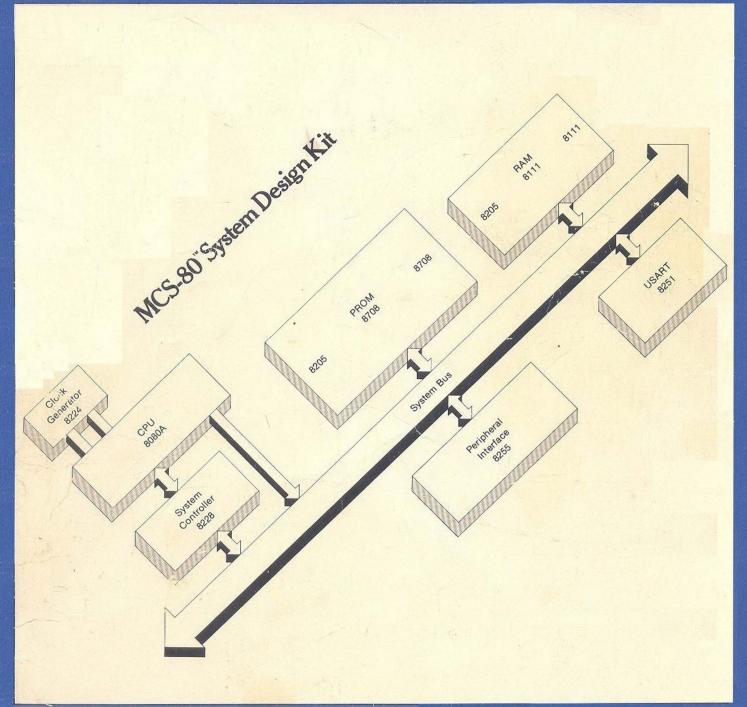
inte 80 esign kil MCS: Design kil System Design User's Guide User's Guide



int_el MCS-80[™] System Design Kit User's Guide

CONTENTS

Data Sheet	
CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION	
General Suggestions Functional Definition Registration Card Information	. 1
CHAPTER 2 HOW TO ASSEMBLE THE KIT	
General Tools Required Optional Rotary Switch Parts List Assembly Procedure Assembly of Area One Assembly of Area Two Assembly of Area Three	. 3 . 3 . 6 . 7
CHAPTER 3 THEORY OF OPERATION	
General System Busses Reset Switch Clock Generator and Clock Crystal 8080A CPU System Controller Address Buffers (Optional) SDK-80 Memory Baud Rate Generator I/O Communication Interface Peripheral Interfaces	15 16 16 16 16 17 17 18 18
CHAPTER 4 FINAL ASSEMBLY AND CHECKOUT	
General Jumper-Wiring the Board Installing Integrated Circuits Start-Up Procedure Troubleshooting Hints	19 21 23
CHAPTER 5 SDK-80 MONITOR	
Introduction	
APPENDIX A Monitor Listing	29
APPENDIX B SDK-80 Schematics	57
APPENDIX C Board Layout with Component Values	



Microcomputer Systems

8080 SYSTEM DESIGN KIT (SDK-80)

- Complete Single Board
 Microcomputer System
 Including CPU, Memory and I/O
- Easy to Assemble Kit-Form
- High-Performance (2µs Instruction Cycle)
- Interfaces Directly with most Terminals (75-4800 Baud)

- Large Wire-Wrap area for Custom Interfaces
- Extensive System Monitor Software in ROM
- PC Board Format and Power,
 Compatible with INTELLEC®
 MDS
- Complete MCS-80" User's Library

The 8080 System Design Kit (SDK-80) is a complete, single board, microcomputer system in kit form. It contains all necessary components, including resistors, caps, crystal and miscellaneous hardware to complete construction. Included is a preprogrammed ROM that contains the system monitor for general software utilities and system diagnostics.

All that is required for operation are power supplies and a suitable terminal; TTY, CRT, etc., (level conversions and baud rate generation included on board).

The SDK-80 is an inexpensive, high-performance prototype system that has designed-in flexibility for simple interface to the users application.



SDK-80 SPECIFICATIONS

Central Processor

CPU: 8080A

Instruction Cycle: 1.95 microsecond

Tcy: 488 ns

Memory

ROM: 2K bytes (expandable to 4K bytes)

8708/8308

RAM: 256 bytes (expandable to 1K bytes) 8111

Addressing:

ROM 0000-0FFF RAM 1000-13FF

Input/Output

Parallel: One 8255 for 24 lines (expandable to

48 lines).

Serial: One 8251 USART.

On-board baud rate generator (jumper

selectable).

Baud Rates: 75 1200 110 2400 300 4800

600

Interfaces

Bus: All signals TTL compatible.

Parallel I/O: All signals TTL compatible.

Serial I/O: RS232C/EIA

20 mil A. Current loop TTY

TTL (one TTL load)

Interrupts

Single level: Generates RST7 vector TTL

compatible input.

DMA

Hold Request: Jumper selectable.

Software

System Monitor: Pre-programmed 8708 or

8308 ROM Address; 0000-03FF.

Features:

Display Memory Contents (D)
Move blocks of memory (M)

Substitute memory locations (S)
Insert hex code (I)

Examine Registers (X)
Program Control (G)

Power-up start or system reset start.

I/O: Console Device (serial I/O)

Literature

Design Library:

8080 Users Manual

8080 Assembly Language Manual

PL/M™ Programming Manual

MDS Brochure

Reference Card (Programmers)

SDK-80 User's Guide

Connectors

I/O: 25 pin female (RS232C)

PCB: MDS format

Physical Characteristics (MDS Mechanical format)

Width: 12.0 in. Height: 6.75 in. Depth: 0.50 in.

Weight: approx. 12 oz.

Electrical Characteristics (DC Power)

or -12V ±5%

Environmental

Operating Temperature: 0-70°C

CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

GENERAL

The 8080 System Design Kit (SDK-80) is a complete microcomputer system in kit form. It is simple to assemble (construction time is 6 hours) and provides an excellent training/prototype vehicle for evaluation of the 8080 microcomputer system (MCS-80™).

The SDK-80 is an extremely flexible design and allows easy interface to an existing application or custom interface development.

An extensive system monitor is included in a pre-programmed ROM for general software utilities and system diagnostics.

The System Design Kit User's Guide will instruct the user how to assemble his kit and configure it to match the selected terminal and peripheral devices. It is suggested that the User's Guide be followed in the exact sequence that it is written to assure successful completion of the system.

SUGGESTIONS

The 8080 Microcomputer Systems User's Manual is included with the SDK-80 and it would be extremely beneficial to the user that he read and understand the operation of the 8080A and associated peripheral components prior to beginning the assembly of the SDK-80.

Every effort has been made to allow the SDK-80 to interface directly with most common terminals but with the wide array of display terminals available it is not possible to perfectly interface each one with the SDK-80 hardware and software. The user should carefully examine the requirements of his particular terminal interface and adapt the SDK-80 accordingly.

FUNCTIONAL DEFINITION

The SDK-80 is shipped with a complement of parts that allows the user to construct an operating small system with the following features:

CPU: 8080A (see 8080 User's Manual for

details)

1.95 µs Instruction Cycle

RAM: 8111 (static 256 x 4) 2 included for

256 byte storage

ROM: 8708/8308 (1K x 8) 1 Pre-programmed system monitor

1 User-programmed (erasable 8708)

I/O: 8251 (Programmable Communi-

cation Interface)
1 Serial communication
with terminal

8255 (Programmable Peripheral Interface)

1 General user I/O, 24 lines

Serial TTL

Interface: 20mA current loop (TTY)

RS-232 (EIA)

Baud User-selected by jumper or switch

Rate: 75,110,300

600, 1200, 2400, 4800

Interrupt: Single level, vectored (RST-7)

The SDK-80 has many designed-in features for expandability without the necessity of cutting PC runs or adding extra logic. The maximum configuration of the SDK-80 is as follows:

RAM: 8111 (static 256 x 4)

Up to 8 for 1K x 8

storage

ROM: 8708/8308 (1K x 8)

Up to 4 for 4K x 8

storage

I/O: 8255 (Programmable Peripheral

Interface)

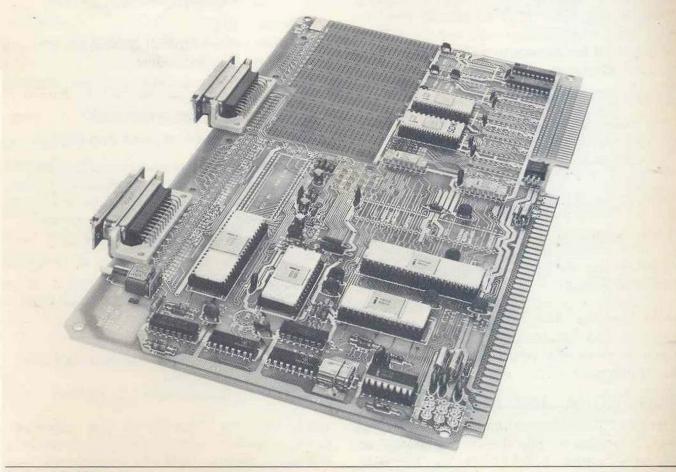
2 General user I/O, 48 lines

Expanding the SDK-80 to the maximum configuration is a simple matter of purchasing the extra memory and I/O components and installing them on the board.

REGISTRATION CARD

On the back cover of the User's Guide is the Registration card for the SDK-80. Please fill it out completely and return it to INTEL upon completion of the kit. The Registration Card assures you of being updated with the latest information on the 8080 microcomputer system and any additional updates on your 8080 System Design Kit.

Title	
Company	and the second
Address	
City	State
Mail Stop	Zip Code
Distributor	3.0
Location	
GENERAL INQUIRY	
How long did it take to assemble?	Hours
Did it work the first time? Yes □	No □
If No. please comment:	
General Comments:	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
What make/model terminal did you use?	



CHAPTER 2 HOW TO ASSEMBLE THE KIT

GENERAL

The MCS-80[™]System Design Kit is shipped in a single cardboard carton. This chapter will take you from the point of receiving this carton to the point where you are ready to insert the IC (Integrated Circuit) chips.

Follow the instructions carefully and make a check mark in the boxes provided after you have completed each step.

Your work area should be an uncluttered, welllighted table or desk with access to an AC wall socket or extension cord.

TOOLS REQUIRED

Before starting the project, you should make sure the proper tools are at hand and are in good operating condition. These tools will be required to assemble the MCS-80 System Design Kit:

- ☐ A pair of needle-nose pliers
- □ A small Phillips head screwdriver
- ☐ A 1/4" standard flat head screwdriver
- A pair of small diagonal cutters
- ☐ A 25-watt pencil-type soldering iron
- ☐ A spool of rosin core solder with 60:40 tinlead content.

IMPORTANT

Use only rosin core solder for all electrical soldering!

☐ A VOM (Volt-Ohm-Milliammeter) test meter If available, a dual-probe oscilloscope would also be helpful.

OPTIONAL ROTARY SWITCH

The Design Kit is complete for most applications; however, applications requiring multiple baud rates will need an additional rotary switch. We have allocated a position on the circuit board for this switch. One possible switch is Spectrol 87-12-19, available from Spectrol Electronics Corp., 17070 East Gale Avenue, City of Industry, CA 91744. Phone: (213) 964-6565.

PARTS LIST

With the proper tools at hand, you are now ready to take inventory of the carton.

The contents of the carton are divided into two compartments. One compartment contains the kit's documentation, the other contains the SDK-80. In addition to the User's Guide that you are now reading, the following documents are included:

- 8080 Assembly Language Programming Manual
- ☐ 8080 Assembly Language Reference Card
- ☐ 8008/8080 PL/M™ Programming Manual
- ☐ MDS Brochure
- ☐ 8080 Microcomputer Systems User's Manual

The components of the MCS-80 System Design Kit come in four packages:

- ☐ Printed wiring (PW) board, PN 1000609-01
- ☐ Miscellaneous small component bag
- ☐ SDK-80 Intel component pack

CAUTION

Do not handle the IC's until instructed to do so.

☐ Miscellaneous non-Intel component pack
If any of the above component packages or

documents are missing, call your distributor immediately. If not, lay each of the component packages on your work table and proceed reading.

SDK-80 Intel® Component Pack

The Intel component pack contains the Intel IC's needed in the Kit. The numbers indicated in Figure 2-1 correspond to the "Item Number" in Table 2-1.

☐ Verify that all items in Table 2-1 are included. Do not remove components from backing.

Table 2-1. Parts List, Intel Component Pack.

Item No.	Part No.	Description	Qty.
1	52-016	IC, Intel® 8205	2
2	52-035	IC, Intel® 8251	1
3	52-045	IC, Intel® 8224	1
4	52-046	IC, Intel® 8228	1
5	52-047	IC, Intel® 8255	- 1
6	52-059	IC, Intel® 8708	1
7	52-058	IC, Intel® 8080A	1
8	52-062	IC, Intel® 8111	2
9	52-605	IC, Intel® SDK-80 Monitor ROM	1

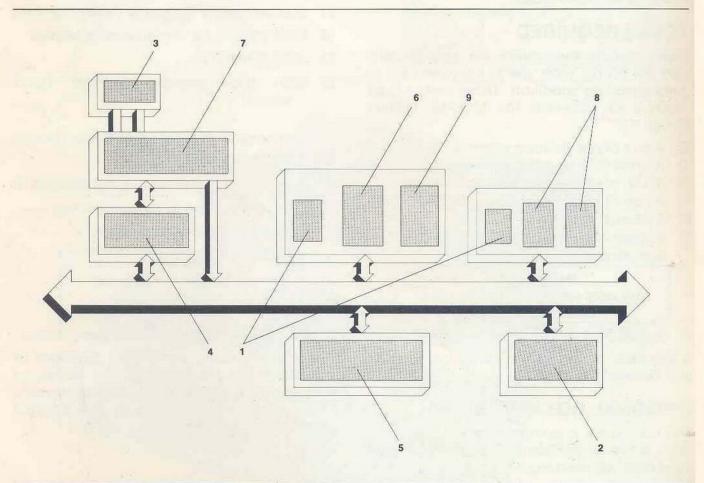


Figure 2-1. Intel® Component Pack.

Non-Intel® Component Pack

The non-Intel component pack contains miscellaneous components produced by other manufacturers. Figure 2-2 shows the arrangement of these components. The circled numbers are keyed to Table 2-2.

☐ Verify that all items in Table 2-2 are included. Do not remove components from backing.

Table 2-2. Parts List, Non-Intel Component Pack.

Item No.	Part No.	Description	Qty.
1	54-028	IC, 74161	2
2	54-092	IC, 7406	1
3	54-135	IC, 79M05AUC	1
4	54-136	IC, 93S16	1
5	68-009	Socket, 40-pin	2
6	68-007	Socket, 24-pin	2
7	68-177	Socket, 28-pin	2
8	68-102	Connect female, right 2 angle, or 25-pin	
9	68-077	Connect male, 25-pin	2
10	68-006	Socket, or 16-pin	1

Auxiliary Components For SDK-80 Expansion (Not Supplied With Kit)

Part No.	Description	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Part No.
66-032	Right angle push button switch SPDT	C & K	8125R2
68-102	Right angle female 25 pin connector	ITT Cannon AMP	DBC-255-AA 205858-1
68-077	Male 25 pin connector (solder)	Cinch Jones	DB-25P
	Low profile 18 pin DIP socket	TI	C93-18-02
68-007	Low profile 24 pin DIP socket	TI	C93-24-02
68-009	Low profile 40 pin DIP socket	TI	C93-40-02
	Small 30/60 PCB connector	CDC	97167901 (w-w) 97169001 (solder)
	Large 43/86 PCB connector (wire-wrap)	Viking	VPB01EA3A00A-1

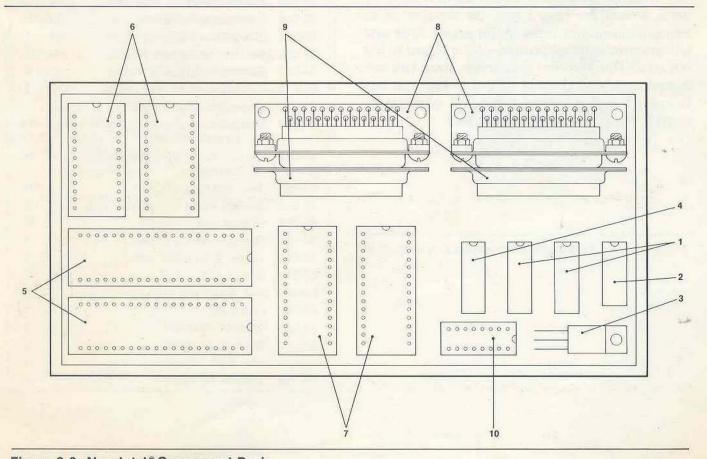


Figure 2-2. Non-Intel® Component Pack.

Small Component Bag

The small component bag contains the miscellaneous resistors, capacitors, screws, etc. needed to support the integrated circuits. Proceed as follows:

- Open the bag and spread the components in front of you.
- Separate the components into groups; i.e., resistors in one group, capacitors in another, screws and nuts and washers in another, etc.
- ☐ Verify that all parts listed in Table 2-3 are included.

ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

Now that you have verified that all of the parts are included, you are ready to begin assembling the board.

This section of the text will be supplemented with drawings that illustrate the area of the board under construction. Components to be installed later will be shown as unshaded. Components being installed will be shown as shaded. Components that were installed earlier in the procedure will be shown blackened.

We shall assemble the board components by area, where the board may be thought of as being divided into three major areas. Area one will encompass that portion of the board to the left of J1 Pin 1 on the silkscreen. Area two will encompass that portion of the board that lies below J1 and J2. Area three will encompass everything to the right of area two.

Table 2-3. Parts List, Small Component Bag

Part		
No.	Description	Qty.
62-008	Crystal, 18.432 MHz	1
56-044	Resistor, 10 KΩ, 1/4W	1
	(brown-black-orange)	
56-024	Resistor, 1 KΩ, 1/4W (brown-black-red)	16
56-033	Resistor, 2.7 KΩ, 1/4W (red-violet-red)	1
56-006	Resistor, 47 Ω , 1/4W (yellow-violet-black)	2
56-017	Resistor, 390 Ω, 1/4W (orange-white-brown)	1
56-106	Resistor, 430 Ω , 1W	1
56-038	Resistor, 4.7 KΩ, 1/4W	1
30-038	(yellow-violet-red)	
56-209	Resistor, 560 KΩ , 1/4W (green-blue-yellow)	1
56-039	Resistor, 5.1 KΩ , 1/4W	2
30 003	(green-brown-red)	2
56-112	Resistor, 150 Ω , 1/4W	1
	(brown-green-brown)	
56-020	Resistor, 510 Ω , 1/4W	1
FC 040	(green-brown-brown)	
56-210	Resistor, 430 Ω , 1.5W	1
56-213	Resistor, 130 Ω , 1/4W (brown-orange-brown)	1
60-003	Diode, 1N914	2
58-006	Transistor, 2N2222	2
58-003	Transistor, 2N2907	1
66-032	Switch, right angle, SPDT	1
64-042	Capacitor, 1 uf, 50V tant	2
64-012	Capacitor, 22 uf, 15V tant	3
64-052	Capacitor, 10 pF, mica	1
64-050	Capacitor, .1 uf, 50V monolithic (bright-colored)	13
64-022	Capacitor, .01 uf, ceramic disc (orange)	16
82-015	Terminal lugs, 2010B	6
82-072	Spacer, nylon 1/4" x 7/16" o.d.	5
82-069	Rubber feet	5
84-010	Screw, 4-40 x 3/8" pan	1
84-073	Screw, 2-56 x 3/8" pan	4
84-016	Screw, 6-32 x 3/4" pan	5
84-069	Nut, 4-40 plain hex	1
84-042	Nut, 2-56	4
84-068	Washer, #2 nylon	4
84-027	Washer, #6 nylon	5
84-070	Nut, 6-32	5
84-059	Washer, #4 nylon	2

Assembly of Area One

Proceed as follows:

- □ Lay the PW board on your work area, silkscreened side up, so that the edge connectors are directly in front of you.
- □ Your first step will be to install the five rubber feet. There will be one foot in each corner and one in the middle of the board. At each of these locations, place a nylon spacer and rubber foot underneath the board and insert a screw (5-32x3/4) through them from the bottom. Then attach the screw at the top using a #6 nylon washer and a 6-32 hex nut.
- Referring to Table 2-4, solder resistors R1-R4 and R21-R24 in place. Figure 2-3 shows this area of the board.

HINT

Save all scrap resistor leads for later use as jumper wires.

Table 2-4. Construction Table #1.

Resistor	Description
R1	130, 1/4W (brown-orange-brown)
R2	1K, 1/4W (brown-black-red)
R3	1K, 1/4W (brown-black-red)
R4	560K, 1/4W (green-blue-yellow)
R21	1K, 1/4W (brown-black-red)
R22	5.1K, 1/4W (green-brown-red)
R23	1K, 1/4W (brown-black-red)
R24	1K, 1/4W (brown-black-red)

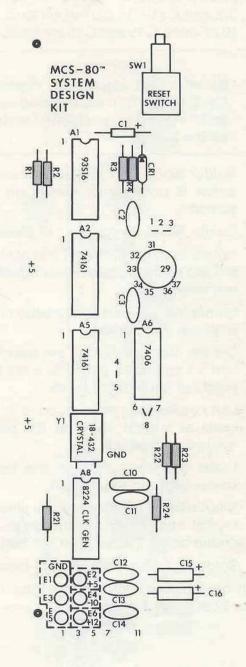


Figure 2-3. Construction Figure #1.

☐ Solder capacitors C1-C3 and C10-C16 in place (Figure 2-4). C1 is a 1 uf, 50V tant. C2, C3, and C11-C14 0.01 uf ceramic. C10 is a 10 pF mica. C15 and C16 are 22 uf, 15V tant.

IMPORTANT

Be sure that electrolytic capacitors C1, C15 and C16 are installed so that their "+" ends are positioned as shown on the board.

- Solder diode CR1 in place. Make sure the arrow is pointing as shown on the silkscreen.
- ☐ Solder Reset Switch SW1 in place.
- ☐ Solder terminal lugs E1-E6 in place. Figure 2-5 shows the installation completed in the last three steps.
- ☐ Solder the Spectrol rotary baud rate switch in place, if applicable.
- Set the clock crystal on the board at location Y1 and use a pencil to mark the bend points of each of the leads.
- Use needle-nose pliers to bend each of the leads at a right angle at the points you marked with pencil.
- ☐ Insert the leads through the board and solder them on the bottom.
- Strap a piece of scrap resistor wire over the crystal, pushing each end through one of the drilled holes. Solder from the bottom.
- ☐ Solder the 16-pin socket into location A8.

You have now completed area one. Compare your board with Figure 2-6.

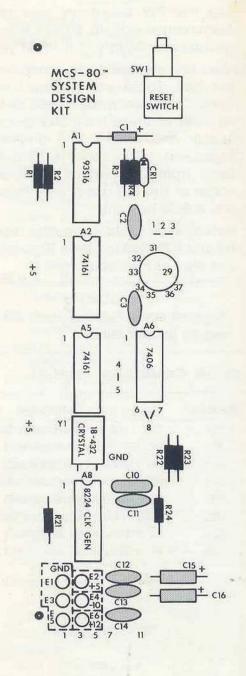
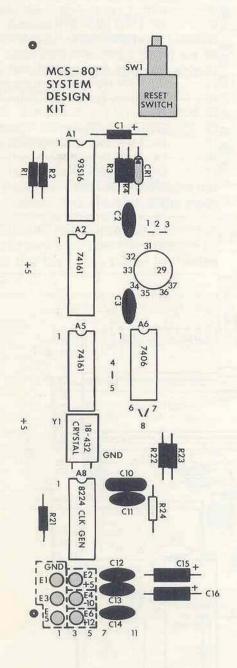


Figure 2-4. Construction Figure #2.



MCS-80" SYSTEM DESIGN KIT 1 2 3 74161 74161 4 +5 YI 18-432 CRYSTAL 8A C10

Figure 2-5. Construction Figure #3.

Figure 2-6. Construction Figure #4.

Assembly of Area Two

Board area two will contain the 8080A and its related logic. The assembly procedure is as follows:

☐ Referring to Table 2-5, solder resistors R5-R17, R19, R20, R25, and R26 in place. Figure 2-7 shows this area of the board.

Note 1. (From Table 2-5) The resistor to be installed in R13 depends upon what negative voltage level your power supply delivers. For -10V, use a 390Ω , 1/4W resistor (orange-white-brown). For -12V or -15V, use a 510Ω 1/4W resistor (green-brown-brown).

Table 2-5. Construction Table #2.

Resistor	Description
R5	5.1K, 1/4W (green-brown-red)
R6	4.7K, 1/4W (yellow-violet-red)
R7	1K, 1/4W (brown-black-red)
R8	10K, 1/4W (brown-black-orange)
R9	2.7K, 1/4W (red-violet-red)
R10	1K, 1/4W (brown-black-red)
R11	47, 1/4W (yellow-violet-black)
R12	150, 1/4W (brown-green-brown)
R13	(Note 1)
R14	47, 1/4W (yellow-violet-black)
R15	1K, 1/4W (brown-black-red)
R16	1K, 1/4W (brown-black-red)
R17	1K, 1/4W (brown-black-red)
R19	430, 1W (RS-1A)
R20	430, 1.5W (G-2)
R25	1K, 1/4W (brown-black-red)
R26	1K, 1/4W (brown-black-red)

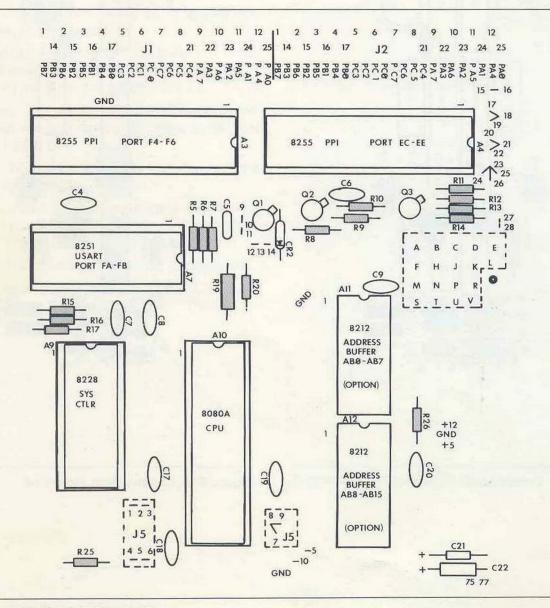


Figure 2-7. Construction Figure #5.

□ Solder capacitors C4-C9 and C17-C22 into place. C4, C6-C9, and C17-C20 are 0.01 uf ceramic. C5 is 0.1 uf, 50V mono. C21 is 1 uf, 50V tant. C22 is 22 uf, 15V tant.

IMPORTANT

Be sure that electrolytic capacitors C21 and C22 are positioned so that their "+" ends are positioned as shown on the board.

□ Solder transistors Q1, Q2, and Q3 into place. Q1 and Q2 are 2N2222. Q3 is a 2N2907.

IMPORTANT

The metal tabs on the transistors must be positioned as shown on the board.

Solder diode CR2 into place. Make sure the arrow is as shown on the board. Figure 2-8 shows the progress made in the last three steps.

- Solder 40-pin sockets into locations A3 and A10.
- □ Solder 28-pin sockets into locations A7 and A9.
- □ Insert a 25-pin female connector into location J1. At each of two locations, place a 2-56x3/8 screw through the connector from the top and secure it at the bottom with a #2 nylon washer and a 2-56 nut.
- Solder the 25 connector pins onto the board from the bottom.

NOTE

The 25-pin male connector provided can be used to interface your hardware to connector J1.

Area two should now be complete. Compare your board with Figure 2-9 (next page).

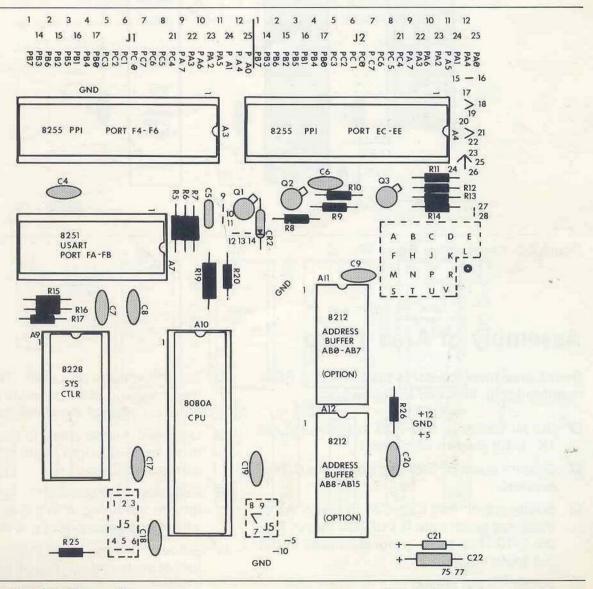


Figure 2-8. Construction Figure #6.

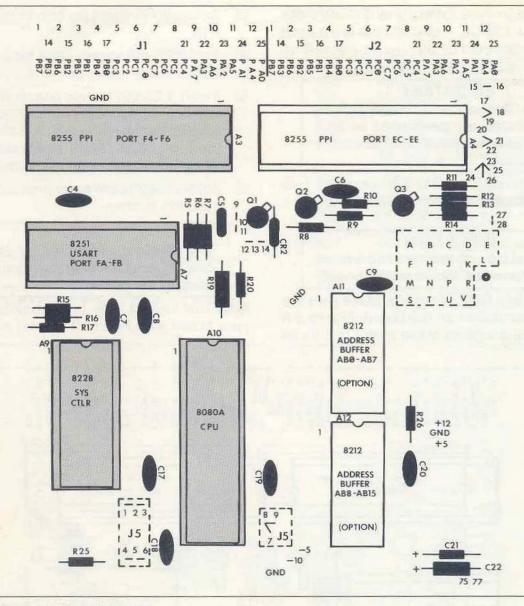


Figure 2-9. Construction Figure #7.

Assembly of Area Three

Board area three contains the RAM and ROM memory logic. Proceed as follows:

- □ Solder resistors R27-R30 in place. All are 1K, 1/4W (brown-black-red).
- ☐ Solder capacitor C23 in place. It is a 0.01 uf ceramic.
- Solder capacitors C24-C35 in place. All of these capacitors are 0.1 uf, 50V mono. Figure 2-10 shows the progress made in the last three steps.
- □ Solder 24-pin socket into location A14.

- Set the voltage regulator (79M05AUC) on the board and use a pencil to mark the bend point on each of the three leads.
- Use needle-nose pliers to bend each of the three leads at a right angle at the points you marked with pencil.
- □ Referring to Figure 2-11, fasten the regulator to the board with a 4-40 x 3/8 screw, 2 #4 nylon washers, and a 4-40 nut.
- Solder the three leads in place on the bottom of the board and clip off any excess lead lengths.

- □ Insert a 25-pin female connector into location J3. At each of two locations, place a 2-56x3/8 screw through the connector from the top and secure it at the bottom with a #2 nylon washer and a 2-56 nut.
- ☐ Solder the 25 connector pins onto the board from the bottom.

NOTE

The 25-pin male connector provided can be used to interface your hardware to connector J3.

You have now completed area three. Compare your board with Figure 2-12 (next page).

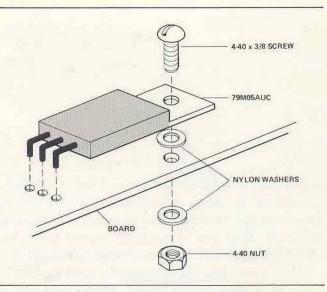
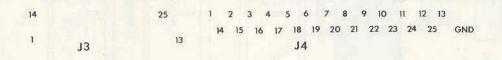


Figure 2-11. Voltage Regulator (VR1) Installation.



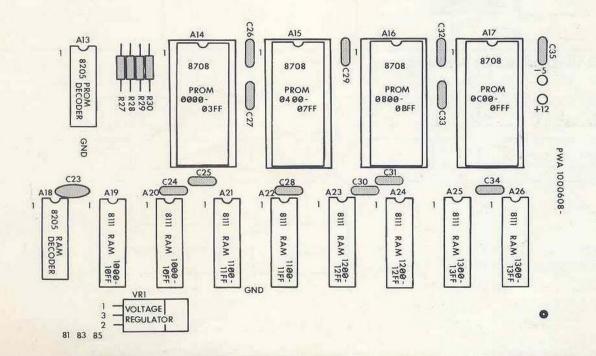


Figure 2-10. Construction Figure #8.

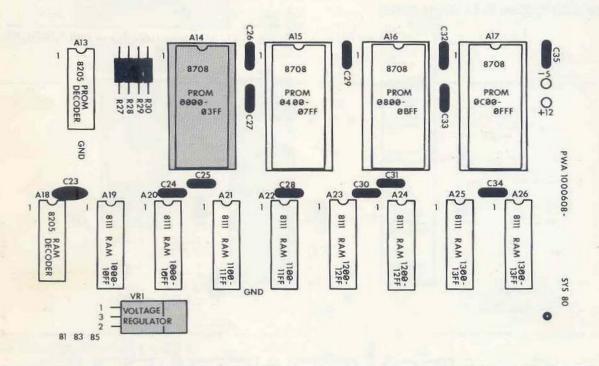


Figure 2-12. Construction Figure #9.

CHAPTER 3 THEORY OF OPERATION

GENERAL

Now that you have assembled the structure of the SDK-80 it is time to discuss the internal composition of the design. We will do this by presenting the functional organization of the SDK-80 logic and, in the process, bring in the decisions that you, as the user, must make before completing the kit.

Figure 3-1 is a functional block diagram of the

SDK-80. It has been purposely drawn as simple as possible in order to give a basis for discussion. You will note that this figure shows only the major signals in the unit. For this reason, some occasional reference to the SDK-80 schematics (Appendix B) will be in order.

The text to follow describes each of the elements in the block diagram.

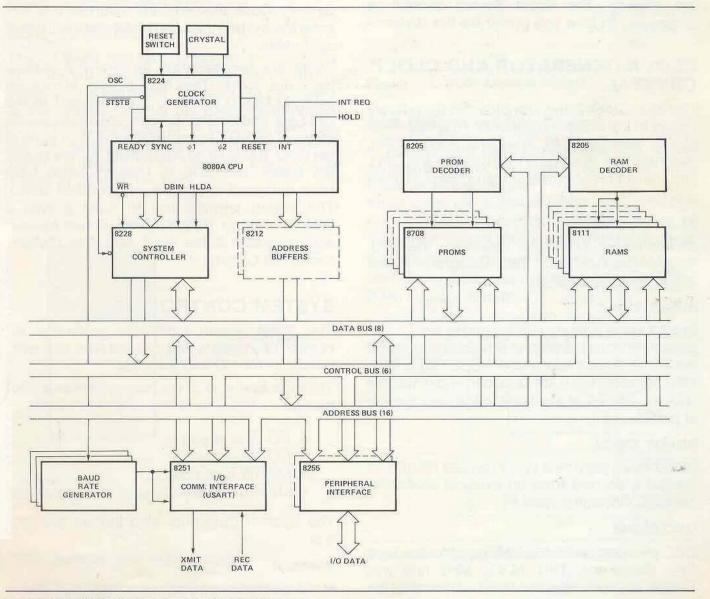


Figure 3-1. SDK-80 Functional Block Diagram.

SYSTEM BUSSES

The SDK-80 logic is built around three system busses: the data bus, the address bus and the control bus. All of the MCS-80™ components communicate via these three busses.

The system busses can be selectively enabled/ disabled from the user system if the board is jumpered for that capability. Bus enable jumpering is described in the System Bus Enable section of Chapter 4.

Each bus is more fully described in the 8080 Microcomputer Systems User's Manual.

RESET SWITCH

The Reset Switch gives you the capability of forcing a reset to the SDK-80 logic at any time. When the switch is pressed, the Clock Generator will send a RESET signal throughout the system. The Reset Switch should be pressed each time you power-up the system.

CLOCK GENERATOR AND CLOCK CRYSTAL

The 8224 Clock Generator provides the primary timing to the system. It generates the high-level clocks necessary to drive the 8080A CPU, synchronizes the READY signal into the CPU, and transmits the power-up (and Reset Switch) reset signal.

Ø1 and Ø2 Clocks

Ø1 and Ø2 are 2.048 MHz clocks for the CPU. They are derived from OSC using an internal divide-by-nine function.

RESET Signal

RESET is the primary reset signal to the system logic. It is asserted both at power-up and when the Reset Switch is pressed. RESET clears the CPU, disables the RAM Decoder, and resets the USART. RESET is available to the user system at pad V.

READY Signal

READY can provide a synchronized READY to the CPU, derived from an external asynchronous RDYIN signal (pad P).

OSC Signal

OSC provides an 18.432 MHz input to the Baud Rate Generator. This 18.432 MHz rate was chosen for two reasons. First, it permits the 8080A CPU to run at very close to its maximum speed. Second, it is a convenient rate to use in designing a simple, but highly stable, Baud Rate Generator.

STSTB (Status Strobe) Signal

At the beginning of each machine cycle, the CPU issues status information on its data bus. STSTB causes the 8228 System Controller to store this information into its status latch. STSTB is available to the user system as STATUS STROBE at pad J.

8080A CPU

The 8080A CPU is thoroughly described in the Intel® 8080 Microcomputer Systems User's Manual and need not be repeated here.

The CPU clocks, Ø1 and Ø2, will be supplied (at 2.048 MHz) by the Clock Generator.

The data bus will interface directly to the System Controller and the address bus will enter the system through the Address Buffers, if applicable.

There are two separate jumper-wire options with the CPU. The first option allows an external HOLD signal to be presented to the CPU via pad R. The second option allows an external READY signal to force a Wait state in the CPU. It should be pointed out, however, that the 8080A and SDK-80 memory chips have been designed to operate without Wait states. The option permits you to force a Wait if desired, though. Both of these jumper options are described in the Hold And Wait Options section of Chapter 4.

SYSTEM CONTROLLER

The 8228 System Controller generates the control bus signals that provide read and write functions for I/O and memory.

They are available to the user system as shown below:

- I/O W is at pad E
- I/O R is at pad L
- MEMW is at pad U
- MEMR is at pad T

The System Controller also buffers the data bus.

Interrupt

A single-level interrupt structure is provided such that whenever pad H (INT REQ) is

grounded, the System Controller causes a Restart instruction (RST 7) to be inserted into the CPU. This feature provides a single interrupt vector without using additional components, such as an interrupt instruction port. Multiple level interrupts will require additional chips to be installed into the wire-wrap area.

ADDRESS BUFFERS (OPTIONAL)

The 8212 Address Buffers are not included in the System Design Kit, but must be added if more than a nominal amount of memory (more than 1024 bytes of RAM and more than 4K bytes of ROM) is used. The Address Buffers are tristate TTL buffers that provide 15mA drive.

The address bus level can be forced to the highimpedance state by inputting a high level on pad S (SYSTEM BUS ENABLE), if the board is jumpered for this capability.

SDK-80 MEMORY

The SDK-80 has two types of memory. Its ROM Memory can accommodate from 1K to 4K bytes, where the lower 1K bytes are dedicated to the system monitor. Its RAM Memory can accommodate from 256 to 1K bytes, in which all but the uppermost 30 bytes (addresses 13E2-13FF) are useable by your system. Figure 3-2 is a map of SDK-80 memory.

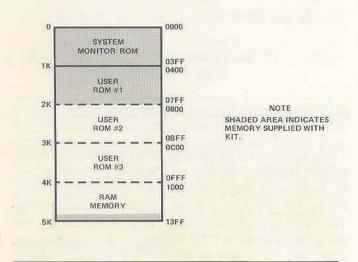


Figure 3-2. SDK-80 Memory Map.

ROM Decoder and ROM Memory

The SDK-80 can accomodate up to four 1024x8 8708/8308 Read Only Memory (ROM) chips.

The ROM that installs into board location A14 has been pre-programmed with the SDK-80 system monitor.

The 8708/8308 that installs into board locations A15, A16, and A17 can be used to hold a program that you have developed and checked out in RAM.

The 8205 ROM Decoder selects the ROM chip being addressed. Figure 3-3 shows the ROM address format.

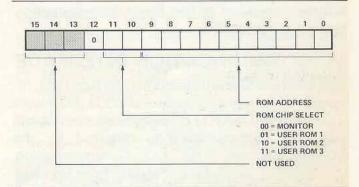


Figure 3-3. ROM Address Format.

RAM Decoder and RAM Memory

In the standard configuration, the SDK-80 can accommodate up to eight 256x4 Static MOS Random Access Memory (RAM) chips. Two of these chips are supplied in the System Design Kit, so users requiring only 256 bytes of memory need not install additional RAM chips.

The 8205 RAM Decoder selects the RAM chip pair being addressed. Figure 3-4 shows the RAM address format.

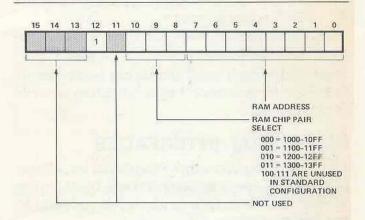


Figure 3-4. RAM Address Format.

RAM access is disabled whenever the RESET signal from the Clock Generator is asserted.

BAUD RATE GENERATOR

The Baud Rate Generator circuit supplies the transmitter and receiver clocks to the I/O Communication Interface. This circuit is made up of three IC chips: one 93S16 and two 74161s.

The Baud Rate Generator takes the 18.432 MHz OSC signal from the Clock Generator and, by internal division, generates a series of signals which represent baud rates between 75 and 4800. The baud rate that will be presented to the I/O Communication Interface is determined by jumper-wiring or a rotary switch. This selection will be discussed in the Baud Rate Selection section of Chapter 4.

I/O COMMUNICATION INTERFACE

The 8251 I/O Communication Interface is a Universal Synchronous/Asynchronous Receiver/
Transmitter (USART) chip that accommodates any data communications required by the SDK-80 system. The I/O Communication Interface can accept parallel data from the data bus and send it serially to an external device. It can also accept serial data from an external device and put it onto the data bus in parallel form when eight bits have been collected. Figure 3-5 shows the address format for communications.

The baud rate at which the I/O Communication Interface will transmit and receive data is governed by the Baud Rate Generator.

The I/O Communication Interface circuit on the board also includes some jumpers that select the communication input/output level. Any of three levels may be selected.

- RS-232 level, which is typically used for CRT applications
- Current-loop level, for TTY applications
- TTL level.

The input/output level jumpering is discussed in the Communication Level Selection section of Chapter 4.

PERIPHERAL INTERFACES

The 8255 Programmable Peripheral Interfaces provide the user's primary access point to the SDK-80 data bus. One 8255 chip is supplied in the System Design Kit.

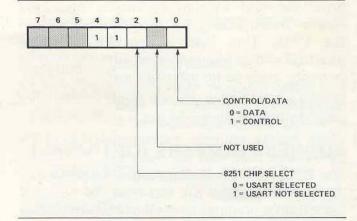


Figure 3-5. I/O Communication Interface Address Format.

Each Peripheral Interface chip provides three 8bit parallel I/O ports, each of which is independently addressable. Figure 3-6 shows the address format for I/O port selection.

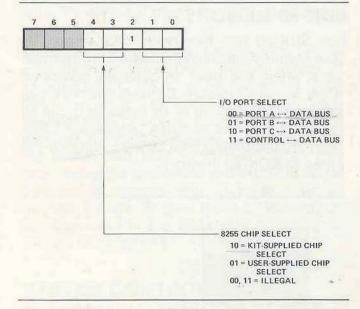


Figure 3-6. Peripheral Interface Address Format.

The output pins of the Peripheral Interfaces are totally uncommitted and may be jumper-wired to best suit your particular application. For example, they might be wired directly to the interface plugs or, alternately, they might be wired to standard TTL buffers in the wire-wrap area before coming back to the plugs. This wiring is further discussed in the Output Wiring section of Chapter 4.

CHAPTER 4 FINAL ASSEMBLY AND CHECKOUT

GENERAL

At this point in the manual you should have completed the preliminary assembly and read the theory of operation. You can now finish the board assembly and begin a checkout sequence.

JUMPER-WIRING THE BOARD

The SDK-80 is designed to be used in virtually any evaluation application and can be jumpered to suit your particular requirements. These questions will help you decide what jumpers are needed:

- 1. Will you ever want the CPU to enter a Hold or Wait state?
- 2. Will you ever want to disable the system busses?
- 3. What type of input device will you use to communicate with the SDK-80 (e.g., CRT, Teletype)?
- 4. What is its baud rate?
- 5. Will you be using 8212 Address Buffer chips?
- 6. What kind of information will be transferred to/from the SDK-80?

If you have a fairly good idea of the answers to all of these questions, you are ready to start jumper-wiring the board. The scrap leads that have been cut from previously-installed resistors are a good source of jumper wire. However, use 22-gauge insulated wire in situations where any jumpers may make contact with each other.

Hold and Wait Options

The SDK-80 is designed to run without Hold or Wait states. However, a jumper-wire option is available to give either capability.

- ☐ To disable the Hold state, wire J5-2 to J5-3.
- ☐ To enable the Hold state, wire J5-1 to J5-2.
- ☐ If READY is to force an 8080 Wait state, wire J5-8 to J5-9. If not, wire J5-8 to J5-7.

System Bus Enable

One jumper is available to make it possible to selectively disable the SDK-80 system bus.

- ☐ If the bus will be selectively disabled, wire J5-5 to J5-6.
- ☐ If the bus should remain enabled at all times, wire J5-4 to J5-5.

Baud Rate Selection

The communications baud rate can be selected in two ways, depending on the application. If only one baud rate will be employed, the rate can be selected by installing a single jumper wire. If two or more baud rates will be employed in the application, however, the Spectrol rotary switch installed in Chapter 1 will be used for this purpose.

☐ To select a fixed baud rate, jumper pad 29 to one of the pads 31-37 per Table 4-1.

Table 4-1. Baud Rate Selection Table.

Baud Rate	Wire Pad 29 To
4800	31
2400	32
1200	33
600	34
300	35
150	36
75 or 110	37

☐ For 110 baud, the standard Teletype rate, wire pad 4 to pad 5.

Communication Level Selection

Any of three communication levels can be selected: CRT, Teletype, or TTL. All serial data is passed through connector J3.

Table 4-2. Communication Level Jumper Table.

CRT Configuration Jumpers	TTY Configuration Jumpers	TTL Configuration Jumpers
23 to 24	23 to 26	23 to 25
17 to 18	18 to 19	17 to 18
9 to 10	10 to 11	12 to 13
13 to 14	13 to 14	2 to 3
2 to 3	1 to 2	20 to 21
6 to 8	7 to 8	
27 to 28	15 to 16	
21 to 22	21 to 22	

- ☐ Jumper wire pads 1 through 28 per Table 4-2.
- ☐ If your system does not contain a modem, jumper pad A to pad B.

Address Bus Jumpers

If you do not use 8212 Address Buffer chips on your SDK-80, the address bus must be jumpered across locations A11 and A12. In this situation, connect the following jumpers AT BOTH LOCATION A11 AND LOCATION A12. All jumpers should be installed from the circuit side of the board i.e., **NOT** the silk-screen side.

- ☐ Jumper pad 3 to pad 4.
- ☐ Jumper pad 5 to pad 6.
- ☐ Jumper pad 7 to pad 8.
- ☐ Jumper pad 9 to pad 10.
- ☐ Jumper pad 15 to pad 16.
- ☐ Jumper pad 17 to pad 18.
- ☐ Jumper pad 19 to pad 20.
- ☐ Jumper pad 21 to pad 22.

Output Wiring

Connector J3 is dedicated as a communications interface (see Table 4-3) and is, in fact, the only committed interface in the SDK-80. All other interfacing is at the discretion of the user.

For example, the 8255 Peripheral Interface might be jumpered directly to connector J1 or, alternately, might be jumpered to TTL buffers in the wire-wrap area before being passed to J1. Conversely, you might wish to add a switch array to the 8255 area in order to send data to the CPU.

Your System Design Kit includes male connectors that mate with the female connectors installed at J1 and J3.

A group of control signals are available at the alphabetic-labeled pads in area two of the board. Table 4-4 identifies these pads.

Table 4-3. Pin Assignments for Communications Interface (J3).

J3 Pin	CRT Configuration	TTY Configuration	TTL Configuration
1			
2	CRT REC.		TTL REC.
	DATA		DATA
3	CRT XMIT		TTL XMIT
	DATA		DATA
4			A STATE OF THE OWNER.
5	+12 VDC		
6		Committee of	
7	SIGNAL GND		SIGNAL GND
8	+12 VDC		
9			retraction
10	Name and Address of the Owner, where		
11			
12		TTY REC RETURN	
13	Mala and Table	TTY XMIT	mix! is a
14			A STORE OF
15		The sile	
16			h diameter
17			STATE STATE OF
18			
19			
20	+12 VDC		KIND HOLL
21			HITTON Y
22	CONTRACTOR OF		
23		Day of the Way	Laurani S
24		TTY REC	Company of the Compan
25		TTY XMIT RETURN	nel alue - 1

Table 4-4. SDK-80 Control Bus Pads.

Pad	Mnemonic	Description	
Α	CTS	Clear To Send	
В	RTS	Request to Send	
C	Ø2 (TTL)	2.048 MHz Clock	
D	DSR	Data Set Ready	
E	I/O W	I/O Write	
F	DTR	Data Terminal Ready	
H	INT REQ	Interrupt Request	
J	STATUS STROBE	Status is on Data Bus	
K	OSC	18.432 MHz Oscillator	
L	I/O R	I/O Read	
M	HLDA	Hold Acknowledge	
N	INTA	Interrupt Acknowledge	
P	READY	Ready	
R	HOLD	Hold	
S	SYSTEM BUS ENABLE	Enables Data Bus and Address Bus	
T	MEMR	Memory Read	
U	MEMW	Memory Write	
V	RESET	Reset	

INSTALLING INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

You have now reached the point where you will start installing IC's in the board, but a few words are in order before you begin.

Special Precautions For Handling MOS IC's

The Kit's MOS IC's (8080, 8111, 8251, 8255, and 8708) are particularly susceptible to static electricity. They can be easily damaged if proper care is not taken in handling them. For this reason, the following steps should be adhered to as closely as possible:

- All equipment (soldering iron, tools, solder, etc.) should be at the same potential as the PW board, the assembler, the work surface and the IC itself along with its container. This can be accomplished by continuous physical contact with the work surface, the components, and everything else involved in the operation.
- When handling the IC, develop the habit of first touching the conductive container in which it is stored before touching the IC itself.
- Always touch the SDK-80's PW board before touching the IC to the board. Try to maintain this contact as much as possible while installing the IC.
- Handle the IC by the edges. Avoid touching the pins as much as possible.
- In general, never touch anything to the IC that you have not touched first while touching both it and the IC itself.

Aligning the IC Pins

The connector pins of Integrated Circuit chips are very fragile and can be easily pushed out of line. In fact, sometimes IC's will arrive with one or more pins out of line. Trying to install a misaligned IC is a hapless task and, worse, might cause permanent damage to the chip.

Aligning the pins of an IC is an easy job. Simply lay the IC on its side on your work surface, hold the chip by its body and exert enough pressure so that all pins are perpendicular to the body.

Chip Orientation

The IC's must be correctly oriented on the board or they will not operate properly. One end of the chip will carry some sort of identifying mark, typically a notch or a dot or a +

sign. The chip must be installed so that this identifier corresponds to the silkscreened "1" on the board.

Installing IC Chips

After orienting the IC, follow these steps to install it in the board:

- Start the pins on one side of the IC into their respective holes on the silk-screened side of the PW board. DO NOT PUSH THE PINS IN ALL THE WAY. If you have difficulty getting the pins into the holes, use the tip of a small screwdriver to guide them.
- Start the pins on the other side of the IC into their holes in the same manner. When all of the pins have been started, set the IC in place by gently rocking it back and forth until it rests as close as possible to the board or socket.
- If the IC is not installed in a socket, turn the board over and solder each pin to the foil pattern on the back side of the board. Be sure to solder each pin and be careful not to leave any solder bridges.

Removing IC Chips

If required, an IC chip can be removed from a socket by gently rocking it back and forth to start its release. When a gap exists between the chip and socket, pry it gently at alternate ends until the pins start to come loose. A popsicle stick or small screwdriver works well here. Then hold the chip by the ends and pull it free. Try to keep the chip fairly parallel to the socket throughout this operation.

Clock Generator

Besides the 8080, the most critical chip in the SDK-80 circuit is the 8224 Clock Generator.

☐ Insert the 8224 Clock Chip into the socket at location A8.

Power, Clock and Reset Verification

With this single chip installed, we can check the power and clock inputs and the operation of the Reset Switch. The procedure is as follows:

☐ Connect your power supply to terminal lugs E1-E6 on the SDK-80 board.

NOTE The SDK-80 edge connector is

power-compatible with Intel's MDS (Microcomputer Development System). If you have an MDS, the SDK-80 can derive its power through installation in the MDS chassis.

Turn power on.
Using a voltmeter, verify +5 VDC at the pad provided.
Verify +12 VDC at the "+12" pad.
Verify your supply's negative voltage at the "-10" pad.

Verify -5 VDC at the "-5" pad, near location	
A17.	

Press the Reset Switch a few times and check for +4 VDC at A8, pin 1(RESET).

NOTE

Develop the habit of pressing the Reset Switch each time you power-up the system.

	If you have an oscilloscope, verify that A8
	pins 10 and 11 each show 2.048 MHz clocks
	(Ø2 and Ø1, respectively).

- ☐ Using an oscilloscope, verify that A8 pin 12 shows an 18.432 MHz clock (OSC).
- Turn the power off.

Remainder of SDK-80 ICs

After having verified that the SDK-80 logic is correctly receiving power, the system clocks and the RESET signal, you can finish installing the chip complement. Some of the IC's will plug into sockets, others will have to be soldered onto the board.

The procedure is as follows:

- ☐ Solder the 93S16 chip into location A1.
- ☐ Solder a 74161 chip into locations A2 and A5.
- ☐ Solder the 7406 chip into location A6.
- ☐ If applicable, solder 8212 chips into locations A11 and A12.
- ☐ Solder 8205 chips into locations A13 and
- ☐ Solder 8111 chips into locations A25 and A26.

- ☐ Insert the 8228 chip into the socket at location A9.
- ☐ Insert the 8080A chip into the socket at location A10.
- ☐ Insert the 8251 chip into the socket at location A7.
- ☐ Insert the 8255 chip into the socket at location A3.
- ☐ Insert the pre-programmed monitor ROM chip into the socket at location A14.

Table 4-5. Power Requirements.

Symbol	Voltage	Minimum System	Maximum System	Unit
V _{cc}	+5V ±5%	1.3	2.1	Amps
V _{DD}	+12V ±5%	.35	.45	Amps
V _{BB}	-10V ±5% -12V ±5%	.20	.30	Amps

START-UP PROCEDURE

You have now completed the SDK-80 assembly and are ready to start up the system. The start-up procedure is as follows:

- □ Plug your system communication monitor (CRT, Teletype, etc.) into the SDK-80 connector J3.
- ☐ Turn power on at both the SDK-80 power supply and your communication monitor.
- ☐ Press the Reset Switch.

At this point, your monitor will display the following message:

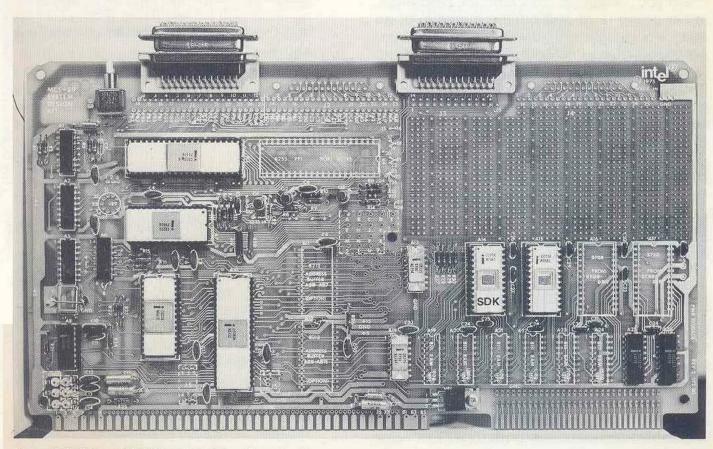
MCS-80™ KIT

Congratulations! You are now ready to start using the system.

TROUBLESHOOTING HINTS

If the SDK-80 system does not work properly, turn the power off and investigate these areas:

- Verify that all resistors have been properly installed and are correctly color-coded. Appendix C summarizes the component values.
- Verify that all capacitors have been properly installed and that all electrolytic capacitors are installed with proper polarity.
- 3. Verify that both diodes (CR1 and CR2) have been installed with proper polarity.
- 4. Verify that the metal tabs of all three transistors are properly positioned.
- Verify that all IC's are installed with their "1"-end identifiers correctly oriented.
- Verify that all jumpers have been properly installed.
- If the above hints do not fix the problem contact the distributor where the SDK-80 was purchased.



Assembled Board (Without Jumpers).

CHAPTER 5 SDK-80 MONITOR

INTRODUCTION

The SDK-80 Monitor is an Intel® 8080 program provided in a pre-programmed ROM. The Monitor accepts and acts upon user commands to operate the SDK-80. It also provides input and output facilities in the form of I/O drivers for user console devices. The Monitor provides the following facilities:

- · Displaying selected areas of memory.
- Initiating execution of user programs.
- Setting "BREAK POINTS" in user programs.
- Modifying contents of memory and processor registers.
- Inputting hexadecimal data from the console device to memory.

The Monitor communicates with the user through an interactive console device, normally a Teletype or CRT Terminal. The dialogue between the operator and Monitor consists of user-originated commands in the Monitor's command language, and Monitor responses, either in the form of a printed message or an action being performed. After the cold start procedure (described under the heading, "Cold Start Procedures" in Section III), the Monitor begins the dialogue by typing the sign-on message on the console and requesting a command by presenting a prompt character, "." (period).

MONITOR OPERATIONS

The SDK-80 Monitor is a command controlled operations supervisor for the 8080 Microcomputer System Design Kit. Control commands are discussed in Section II, "Command Structure".

I. FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATION

A. General Characteristics and Scope of Product

The monitor is a program written in Intel® 8080 macro assembly language. The monitor resides in 1K (K = 1024 bytes) of programmed ROM and is located in the address space of the 8080 microcomputer between 0 and 1K. The non-volatile nature of the program's storage medium means that the monitor is available for use immediately after power-on or reset.

B. Description of All Major Functions Performed

1. CONSOLE COMMANDS

The monitor communicates with the operator via an interactive console, normally a teletypewriter. The dialogue between the operator and the monitor consists of commands in the monitor's command language and the monitor's responses. After the cold start procedure, the monitor begins the dialogue by typing a sign-on message on the console and then requests a command by presenting a prompt character, ".". Commands are in the form of a single alphabetic character specifying the command, followed by a list of numeric or alphabetic parameters. Numeric parameters are entered as hexadecimal numbers. The monitor recognizes the characters 0 through 9 and A through F as legal hexadecimal digits. The valid range of numbers is from 1 to 4 hex digits. Longer numbers may be entered, but such numbers will be evaluated modulo 216 so that they will fall into the range specified above.

The only command requiring an alphabetic parameter is the "X" command. The nature of such parameters will be discussed in the section explaining the command.

2. USE OF THE MONITOR FOR PROGRAMMING AND CHECKOUT

The monitor allows the user to enter, check out, and execute small demonstration programs. The monitor contains facilities for memory modification, 8080 CPU register display and modification, program loading from the console device, program initiation, and the recognition of an "RST 7" instruction as an unconditional branch to RAM address 13FDH. By inserting RST 7 instructions in a program under test, or by using the hardware generated RST 7 instruction (if available), the user can cause execution of a program to transfer to a dedicated location, for whatever purposes he desires.

When the user wishes to re-enter the

monitor, he should use an RST 1 instruction, either generated by hardware or coded into his program. When entered in this manner, the monitor will automatically save the state of the 8080: specifically, it will save all registers (A, B, C, D, E, H, L), the CPU flags (F), the user's Program Counter (PC), and the user's Stack Pointer (SP). These may be examined with the X command. When the operator enters a G command, these values will be restored.

3. I/O SYSTEM

The I/O system provides two routines, console character in and console character out, which the user may call upon to read and write, respectively, characters from and to the console device.

C. Applicable Standards

Throughout this specification, the numbering convention for bits in a word is that bit 0 is the least significant, or rightmost bit.

The internal code set used by the monitor is 7 bit (no parity) ASCII.

II. INTERFACE SPECIFICATIONS

A. Command Structure

In the following paragraphs the monitor command language is discussed. Each command is described, and examples of its use are included for clarity. Error conditions that may be encountered while operating the monitor are described in Section IV.C.

The monitor requires each command to be terminated by a carriage return. With the exception of the "S" and "X" commands, the command is not acted upon until the carriage return is sensed. Therefore, the user can abort any command, before he enters the carriage return, by typing any illegal character (such as RUBOUT).

Except where indicated otherwise, a single space is synonymous with the comma for use as a delimiter. Consecutive spaces or commas, or a space or comma immediately following the command letter, will be interpreted as a null parameter. Null parameters are illegal in all commands except the "X" command (see below).

Items enclosed in square brackets "[" and "]" are optional. The consequences of including or omitting them are discussed in the text.

1. DISPLAY MEMORY COMMAND, D

D <low address>, <high address>

Selected areas of addressable memory may be accessed and displayed by the D command. The D command produces a formatted listing of the memory area between <low address> and <high address>, inclusive, on the console device. Each line of the listing begins with the address of the first memory location displayed on that line, represented as 4 hexadecimal digits, followed by up to 16 memory locations, each one represented by 2 hexadecimal digits.

The D command may be aborted during execution by typing an Escape (ESC) on the console. The command will be terminated immediately, and a new prompt issued.

Example

D9.2A

0009 00 11 22 33 44 55 66 0010 77 88 99 AA BB CC DD EE FF 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 0020 80 90 AO BO CO DO EO FO 01 02 03

2. PROGRAM EXECUTE COMMAND, G

G[<entry point>]

Control of the CPU is transferred from the monitor to the user program by means of the program execute command, G. The <entry point> should be an address in RAM which contains an instruction in the user's program. If no entry point is specified, the monitor uses, as an address, the value on top of the stack when the monitor was entered.

Example

G1400

Control is passed to location 1400H.

3. INSERT INSTRUCTIONS INTO RAM, I

I <address>

Single instructions, or an entire user program, are entered into RAM with the I command. After sensing the carriage return terminating the command line, the monitor waits for the user to enter a string of hexadecimal digits (0 to 9, A to F). Each digit in the string is converted into its binary value, and then loaded into memory, beginning at the starting address specified and continuing into sequential

memory locations. Two hexadecimal digits are loaded into each byte of memory.

Separators between digits (spaces, commas, carriage returns) are ignored; illegal characters, however, will terminate the command with an error message (see section IV.C.1). The character ESC or ALTMODE (which is echoed to the console as "\$") terminates the digit string. If an odd number of hex digits have been entered, a 0 will be appended to the string.

Example

11410 112233445566778899\$

This command puts the following pattern into RAM:

1410 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 99 11440 123456789\$

This command puts the following pattern into RAM:

1440 12 34 56 78 90

Note that, since an odd number of hexadecimal digits were entered initially, a 0 was appended to the digit string.

MOVE MEMORY COMMAND, M

M <low address>, <high address>, <destination>

The M command moves the contents of memory <low address> and <high address>, inclusive, to the area of RAM beginning at <destination>. The contents of the source field remain undisturbed, unless the receiving field overlaps the source field.

The move operation is performed on a byte-by-byte basis, beginning at <low address>. Care should be taken if <destination> is between <low address> and <high address>. For example, if location 1410 contains 1AH, the command M1410, 141F, 1411

will result in locations 1410 to 1420 containing "1A1A1A...".

The monitor will continue to move data until the source field is exhausted, or until it reaches address 0FFFFH. If the monitor

reaches address 0FFFFH without exhausting the source field, it will move data into this location, then stop.

Example

M1410, 150F, 1510

256 bytes of memory are moved from 1410-150F to 1510-160F by this command.

SUBSTITUTE MEMORY COMMAND, S S <address>

The S command allows the user to examine and optionally modify memory locations individually. The command functions as follows:

- Type an S, followed by the hexadecimal address of the first memory location you wish to examine, followed by a space or comma.
- ii. The contents of the location is displayed, followed by a dash (-).
- iii. To modify the contents of the location displayed, type in the new data, followed by a space, comma, or carriage return. If you do not wish to modify the location, type only the space, comma, or carriage return.
- iv. If a space or comma was typed in step (iii), the next memory location will be displayed as in step (ii). If a carriage return was typed, the S command will be terminated.

Example

S1450 AA- BB-CC 01-13 23-24

Location 1450, which contains AA is unchanged, but location 1451 (which used to contain BB) now contains CC, 1452 (which used to contain 01) now contains 13, and 1453 (which used to contain 23) now contains 24.

EXAMINE AND MODIFY CPU REGISTERS COMMAND, X

X [<register identifier>]

Display and modification of the CPU registers is accomplished via the X command. The X command uses <register identifier> to select the particular register to be displayed. A register identifier is a single alphabetic character denoting a register, defined as follows:

A - 8080 CPU register A

B - 8080 CPU register B

C - 8080 CPU register C

D - 8080 CPU register D

E — 8080 CPU register E

F — 8080 CPU flags byte, displayed in the form as it is stored by the "PUSH PSW" (hex code F5) instruction

H - 8080 CPU register H

L — 8080 CPU register L

M — 8080 CPU registers H and L combined

P — 8080 Program Counter

S - 8080 Stack Pointer

The command operates as follows:

i. Type an X, followed by a register identifier or a carriage return.

ii. The contents of the register are displayed (two hexadecimal digits for A, B, C, D, E, F, H, and L, four hexadecimal digits for M and S), followed by a dash (-).

iii. The register may be modified at this time by typing the new value, followed by a space, comma, or carriage return. If no modification is desired, type only the space, comma, or carriage return.

iv. If a space or comma was typed in step (iii), the next register in sequence (alphabetical order) will be displayed as in step ii (unless S was just displayed in which case the command is terminated). If a carriage return was entered in step iii, the X command is terminated.

v. If a carriage return was typed in step (i) above, an annotated list of all registers and their contents are displayed.

Example

XA AA- BB- CC- DD- EE- FF- 12- 34- 1234- 0000 XA AA- 23- CC- 01- EE- FF- 12- 34- 1234- 1010

A-AA B-23 C-CC D-01 E-EE F-FF H-12 L-34 M-1234 P-01CF S-03CD

B. Console Device Drivers

The monitor interfaces to the console device via a universal synchronous/asynchronous receiver/transmitter (USART). The monitor drivers interface with the USART according to the USART specifications. At the time of the assembly of the kit, the USART may be configured for a particular type of console

interface. The actual console device must conform to this interface.

C. Using the I/O System

The user may access the two monitor I/O system routines from his program by calling the routine desired. The following paragraphs describe the routines available and their respective functions.

CI — Console Input

This routine returns a character received from the console device to the caller in the Aregister. The A register and the CPU condition codes are affected by this operation. The entry point of this routine is 3FDH.

Example

CI EQU 3FDH
...
CALL CI
STA DATA

CO - Console Output

This routine transmits a character, passed from the caller in the C-register, to the console device. The A and C registers, and the CPU condition codes, are affected by this operation. The entry point of this routine is 3FAH.

Example

CO EQU 3FAH
...
MVI C, "."
CALL CO

III. OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

A. Product Activation Instructions

1. COLD START PROCEDURE

After a power-on or reset, the monitor will begin execution at location 0 in ROM. The monitor will perform an initialization sequence, and then display a sign-on message on the console. When the monitor is ready for a command, it will prompt with a period, "."

2. USE OF RAM STORAGE IN THE MONITOR

The monitor dynamically assigns its RAM stack near the top of the first 1K bytes of RAM (address space from 4K to 5K). The top 3 bytes in this block of RAM are reserved for a transfer address, supplied

by the user, which is used as a destination location for RST 7 instructions (or the optional hardwired instruction). Several additional bytes are used, below the stack, for temporary storage. Except for RAM addresses 5K-1 to 5K-256, all other RAM is available for the user.

3. BREAK POINT FACILITY

The monitor treats the RST 1 instruction (CF hex) as a special sequence initiator. Upon execution of an RST 1 instruction the monitor will automatically save the complete CPU status and output the sign on message "MCS-80™ KIT" on to the console device. The user can at that time display the contents of the CPU status by initiating an "X" command. After examining the machine status and making changes if necessary the user can resume execution of his program by simply inputting "G" and Carriage Return on the console device. By using the RST 1 break point facilities of the monitor the user can step through large portions of his program by inserting RST 1 instructions at key locations. This technique can significantly reduce the amount of time it takes to debug software.

4. INTERRUPT PROCESSING

The SDK-80 hardware is designed so that an external device can interrupt the CPU and execute an automatic RST 7 instruction. The monitor, upon execution of a RST 7 instruction, automatically executes an unconditional JUMP to RAM location (13FDH). This facility allows the user to initiate his program upon command of a peripheral device, such as a switch closure, without the activation of the monitor's program control command "G". At any time during the execution of the interrupt-invoked program, the user may re-enter the monitor by executing a RST 1 instruction. The sign-on message "MCS-80 KIT" will be displayed on the console device and all monitor commands are available to the user. To resume the user program, simply input "G" and Carriage Return on the console device.

B. Error Conditions

1. INVALID CHARACTERS

The monitor checks the validity of each character as it is entered from the console. As soon as the monitor determines that the last character entered is illegal in its context, the monitor aborts the command and issues an "*" to indicate the error.

Example

D1400, 145G*

The character G was encountered in a parameter list where only hexadecimal digits and delimiters are valid.

Y*

Y is not a valid command.

2. ADDRESS VALUE ERRORS

Some commands require an address pair of the form <low address>, <high address>. If, on these commands, the value of <low address> is greater than or equal to the value of <high address>, the action indicated by the command will be performed on the data at <low address> only.

Addresses are evaluated modulo 2¹⁶. Thus, if a hexadecimal address greater than FFFF is entered, only the last 4 hex digits will be used.

Another type of address error may occur when the operator specifies a part of memory in a command which does not exist in his particular configuration. In general, if a nonexistent portion of memory is specified as the source field for an instruction, the data fetched will be unpredictable. If a nonexistent portion of memory is given as the destination field in a command, the command has no effect.

APPENDIX A. MONITOR LISTING

51 ;

ISIS-II 8080/8085 MACRO ASSEMBLER, X108 SDK80 PAGE 1 LOC OBJ LINE SOURCE STATEMENT 1 ;********************************** 2; 3 ; PROGRAM: 8080A BOARD MONITOR 4; COPYRIGHT (C) 1975 5 ; 6; INTEL CORPORATION 7 ; 3065 BOWERS AVENUE 8 ; SANTA CLARA, CALIFORNIA 95051 10 ;********************* 11 ; 12; ABSTRACT 13 ; ===== 14 ; 15 ; THIS PROGRAM RUNS ON THE 8080A BOARD AND IS DESIGNED TO PROVIDE 16 ; THE USER WITH A MINIMAL MONITOR. BY USING THIS PROGRAM, 17 ; THE USER CAN EXAMINE AND CHANGE MEMORY OR CPU REGISTERS, LOAD 18 ; A PROGRAM (IN ABSOLUTE HEX) INTO RAM, AND EXECUTE INSTRUCTIONS 19 ; ALREADY IN MEMORY. THE MONITOR ALSO PROVIDES THE USER WITH 20 ; ROUTINES FOR PERFORMING CONSOLE I/O. 21 ; 22 ; 23 ; PROGRAM ORGANIZATION 24 ; ========= 25 ; 26 ; THE LISTING IS ORGANIZED IN THE FOLLOWING WAY. FIRST THE COMMAND 27 ; RECOGNIZER, WHICH IS THE HIGHEST LEVEL ROUTINE IN THE PROGRAM. 28 ; NEXT, ARE THE ROUTINES TO IMPLEMENT THE VARIOUS COMMANDS, FINALLY 29 ; THE UTILITY ROUTINES WHICH ACTUALLY DO THE DIRTY WORK. WITHIN 30 ; EACH SECTION, THE ROUTINES ARE ORGANIZED IN ALPHABETICAL 31 ; ORDER, BY ENTRY POINT OF THE ROUTINE. 32 ; 33 ; THIS PROGRAM EXPECTS TO RUN IN THE FIRST 1K OF ADDRESS SPACE. 34 ; IF, FOR SOME REASON, THE PROGRAM IS RE-ORG'ED, CARE SHOULD 35 ; BE TAKEN TO MAKE SURE THAT THE TRANSFER INSTRUCTIONS FOR RST 1 36 ; AND RST 7 ARE ADJUSTED APPROPRIATELY. 37 ; 38 ; THE PROGRAM ALSO EXPECTS THAT RAM LOCATIONS 5K-1 TO 5K-256, 39 ; INCLUSIVE, ARE RESERVED FOR THE PROGRAM'S OWN USE. THESE 40 ; LOCATIONS MAY BE ALTERED, HOWEVER, BY CHANGING THE EQU'ED 41 ; SYMBOL "DATA" AS DESIRED. 42 ; 43 ; 44 ; LIST OF FUNCTIONS 45 ; ==== == ===== 46 ; GETCM 47 ; 48; 49 ; 50 ; DCMD 51 ; GCMD

00FF

103 INVRT

EQU

OFFH

; MASK TO INVERT HALF BYTE FLAG

LINE

LOC OBJ

SOURCE STATEMENT

3

```
000A
                 104 LF
                              EQU
                                      OAH ; CODE FOR LINE FEED

O ; DENOTES LOWER HALF OF BYTE IN ICMD

--- ; LENGTH OF SIGNON MESSAGE - DEFINED LATER

OCFH ; MODE SET FOR USART INITIALIZATION

--- ; START OF MONITOR STACK - DEFINED LATER

--- ; NUMBER OF VALID COMMANDS
                                       0AH
                                              ; CODE FOR LINE FEED
0000
                  105 LOWER EQU
                  106 ;LSGNON EQU
00CF
                  107 MODE
                              EQU
                  108 ;MSTAK EQU
                  109 ; NCMDS EQU
                                            ; MASK FOR CHECKING MEMORY ADDR DISPLAY
; MASK TO CLEAR PARITY BIT FROM CONSOLE CHAR
                  110 NEWLN EQU
                                      0FH
3000 F
007F
                  111 PRTY0
                              EQU
                                       07FH
13ED
                 112 REGS
                                      DATA+255-18
                                                    ; START OF REGISTER SAVE AREA
                              EQU
                                             ; MASK TO TEST RECEIVER STATUS
0002
                 113 RBR
                              EQU
                                      2
                                             ; TRANSFER LOCATION FOR RST7 INSTRUCTION
; SIZE OF ENTRY IN RTAB TABLE
; CODE FOR ICMD TERMINATING CHARACTER (ESCAPE)
0038
                  114 RSTU
                              EQU
                                      38H
                  115 ;RTABS EQU
                                      ___
001B
                  116 TERM
                              EQU
                                      1BH
                                             ; MASK TO TEST TRANSMITTER STATUS
                  117 TRDY
0001
                              EOU
                                      1
00FF
                  118 UPPER EQU
                                      OFFH
                                              ; DENOTES UPPER HALF OF BYTE IN ICMD
                  119 ;
                  120 ;******************
                  121 ;
                  122 ;
                                              MONITOR MACROS
                  123 ;
                  124 ;*******************
                  125 ;
                  126:
                  127 TRUE
                              MACRO
                                      WHERE
                                             ; BRANCH IF FUNCTION RETURNS TRUE (SUCCESS)
                  128
                              JC
                                       WHERE
                  129
                              ENDM
                  130 ;
                                      WHERE ; BRANCH IF FUNCTION RETURNS FALSE (FAILURE)
                  131 FALSE MACRO
                  132
                              JNC
                                       WHERE
                  133
                              ENDM
                  134 ;
                  135 ;
                  137 ;
                  138 ;
                                              USART INITIALIZATION CODE
                  139 ;
                  140 ;******************
                  141 ;
                  142 ;
                          THE USART IS ASSUMED TO COME UP IN THE RESET POSITION (THIS
                  143 ;
                          FUNCTION IS TAKEN CARE OF BY THE HARDWARE). THE USART WILL
                  144 ;
                  145 ;
                          BE INITIALIZED IN THE SAME WAY FOR EITHER A TTY OR CRT
                          INTERFACE. THE FOLLOWING PARAMETERS ARE USED:
                  146;
                  147 ;
                  148 ;
                             MODE INSTRUCTION
                  149 ;
                  150 ;
                  151 ;
                             2 STOP BITS
                  152 ;
                             PARITY DISABLED
                  153 ;
                             8 BIT CHARACTERS
                  154 ;
                             BAUD RATE FACTOR OF 64
                  155 ;
```

```
LOC OBJ
              LINE
                         SOURCE STATEMENT
               156;
                        COMMAND INSTRUCTION
               157 ;
                         _____
               158 ;
               159 ;
                         NO HUNT MODE
               160 ;
                         NOT (RTS) FORCED TO 0
               161 ;
                         RECEIVE ENABLED
               162 ;
                         TRANSMIT ENABLED
               163;
0000 3ECF
               164
                         MVI
                                 A, MODE
                         OUT
0002 D3FB
               165
                                 CNCTL ; OUTPUT MODE SET TO USART
0004 3E27
               166
                          MVI
                                 A,CMD
                                       ;
; OUTPUT COMMAND WORD TO USART
                         OUT
0006 D3FB
               167
                                 CNCTL
               168;
               169 ;*******************
               170 ;
               171 ;
                                        RESTART ENTRY POINT
               172 ;
               174;
               175 ;
               176 GO:
                    SHILL
POP
                                 LSAVE ; SAVE HL REGISTERS
0008 22F313
               177
                                 H ; GET TOP OF STACK ENTRY
PSAVE ; ASSUME THIS IS LAST P COUNTER
000B E1
               178
                        SHLD
000C 22F513
000F 210000
              179
                                H,0 ; CLEAR HL
SP ; GET STACK POINTER VALUE
SSAVE ; SAVE USER`S STACK POINTER
                        LXI
DAD
               180
0012 39
               181
                       SHLD
LXI
SPHL
0013 22F713
               182
                                 H,ASAVE+1
0016 21F313
               183
                                               ; NEW VALUE FOR STACK POINTER
                                      ; SET MONITOR STACK POINTER FOR REG SAVE
0019 F9
               184
                        PUSH
                                       ; SAVE A AND FLAGS
001A F5
               185
                                PSW
                                      ; SAVE B AND C
                          PUSH B
PUSH D
001B C5
               186
                                       ; SAVE D AND E
001C D5
               187
               188 ;
               189 ;******************************
               190 ;
               191 ;
                                        PRINT SIGNON MESSAGE
               192 ;
               193 ;*********************
               194 ;
               195 ;
               196 SOMSG:
001D 219D03
                          LXI H, SGNON ; GET ADDRESS OF SIGNON MESSAGE
               197
0020 060E
                                B, LSGNON ; COUNTER FOR CHARACTERS IN MESSAGE
               198
                          MVI
               199 MSGL:
0022 4E
               200
                          MOV
                                 C,M
                                       ; FETCH NEXT CHAR TO C REG
                                      ; SEND IT TO THE CONSOLE
; POINT TO NEXT CHARACTER
; DECREMENT BYTE COUNTER
                                 co
0023 CDE301
               201
                         CALL
                                 H
B
0026 23
               202
                         INX
0027 05
               203
                         DCR
0028 C22200
               204
                          JNZ
                                 MSGL
                                      ; RETURN FOR NEXT CHARACTER
               205 ;
               206;
               207 ;*******************
```

```
LOC OBJ
               LINE
                        SOURCE STATEMENT
                260;
                261 :
                262 ;*******************
                263;
                                         COMMAND IMPLEMENTING ROUTINES
                264;
                265;
                266 ;***********************
                267;
                268 :
                269 ; FUNCTION: DCMD
                270 ; INPUTS: NONE
                271 ; OUTPUTS: NONE
                272 ; CALLS: ECHO, NMOUT, HILO, GETCM, CROUT, GETNM
                273 ; DESTROYS: A,B,C,D,E,H,L,F/F'S
                274 ; DESCRIPTION: DCMD IMPLEMENTS THE DISPLAY MEMORY (D) COMMAND
                275 ;
                276 DCMD:
005E 0E02
                277
                          MVI
                                  C,2
                                        ; GET TWO NUMBERS FROM INPUT STREAM
0060 CD5702
               278
                          CALL
                                  GETNM
0063 D1
               279
                           POP
                                  D
                                        ; ENDING ADDRESS TO DE
0064 E1
                                        ; STARTING ADDRESS TO HL
               280
                          POP
                                  H
                281 DCM05:
0065 CDEE01
               282
                          CALL
                                  CROUT ; ECHO CARRIAGE RETURN/LINE FEED
0068 7C
               283
                          MOV
                                  A,H
                                        ; DISPLAY ADDRESS OF FIRST LOCATION IN LINE
0069 CDC302
                284
                          CALL
                                  NMOUT
006C 7D
               285
                          MOV
                                  A,L
                                         ; ADDRESS IS 2 BYTES LONG
006D CDC302
                286
                          CALL
                                  NMOUT
                287 DCM10:
0070 0E20
               288
                          MVI
                                  C,''
0072 CDF401
                                        ; USE BLANK AS SEPARATOR
               289
                                  ECHO
                          CALL
                                        ; GET CONTENTS OF NEXT MEMORY LOCATION
0075 7E
                290
                          MOV
                                  A,M
                                        ; DISPLAY CONTENTS
; SEE IF USER WANTS OUT
0076 CDC302
                291
                          CALL
                                  NMOUT
0079 CDBD01
                292
                          CALL
                                  BREAK
                          TRUE
                                        ; IF SO, BRANCH
                293
                                  DCM12
007C DA8500
                294+
                          JC
                                  DCM12
007F CD9C02
                295
                          CALL
                                        ; SEE IF ADDRESS OF DISPLAYED LOCATION IS
                                  HILO
                                         ; /GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO ENDING ADDRESS
                296
                297
                          FALSE
                                 DCM15 ; IF NOT, MORE TO DISPLAY
0082 D28B00
                298+
                           JNC
                                 DCM15
                299 DCM12:
0085 CDEE01
                300
                          CALL
                                  CROUT ; CARRIAGE RETURN/LINE FEED TO END LINE
0088 C32B00
                301
                           JMP
                                  GETCM ; ALL DONE
                302 DCM15:
008B 23
                303
                          INX
                                       ; IF MORE TO GO, POINT TO NEXT LOC TO DISPLAY
008C 7D
                304
                          MOV
                                        ; GET LOW ORDER BITS OF NEW ADDRESS
                                  NEWLN ; SEE IF LAST HEX DIGIT OF ADDRESS DENOTES
008D E60F
                305
                          ANI
                                         ; /START OF NEW LINE
                306
                                        ; NO - NOT AT END OF LINE
008F C27000
                307
                          JNZ
                                 DCM10
0092 C36500
                308
                           JMP
                                 DCM05 ; YES - START NEW LINE WITH ADDRESS
                309;
                310 ;
```

```
LOC OBJ
                LINE
                            SOURCE STATEMENT
                 312 ;
                 313 ;
                 314 ; FUNCTION: GCMD
                 315 ; INPUTS: NONE
                 316 ; OUTPUTS: NONE
                 317 ; CALLS: ERROR, GETHX, RSTTF
                 318 ; DESTROYS: A,B,C,D,E,H,L,F/F'S
                 319 ; DESCRIPTION: GCMD IMPLEMENTS THE BEGIN EXECUTION (G) COMMAND.
                 320 ;
                 321 GCMD:
                                           ; GET ADDRESS (IF PRESENT) FROM INPUT STREAM
0095 CD2202
                 322
                             CALL
                                     GETHX
                                            ; BRANCH IF NO NUMBER PRESENT
                 323
                             FALSE
                                     GCM05
0098 D2AA00
                 324+
                             JNC
                                     GCM05
009B 7A
                                            ; ELSE, GET TERMINATOR
                 325
                             MOV
                                     A,D
009C FEOD
                 326
                             CPI
                                     CR
                                            ; SEE IF CARRIAGE RETURN
                                     ERROR ; ERROR IF NOT PROPERLY TERMINATED
009E C20D02
                 327
                             JNZ
00A1 21F513
                 328
                             LXI
                                     H, PSAVE ; WANT NUMBER TO REPLACE SAVE PGM COUNTER
00A4 71
                 329
                             MOV
                                     M,C
00A5 23
                 330
                             INX
                                     Н
00A6 70
                 331
                             MOV
                                     M,B
00A7 C3B000
                                     GCM10
                             JMP
                 332
                 333 GCM05:
                                            ; IF NO STARTING ADDRESS, MAKE SURE THAT
00AA 7A
                 334
                             MOV
                                     A.D
00AB FE0D
                 335
                             CPI
                                     CR
                                             ; /CARRIAGE RETURN TERMINATED COMMAND
00AD C20D02
                 336
                             JNZ
                                     ERROR
                                            ; ERROR IF NOT
                 337 GCM10:
00B0 C32E03
                             JMP
                                            ; RESTORE REGISTERS AND BEGIN EXECUTION
                 338
                                     RSTTF
                 339
                 340 ;
                 341 ;
                 342 ;********************************
                 343 :
                 344 ;
                 345 ; FUNCTION: ICMD
                 346 ; INPUTS: NONE
                 347 ; OUTPUTS: NONE
                 348; CALLS: ERROR, ECHO, GETCH, VALDL, VALDG, CNVBN, STHLF, GETNM, CROUT
                 349 ; DESTROYS: A,B,C,D,E,H,L,F/F'S
                 350 ; DESCRIPTION: ICMD IMPLEMENTS THE INSERT CODE INTO MEMORY (I) COMMAND.
                 351;
                 352 ICMD:
00B3 0E01
                 353
                             MVI
                                     C,1
00B5 CD5702
                 354
                                            ; GET SINGLE NUMBER FROM INPUT STREAM
                             CALL
                                     GETNM
00B8 3EFF
                 355
                             MVI
                                     A, UPPER
00BA 32F913
                 356
                             STA
                                     TEMP
                                           ; TEMP WILL HOLD THE UPPER/LOWER HALF BYTE FLAG
00BD D1
                 357
                             POP
                                             ; ADDRESS OF START TO DE
                                     D
                 358 ICM05:
00BE CD1B02
                 359
                             CALL
                                     GETCH ; GET A CHARACTER FROM INPUT STREAM
00C1 4F
                 360
                             MOV
                                     C,A
00C2 CDF401
                                     ECHO
                 361
                             CALL
                                            ; ECHO IT
00C5 79
                                            ; PUT CHARACTER BACK INTO A
                                     A,C
                 362
                             MOV
00C6 FE1B
                 363
                             CPI
                                           ; SEE IF CHARACTER IS A TERMINATING CHARACTER
                                     TERM
```

9

```
LOC OBJ
              LINE
                           SOURCE STATEMENT
010D 78
                416
                           MOV
                                    A,B
010E B1
                                           ; TEST FOR DESTINATION ADDRESS OVERFLOW
                417
                           ORA
                                    С
                                    GETCM ; IF SO, CAN TERMINATE COMMAND
010F CA2B00
                418
                           JZ
                                   D ; INCREMENT SOURCE ADDRESS
H ; ELSE, GET BACK ENDING AD
0112 13
                419
                           INX
POP
                                           ; ELSE, GET BACK ENDING ADDRESS
0113 E1
                420
0114 CD9C02
                421
                           CALL
                                    HILO
                                          ; SEE IF ENDING ADDR>=SOURCE ADDR
                           FALSE GETCM ; IF NOT, COMMAND IS DONE
                422
0117 D22B00
                423+
                            JNC
                                    GETCM
011A C30501
                                          ; MOVE ANOTHER BYTE
                424
                            JMP
                                    MCM05
                 425 ;
                 426;
                 427 ;***********************************
                 428 ;
                 429 ;
                 430 ; FUNCTION: SCMD
                 431 ; INPUTS: NONE
                 432 ; OUTPUTS: NONE
                 433 ; CALLS: GETHX, GETCM, NMOUT, ECHO
                 434 ; DESTROYS: A,B,C,D,E,H,L,F/F'S
                 435 ; DESCRIPTION: SCMD IMPLEMENTS THE SUBSTITUTE INTO MEMORY (S) COMMAND.
                 436 ;
                 437 SCMD:
011D CD2202
                438
                            CALL
                                    GETHX ; GET A NUMBER, IF PRESENT, FROM INPUT
0120 C5
                439
                            PUSH
                                    В
0121 E1
                440
                            POP
                                    H
                                          ; GET NUMBER TO HL - DENOTES MEMORY LOCATION
                441 SCM05:
0122 7A
                442
                            MOV
                                    A,D
                                          ; GET TERMINATOR
                                    ' ' ; SEE IF SPACE
SCM10 ; YES - CONTINUE PROCESSING
0123 FE20
                443
                            CPI
0125 CA2D01
                444
                            JZ
                                    ',' ; ELSE, SEE IF COMMA
GETCM ; NO - TERMINATE COMMAND
0128 FE2C
                                    ','
                445
                            CPI
012A C22B00
                446
                            JNZ
                447 SCM10:
012D 7E
                448
                            MOV
                                    A,M
                                           ; GET CONTENTS OF SPECIFIED LOCATION TO A
012E CDC302
                                    NMOUT ; DISPLAY CONTENTS ON CONSOLE
                449
                            CALL
                           MVI
                                    C,'-'
                450
0131 0E2D
                           CALL
CALL
0133 CDF401
                451
                                    ECHO
                                           ; USE DASH FOR SEPARATOR
                                          ; GET NEW VALUE FOR MEMORY LOCATION, IF ANY
0136 CD2202
                452
                                    GETHX
                 453
                           FALSE
                                    SCM15
                                          ; IF NO VALUE PRESENT, BRANCH
0139 D23D01
                454+
                           JNC
                                    SCM15
013C 71
                455
                            MOV
                                    M,C
                                           ; ELSE, STORE LOWER 8 BITS OF NUMBER ENTERED
                456 SCM15:
013D 23
                                           ; INCREMENT ADDRESS OF MEMORY LOCATION TO VIEW
                457
                            INX
                                    H
013E C32201
                            JMP
                                    SCM05
                458
                 459 ;
                 460 ;
                 461 ;*******************
                 462;
                 463;
                 464 ; FUNCTION: XCMD
                 465 ; INPUTS: NONE
                 466 : OUTPUTS: NONE
                 467 ; CALLS: GETCH, ECHO, REGDS, GETCM, ERROR, RGADR, NMOUT, CROUT, GETHX
```

LOC OBJ	LINE	SOURCE ST	TATEMEN'	г
	468 ; DEST			
				PLEMENTS THE REGISTER EXAMINE AND CHANGE (X)
	470 ;	C	COMMAND	•
	471 ;			
0141 001000	472 XCMD:	CATT	OBEROU.	. CHE DECIGED IDENTIFIED
0141 CD1B02		CALL	GETCH	; GET REGISTER IDENTIFIER
0144 4F 0145 CDF401	474 475	MOV	C,A ECHO	;
0148 79	476	CALL MOV	A,C	; ECHO IT
0148 79 0149 FE0D	477	CPI	CR	
0149 FE0D 014B C25401		JNZ	XCM05	; BRANCH IF NOT CARRIAGE RETURN
014E CDE602		CALL	REGDS	; ELSE, DISPLAY REGISTER CONTENTS
0151 C32B00		JMP	GETCM	; THEN TERMINATE COMMAND
0101 001200	481 XCM05:		021011	, IIIII IIIIIIII OOIIIIID
0154 4F	482	MOV	C,A	; GET REGISTER IDENTIFIER TO C
0155 CD1703		CALL	RGADR	; CONVERT IDENTIFIER INTO RTAB TABLE ADDR
0158 C5	484	PUSH	В	,
0159 E1	485	POP	Н	; PUT POINTER TO REGISTER ENTRY INTO HL
015A 0E20	486	MVI	C,''	
015C CDF401	487	CALL	ECHO	; ECHO SPACE TO USER
015F 79	488	MOV	A,C	
0160 32F913	489	STA	TEMP	; PUT SPACE INTO TEMP AS DELIMITER
	490 XCM10:			
0163 3AF913	491	LDA	TEMP	; GET TERMINATOR
0166 FE20	492	CPI	' '	; SEE IF A BLANK
0168 CA7001	493	JZ	XCM15	; YES - GO CHECK POINTER INTO TABLE
016B FE2C	494	CPI	','	; NO - SEE IF COMMA
016D C22B00	495	JNZ	GETCM	; NO - MUST BE CARRIAGE RETURN TO END COMMAND
	496 XCM15:			
0170 7E	497	MOV	A,M	
0171 B7	498	ORA	A	; SET F/F'S
0172 C27B01		JNZ	XCM18	; BRANCH IF NOT AT END OF TABLE
0175 CDEE01		CALL	CROUT	; ELSE, OUTPUT CARRIAGE RETURN LINE FEED
0178 C32B00		JMP	GETCM	; AND EXIT
A4== ==	502 XCM18:			
017B E5	503	PUSH	H	; PUT POINTER ON STACK
017C 5E	504	MOV	E,M	AND A THEORY ADDRESS OF SAME LOCATION FROM
017D 1613 TABLE	505	MVI	D,DATA	SHR 8 ; FETCH ADDRESS OF SAVE LOCATION FROM
017F 23	506	INX	н	;
0180 46	507	MOV	B.M	; FETCH LENGTH FLAG FROM TABLE
0181 D5	508	PUSH	D,II	; SAVE ADDRESS OF SAVE LOCATION
0182 D5	509	PUSH	D	, DAVE ADDRESS OF DAVE ECCHION
0183 E1	510	POP	Н	; MOVE ADDRESS TO HL
0184 C5	511	PUSH	В	; SAVE LENGTH FLAG
0185 7E	512	MOV	A,M	; GET 8 BITS OF REGISTER FROM SAVE LOCATION
0186 CDC302		CALL	NMOUT	; DISPLAY IT
0189 F1	514	POP	PSW	; GET BACK LENGTH FLAG
018A F5	515	PUSH	PSW	; SAVE IT AGAIN
018B B7	516	ORA	A	; SET F/F'S
018C CA9401	517	JZ	XCM20	; IF 8 BIT REGISTER, NOTHING MORE TO DISPLAY
018F 2B	518	DCX	H	; ELSE, FOR 16 BIT REGISTER, GET LOWER 8 BITS
0190 7E	519	MOV	A,M	

```
LOC OBJ
             LINE
                         SOURCE STATEMENT
0191 CDC302
               520
                           CALL
                                  NMOUT ; DISPLAY THEM
                521 XCM20:
                                  C,'-'
0194 0E2D
               522
                           MVI
0196 CDF401
                523
                           CALL
                                  ECHO
                                         ; USE DASH AS SEPARATOR
                                        ; SEE IF THERE IS A VALUE TO PUT INTO REGISTER
0199 CD2202
                524
                           CALL
                                  GETHX
                525
                          FALSE
                                  XCM30 ; NO - GO CHECK FOR NEXT REGISTER
                          JNC
019C D2B401
                526+
                                  XCM30
019F 7A
                527
                           MOV
                                  A,D
01A0 32F913
                          STA
                                  TEMP
                                         ; ELSE, SAVE THE TERMINATOR FOR NOW
               528
                                         ; GET BACK LENGTH FLAG
01A3 F1
                529
                          POP
                                  PSW
                                        ; PUT ADDRESS OF SAVE LOCATION INTO HL
                                  H
A
01A4 E1
                530
                           POP
01A5 B7
                                         ; SET F/F'S
                531
                           ORA
               532
01A6 CAAB01
                           JZ
                                  XCM25 ; IF 8 BIT REGISTER, BRANCH
01A9 70
                533
                           MOV
                                  M,B ; SAVE UPPER 8 BITS
01AA 2B
                534
                           DCX
                                  H
                                         ; POINT TO SAVE LOCATION FOR LOWER 8 BITS
               535 XCM25:
01AB 71
                536
                           MOV
                                  M,C
                                        ; STORE ALL OF 8 BIT OR LOWER 1/2 OF 16 BIT REG
                537 XCM27:
01AC 110300
                                  D,RTABS ; SIZE OF ENTRY IN RTAB TABLE
                538
                           LXI
                                  H ; POINTER INTO REGISTER TABLE RTAB
01AF E1
                539
                           POP
                                  D ; ADD ENTRY SIZE TO POINTER XCM10 ; DO NEXT REGISTER
01B0 19
                540
                           DAD
01B1 C36301
                541
                           JMP
                542 XCM30:
01B4 7A
                543
                           MOV
                                  A,D
                                        ; GET TERMINATOR
01B5 32F913
                544
                           STA
                                  TEMP
                                        ; SAVE IN MEMORY
                                  D
D
01B8 D1
                                         ; CLEAR STACK OF LENGTH FLAG AND ADDRESS
                545
                           POP
01B9 D1
                                         ; /OF SAVE LOCATION
                546
                          POP
01BA C3AC01
                547
                          JMP
                                  XCM27 ; GO INCREMENT REGISTER TABLE POINTER
                548;
                549 ;
                550 ;*******************
                551 ;
                552 ;
                                          UTILITY ROUTINES
                553 ;
                554 ;******************
                555 ;
                556;
                557 ; FUNCTION: BREAK
                558 ; INPUTS: NONE
                559 ; OUTPUTS: CARRY - 1 IF ESCAPE CHARACTER INPUT
                560;
                                  - 0 IF ANY OTHER CHARACTER OR NO CHARACTER PENDING
                561 ; CALLS: NOTHING
                562 ; DESTROYS: A,F/F'S
                563 ; DESCRIPTION: BREAK IS USED TO SENSE AN ESCAPE CHARACTER FROM
                564;
                                  THE USER. IF NO CHARACTER IS PENDING, OR IF THE
                565 ;
                                  PENDING CHARACTER IS NOT THE ESCAPE, THEN A FAILURE
                                 RETURN (CARRY=0) IS TAKEN. IN THIS CASE, THE
                566 ;
                                 PENDING CHARACTER (IF ANY) IS LOST. IF THE PENDING
                567 ;
                568 ;
                                 CHARACTER IS AN ESCAPE CHARACTER, BREAK TAKES A SUCCESS
                569;
                                 RETURN (CARRY=1).
                570 :
                571 BREAK:
```

```
LOC OBJ
             LINE
                         SOURCE STATEMENT
01BD DBFB
               572
                         IN
                                  CONST ; GET CONSOLE STATUS
                         ANI
                                         ; SEE IF CHARACTER PENDING
01BF E602
               573
                                  RBR
                                        ; NO - TAKE FAILURE RETURN
                         JZ
01C1 CA1802
               574
                                  FRET
                                  CNIN ; YES - PICK UP CHARACTER PRTYO ; STRIP OFF PARITY BIT
01C4 DBFA
                575
                         IN
ANI
01C6 E67F
               576
01C8 FE1B
               577
                         CPI
                                  BRCHR ; SEE IF BREAK CHARACTER
                          JZ
                                        ; YES - SUCCESS RETURN
01CA CA4303
                578
                                  SRET
                                         ; NO - FAILURE RETURN - CHARACTER LOST
01CD C31802
                579
                          JMP
                                  FRET
                580 ;
                581 ;
                582 ;*******************
                583 ;
                584 ;
                585 ; FUNCTION: CI
                586 ; INPUTS: NONE
                587 : OUTPUTS: A - CHARACTER FROM CONSOLE
                588 ; CALLS: NOTHING
                589 ; DESTROYS: A,F/F'S
                590 ; DESCRIPTION: CI WAITS UNTIL A CHARACTER HAS BEEN ENTERED AT THE
                                CONSOLE AND THEN RETURNS THE CHARACTER, VIA THE A
                591 ;
                592 ;
                                 REGISTER, TO THE CALLING ROUTINE. THIS ROUTINE
                593 ;
                                 IS CALLED BY THE USER VIA A JUMP TABLE IN RAM.
                594 :
                595 CI:
                         IN
ANI
01D0 DBFB
                596
                                  CONST ; GET STATUS OF CONSOLE
                                  RBR ; CHECK FOR RECEIVER BUFFER READY
01D2 E602
                597
01D4 CAD001
                                         ; NOT YET - WAIT
                598
                          JZ
                                  CI
                                        ; READY SO GET CHARACTER
01D7 DBFA
                          IN
                                  CNIN
                599
01D9 C9
                600
                           RET
                601;
                602 ;
                603 ;*******************
                604;
                605;
                606 ; FUNCTION: CNVBN
                607 ; INPUTS: C - ASCII CHARACTER '0'-'9' OR 'A'-'F'
                608; OUTPUTS: A - 0 TO F HEX
                609 ; CALLS: NOTHING
                610 ; DESTROYS: A,F/F'S
                611 ; DESCRIPTION: CNVBN CONVERTS THE ASCII REPRESENTATION OF A HEX
                                 CHARACTER INTO ITS CORRESPONDING BINARY VALUE. CNVBN
                612 ;
                613 ;
                                 DOES NOT CHECK THE VALIDITY OF ITS INPUT.
                614 ;
                615 CNVBN:
01DA 79
                616
                           MOV
                                  A,C
                                        ; SUBTRACT CODE FOR '0' FROM ARGUMENT
01DB D630
                          SUI
                                  '0'
                617
01DD FE0A
                618
                          CPI
                                  10
                                         ; WANT TO TEST FOR RESULT OF 0 TO 9
                          RM
01DF F8
                619
                                         ; IF SO, THEN ALL DONE
                                  7
01E0 D607
                620
                          SUI
                                         ; ELSE, RESULT BETWEEN 17 AND 23 DECIMAL
01E2 C9
                621
                                         ; SO RETURN AFTER SUBTRACTING BIAS OF 7
                          RET
                622 ;
                623;
```

```
LOC OBJ
              LINE
                         SOURCE STATEMENT
                624 ;***********************
                625 ;
                626;
                627 ; FUNCTION: CO
                628 ; INPUTS: C - CHARACTER TO OUTPUT TO CONSOLE
                629 ; OUTPUTS: C - CHARACTER OUTPUT TO CONSOLE
                630 ; CALLS: NOTHING
                631 ; DESTROYS: A,F/F'S
                632 ; DESCRIPTION: CO WAITS UNTIL THE CONSOLE IS READY TO ACCEPT A CHARACTER
                                 AND THEN SENDS THE INPUT ARGUMENT TO THE CONSOLE.
                633 ;
                634 ;
                635 CO:
01E3 DBFB
               636
                         IN
                                 CONST ; GET STATUS OF CONSOLE
               637
01E5 E601
                          ANI TRDY ; SEE IF TRANSMITTER READY
                                  CO ; NO - WAIT
A,C ; ELSE, MOVE CHARACTER TO A REGISTER FOR OUTPUT
CNOUT ; SEND TO CONSOLE
01E7 CAE301
                638
                          JZ
                          MOV
01EA 79
               639
                          OUT
01EB D3FA
                640
01ED C9
                641
                           RET
                642 ;
                643;
                644 ;*******************
                645 ;
                646;
                647 ; FUNCTION CROUT
                648 ; INPUTS: NONE
                649 ; OUTPUTS: NONE
                650 ; CALLS: ECHO
                651 ; DESTROYS: A,B,C,F/F'S
                652 ; DESCRIPTION: CROUT SENDS A CARRIAGE RETURN (AND HENCE A LINE
                653 ;
                                 FEED) TO THE CONSOLE.
                654 ;
                655 CROUT:
01EE 0E0D
                656
                           MVI
                                  C,CR
01F0 CDF401
                                        ; OUTPUT CARRIAGE RETURN TO USER TERMINAL
                657
                           CALL
                                  ECHO
01F3 C9
                658
                          RET
                659;
                660 ;
                661 ;******************************
                662;
                663;
                664 ; FUNCTION: ECHO
                665 ; INPUTS: C - CHARACTER TO ECHO TO TERMINAL
                666 ; OUTPUTS: C - CHARACTER ECHOED TO TERMINAL
                667 ; CALLS: CO
                668 ; DESTROYS: A,B,F/F'S
                669 ; DESCRIPTION: ECHO TAKES A SINGLE CHARACTER AS INPUT AND, VIA
                670 ;
                                 THE MONITOR, SENDS THAT CHARACTER TO THE USER
                671;
                                 TERMINAL. A CARRIAGE RETURN IS ECHOED AS A CARRIAGE
                672 ;
                                 RETURN LINE FEED, AND AN ESCAPE CHARACTER IS ECHOED AS $.
                673;
                674 ECHO:
01F4 41
                675
                           MOV B,C ; SAVE ARGUMENT
```

```
LOC OBJ
             LINE
                          SOURCE STATEMENT
01F5 3E1B
                676
                           MVI
                                   A,ESC
                                          ; SEE IF ECHOING AN ESCAPE CHARACTER
01F7 B8
                677
                           CMP
                                  В
                                   ECH05 ; NO - BRANCH
01F8 C2FD01
                678
                           JNZ
01FB 0E24
                679
                           MVI
                                   C,'$'
                                         ; YES - ECHO AS $
                680 ECH05:
01FD CDE301
                681
                           CALL
                                   CO
                                          ; DO OUTPUT THROUGH MONITOR
0200 3E0D
                682
                           MVT
                                   A,CR
0202 B8
                683
                           CMP
                                   В
                                          ; SEE IF CHARACTER ECHOED WAS A CARRIAGE RETURN
0203 C20B02
                684
                           JNZ
                                   ECH10
                                        ; NO - NO NEED TO TAKE SPECIAL ACTION
                                         ; YES - WANT TO ECHO LINE FEED, TOO
0206 0E0A
                685
                           MVI
                                   C,LF
0208 CDE301
                686
                           CALL
                                   CO
                687 ECH10:
020B 48
                688
                           MOV
                                   C,B
                                         ; RESTORE ARGUMENT
020C C9
                689
                           RET
                690 ;
                691 ;
                692 ;*********************
                693;
                694;
                695 ; FUNCTION: ERROR
                696 ; INPUTS: NONE
                697 ; OUTPUTS: NONE
                698 ; CALLS: ECHO, CROUT, GETCM
                699 ; DESTROYS: A,B,C,F/F'S
                700 ; DESCRIPTION: ERROR PRINTS THE ERROR CHARACTER (CURRENTLY A NUMBER SIGN)
                                  ON THE CONSOLE, FOLLOWED BY A CARRIAGE RETURN-LINE FEED,
                701 ;
                702 ;
                                  AND THEN RETURNS CONTROL TO THE COMMAND RECOGNIZER.
                703 ;
                704 ERROR:
020D 0E2A
                                   C. '*'
                705
                           MVI
020F CDF401
                706
                           CALL
                                   ECHO
                                         ; SEND # TO CONSOLE
                707 EXIT:
0212 CDEE01
                                         ; SKIP TO BEGINNING OF NEXT LINE
                708
                           CALL
                                   CROUT
0215 C32B00
                                         ; TRY AGAIN FOR ANOTHER COMMAND
                709
                           JMP
                                   GETCM
                710 ;
                711 ;
                712 ;*******************************
                713 ;
                714 ;
                715 ; FUNCTION: FRET
                716 ; INPUTS: NONE
                717 ; OUTPUTS: CARRY - ALWAYS 0
                718 ; CALLS: NOTHING
                719 ; DESTROYS: CARRY
                720 ; DESCRIPTION: FRET IS JUMPED TO BY ANY ROUTINE THAT WISHES TO
                721 ;
                                  INDICATE FAILURE ON RETURN. FRET SETS THE CARRY
                                  FALSE, DENOTING FAILURE, AND THEN RETURNS TO THE
                722 ;
                723 ;
                                  CALLER OF THE ROUTINE INVOKING FRET.
                724 ;
                725 FRET:
0218 37
                                         ; FIRST SET CARRY TRUE
                726
                           STC
0219 3F
                727
                           CMC
                                          ; THEN COMPLEMENT IT TO MAKE IT FALSE
```

```
LOC OBJ
             LINE
                         SOURCE STATEMENT
021A C9
                728
                          RET
                                         ; RETURN APPROPRIATELY
                729 ;
                730 ;
                732 ;
                733 ;
                734 ; FUNCTION: GETCH
                735 ; INPUTS: NONE
                736 ; OUTPUTS: C - NEXT CHARACTER IN INPUT STREAM
                737 ; CALLS: CI
                738 ; DESTROYS: A,C,F/F'S
                739 ; DESCRIPTION: GETCH RETURNS THE NEXT CHARACTER IN THE INPUT STREAM
                740 ;
                                 TO THE CALLING PROGRAM.
                741 ;
                742 GETCH:
021B CDD001
                743
                                         ; GET CHARACTER FROM TERMINAL
                          CALL CI
                                  PRTYO ; TURN OFF PARITY BIT IN CASE SET BY CONSOLE
                          ANI
021E E67F
                744
                                  C,A ; PUT VALUE IN C REGISTER FOR RETURN
0220 4F
                745
                          MOV
0221 C9
                746
                           RET
                747 ;
                748 ;
                749 ;**********************
                750 ;
                751 ;
                752 ; FUNCTION: GETHX
                753 ; INPUTS: NONE
                754 ; OUTPUTS: BC - 16 BIT INTEGER
                755 ;
                             D - CHARACTER WHICH TERMINATED THE INTEGER
                756;
                              CARRY - 1 IF FIRST CHARACTER NOT DELIMITER
                757 ;
                                   - 0 IF FIRST CHARACTER IS DELIMITER
                758 ; CALLS: GETCH, ECHO, VALDL, VALDG, CNVBN, ERROR
                759 ; DESTROYS: A,B,C,D,E,F/F'S
                760 ; DESCRIPTION: GETHX ACCEPTS A STRING OF HEX DIGITS FROM THE INPUT
                                 STREAM AND RETURNS THEIR VALUE AS A 16 BIT BINARY
                761;
                762 ;
                                 INTEGER. IF MORE THAN 4 HEX DIGITS ARE ENTERED,
                763 ;
                                 ONLY THE LAST 4 ARE USED. THE NUMBER TERMINATES WHEN
                764 ;
                                A VALID DELIMITER IS ENCOUNTERED. THE DELIMITER IS
                765 ;
                                ALSO RETURNED AS AN OUTPUT OF THE FUNCTION. ILLEGAL
                766 ;
                                 CHARACTERS (NOT HEX DIGITS OR DELIMITERS) CAUSE AN
                                 ERROR INDICATION. IF THE FIRST (VALID) CHARACTER
                767 ;
                768 ;
                                 ENCOUNTERED IN THE INPUT STREAM IS NOT A DELIMITER,
                769 ;
                                 GETHX WILL RETURN WITH THE CARRY BIT SET TO 1;
                770 ;
                                 OTHERWISE, THE CARRY BIT IS SET TO 0 AND THE CONTENTS
                771 ;
                                 OF BC ARE UNDEFINED.
                772 ;
                773 GETHX:
0222 E5
                                  H ; SAVE HL
H,0 ; INITIALIZE RESULT
                774
                           PUSH
0223 210000
                775
                           LXI
0226 1E00
                776
                          MVI
                                  E,0
                                        ; INITIALIZE DIGIT FLAG TO FALSE
                777 GHX05:
                                  GETCH ; GET A CHARACTER
0228 CD1B02
                778
                           CALL
022B 4F
                779
                           MOV
                                  C,A
```

```
LOC OBJ
               LINE
                           SOURCE STATEMENT
022C CDF401
                 780
                           CALL
                                      ECHO
                                             ; ECHO THE CHARACTER
                                     VALDL ; SEE IF DELIMITER
022F CD8A03
                 781
                            CALL
                            FALSE GHX10
                 782
                                            ; NO - BRANCH
0232 D24102
                 783+
                             JNC
                                      GHX10
                                             ; YES - ALL DONE, BUT WANT TO RETURN DELIMITER
0235 51
                             MOV
                                     D,C
                 784
0236 E5
                 785
                             PUSH H
                                     В
                                            ; MOVE RESULT TO BC
                 786
0237 C1
                             POP
                                             ; RESTORE HL
; GET FLAG
0238 E1
                 787
                             POP
                                     H
0239 7B
                 788
                             MOV
                                     A,E
                                            ; SET F/F'S
023A B7
                 789
                             ORA
                                   A
                                            ; IF FLAG NON-0, A NUMBER HAS BEEN FOUND
; ELSE, DELIMITER WAS FIRST CHARACTER
                             JNZ
023B C24303
                 790
                                     SRET
023E CA1802
                 791
                                     FRET
                             JΖ
                 792 GHX10:
                             CALL
                                     VALDG ; IF NOT DELIMITER, SEE IF DIGIT
ERROR ; ERROR IF NOT A VALID DIGIT, EITHER
0241 CD6F03
                 793
                             FALSE
                 794
0244 D20D02
                 795+
                             JNC
                                     ERROR
                                     CNVBN ; CONVERT DIGIT TO ITS BINARY VALUE
0247 CDDA01
                 796
                             CALL
024A 1EFF
                 797
                             MVI
                                     E, OFFH ; SET DIGIT FLAG NON-0
024C 29
                 798
                             DAD
                                     H
                                            ; *2
                                             ; *4
024D 29
                 799
                            DAD
                                   H
                            DAD H
DAD H
                                            ; *8
024E 29
                 800
                            DAD H ; *16
MVI B,0 ; CLEAR UPPER 8 BITS OF BC PAIR
MOV C,A ; BINARY VALUE OF CHARACTER INTO C
024F 29
                 801
0250 0600
                 802
0252 4F
                 803
                                     B ; ADD THIS VALUE TO PARTIAL RESULT GHX05 ; GET NEXT CHARACTER
0253 09
                 804
                             DAD
0254 C32802
                 805
                             JMP
                 806;
                 807 ;
                  808 ;******************
                  809;
                  810 ;
                  811 ; FUNCTION: GETNM
                  812 ; INPUTS: C - COUNT OF NUMBERS TO FIND IN INPUT STREAM
                  813 ; OUTPUTS: TOP OF STACK - NUMBERS FOUND IN REVERSE ORDER (LAST ON TOP
                  814 ;
                                                OF STACK)
                  815 ; CALLS: GETHX, HILO, ERROR
                  816 ; DESTROYS: A,B,C,D,E,H,L,F/F'S
                  817 ; DESCRIPTION: GETNM FINDS A SPECIFIED COUNT OF NUMBERS, BETWEEN 1
                                    AND 3, INCLUSIVE, IN THE INPUT STREAM AND RETURNS THEIR VALUES ON THE STACK. IF 2
                  818 ;
                  819 ;
                                     OR MORE NUMBERS ARE REQUESTED, THEN THE FIRST MUST BE
                  820 ;
                                     LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO THE SECOND, OR THE FIRST AND
                  821 ;
                                     SECOND NUMBERS WILL BE SET EQUAL. THE LAST NUMBER
                  822 ;
                                    REQUESTED MUST BE TERMINATED BY A CARRIAGE RETURN
                  823 ;
                  824 ;
                                    OR AN ERROR INDICATION WILL RESULT.
                 825 ;
                 826 GETNM:
0257 2E03
                 827 MVI
                                            ; PUT MAXIMUM ARGUMENT COUNT INTO L
                                     L,3
                                            ; GET THE ACTUAL ARGUMENT COUNT
0259 79
                 828
                             MOV
                                     A,C
                                            ; FORCE TO MAXIMUM OF 3
025A E603
                 829
                             ANI
                            RZ
                                             ; IF 0, DON'T BOTHER TO DO ANYTHIING
025C C8
                 830
025D 67
                 831
                            MOV
                                     H,A
                                            ; ELSE, PUT ACTUAL COUNT INTO H
```

```
LOC OBJ
              LINE
                           SOURCE STATEMENT
                832 GNM05:
025E CD2202
                                    GETHX ; GET A NUMBER FROM INPUT STREAM
                833
                            CALL
                834
                            FALSE
                                    ERROR ; ERROR IF NOT THERE - TOO FEW NUMBERS
0261 D20D02
                835+
                            JNC
                                    ERROR
                                           ; ELSE, SAVE NUMBER ON STACK
0264 C5
                836
                            PUSH
                                    В
0265 2D
                837
                            DCR
                                          ; DECREMENT MAXIMUM ARGUMENT COUNT
                                    H ; DECREMENT ACTUAL ARGUMENT COUNT GNM10 ; BRANCH IF NO MORE NUMBERS WANTED
0266 25
                838
                            DCR
                                   H
0267 CA7302
                839
                            JZ
026A 7A
                840
                            MOV
                                           ; ELSE, GET NUMBER TERMINATOR TO A
                                   A.D
026B FE0D
                                           ; SEE IF CARRIAGE RETURN
                841
                            CPI
                                    CR
                                          ; ERROR IF SO - TOO FEW NUMBERS
; ELSE, PROCESS NEXT NUMBER
026D CA0D02
                842
                            JZ
                                    ERROR
0270 C35E02
                843
                                    GNM05
                            JMP
                844 GNM10:
                                          ; WHEN COUNT 0, CHECK LAST TERMINATOR
0273 7A
                            MOV
                845
                                    A,D
0274 FE0D
                846
                            CPI
0276 C20D02
                847
                                    ERROR ; ERROR IF NOT CARRIAGE RETURN
                            JNZ
0279 01FFFF
                848
                            LXI
                                    B, OFFFFH ; HL GETS LARGEST NUMBER
                                    A,L ; GET WHAT'S LEFT OF MAXIMUM ARG COUNT
027C 7D
                849
                            MOV
                                           ; CHECK FOR 0
027D B7
                850
                            ORA
                                    A
                                    GNM20 ; IF YES, 3 NUMBERS WERE INPUT
027E CA8602
                851
                            JZ
                852 GNM15:
0281 C5
                853
                            PUSH
                                           ; IF NOT, FILL REMAINING ARGUMENTS WITH OFFFFH
0282 2D
                854
                            DCR
                                    GNM15
0283 C28102
                855
                            JNZ
                856 GNM20:
0286 C1
                                            ; GET THE 3 ARGUMENTS OUT
                857
                            POP
                                    В
0287 D1
                858
                            POP
0288 E1
                859
                            POP
                                    Ħ
0289 CD9C02
                860
                            CALL
                                    HILO
                                           ; SEE IF FIRST >= SECOND
                                           ; NO - BRANCH
                            FALSE
                861
                                    GNM25
028C D29102
                862+
                            JNC
                                    GNM25
028F 54
                863
                            MOV
                                    D.H
0290 5D
                864
                            MOV
                                    E,L
                                          ; YES - MAKE SECOND EQUAL TO THE FIRST
                 865 GNM25:
0291 E3
                866
                            хтнт.
                                           ; PUT FIRST ON STACK - GET RETURN ADDR
                                          ; PUT SECOND ON STACK
0292 D5
                 867
                            PUSH
                                    D
0293 C5
                868
                            PUSH
                                           ; PUT THIRD ON STACK
                                    В
0294 E5
                869
                            PUSH
                                           ; PUT RETURN ADDRESS ON STACK
                                   Н
                870 GNM30:
0295 3D
                871
                            DCR
                                           ; DECREMENT RESIDUAL COUNT
0296 F8
                872
                            RM
                                           ; IF NEGATIVE, PROPER RESULTS ON STACK
                                           ; ELSE, GET RETURN ADDR
0297 E1
                873
                            POP
                                    н
                                           ; REPLACE TOP RESULT WITH RETURN ADDR
0298 E3
                874
                            XTHL
                                          ; TRY AGAIN
0299 C39502
                875
                            JMP
                                    GNM30
                 876 ;
                 877 ;
                 879 ;
                 880 ;
                 881 ; FUNCTION: HILO
                 882 ; INPUTS: DE - 16 BIT INTEGER
                              HL - 16 BIT INTEGER
```

```
LOC OBJ
                LINE
                           SOURCE STATEMENT
                 884 ; OUTPUTS: CARRY - 0 IF HL<DE
                                       - 1 IF HL>=DE
                 886 ; CALLS: NOTHING
                  887 ; DESTROYS: A,F/F'S
                  888 ; DESCRIPTION: HILO COMPARES THE 2 16 BIT INTEGERS IN HL AND DE. THE
                                    INTEGERS ARE TREATED AS UNSIGNED NUMBERS. THE CARRY
                 890 ;
                                    BIT IS SET ACCORDING TO THE RESULT OF THE COMPARISON.
                 891 ;
                 892 HILO:
029C C5
                 893
                             PUSH
                                     В
                                            ; SAVE BC
                                     B,A ; SAVE A REGISTER
TNCPEMENT HI BY
029D 47
                 894
                             MOV
029E 23
                                             ; INCREMENT HL BY 1
                             INX
                 895
                                     H
                                            ; WANT TO TEST FOR 0 RESULT AFTER
029F 7C
                 896
                            MOV
                                     A,H
                                     L ; /INCREMENTING
HILO5 ; WE'RE AUTOMATICALLY DONE IF IT IS
H ; INCREMENT HL BY 1
02A0 B5
                 897
                             ORA
02A1 CABD02
                 898
                             JZ
02A4 23
                 899
                            INX
                                            ; WANT TO TEST FOR 0 RESULT AFTER
02A5 7C
                 900
                             MOV
                                     A,H
                                     L ; /INCREMENTING
HILO5 ; IF SO, HL MUST HAVE CONTAINED OFFFFH
02A6 B5
                 901
                             ORA
02A7 CABD02
                 902
                             JZ
                 903
                                     H
                                             ; IF NOT, RESTORE ORIGINAL HL
02AA E1
                             POP
                                             ; SAVE DE
02AB D5
                 904
                             PUSH
                                     D
02AC 3EFF
                 905
                             MVI
                                     A, OFFH ; Want TO TAKE 2'S COMPLEMENT OF DE CONTENTS
02AE AA
                 906
                             XRA
                                     D
02AF 57
                 907
                             MOV
                                     D,A
02B0 3EFF
                 908
                             MVI
                                     A,OFFH ;
02B2 AB
                 909
                             XRA
                                     E
02B3 5F
                 910
                             MOV
                                     E,A
                                            ; 2`S COMPLEMENT ODE TO DE
02B4 13
                 911
                             INX
                                     D
02B5 7D
                 912
                             MOV
                                     A,L
                                            ;
; ADD HL AND DE
;
02B6 83
                 913
                             ADD
                                     E
02B7 7C
                 914
                             MOV
                                     A,H
                                            ; THIS OPERATION SETS CARRY PROPERLY
                                     D
D
02B8 8A
                 915
                             ADC
                                            ; RESTORE ORIGINAL DE CONTENTS
; RESTORE ORIGINAL CONTENTS OF A
02B9 D1
                 916
                             POP
02BA 78
                 917
                             MOV
                                     A,B
                                            ; RESTORE ORIGINAL CONTENTS OF BC
02BB C1
                 918
                                   В
                             POP
02BC C9
                 919
                                             ; RETURN WITH CARRY SET AS REQUIRED
                             RET
                 920 HIL05:
02BD E1
                 921
                             POP
                                     H
                                            ; IF HL CONTAINS OFFFFH, THEN CARRY CAN
                                             ; /Only BE WSET TO 1
02BE 78
                 922
                             MOV
                                     A,B
02BF C1
                                             ; RESTORE ORIGINAL CONTENTS OF REGISTERS
                 923
                             POP
                                     В
02C0 C34303
                                             ; SET CARRY AND RETURN
                 924
                             JMP
                                     SRET
                 925;
                  926;
                 927 ;******************************
                  928;
                  929 ;
                  930 ; FUNCTION: NMOUT
                  931 ; INPUTS: A - 8 BIT INTEGER
                  932 ; OUTPUTS: NONE
                  933 ; CALLS: ECHO, PRVAL
                 934 ; DESTROYS: A,B,C,F/F'S
                  935 ; DESCRIPTION: NMOUT CONVERTS THE 8 BIT, UNSIGNED INTEGER IN THE
```

```
LOC OBJ
               LINE
                          SOURCE STATEMENT
                936;
                                  A REGISTER INTO 2 ASCII CHARACTERS. THE ASCII CHARACTERS
                937 ;
                                  ARE THE ONES REPRESENTING THE 8 BITS. THESE TWO
                                  CHARACTERS ARE SENT TO THE CONSOLE AT THE CURRENT PRINT
                938 ;
                 939 ;
                                  POSITION OF THE CONSOLE.
                940 ;
                941 NMOUT:
                                   H ; SAVE HL - DESTROYED BY PRVAL
PSW ; SAVE ADDITION
                           PUSH
02C3 E5
                942
02C4 F5
                943
                            PUSH
02C5 OF
                944
                           RRC
                           RRC
02C6 OF
                945
02C7 OF
                946
                           RRC
                947
                          RRC
                                          ; GET UPPER 4 BITS TO LOW 4 BIT POSITIONS
02C8 OF
02C9 E60F
                948
                          ANI
                                   HCHAR ; MASK OUT UPPER 4 BITS - WANT 1 HEX CHAR
                         MOV
CALL
CALL
                949
                                         ;
; CONVERT LOWER 4 BITS TO ASCII
                                  C,A
02CB 4F
02CC CDDE02
                950
                                   PRVAL
                                   ECHO ; SEND TO TERMINAL
PSW ; GET BACK ARGUMENT
HCHAR ; MASK OUT UPPER 4 BITS - WANT 1 HEX CHAR
02CF CDF401
               951
02D2 F1
                952
                          POP
                          ANI
MOV
02D3 E60F
                953
02D5 4F
                954
                                   C,A
02D6 CDDE02
                955
                          CALL
                                   PRVAL
                           CALL
02D9 CDF401
                956
                                   ECHO
                                   H
02DC E1
                957
                           POP
                                         ; RESTORE SAVED VALUE OF HL
02DD C9
                958
                           RET
                959;
                960 ;
                961
                 ***************
                962;
                963;
                964 ; FUNCTION; PRVAL
                 965 ; INPUTS: A - INTEGER, RANGE 0 TO F
                 966 ; OUTPUTS: A - ASCII CHARACTER
                 967 ; CALLS: NOTHING
                 968 ; DESTROYS: B,C,H,L,F/F'S
                969 ; DESCRIPTION: PRVAL CONVERTS A NUMBER IN THE RANGE 0 TO F HEX TO
                970 ;
                                  THE CORRESPONDING ASCII CHARACTER, 0-9, A-F. PRVAL
                971 ;
                                 DOES NOT CHECK THE VALIDITY OF ITS INPUT ARGUMENT.
                972 ;
                973 PRVAL:
02DE 21BF03
                974
                                   H,DIGTB ; ADDRESS OF TABLE
                           LXI
                          MVI B,0 ; CLEAR HIGH ORDER BITS OF BC
02E1 0600
                975
                                         ; ADD DIGIT VALUE TO HL ADDRESS
02E3 09
                976
                          DAD B
                                         ; FETCH CHARACTER FROM MEMORY
                                 C,M
02E4 4E
                977
                           MOV
02E5 C9
                978
                           RET
                979 ;
                980
                981 ;********************
                 982 ;
                 983 ;
                 984 ; FUNCTION: REGDS
                 985 ; INPUTS: NONE
                 986 ; OUTPUTS: NONE
                 987 ; CALLS: ECHO, NMOUT, ERROR, CROUT
```

```
LOC OBJ
                 LINE
                             SOURCE STATEMENT
                  988 ; DESTROYS: A,B,C,D,E,H,L,F/F'S
                  989 ; DESCRIPTION: REGDS DISPLAYS THE CONTENTS OF THE REGISTER SAVE
                  990 ;
                                    LOCATIONS, IN FORMATTED FORM, ON THE CONSOLE. THE
                  991 ;
                                    DISPLAY IS DRIVEN FROM A TABLE, RTAB, WHICH CONTAINS
                  992 ;
                                    THE REGISTER'S PRINT SYMBOL, SAVE LOCATION ADDRESS,
                  993 ;
                                    AND LENGTH (8 OR 16 BITS).
                  994 ;
                  995 REGDS:
 02E6 21CF03
                                     H,RTAB ; LOAD HL WITH ADDRESS OF START OF TABLE
                  996
                              LXI
                  997 REG05:
 02E9 4E
                  998
                             MOV
                                     C,M
                                             ; GET PRINT SYMBOL OF REGISTER
 02EA 79
                  999
                             MOV
                                     A,C
 02EB B7
                 1000
                             ORA
                                     Α
                                             ; TEST FOR 0 - END OF TABLE
 02EC C2F302
                 1001
                             JNZ
                                            ; IF NOT END, BRANCH
                                     REG10
 02EF CDEE01
                 1002
                              CALL
                                     CROUT
                                             ; ELSE, CARRIAGE RETURN/LINE FEED TO END
 02F2 C9
                 1003
                             RET
                                             ; /DISPLAY
                 1004 REG10:
 02F3 CDF401
                 1005
                             CALL
                                     ECHO
                                             ; ECHO CHARACTER
 02F6 0E3D
                                     C,'='
                 1006
                             MVI
 02F8 CDF401
                                     ECHO
                 1007
                             CALL
                                            ; OUTPUT EQUALS SIGN, I.E. A=
                                            ; POINT TO START OF SAVE LOCATION ADDRESS
                             INX
 02FB 23
                 1008
                                     H
 02FC 5E
                 1009
                             MOV
                                             ; GET LSP OF SAVE LOCATION ADDRESS TO E
                                     E,M
 02FD 1613
                 1010
                             MVI
                                     D, REGS SHR 8 ; PUT MSP OF SAVE LOC ADDRESS INTO D
                                     H ; POINT TO LENGTH FLAG
 02FF 23
                 1011
                             INX
                                             ; GET CONTENTS OF SAVE ADDRESS
 0300 1A
                 1012
                             LDAX
                                     D
                                     NMOUT ; DISPLAY ON CONSOLE
 0301 CDC302
                 1013
                             CALL
 0304 7E
                 1014
                            MOV
                                     A,M
                                            ; GET LENGTH FLAG
 0305 B7
                                            ; SET SIGN F/F
; IF 0, REGISTER IS 8 BITS
                 1015
                             ORA
                                     A
 0306 CA0E03
                 1016
                             JZ
                                     REG15
 0309 1B
                 1017
                             DCX
                                             ; ELSE, 16 BIT REGISTER SO MORE TO DISPLAY
                                     D
                                             ; GET LOWER 8 BITS
 030A 1A
                 1018
                             LDAX
                                     D
                                            ; DISPLAY THEM
 030B CDC302
                 1019
                                     NMOUT
                             CALL
                 1020 REG15:
                                     C,''
 030E 0E20
                 1021
                             MVI
 0310 CDF401
                 1022
                             CALL
                                     ECHO
                                           ; OUTPUT BLANK CHARACTER
                             INX
JMP
 0313 23
                                             ; POINT TO START OF NEXT TABLE ENTRY
                 1023
                                     H
                                     REG05 ; DO NEXT REGISTER
 0314 C3E902
                 1024
                 1025 ;
                 1026 ;
                 1027
:******
                   ******************
                 1028 ;
                 1029 ;
                 1030 ; FUNCTION: RGADR
                 1031 ; INPUTS: C - CHARACTER DENOTING REGISTER
                 1032 ; OUTPUTS: BC - ADDRESS OF ENTRY IN RTAB CORRESPONDING TO REGISTER
                 1033 ; CALLS: ERROR
                 1034 ; DESTROYS: A,B,C,D,E,H,L,F/F'S
                 1035 ; DESCRIPTION: RGADR TAKES A SINGLE CHARACTER AS INPUT. THIS CHARACTER
                 1036 ;
                                    DENOTES A REGISTER. RGADR SEARCHES THE TABLE RTAB
                 1037 ;
                                    FOR A MATCH ON THE INPUT ARGUMENT. IF ONE OCCURS,
                 1038 ;
                                    RGADR RETURNS THE ADDRESS OF THE ADDRESS OF THE
                 1039 ;
                                    SAVE LOCATION CORRESPONDING TO THE REGISTER. THIS
```

```
LOC OBJ
                LINE
                            SOURCE STATEMENT
                1040 ;
                                    ADDRESS POINTS INTO RTAB. IF NO MATCH OCCURS, THEN
                                    THE REGISTER IDENTIFIER IS ILLEGAL AND CONTROL IS
                1041 ;
                                    PASSED TO THE ERROR ROUTINE.
                1042 ;
                1043 ;
                1044 RGADR:
0317 21CF03
                1045
                             LXI
                                     H,RTAB ; HL GETS ADDRESS OF TABLE START
031A 110300
                1046
                             LXI
                                     D,RTABS ; DE GET SIZE OF A TABLE ENTRY
                1047 RGA05:
031D 7E
                1048
                             MOV
                                            ; GET REGISTER IDENTIFIER
                                     A.M
                                     A ; CHECK FOR TABLE END (IDENTIFIER IS 0) ERROR ; IF AT END OF TABLE, ARGUMENT IS ILLEGAL
031E B7
                1049
                             ORA
031F CA0D02
                1050
                             JΖ
0322 B9
                                            ; ELSE, COMPARE TABLE ENTRY AND ARGUMENT
                1051
                             CMP
                                     С
0323 CA2A03
                1052
                             JZ
                                     RGA10
                                           ; IF EQUAL, WE'VE FOUND WHAT WE'RE LOOKING FOR
                                     D ; ELSE, INCREMENT TABLE POINTER TO NEXT ENTRY RGA05 ; TRY AGAIN
                1053
0326 19
                             DAD
0327 C31D03
                1054
                             JMP
                1055 RGA10:
032A 23
                1056
                             INX
                                     H
                                           ; IF A MATCH, INCREMENT TABLE POINTER TO
                                           ; /SAVE LOCATION ADDRESS
                                    В,Н
032B 44
                1057
                             MOV
032C 4D
                1058
                             MOV
                                            ; RETURN THIS VALUE
                                     C,L
032D C9
                             RET
                1059
                1060 ;
                1061 ;
                1063 ;
                1064 ;
                1065 ; FUNCTION: RSTTF
                1066 ; INPUTS: NONE
                1067 ; OUTPUTS: NONE
                1068 ; CALLS: NOTHING
                1069 ; DESTROYS: A,B,C,D,E,H,L,F/F'S
                1070 ; DESCRIPTION: RSTTF RESTORES ALL CPU REGISTER, FLIP/FLOPS, STACK
                1071 ;
                                    POINTER AND PROGRAM COUNTER FROM THEIR RESPECTIVE
                1072 ;
                                    SAVE LOCATIONS IN MEMORY. THE ROUTINE THEN TRANSFERS
                                    CONTROL TO THE LOCATION SPECIFIED BY THE PROGRAM
                1073 ;
                1074 ;
                                    COUNTER (I.E. THE RESTORED VALUE). THE ROUTINE
                1075 ;
                                    EXITS WITH THE INTERRUPTS ENABLED.
                1076 :
                1077 RSTTF:
                                            ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS WHILE RESTORING THINGS
032E F3
                1078
                             DI
032F 21ED13
                1079
                             LXI
                                     H, MSTAK; SET MONITOR STACK POINTER TO START OF STACK
0332 F9
                1080
                             SPHL
                1081
                             POP
                                             ; START ALSO END OF REGISTER SAVE AREA
0333 D1
                                     D
                1082
0334 C1
                             POP
                                     В
0335 F1
                1083
                             POP
                                     PSW
                                     SSAVE ; RESTORE USER STACK POINTER
0336 2AF713
                1084
                             LHLD
0339 F9
                1085
                             SPHL
033A 2AF513
                1086
                             LHLD
                                     PSAVE
033D E5
                1087
                             PUSH
                                            ; PUT USER RETURN ADDRESS ON USER STACK
                                     H
033E 2AF313
                1088
                             LHLD
                                     LSAVE
                                           ; RESTORE HL REGISTERS
0341 FB
                1089
                                            ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS NOW
                             ΕI
0342 C9
                1090
                             RET
                                             ; JUMP TO RESTORED PC LOCATION
                1091 ;
```

```
LOC OBJ
              LINE
                        SOURCE STATEMENT
              1092 ;
              1094 ;
              1095 ;
              1096 ; FUNCTION: SRET
              1097 ; INPUTS: NONE
              1098 ; OUTPUTS: CARRY = 1
              1099 ; CALLS: NOTHING
              1100 ; DESTROYS: CARRY
              1101 ; DESCRIPTION: SRET IS JUMPED TO BY ROUTINES WISHING TO RETURN SUCCESS.
              1102 ;
                                SRET SETS THE CARRY TRUE AND THEN RETURNS TO THE
                                CALLER OF THE ROUTINE INVOKING SRET.
              1103 ;
              1104 ;
              1105 SRET:
0343 37
              1106
                          STC
                                       ; SET CARRY TRUE
0344 C9
              1107
                                       ; RETURN APPROPRIATELY
                         RET
              1108 ;
              1109 ;
              1111 ;
              1112 ;
              1113 ; FUNCTION: STHF0
              1114 ; INPUTS: DE - 16 BIT ADDRESS OF BYTE TO BE STORED INTO
              1115 ; OUTPUTS: NONE
              1116 ; CALLS: NOTHING
              1117 ; DESTROYS: A,B,C,H,L,F/F'S
              1118 ; DESCRIPTION: STHFO CHECKS THE HALF BYTE FLAG IN TEMP TO SEE IF
              1119 ;
                                IT IS SET TO LOWER. IF SO, STHFO STORES A 0 TO
              1120 ;
                                PAD OUT THE LOWER HALF OF THE ADDRESSED BYTE;
                               OTHERWISE, THE ROUTINE TAKES NO ACTION.
              1121 ;
              1122 ;
              1123 STHF0:
0345 3AF913
              1124
                         LDA
                                 TEMP
                                      ; GET HALF BYTE FLAG
                                ; IF SET TO UPPER, DON'T DO ANYTHING C,0 ; ELSE. WANT TO COOL
0348 B7
              1125
                         ORA
                                A
                        RNZ
MVI
CALL
              1126
1127
0349 C0
                                C,0 ; ELSE, WANT TO STORE THE VALUE 0
STHLF ; DO IT
034A 0E00
034C CD5003
              1128
034F C9
              1129
                         RET
              1130 ;
              1131 ;
              1133 ;
              1134 ;
              1135 ; FUNCTION: STHLF
              1136 ; INPUTS: C - 4 BIT VALUE TO BE STORED IN HALF BYTE
              1137 ;
                          DE - 16 BIT ADDRESS OF BYTE TO BE STORED INTO
              1138 ; OUTPUTS: NONE
              1139 ; CALLS: NOTHING
              1140 ; DESTROYS: A,B,C,H,L,F/F'S
              1141 ; DESCRIPTION: STHLF TAKES THE 4 BIT VALUE IN C AND STORES IT IN
              1142 ;
                               HALF OF THE BYTE ADDRESSED BY REGISTERS DE. THE
              1143 ;
                                HALF BYTE USED (EITHER UPPER OR LOWER) IS DENOTED
```

```
LOC OBJ
               LINE
                           SOURCE STATEMENT
                                   BY THE VALUE OF THE FLAG IN TEMP. STHLF ASSUMES
                1144 ;
                1145 ;
                                   THAT THIS FLAG HAS BEEN PREVIOUSLY SET
                1146 ;
                                   (NOMINALLY BY ICMD).
                1147 ;
                1148 STHLF:
0350 D5
                1149
                            PUSH
                                   D
                                          ; MOVE ADDRESS OF BYTE INTO HL
0351 E1
                1150
                            POP
                                   H
                                         ; GET VALUE
; FORCE TO 4 BIT LENGTH
0352 79
                1151
                            MOV
                                    A,C
0353 E60F
               1152
                           ANI
                                   0FH
                                         ; PUT VALUE BACK
; GET HALF BYTE FLAG
                1153
0355 4F
                           MOV
                                   C,A
0356 3AF913
                1154
                            LDA
                                    TEMP
                                           ; CHECK FOR LOWER HALF
0359 B7
                1155
                           ORA
                                   A
                                   STH05 ; BRANCH IF NOT
035A C26303
               1156
                           JNZ
                                         ; ELSE, GET BYTE
035D 7E
                           MOV
                                   A,M
                1157
                                        ; CLEAR LOWER 4 BITS
; OR IN VALUE
; PUT BYTE BACK
035E E6F0
               1158
                            ANI
                                   OFOH
0360 B1
               1159
                                   С
                            ORA
0361 77
                1160
                            MOV
                                   M,A
0362 C9
                1161
                            RET
                1162 STH05:
0363 7E
                            MOV A, M
                                          ; IF UPPER HALF, GET BYTE
               1163
0364 E60F
                                          ; CLEAR UPPER 4 BITS
               1164
                            ANI
                                   0FH
                                          ; SAVE BYTE IN B ; GET VALUE
0366 47
                1165
                            MOV
                                   B,A
0367 79
               1166
                           MOV
                                   A,C
0368 OF
                1167
                            RRC
0369 OF
               1168
                            RRC
036A OF
                1169
                            RRC
036B 0F
               1170
                           RRC
                                          ; ALIGN TO UPPER 4 BITS
036C B0
               1171
                                          ; OR IN ORIGINAL LOWER 4 BITS
                            ORA
                                   В
036D 77
                1172
                            MOV
                                   M,A
                                           ; PUT NEW CONFIGURATION BACK
036E C9
                1173
                            RET
                1174 ;
                1175 ;
                1177 ;
                1178 ;
                1179 ; FUNCTION: VALDG
                1180 ; INPUTS: C - ASCII CHARACTER
                1181 ; OUTPUTS: CARRY - 1 IF CHARACTER REPRESENTS VALID HEX DIGIT
                1182 ;
                                    - 0 OTHERWISE
                1183 ; CALLS: NOTHING
                1184 ; DESTROYS: A,F/F'S
                1185 ; DESCRIPTION: VALDG RETURNS SUCCESS IF ITS INPUT ARGUMENT IS
                                   AN ASCII CHARACTER REPRESENTING A VALID HEX DIGIT
                1186 ;
                1187 ;
                                   (0-9,A-F), AND FAILURE OTHERWISE.
                1188 ;
                1189 VALDG:
036F 79
                1190
                            MOV
                                   A,C
0370 FE30
                                           ; TEST CHARACTER AGAINST '0'
               1191
                            CPI
                                   '0'
0372 FA1802
                1192
                           JM
                                   FRET
                                          ; IF ASCII CODE LESS, CANNOT BE VALID DIGIT
                                          ; ELSE, SEE IF IN RANGE '0'-'9'
                           CPI
JM
0375 FE39
                                    191
               1193
0377 FA4303
                                           ; CODE BETWEEN '0' AND '9'
                                   SRET
               1194
037A CA4303
               1195
                          JZ
                                    SRET
                                          ; CODE EQUAL '9'
```

```
LOC OBJ
            LINE
                      SOURCE STATEMENT
037D FE41
            1196
                       CPI
                              'A'
                                    ; NOT A DIGIT - TRY FOR A LETTER
037D FE41 1196
037F FA1802 1197
                                   ; NO - CODE BETWEEN '9' AND 'A'
                       JM
                             FRET
                       CPI
0382 FE47
             1198
                              'G'
                                   ; NO - CODE GREATER THAN 'F'
0384 F21802
             1199
                       JP
                              FRET
                       JMP
0387 C34303
             1200
                              SRET
                                    ; OKAY - CODE IS 'A' TO 'F', INCLUSIVE
             1201 ;
             1202 ;
             1204 ;
             1205 ;
             1206 ; FUNCTION: VALDL
             1207 ; INPUTS: C - CHARACTER
             1208 ; OUTPUTS: CARRY - 1 IF INPUT ARGUMENT VALID DELIMTER
             1209 ;
                               - 0 OTHERWISE
             1210 ; CALLS: NOTHING
             1211 : DESTROYS: A.F/F'S
             1212 ; DESCRIPTION: VALDL RETURNS SUCCESS IF ITS INPUT ARGUMENT IS A VALID
             1213 ;
                         DELIMITER CHARACTER (SPACE, COMMA, CARRIAGE RETURN) AND
                             FAILURE OTHERWISE.
             1214 ;
             1215 ;
             1216 VALDL:
038A 79
             1217
                       MOV
                              A,C
038B FE2C
             1218
                       CPI
                              1,1
                                    ; CHECK FOR COMMA
                      JZ
                              SRET
038D CA4303
             1219
                       CPI
JZ
                                    ; CHECK FOR CARRIAGE RETURN
0390 FE0D
             1220
                              CR
0392 CA4303
             1221
                              SRET
             1222
                      CPI
0395 FE20
                              1 1
                                    ; CHECK FOR SPACE
                      JZ
0397 CA4303
                              SRET
             1223
039A C31802
             1224
                              FRET
                                     ; ERROR IF NONE OF THE ABOVE
             1225 ;
             1226 ;
             1228 ;
                                     MONITOR TABLES
             1229 ;
             1230 ;
             1232 ;
             1233 ;
             1234 SGNON:
                                     ; SIGNON MESSAGE
                      DB CR,LF,'MCS-80 KIT',CR,LF
039D 0D
             1235
039E 0A
039F 4D43532D
03A3 3830204B
03A7 4954
03A9 0D
03AA 0A
             1236 LSGNON EQU
                              $-SGNON ; LENGTH OF SIGNON MESSAGE
000E
             1237 ;
             1238 CADR:
                                     ; TABLE OF ADDRESSES OF COMMAND ROUTINES
             1230 DW
                              0
03AB 0000
                                     ; DUMMY
03AD 4101
             1240
                              XCMD
03AF 1D01
             1241
                      DW
                              SCMD
```

LOC	OBJ	LINE	SOURCE	STATEMENT	
03B1	FD00	1242	DW	MCMD	
	в300	1243	DW	ICMD	
	9500	1244	D W	GCMD	
	5E00	1245	D W	DCMD	
		1246 ;			
		1247 CTAB:		,	TABLE OF VALID COMMAND CHARACTERS
03B9	44	1248	DB	'D'	
03BA	47	1249	DB	'G'	
03BB	49	1250	DB	'I'	
03BC	4D	1251	DB	'M'	
03BD	53	1252	DB	'S'	
03BE	58	1253	DB	'X'	
0006		1254 NCMDS	EQU	\$-CTAB ;	NUMBER OF VALID COMMANDS
		1255 ;			
		1256 DIGTE	3:		
03BF	30	1257	DB	'0'	
03C0	31	1258	DB	'1'	
03C1	32	1259	DB	'2'	
03C2	33	1260	DB	'3'	
03C3	34	1261	DB	'4'	
03C4	35	1262	DB	'5'	
03C5		1263	DB	'6'	
03C6		1264	DB	'7'	
03C7		1265	DB	'8'	
03C8		1266	DB	'9'	
03C9		1267	DB	'A'	
03CA		1268	DB	'B'	
03CB		1269	DB	'C'	
03CC		1270	DB	'D'	
03CD	_	1271	DB	'E'	
03CE	46	1272	DB	'F'	
		1273 ;			
		1274 RTAB:			TABLE OF REGISTER INFORMATION
03CF		1275	DB		REGISTER IDENTIFIER
03D0		1276	DB		0FFH ; ADDRESS OF REGISTER SAVE LOCATION
03D1	00	1277	DB		LENGTH FLAG - 0=8 BITS, 1=16 BITS
0003	40	1278 RTABS	_	Ş-RTAB ;	SIZE OF AN ENTRY IN THIS TABLE
03D2 03D3		1279 1280	DB	BSAVE ANI	Open
03D3		1281	DB DB	0	OFFR
03D4		1282	DB	'C'	
03D5		1283	DB	CSAVE ANI	OPPU
03D0		1284	DB	0	OFFR
03D7		1285	DB	'D'	
03D0		1286	DB	DSAVE AND	ОРГН
03DA		1287	DB	0	
03DB		1288	DB	'E'	
03DC		1289	DB	ESAVE ANI	HTTO
03DD		1290	DB	0	
03DE		1291	DB	'F'	
03DF		1292	DB	FSAVE AND	OFFH
03E0		1293	DB	0	
_					

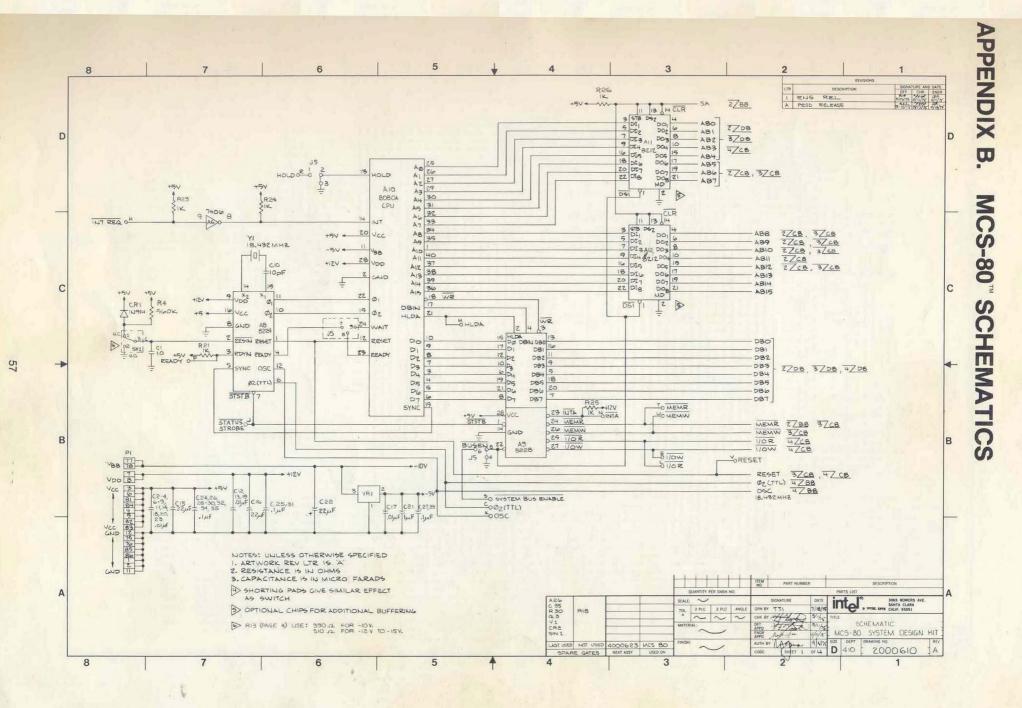
```
LOC OBJ
                LINE
                            SOURCE STATEMENT
03E1 48
                1294
                             DB
                                     'H'
03E2 F4
                1295
                                     HSAVE AND OFFH
                             DB
03E3 00
                1296
                             DB
                                     0
03E4 4C
                1297
                             DB
                                     'L'
03E5 F3
                                     LSAVE AND OFFH
                1298
                             DB
03E6 00
                1299
03E7 4D
                1300
                             DB
                                     'M'
03E8 F4
                1301
                             DB
                                     HSAVE AND OFFH
03E9 01
                1302
                             DB
03EA 50
                1303
                             DB
                                     'P'
03EB F6
                1304
                             DB
                                     PSAVE+1 AND OFFH
03EC 01
                1305
                             DB
03ED 53
                1306
                             DB
                                     'S'
03EE F8
                1307
                             DB
                                     SSAVE+1 AND OFFH
03EF 01
                1308
                             DB
03F0 00
                1309
                                             ; END OF TABLE MARKERS
                             DB
                                     0
03F1 00
                1310
                             DB
                                     O
                1311 ;
03FA
                1312
                             ORG
                                     BRTAB
                1313 ;
                             JMP
                                             ; BRANCH TABLE FOR USER ACCESIBLE ROUTINES
03FA C3E301
                                     CO
                1314
03FD C3D001
                 1315
                             JMP
                                     CI
                                             ;
                 1316 :
                 1317 ;
                 1318 ;***********************************
                 1319 ;
                1320 ;
1300
                1321
                             ORG
                                     DATA
13ED
                1322
                             ORG
                                     REGS
                                            ; ORG TO REGISTER SAVE - STACK GOES IN HERE
                1323 ;
13ED
                1324 MSTAK
                                             ; START OF MONITOR STACK
                                            ; E REGISTER SAVE LOCATION
13ED 00
                1325 ESAVE: DB
                                     0
                                             ; D REGISTER SAVE LOCATION
13EE 00
                1326 DSAVE: DB
                                     0
13EF 00
                1327 CSAVE: DB
                                            ; C REGISTER SAVE LOCATION
13F0 00
                1328 BSAVE: DB
                                     Ω
                                            ; B REGISTER SAVE LOCATION
                                            ; FLAGS SAVE LOCATION
; A REGISTER SAVE LOCATION
13F1 00
                1329 FSAVE: DB
                                     0
                1330 ASAVE: DB
13F2 00
                                     0
13F3 00
                1331 LSAVE: DB
                                     0
                                            ; L REGISTER SAVE LOCATION
                1332 HSAVE: DB
                                            ; H REGISTER SAVE LOCATION
13F4 00
                                     0
13F5 0000
                1333 PSAVE: DW
                                     0
                                             ; PGM COUNTER SAVE LOCATION
13F7 0000
                1334 SSAVE: DW
                                     0
                                            ; USER STACK POINTER SAVE LOCATION
                1335 TEMP:
13F9 00
                             DB
                                     0
                                            ; TEMPORARY MONITOR CELL
                1336 ;
                                     BRLOC ; ORG TO USER BRANCH LOCATION
13FD
                1337
                             ORG
                 1338 ;
13FD
                 1339 USRBR: DS
                                     3
                                            ; BRANCH GOES IN HERE
                 1340 ;
                 1341 ;
                 1342
                             END
```

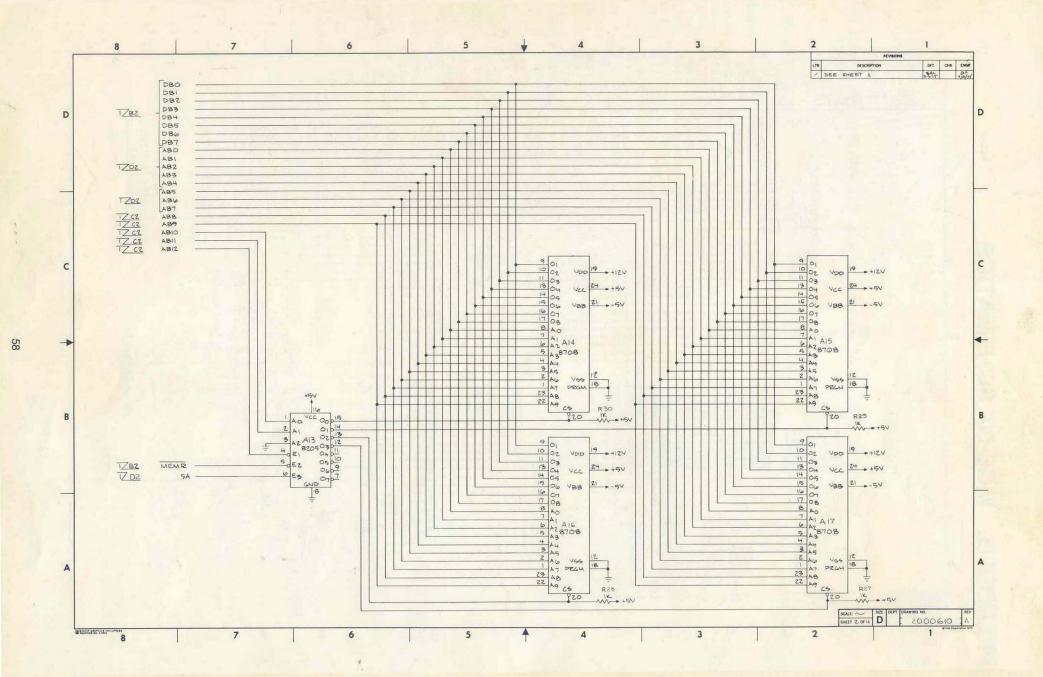
PUBLIC SYMBOLS

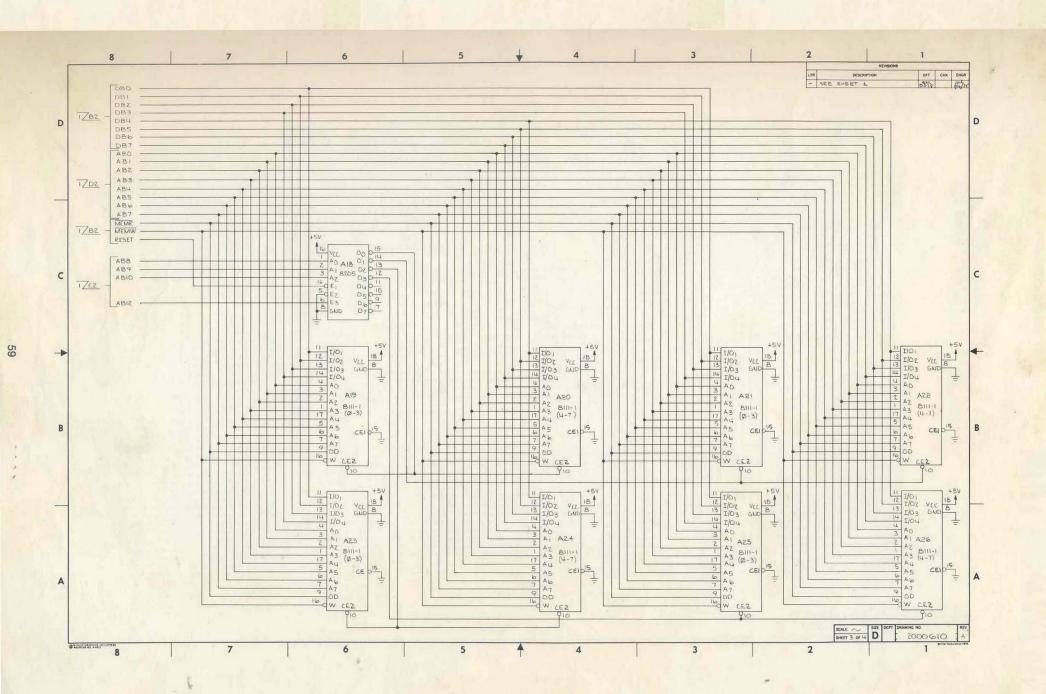
EXTERNAL SYMBOLS

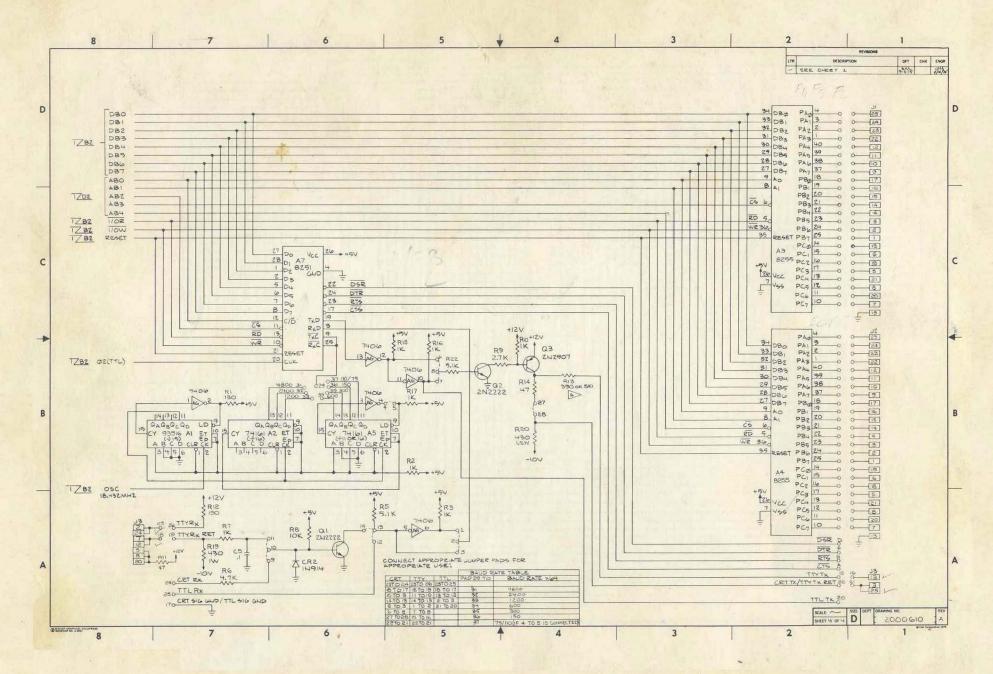
USER	SYMBOLS																		
ASAVE	A 13F2	BRCHR	Α	001B	BREAK	Α	01BD	BRLOC	А	13FD	BRTAB	А	03FA	BSAVE	A	13F0	CADR	A	03AB
CI	A 01D0	CMD	A	0027	CNCTL	Α	00FB	CNIN	A	00FA	CNOUT	А	00FA	CNVBN	A	01DA	CO	A	01E3
CONST	A 00FB	CR	A	000D	CROUT	Α	01EE	CSAVE	A	13EF	CTAB	Α	03B9	DATA	A	1300	DCM05	A	0065
DCM10	A 0070	DCM12	A	0085	DCM15	Α	008B	DCMD	A	005E	DIGTB	Α	03BF	DSAVE	A	13EE	ECH05	A	01FD
ECH10	A 020B	ECHO	A	01F4	ERROR	Α	020D	ESAVE	A	13ED	ESC	Α	001B	EXIT	A	0212	FALSE	+	0001
FRET	A 0218	FSAVE	Α	13F1	GCM05	Α	00AA	GCM10	Α	00B0	GCMD	Α	0095	GETCH	A	021B	GETCM	A	002B
GETHX	A 0222	GETNM	A	0257	GHX05	A	0228	GHX10	A	0241	GNM05	A	025E	GNM10	A	0273	GNM15	Α	0281
GNM20	A 0286	GNM25	A	0291	GNM30	Α	0295	GO	A	8000	GTC03	Α	003B	GTC05	A	0048	GTC10	A	0054
HCHAR	A 000F	HIL05	A	02BD	HILO	Α	029C	HSAVE	A	13F4	ICM05	Α	00BE	ICM10	A	00E6	ICM20	A	00EE
ICM25	A 00F4	ICMD	A	00B3	INVRT	Α	OOFF	LF	A	A000	LOWER	Α	0000	LSAVE	A	13F3	LSGNON	A	000E
MCM05	A 0105	MCMD	A	00FD	MODE	Α	00CF	MSGL	A	0022	MSTAK	Α	13ED	NCMDS	A	0006	NEWLN	A	000F
NMOUT	A 02C3	PRTY0	A	007F	PRVAL	Α	02DE	PSAVE	A	13F5	RBR	Α	0002	REG05	A	02E9	REG10	A	02F3
REG15	A 030E	REGDS	A	02E6	REGS	A	13ED	RGA05	A	031D	RGA10	A	032A	RGADR	A	0317	RSTTF	Α	032E
RSTU	A 0038	RTAB	A	03CF	RTABS	Α	0003	SCM05	A	0122	SCM10	Α	012D	SCM15	A	013D	SCMD	A	011D
SGNON	A 039D	SOMSG	A	001D	SRET	Α	0343	SSAVE	A	13F7	STH05	Α	0363	STHF0	А	0345	STHLF	А	0350
TEMP	A 13F9	TERM	A	001B	TRDY	Α	0001	TRUE	+	0000	UPPER	Α	00FF	USRBR	A	13FD	VALDG	A	036F
VALDL	A 038A	XCM05	A	0154	XCM10	Α	0163	XCM15	A	0170	XCM18	А	017B	XCM20	A	0194	XCM25	A	01AB
XCM27	A 01AC	XCM30	A	01B4	XCMD	A	0141												

ASSEMBLY COMPLETE, NO ERRORS









ES

SWI MCS-80™ 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 SYSTEM 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 GND RESET DESIGN KIT 13 J4 15 - 16 > 18 20 20 20 22 22 23 25 8255 PPI PORT EC-EE 8255 PPI PORT F4-F6 2(=) 26 C4 74161 +5 8251 12 13 14 KLT 7 USART PORT FA-FB 070 7406 74161 43052 W 8205 PROM DECODER 8708 8708 8708 8708 - R16 - R17 8212 PROM PROM PROM PROM ADDRESS 0 0800-OCOG-OFFF 8499-0000-BUFFER ABØ-AB7 Ø BFF Ø3FF 07FF 18-432 CRYSTAL 8228 (OPTION) GND SYS R26 8080A LOW C34 /J A25 1 A26 C25 LOW A23 1 A24 A22 1 +12 GND +5 C23 CPU A19 8212 8111 8111 8111 8111 8111 8111 ADDRESS BUFFER AB8-AB15 RAM RAM RAM RAM 1288-RAM 1288-RAM RAM RAM RAM [==] |1 2 3 1300-13FF 1300-13FF [8 9] [7 J5] 1188-C15 + (OPTION) , J5 14 5 61 0 0 22µF + GND VRI 80 VOLTAGE REGULATOR R25 -10 -[1K]-- C22 22μF GND 75 77 81 83 85

- ALL RESISTORS ARE IN OHMS
- ALL CAPACITORS ARE IN #F UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED



INTEL CORPORATION, 3065 Bowers Avenue, Santa Clara, California 95051 (408) 246-7501