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		SHARP CORPORATION	AVC LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY
		SPECIFICATION	GROUP
		DEVICE SPECIFICATION F	FOR
	le		

MODEL No. LK315T3LA57

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL	
DATE	
	PRESENTED
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	MODULE DEVELOPMENT CENTER
	AVC LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP

SHARP CORPORATION

# RECORDS OF REVISION

MODEL No.: LK315T3LA57

SPEC No.: LD-K21306

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#### 1. Application

This specification applies to the color 31.5" Wide XGA TFT-LCD module LK315T3LA57.

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#### 2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (<u>Thin Film Transistor</u>). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, power supply circuit, inverter circuit and back light system etc. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a 1366×RGB×768 dots panel with 16,777,216 colors by using LVDS (<u>Low Voltage Differential Signaling</u>) to interface, +12V of DC supply voltages.

This module also includes the DC/AC inverter to drive the CCFT. (+24V of DC supply voltage)

And in order to improve the response time of LCD, this module applies the Over Shoot driving (O/S driving) technology for the control circuit .In the O/S driving technology, signals are being applied to the Liquid Crystal according to a pre-fixed process as an image signal of the present frame when a difference is found between image signal of the previous frame and that of the current frame after comparing them.

By using the captioned process, the image signals of this LCD module are being set so that image response can be completed within one frame, as a result, image blur can be improved and clear image performance can be realized.

3. Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specifications	Unit	
Display size	80.039 (Diagonal)	cm	
Display Size	31.5 (Diagonal)	inch	
Active area	697.69 (H) × 392.26 (V)	mm	
Pixel Format	1366 (H) × 768 (V)	pixel	
Fixer Format	(1pixel = R + G + B dot)	pixei	
Pixel pitch	0.51075(H) × 0.51075 (V)	mm	
Pixel configuration	R,G, B vertical stripe		
Display mode	Normally black		
Unit Outline Dimensions (*1)	$760.0(W) \times 450.0(H) \times 50.0 max(D)$	mm	
Mass	5.0	kg	
Surface treatment	Low-Haze Anti Glare		
Surface treatment	Hard coating: 2H		

(\*1) Outline dimensions are shown in Fig.1

## 4. Input Terminals

4-1. TFT panel driving

CN1 (Interface signals and +12V DC power supply) (Shown in Fig.1)

Using connector : FI-X30SSL-HF (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind., Ltd.)

Matching connector : FI-X30H/FI-X30HL, FI-X30C/FI-X30C2L

or FI-X30M (Japan Aviation Electronics Ind., Ltd.)

Matching LVDS transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (THine) or equivalent device

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark				
1	VCC	+12V Power Supply					
2	VCC	+12V Power Supply					
3	VCC	+12V Power Supply					
4	VCC	+12V Power Supply					
5	GND	Ground					
6	GND	Ground					
7	GND	Ground					
8	GND	Ground					
9	SELLVDS	Select LVDS data order [Note 1]	Default: Pull up (H:3.3V) [Note 2]				
10	Reserved	Not Available					
11	GND	Ground					
12	RIN0-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS				
13	RIN0+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input LVDS					
14	GND	Ground					
15	RIN1-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS				
16	RIN1+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS				
17	GND	Ground					
18	RIN2-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS				
19	RIN2+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS				
20	GND	Ground					
21	CLKIN-	Clock Signal(-)	LVDS				
22	CLKIN+	Clock Signal(+)	LVDS				
23	GND	Ground					
24	RIN3-	Negative (-) LVDS differential data input	LVDS				
25	RIN3+	Positive (+) LVDS differential data input	LVDS				
26	GND	Ground					
27	Reserved	Not Available					
28	Reserved	Not Available					
29	GND	Ground					
30	GND	Ground					

[Note] GND of a liquid crystal panel drive part has connected with a module chassis.

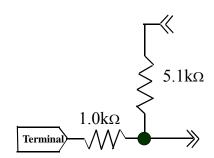
## [Note1] SELLVDS

Transmitter		SELLVDS		
Pin No	Data	= L(GND)	= H(3.3V) or Open	
51	TA0	R0(LSB)	R2	
52	TA1	R1	R3	
54	TA2	R2	R4	
55	TA3	R3	R5	
56	TA4	R4	R6	
3	TA5	R5	R7(MSB)	
4	TA6	G0(LSB)	G2	
6	TB0	G1	G3	
7	TB1	G2	G4	
11	TB2	G3	G5	
12	TB3	G4	G6	
14	TB4	G5	G7(MSB)	
15	TB5	B0(LSB)	B2	
19	TB6	B1	В3	
20	TC0	B2	B4	
22	TC1	В3	B5	
23	TC2	B4	В6	
24	TC3	B5	B7(MSB)	
27	TC4	NA	NA	
28	TC5	NA	NA	
30	TC6	DE(*)	DE(*)	
50	TD0	R6	R0(LSB)	
2	TD1	R7(MSB)	R1	
8	TD2	G6	G0(LSB)	
10	TD3	G7(MSB)	G1	
16	TD4	В6	B0(LSB)	
18	TD5	B7(MSB)	B1	
25	TD6	NA	NA	

NA: Not Available

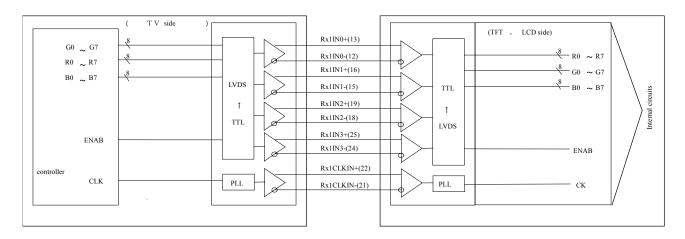
(\*) Since the display position is prescribed by the rise of DE (Display Enable) signal, please do not fix DE signal during operation at "High."

[Note 2] The equivalent circuit figure of the terminal

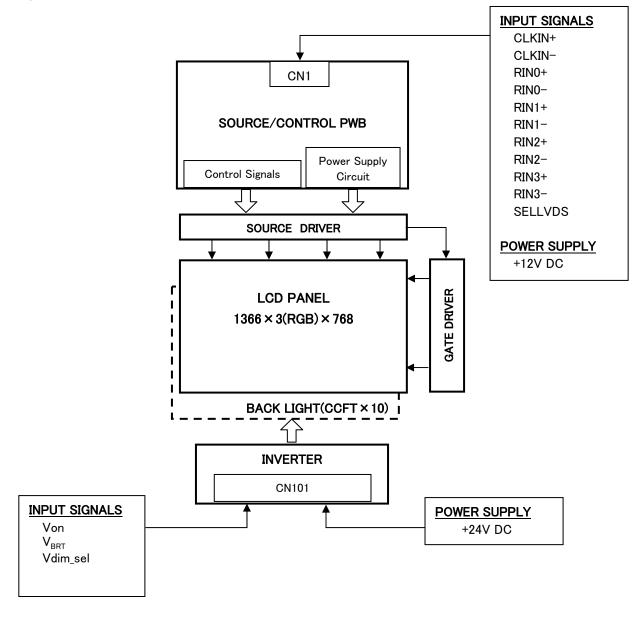


## · Interface block diagram

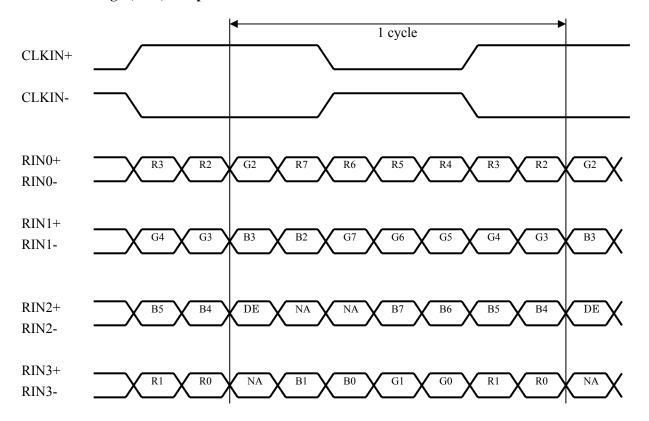
Corresponding Transmitter: THC63LVDM83R (THine) or equivalent device



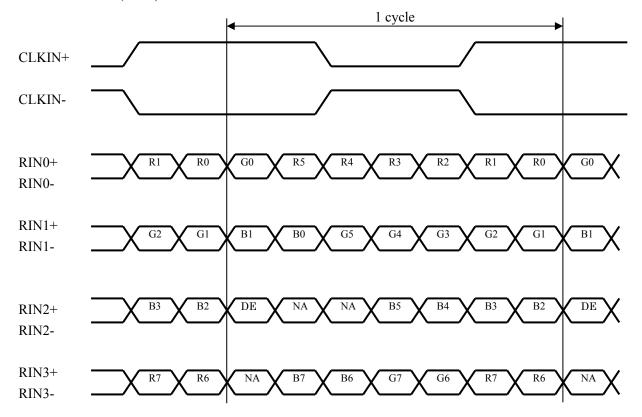
## · Block Diagram (LCD Module)



## SELLVDS= High (3.3V) or Open



## **SELLVDS= Low(GND)**



DE: Display Enable

NA: Not Available (Fixed Low)

#### 4-2. Backlight driving

CN101 (Inverter control)

Using connector: S14B-PHA-SM-TB(JST)

Matching connector: PHAR-14 (JST)

		( )			
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Default(OPEN)	Input Impedance	Remark
1	$V_{INV}$	+24V			
2	$V_{INV}$	+24V			
3	$V_{INV}$	+24V			
4	$V_{INV}$	+24V			
5	$V_{INV}$	+24V			
6	GND	Ground			
7	GND	Ground			
8	GND	Ground			
9	GND	Ground			
10	GND	Ground			
11	Reserved	-	Non connect (OPEN)	-	
12	Von	Inverter ON/OFF	Inverter OFF	42 kΩ	[Note 1]
13	$V_{\mathrm{BRT}}$	Brightness Control	3.3V : pull up Duty 100%	135 kΩ	[Note 3]
14	Vdim_sel	PWM selection	3.3V : pull up Selected Analog PWM	80 kΩ	[Note 2]

## [Note 1] Inverter ON/OFF

Input voltage	Function
3.3V	Inverter: ON
0V	Inverter: OFF (Default)

## [Note 2] PWM selection

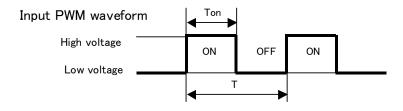
Pin No.14 is used for the selection of dimming control for V<sub>BRT</sub> pin (Pin No.13).

Input voltage	$ m V_{BRT}$
0V	Pulse PWM
3.3V	Analog PWM

## [Note 3] Brightness Control (Pulse PWM Dimming)

## 1. Pulse PWM Dimming

Pin No.13 is used for the control of the PWM duty with input pulse from 100Hz to 200Hz.



High:  $2.3 \sim 3.3 \text{V}$  / Low:  $0 \sim 1.0 \text{V}$ 

Ta=25°C

		MIN	TYP	MAX	Remark
Pulse signal	[Hz]	100	120	200	
DUTY (Ton/T)	[%]	25	<->	100	
Dimming level	[%]	10	<->	100	Pulse signal=120Hz
(Brightness ratio)					_

[Note] Dimming level is reference value.

#### 2. Analog PWM Dimming

Pin No.13 is used for the dimming control with input voltage from 0 to 3.15V (when Analog PWM is selected with Pin 14.)

Ta=25°C

	MIN	TYP	<->	MAX	Function
Input voltage [V]	0	<->	3.15	3.30	OV: Doub - 9 15V: Duimbe
Brightness ratio [%]	10	<->	100	100	0V: Dark - 3.15V: Bright

[Note] PWM frequency: 165±10Hz

#### 4-3. The back light system characteristics

The back light system is direct type with 10 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

The characteristics of the lamp are shown in the following table.

The value mentioned below is at the case of one CCFT.

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
		_	60000	_		Duty= 100%
			00000			[Note]
Life time	$T_{\rm L}$				Hour	10% of total operation time: 10% dimming
		25000	-	-		90% of total operation time: more than 20%
						dimming [Note]

- Note] Lamp life time is defined as the time when brightness becomes 50% of the original value in the continuous operation under the condition of Ta=25°C and brightness control (V<sub>BRT</sub>=3.3V).
  - Above value is applicable when the long side of LCD module is placed horizontally. (Landscape position). (Lamp lifetime may vary if LCD module is in portrait position due to the change of mercury density inside the lamp.)

#### 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Input voltage (for Control)	Vı	Ta=25°C	<b>-</b> 0.3 ∼ 3.6	V	[Note 1]
+12V supply voltage (for Control)	$V_{CC}$	Ta=25°C	0~+15	V	
Input voltage (for Inverter)	$egin{array}{c} V_{ m BRT} \ V_{ m ON} \end{array}$	Ta=25°C	0~+6	V	
+24V supply voltage (for Inverter)	$V_{\mathrm{INV}}$	Ta=25°C	0 ~ +29	V	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-	<b>-</b> 25 ∼ +60	°C	D. 1. 01
Operation temperature (Ambient)	Тора	-	0~+50	°C	[Note 2]

[Note 1] SELLVDS

[Note 2] Humidity 95%RH Max.( $Ta \le 40$ °C)

Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less.(Ta > 40°C), No condensation.

#### **6. Electrical Characteristics**

#### 6-1. Control circuit driving

Ta=25°C

Pa	Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Uniit	Remark
	Supply voltage		$V_{CC}$	+11.4	+12.0	+12.6	V	[Note 1]
+12V supply			$I_{CC}$	-	300	600	mA	[Note 2]
voltage	Curre	ent dissipation	$I_{RUSH}$	-	1500	2700	mA	[Note 5]
			$T_{RUSH}$	-	0.5	•	ms	[Note 5]
Permissible is	nput r	ipple voltage	$V_{RP}$	-	1	100	mV <sub>P-P</sub>	Vcc = +12.0V
Differential i	input High		$V_{TH}$	-	ı	100	mV	$V_{CM} = +1.2V$
threshold vol	eshold voltage Low		$V_{TL}$	-100	ï	Ī	mV	[Note 4]
Input I	Low v	oltage	$V_{\mathrm{IL}}$	0	ï	0.7	V	[Note 3]
Input I	ligh v	oltage	$V_{ m IH}$	2.6	ï	3.3	V	
Input leak	curra	ent (Low)	${ m I}_{ m IL}$		_	400	۸	$V_I = 0V$
Input ican	Curre	iii (Low)	1]L	-		400	μΑ	[Note 3]
Input leak	Input leak current (High)			_	_	100	μA	$V_{I} = 3.3V$
•				-	•	100	μΑ	[Note 3]
Termi	nal re	sistor	$R_T$	-	100	-	Ω	Differential input

[Note] Vcm: Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.

#### [Note 1]

Input voltage sequences

 $0 < t1 \le 20 ms$ 

 $0 < t2 - 1 \le 50 ms$ 

 $t2-2 \ge 10ms$ 

 $0 < t3 \le 1s$ 

 $t4 \ge 1s$ 

 $t5 \ge 200 ms$ 

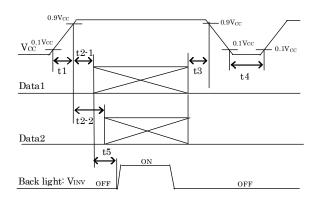
Dip conditions for supply voltage

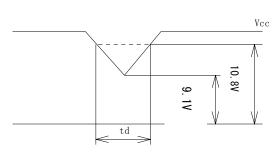
a) 
$$9.1V \le V_{CC} < 10.8V$$

 $td \leq 10ms \,$ 

b) 
$$V_{CC} < 9.1V$$

Dip conditions for supply voltage is based on input voltage sequence.

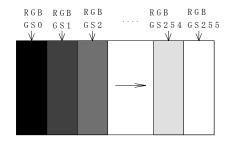




- Data1: CLKIN±,RIN0±,RIN1±, RIN2±, RIN3±
- Data2: SELLVDS
- \* About the relation between data input and back light lighting, please base on the above-mentioned input sequence.

When back light is switched on before panel operation or after a panel operation stop, it may not display normally. But this phenomenon is not based on change of an incoming signal, and does not give damage to a liquid crystal display.

[Note 2]Typical current situation: 256 gray-bar pattern  $(V_{CC} = +12.0V)$ The explanation of RGB gray scale is seen in section 8.

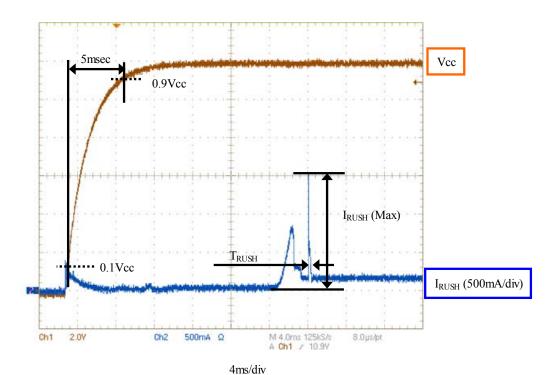


 $V_{CC} = +12.0V$  CK = 82.0MHz  $Th = 20.68\mu s$ 

[Note 3] SELLVDS

[Note 4] CLKIN+/CLKIN-, RIN0+/RIN0-, RIN1+/RIN1-, RIN2+/RIN2-, RIN3+/RIN3-

[Note 5] The Rush current corrugation at the time of power on



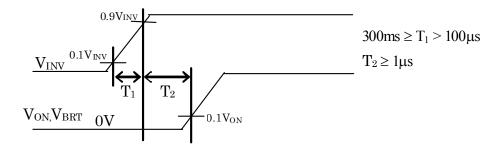
#### 6-2. Inverter driving for back light

The back light system is direct type with 10 CCFTs (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube).

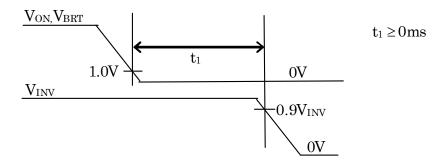
Ta=25°C

	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
	Current dissipation 1		-	4.5	5.0	A	$Von = 3.3V$ $V_{INV} = 24V$
+24V	Current dissipation 2	IINV 2		3.4	3.74	A	$V_{INV} = 24V$ $V_{BRT} = 3.15V$
	Supply voltage	Vinv	22.5	24.0	25.5	V	[Note 1,2]
Permissible input ripple voltage		$V_{RF}$	-	-	800	$mV_{p-p}$	$V_{\rm INV} = 24V$
Iı	Input voltage (Low)		0	-	1.0	V	Von
Ir	nput voltage (High)	$V_{\scriptscriptstyle  m ONH}$	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	Impedance = $42 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ min}$
Brig	Brightness control voltage  Brightness control voltage  vs  Brightness level (Reference value)		0	$\rightarrow$	3.15	V	
Brig			0	$\rightarrow$	3.15	V	$V_{BRT}$ Impedance = 135 k $\Omega$ min
			10	$\rightarrow$	100	%	

[Note 1] 1) VINV-turn-on condition



## 2) Vinv-turn-off condition



[Note 2] Current dissipation 1 : Definition within 60 minutes after turn on. (Rush current is excluded.)

Current dissipation 2 : Definition more than 60minutes after turn on.

[Note 3] The inverter unit is driving at the following drive frequency.

Lamp driving frequency: 41kHz Burst dimmer frequency: 165Hz

There is possibility that the display problem of the backlights such as flicker, blinking, etc by the interference of the above inverter driving frequency and the LCD driving frequency will occur.

In setting of a LCD driving frequency, we recommend to set for the no interference with the above frequency to occur.

## 7. Timing characteristics of input signals

## 7-1. Timing characteristics

Timing diagrams of input signal are shown in Fig.2

	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	NTSC	yp. PAL	Max.	Unit
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	72	82	82	85	MHz
	Horizontal period	TH	1540	1696	1696	1940	clock
	•	111	19.84	20.68	20.68	-	μs
Data enable signal	Horizontal period (High)	THd	1366	1366	1366	1366	clock
	Vertical period	TV	778	806	967	972	line
	Vertical period (High)	TVd	768	768	768	768	line

[Note] When vertical period is very long, flicker may occur.

Please turn off the module after it shows the black screen.

Please make sure that length of vertical period should become of an integral multiple of horizontal length of period. Otherwise, the screen may not display properly.

As for your final setting of driving timing, we will conduct operation check test at our side, please inform your final setting.

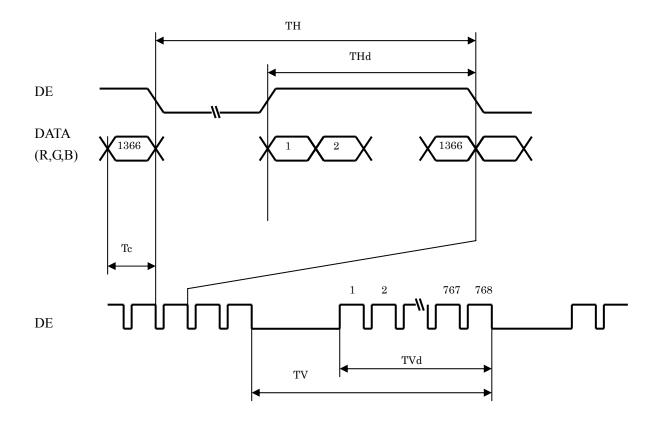
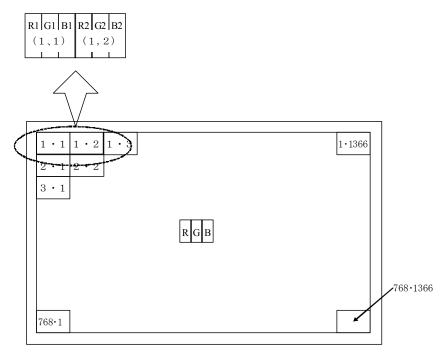


Fig.2 Timing characteristics of input signals

# 7-2. Input data signal and display position on the screen



Display Position of Data (V, H)

8. Input Signal, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

	iput Sigi	,		-~ P	3				- <del></del> J		3											Data signal						
	Colors &	Gray	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	G0	G1	G2		G4	G5	G6	G7	В0	В1	В2	В3	В4	В5	В6	В7		
	Gray scale	Scale																										
	Black	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Blue	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
or	Green	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Basic Color	Cyan	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
sasic	Red	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
E	Magenta	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Yellow	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	White	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
þ	Û	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Gray Scale of Red	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ale c	仓	<b>V</b>					L							`	V							`	V					
y Sc.	Û	<b>V</b>				\	<u>ا</u>							`	V							`	<b>↓</b>					
Gra	Brighter	GS253	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Û	GS254	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Red	GS255	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
sen	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
f Gre	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
le of	仓	<b>V</b>					L							`	V							`	V					
Sca	Û	<b>V</b>					<u>ا</u>							`	ν <u> </u>							•	<u> </u>					
Gray Scale of Green	Brighter	GS253	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Û	GS254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Green	GS255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ne	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
fBl	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ale c	Û	<b>V</b>	. ↓		<b>V</b>				↓																			
Gray Scale of Blue	Φ	<b>V</b>				\	<u>ا</u>							`	ν <u> </u>							`	ν					
Gray	Brighter	GS253	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Û	GS254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Blue	GS255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		

<sup>0 :</sup> Low level voltage,

Each basic color can be displayed in 256 gray scales from 8 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 24 bit data signals, the 16,777,216 colors display can be achieved on the screen.

<sup>1 :</sup> High level voltage.

## 9. Optical characteristics

$T_2 =$	25°C.	Vcc	= +1	2V	$V_{INIV}$	=	+24V	7
1a –	43 C.	V CC	- $+$ 1	Z V.	VIINV	_	T24 V	

Parar	neter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark		
Viewing angle	Horizontal	θ 21 θ 22	CD > 10	70	88	-	Deg.	DI ( 1 4)		
range	Vertical	θ 11 θ 12	CR ≥ 10	70	88	-	Deg.	[Note1,4]		
Contra	st ratio	CRn		2000	2500	-	-	[Note2,4] V <sub>BRT</sub> =3.15V		
Respon	Response time			-	7	-	ms	[Note3,4,5] V <sub>BRT</sub> =3.15V		
Chromotioi	Chromaticity of white			0.248	0.278	0.308	-			
Cinomatici	ty of wifite	y	0 0 1	0.255	0.285	0.315	-	[Note 4]		
Chromatic	pity of rad	X	$\theta = 0 \text{ deg.}$	0.612	0.642	0.672	-			
Cinomatic	ity of fed	y		0.314	0.344	0.374	-			
Chromatici	ty of groon	X		0.250	0.280	0.310	-	$V_{BRT} = 3.15V$		
Cinomatici	ty of green	y		0.576	0.606	0.636	-			
Chromotio	Characticity of his			0.113	0.143	0.173	-			
Chromaticity of blue		y		0.045	0.075	0.105	-			
Luminanc	e of white	$Y_{\rm L}$		400	500		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	[Note 4] V <sub>BRT</sub> =3.15V		
Luminance	uniformity	$\delta_{ m W}$		-	-	1.25	-	[Note 6]		

Measurement condition : Set the value of  $V_{\text{BRT}}$  to maximum luminance of white.

[Note] The optical characteristics are measured using the following equipment.

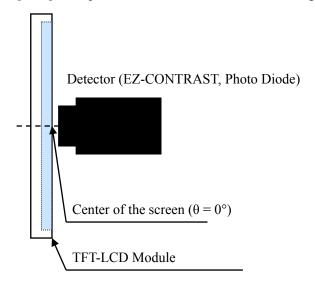


Fig.3-1 Measurement of viewing angle range and response time.

(Viewing angle range: EZ-CONTRAST Response time: Photo Diode)

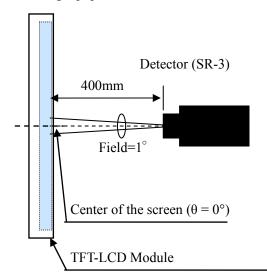
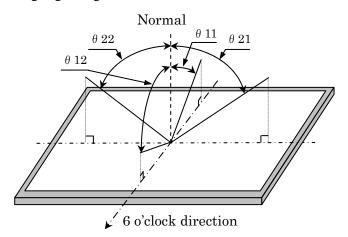


Fig.3-2 Measurement of Contrast, Luminance, and Chromaticity.

<sup>\*</sup>The measurement shall be executed 60 minutes after lighting at rating.

#### [Note 1] Definitions of viewing angle range:



## [Note 2] Definition of contrast ratio:

The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

#### [Note 3] Definition of response time

The response time ( $\tau_{DRV}$ ) is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of gray (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%)" and "any level of gray (0%, 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%)".

	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		tr: 0%-25%	tr: 0%-50%	tr: 0%-75%	tr: 0%-100%
25%	td: 25%-0%		tr: 25%-50%	tr: 25%-75%	tr: 25%-100%
50%	td: 50%-0%	td: 50%-25%		tr: 50%-75%	tr: 50%-100%
75%	td: 75%-0%	td: 75%-25%	td: 75%-50%		tr: 75%-100%
100%	td: 100%-0%	td: 100%-25%	td: 100%-50%	td: 100%-75%	

 $t^*:x-y...$ response time from level of gray(x) to level of gray(y)

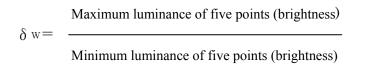
$$\tau_{DRV} = \Sigma(t^*:x-y)/20$$

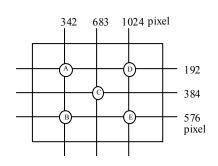
[Note 4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note 5] This value is valid when O/S driving is used at typical input time value .

[Note 6] Definition of white uniformity;

White uniformity is defined as the following with five measurements. (A $\sim$ E)





#### 10. Handling Precautions of the module

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) This product is using the parts (inverter, CCFT etc), which generate the high voltage. Therefore, during operating, please don't touch these parts.
- c) Brightness control voltage is switched for "ON" and "OFF", as shown in Fig.4. Voltage difference generated by this switching, Δ VINV, may affect a sound output, etc. when the power supply is shared between the inverter and its surrounding circuit. So, separate the power supply of the inverter circuit with the one of its surrounding circuit.

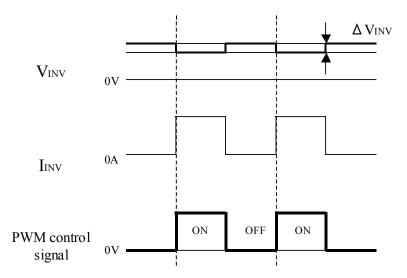


Fig.4 Brightness control voltage.

- d) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- e) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- f) Since long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots, wipe off water drop immediately.
- g) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- h) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface. Handle with care.
- i) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.
- j) Please consider to minimize the influence of EMI and the exogenous noise before designing the grounding of LCD module.
- k) The module has some printed circuit boards (PCBs) on the back side, take care to keep them form any stress or pressure when handling or installing the module; otherwise some of electronic parts on the PCBs may be damaged.
- l) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- m) When some pressure is added onto the module from rear side constantly, it causes display non-uniformity issue, functional defect, etc.. So, please avoid such design.
- n) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- o) Connect a module frame to GND.

## 11. Packing form

a) Piling number of cartons: (2 packages / 1 palette) × 2 maximum

b) Packing quantity in one carton: 13 pcs.

c) Carton size: 1130(W) × 870(D) × 1158(H)

d) Total mass of one carton filled with full modules: 156.1 kg(Max)

## 12. Reliability test item

No.	Test item	Condition				
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C 240h				
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-25°C 240h				
3	High temperature and high humidity	Ta=40°C; 95%RH 240h				
3	operation test	(No condensation)				
4	High temperature operation test	Ta=50°C 240h				
5	Low temperature operation test	Ta=0°C 240h				
	Vibration test	Frequency: 10~57Hz/Vibration width (one side): 0.075mm				
6	(non-operation)	: 58~500Hz/Acceleration: 9.8 m/s <sup>2</sup>				
0		Sweep time: 11 minutes				
		Test period: 3 hours (1h for each direction of X, Y, Z)				
	Shock test	Maximum acceleration: 490m/s <sup>2</sup>				
7	(non-operation)	Pulse width: 11ms, sinusoidal half wave				
	(non operation)	Direction: +/-X, +/-Y, +/-Z, once for each direction.				
		* At the following conditions, it is a thing without incorrect				
		operation and destruction.				
		(1)Non-operation: Contact electric discharge $\pm 10$ kV				
8	$\operatorname{ESD}$	Non-contact electric discharge ±20kV				
		(2)Operation Contact electric discharge ±8kV				
		Non-contact electric discharge $\pm 15$ kV				
		Conditions: 150pF、330ohm				

#### [Result evaluation criteria]

Under the display quality test condition with normal operation state, there shall be no change, which may affect practical display function.

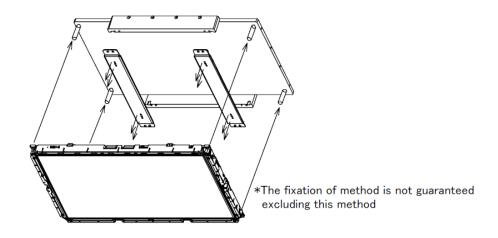


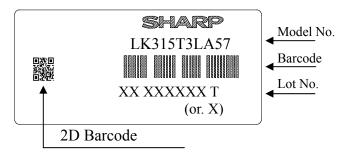
Figure of Shock test's jig Module fixed position  $(M4 Bolt \times 12)$ 

#### 13. Others

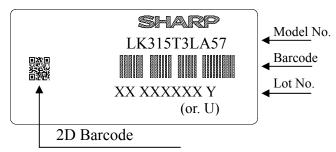
#### 1) Lot No. Label;

The label that displays SHARP, product model (LK315T3LA57), a product number is stuck on the back of the module.

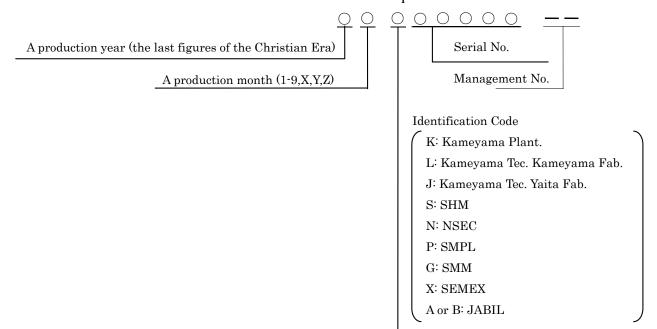
## [LK315T3LA57T, 57X] NSEC PRODUCTION



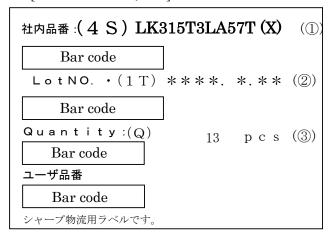
## [LK315T3LA57Y, 57U] SMPL PRODUCTION



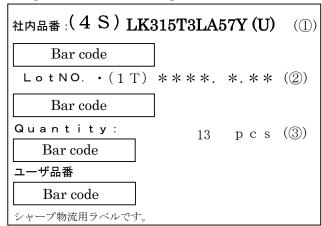
## How to express Lot No.



#### [LK315T3LA57T, 57X] NSEC PRODUCTION

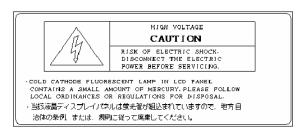


#### [LK315T3LA57Y, 57U] SMPL PRODUCTION

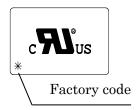


- ① Management No
- ② Lot No. (Date)
- 3 Quantity
- 3) Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value. If adjusted value is changed, the specification may not be satisfied.
- 4) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.
- 5) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.
- 6) The chemical compound, which causes the destruction of ozone layer, is not being used.
- 7) Label of material information

  The optical part material has been described to the module as shown in the figure below.
- 8) Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD PANEL contains a small amount of mercury. Please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal. The below figure shows the label.



- 9) When any question or issue occurs, it shall be solved by mutual discussion.
- 10) Rust on the module is not taken up a problem.
- 11) Source/Control-PWB(SC-PWB) must be on upper side of LCD module when it is in the TV-set.
  - \*:Please inform SHARP if SC-PWB is at bottom side of LCD module when it is in the TV-set
- 12) This module is corresponded to RoHS.
- 13) This LCD is appropriate to UL. Below figure shows the UL label.



14) When any question or issue occurs, it shall be solved by mutual discussion.

#### 14. Carton storage condition

Temperature 0°C to 40°C Humidity 95%RH or less

Reference condition : 20°C to 35°C, 85%RH or less (summer)

: 5°C to 15°C, 85%RH or less (winter)

• the total storage time (40°C,95%RH): 240H or less

Sunlight Be sure to shelter a product from the direct sunlight.

Atmosphere Harmful gas, such as acid and alkali which bites electronic components and/or

wires must not be detected.

Notes Be sure to put cartons on palette or base, don't put it on floor, and store them with

removing from wall

Please take care of ventilation in storehouse and around cartons, and control

changing temperature is within limits of natural environment

Storage life 1 year

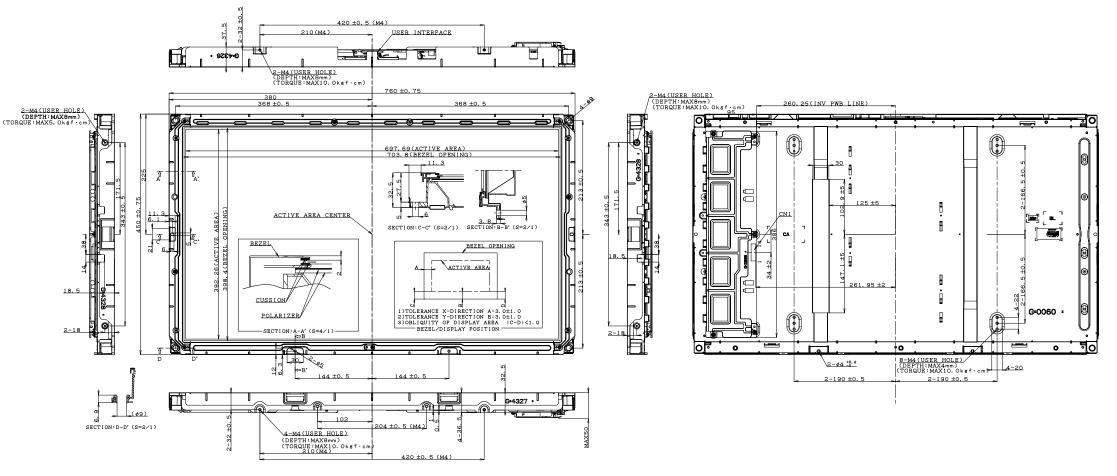


Fig.1 LK315T3LA57 Outline Dimensions