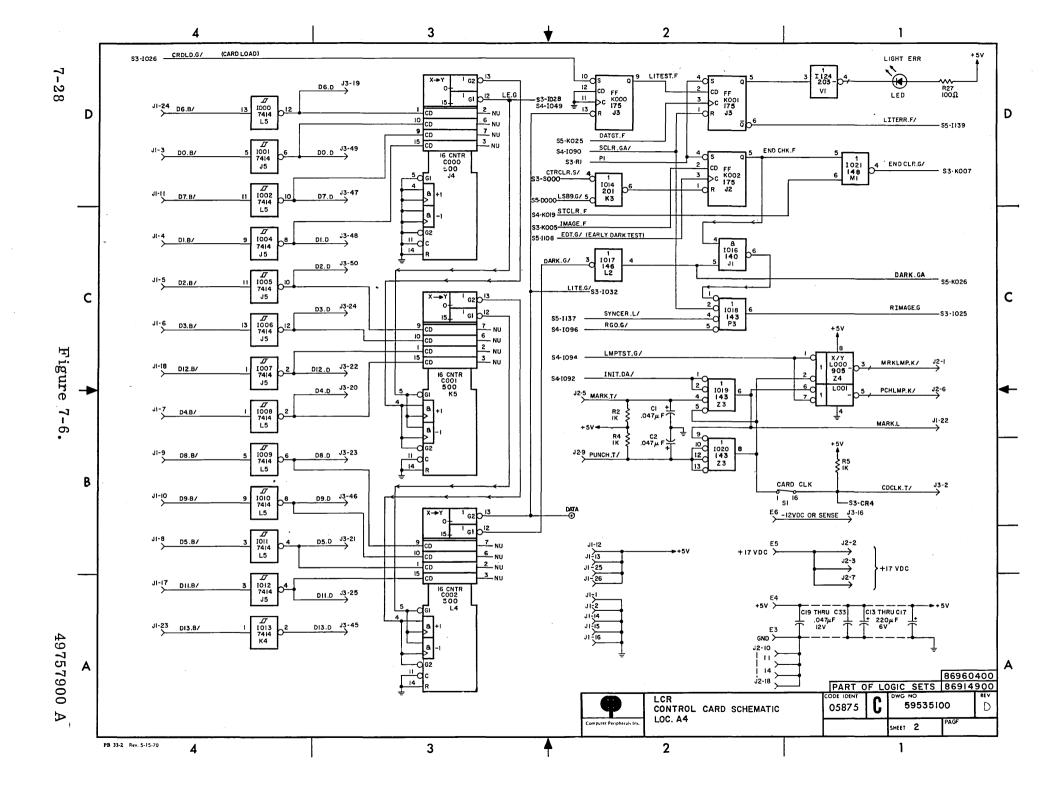
.

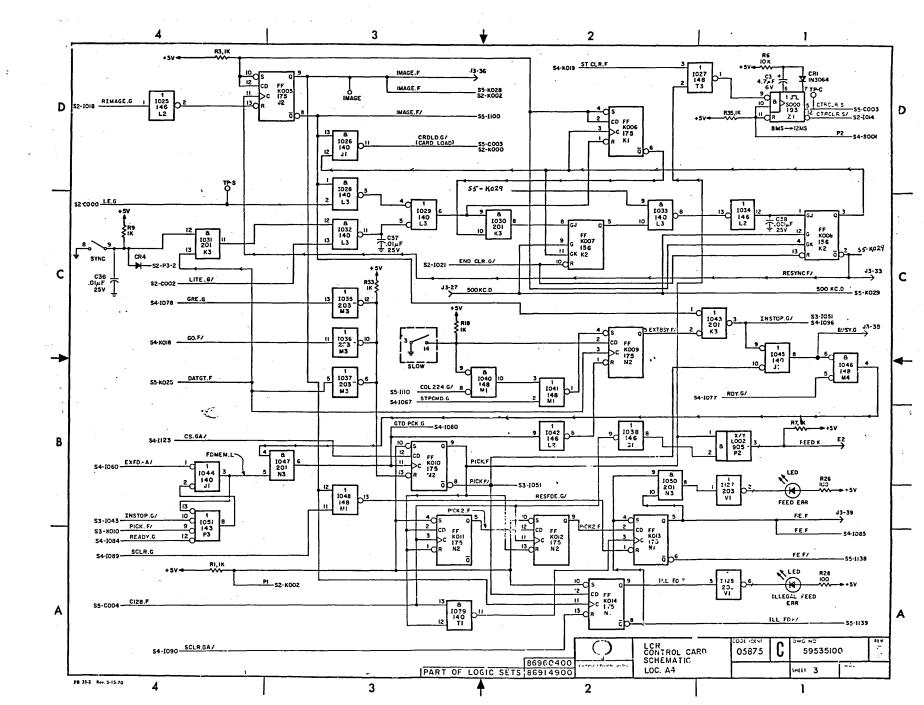
T



49757900 A

Figure 7-5.





49757900 F

Figure 7-6.

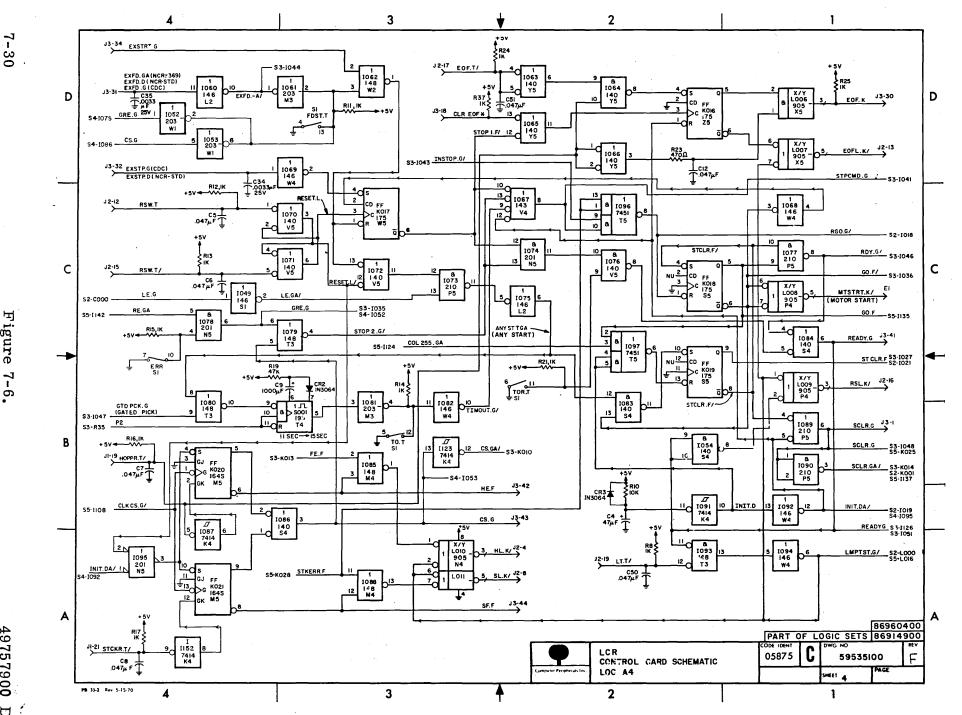


Figure 7-6.

7-

49757900 U



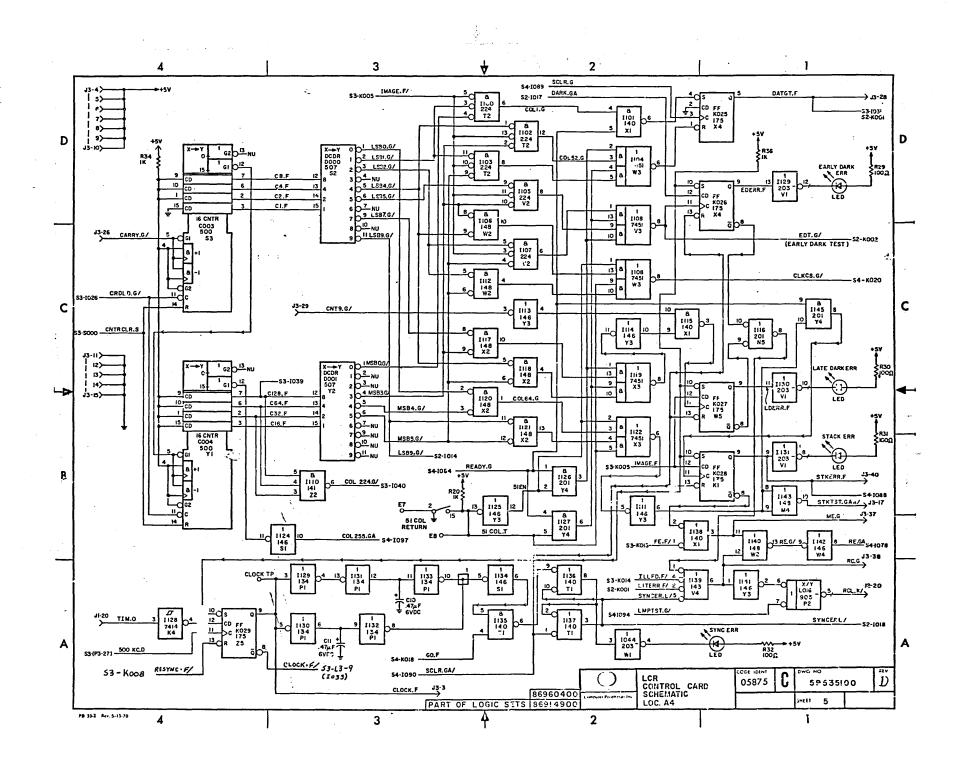


Figure 7-6

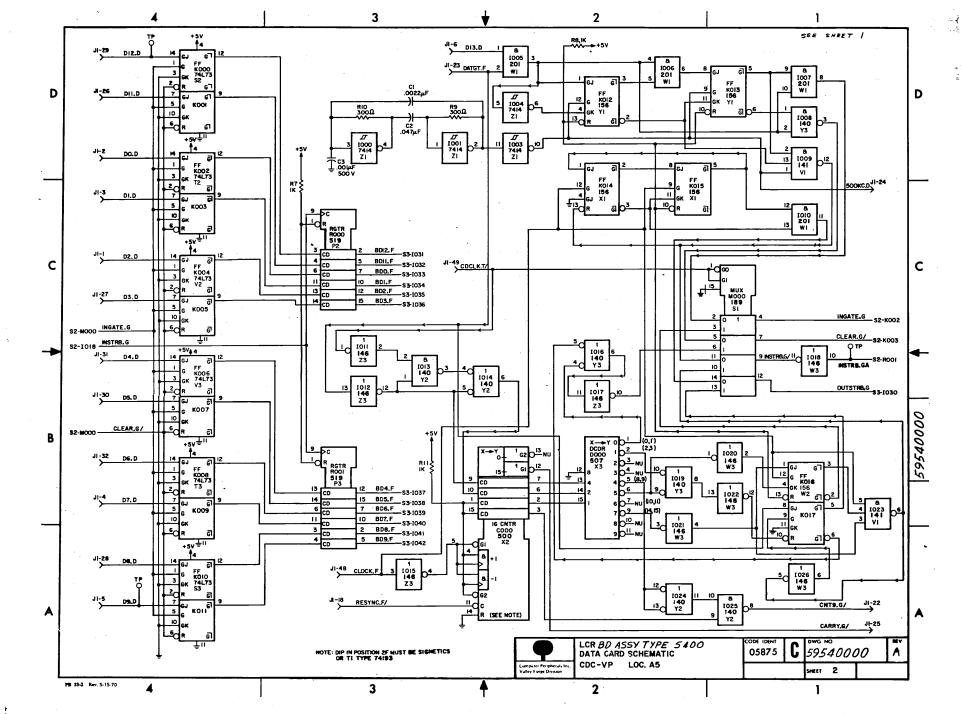
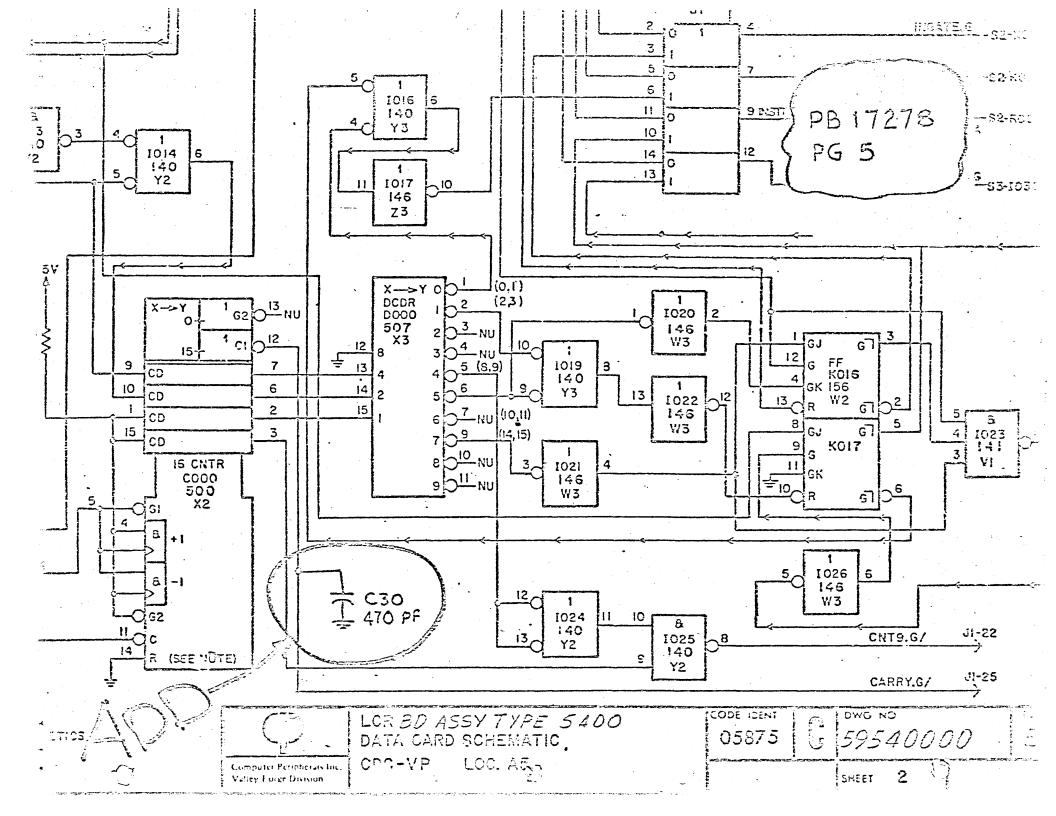


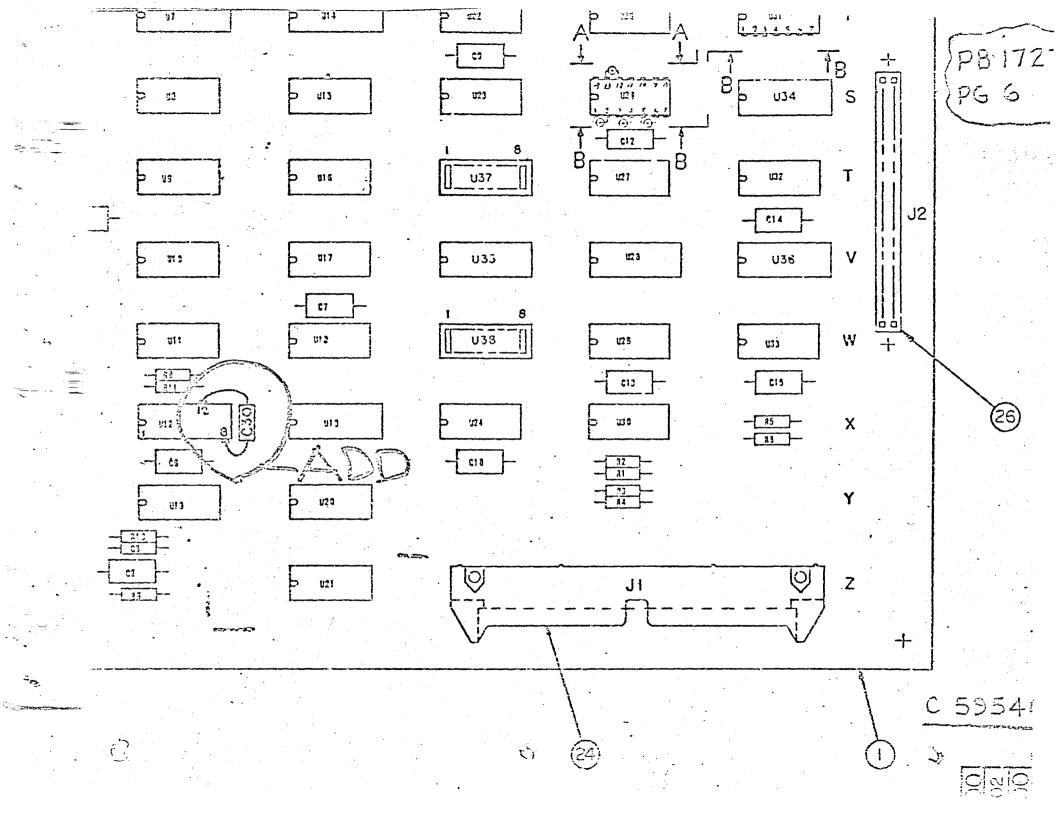
Figure 7-7.

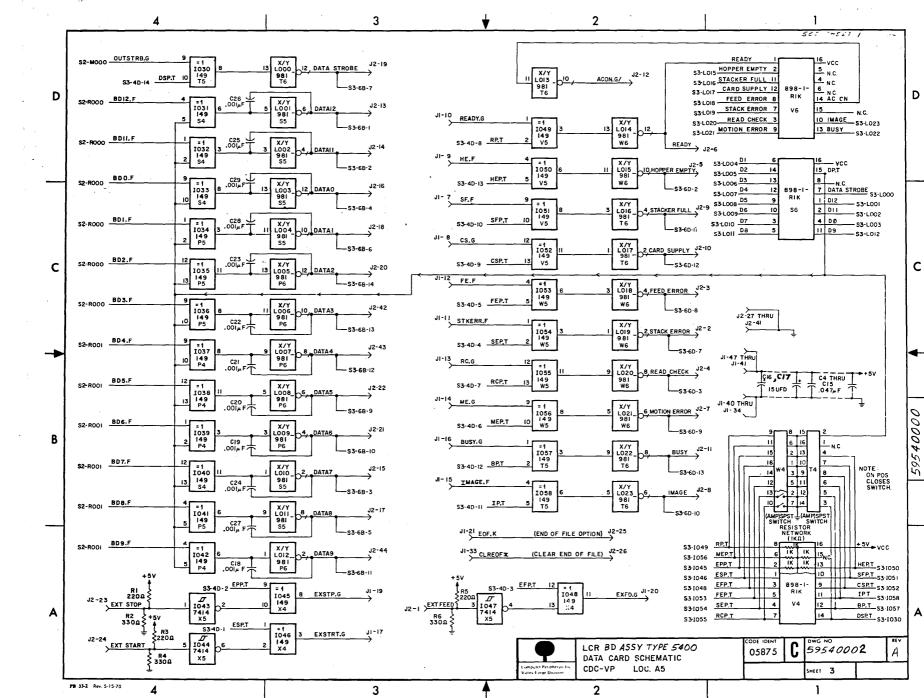
7-32

49757900 E

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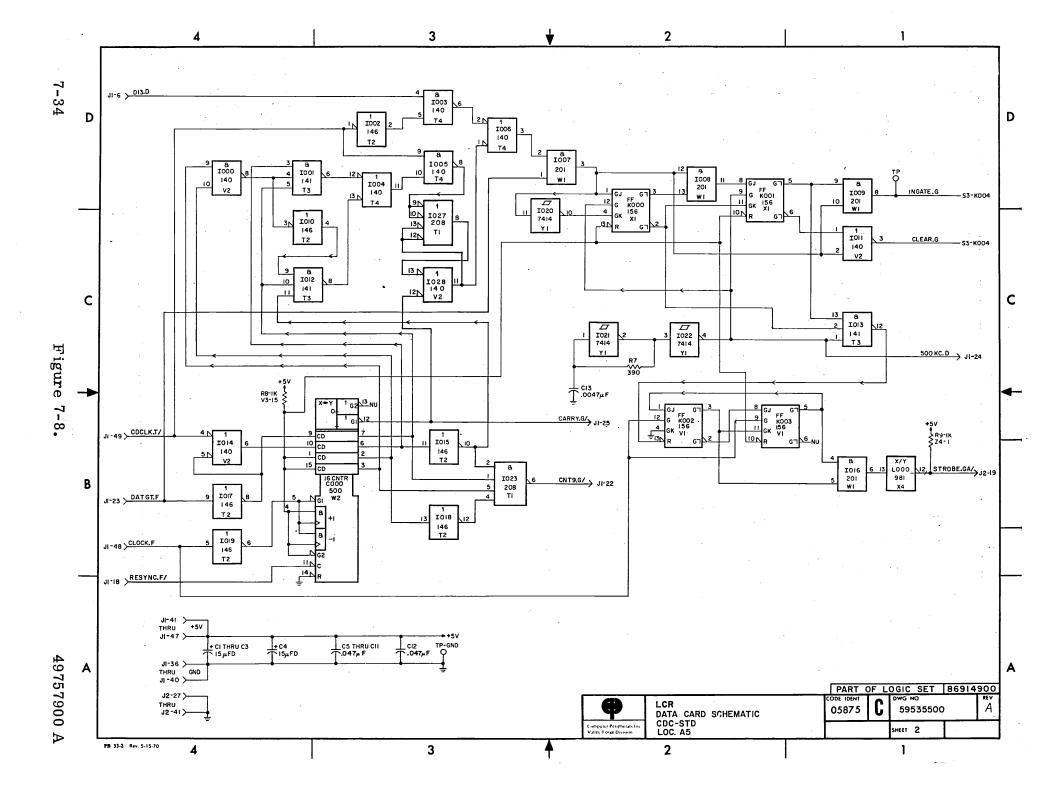


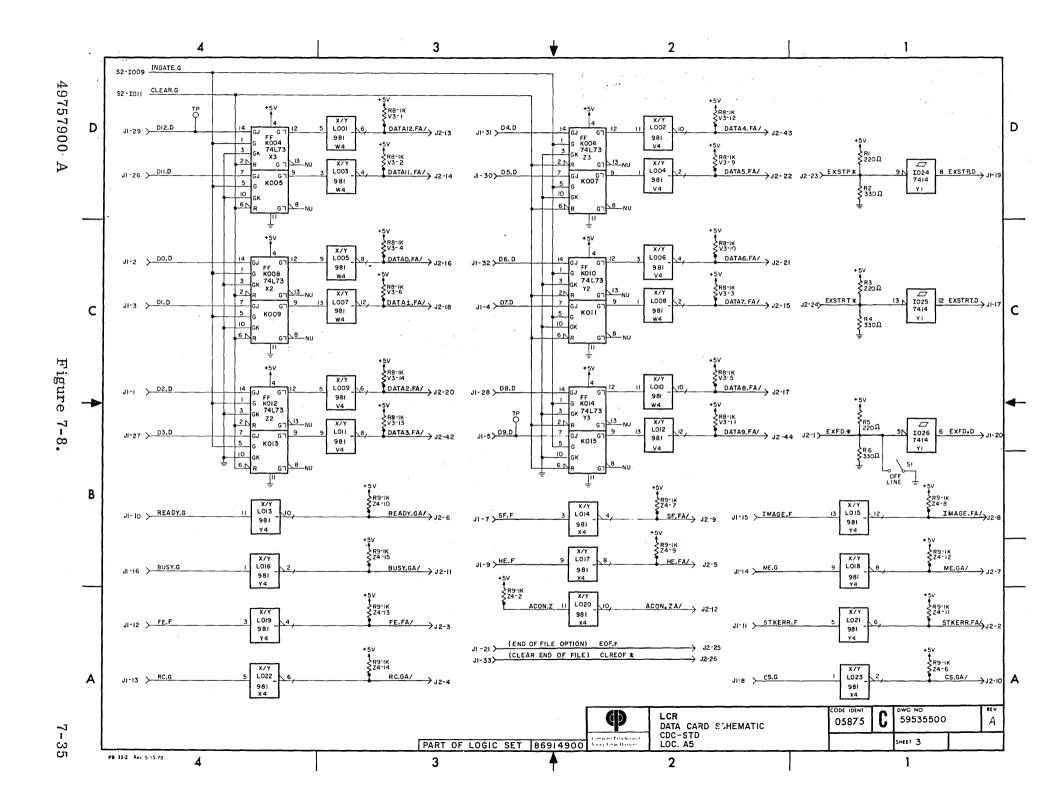


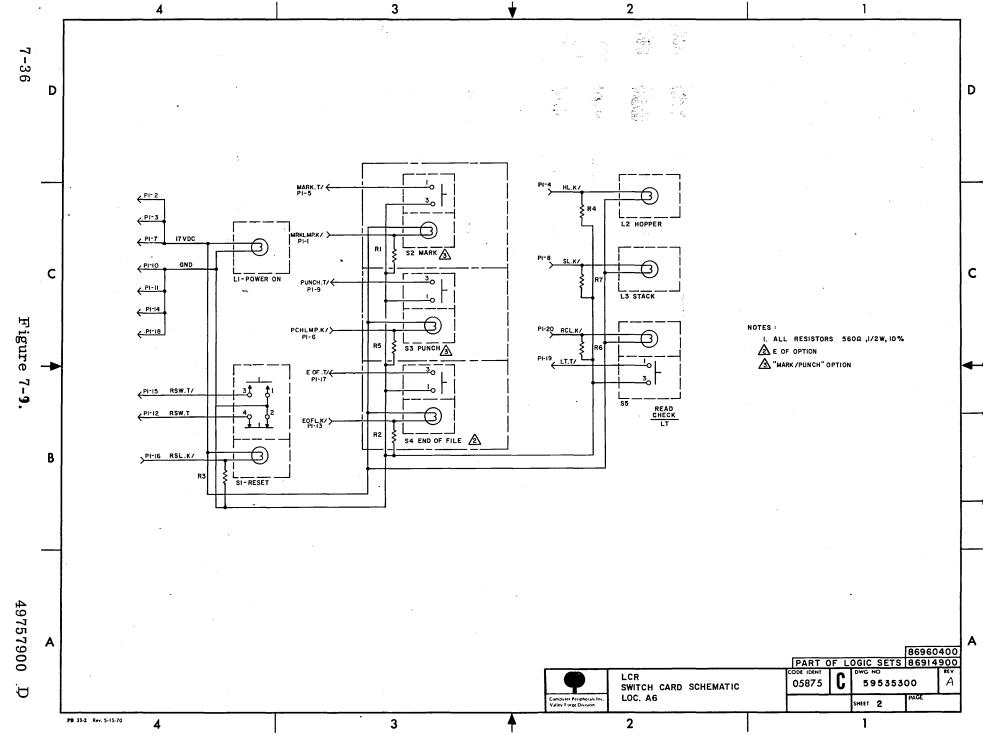
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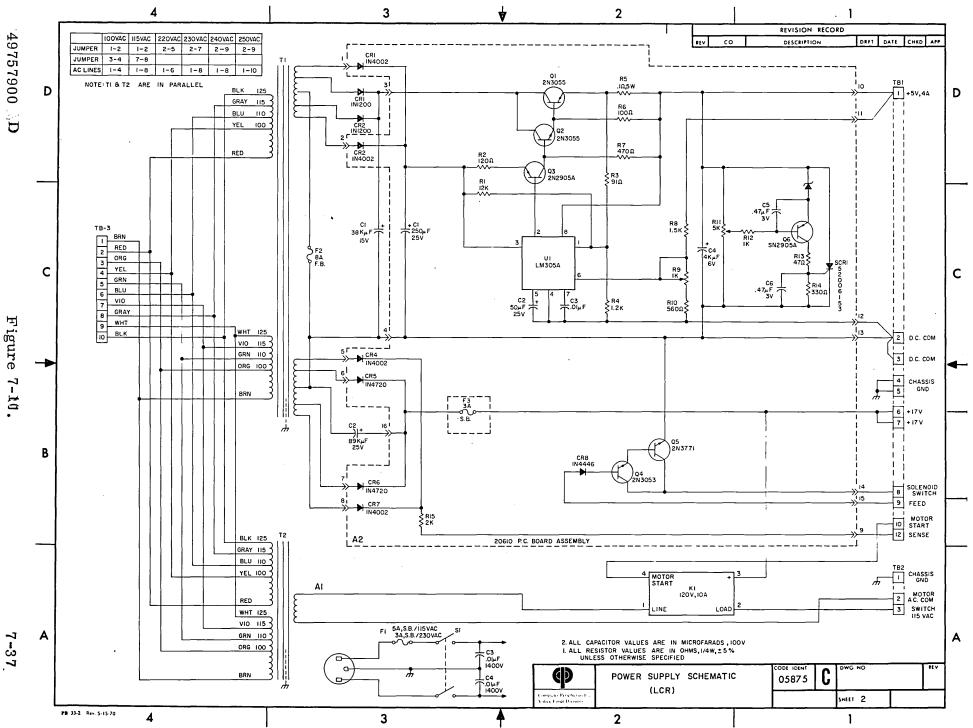
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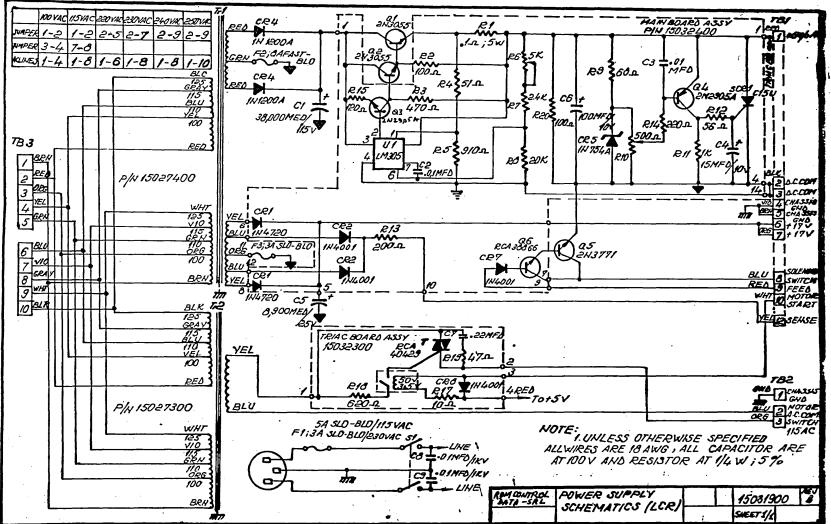
Figure 7-7.







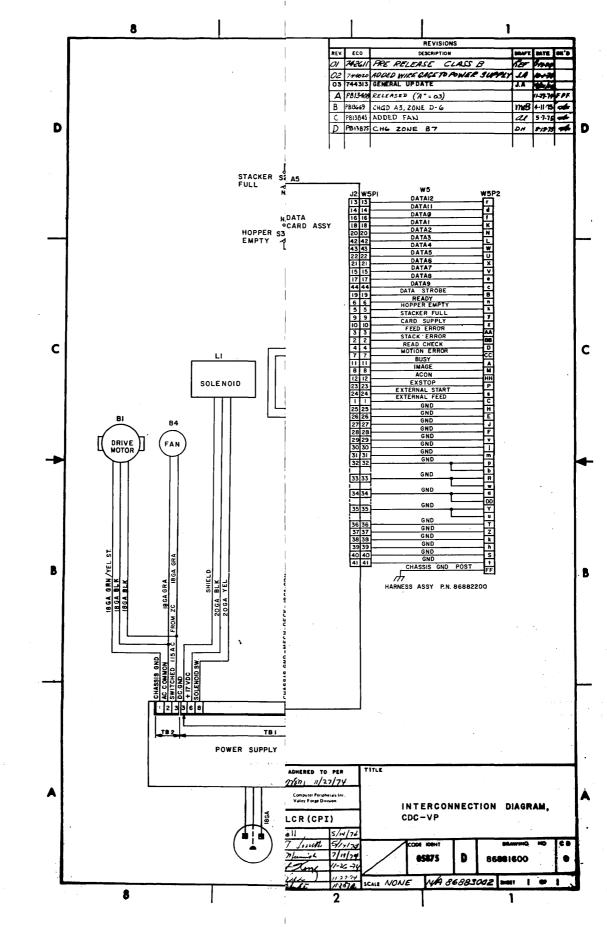




7-38

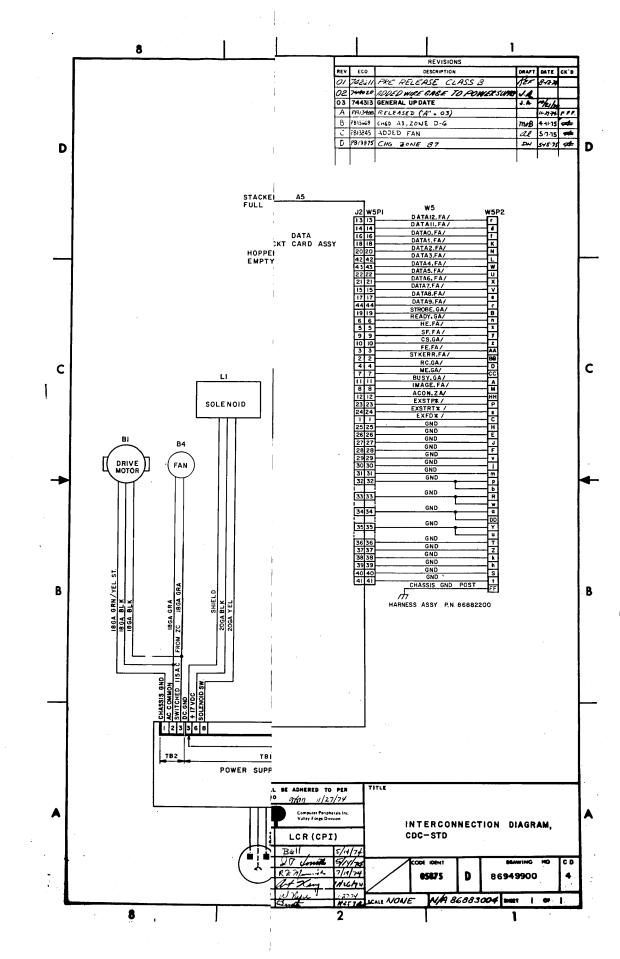
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SECTION VIII

PARTS

Section VIII - PARTS LIST

8-1. GENERAL

This section contains an indentured parts list for the reader. All parts listed reflect the latest configuration; as design changes are implemented on manufactured units, appropriate revisions will be made to the illustrations and lists.

8-2. FORMAT

Locators are provided to aid in the location of assemblies and the figure in which it is illustrated. Isometric illustrations are provided for every major assembly and subassembly of the card reader.

A card layout section shows the physical layout of all printed wiring board assemblies and gives a parts breakdown of each card.

8-3. EXPLANATION OF TERMS AS USED IN THE PARTS LIST (See Example)

- 1. The number before the hyphen is the figure to which it applies. The number after the hyphen is the callout number on the figure.
- 2. The eight digit number is the identifying number used in ordering replaceable parts.

3. The part code is as follows:

SN - Parts marked with an SN may be ordered by a site or any higher support activity. No return, scrap.

SC - Parts marked with an SC may be ordered by a site or any higher support activity. Return defective parts for repair.

RO - Parts marked with an RO are shown for reference only. Parts will not be supplied to any activity outside manufacturing. If a malfunction is determined to be in part marked RO, use the next higher assembly. If the part marked RO is the highest assembly then use components of the assembly.

4. INDENTURES - This indicates the relationship of parts to the next higher assembly.

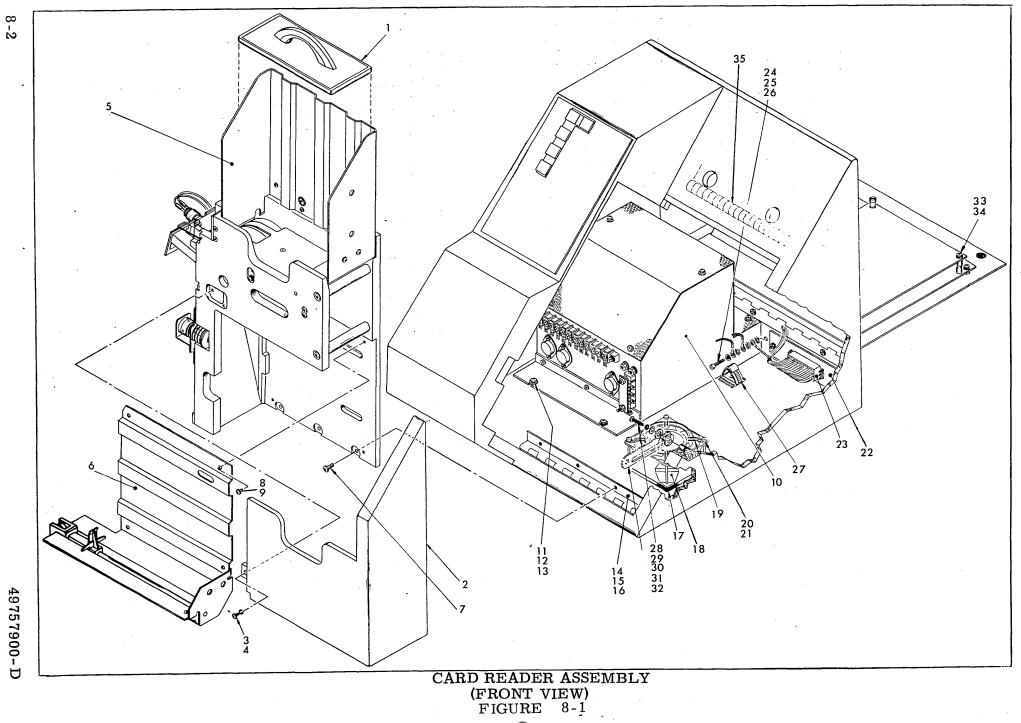
EXAMPLE - The numerical display knob, Item -4, 2 dots, is part of the numerical display assembly, Item -3, one dot. The numerical display assembly is part of the operators control panel assembly, Item 1-, no dots.

- 5. ATTACHING PARTS The attaching parts for a particular part or assembly.
- 6. QUANTITY Total number of units used in that assembly or subassembly.
- The mod code column references the quantity of each item used in an assembly to a particular model. Mod A is 60 Hertz; Mod B is 50 Hertz.

0	2	3	4	5	6	7
INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE	DESCRIPT	ION	QTY	MOD CODE
1- -1 -2 -3 -4 -5 -6 -7 -8 -9	49928400 49451003 49894100 94687100 49894000 95088200 92629003 94826001 94690100		OPERATORS CONTROL PANEL ASSEM: OPERATORS CONTROL PANEL — attaching parts — SCREW NUMERICAL DISPLAY ASSEMBLY . KNOB, NUMERICAL DISPLAY . BEZEL, NUMERICAL DISPLAY . LENS, NUMERICAL DISPLAY . LAMP, INDICATOR . SOCKET LAMP . SWITCH, 12 POSITION — attaching parts —	BLY	1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

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49757900-A



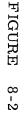
49757900-D

1	INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE	(Serial Number 151 & above) . DESCRIPTION 1 2 3 4 5 6 (Sheet 1 of 2)	QTY	MOD CODE
-24 1012520 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 8 1 -25 10125804 . WASHER, LOCK, EXTERNAL TOOTH, 8 3 -26 10126402 . WASHER, LOCK, EXTERNAL TOOTH, 8 3 -27 95892300 . CLAMP, CABLE 1	NO. 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1-	NUMBER 86883002 86883003 86883004 86883005 86883006 86883007 86883010 86883012 86883012 86883012 86883012 86883013 86883013 86883019 86883019 86883019 86883020 86883020 86883020 8699505 8699505 8699505 86916000 95655516 10127114 10125605 77200702 77200703 77200706 77200703 77200706 77200707 77200706 77200707 77200706 77200707 77200706 77200707 77200706 77200707 86916001 10127122 10125605 86901001 15031901 10127122 10125605 86901004 15031901 10127122 10125606 86878300 77196201 95877303 95655525 10125605 86911200 8689201 9587303 95655525 10125605		1 2 3 4 5 6 (Sheet 1 of 2) CARD READER ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OHR (FRONT VIEW) CARD READER ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OHR CARD READER ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OHR CARD READER ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OHR CARD READER ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OHR CARD READER ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OH/MR CARD READER ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OH/MR SIDE PANEL, LIGHT GRAY . SIDE PANEL, LIGHT GRAY . SIDE PANEL, LIGHT GRAY . KEEPER . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 1/2 . WASHER, PLAIN, 6 	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B

	INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	MOD CODE
	-28 -29 -30 -31 -32	10127336 10125803 10125605 10125600 77145600		. SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 5/8 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 . WASHER, PLAIN, 6 . WASHER, PLAIN, 1/4 . SPACER, LATCH	1 1 1 1 1	
	-33 -34	$10127111 \\ 10125803$. SCREW, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 1/4 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6	4 4	
	-35	95924100		. CONTACT FINGER	1	
· ·						
·						

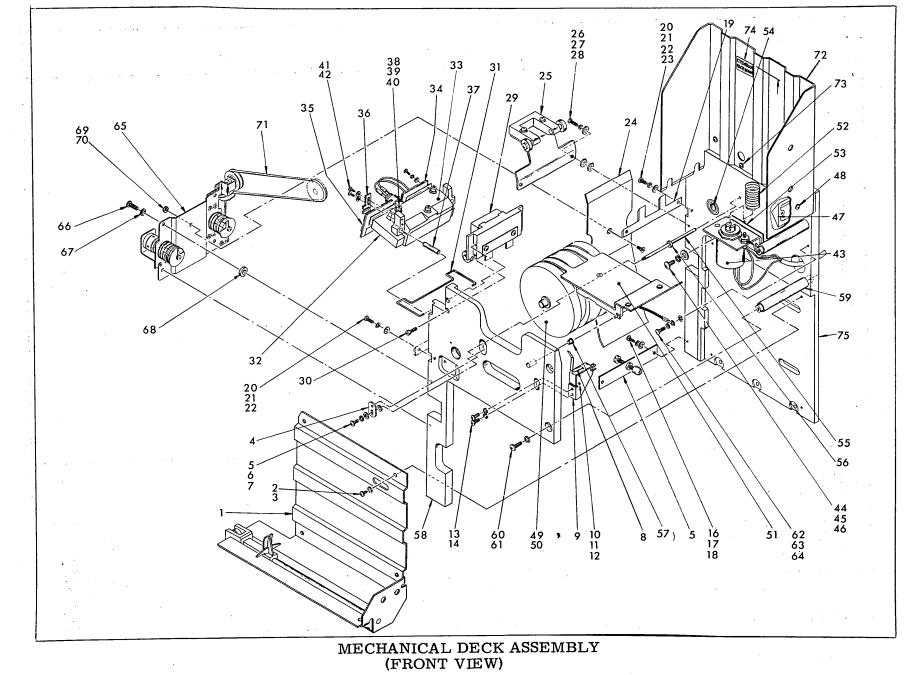
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8-6

INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE	DESCRIPTION 1 2 3 4 5 6 (Sheet 1 of 2)	QTY	MOD CODE
2- 2- 2- 2- 2- 2- -1 -2 -3 -4 -5 -6 -7 -8 -9 -10 -11	77200702 77200703 77200706 77200707 77200710 77200711 86897801 10127111 10125605 86908401 10127113 10125605 10125803 95877502 86897300 10127106 10125603		MECHANICAL DECK ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OHR MECHANICAL DECK ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OHR MECHANICAL DECK ASSEMBLY, 3/800 OHR MECHANICAL DECK ASSEMBLY, 3/800 OHR MECHANICAL DECK ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OH/MR MECHANICAL DECK ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OH/MR . STACKER ASSEMBLY, 1000 CARDS (SEE FIGURE 8-3) — attaching parts — . SCREW, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 1/4 WASHER, PLAIN, 6 — attaching parts — . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 3/8 . WASHER, PLAIN, 8 WASHER, PLAIN, 8 WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 — attaching parts — . SWITCH, HOPPER, SNAP ACTION . BRACKET, SWITCH — attaching parts — . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 4-40 x 5/8 WASHER, PLAIN, 4	1 4 4 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 2	A B A B B
-12 -13 -14 -15	10125603 10125801 10127114 10125803 86931201		. WASHER, PLAIN, 4 WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 4 SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 1/2 WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 . WEAR PLATE, DAMPER ASSEMBLY — attaching parts —	2 2 2 1	
-16 -17 -18 -19	10127113 10125605 10125803 86946700		. SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 3/8 . WASHER, PLAIN, 6 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 . STRIPPER, CARD — attaching parts —	2 2 2 1	
-20 -21 -22 -23	10127113 10125803 10125605 10126401		. SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 3/8 WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 WASHER, PLAIN, 6 WASHER, LOCK, EXTERNAL TOOTH, 6	2 2 1 1	
-24 -25 -26	86872700 77145001 10127114		. PLATE, WEAR, STOP . FOLLOWER ROLLER ASSEMBLY (SEE FIGURE 8-7) — attaching parts — . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 1/2	1	
-27 -28	10125605 10125803		. WASHER, PLAIN, 6 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 	4 2 1	
-29 -30 -31	86907101 10126219 86899600		- attaching parts - . SCREW, SOCKET HEAD, CAP . CLAMP, SPRING	2 1	
-32 -33 -34 -35 -36	86893501 86893100 86998100 59534801 86899400		. READ HEAD ASSEMBLY (SEE FIGURE 8-9) . SUPPORT-READ HEAD . INSULATOR-READ HEAD . BOARD ASSEMBLY, TYPE 5348, READ HEAD . PLATE, ADJUSTMENT — attaching parts —		
-37 -38 -39 -40 -41 -42	86900700 10126222 10125605 10125803 10127103 10125603		. PIN . SCREW, CAP, SOCKET HEAD . WASHER, PLAIN, 6 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 4-40 x 5/16 . WASHER, PLAIN, 4	2 3 3 4 4	

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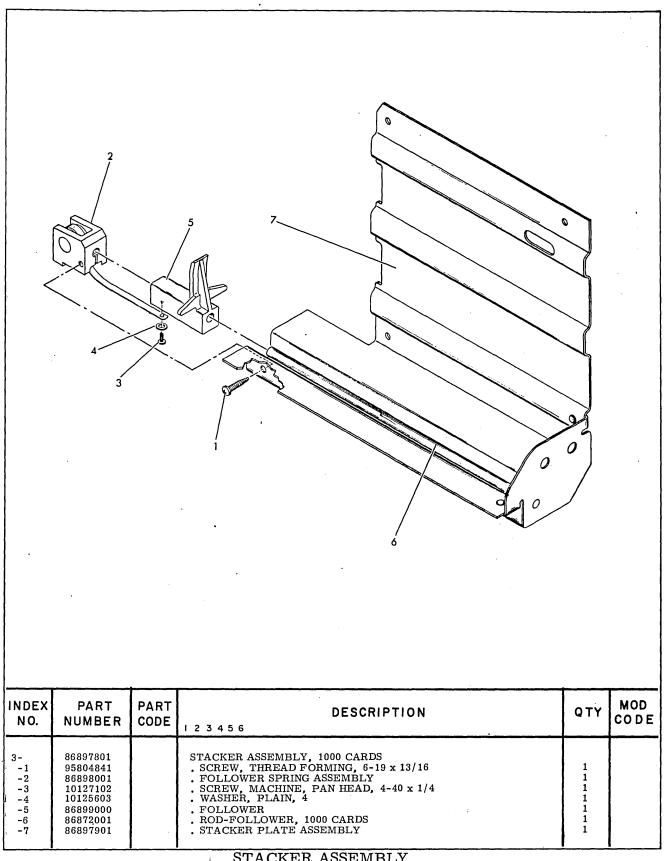
INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE	DESCRIPTION 1 2 3 4 5 6 (Sheet 2 of 2)	QTY	MOD CODE
				QTY 1 2 2 1 2 1 A/R 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 4 4 4 1 1 1 1	

					18 21 6 7 	
INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE	DESCRIPTION		QTY	MOD CODE
2A 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10 - 111 - 12 - 13 - 14 - 14A - 15 - 16 - 17 - 18 - 19 - 20 - 211 - 23 - 24 - 25 - 24 - 25 - 25 - 24 - 25 - 25	77178901 86950401 86893800 77220900 92054071 77176900 86950501 86893801 77179701 77179801 10127112 10125803 93071286 92720200 10126401 92033029 77176600 77180100 93709024 10125108 10125108 10125108 10125108 10125103 10127112 77177301 77176800 77176800 77179600 10127124		STACKER DRIVE ASSEMBLY . SPRING-STACKER, CW 7.5 . DISC-CW STACKER . SHAFT-SPRING . BEARING, BALL . PULLEY, STACKER . SPRING-STACKER, CCW 7.5 . DISC-CCW STACKER . FRONT BRACKET ASSEMBLY . REAR BRACKET ASSEMBLY . attaching parts . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 5/16 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, C . SCREW, SET, SOCKET, HEXAGON, 8-32 x 1 . SCREW, SET, SOCKET, HEXAGON, 8-32 x 1 . SCREW, BUTTON, SOCKET HEAD, 6-32 x 3/ WASHER, LOCK, EXTERNAL TOOTH, 6 . RING, RETAINING 	8	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
-	$\begin{array}{c} 10127124 \\ 10125804 \\ 10125106 \end{array}$		SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 8-32 x 5/8 WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 8 NUT, HEXAGON, 8-32 — attaching parts —		1 1 1	

STACKER DRIVE ASSEMBLY

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STACKER ASSEMBLY

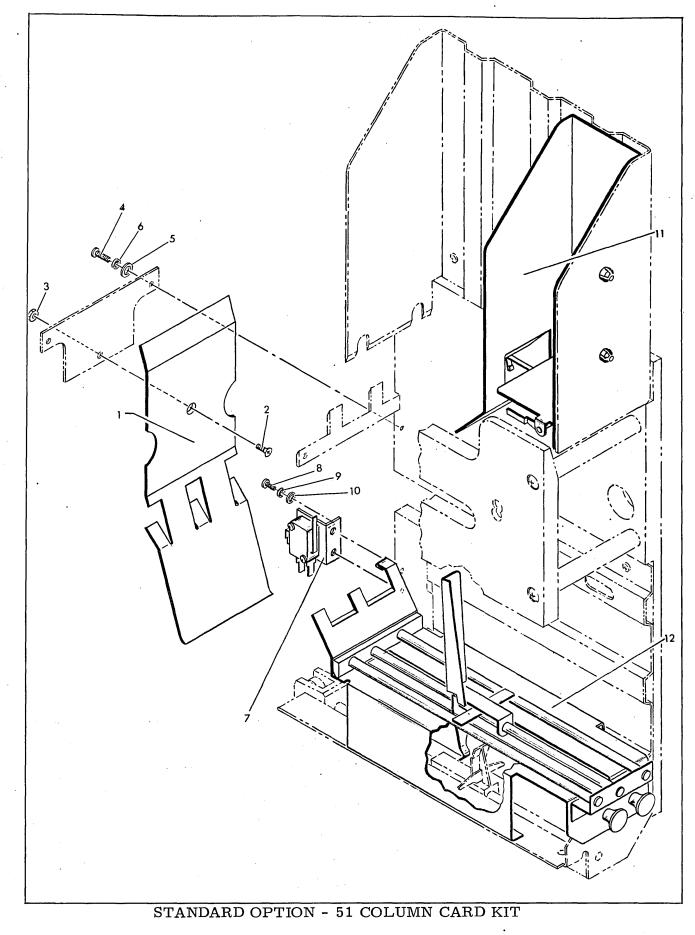


FIGURE 8-4

INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	MOD CODE
4_ -1 -2* -3* -4* -5*	77126600 86931700 10125713 10125105 10127114 10125605		STANDARD OPTION - 51 COLUMN CARD KIT . CARD CHUTE — attaching parts — . SCREW, FLAT, HEAD, 6-32 x 5/16 . NUT, HEXAGON, 6-32 . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 1/2 . WASHER, FLAT, 6	1 1 1 2 2	
-5* -6* -7 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	10125605 10125803 77126201 86947000 93786003 10127106 10125103 10125603 10125801 10127113 10125803 86945601 86944701 86946602 86705700		 WASHER, FLAT, 5 WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 SWITCH ASSEMBLY BRACKET, SWITCH SWITCH, MINI ACTUATOR SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 4-40 x 5/8 NUT, HEXAGON, 4-40 WASHER, FLAT, 4 WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 4 attaching parts SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 3/8 WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 STACKER FILLER ASSEMBLY (SEE FIGURE 8-6) STACKER FILLER ASSEMBLY - 51 COLUMN (SEE FIGURE 8-5) CARD WEIGHT ASSEMBLY - 51 COLUMN 	2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1	
-	77126401 93747060		. HARNESS ASSEMBLY . RECEPTACLE, SLIDE ON * EXISTING PARTS	1 4	
	-				

	5	7			
INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	MOD CODE
5- -1 -2 -3 -4 -5 -6 -7	86944701 86944800 86944600 00843513 86940700 95804817 93783103 86944901		STACKER FILLER ASSEMBLY FOLLOWER, 51 COLUMN CARD SHAFT - attaching parts - RING, RETAINING * STOP, CARD - attaching parts - SCREW, THREAD FORMING, 4-20 x 1/4 * FASTENER, PUSH - PULL BLACK STACKER CKER FILLER ASSEMBLY - 51 COLUMN	1 3 1 2 2 1	

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STACKER FILLER ASSEMBLY - 51 COLUMN

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INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE		QTY	MOD CODE
6- -1 -2	86945601 86945400 86945200		HOPPER FILLER ASSEMBLY - 51 COLUMN . LINK - SWITCH . SPRING - TORSION — attaching parts —	1 1	
-3 -4	86945100 00843506		. PIN - PIVOT . NUT, U TYPE	1 1 1	
-5	86945300	·	. SUPPORT - LINK — attaching parts — . RIVET, BOLD, ALUM, FLAT HEAD, 1/8 x 3/16	1	
-6	95869954		. RIVET, BOLD, ALUM, FLAT HEAD, 1/8 x 3/16	2	
-7	93783103		. FASTENER, PUSH - PULL BLACK . FILLER - HOPPER	2	

HOPPER FILLER ASSEMBLY - 51 COLUMN

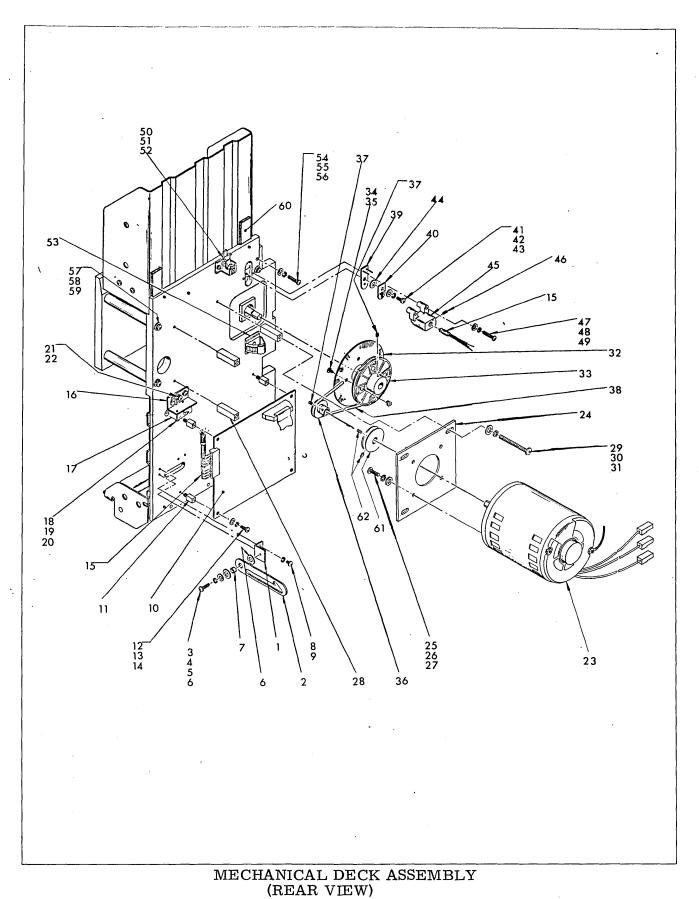
		8			
INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	MOD CODE
7 - -1 -2 -3	77145001 77144500 77144600 10127117		FOLLOWER ROLLER ASSEMBLY . BLOCK . SUPPORT — attaching parts — . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 7/8	1 1 2.	
-4 -5 -6	10125803 10125605 86912100	-	. WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 . WASHER, PLAIN, 6 	2 2 2	
-8 -9	92054249 10127121 10125804		. BEARING BALL — attaching parts — . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 8-32 x 5/16 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 8	2 2 2 2	

FOLLOWER ROLLER ASSEMBLY

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5	4 6 Jamman 63			14	16
	. 7		2	· .	
INDEX NO.	7 PART NUMBER	PART CODE	2 . DESCRIPTION 1 2 3 4 5 6	QTY	MOD CODE
			DESCRIPTION 1 2 3 4 5 6 PRESSURE ROLLER ASSEMBLY . SUPPORT-CENTER ROLLER . BEARING-TUMBLED . PIN-ROLLER . SUPPORT-DUAL ROLLER . SUPPORT-DUAL ROLLER . SUPPORT-DUAL ROLLER . STUD-DUAL . BEARING, BALL . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 8-32 x 5/16 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 8 — attaching parts — . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 1 . WASHER, PLAIN, 6 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 . SELECTOR-CARD . SPRING, COMPRESSION	QTY 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 2 2	
NO. 8 - -1 -2 -3 -4 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	NUMBER 86907101 86906600 95877200 86906400 86906400 86907001 86906200 86912100 92054249 10127121 10125804 10127118 10125605 10125803 86906500		DESCRIPTION 1 2 3 4 5 • 6 PRESSURE ROLLER ASSEMBLY . SUPPORT-CENTER ROLLER . BEARING-TUMBLED . PIN & SUPPORT ASSEMBLY . SUPPORT-DUAL ROLLER . STUD-DUAL . BEARING, BALL . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 8-32 x 5/16 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 8 — attaching parts — . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 1 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 2	
NO. 8 - -1 -2 -3 -4 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	NUMBER 86907101 86906600 95877200 86906400 86906200 86912100 92054249 10127121 10125804 10127118 10125605 10125803 86906500 95878101 10127119 86906700 10127113		DESCRIPTION 1 2 3 4 5 6 PRESSURE ROLLER ASSEMBLY . SUPPORT-CENTER ROLLER . BEARING-TUMBLED . PIN-ROLLER . SUPPORT-DUAL ROLLER . SUPPORT-DUAL ROLLER . STUD-DUAL . BEARING, BALL . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 8-32 x 5/16 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 8 — attaching parts — . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 1 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 . SELECTOR-CARD . SPRING, COMPRESSION — attaching parts — . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 1-1/4 . CLAMP . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 3/8	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	

FIGURE 8-8

MOD CODE INDEX PART PART DESCRIPTION QTY NUMBER CODE NO. 123456 READ HEAD ASSEMBLY . SPACER 86893501 86892700 9-2 -1 - attaching parts -. SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 4-40 x 5/16 . WASHER, NYLON $\begin{array}{c} 1012\,7103 \\ 9356\,4004 \end{array}$ 4 4 -2 -3 _ _ _ _ _ * _ _ _ 94687500 86888700 . LAMP . HOUSING 1 1 -4 -5 READ HEAD ASSEMBLY Ξ.



8-10

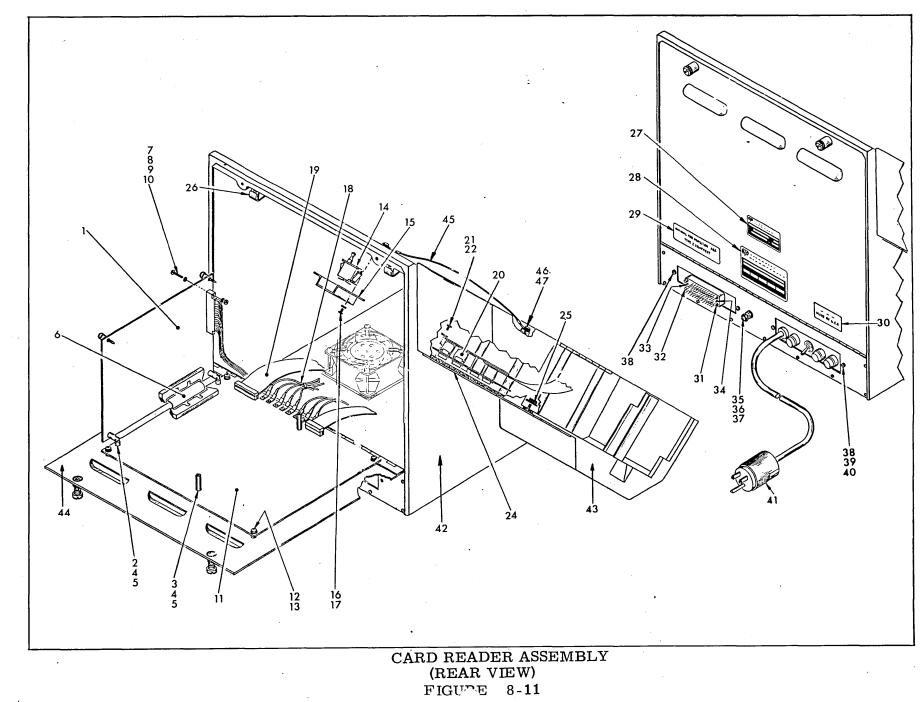
FIGURE

49757900-C

INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE	DESCRIPTION 123456 (Sheet 1 of 2)	QTY	MOD CODE
10- 10- 10- 10- 10- 10- 10- -1 -2	77200702 77200703 77200706 77200707 77200710 77200711 86871700 86872200		MECHANICAL DECK ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OHR MECHANICAL DECK ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OHR MECHANICAL DECK ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OHR MECHANICAL DECK ASSEMBLY, 3/800 OHR MECHANICAL DECK ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OH/MR MECHANICAL DECK ASSEMBLY, 3/600 OH/MR . BRACKET, LATCH . LATCH	1 1	A B A B A B
-3 -4 -5 -6 -7 -8 -9	10127114 10125803 10125605 93564019 93109309 10127111 10125803		- attaching parts - . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 1/2 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 . WASHER, PLAIN, 6 . WASHER, NYLON . STANDOFF, SPACER ROUND . SCREW, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 1/4 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6	1 1 2 1 2 2	
-10 -10 -11 -12 -13 -14	59535201 59535401 95888401 10127113 10125605 10125803		 BOARD ASSEMBLY, TYPE 5352, AMP PUNCH (SEE FIG. 8-15) BOARD ASSEMBLY, TYPE 5354, AMP PUNCH MK (SEE FIG. 8-16) attaching parts — STANDOFF, HEXAGON SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 3/8 WASHER, PLAIN, 6 WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 	1 1 4 4 4 4	
-15 - - - - - -	86877701 94659003 93747060 95804701 93943001 95878900 95876801		. HARNESS ASSEMBLY, LAMPS/SWITCH . RECEPTACLE, SLIDE-ON . RECEPTACLE, SLIDE-ON . HOUSING INSULATION . CONTACT, SOCKET . LAMP-SUBMININIATURE, LENS END . EDGE CONNECTOR P.C. BOARD	1 2 4 2 1 10	
-16 -17 -18 -19	86872600 95877501 10127106 10125603		BRACKET, SWITCH, STACKER SWITCH, STACKER — attaching parts — SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 4-40 x 5/8 WASHER, PLAIN, 4	1 1 2 2 2	
-20 -21 -22 -23 -	10125801 10127111 10125803 86973601 95910000 95804701		WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 4 SCREW, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 1/4 WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 MOTOR ASSEMBLY MOTOR DRIVE, 60/50 HZ, 115V HOUSING INSULATION	2 2 1 1 3	
- -24 -25 -26 -27 -28 -29 -30	93747017 86894100 10127124 10125804 10125606 93110378 10127151		. RECEPTACLE-SLIDE ON, 20-16 . PLATE-MOTOR MOUNTING — attaching parts — . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 8-32 x 5/8 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 8 . WASHER, PLAIN, 8 . STANDOFF, SPACER . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 10-32 x 2	3 1 4 4 3 3 3	
-30 -31 -32 -33 -33 -33 -33 -34 -34 -36 -36 -36 -36 -36 -37 -38	10125607 10125805 86875500 86874802 86874703 86874703 86874702 10127112 10127114 10125105 86874201 86874201 86874201 86874401 86874402 93071286 95848809		. WASHER, PLAIN, 10 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 10 ** DISC, TIMING . PUL-T 600 CPM . PUL-T 6 & 800 CPM . PUL-T 6 & 800 CPM . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 5/16 . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 1/2 . NUT, HEXAGON, 6-32 . PUL-DM 600 CPM . PUL-DM 600 CPM . PUL-DM 6 & 800 CPM . PUL-DM 6 & 800 CPM . SCREW, SET, SOCKET, HEXAGON, 8-32 x 1/4 . BELT-POLYFLEX	3 1 1 1 1 4 4 4 1 1 1 2 1	A B A B A B A B A B

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INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	MOD CODE
-39 -40	59534901 86875700		. BOARD ASSEMBLY-TYPE 5349 . SEGMENT, TIMING	1 1	
-41 -42 -43 -44	10127113 10125803 10125605 93564039		 — attaching parts — SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 3/8 WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 WASHER, PLAIN, 6 WASHER 	1 1 1 1	
-45	86872400		LIGHT HOLDER	1	
-46 -47 -48 -49	93071286 10127117 10125605 10125803		- attaching parts - . SCREW, SET, SOCKET, 8-32 x 1/4 . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 7/8 . WASHER, PLAIN, 6 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6	1 2 2 2	
-50	51824600		. FASTENER-PAWL-MIDGET	1	
-51 -52	10127103 10125801		— attaching parts — . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 4-40 x 5/16 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 4	2 2	
-53 -54 -55 -56 -57 -58 -59 -60 -61	95892300 10127116 10125605 10125803 10127124 10125804 10125606 49523900 77176500		. CLAMP, CABLE . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 3/4 . WASHER, PLAIN, 6 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 8-32 x 5/8 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 8 . WASHER, PLAIN, '8 . PAD	3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
-62	93071286		- attaching parts - SCREW, SET, HEXAGON, SOCKET, 8-32 x 1/4	2	



8-24

49757900-D

INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE	123456	(Serial	Number 151 & above) (Sheet 1 of 2)	QTY	MOD CODE
11- 11- 11- 11- 11- 11- 11- 11-	86883002 86883003 86883005 86883005 86883006 86883007 86883010 86883011 86883012 86883012 86883013 86883013 86883017 86883018 86883019 86883020 86883020 86883021 59540002 59535501		CARD READER ASSEMBLY CARD READER ASSEMBLY, DATA BOARD ASSEMBLY,	, 3/600 OHR , 3/600 OHR , 3/600 OHR , 3/600 OHR , 3/600 OHR , 3/800 OHR , 3/800 OHR , 3/800 OHR , 3/800 OH/MR , 3/600 OH/MR , 3/600 OH/MR , 3/600 OH/MR , 3/600 OH/MR , 3/600 OH/MR , 3/600 OH/MR	LE POLARITY)	1	A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B
-2 -3 -4 -5	95880301 93114218 10127113 10125803		— attaching part: . STANDOFF, HINGED . STANDOFF, TAPPED PC . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN . WASHER, LOCK, SPRINC	OST, HEXAGON HEAD, 6-32 x 3/8		2 2 4 4	
-6 -7 -8 -9 -10	86879004 10127315 10125102 10125800 10125602		. CABLE ASSEMBLY, FLA SCREW, MACHINE, PAN NUT, HEXAGON WASHER, LOCK, SPRINC WASHER, PLAIN, 2	HEAD		1 2 2 2 2	
-11 -12 -13	59535105 10127111 10125803		. CONTROL BOARD ASSEM — attaching part: . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN . WASHER, LOCK, SPRINC	s — HEAD, 6-32 x 1/4	E FIGURE 8-14)	1 4 4	
-14 -15 -16	62048203 86923400 10127111		. SWITCH - INTERLOCK BRACKET - INTERLOCK — attaching parts SCREW, MACHINE, PAN	s — HEAD, 6-32 x 1/4		1 1 4	
-17 -18 - - - -	10125803 86882401 95867014 93747017 93747060 95804701		. WASHER, LOCK, SPRING 	ONTROL BOARD ASSE 4 ON, 20-16	MBLY)	4 1 2 14 16	
-19 -	868 7 9003 95880002		. CABLE ASSEMBLY, AMH CONNECTOR - FLAT	PLIFIER CONTROL B	OARD	- 1 1	
-20 -20	86878501 86878502		. SWITCH PANEL ASSEMB . SWITCH PANEL ASSEMB — attaching parts	LY, 7 POSITION	FIGURE 8-12)	1 1	
-21 -22 -23	10127111 10126401 N/A		. SCREW, MACHINE, PAN . WASHER, LOCK, EXTER	HEAD, $6-32 \ge 1/4$		3 3	
-24 -24 -24 -24	86911006 86911008 86914506 86914508		. TRIM PANEL, 5 POSITIC . TRIM PANEL, 5 POSITIC . TRIM PANEL, 7 POSITIC . TRIM PANEL, 7 POSITIC . TRIM PANEL, 7 POSITIC attaching parts	DN - IMPERIAL BLUE DN - BLACK DN - IMPERIAL BLUE s —		1 1 1 1	
-25 -26 -27 -28 -29 -30	95936600 95892300 86705700 86705900 24547401 86895901		. NUT-SELF THREAD, WA . CLAMP, CABLE . EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICA . CABINET IDENTIFICATI . PLATE, INFORMATION, . LABEL - COUNTRY OF (SHER ATION PLATE ON PLATE NFPA TYPE 2		2 1 1 1 1	

INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	MOD CODE
-31 -32 -33 -34 -35 -36 -37 -38 -39 -40	94656900 94657000 94655800 94655900 10125606 10125106 92650002 10127113 10125803 10125605		. CORNER GUIDE PIN . CORNER GUIDE SOCKET . JACKSCREW - FIXED, MALE . JACKSCREW - FIXED, FEMALE . WASHER, PLAIN, 8 . NUT, HEXAGON, 8-32 . NUT, ACORN, 8-32 . SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 6-32 x 3/8 . WASHER, LOCK, SPRING, 6 . WASHER, PLAIN, 6	2 1 1 1 1 1 4 2 2	
-41 -41	$24531601 \\ 95899800$. PLUG . PLUG, 250 VAC, STRAIGHT BLADE	1 1	A B
- -42 -43 -43 -44 -44 -45 -46 -47	$\begin{array}{c} 86924601\\ 86922105\\ 86922107\\ 86909305\\ 86909307\\ 86923905\\ 86923905\\ 86923907\\ 94206908\\ 10127142\\ 10125607\\ \end{array}$		 CABINET ASSEMBLY CABINET (HARVEST GOLD) CABINET (LIGHT GRAY) COVER, SIDE (HARVEST GOLD) COVER, SIDE (LIGHT GRAY) REAR DOOR (HARVEST GOLD) REAR DOOR (LIGHT GRAY) CABLE, NYLON SCREW, MACHINE, PAN HEAD, 10-32 x 3/8 WASHER, PLAIN, 10 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2	

4			2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	-8	°
INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	PART CODE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	MOD CODE
12- 12- -1 -2 -3 -4 -5 -6* -7* -8 -9 -10 -	86878501 86878502 95879001 95879003 95879102 95879102 95879104 95879104 95879103 59535301 86879001 86878200 24512301		SWITCH PANEL ASSEMBLY - 5 POSITION SWITCH PANEL ASSEMBLY - 7 POSITION . INDICATOR, ELECT, ILLUMINATED - "HOPPER" . INDICATOR, ELECT, ILLUMINATED - "STACK" . SWITCH, ILLUMINATED, PUSHBUTTON - "READ CHECK" . SWITCH, ILLUMINATED, PUSHBUTTON - "RESET" . SWITCH, ILLUMINATED, PUSHBUTTON - "PUNCH" . SWITCH, ILLUMINATED, PUSHBUTTON - "PUNCH" . SWITCH, ILLUMINATED, PUSHBUTTON - "MARK" . BOARD ASSEMBLY, TYPE 5353 (SEE FIGURE 8-17) . CABLE ASSEMBLY . PLATE, SWITCH . LAMP *TAB 02 ONLY	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5/7	

SWITCH PANEL ASSEMBLY

.

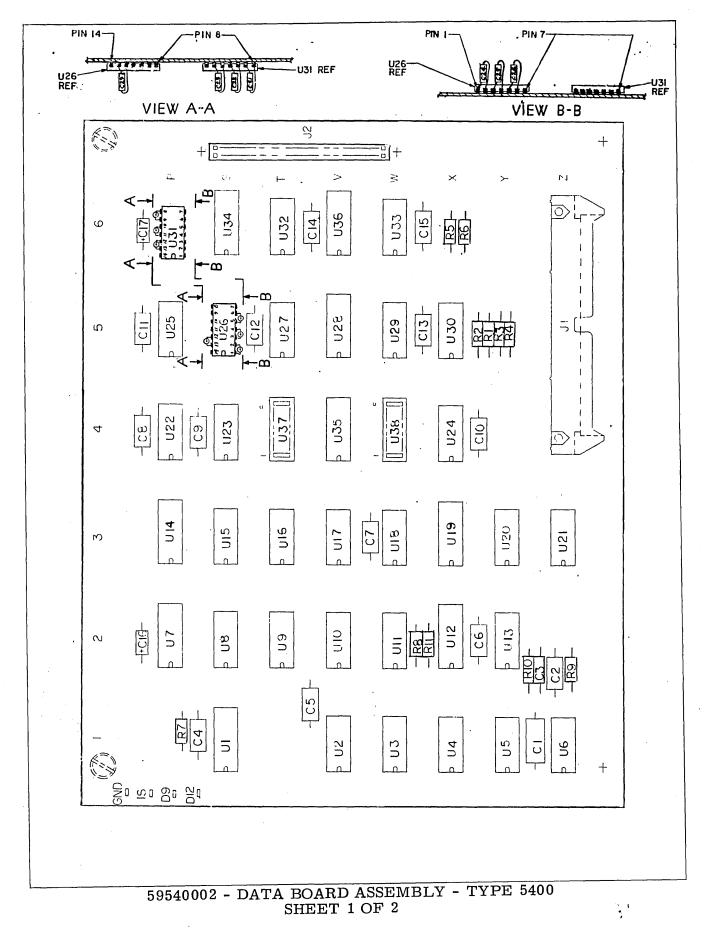


FIGURE 8-13

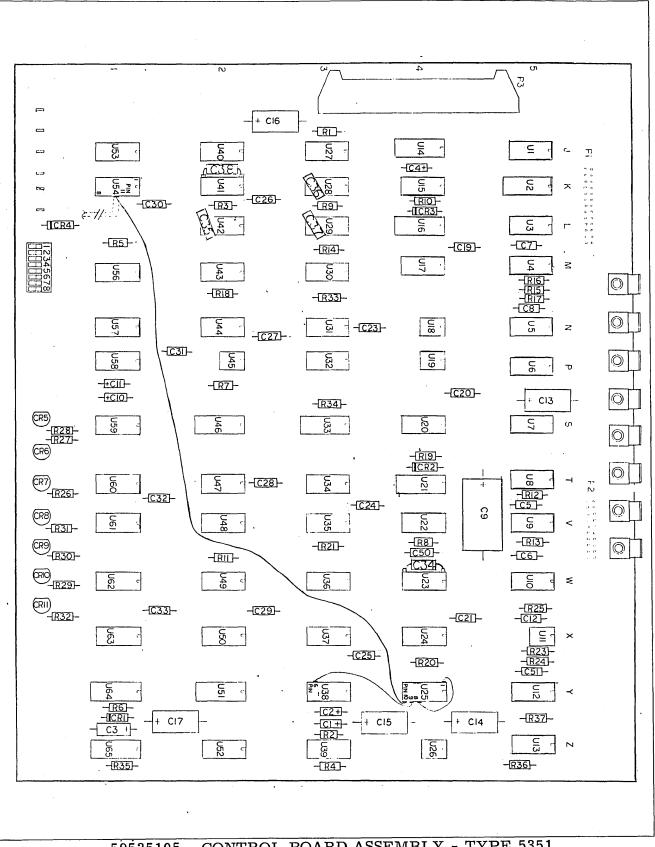
49757900 - F

INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
U1 U2 U3 U4 U5 U6 U7 U8 U9 U10 U11 U12 U13 U14 U15 U16 U13 U14 U15 U16 U13 U14 U15 U14 U19 U21 U22 U23 U22 U23 U22 U22 U22 U23 U22 U22	95945500 36187200 94916111 94916111 95880700 95871000 9583800 95883800 94916111 94916120 94918809 95871000 95883800 95883800 95883800 95883800 95883800 94918811 94916125 94916125 94916125 94916125 94916125 94916125 94916125 94916125 94916125 94916125 94916125 94916125 94916125 94916125 94916125 94916125 95880700 17183801 17183801 17183801 95903808 95903808	INTEGRATED CIRCUITS INT CKT, 745113N INT CKT, 7410 INT CKT, 74107 INT CKT, 7414 INT CKT, 74173 INT CKT, 74L73 INT CKT, 74107 INT CKT, 74L73 INT CKT, 74107 INT CKT, 74173 INT CKT, 7400/9002 INT CKT, 74173 INT CKT, SN 7401/9016 INT CKT, SN 7486 INT CKT, SN 7486 INT CKT, SN 7486 INT CKT, SN 7486 INT CKT, TYPE 7416-N INT CKT, RES, MOD, 1.0K, 16 PINS INT CKT, RES, MOD, 1.0K, 16 PINS INT CKT, RES, MOD, 1.0K, 16 PINS INT CKT, SW, DUAL-IN-LINE PKG INT CKT, SW, DUAL-IN-LINE PKG	$\begin{array}{c} C1\\ C2\\ C3\\ C4\\ C5\\ C6\\ C7\\ C8\\ C9\\ C10\\ C11\\ C12\\ C13\\ C14\\ C15\\ C16\\ C17\\ C22\\ C23\\ C24\\ C25\\ C26\\ C29\\ \end{array}$	36137104 24561316 94690303 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561313 24690303 94690303 94690303 94690303 94690303	CAPACITORS CAP, VARI, .0022 UF, 100 WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, .047 UF, 25 WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, 0.001 UF, 100 WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, 0.47 UF, 25 WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, .047 UF, 25 WVDC CAP, SOLID, 15.0 UF, 15 WVDC CAP, SOLID, 15.0 UF, 15 WVDC CAP, SOLID, 15.0 UF, 15 WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, 0.001 UF, 100 WVDC CAP,
R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R10 R11	24500047 24500051 24500047 24500051 24500063 24500063 24500050 24500063	RESISTORS RES, FXD, COMP, 220. 0 OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 330. 0 OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 220. 0 OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 330. 0 OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 1.0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 1.0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 300. 0 OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 1.0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 1.0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W			

59540002 - DATA BOARD ASSEMBLY - TYPE 5400 SHEET 2 OF 2

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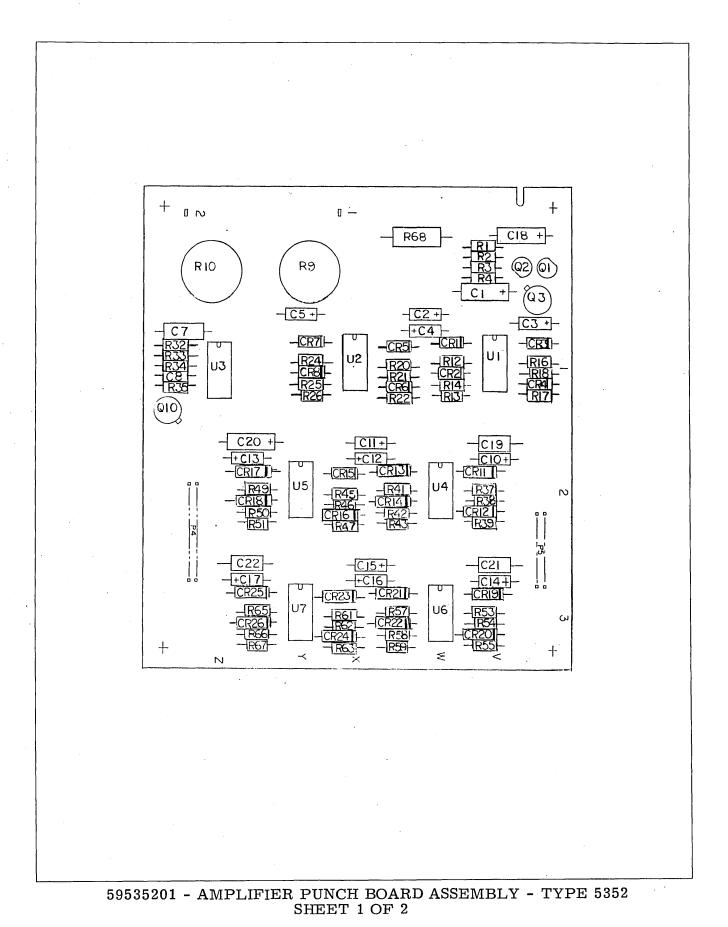


59535105 - CONTROL BOARD ASSEMBLY - TYPE 5351 SHEET 1 OF 2

49757900-F

INDEX NO.	EQUIPMENT PART NUMBER	ITEM DESCRIPTION	INDEX NO.	EQUIPMENT PART NUMBER	ITEM DESCRIPTION
		INTEGRATED CIRCUITS			RESISTORS
$\begin{array}{c} U1\\ U2\\ U3\\ U5\\ U6\\ U7\\ U8\\ U9\\ U10\\ U11\\ U12\\ U13\\ U14\\ U15\\ U16\\ U17\\ U18\\ U19\\ U20\\ U21\\ U22\\ U23\\ U24\\ U25\\ U25\\ U25\\ U25\\ U25\\ U25\\ U25\\ U25$	95880700 94916120 95880700 50255000 51801200 15107000 94916109 94913100 36186800 94916109 94916120 36186800 94916120 36187000 94931200 36186800 94931200 36186800 95876100 36187100 94916109 51801200	INT CKT, 7414 INT CKT, 74193 INT CKT, 7414 INT CKT, 745113 INT CKT, 745113 INT CKT, TYPE 7408 INT CKT, SN7474N INT CKT, SN7474N INT CKT, 7400 INT CKT, 75451 INT CKT, 74193 INT CKT, 74193 INT CKT, 74193 MICRO CKT, SN7474N INT CKT, 75451 INT CKT, 75451 INT CKT, 75451 INT CKT, 75451 INT CKT, 74123 INT CKT, 74123 INT CKT, 74123 INT CKT, SN7474N INT CKT, SN7474N INT CKT, SN7474N INT CKT, SN7474N INT CKT, TYPE 7408	R1 R2 R3 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 R10 R11 R12 R13 R14 R15 R16 R17 R18 R16 R21 R21 R23 R24 R25 R25 R26	$\begin{array}{c} 24500063\\$	RES, FXD, COMP, 1. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 1. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W
U26 U27 U28 U29 U30 U31 U32 U33 U34 U35 U36 U37 U38	94931200 94916109 51801200 36186800 94918812 51801200 36187500 94916120 36187000 94913100 94913100 94913100	INT CKT, 75451 INT CKT, SN7474N INT CKT, TYPE 7408 INT CKT, 7400 INT CKT, SN7405N INT CKT, TYPE 7408 INT CKT, TYPE 7408 INT CKT, TYPE 7440 INT CKT, TYPE 7440 INT CKT, TYPE 7451 INT CKT, TYPE 7451 INT CKT, TYPE 7451 INT CKT, SN7404	R27 R28 R29 R30 R31 R32 R33 R34 R35 R36 R35 R36 R37	24500063 24500063 24500063 24500063 24500063 24500063 24500063 24500063 24500063 24500063 24500063	RES, FXD, COMP, 1. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 1. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W
$\begin{array}{c} U39\\ U39\\ U40\\ U41\\ U42\\ U43\\ U44\\ U45\\ U46\\ U47\\ U48\\ U49\\ U50\\ U51\\ U52\\ U53\\ U54\\ U56\\ U57\\ U58\\ U59\\ U60\\ U61\\ U62\\ U63\\ U64\\ U65\\ \end{array}$	36187500 94916109 94916109 94916109 94916109 94916109 94916109 36187600 15106800 15106800 36187000 36187000 36187000 36187000 94916109 94916109 949650600 36187100 36186800 9491812 94918812 94918812 94918812	INT CKT, TYPE 7440 INT CKT, SN7474N INT CKT, SN7474N INT CKT, SN7404 INT CKT, SN7404 INT CKT, SN7474N INT CKT, T7427N INT CKT, 7427N INT CKT, 7427N MICRO CKT, SN7402 MICRO CKT, SN7402 INT CKT, 7410 INT CKT, 7410 INT CKT, 7410 INT CKT, SN7474N MICRO CKT, SN7474N MICRO CKT, SN7402 INT CKT, SN7474N INT CKT, SN7474N INT CKT, SN7404 INT CKT, SN7405N INT CKT, SN7405N INT CKT, 74103 INT CKT, 74193 INT CKT, 74123 DIODES	$\begin{array}{c} C1\\ C2\\ C3\\ C4\\ C5\\ C6\\ C7\\ C8\\ C9\\ C10\\ C11\\ C12\\ C13\\ C14\\ C15\\ C16\\ C17\\ C19\\ C20\\ C21\\ C223\\ C24\\ C25\\ C26\\ C27\\ C28\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 24504313\\ 24504313\\ 24504310\\ 24505269\\ 24561316\\ 24561316\\ 24561316\\ 24561316\\ 2456225\\ 24505225\\ 24505225\\ 24505225\\ 24505384\\ 94685384\\ $	CAPACITORS CAP, SOLID, 0. 047UF, 35WVDC CAP, SOLID, 0. 047UF, 35WVDC CAP, SOLID, 4. 7UF, 6WVDC CAP, SOLID, 4. 7UF, 6WVDC CAP, SOLID, 4. 7UF, 6WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, .047UF, 25WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, .047UF, 25WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, .047UF, 25WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, .047UF, 25WVDC CAP, SOLID, 0. 47UF, 35WVDC CAP, ELECTL, 220UF CAP, FXD, CER, .047UF, 25WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, .047UF, 25WVDC
CR1 CR2 CR3 CR4 CR5 CR6 CR7 CR8 CR9 CR10 CR11	51001239 51001239 51001239 11801200 95883200 95883200 95883200 95883200 95883200 95883200 95883200	DIODE, SILICON, SWITCH, IN3064 DIODE, SILICON, SWITCH, IN3064 DIODE, SILICON, SWITCH, IN3064 DIODE, SILICON, SWITCH, IN3064 DIODE, LIGHT EMITTING DIODE, LIGHT EMITTING DIODE, LIGHT EMITTING DIODE, LIGHT EMITTING DIODE, LIGHT EMITTING DIODE, LIGHT EMITTING DIODE, LIGHT EMITTING	C28 C29 C30 C31 C32 C33 C34 C35 C36 C36 C37 C38 C50 C51	24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 24561316 10762421 10752403 10762403 10762403 10762419 24561316 24561316	CAP, FXD, CER, . 047UF, 25WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, . 047UF, 50WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, . 01UF, 50WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, . 01UF, 50WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, . 01UF, 50WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, . 047UF, 25WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, . 047UF, 25WVDC

59535105 - CONTROL BOARD ASSEMBLY - TYPE 5351 SHEET 2 OF 2



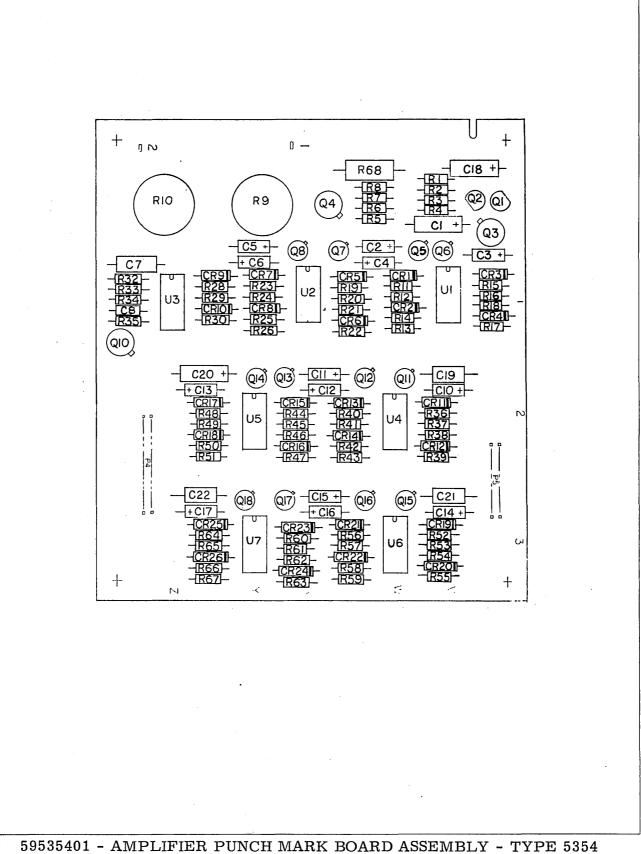
49757900-A

FIGURE 8-15

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INDEX NO.	EQUIPMENT PART NUMBER	ITEM DESCRIPTION	INDEX NO.	EQUIPMENT PART NUMBER	ITEM DESCRIPTION
R1 R2 R3 R4 R9 R10 R12 R13	24500080 24500094 24500071 2450087 95883401 95883400 95856368 17705908	RESISTORS RES, FXD, COMP, 5. 1K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 20. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 2. 2K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 10. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, VAR, WW, 10 OHMS 2W RES, VAR, WW, 5 OHMS, 10%, 2W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W	U1 U2 U3 U4 U5 U6 U7	95883700 95883700 95883700 95883700 95883700 95883700 95883700 95883700	INTEGRATED CIRCUITS INT.CKT, LM3900 INT CKT, LM3900
$\begin{array}{c} {\rm R14}\\ {\rm R16}\\ {\rm R17}\\ {\rm R20}\\ {\rm R21}\\ {\rm R22}\\ {\rm R224}\\ {\rm R225}\\ {\rm R33}\\ {\rm R34}\\ {\rm R35}\\ {\rm R39}\\ {\rm R41}\\ {\rm R423}\\ {\rm R445}\\ {\rm R445}\\ {\rm R445}\\ {\rm R446}\\ {\rm R447}\\ {\rm R450}\\ {\rm R51}\\ \end{array}$	95856325 95856368 95856325 17705908 95856368 17705908 95856325 95856368 95856325 17705908 24500063 17705903 17705903 17705908 95856325 95856368 17705908 95856325 17705908 95856325 95856325 95856325 95856325 95856325	RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 100. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W	$\begin{array}{c} C1\\ C2\\ C3\\ C4\\ C5\\ C7\\ C8\\ C10\\ C11\\ C12\\ C13\\ C14\\ C15\\ C16\\ C17\\ C18\\ C19\\ C20\\ C21\\ C22\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 24505269\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24561318\\ 10762410\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504316\\ 24561318\\ 24561318\\ 24561318\\ 24561318\\ \end{array}$	CAPACITORS CAP, SOLID, 47 UF, 6WVDC CAP, SOLID, 22UF, 35WVDC CAP, SOLID, 15UF, 6WVDC CAP, SOLID, 15UF, 6WVDC CAP, SOLID, 15UF, 6WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, 1UF, 25WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, 1UF, 25WVDC
R51 R53 R54 R55 R57 R58 R59 R61 R62 R63 R62 R63 R65 R66 R67 R68	$\begin{array}{c} 1705908\\ 95856368\\ 17705908\\ 95856325\\ 95856325\\ 95856325\\ 17705908\\ 95856368\\ 17705908\\ 95856325\\ 95856325\\ 95856325\\ 95856325\\ 17705908\\ 24507151\\ \end{array}$	RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 5. 1 OHMS, 5%, 1/4W	CR1 CR2 CR3 CR4 CR5 CR6 CR7 CR8 CR11 CR12 CR12 CR13 CR14	25175800 25175800 25175800 25175800 25175800 25175800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800	DIODES DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914
Q1 Q2 Q3 Q10	95883000 95883000 50210801 51565800	TRANSISTORS TRANS, 2N5139 TRANS, 2N5139 TRANS, SILICON, 2N3569 TRANS, NPN, SILICON, 2N3566	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm CR15} \\ {\rm CR16} \\ {\rm CR17} \\ {\rm CR18} \\ {\rm CR20} \\ {\rm CR21} \\ {\rm CR22} \\ {\rm CR22} \\ {\rm CR23} \\ {\rm CR24} \\ {\rm CR25} \\ {\rm CR26} \end{array}$	25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800	DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914

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59535401 - AMPLIFIER PUNCH MARK BOARD ASSEMBLY - TYPE 5354 SHEET 1 OF 2

FIGURE 8-16

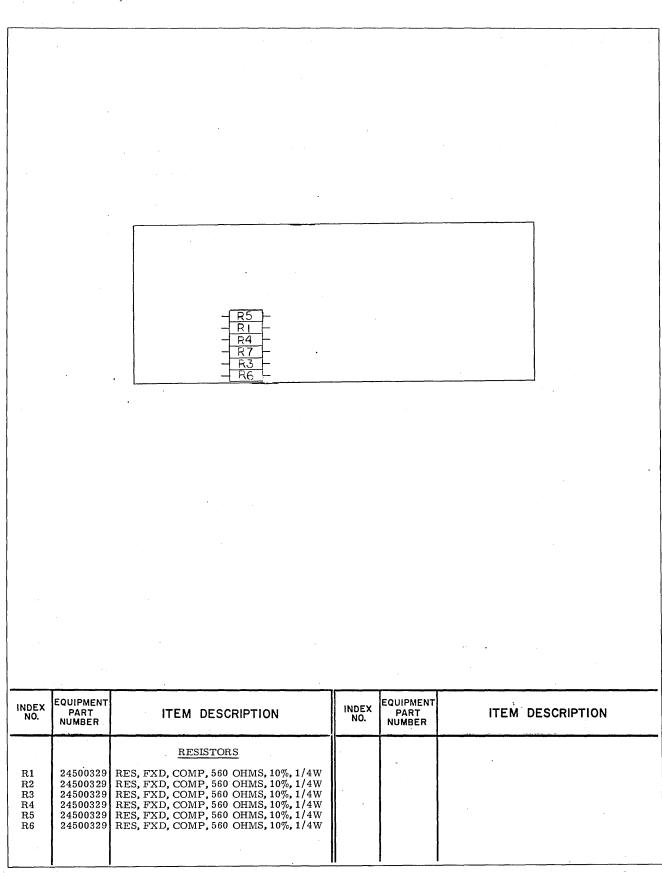
497579**00-**A

INDEX NO.	EQUIPMENT PART NUMBER	ITEM DESCRIPTION	INDEX NO.	EQUIPMENT PART NUMBER	ITEM DESCRIPTION
R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 P5	$\begin{array}{c} 24500080\\ 24500094\\ 24500071\\ 24500087\\ 24500063\\ 24500063\\ 24500043\end{array}$	RESISTORS RES, FXD, COMP, 5. 1K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 20. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 2. 2K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 10. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 1. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 150. 0 OHMS, 5%, 1/4W	CR5 CR6	25175800 25175800 25175800 25175800 25175800 25175800 26172800	DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914
R7 R8 R9 R10 R11 R12 R13 R14 R15	24500063 24500063 95883401 95856364 95856364 95856368 17705098 17705098 95856364	RES, FXD, COMP, 1. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 1. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, VAR, WW, 10 OHMS, 2W RES, VAR, WW, 5 OHMS, 10%, 2W RES, FXD, FILM, 61. 9K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 61. 9K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W	CR7 CR8 CR9 CR10 CR11 CR12 CR13 CR14 CR15	25175800 25175800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800	DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914
R16 R17 R18 R19 R20 R21 R22 R23 R23	$\begin{array}{r} 95856368\\ 95856325\\ 17705908\\ 95856364\\ 95856368\\ 17705908\\ 95856325\\ 95856325\\ 95856364\end{array}$	RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1KOHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3KOHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0KOHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 61. 9KOHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1KOHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3KOHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 61. 9KOHMS, 1%, 1/4W	CR16 CR17 CR18 CR19 CR20 CR21 CR20 CR21 CR20 CR23	25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800 25172800	DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914
R24 R25 R26 R28 R29 R30 R32 R33	95856368 95856325 17705908 95856345 17705908 95856325 24500063 17705903	RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1KOHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3KOHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0KOHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 39. 2KOHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0KOHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3KOHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 1. 0KOHMS, 5%, 1/4W	CR24 CR25 CR26	25172800 25172800 25172800 95883000 95883000	DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 DIODE, IN914 <u>TRANSISTORS</u> TRANS, 2N5139 TRANS, 2N5139
R34 R35 R36 R37 R38 R39 R40	$\begin{array}{c} 17705912\\ 24500063\\ 95856364\\ 95856368\\ 17705908\\ 95856325\\ 95856325\\ 95856364\end{array}$	RES, FXDCOMP, 10,0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 1. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 61. 9K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1KOHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W	Q2 Q3 Q4 Q5 Q6 Q7 Q8 Q10	50210801 51565800 95883100 95883100 95883100 95883100 51565800	TRANS, NPN, SILICON, 2N3569 TRANS, NPN, SILICON, 2N3566 TRANS, 2N3330 TRANS, 2N3330 TRANS, 2N3330 TRANS, 2N3330 TRANS, 2N3330
R41 R42 R43 R44 R45 R46 R47 R48	95856368 95856325 17705908 95856364 95856368 17705908 95856325 95856325	RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 61.9K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3KOHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 61. 9K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W	Q11 Q12 Q13 Q14 Q15 Q16 Q17 Q18	95883100 95883100 95883100 95883100 95883100 95883100 95883100 95883100	TRANS, 2N3330 TRANS, 2N3330 TRANS, 2N3330 TRANS, 2N3330 TRANS, 2N3330 TRANS, 2N3330 TRANS, 2N3330 TRANS, 2N3330
R49 R50 R51 R52 R53 R54 R55 R56	95856368 95856325 17705908 95856364 95856368 17705908 95856329 95856329 95856364	RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 61. 9K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 61. 9K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5	24505269 24504321 24504321 24504321 24504321 24504321	CAPACITORS CAP, SOLID, 47UF, 6WVDC CAP, SOLID, .22UF, 35WVDC CAP, SOLID, .22UF, 35WVDC CAP, SOLID, .22UF, 35WVDC CAP, SOLID, .22UF, 35WVDC
R57 R58 R59 R60 R61 R62 R63 R64 R65	95856368 95856325 17705908 95856364 95856368 17705908 95856325 95856364 95856364 95856368	RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0K OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 61. 9K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 61. 9K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, FILM, 68. 1K OHMS, 1%, 1/4W	C6 C7 C8 C10 C11 C12 C13 C14 C15	$\begin{array}{c} 24504321\\ 24561318\\ 10762410\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ 24504321\\ \end{array}$	CAP, SOLID, 22UF, 35WVDC CAP, SOLID, 22UF, 35WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, 1UF, 25WVDC CAP, SOLID, 22UF, 35WVDC CAP, SOLID, 22UF, 35WVDC
R66 R67 R68 U1 U2	95856325 17705908 24507151 95883700 95883700	RES, FXD, FILM, 24. 3KOHMS, 1%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 68. 0KOHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 5. 1 OHMS, 5%, 1/4W <u>INTEGRATED CIRCUITS</u> INT CKT, LM3900 INT CKT, LM3900	C16 C17 C18 C19 C20 C21 C22	24504321 24504321 24504316 24561318 24504316 24561318 24561318	CAP, SOLID, 22UF, 35WVDC CAP, SOLID, 22UF, 35WVDC CAP, SOLID, 15UF, 6WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, 1UF, 25WVDC CAP, SOLID, 15UF, 6WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, 1UF, 25WVDC
U2 U3 U4 U5 U6 U7	95883700 95883700 95883700 95883700 95883700 95883700	INT CKT, LM3900 INT CKT, LM3900 INT CKT, LM3900 INT CKT, LM3900 INT CKT, LM3900 INT CKT, LM3900			- S

59535401 - AMPLIFIER PUNCH MARK BOARD ASSEMBLY - TYPE 5354 SHEET 2 OF 2

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59535301 - SWITCH PUNCH OR MARK BOARD ASSEMBLY - TYPE 5353

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	· ·	 I		2	-[[]]	3	-[<u>C4+</u>]- 4 -
		T - UI		⊳ U2		- U 3	► U4
	. `	V = U5		- U6		⊃ U22	
	V	-[C5]- N = U8	-	-[C6]- - U9]	-[[7]-	[<u>C.8</u>] UIO
		X P UII		- U12	(⊃ UI3	P U14
		- <u>C9</u> - - U15	-	- <u>[CIO</u>] <u>UI6</u>		- <u>CII</u> - - UI7	- <u>CI2</u> -
	ž			⊳ 0 1 9	E	∍ U 2 0	
		•			JI	•	
INDEX NO.	EQUIPMENT PART NUMBER	ITEM	DESCRI	PTION	INDEX NO.	EQUIPMENT PART NUMBER	ITEM DESCRIPTION
		INTEGRAT	ED CIR	CUITS			<u>CAPACITORS</u>
U1 U2 U3 U4 U5 U6 U7 U8 U9 U10 U11 U12 U13 U14	94918813 36187100 36187200 36186800 15105000 36186800 17183800 51801200 94916120 17183800 15105000 95883800 95883800 17183800	INT CKT, 7410 INT CKT, 7400	04 7416 7408 7416 07		$\begin{array}{c} C1 \\ C2 \\ C3 \\ C4 \\ C5 \\ C6 \\ C7 \\ C8 \\ C9 \\ C10 \\ C11 \\ C12 \\ C13 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16431428\\ 16431428\\ 16431428\\ 16431428\\ 24561316\\ 24561316\\ 24561316\\ 24561316\\ 24561316\\ 24561316\\ 24561316\\ 24561316\\ 10762422\\ \end{array}$	CAP, SOLID, 15.0 UF, 15 WVDC CAP, FXD, CER, .047 UF, 25 WVDC
U15 U16 U17 U18 U19 U20 U21 U22	95880700 95883800 95883800 17183800 95883800 95883800 95883800 95903808	INT CKT, 7414 INT CKT, 74L73 INT CKT, 74L73 INT CKT, TYPE INT CKT, 74L73 INT CKT, 74L73 INT CKT, 74L73	7416 MOD , 1 .		R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7	$\begin{array}{c} 24500047\\ 24500051\\ 24500047\\ 24500051\\ 24500051\\ 24500051\\ 24500053\\ \end{array}$	RESISTORS RES, FXD, COMP, 220. 0 OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 330. 0 OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 220. 0 OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 330. 0 OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 330. 0 OHMS, 5%, 1/4W RES, FXD, COMP, 390. 0 OHMS, 5%, 1/4W

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59535501 - DATA BOARD ASSEMBLY - TYPE 5355

FIGURE 8-18

COMMENT SHEET

PLEASE COMPLETE ITEMS 1 THRU 11

From			
(I) NAME			
(2) DEPARTMENT OR ATTENTION OF			
(3) STREET ADDRESS	<u></u>	<u></u>	
(4) CITY AND STATE			
Manual		Equipment	(From Equipment
Information (Fr	rom Revision Record)	Information	Nameplate & FCO Log)
(5) MANUAL TITLE		(9) EQUIPMENT NO. AND DESCRIPTIC	ON
(6) PUBLICATION NO.	(7) REVISION	(IO) SERIES CODE	
(8) FCO'S INCORPORATED INTO MANUAL	L	(11) FCO'S INCORPORATED INTO EQUI	IPMENT

Comments

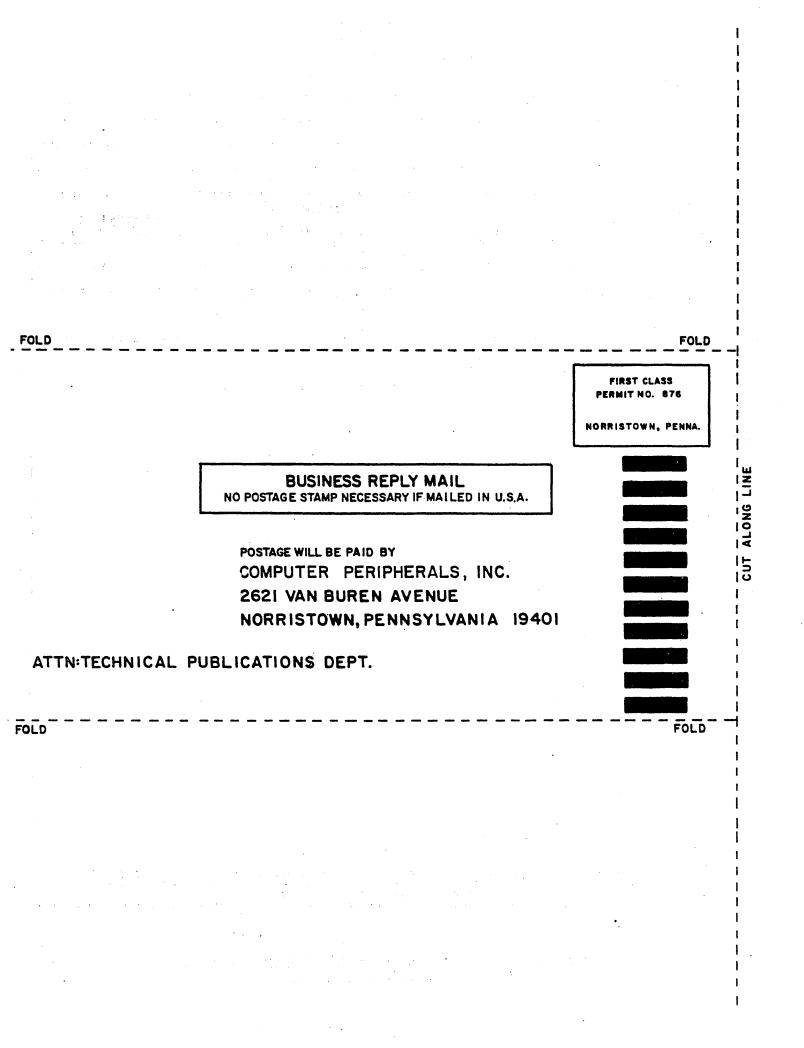
CUT ALONG LINE

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