

 **TELEDYNE**  
**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR**

**amelco**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	page			page/series
Sales Office Listing	2-3			
Device Number Index	4-8			
Product Summary	8			
		Injection Transistors		1000
		N.P.N. Transistors		1100
		General Purpose		1100
		Medium Power		1300
		RF/IF Amplifier		1500
		P.N.P. Transistors		1600
		General Purpose		1600
		Medium Power		1800
		Dual Injection Transistors		2000
		Dual N.P.N. Transistors		2100
		General Purpose		2100
		Medium Power		2300
		RF/IF Amplifier		2500
		Dual P.N.P. Transistors		2600
		General Purpose		2600
		Field Effect Transistors		3000
		N Channel FET Amplifier		3100
		N Channel FET Switch		3300
		P Channel FET Amplifier		3500
		P Channel FET Switch		3700
		Dual Field Effect Transistors		4000
		Dual N Channel FET		4100
		Dual P Channel FET		4500
		Digital Microcircuits		5000
		300 series		5000
		500 series		5200
		6000 series		5300
		Linear Microcircuits		6000
		700 series		6000
		800 series		6100
		900 series		6200
		Hybrid Microcircuits		7000

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(415) 968-9241

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Orlando, Fla. 32803  
(305) 423-5833

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650 West Algonquin Road  
Des Plaines, Ill. 60016  
(312) 439-3250

#### Massachusetts

Amelco Semiconductor  
805 West High Street  
Westwood, Mass. 02090  
(617) 326-6600

#### New Jersey

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535 Bergen Blvd.  
Ridgefield, N.J. 07657  
(201) 943-4700

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703 Watts Drive, S.E.  
Huntsville, Alabama 35801  
(205) 536-1969

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Southwest Engineering  
P.O. Box 9185  
Phoenix, Arizona 85020  
(602) 944-1521

#### California

Recht & Associates  
900 N. San Antonio Road  
Los Altos, Calif. 94022  
(415) 941-0336

#### Black & Strong

1728 South LaCienaga Blvd.  
Los Angeles, Calif. 90000  
(213) 870-9191

#### Black & Strong

444 Olive Street  
San Diego, California 92100  
(714) 298-4711

#### Colorado

Simpson & Associates  
2552 Ridge Road  
Littleton, Colo. 80120  
(303) 798-8439

#### Florida

Glosson Company, Inc.  
Suite 201, Miramar Bldg.  
2828 Broadway  
Riviera Beach, Fla. 33404  
(305) 842-7311

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Fiat Engineering  
5133 St. Charles Road  
Bellwood, Ill. 60104  
(312) 547-6200

Carlson Electric  
7448 North Harlem  
Chicago, Illinois 60648  
(312) 774-0277

#### Maryland

Daniel & Company  
Box 124  
Lutherville, Md. 21093  
(301) 825-3330

#### Massachusetts

Kitchen & Kutchin  
17 Waltham Street  
Lexington, Mass.  
(617) 862-8230

#### Michigan

W. R. Hummon & Associates  
P.O. Box 501  
Farmington, Mich. 48024  
(313) 474-0661

#### Minnesota

Industrial Components  
4004 West 78th Street  
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55400  
(612) 927-9991

#### Missouri

PEM Sales  
9537 Lackland Road  
St. Louis, Mo. 63100  
(314) 427-7200

#### New Mexico

Data Handling Company  
209 San Pablo, S.E.  
Albuquerque, N. M. 87108  
(505) 268-0928

#### New York

R. W. Mitscher Company  
469 Elliott Sq. Bldg.  
Buffalo, N.Y. 14200  
(716) 854-2517

#### P.A.L. Components

1295 Northern Blvd.  
Manhasset, Long Island, N.Y. 11030  
(516) 365-9100

#### Ohio

Electronic Marketing Corporation  
814 West Third Avenue  
Columbus, Ohio 43212  
(614) 299-4161

#### Pennsylvania

Daniel & Company  
231 S. Easton Road  
Glenside, Pa. 19038  
(215) TU7-0550

#### Texas

Texport  
2411 Farrington  
Dallas, Texas 75200  
(214) 631-6270

#### Washington

Harry Levinson Company  
1211 East Denny Way  
Seattle, Wash. 98122  
(206) 323-5100

### DISTRIBUTORS

#### Alabama

Airwork Gulf Electronics Corp.  
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(205) 837-6101  
TWX: 810-726-2231

#### Arizona

Liberty Electronics/Arizona  
3612 N. 16th Street  
Phoenix, Arizona 85016  
(602) 264-4438  
Sterling Electronics, Inc.  
1930 N. 22nd Avenue  
Phoenix, Arizona 85005  
(602) 258-4531  
Telex: 66-8175

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Elmar Electronics  
2288 Charleston Road  
Mountain View, California 94040  
(415) 961-3611

Kierulff Electronics Co., Inc.  
3969 E. Bayshore Road  
Palo Alto, California 94303  
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#### K-Tronics

5645 E. Washington Blvd.  
Los Angeles, California 90022  
(213) 685-5888 or  
(213) 685-6802  
TWX: 910-580-3152

#### Liberty Electronics Corp.

339 S. Isis Avenue  
Inglewood, California 90301  
(213) 776-6252  
TWX: 910-328-6168

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20151 Bahama Street  
Chatsworth, California 91311  
(213) 341-4411

#### Western Radio & Television Supply Co.

1415 India Street  
San Diego, California 92101  
(714) 239-0361

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Kierulff Electronics Co., Inc.  
10890 E. 47th Avenue  
Denver, Colorado 80204  
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TWX: 910-931-0169

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Electronic Wholesalers, Inc.  
9390 N.W. 27th Avenue  
Miami, Florida 33147  
(305) 696-1620  
Telex: 5-1674

#### Electronic Wholesalers, Inc.

Orlando Division  
345 Graham Avenue  
P.O. Box 20214  
Orlando, Florida 32814  
(305) 841-1550  
Telex: 56-4454

#### Gulf Electronics Corp.

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(312) 468-1016

## AMELCO OFFICES

### DISTRIBUTORS (cont.)

Pace/Avnet Electronics  
3901 Pace Court  
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New Orleans, Louisiana 70121  
(504) 834-9470

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Milgray/Washington, Inc.  
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TWX: 710-826-1127

Technico, Inc.  
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(301) 828-6416  
TWX: 710-252-1813

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DeMambro Electronics  
1095 Commonwealth Avenue  
Boston, Massachusetts 02215  
(617) 787-1200  
TWX: 710-330-6464

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(617) 272-6800  
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Schley Electronics  
36 Arlington Street  
Watertown, Massachusetts 02172  
(617) 924-1500

#### Michigan

Northland Electronics  
24001 Southfield Road  
Southfield, Michigan 48075

#### Minnesota

Industrial Components, Inc.  
4004 W. 78th Street  
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55431  
(612) 927-9991

#### Missouri

Hall-Mark Electronics  
6100 Madison Avenue  
St. Louis, Missouri 63134  
(314) 521-3800  
TWX: 910-760-1630

#### New Jersey

Angus, Inc.  
P.O. Box 126  
Moorestown, New Jersey 08057  
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TWX: 710-897-0829

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774 Pfeiffer Boulevard  
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(201) 442-8000  
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2524 Baylor Dr. S.E.  
P.O. Box 9107 AMF  
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87119  
(505) 247-1055  
TWX: 910-989-1693

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Federal Electronics  
Vestal Parkway, P.O. Box 1208  
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New York, New York 10013  
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195 Engineers Road  
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814 W. Third Avenue  
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168 Western Avenue West  
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Mollargasse 54  
Vienna VI, Austria

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Technique et Produits  
Cite des Bruyeres  
Rue Carle Vernet  
92 - Sevres, France

#### Holland, Belgium, Luxemburg

Uni-Office N.V.  
P.O. Box 1122  
Rotterdam, Holland

#### India

Continental Device India Ltd.  
Plant: 14/5 Mathura Rd.  
Faridabad Haryana, India

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STG International Ltd.  
52 Nachlat Benyamin St.  
P.O. Box 1276  
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Torino, Italy

#### Japan

Hakuto Co., Ltd.  
Foreign Division  
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Tokyo Central, Japan

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Elkemhuset, Middelthunsgate 27  
Oslo 3, Norway

#### Sweden

Nordisk Elektronik AB  
Postfach 75  
Stockholm 7, Sweden

#### Switzerland

Omni Ray AG  
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Omni Ray GMBH  
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Omni Ray GMBH  
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Machine & Products  
52 Wall St.  
New York, New York 10005

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countries contact:*

Export Manager  
Amelco Semiconductor  
1300 Terra Bella Ave.  
Mountain View, Calif. 94040

**DEFINITION OF SYMBOLS AND TERMS**

*	Contact local representative for latest information
NPN	Silicon Planar Transistor, N-Polarity
PNP	Silicon Planar Transistor, P-Polarity
DNPN	Dual NPN Transistor
DPNP	Dual PNP Transistor
PFET	Silicon Planar Junction Field Effect Transistor, P-Channel
NFET	Silicon Planar Junction Field Effect Transistor, N-Channel
DNFET	Dual N-Channel Field Effect Transistor
DPFET	Dual P-Channel Field Effect Transistor
DMNPN	Dual Monolithic NPN Transistor
MDDNPN	Monolithic Dual Darlington NPN Transistor
MDPFET	Monolithic Dual P-Channel Field Effect Transistor
HNIL	High Noise Immunity Logic
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic
DTL	Diode Transistor Logic
ULP	Ultra Low Power

Device Part No.	Type	Description	Sheet No.
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**TRANSISTORS**

2N718	NPN	General Purpose	*
2N718A	NPN	General Purpose	*
JAN-2N718A	NPN	General Purpose	*
JAN-TX-2N718A	NPN	General Purpose	*
2N720	NPN	General Purpose	*
2N760	NPN	General Purpose	1101
2N760A	NPN	General Purpose	1101
2N869	PNP	General Purpose	1601
2N910	NPN	General Purpose	*
JAN-2N910	NPN	General Purpose	*
2N911	NPN	General Purpose	*
2N915	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1501
2N915A	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1501
2N916	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1502
JAN-2N916	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1502
2N916A	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1502
2N916B	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1502
2N917	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	*
2N918	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1503
JAN-2N918	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1503
JAN-TX-2N918	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1503
2N929	NPN	General Purpose	1102
JAN-2N929	NPN	General Purpose	1102
JAN-TX-2N929	NPN	General Purpose	1102
2N929A	NPN	General Purpose	1102
2N930	NPN	General Purpose	1102
JAN-2N930	NPN	General Purpose	1102
JAN-TX-2N930	NPN	General Purpose	1102
2N930A	NPN	General Purpose	1102
2N930B	NPN	General Purpose	1102
2N995	PNP	General Purpose	1602
2N998	DNPN	General Purpose	*
2N1613	NPN	General Purpose	*
JAN-2N1613	NPN	General Purpose	*
JAN-TX-2N1613	NPN	General Purpose	*
2N1711	NPN	General Purpose	*
2N2060	DNPN	General Purpose	*
JAN-2N2060	DNPN	General Purpose	*
JAN-TX-2N2060	DNPN	General Purpose	*
2N2060A	DNPN	General Purpose	*
2N2192	NPN	Medium Power	1301
2N2192A	NPN	Medium Power	1301
2N2192B	NPN	Medium Power	1301

Device Part No.	Type	Description	Sheet No.
2N2193	NPN	Medium Power	1301
2N2193A	NPN	Medium Power	1301
2N2193B	NPN	Medium Power	1301
2N2194	NPN	Medium Power	1301
2N2194A	NPN	Medium Power	1301
2N2194B	NPN	Medium Power	1301
2N2195	NPN	Medium Power	1301
2N2195A	NPN	Medium Power	1301
2N2195B	NPN	Medium Power	1301
2N2217	NPN	Medium Power	1302
2N2218	NPN	Medium Power	1302
JAN-2N2218	NPN	Medium Power	1302
JAN-TX-2N2218	NPN	Medium Power	1302
2N2218A	NPN	Medium Power	1303
JAN-2N2218A	NPN	Medium Power	1303
JAN-TX-2N2218A	NPN	Medium Power	1303
2N2219	NPN	Medium Power	1302
JAN-2N2219	NPN	Medium Power	1302
JAN-TX-2N2219	NPN	Medium Power	1302
2N2219A	NPN	Medium Power	1303
JAN-2N2219A	NPN	Medium Power	1303
JAN-TX-2N2219A	NPN	Medium Power	1303
2N2220	NPN	Medium Power	1302
2N2221	NPN	Medium Power	1302
JAN-2N2221	NPN	Medium Power	1302
JAN-TX-2N2221	NPN	Medium Power	1302
2N2221A	NPN	Medium Power	1303
JAN-2N2221A	NPN	Medium Power	1303
JAN-TX-2N2221A	NPN	Medium Power	1303
2N2222	NPN	Medium Power	1302
JAN-2N2222	NPN	Medium Power	1302
JAN-TX-2N2222	NPN	Medium Power	1302
2N2222A	NPN	Medium Power	1303
JAN-2N2222A	NPN	Medium Power	1303
JAN-TX-2N2222A	NPN	Medium Power	1303
2N2222B	NPN	Medium Power	1304
2N2223	DNPN	Medium Power	2301
2N2223A	DNPN	Medium Power	2301
2N2243	NPN	Medium Power	1305
2N2243A	NPN	Medium Power	1305
2N2297	NPN	Medium Power	1306
2N2368	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	*
2N2369	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	*
2N2369A	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1504
2N2453	DNPN	General Purpose	2101
2N2453A	DNPN	General Purpose	2101
2N2481	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	*
2N2483	NPN	General Purpose	1103
2N2484	NPN	General Purpose	1103
2N2484A	NPN	General Purpose	1103
2N2509	NPN	General Purpose	1104
2N2510	NPN	General Purpose	1104
2N2511	NPN	General Purpose	1104
2N2586	NPN	General Purpose	1105
2N2601	PNP	General Purpose	1603
2N2602	PNP	General Purpose	1603
2N2603	PNP	General Purpose	1603
2N2604	PNP	General Purpose	1604
2N2605	PNP	General Purpose	1604
2N2616	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1505

Device Part No.	Type	Description	Sheet No.
2N2639	DNP	General Purpose	2102
2N2640	DNP	General Purpose	2102
2N2641	DNP	General Purpose	2102
2N2642	DNP	General Purpose	2102
2N2643	DNP	General Purpose	2102
2N2644	DNP	General Purpose	2102
2N2708	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1506
JAN-2N2708	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1506
2N2720	DNP	General Purpose	2103
2N2721	DNP	General Purpose	2103
2N2722	DNP	General Purpose	2103
2N2729	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1505
2N2865	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1507
2N2903	DNP	General Purpose	*
2N2903A	DNP	General Purpose	*
2N2904	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-2N2904	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-TX-2N2904	PNP	Medium Power	1801
2N2904A	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-2N2904A	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-TX-2N2904A	PNP	Medium Power	1801
2N2905	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-2N2905	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-TX-2N2905	PNP	Medium Power	1801
2N2905A	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-2N2905A	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-TX-2N2905A	PNP	Medium Power	1801
2N2906	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-2N2906	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-TX-2N2906	PNP	Medium Power	1801
2N2906A	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-2N2906A	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-TX-2N2906A	PNP	Medium Power	1801
2N2907	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-2N2907	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-TX-2N2907	PNP	Medium Power	1801
2N2907A	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-2N2907A	PNP	Medium Power	1801
JAN-TX-2N2907A	PNP	Medium Power	1801
2N2913	DNP	General Purpose	2104
2N2914	DNP	General Purpose	2104
2N2915	DNP	General Purpose	2104
2N2915A	DNP	General Purpose	2104
2N2916	DNP	General Purpose	2104
2N2916A	DNP	General Purpose	2104
2N2917	DNP	General Purpose	2104
2N2918	DNP	General Purpose	2104
2N2919	DNP	General Purpose	2104
JAN-2N2919	DNP	General Purpose	2104
JAN-TX-2N2919	DNP	General Purpose	2104
2N2919A	DNP	General Purpose	2104
2N2920	DNP	General Purpose	2104
JAN-2N2920	DNP	General Purpose	2104
JAN-TX-2N2920	DNP	General Purpose	2104
2N2920A	DNP	General Purpose	2104
2N2972	DNP	General Purpose	2105
2N2973	DNP	General Purpose	2105
2N2974	DNP	General Purpose	2105
2N2975	DNP	General Purpose	2105
2N2976	DNP	General Purpose	2105

Device Part No.	Type	Description	Sheet No.
2N2977	DNP	General Purpose	2105
2N2978	DNP	General Purpose	2105
2N2979	DNP	General Purpose	2105
2N2980	DNP	General Purpose	*
2N3117	NPN	General Purpose	1106
2N3289	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1508
2N3290	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1508
2N3291	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1509
2N3292	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1509
2N3293	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1509
2N3294	NPN	RF/IF Amplifier	1509
2N3347	DPNP	General Purpose	2601
2N3348	DPNP	General Purpose	2601
2N3349	DPNP	General Purpose	2601
2N3350	DPNP	General Purpose	2601
2N3351	DPNP	General Purpose	2601
2N3352	DPNP	General Purpose	2601
2N3423	DNP	RF/IF Amplifier	2501
2N3424	DNP	RF/IF Amplifier	2501
2N3680	DNP	General Purpose	2106
2N3800	DPNP	General Purpose	2602
2N3801	DPNP	General Purpose	2602
2N3802	DPNP	General Purpose	2602
2N3803	DPNP	General Purpose	2602
2N3804	DPNP	General Purpose	2602
2N3805	DPNP	General Purpose	2602
2N3806	DPNP	General Purpose	2602
2N3807	DPNP	General Purpose	2602
2N3808	DPNP	General Purpose	2602
2N3809	DPNP	General Purpose	2602
2N3810	DPNP	General Purpose	2602
2N3811	DPNP	General Purpose	2602
2N4015	DPNP	General Purpose	*
2N4016	DPNP	General Purpose	*
2N4017	DPNP	General Purpose	2603
2N4018	DPNP	General Purpose	2603
2N4019	DPNP	General Purpose	2603
2N5079	NPN	Medium Power	1307
2N5080	NPN	Medium Power	1307
A1109	NPN	General Purpose	*
A1341	NPN	General Purpose	*
DL1009	DPNP	General Purpose	*
SA2206	DNP	General Purpose	*
SA2253	DNP	General Purpose	*
SA2664	MDDNP	General Purpose	*
SA2710	DMNP	Medium Power	*
SA2711	DMNP	Medium Power	*
SA2712	DMNP	Medium Power	*
SA2713	DMNP	Medium Power	*
SA2714	DMNP	Medium Power	*
SA2715	DMNP	Medium Power	*
SA2716	DMNP	Medium Power	2302
SA2717	DMNP	Medium Power	2302
SA2718	DMNP	Medium Power	2302
SA2719	DMNP	Medium Power	*
SA2720	DMNP	Medium Power	*
SA2721	DMNP	Medium Power	*
SA2722	DMNP	Medium Power	*
SA2723	DMNP	Medium Power	*
SA2724	DMNP	Medium Power	*

Device Part No.	Type	Description	Sheet No.
SA2725	DMNPN	Medium Power	*
SA2726	DMNPN	Medium Power	*
SA2738	DMNPN	Medium Power	*
SA2739	DMNPN	Medium Power	*

### FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTORS

2N2386	PFET	Amplifier	*
2N2497	PFET	Amplifier	*
2N2498	PFET	Amplifier	*
2N2499	PFET	Amplifier	*
2N2606	PFET	Amplifier	3501
JAN-2N2606	PFET	Amplifier	3501
2N2607	PFET	Amplifier	3501
JAN-2N2607	PFET	Amplifier	3501
2N2608	PFET	Amplifier	3501
JAN-2N2608	PFET	Amplifier	3501
2N2609	PFET	Amplifier	3501
JAN-2N2609	PFET	Amplifier	3501
2N2841	PFET	Amplifier	*
2N2842	PFET	Amplifier	*
2N2843	PFET	Amplifier	*
2N3066	NFET	Amplifier	*
2N3067	NFET	Amplifier	*
2N3068	NFET	Amplifier	*
2N3069	NFET	Amplifier	3101
2N3070	NFET	Amplifier	3101
2N3071	NFET	Amplifier	3101
2N3329	PFET	Amplifier	*
2N3330	PFET	Amplifier	*
2N3331	PFET	Amplifier	*
2N3365	NFET	Amplifier	*
2N3366	NFET	Amplifier	*
2N3367	NFET	Amplifier	*
2N3368	NFET	Amplifier	3101
2N3369	NFET	Amplifier	3101
2N3370	NFET	Amplifier	3101
2N3376	PFET	Amplifier	*
2N3380	PFET	Amplifier	*
2N3382	PFET	Amplifier	*
2N3386	PFET	Amplifier	*
2N3436	NFET	Amplifier	3102
2N3437	NFET	Amplifier	3102
2N3438	NFET	Amplifier	3102
2N3452	NFET	Amplifier	3103
2N3453	NFET	Amplifier	3103
2N3454	NFET	Amplifier	3103
2N3455	NFET	Amplifier	3103
2N3456	NFET	Amplifier	3103
2N3457	NFET	Amplifier	3103
2N3458	NFET	Amplifier	3102
2N3459	NFET	Amplifier	3102
2N3460	NFET	Amplifier	3102
2N3823	NFET	Amplifier	3104
2N3921	DNFET	Amplifier	4101
2N3922	DNFET	Amplifier	4101
2N3934	DNFET	Amplifier	4102
2N3935	DNFET	Amplifier	4102
2N3966	NFET	Amplifier	3105

Device Part No.	Type	Description	Sheet No.
2N3967	NFET	Amplifier	3105
2N3967A	NFET	Amplifier	3105
2N3968	NFET	Amplifier	3105
2N3968A	NFET	Amplifier	3105
2N3969	NFET	Amplifier	3105
2N3969A	NFET	Amplifier	3105
2N3970	NFET	Switch	3301
2N3971	NFET	Switch	3301
2N3972	NFET	Switch	3301
2N4066	MDPFET	Amplifier	4501
2N4067	MDPFET	Amplifier	4501
2N4082	DNFET	Amplifier	4102
2N4083	DNFET	Amplifier	4102
2N4084	DNFET	Amplifier	4101
2N4085	DNFET	Amplifier	4101
2N4091	NFET	Switch	3302
2N4092	NFET	Switch	3302
2N4093	NFET	Switch	3302
2N4139	NFET	Amplifier	3106
2N4223	NFET	Amplifier	3107
2N4224	NFET	Amplifier	3107
2N4302	NFET	Amplifier	3108
2N4303	NFET	Amplifier	3108
2N4304	NFET	Amplifier	3108
2N4391	NFET	Switch	*
2N4392	NFET	Switch	*
2N4393	NFET	Switch	*
2N4416	NFET	Amplifier	3109
2N4416A	NFET	Amplifier	3109
2N4856	NFET	Switch	3303
2N4857	NFET	Switch	3303
2N4858	NFET	Switch	3303
2N4859	NFET	Switch	3303
2N4860	NFET	Switch	3303
2N4861	NFET	Switch	3303
2N4881	NFET	Amplifier	3110
2N4882	NFET	Amplifier	3110
2N4883	NFET	Amplifier	3110
2N4884	NFET	Amplifier	3110
2N4885	NFET	Amplifier	3110
2N4886	NFET	Amplifier	3110
2N4977	NFET	Switch	3304
2N4978	NFET	Switch	3304
2N4979	NFET	Switch	3304
2N5018	PFET	Switch	3701
2N5019	PFET	Switch	3701
2N5078	NFET	Amplifier	3111
2N5163	NFET	Amplifier	3112
2N5277	NFET	Amplifier	3113
2N5278	NFET	Amplifier	3113
2N5391	NFET	Amplifier	3114
2N5392	NFET	Amplifier	3114
2N5393	NFET	Amplifier	3114
2N5394	NFET	Amplifier	3114
2N5395	NFET	Amplifier	3114
2N5396	NFET	Amplifier	3114
2N5505	MDPFET	Amplifier	4502
2N5506	MDPFET	Amplifier	4502
2N5507	MDPFET	Amplifier	4502

Device Part No.	Type	Description	Sheet No.
2N5508	MDPFET	Amplifier	4502
2N5509	MDPFET	Amplifier	4502
2N5510	MDPFET	Amplifier	4503
2N5511	MDPFET	Amplifier	4503
2N5512	MDPFET	Amplifier	4503
2N5513	MDPFET	Amplifier	4503
2N5514	MDPFET	Amplifier	4503
P1027	PFET	Amplifier	*
P1028	PFET	Amplifier	*
P1029	PFET	Amplifier	*
P1069E	PFET	Amplifier	3502
P1086E	PFET	Switch	3702
P1087E	PFET	Switch	3702
SU2078	DNFET	Amplifier	*
SU2079	DNFET	Amplifier	*
SU2080	DNFET	Amplifier	*
SU2081	DNFET	Amplifier	*
SU2098	DNFET	Amplifier	4103
SU2098A	DNFET	Amplifier	4104
SU2098B	DNFET	Amplifier	4104
SU2099	DNFET	Amplifier	4103
SU2099A	DNFET	Amplifier	4104
U1277	NFET	Amplifier	*
U1278	NFET	Amplifier	*
U1279	NFET	Amplifier	*
U1280	NFET	Amplifier	*
U1281	NFET	Amplifier	*
U1282	NFET	Amplifier	*
U1283	NFET	Amplifier	*
U1284	NFET	Amplifier	*
U1285	NFET	Amplifier	*
U1286	NFET	Amplifier	*
U1325	NFET	Amplifier	*
U1714	NFET	Amplifier	3115
U1715	NFET	Amplifier	3116
U1837E	NFET	Amplifier	3117
U1897E	NFET	Switch	3305
U1898E	NFET	Switch	3305
U1899E	NFET	Switch	3305
U1994E	NFET	Amplifier	3118
U2047E	NFET	Amplifier	3119

### DIGITAL MICROCIRCUITS

301	HNIL	Dual 5 Input Buffer	5002
302	HNIL	Quad 2 Input Power Gate	5003
303	HNIL	Quad 2 Input Buffer	5004
311	HNIL	RST-JK Flip-Flop	5005
312	HNIL	Dual JK Flip-Flop	5006
321	HNIL	Quad 2 Input Gate	5007
322	HNIL	Dual 5 Input Gate	5008
323	HNIL	Quad 2 Input Gate	5009
324	HNIL	Quad 2 Input Gate	5010
325	HNIL	Dual 2, Dual 3 Input Gate	5011
326	HNIL	Dual 2, Dual 3 Input Gate	5012
331	HNIL	Dual 5 Input Expander	5013
341	HNIL	Dual Exclusive-Or	5014
342	HNIL	Dual One Shot	5015
361	HNIL	Dual Input Interface	5016
362	HNIL	Dual Output Interface	5017

Device Part No.	Type	Description	Sheet No.
370	HNIL	Quad D Flip-Flop	5018
371	HNIL	Decade Counter	5019
372	HNIL	Hexidecimal Counter	5019
380	HNIL	BCD to Decade Decoder	5020
500	TTL	Dual 4 Input Gate	5201
501	TTL	Quad 2 Input Gate	5202
503	TTL	Triple 3 Input Gate	5204
504	TTL	Dual 4 Input Gate	5202
505	TTL	Quad 2 Input Gate	5203
507	TTL	Triple 3 Input Gate	5504
508	TTL	Dual 4 Input Nand/Nor Gate	5505
509	TTL	JK Flip-Flop	5506
510	TTL	Dual 3 Input Gate	*
510	TTL	Dual 3 Input Gate	*
511	TTL	Dual 3 Input Gate	*
512	TTL	JK Flip-Flop	*
513	TTL	Dual 4 Input Gate	*
525	ULP	Quad 2 Input Gate	5212
526	ULP	Dual 4 Input Gate	5212
527	ULP	Dual 3 Input Gate	5212
528	ULP	Dual 3 Input Gate	5212
529	ULP	JK Flip-Flop	5212
530	TTL	Dual 4 Input Gate	5202
531	TTL	Quad 2 Input Gate	5203
533	TTL	Triple 3 Input Gate	5204
534	TTL	Dual 4 Input Gate	5202
535	TTL	Quad 2 Input Gate	5202
537	TTL	Triple 3 Input Gate	5204
538	TTL	Dual 4 Input Nand/Nor Gate	5205
539	TTL	JK Flip-Flop	5206
540	TTL	Dual 4 Input Buffer	5207
541	TTL	Dual 4 Input Buffer	5207
543	TTL	Dual 4 Input Gate	5208
544	TTL	Dual 4 Input Gate	5208
547	TTL	Dual 4 Input Power Gate	5209
548	TTL	Dual 4 Input Power Gate	5209
570	TTL	Dual 4 Input Gate	5202
571	TTL	Quad 2 Input Gate	5202
573	TTL	Triple 3 Input Gate	5204
574	TTL	Dual 4 Input Gate	5202
575	TTL	Quad 2 Input Gate	5203
577	TTL	Triple 3 Input Gate	5204
578	TTL	Dual 4 Input Nand/Nor Gate	5205
579	TTL	JK Flip-Flop	5206
580	TTL	Dual 4 Input Buffer	5210
583	TTL	Dual 4 Input Gate	5209
584	TTL	Dual 4 Input Gate	5209
587	TTL	Dual 4 Input Buffer	5210
6040	DTL	(LPDTML 9040)	5301
6041	DTL	(LPDTML 9041)	5301
6042	DTL	(LPDTML 9042)	5301
6044	DTL	(LPDTML 9044)	5301
6046	DTL	(LPDTML 9046)	5301
6047	DTL	(LPDTML 9047)	5301

### LINEAR MICROCIRCUITS

709	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6001
710	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6002
711	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6003



Device Part No.	Type	Description	Sheet No.
741	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6004
747	Dual	Operational Amplifier	6005
800	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6101
801	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6101
805	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6102
806	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6102
807	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6102
808	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6102
809	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6103
810	Dual	Operational Amplifier	6104
811	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6105
813	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6106
819	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6107
831	Monolithic	Differential Amplifier	6108
841	Monolithic	Operational Amplifier	6109
901	Monolithic	Video Amplifier	6201
903	Monolithic	VHF Amplifier	6202

Device Part No.	Type	Description	Sheet No.
911	Monolithic	RF/IF Amplifier	6203
<b>HYBRID MICROCIRCUITS</b>			
2001	Hybrid	High Voltage/Current Driver	7001
2107	Hybrid	SPST FET Analog Switch	7101
2110	Hybrid	SPST FET Analog Switch	7101
2114	Hybrid	SPDT FET Analog Switch	7102
2126	Hybrid	SPDT FET Analog Switch	7103
2128	Hybrid	Quad SPST FET Analog Sw.	7104
2404	Hybrid	Operational Amplifier	7401
2405	Hybrid	Operational Amplifier	7401
2709	Hybrid	Operational Amplifier	*
2741	Hybrid	Operational Amplifier	7701
2802	Hybrid	Voltage Regulator	7801
2803	Hybrid	Voltage Regulator	7801
2809	Hybrid	Operational Amplifier	7802

## PRODUCT SUMMARY CATEGORY INDEX

	page
<b>Injection Transistors</b>	
N.P.N. General Purpose Transistors	9-10
P.N.P. General Purpose Transistors	10
N.P.N. Medium Power Transistors	11
P.N.P. Medium Power Transistors	11
N.P.N. Switching Transistors	12
P.N.P. Switching Transistors	12
N.P.N. RF/IF Transistors	13
P.N.P. RF/IF Transistors	13
Dual N.P.N.	14-15
Dual P.N.P.	16-17
Military Types	18
<b>Field Effect Transistors</b>	
N Channel General Purpose FET	19
Low Noise N Channel FET	19
P Channel General Purpose FET	20
Epoxy N Channel FET	20
Epoxy P Channel FET	20
High Frequency N Channel FET	20
Low Capacitance N Channel FET	21
High-Gain N Channel FET	21
Low Ron P Channel FET	21
Low Ron N Channel FET	22
High Voltage N Channel FET	22
Ultra Low Leakage N Channel FET	22
Small Signal P Channel FET	23
Dual FET	23
Monolithic P Channel Dual FET	23
<b>Linear Microcircuits</b>	
Military Grade Operational Amplifiers	24-25
Industrial Grade Operational Amplifiers	24-25
Other Linear Circuits	26
Definition of Terms	26
<b>Digital Microcircuits</b>	
High Noise Immunity Logic (HNIL)	27
Interface Circuits	27
Transistor-Transistor Logic (TTL) 500 Series	28
<b>Hybrids</b>	
High Voltage/Current Driver	29
FET Analog Switches	29-30
FET Input Operational Amplifiers	31
Voltage Regulators	31

**NPN GENERAL PURPOSE**

TYPE NO.	$V_{CER}^*$ OR $V_{CEO}$ V	$V_{CBO}$ V	$V_{EBO}$ V	$h_{fe}^*$ @ 1KHz OR $h_{FE}$	$V_{CE(sat)}$ V	$V_{BE(sat)}$ V	$I_{EBO}$ nA	$I_{CBO}$ nA	$I_{CBO}$ 150°C μA	$C_{ob}$ pf	$C_{ib}$ pf	$f_T$ MHz	NF db	PACKAGE	
	min	min	min	min    max	max	max	max	max	max	max	max	min	max	TYPE	BASE
2N718	*40	60	5	40    120	1.5	1.3		1.0K	100	35		50		TO-18	3L
2N718A	*50	75	7	40    120	1.5	1.3	10	10	10	25	80	70		TO-18	3L
2N720	*80	120	5	40    120	5.0	1.3		2.0K	200	20		50		TO-18	3L
2N760	45	45	8	*76    333	1.0	1.0		200	10	8		50		TO-18	3L
2N760A	60	60	8	*76    333	1.0	1.1		100	10	8		50		TO-18	3L
2N910	60	100	7	*80    200	0.4	0.8	25	25	15	15	85	60		TO-18	3L
2N911	60	100	7	*40    100	0.4	0.8	25	25	15	15	85	50		TO-18	3L
2N929	45		5	40    120	1.0		10			8		30	4	TO-18	3L
2N929A	45	60	6	40    120	0.5	0.9	2	2	2	6		45	4	TO-18	3L
2N930	45		5	100    300	1.0		10			8		30	4	TO-18	3L
2N930A	45	60	6	100    300	0.5	0.9	2	2	2	6		45	3	TO-18	3L
2N930B	45	60	6	100    300	0.5	0.9	2	2	2	6		45	3	TO-18	3L
2N1613	*50	75	7	40    120	1.5	1.3	10	10	10	25	80	60		TO-5	3L
2N1711	*50	75	7	100    300	1.5	1.3	5	10	10	25	80	70		TO-5	3L
2N2192	40	60	5	100	.35		50	10		20		50		TO-5	3L
2N2192A	40	60	5	100	.25		50	10		20		50		TO-5	3L
2N2192B	40	60	5	100	.18		50	10		20		50		TO-5	3L
2N2193	50	80	8	40	.35		50	10		20		50		TO-5	3L
2N2193A	50	80	8	40	.25		50	10		20		50		TO-5	3L
2N2193B	50	80	8	40	.18		50	10		20		50		TO-5	3L
2N2194	40	60	5	20	.35		50	10		20		50		TO-5	3L
2N2194A	40	60	5	20	.25		50	10		20		50		TO-5	3L
2N2194B	40	60	5	20	.18		50	10		20		50		TO-5	3L
2N2195	25	45	5	20	.35		100	100		20		50		TO-5	3L
2N2195A	25	45	5	20	.25		100	100		20		50		TO-5	3L
2N2195B	25	45	5	20	.18		100	100		20		50		TO-5	3L
2N2217	30	60	5	20	0.4		10	10		8		250		TO-5	3L
2N2218	30	60	5	40	0.4		10	10		8		250		TO-5	3L
2N2218A	40	75	6	40	0.3		10	10		8	25	250		TO-5	3L
2N2219	30	60	5	100	0.4		10	10		8		250		TO-5	3L
2N2219A	40	75	6	100	0.3		10	10		8	25	300		TO-5	3L
2N2220	30	60	5	20	0.4		10	10		8		250		TO-18	3L
2N2221	30	60	5	40	0.4		10	10		8		250		TO-18	3L
2N2221A	40	75	6	40	0.3		10	10		8	25	250		TO-18	3L
2N2222	30	60	5	100	0.4		10	10		8		250		TO-18	3L
2N2222A	40	75	6	100	0.3		10	10		8	25	300		TO-18	3L
2N2222B	40	75	6	100	0.2			10	10	8	25	300	4	TO-18	3L

**NPN GENERAL PURPOSE (Cont.)**

TYPE NO.	$V_{CE}^*$ OR $V_{CEO}$	$V_{CBO}$	$V_{EBO}$	$h_{fe}^*$ @ 1KHz OR $h_{FE}$		$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_{EBO}$	$I_{CBO}$	$I_{CBO}$ 150°C	$C_{ob}$	$C_{ib}$	$f_T$	NF	PACKAGE	
	V	V	V	min	max	V	V	nA	nA	μA	pf	pf	MHz	db	TYPE	BASE
2N2243		120	7	40	120	0.35		50	10	15	15				TO-5	3L
2N2243A		120	7	40	120	0.25		50	10	15	15				TO-5	3L
2N2297	35	80	7	40	120		1.6	10	10	10	12		60		TO-5	3L
2N2483	60	60	6	40	120	0.35		10	10	10	6	6	60	4	TO-18	3L
2N2484	60	60	6	100	500	0.35		10	10	10	6	6	60	3	TO-18	3L
2N2484A	60	60	6	100	500	0.35	0.7	10	10	10	6	6	60	2	TO-18	3L
2N2509	80	125	7	25		1.0	0.9	2	5	10	6	10	45	7	TO-18	3L
2N2510	65	100	7	75		1.0	0.9	2	5	10	6	10	45	4	TO-18	3L
2N2511	50	80	7	120		1.0	0.9	2	5	10	6	10	45	4	TO-18	3L
2N2586	45	60	6	120	360	0.5	0.9	2	2		7		45	3	TO-18	3L
2N2865	13	25	3	20	200	0.4	1.0		10	1.0	2.5		600	4.5	TO-18	4L
2N3117	60	60	6	250	500	0.35		10	10	10	4.5	6	60	1.0	TO-18	3L
2N5079	30	60	5	100	300	0.2	1.0	10	10	10	7.0	30	400	4	TO-18	3L
2N5080	30	60	5	200	500	0.2	1.0	10	10	*10	7.0	30	400	4	TO-18	3L
A1109		45	5	70		0.6	0.9		100		8.0		40		TO-18	3L
A1341		75	5	50		1.2	1.2		10		10		40		TO-5	3L

**PNP GENERAL PURPOSE**

2N869	18	25	5	20	120	1.0	1.0		10	25	9	11	100		TO-18	3L
2N995	15	20	4	35	140	0.2	0.95	10K	5.0	25	10	11	100		TO-18	3L
2N2601	60	60	6	12.5		0.5	0.9	5	25	25	6		20		TO-46	3L
2N2602	60	60	6	25		0.5	0.9	5	25	25	6		40		TO-46	3L
2N2603	60	60	6	50		0.7	0.9	5	25	25	6		60		TO-46	3L
2N2604	-45	-60	-6	40	120	0.5	0.9	-2	10		6		30	4	TO-46	3L
2N2605	-45	-60	-6	100	300	0.5	0.9	-2	10		6		30	3	TO-46	3L
2N2904	40	60	5	20		0.4	1.3		20	20	8	30	200		TO-5	3L
2N2904A	60	60	5	40		0.4	1.3		10	10	8	30	200		TO-5	3L
2N2905	40	60	5	35		0.4	1.3		20	20	8	30	200		TO-5	3L
2N2905A	60	60	5	75		0.4	1.3		10	10	8	30	200		TO-5	3L
2N2906	40	60	5	20		0.4	1.3		20	20	8	30	200		TO-18	3L
2N2906A	60	60	5	40		0.4	1.3		10	10	8	30	200		TO-18	3L
2N2907	40	60	5	35		0.4	1.3		20	20	8	30	200		TO-18	3L
2N2907A	60	60	5	75		0.4	1.3		10	10	8	30	200		TO-18	3L

**NPN MEDIUM POWER TRANSISTORS**

TYPE NO.	$V_{CE0}$	$V_{CBO}$	$V_{EBO}$	$h_{FE}$	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_{CBO}$	$I_{EBO}$	$C_{ob}$	$C_{ib}$	$h_{fe}$	$h_{ie}$	$f_t$	$t_r$	$t_s$	$t_f$	PACKAGE	
	V	V	V		V	nA	nA	pf	pf	1 KHz	$\Omega$	MHz	nsec	nsec	nsec	TYPE	BASE
	min	min	min	min	max	max	max	max	max	min	max	min	min	max	max		
2N2192	40	60	5	100	0.35	10	50	20				50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2192A	40	60	5	100	0.25	10	50	20				50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2192B	40	60	5	100	0.18	10	50	20				50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2193	50	80	8	40	0.35	10	50	20				50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2193A	50	80	8	40	0.25	10	50	20				50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2193B	50	80	8	40	0.18	10	50	20				50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2194	40	60	5	20	0.35	10	50	20				50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2194A	40	60	5	20	0.25	10	50	20				50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2194B	40	60	5	20	0.18	10	50	20				50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2195	25	45	5	20	0.35	100	100	20				50				TO-5	3L
2N2195A	25	45	5	20	0.25	100	100	20				50				TO-5	3L
2N2195B	25	45	5	20	0.18	100	100	20				50				TO-5	3L
2N2217	30	60	5	20	0.4	10	10	8			60	250				TO-5	3L
2N2218	30	60	5	40	0.4	10	10	8			60	250				TO-5	3L
2N2218A	40	75	6	30	0.3	10	10	8	25	50		250				TO-5	3L
2N2219	30	60	5	100	0.4	10	10	8			60	250				TO-5	3L
2N2219A	40	75	6	100	0.3	10	10	8	25	75		300				TO-5	3L
2N2220	30	60	5	20	0.4	10	10	8			60	250				TO-18	3L
2N2221	30	60	5	40	0.4	10	10	8			60	250				TO-18	3L
2N2221A	40	75	6	40	0.3	10	10	8	25	50		250				TO-18	3L
2N2222	30	60	5	100	0.4	10	10	8			60	250				TO-18	3L
2N2222A	40	75	6	100	0.3	10	10	8	25	75		300				TO-18	3L
2N2222B	40	75	6	100	0.2	10	10	8	25	75		300				TO-18	3L
2N2243		120	7	40	0.35	10	50	15		2.5						TO-5	3L
2N2243A		120	7	40	0.25	10	50	15		2.5		$T_b = 2.1$ nsec				TO-5	3L
2N2297	35	80	7	40		10	10	12				60				TO-5	3L

**PNP MEDIUM POWER TRANSISTORS**

2N2904	40	60	5	20	0.4	20		8	30			200	40	80	30	TO-5	3L
2N2904A	60	60	5	40	0.4	10		8	30			200	40	80	30	TO-5	3L
2N2905	40	60	5	35	0.4	20		8	30			200	40	80	30	TO-5	3L
2N2905A	60	60	5	75	0.4	10		8	30			200	40	80	30	TO-5	3L
2N2906	40	60	5	20	0.4	20		8	30			200	40	80	30	TO-18	3L
2N2906A	60	60	5	40	0.4	10		8	30			200	40	80	30	TO-18	3L
2N2907	40	60	5	35	0.4	20		8	30			200	40	80	30	TO-18	3L
2N2907A	60	60	5	75	0.4	10		8	30			200	40	80	30	TO-18	3L

### NPN SWITCHING TRANSISTORS

TYPE NO.	$V_{CE0}$	$V_{CRO}$	$V_{ERO}$	$h_{FE}$	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_{CRO}$	$C_{ob}$	$C_{in}$	$f_t$	$t_{on}$	$t_{off}$	$t_{off}$	PACKAGE	
	V	V	V		V	nA	pf	pf	MHz	nsec	nsec	nsec	TYPE	BASE
	min	min	min	min	max	max	max	max	min	max	max	max		
2N2192	40	60	5.0	100	0.35	10	20		50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2192A	40	60	5.0	100	0.25	10	20		50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2192B	40	60	5.0	100	0.18	10	20		50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2193	50	80	8.0	40	0.35	10	20		50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2193A	50	80	8.0	40	0.25	10	20		50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2193B	50	80	8.0	40	0.18	10	20		50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2194	40	60	5.0	20	0.35	10	20		50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2194A	40	60	5.0	20	0.25	10	20		50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2194B	40	60	5.0	20	0.18	10	20		50	70	150	50	TO-5	3L
2N2218A	40	75	6.0	40	0.30	10	8.0	25	250	25	225	60	TO-5	3L
2N2219A	40	75	6.0	100	0.30	10	8.0	25	300	25	225	60	TO-5	3L
2N2221A	40	75	6.0	40	0.30	10	8.0	25	250	25	225	60	TO-5	3L
2N2222A	40	75	6.0	100	0.30	10	8.0	25	300	25	225	60	TO-5	3L
2N2222B	40	75	6.0	100	0.20	10	8.0	25	300	25	225	60	TO-5	3L
2N2368	15	40	4.5	20	0.25	400	4.0		400	12 $t_{on}$	10	15 $t_{off}$	TO-18	3L
2N2369	15	40	4.5	40	0.25		4.0		500	12 $t_{on}$	13	18 $t_{off}$	TO-18	3L
2N2369A	15	40	4.5	40	0.20		4.0		500	12 $t_{on}$	13	18 $t_{off}$	TO-18	3L

### PNP SWITCHING TRANSISTORS

2N2904	40	60	5.0	20	0.40	20	8.0	30	200	40	80	30	TO-5	3L
2N2904A	60	60	5.0	40	0.40	10	8.0	30	200	40	80	30	TO-5	3L
2N2905	40	60	5.0	35	0.40	20	8.0	30	200	40	80	30	TO-5	3L
2N2905A	60	60	5.0	75	0.40	10	8.0	30	200	40	80	30	TO-5	3L
2N2906	40	60	5.0	20	0.40	20	8.0	30	200	40	80	30	TO-18	3L
2N2906A	60	60	5.0	40	0.40	10	8.0	30	200	40	80	30	TO-18	3L
2N2907	40	60	5.0	35	0.40	20	8.0	30	200	40	80	30	TO-18	3L
2N2907A	60	60	5.0	75	0.40	10	8.0	30	200	40	80	30	TO-18	3L

**NPN RF/IF TRANSISTORS**

TYPE NO.	$V_{CE0}$	$V_{CBO}$	$V_{EBO}$	$h_{FE}$	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_{EBO}^*$	$I_{CBO}$	$C_{ob}$	$C_{ib}$	$f_t$	$A_p$	$P_o$	PACKAGE	
	V	V	V			nA	$150^\circ C$						$\mu A$	max
2N915	50	70	5.0	50	1.0	10	10	3.5	10	250			TO-18	3L
2N915A	50	70	5.0	50	0.20	2.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	500			TO-18	3L
2N916	25	45	5.0	50	0.50	10	10	6.0	10	300			TO-18	3L
2N916A	25	45	5.0	50	0.50	10	10	6.0	10	300			TO-18	3L
2N916B	30	60	5.0	50	0.20	2.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	500			TO-18	3L
2N917	15	30	3.0	20	0.50	1.0	0.1	3.0	1.6	500	9	10	TO-18	4L
2N918	15	30	3.0	20	0.40	10	1.0	3.0	2.0	600	15	30	TO-18	4L
2N2368	15	40	4.5	20	0.25	400	30	4.0		400			TO-18	3L
2N2369	15	40	4.5	40	0.25	400	30	4.0		500			TO-18	3L
2N2369A	15	40	4.5	40	0.20	400	30	4.0		500			TO-18	3L
2N2481	15	40	5.0	40	0.25		30	5.0	7.0	300			TO-18	3L
2N2616	15	30	3.0	20	0.40	1.0	1.0	2.8	2.0	600	15	30	TO-18	3L
2N2708	20	35	3.0	30		10	10	1.5		700	22		TO-18	4L
2N2729	15	30	3.0	20	0.40	1.0	1.0	2.8	2.0	600	15	30	TO-46	3L
2N2865	13	25	3.0	20	0.40	10	1.0	2.5		600	16.5	40	TO-18	4L
2N3289	15	30	3.0	10	0.40	10	3.0	1.5		300	17		TO-18	4L
2N3290	15	30	3.0	10	0.40	10	3.0	1.5		300	17		TO-18	4L
2N3291	25	25	3.0	10		100*		2.0		250	16		TO-18	4L
2N3292	25	25	3.0	10		100*		2.0		250	16		TO-18	4L
2N3293	20	20	3.0	10		100*		2.0		250			TO-18	4L
2N3294	20	20	3.0	10		100*		2.0		250	14		TO-18	4L
2N5079	30	60	5.0	100	0.20	10	10	7.0	30	400			TO-18	3L
2N5080	30	60	5.0	200	0.20	10	10	7.0	30	400			TO-18	3L

**PNP RF/IF TRANSISTORS**

2N869	18	25	5.0	20	1.0	10	25	9.0	11	100			TO-18	3L
2N995	15	20	4.0	35	0.20	5.0	25	10	11	100			TO-18	3L
2N2905A	60	60	5.0	75	0.40	10	10	8.0	30	200			TO-5	3L
2N2907A	60	60	5.0	75	0.40	10	10	8.0	30	200			TO-18	3L

**NPN TRANSISTORS DUAL ASSEMBLIES**

TYPE NO.	$V_{CE0}$	$V_{CBO}$	$V_{EBO}$	$h_{FE}$		$\frac{h_{FE1}}{h_{FE2}}$	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$V_{BE(1-2)}$	$\frac{\Delta V_{BE(1-2)}}{\Delta T}$	
	V	V	V	min	max		V	V	mV	$\mu V/^{\circ}C$	
	min	min	min	min	max	min	max	max	max	max	max
2N998	60	100	15	1600	8000			1.2	1.8		
2N2060	60	100	7	40	120	0.9	1.0	1.2	0.9	5	10
2N2060A	60	100	7	40	120	0.9	1.0	0.6	0.9	3	5
2N2223	60	100	7	25	150	0.8	1.0	1.2	0.9	15	25
2N2223A	60	100	7	25	150	0.9	1.0	1.2	0.9	5	25
2N2453	30	60	7	150	600	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	3	10
2N2453A	50	80	7	150	600	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	3	5
2N2480	40	75	5	20		0.8	1.0	1.3	1.0	10	15
2N2639	45	45	5	65		0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	5	10
2N2640	45	45	5	65		0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	10	20
2N2641	45	45	5	65				1.0	1.0		
2N2642	45	45	5	130		0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	5	10
2N2643	45	45	5	130		0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	10	20
2N2644	45	45	5	130				1.0	1.0		
2N2720	60	80	6	35		0.9	1.0	1.0	0.85	5	10
2N2721	60	80	6	35		0.8	1.0	1.0	0.85	10	20
2N2722	45	45	5	100		0.9	1.0	1.0	0.85	5	10
2N2903	30	60	7	125	625	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.9	10	20
2N2903A	30	60	7	125	625	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	5	10
2N2913	45	45	6	150				0.35			
2N2914	45	45	6	300				0.35			
2N2915	45	45	6	150		0.9	1.0	0.35		3	10
2N2916	45	45	6	300		0.9	1.0	0.35		3	10
2N2917	45	45	6	150		0.8	1.0	0.35		5	20
2N2918	45	45	6	300		0.8	1.0	0.35		5	20
2N2919	60	60	6	150		0.9	1.0	0.35		3	10
2N2920	60	60	6	300		0.9	1.0	0.35		3	10
2N2972	45	45	6	150				0.35			
2N2973	45	45	6	300				0.35			
2N2974	45	45	6	150		0.9	1.0	0.35		3	10
2N2975	45	45	6	300		0.9	1.0	0.35		3	10
2N2976	45	45	6	150		0.8	1.0	0.35		5	20
2N2977	45	45	6	300		0.8	1.0	0.35		5	20
2N2978	60	60	6	150		0.9	1.0	0.35		3	10
2N2979	60	60	6	300		0.9	1.0	0.35		3	10
2N2980	60	100	7	40	120	0.9	1.0	1.2	0.9	3	10
2N3423	15	30	3	20	200	0.8	1.0	0.4	1.0	10	40
2N3424	15	30	3	20	200	0.9	1.0	0.4	1.0	5	20
2N3680	50	60	6	150	600	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.8	3	6
SA2253		40		25		0.7	1.0			20	30
SA2664	20	60	5	800		0.75	1.0	1.5	1.7	5	10

I <sub>EBO</sub> nA	I <sub>CBO</sub> nA	I <sub>CBO</sub> 150°C μA	C <sub>ob</sub> pf	C <sub>ib</sub> pf	f <sub>T</sub> MHz	REMARKS	PACKAGE		
							TYPE	BASE	TYPE NO.
max	max	max	max	max	min				
10	10	15	30	50		Darlington	TO-18	4L	2N998
2	2	10	15	85	60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2060
2	2	10	15	85	60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2060A
10	10	15	15	85	50	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2223
10	10	15	15	85	50	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2223A
2	5	10	8	10	60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2453
2	5	10	4	10	60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2453A
50	50	15	20		50	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2480
10	10	10	8		80	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2639
10	10	10	8		80	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2640
10	10	10	8		80	Dual Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N2641
10	10	10	8		80	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2642
10	10	10	8		80	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2643
10	10	10	8		80	Dual Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N2644
10	10	10	6		80	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2720
10	10	10	6		80	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2721
1	1	1	6		100	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2722
10	10	15	8	10	60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2903
10	10	15	8	10	60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2903A
2	10	10	6		60	Dual Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N2913
2	10	10	6		60	Dual Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N2914
2	10	10	6		60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2915
2	10	10	6		60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2916
2	10	10	6		60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2917
2	10	10	6		60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2918
2	2	10	6		60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2919
2	2	10	6		60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N2920
2	10	10	6		60	Dual Transistor	TO-18	6L	2N2972
2	10	10	6		60	Dual Transistor	TO-18	6L	2N2973
2	10	10	6		60	Differential Amplifier	TO-18	6L	2N2974
2	10	10	6		60	Differential Amplifier	TO-18	6L	2N2975
2	10	10	6		60	Differential Amplifier	TO-18	6L	2N2976
2	10	10	6		60	Differential Amplifier	TO-18	6L	2N2977
2	2	10	6		60	Differential Amplifier	TO-18	6L	2N2978
2	2	10	6		60	Differential Amplifier	TO-18	6L	2N2979
2	2	10	8	30	60	Differential Amplifier	TO-18	6L	2N2980
10	10	1	1.7	2	600	Hf, low noise mtchd pr.	TO-5	6L	2N3423
10	10	1	1.7	2	600	Hf, low noise mtchd pr.	TO-5	6L	2N3424
10	10	10	6	6	60	Matched Pr.	TO-5	6L	2N3680
	50					Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	SA2253
10	10		7			Monolithic Dual Darlington	TO-5	8L	SA2664



**PNP TRANSISTORS DUAL ASSEMBLIES**

TYPE NO.	$V_{CEO}$	$V_{CBO}$	$V_{EBO}$	$h_{FE}$		$\frac{h_{FE1}}{h_{FE2}}$		$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$V_{BE(1-2)}$	$\frac{\Delta V_{BE(1-2)}}{\Delta T}$
	V	V	V	min	max	min	max	V	V	mV	$\mu V/^{\circ}C$
2N3347	45	60	6	60		0.9	1.0	0.5		5	10
2N3348	45	60	6	60		0.8	1.0	0.5		10	20
2N3349	45	60	6	60		0.6	1.0	0.5		20	40
2N3350	45	60	6	150		0.9	1.0	0.5		5	10
2N3351	45	60	6	150		0.8	1.0	0.5		10	20
2N3352	45	60	6	150		0.6	1.0	0.5		20	40
2N3800	60	60	5	100				0.2	0.7		
2N3801	60	60	5	225				0.2	0.7		
2N3802	60	60	5	100		0.8	1.0	0.2	0.7	5	20
2N3803	60	60	5	225		0.8	1.0	0.2	0.7	5	20
2N3804	60	60	5	100		0.9	1.0	0.2	0.7	3	10
2N3805	60	60	5	225		0.9	1.0	0.2	0.7	3	10
2N3806	60	60	5	100				0.2	0.7		
2N3807	60	60	5	225				0.2	0.7		
2N3808	60	60	5	100		0.8	1.0	0.2	0.7	5	20
2N3809	60	60	5	225		0.8	1.0	0.2	0.7	5	20
2N3810	60	60	5	100		0.9	1.0	0.2	0.7	3	10
2N3811	60	60	5	225		0.9	1.0	0.2	0.7	3	10
2N4015	60	60	5	135	350	0.9	1.0	0.25	1.0	5	20
2N4016	60	60	5	135	350	0.9	1.0	0.25	1.0	2.5	10
2N4017	80	80	6	100	500			0.25	0.9		
2N4018	60	60	6	100	600			0.25	0.9		
2N4019	45	45	6	250	600			0.25	0.9		

$I_{EBO}$ nA max	$I_{CBO}$ nA max	$I_{CBO}$ 150°C $\mu$ A max	$C_{ob}$ pf max	$C_{ib}$ pf max	$f_T$ MHz min	REMARKS	PACKAGE		
							TYPE	BASE	TYPE NO.
2	10	10	6	8	60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N3347
2	10	10	6	8	60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N3348
2	10	10	6	8	60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N3349
2	10	10	6	8	60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N3350
2	10	10	6	8	60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N3351
2	10	10	6	8	60	Differential Amplifier	TO-5	6L	2N3352
20	10	10	4	8	100	Dual Transistor	TO-18	6L	2N3800
20	10	10	4	8	100	Dual Transistor	TO-18	6L	2N3801
20	10	10	4	8	100	Differential Amplifier	TO-18	6L	2N3802
20	10	10	4	8	100	Differential Amplifier	TO-18	6L	2N3803
20	10	10	4	8	100	Differential Amplifier	TO-18	6L	2N3804
20	10	10	4	8	100	Differential Amplifier	TO-18	6L	2N3805
20	10	10	4	8	100	Dual Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N3806
20	10	10	4	8	100	Dual Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N3807
20	10	10	4	8	100	Differential Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N3808
20	10	10	4	8	100	Differential Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N3809
20	10	10	4	8	100	Differential Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N3810
20	10	10	4	8	100	Differential Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N3811
100	10	10	8	25	200	Differential Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N4015
100	10	10	8	25	200	Differential Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N4016
10	10	10	6		40	Dual Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N4017
10	10	10	6		40	Dual Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N4018
10	10	10	6		50	Dual Transistor	TO-5	6L	2N4019

### MILITARY TYPES

*JAN2N718A MIL-S-19500/181C	*JAN2N2218 MIL-S-19500/251E	JAN2N2606 MIL-S-19500/292	*JAN2N2905A MIL-S-19500/290B
JAN2N910 MIL-S-19500/274A	*JAN2N2218A MIL-S-19500/251E	JAN2N2607 MIL-S-19500/294	*JAN2N2906 MIL-S-19500/291B
JAN2N916 MIL-S-19500/271A	*JAN2N2219 MIL-S-19500/251E	JAN2N2608 MIL-S-19500/295	*JAN2N2906A MIL-S-19500/291B
*JAN2N918 MIL-S-19500/301A	*JAN2N2219A MIL-S-19500/255E	JAN2N2609 MIL-S-19500/296	JAN2N2907 MIL-S-19500/291B
*JAN2N929 MIL-S-19500/253B	*JAN2N2221 MIL-S-19500/255E	JAN2N2708 MIL-S-19500/302	*JAN2N2907A MIL-S-19500/291B
*JAN2N230 MIL-S-19500/253B	*JAN2N2221A MIL-S-19500/255E	*JAN2N2904 MIL-S-19500/290B	*JAN2N2919 MIL-S-19500/355
*JAN2N1613 MIL-S-19500/181C	*JAN2N2222 MIL-S-19500/255E	*JAN2N2904A MIL-S-19500/290B	*JAN2N2920 MIL-S-19500/355
*JAN2N2060 MIL-S-19500/270B	*JAN2N2222A MIL-S-19500/255E	*JAN2N2905 MIL-S-19500/290B	*Also Available To Jan TX specification

**N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTORS GENERAL PURPOSE**

TYPE NO.	$BV_{DGO}$	$I_{GSS}$ nA	$I_{GSS}$	$I_{DSS}$ mA		gm $\mu$ mhos		$V_p$ V	$C_{rss}^*$ or		NF 10 Hz	PACKAGE	
	V		@ 150°C $\mu$ A						$C_{DG}$ pf	$C_{SG}$ pf		max	max
	min	max	max	min	max	min	max	max	max	max	max		
2N3066	50	1.0	1.0	0.8	4.0	400	1000	10.0	1.5	3.0		TO-18	3L
2N3067	50	1.0	1.0	0.2	1.0	300	1000	5.0	1.5	3.0		TO-18	3L
2N3068	50	1.0	1.0	0.05	0.25	200	1000	2.5	1.5	3.0		TO-18	3L
2N3069	50	1.0	1.0	2.0	10.0	1000	2500	10.0	2.5	5.0		TO-18	3L
2N3070	50	1.0	1.0	0.5	2.5	750	2500	5.0	2.5	5.0		TO-18	3L
2N3071	50	1.0	1.0	0.1	0.6	500	2500	2.5	2.5	5.0		TO-18	3L
2N3365	40	5.0	1.0(100°C)	0.8	4.0	400	2000	12.0	2.0	3.0		TO-18	3L
2N3366	40	5.0	1.0(100°C)	0.2	1.0	250	1000	7.0	2.0	3.0		TO-18	3L
2N3367	40	5.0	1.0(100°C)	0.05	0.25	100	1000	2.5	2.0	3.0		TO-18	3L
2N3368	40	5.0	1.5(100°C)	2.0	12.0	1000	4000	12.0	3.5	6.0		TO-18	3L
2N3369	40	5.0	1.5(100°C)	0.5	2.5	600	2500	7.0	3.5	6.0		TO-18	3L
2N3370	40	5.0	1.5(100°C)	0.1	0.6	300	2500	3.5	3.5	6.0		TO-18	3L
2N3436	50	0.5	1.0	3.0	15.0	2500	10K	10.0	5.0	5.0		TO-18	3L
2N3437	50	0.5	1.0	0.8	4.0	1500	6000	5.0	5.0	5.0		TO-18	3L
2N3438	50	0.5	1.0	0.2	1.0	800	4500	2.5	5.0	5.0		TO-18	3L
2N3452	50	0.1	0.4	0.8	4.0	200	1200	10.0	1.2	1.8		TO-18	4L
2N3453	50	0.1	0.4	0.2	1.0	150	900	5.0	1.2	1.8		TO-18	4L
2N3454	50	0.1	0.4	0.05	0.25	100	600	2.5	1.2	1.8		TO-18	4L
2N3455	50	0.04	0.15	0.8	4.0	400	1200	10.0	1.0	1.5		TO-18	4L
2N3456	50	0.04	0.15	0.2	1.0	300	900	5.0	1.0	1.5		TO-18	4L
2N3457	50	0.04	0.15	0.05	0.25	150	600	2.5	1.0	1.5		TO-18	4L
2N3458	50	0.25	0.5	3.0	15.0	2500	10K	8.0	5.0	5.0		TO-18	3L
2N3459	50	0.25	0.5	0.8	4.0	1500	6000	4.0	5.0	5.0		TO-18	3L
2N3460	50	0.25	0.5	0.2	1.0	800	4500	2.0	5.0	5.0		TO-18	3L
2N3967	30	0.1	0.2	2.5	10.0	1600	2400	5.0	1.3*			TO-18	4L
2N3967A	30	0.1	0.2	2.5	10.0	1600	2400	5.0	1.3*		4.0	TO-18	4L
2N3968	30	0.1	0.2	1.0	5.0	1400	2000	3.0	1.3*			TO-18	4L
2N3968A	30	0.1	0.2	1.0	5.0	1400	2000	3.0	1.3*		4.0	TO-18	4L
2N3969	30	0.1	0.2	0.4	2.0	950	1450	1.7	1.3*			TO-18	4L
2N3969A	30	0.1	0.2	0.4	2.0	950	1450	1.7	1.3*		4.0	TO-18	4L
2N4139	50	1.0	1.0	8.0	11.0	3500	7000	8.0	5.0	5.0		TO-18	3L
2N4302	30	1.0	0.1(85°C)	0.5	5.0	1000		4.0	3.0*		2.0	RO-97B	3L
2N4303	30	1.0	0.1(85°C)	4.0	10.0	2000		6.0	3.0*		2.0	RO-97B	3L
2N4304	30	1.0	0.1(85°C)	5.0	15.0	1000		10.0	3.0*		3.0	RO-97B	3L

**LOW NOISE N CHANNEL**

2N5391	70	0.1	0.2	0.5	1.5	1500	4500	2.0	5.0*		2.0	TO-18	3L
2N5392	70	0.1	0.2	1.0	3.0	2000	6000	2.5	5.0*		2.0	TO-18	3L
2N5393	70	0.1	0.2	2.5	4.5	3000	6500	3.0	5.0*		2.0	TO-18	3L
2N5394	70	0.1	0.2	4.0	6.0	4000	7000	4.0	5.0*		2.0	TO-18	3L
2N5395	70	0.1	0.2	5.5	8.0	4500	7000	4.0	5.0*		2.0	TO-18	3L
2N5396	70	0.1	0.2	7.5	10.0	4500	7500	5.0	5.0*		2.0	TO-18	3L

### GENERAL PURPOSE P CHANNEL

TYPE NO.	$BV_{DGO}$	$I_{GSS}$	$I_{GSS}$	$I_{DSS}$		gm		$V_p$	$C_{iss}$	PACKAGE	
	V	nA	$\mu A$	min	max	min	max	V	pf	TYPE	BASE
	min	max	max					max	max		
2N2499	20	10.0	10.0	5.0	15.0	2000	4000	8.0	32	TO-18	3L
2N2841	30	1.0	1.0	.025	.125	60		1.7	6	TO-18	3L
2N2842	30	3.0	3.0	.065	.325	180		1.7	10	TO-18	3L
2N2843	30	10.0	10.0	.2	1.0	540		1.7	17	TO-18	3L
2N3329	20	10.0	10.0	1.0	3.0	1000	2000	5.0	20	TO-18	4L
2N3330	20	10.0	10.0	2.0	6.0	1500	3000	6.0	20	TO-18	4L
2N3331	20	10.0	10.0	5.0	15.0	2000	4000	8.0	20	TO-18	4L
2N3376	30	3.0	3.0	0.6	6.0	800	2300	5.0	5	TO-18	4L
2N3380	30	3.0	3.0	3.0	20.0	1500	3000	9.5	5	TO-18	4L
2N3382	30	15.0	15.0	3.0	30.0	4500	12500	5.0	16	TO-18	4L
P1027	30	3.0	6.0	0.6	6.0	750	3500	3.0	20	TO-18	3L
P1028	30	3.0	6.0	2.0	20.0	2500	8000	5.0	30	TO-18	3L
P1029	30	3.0	6.0	5.0	50.0	5000		8.0	50	TO-18	3L

### EPOXY ENCASED N CHANNEL

TYPE NO.	$BV_{DGO}$	$I_{DGO}^*$	$I_{DSS}$		gm	$V_p$	$C_{DG}^*$	$g_{os}$	$R_{on}$	PACKAGE	
	V	or $I_{GSS}$ nA	min	max	$\mu mhos$	V	or $C_{rss}$ pf	$\mu mhos$	$\Omega$	TYPE	BASE
	min	max			min	max	max	max	max		
2N4302	30	1	0.5	5	1000	4	3	50		RO-97B	3L
2N4303	30	1	4.0	10	2000	6	3	50		RO-97B	3L
2N4304	30	1	5.0	15	1000	10	3	50		RO-97B	3L
U1837E	30	0.25	4.0	25	4500	8	2			RO-97B	3L
U1897E	40	0.2*	30.0			10	5*		30	RO-97B	3L
U1898E	40	0.2*	15			7	5*		50	RO-97B	3L
U1899E	40	0.2*	8			5	5*		80	RO-97B	3L

### EPOXY ENCASED P CHANNEL

P1086E	30	2	10			10	8		75	RO-97B	3L
P1087E	30	2	5			5	8		150	RO-97B	3L

### HIGH FREQUENCY N CHANNEL

TYPE NO.	$BV_{DGO}$	$I_{GSS}$	$I_{GSS}$	$I_{DSS}$		yfs		$V_p$	$C_{rss}$	Power Gain	PACKAGE	
	V	nA	@ 150° $\mu A$	min	max	min	max	V	pf	@ f = 200 MHz db min	TYPE	BASE
	min	max	max					max	max			
2N3823	30	0.50	0.50	4	20	3500	6500	8	2		TO-18	4L
2N4223	30	0.25	0.25	3	18	3000	7000	8	2	10	TO-18	4L
2N4224	30	0.50	0.50	2	20	2000	7500	8	2		TO-18	4L
2N5078	30	0.25	0.25	4	25	4500	10000	8	2	15	TO-18	4L
2N4416	30	0.10	0.20	5	15	4500	7500	6	0.8	18 (100MHz)	TO-18	4L
U1837E	30	0.25	0.02	4	25	4500	10000	8	2	15	RO-97B	3L

(85°C)

**LOW CAPACITANCE N CHANNEL**

TYPE NO.	BV <sub>DGO</sub> V	I <sub>GSS</sub> nA	I <sub>GSS</sub> at 150°C		I <sub>DSS</sub> mA		g <sub>m</sub> μmhos		V <sub>p</sub> V	C <sub>DG</sub> pf	C <sub>SG</sub> pf	NF 10 Hz db	PACKAGE	
			min	max	min	max	min	max					max	max
2N3452	50	0.1	0.4	0.8	4.0	200	1200	10.0	1.2	1.8			TO-18	4L
2N3453	50	0.1	0.4	0.2	1.0	150	900	5.0	1.2	1.8			TO-18	4L
2N3454	50	0.1	0.4	0.05	0.25	100	600	2.5	1.2	1.8			TO-18	4L
2N3455	50	0.04	0.15	0.8	4.0	400	1200	10.0	1.0	1.5			TO-18	4L
2N3456	50	0.04	0.15	0.2	1.0	300	900	5.0	1.0	1.5			TO-18	4L
2N3457	50	0.04	0.15	0.05	0.25	150	600	2.5	1.0	1.5			TO-18	4L
2N3967	30	0.1	0.2	2.5	10.0	1600	2400	5.0	1.3*				TO-18	4L
2N3967A	30	0.1	0.2	2.5	10.0	1600	2400	5.0	1.3*		4		TO-18	4L
2N3968	30	0.1	0.2	1.0	5.0	1400	2000	3.0	1.3*				TO-18	4L
2N3968A	30	0.1	0.2	1.0	5.0	1400	2000	3.0	1.3*		4		TO-18	4L
2N3969	30	0.1	0.2	0.4	2.0	950	1450	1.7	1.3*				TO-18	4L
2N3969A	30	0.1	0.2	0.4	2.0	950	1450	1.7	1.3*		4		TO-18	4L
U1277	50	0.1	0.2	1.5	8.0	450	@ 1.5 mA	8.0	1.2	1.8			TO-18	4L
U1278	50	0.1	0.2	0.5	3.0	350	@ 0.5 mA	4.5	1.2	1.8			TO-18	4L
U1279	50	0.1	0.2	0.2	1.5	250	@ 0.2 mA	2.5	1.2	1.8			TO-18	4L
U1280	50	0.1	0.2	0.1	10.0	250		10.0	1.2	1.8			TO-18	4L
U1285	30	5.0		0.1		200	1200	8.0	2.0	3.0			TO-18	4L
U1325	30	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.5	500		1.2	1.3	1.5			TO-18	4L

**HIGH GAIN N CHANNEL**

2N3436	50	0.5	1.0	3.0	15.0	2500	10000	10.0	5.0	5.0			TO-18	3L
2N3437	50	0.5	1.0	0.8	4.0	1500	6000	5.0	5.0	5.0			TO-18	3L
2N3438	50	0.5	1.0	0.2	1.0	800	4500	2.5	5.0	5.0			TO-18	3L
2N3458	50	0.25	0.5	3.0	15.0	2500	10000	8.0	5.0	5.0			TO-18	3L
2N3459	50	0.25	0.5	0.8	4.0	1500	6000	4.0	5.0	5.0			TO-18	3L
2N3460	50	0.25	0.5	0.2	1.0	800	4500	2.0	5.0	5.0			TO-18	3L
2N4139	50	1.0	1.0	8.0	11.0	3500	7000	8.0	5.0	5.0			TO-18	3L
U1281	50	0.5	1.0	8.0		3000		8.0	5.0	5.0			TO-18	3L
U1282	50	0.5	1.0	4.0	20.0	2500		4.5	5.0	5.0			TO-18	3L
U1283	50	0.5	1.0	1.0	10.0	1500		2.5	5.0	5.0			TO-18	3L
U1284	50	0.5	1.0	0.2	40.0	1000		10.0	5.0	5.0			TO-18	3L
U1286	30	10.0		0.2		1000	1000	8.0	8.0	8.0			TO-18	3L

**LOW Ron P CHANNEL**

TYPE NO.	BV <sub>DGO</sub> V	BV <sub>SGO</sub> V	R <sub>on</sub> Ω	I <sub>DSS</sub>		I <sub>DGO</sub> nA	I <sub>D(off)</sub> nA	V <sub>p</sub> V	C <sub>is</sub> pf	t <sub>d</sub> nSec	t <sub>r</sub> nSec	t <sub>off</sub> nSec	PACKAGE	
				min	max								min	max
2N5018	30	30	75	10.0		2.0	10.0	10	45	15	20	50	TO-18	3L
2N5019	30	30	150	5.0		2.0	10.0	5	45	15	75	100	TO-18	3L
P1086E	30	30	75	10.0		2.0	10.0	10	45	15	20	50	RO-97B	3L
P1087E	30	30	150	5.0		2.0	10.0	5	45	15	75	100	RO-97B	3L

### LOW Ron N CHANNEL

TYPE NO.	BV <sub>DGO</sub> V	BV <sub>SGO</sub> V	R <sub>on</sub> Ω	I <sub>DSS</sub>		I <sub>DGO</sub> or I <sub>D(off)</sub>		V <sub>p</sub> V	C <sub>is</sub> pf	t <sub>d</sub> nSec	t <sub>r</sub> nSec	t <sub>off</sub> nSec	PACKAGE	
				min	max	max	max						TYPE	BASE
2N3966	30	30	220	2.0		0.1	1.0	6	6	20	100	100	TO-18	4L
2N3970	40	40	30	50.0	150	0.25	0.25	10	16	10	15	60	TO-18	3L
2N3971	40	40	60	25.0	75	0.25	0.25	5	16	15	15	60	TO-18	3L
2N3972	40	40	100	5.0	30	0.25	0.25	3	16	40	40	100	TO-18	3L
2N4091	40	40	30	30.0		0.2	0.2	10	16	15	10	40	TO-18	3L
2N4092	40	40	50	15.0		0.2	0.2	7	16	15	20	60	TO-18	3L
2N4093	40	40	80	8.0		0.2	0.2	5	16	20	40	80	TO-18	3L
2N4391	40	40	30	50.0	150	0.1	0.1*	10	14		5	20	TO-18	3L
2N4392	40	40	60	25.0	75	0.1	0.1*	5	14		5	35	TO-18	3L
2N4393	40	40	100	5.0	30	0.1	0.1*	3	14		5	50	TO-18	3L
2N4856	40	40	25	50.0		0.25	0.25*	10	18	6	3	25	TO-18	3L
2N4857	40	40	40	20.0	100	0.25	0.25*	6	18	6	4	50	TO-18	3L
2N4858	40	40	60	8.0	80	0.25	0.25*	4	18	10	10	100	TO-18	3L
2N4859	30	30	25	50.0		0.25	0.25*	10	18	6	3	25	TO-18	3L
2N4860	30	30	40	20.0	100	0.25	0.25*	6	18	6	4	50	TO-18	3L
2N4861	30	30	60	8.0	80	0.25	0.25*	4	18	10	10	100	TO-18	3L
2N4977	30	30	15	50.0		0.5	0.5	10	35	5	5	20	TO-18	3L
2N4978	30	30	20	15.0		0.5	0.5	8	35	5	10	40	TO-18	3L
2N4979	30	30	40	7.5		0.5	0.5	5	35	10	30	60	TO-18	3L
U1897E	40	40	30	30.0		0.2	0.2	10	16	15	10	40	RO-97B	3L
U1898E	40	40	50	15.0		0.2	0.2	7	16	15	20	60	RO-R7B	3L
U1899E	40	40	80	8.0		0.2	0.2	5	16	20	40	80	RO-97B	3L

### HIGH VOLTAGE N CHANNEL

TYPE NO.	BV <sub>DGO</sub> V	I <sub>GSS</sub> nA	I <sub>GSS</sub> @ 150°C μA	I <sub>DSS</sub>		g <sub>m</sub>		V <sub>p</sub> V	C <sub>DG</sub> pf	C <sub>SG</sub> pf	PACKAGE	
				min	max	min	max				TYPE	BASE
2N4881	300	2	4	0.4	2.0	350	1000	15	1.5	1.5	TO-5	3L
2N4882	300	2	4	1.5	7.5	600	1500	15	1.5	1.5	TO-5	3L
2N4883	200	1	2	0.4	2.0	350	1000	10	1.5	1.5	TO-5	3L
2N4884	200	1	2	1.5	7.5	600	1500	10	1.5	1.5	TO-5	3L
2N4885	125	1	2	0.4	2.0	350	1000	10	1.5	1.5	TO-5	3L
2N4886	125	1	2	1.5	7.5	600	1500	10	1.5	1.5	TO-5	3L
2N5277	150	5	5	2.5	12.5	2000	5000	7.0	5.0	5.0	TO-5	3L
2N5278	150	5	5	10.0	25.0	3000	6000	10	5.0	5.0	TO-5	3L
U1715	200	5		10.0	50.0	R <sub>ON</sub> = 400Ω max		15	4.0	4.0	TO-5	3L

### ULTRA LOW LEAKAGE N CHANNEL

U1714	25	.005		0.5	5.0	400		5	1.2	1.2	TO-18	3L
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**SMALL SIGNAL P CHANNEL**

TYPE NO.	BV <sub>DGO</sub>	I <sub>GSS</sub>	I <sub>GSS</sub>	I <sub>DSS</sub>		g <sub>m</sub>	NF	V <sub>p</sub>	C <sub>iss</sub>	PACKAGE	
	V	na	at 150°C mA	min	max	μmhos	db	V	pf	TYPE	BASE
2N2606	-30	1.0	1.0	-0.1	0.5	110	3.0	4.0	6.0	TO-18	3L
2N2607	-30	3.0	3.0	-0.3	1.5	330	3.0	4.0	17	TO-18	3L
2N2608	-30	10	10	-0.9	4.5	1000	3.0	4.0	17	TO-18	3L
2N2609	-30	30	30	-2.0	10	2500	3.0	4.0	30	TO-18	3L

See page 12 for a complete list of our military approved devices.

**FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTORS DUAL ASSEMBLIES**

TYPE NO.	BV <sub>DGO</sub>	V <sub>p</sub>	g <sub>m</sub>	g <sub>m1</sub>		I <sub>DSS</sub>		ΔV <sub>GS(1-2)</sub>		I <sub>G</sub>	I <sub>G</sub>	C <sub>iss</sub>	REMARKS	PACKAGE	
	V	V	μmhos	g <sub>m2</sub>	min	max	min	max	V <sub>GS(1-2)</sub>	ΔT	nA	nA		pf	TYPE
2N3921	50	3	1500	0.95	1	1	10	5	10	0.25	25	18	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N3922	50	3	1500	0.95	1	1	10	5	25	0.25	25	18	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N3934	50	3	300	0.95	1	0.25	1.3	5	10	0.1	10	7	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N3935	50	3	300	0.95	1	0.25	1.3	5	25	0.1	10	7	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N4082	50	3	300	0.95	1	0.25	1.3	15	10	0.1	10	7	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N4083	50	3	300	0.95	1	0.25	1.3	15	25	0.1	10	7	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N4084	50	3	1500	0.95	1	1	10	15	10	0.25	25	18	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N4085	50	3	1500	0.95	1	1	10	15	25	0.25	25	18	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
SU2078	50	4	300	0.9	1	0.25	2	15	35	0.25	25	7	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
SU2079	50	4	300	0.9	1	0.25	2	15	60	0.25	25	7	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
SU2080	50	4	1500	0.9	1	1	10	15	35	0.5	50	18	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
SU2081	50	4	1500	0.9	1	1	10	15	60	0.5	50	18	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
SU2098	30	4	1000	0.95	1	1	8	5	10	0.1	10	7	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
SU2099	30	4	1000	0.95	1	1	8	5	25	0.1	10	7	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
SU2098A	50	4	1500	0.95	1	1	8	5	10	0.05	5	6	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
SU2098B	50	4	1500	0.95	1	1	8	5	5	0.05	5	6	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
SU2099A	50	4	1500	0.95	1	1	8	5	25	0.05	5	6	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N5045	50	4.5	1.5	0.95	1	0.5	8	5	67	0.25		8	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N5046	50	4.5	1.5	0.90	1	0.5	8	10	133	0.25		8	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N5047	50	4.5	1.5	0.80	1	0.5	8	15	200	0.25		8	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L

**MONOLITHIC P CHANNEL DUAL ASSEMBLIES**

2N5505	30	4	1000	0.95	1	0.8	7	5	10	0.2	25	16	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N5506	30	4	1000	0.95	1	0.8	7	15	10	0.2	25	16	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N5507	30	4	1000	0.95	1	0.8	7	5	15	0.2	25	16	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N5508	30	4	1000	0.95	1	0.8	7	15	25	0.2	25	16	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N5509	30	5	1000	0.90	1	0.25	5	25	50	0.2	25	16	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N5510	30	4	500	0.95	1	0.25	5	5	10	0.2	25	16	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N5511	30	4	500	0.95	1	0.25	5	15	10	0.2	25	16	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N5512	30	4	500	0.95	1	0.25	5	5	25	0.2	25	16	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N5513	30	4	500	0.95	1	0.25	5	15	25	0.2	25	16	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L
2N5514	30	5	500	0.90	1	0.25	5	25	50	0.2	25	16	Matched Pair	TO-18	6L



# Operational Amplifier

## MILITARY GRADE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

Operating Temperature Range  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$

TYPE NO.	Power Supply $\pm V_{CC}$	$A_{VOL}$ kV/V		$V_{OS}$ mV		$V_{OS}$ $-T_A$ to $+T_A$ mV		$V_{OS}$ Drift $\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$		$I_{BIAS}$ nA		$I_{BIAS}$ (Note 2) nA		$I_{OFF}$ nA		$I_{OFF}$ (Note 2) nA		$I_{OFF}$ Drift nA/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$	
		min	typ	typ	max	typ	max	typ	max	typ	max	typ	max	typ	max	typ	max	typ	max
709A	$\pm 15$	25	45	0.5	1.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	10	100	200	250	750	10	50	50	250	1.0	3.3
709B	$\pm 15$	25	45	1.0	5.0	2.0	6.0	3.0		200	500	500	1500	50	200	100	500	1.0	
741B	$\pm 15$	50	200	1.0	5.0	2.0	6.0	3.0		200	500	500	1.5	30	200	75	500	1.0	
747B	$\pm 15$	50	200	1.0	5.0	2.0	6.0	3.0		200	500	500	1.5	30	200	75	500	1.0	
748B	$\pm 15$	50	200	1.0	5.0	2.0	6.0	3.0		200	500	500	1.5	30	200	75	500	1.0	
805B	$\pm 15$	30	60	1.0	5.0	2.0	7.0	5.0	20	250	500	750	1500	10	50	25	250	0.1	1.0
807B	$\pm 15$	30	60	0.1	2.5	1.0	3.0	3.0	10	250	500	750	1500	10	50	25	250	0.1	0.5
808A	$\pm 15$	25	40	1.0	5.0	2.0		5.0	10	25	50	75	250	3	15	10		0.03	0.15
808B	$\pm 15$	25	40	1.0	10	2.0		10.0	30	50	50	100	250	5	30	10		0.1	0.3
809B	$\pm 15$	10	40	5.0	10	7.0		10.0	50	300	500	600	1500	50	100	50	250	1.0	3.0
819B	$\pm 6$	5	10	5.0	10	7.0		70.0	100	300	500	1000		50	100	50		1.0	3.0
810B(Dual)	$\pm 15$	10	40	1.0	5.0	3.0		5.0		200	500	500	1.5	30	200			1.0	
811B	$\pm 15$	10	40	1.0	5.0	3.0		5.0		200	500	600	1.5	30	200			1.0	
841B*	$\pm 15$	50	200	1.0	5.0	2.0	6.0	3.0		200	500	500	1.5	30	200	75	500	1.0	
2404B**	$\pm 15$	31	100	3.0	10	5.0		5.0	25	.04	0.1	30	100	.015	0.05	15	50	.27	0.09
2405B**	$\pm 30$	31	100	3.0	10	5.0		5.0	25	.04	0.1	30	100	.015	0.05	15	50	.27	0.09
2709B**	$\pm 15$	17	45	3.0	10	6.0		15	33	.04	0.1	30	100	.015	0.05	15	50	.27	
2809B**	$\pm 15$	10	30	5.0	10	9.0		25	50	.04	0.1	30	100	.015	0.05	15	50	.27	
2741B**	$\pm 15$	31	50	3.0	5.0	2.0	5.0	11	27	.04	0.1	30	100	.015	0.05	15	50	.27	

## INDUSTRIAL GRADE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

Operating Temperature Range  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$

709C	$\pm 15$	15	45	2.0	7.5	2.0	10			300	1500	500	2000	100	500	200	750	1.0	
741C	$\pm 15$	20	100	2.0	6.0		7.5	3.0		200	500	300	800	30	200	100	500	1.0	
747C	$\pm 15$	20	100	2.0	6.0		7.5	3.0		200	500	300	800	30	200	100	500	1.0	
748C	$\pm 15$	20	100	2.0	6.0		7.5	3.0		200	500	300	800	30	200	100	500	1.0	
805C	$\pm 15$	10	60	3.0	10	5.0		5	30	250	1000	750		30	100	50		0.1	2.0
808C	$\pm 15$	15	40	2.0	10	5.0		4	14	25	75	50	150	5	40	10	100	0.1	0.3
809C	$\pm 15$	10	40	5.0	10	8.0		10	50	500	1000	1000		50		100		1.0	
841C*	$\pm 15$	20	100	2.0	6.0		7.5	3.0		200	500	300	800	30	200	100	500	1.0	
810C(Dual)	$\pm 15$	20	100	2.0	6.0	3.0		5.0		500	1000	1000		50	350	100		1.0	
811C	$\pm 15$	10	40	1.0	10	3.0		5.0		500	1000	1000		50	350	100		1.0	
2741C**	$\pm 15$	20	31	5.0	10	2.0	5.0	20	50	0.05	0.2	25		50	25	100	15	25	0.15

Note 1: 5 sec. maximum duration.

Note 2: At operating temperature extreme.

\*High slew rate 741.

\*\*Hybrid Circuit.

\*\*\*Uncompensated 741.

# Selection Guide

Z <sub>IN</sub> KΩ		Z <sub>IN</sub> (Note 2) KΩ		CMR Volts		CMRR DB		PSRR DB		Z <sub>OUT</sub> Ω		V <sub>OUT</sub> (Load) V <sub>pp</sub>		P <sub>DISS</sub> No Load mW		Short Circuit	PKG
typ	min	typ	min	typ	min	typ	min	typ	min	typ	max	typ	min	typ	max	Protected	
400	350	100	40	±10	±8	90	80	92	80	150		26 (2 K)	20	80	108	Note 1	E, H, N
400	150	100	40	±10	±8	90	70	92	70	150		26 (2 K)	20	80	165	Note 1	E, H, N
1000	300	150		±13	±12	90	70	90	70	150		26 (2 K)	20	50	85	Yes	E, H, N
1000	300	150		±13	±12	90	70	90	70	150		26 (2 K)	20	60	100	Yes	E, H, N
1000	300	150		±13	±12	90	70	90	70	150		26 (2 K)	20	60	100	Yes	E, H, N
1000	500	500	200	±9	±8	90	70	80	70	150	300	24 (1 K)	20	180	225	Yes	E, H
1000	500	750	300	±9	±8	90	80	80	70	150	300	24 (1 K)	20	180	225	Yes	E, H
2000	1000	1000		±9	±8	90	70	80	70	150	300	24 (1 K)	20	180	225	Yes	E, H
2000	1000	750		±9	±8	90	70	80	70	150	300	24 (1 K)	20	180	225	Yes	E, H
200	100	50		±13	±10	90	70	90	70	2500		24 (5 K)	20	100	150	Yes	E, H, N
200	50	20		±5	±4	90	70	90	60	1500		10 (5 K)	8	15	25	Yes	E, H, N
250	100	100		±13	±12	90	70	90	70	1500		24 (5 K)	20	160		Yes	H, N
250	100	100		±13	±12	90	70	90	70	1500		24 (5 K)	20	80		Yes	E, H, N
1000	300	150		±13	±12	90	70	90	70	150		26 (2 K)	20	60	100	Yes	N
10 <sup>8</sup>	10 <sup>7</sup>	10 <sup>6</sup>		±10	±8	90	74	90	74	600		22 (10 K)	20	40	55	Yes	G
10 <sup>8</sup>	10 <sup>7</sup>	10 <sup>5</sup>		±25	±16	90	74	90	74	600		50 (10 K)	40	80	110	Yes	G
10 <sup>8</sup>	10 <sup>7</sup>	10 <sup>6</sup>		±10	±8	80	60	80	60	150		26 (2 K)	20	90	180	Note 1	G
10 <sup>8</sup>	10 <sup>7</sup>	10 <sup>6</sup>		±13	±10	80	60	80	60	2000		24 (5 K)	20	100	180	Yes	G
10 <sup>8</sup>	10 <sup>7</sup>	10 <sup>6</sup>		±13	±10	70	60	80	60	150		26 (2 K)	20	50	90	Yes	F, K
250	50	100	35	±10	±8	90	65	92	74	150		26 (2 K)	20	80	200	Note 1	E, H, N
1000	300	150		±13	±12	90	70	90	70	150		26 (2 K)	20	50		Yes	E, H, J
1000	300	150		±13	±12	90	70	90	70	150		26 (2 K)	20	60	100	Yes	E, H, J, N
1000	300	150		±13	±12	90	70	90	70	150		26 (2 K)	20	60	100	Yes	E, H, J, N
1000	100	500		±9	±8	90	70	80		150	300	24 (1 K)	20	180	225	Yes	E, H
750	2000	750		±9	±8	90	70	80	70	150	300	24 (1 K)	20	180	225	Yes	E, H
200	50	100		±13	±10	90	70	90	70	2000		24 (5 K)	20	80		Yes	E, J
1000	300	150		±13	±12	90	70	90	70	150		26 (2 K)	20	60	100	Yes	J, N
200	50	100		±13	±12	90	70	90	70	1500		24 (5 K)	20	160		Yes	H, J
200	50	100		±13	±12	90	70	90	70	1500		24 (5 K)	20	80		Yes	E, H, J
10 <sup>7</sup>	10 <sup>5</sup>	10 <sup>5</sup>		±13	±10	70	60	80	60	150		26 (2 K)	20	60	100	Yes	F, K

## OTHER LINEAR CIRCUITS

### DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIERS

Part No.	Description	Voltage Gain	Input	CMRR db	$Z_{in}$ k $\Omega$	Drift $\mu V/^{\circ}C$	BW	Dissipation mW	Power Supply
			Offset mV				-3 db kHz		
739	Dual Preamplifier	20,000	1	80	150	10	20	180	$\pm 15$ V
749	Dual Preamplifier	20,000	1	80	150	10	20	180	$\pm 15$ V
831	Two Stage Differential Amplifier	2000	2.5	-100	40	2.0	400	100	$\pm 12$ V
813	High Speed Version of 749								

Available in A, B and C Grades, E and H packages.

### HIGH FREQUENCY AMPLIFIERS

Part No.	Circuit Description	Voltage	Band-Width MHz	Power	Dissipation mW	Power Supply Voltage
		Gain db		Gain db at 200 MHz		
901	Video Amplifier	24	60		144	+12
903	VHF Amplifier	15	110		96	+12 - 6
911	IF Amplifier	20	250	25	170	+24

The 901 and 903 are available in B and C Grade and E Package.

The 911 is available in B and C Grade, E and J Package.

## DEFINITION OF TERMS

$V_{OS}$  = Input Offset Voltage—That voltage which must be applied between the input terminals to obtain zero output voltage. The input offset voltage may also be defined for the case where two equal resistances are inserted in series with the input leads.

$I_{OS}$  = Input Offset Current—The difference in the currents into the two input terminals with the output at zero volts.

$Z_{in}$  = Input Resistance—The resistance looking into either input terminal with the other grounded.

$I_{BIAS}$  = Input Bias Current—The average of the two input currents.

CMR = Common Mode Range—The range of voltage which, if exceeded on either input terminal, could cause the amplifier to cease functioning properly.

CMRR = Common Mode Rejection Ratio—The ratio of the input voltage range to the maximum change in input offset voltage over this range.

PSRR = Power Supply Rejection Ratio—The ratio of the change in input offset voltage to the change in supply voltage producing it.

$A_{Vol}$  = Large-Signal Voltage Gain—The ratio of the maximum output voltage swing with load to the change in input voltage required to drive the output from zero to this voltage.

$V_{out}$  = Output Voltage Swing—The peak output swing, referred to zero, that can be obtained without clipping.

$Z_{out}$  = Output Resistance—The resistance seen looking into the output terminal with the output at null. This parameter is defined only under small signal conditions at frequencies above a few hundred cycles to eliminate the influence of drift and thermal feedback.

$D_{iss}$  = Power Consumption—The DC power required to operate the amplifier with the output at zero and with no load current.

## HIGH NOISE IMMUNITY LOGIC (HNIL)

### SERIES 300

PART NO.	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION	Noise Immunity		$t_{pd}$ nsec	$V_{CC}$ Volts	$P_{Diss}$ mW
		Volts	FanOut			
301	Dual 5 Input Buffer with Expanders—Active Pull-Up	5.0	36	80	12	300
302	Quad 2 Input Buffer with Open Collector "OR" able Output	5.0	36	80	12	300
303	Quad 2 Input "OR" able Buffer-Resistor Pull-Up	5.0	36	80	12	300
311	Master Slave Flip-Flop	5.0	5	120	12	180
312	Dual J-K Flip-Flop	5.0	5	120	12	280
321	Quad 2 Input Gate with Expanders	5.0	5	80	12	96
322	Dual 5 Input Gate with Expanders	5.0	5	80	12	48
323	Quad 2 Input "OR" able Gate with Expanders	5.0	5	100	12	80
324	Quad 2 Input Gate with Expanders—Resistor Pull-Up	5.0	5	80	12	96
325	Dual 2 - Dual 3 Input Gate—Resistor Pull-Up	5.0	5	80	12	96
326	Dual 2 - Dual 3 Input Gate—Resistor Pull-Up	5.0	5	80	12	96
331	Dual 5 Input Expander with Node Resistors	5.0		40	12	
341	Dual Exclusive-OR with Expanders	5.0	5	75	12	72
342	Dual One-Shot with Expandable Trigger	5.0	5	100	12	100
370	Quad "D" Flip-Flop	5.0	5	100	12	190
371	Decade Counter	5.0	5	150	12	280
372	4 Bit Binary	5.0	5	150	12	280
380	BCD to Decade Counter	5.0	5	200	12	200

Available in B and C grade in 16 lead dual-in ceramic package and in C grade dual-in line plastic package.

Available in 15 Volt logic.

Available in B and C Grade in G, H and N Packages.

### INTERFACE CIRCUITS

PART NO.	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION	Noise Immunity	Input Range	Output Drive	Output Sink	$t_{pd}$ nsec	$P_{Diss}$ mW
		Volts	Volts	mA	mA		
361	Dual Input Interface Circuit with inverting and non-inverting inputs	5 <sup>(1)</sup>	15	5	10	50	60
362	Dual Output Interface Circuit—Current sink and current drive inputs and inverting non-inverting options	5 <sup>(1)</sup>	15	3	10	40	75

The 361 buffer and 362 receiver are compatible with all low level logic forms. They perform the level shifting function necessary for operation with 300 series logic or high level I/O equipment.

<sup>(1)</sup> Noise immunity with a 362 driving a 361.

Available in B and C Grade in G and H Package.

Available in C Grade in J Package.

### TTL 500 SERIES

Operating Temperature –55°C to +125°C

Operating Voltage 4.0 to 5.5 Volts

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	P/N	Low Power			Medium Power				High Power			
		t <sub>pd</sub> nsec	FAN OUT	PD mW/gate	P/N	t <sub>pd</sub> nsec	FAN OUT	PD mW/gate	P/N	t <sub>pd</sub> nsec	FAN OUT	PD mW/gate
Dual 4 Input Gate <sup>▲</sup>	500	180	6	0.5	530	75	6	1.5	570	25	7	4.1
Quad 2 Input Gate <sup>▲</sup>	501	180	6	0.5	531	75	6	1.5	571	25	7	4.1
Triple 3 Input Gate <sup>▲</sup>	503	180	6	0.5	533	75	6	1.5	573	25	7	4.1
Dual 4 Input Gate <sup>■</sup>	504	140	6	0.7	534	60	6	2.0	574	25	7	5.0
Quad 2 Input Gate <sup>■</sup>	505	140	6	0.7	535	60	6	2.0	575	25	7	5.0
Triple 3 Input Gate <sup>■</sup>	507	140	6	0.7	537	60	6	2.0	577	25	7	5.0
Dual 4 NAND/NOR Gate <sup>†</sup>	508	200	6	1.4	538	100	6	3.8	578	35	7	8.9
JK Flip Flop	509	550	8	4.0	539	140	8	12.0	579	65	13	24.0
Dual 4 Input Buffer <sup>*▲</sup>					540	70	17	6.0				
Dual 4 Input Buffer <sup>*■</sup>					541	70	17	4.5				
Dual 4 Input Gate <sup>*▲</sup>					543	85	6	1.5	583	30	7	4.1
Dual 4 Input Power Gate <sup>*■</sup>					544	75	6	2.0	584	30	7	5.0
Dual 4 Input Pwr Gate & Lamp Dr. <sup>▲</sup>					547	60	45	7.5				
Dual 4 Input Pwr Gate & Lamp Dr. <sup>■</sup>					548	60	45	6.2				
Dual 4 Input Buffer <sup>*</sup>									580	45	33	17.0
Dual 4 Input Gate <sup>*</sup>									587	55	36	13.0

#### Ultra Low Power Logic

Operating Temperature –55°C to +125°C Voltage 4.5 to 5.5 Volts

When power consumption is the prime consideration the following

Ultra Low Power TTL should be utilized.

Quad 2 Input Gate	525BH	2.0 μsec	8	250 μW
Dual 4 Input Gate <sup>*</sup>	526BH	1.5 μsec	8	250 μW
Dual 3 Input Gate <sup>*</sup>	527BH	1.5 μsec	8	250 μW
Dual 3 Input Gate	528BH	1.5 μsec	8	250 μW
JK Flip Flop	529BH	2.5 μsec	8	1.0 mW

▲No Pull Up Resistor

■With Pull Up Resistor

†With Inverter

\*With Expander

#### Low Power Logic

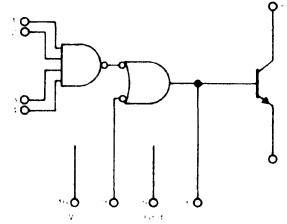
Operating Temperature –55°C to +125°C Voltage 4.5 to 5.5 Volts

JK Flip Flop	6040BH (9040)	135 nsec	10	3.5 mW
Dual 3 Input Gate	6041BH (9041)	65 nsec	10	1.4 mW
Dual 3 Input Buffer with Expanders	6042BH (9042)	65 nsec	10	1.4 mW
Dual 4 Input Gate	6044BH (9044)	65 nsec	10	1.4 mW
Quad 2 Input Gate	6046BH (9046)	65 nsec	10	1.4 mW
Triple 3 Input Gate	6047BH (9047)	65 nsec	10	1.4 mW

### HIGH VOLTAGE/CURRENT DRIVER

*This circuit has been designed for use in latching relay, lamp, core, and line driver applications.*

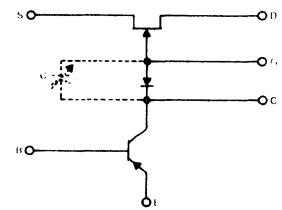
2001BE  
 $V_{OL} < 350 \text{ mV}$   
 $I_L > 250 \text{ mA}$   
 $LV_{CEO} > 40 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{CC} = +5 \text{ V}$   
 $-55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$   
 TO-5 (10 Leads)



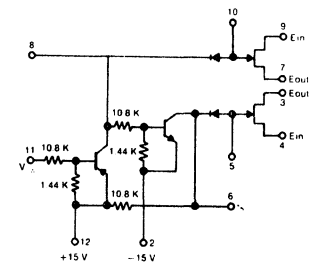
### FET ANALOG SWITCHES

*These circuits have been designed for use in multiplexing, sample and hold, and chopper applications.*

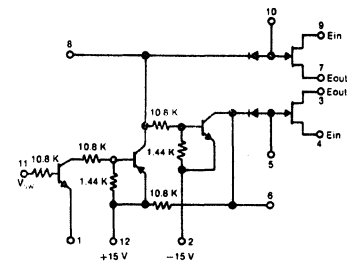
2107BE  
 $R_{ON} < 50\Omega$  (2110)  
 2110BE  
 $R_{ON} < 100\Omega$  (2107)  
 $I_{D(off)} < 1.0 \text{ nA}$   
 $LV_{CEO} > 40 \text{ V}$   
 $-55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$   
 TO-5 (6 Leads)



2114BF  
 $R_{ON} < 100\Omega$   
 $I_{D(off)} < 1.0 \text{ nA}$   
 $t_{on}$  and  $t_{off} < 0.9 \mu\text{Sec}$   
 $E_{out} = \pm 9 \text{ V}$   
 $-55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$   
 TO-8 (12 Leads)



2126BG  
 $R_{ON} < 65\Omega$   
 $I_{D(off)} < 1.0 \text{ nA}$   
 $t_{ON}$  and  $t_{OFF} < 1.5 \mu\text{Sec}$   
 $E_{out} = \pm 8 \text{ V}$   
 $-55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$   
 TO-8 (12 Leads)



FET ANALOG SWITCHES (cont.)

2128BG

$R_{ON} < 50\Omega$

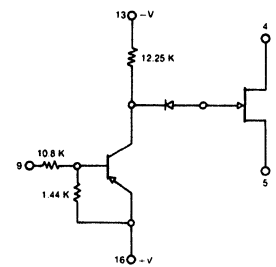
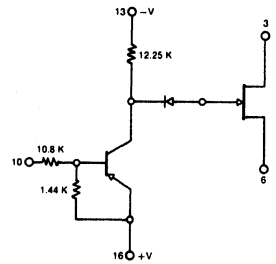
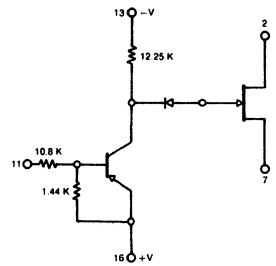
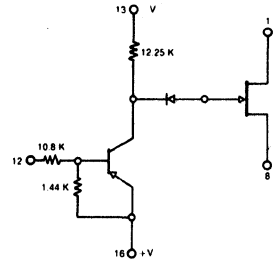
$I_{D(off)} < 1.0 \text{ nA}$

$t_{ON}$  and  $t_{OFF} < 1.0 \mu\text{Sec}$

$E_{out} = \pm 5 \text{ V}$

$-55^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$

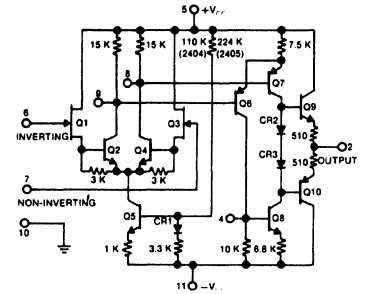
TO-8 (16 Leads)



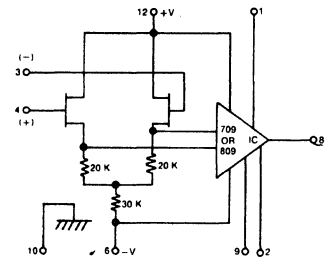
### FET INPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

*These circuits have been designed for use in active filter and high input impedance, low power, and high voltage applications.*

2404BG Power < 55 mW (2404)  
 2405BG Power < 110 mW (2405)  
 $V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{ V}$  (2404)  
 $V_{CC} = \pm 30\text{ V}$  (2405)  
 $E_{out} > \pm 10\text{ V}$  (2404)  
 $E_{out} > \pm 20\text{ V}$  (2405)  
 $I_{OFF} < 100\text{ pA}$   
 $Z_{IN} > 10^{10}\ \Omega$   
 $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 TO-8 (12 Leads)



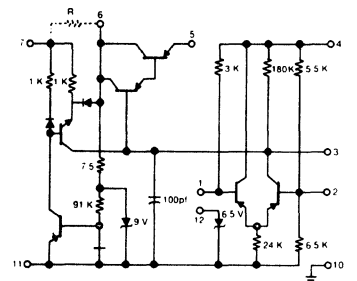
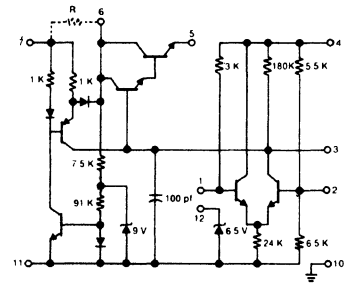
2709BG  $V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{ V}$   
 2809BG  $Z_{IN} > 10\text{ KM}\Omega$   
 $I_{OFF} < 100\text{ pA}$   
 $E_{out} > \pm 10\text{ V}$   
 $\text{CMR} > \pm 8\text{ V}$   
 $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 TO-8 (12 Leads)



### VOLTAGE REGULATORS

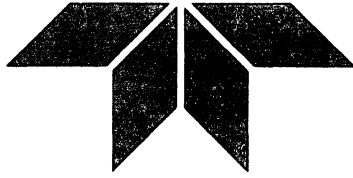
*These circuits have been designed for use in power supply systems where a high degree of load and line regulation is required.*

2802BG Output Range = 5 V to 40 V  
 2803BG Load Current > 100 mA  
 Load Regulation < 0.1%  
 Line Regulation < 0.01% / V  
 Temperature Stability < 0.5%  
 Ripple Rejection > -60 db  
 Output Impedance < 1.0 $\Omega$   
 $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 TO-8 (12 Leads)









# NPN TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

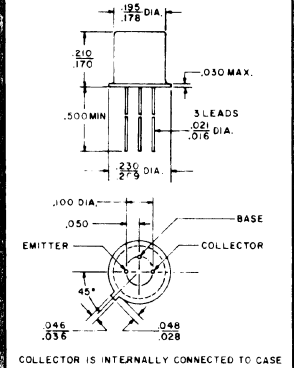
- HIGH CURRENT GAIN
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE

JANUARY 1968

**2N760**  
**2N760A**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage 2N760 2N760A	$V_{CBO}$	45 60	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage 2N760 2N760A	$V_{CEO}$	45 60	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	8.0	Volts
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.5 1.5 0.86	Watts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.5 8.5	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage 2N760 2N760A	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 50 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	45 60		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$	8.0		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage 2N760 2N760A	$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	45 60		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$		1.0	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$	0.6	1.1	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current 2N760 2N760A 2N760, 760A	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		200 100 10	nA  $\mu\text{A}$
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	76	333	
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		8.0	pf
Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{rb}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		10	$\times 10^{-4}$
Alpha Cutoff Frequency	$f_{\alpha_b}$	$I_E = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	50		MHz

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.



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# NPN TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

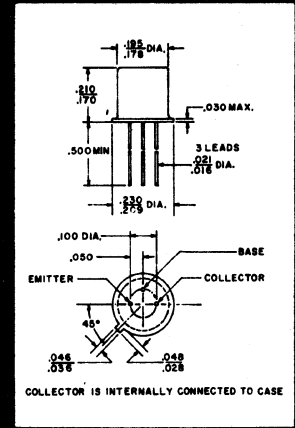
- HIGH CURRENT GAIN
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE
- LOW NOISE

JANUARY 1968

**2N929, A**  
**2N930, A, B**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage 2N929, 2N930 2N929A, 2N930A, B	$V_{CBO}$	45 60	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	45	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage 2N929, 2N930 2N929A, 2N930A, B	$V_{EBO}$	5.0 6.0	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	30	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.3 0.6	Watt
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.0 4.0	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CEO}^*$	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	45		Volts
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage 2N929A, 2N930A, B	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	60		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	45		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage 2N929, 2N930 2N929A, 2N930A, B	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 10\ \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	5.0 6.0		Volts
Base-Emitter Voltage 2N929, 2N930 2N929A, 2N930A, B	$V_{BE}^*$	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}, I_B = 0.5\text{ mA}$	0.6 0.7	1.0 0.9	Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage 2N929, 2N930 2N929A, 2N930A, B	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}, I_B = 0.5\text{ mA}$		1.0 0.5	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current 2N929, 2N930 2N929A, 2N930A, B	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 45\text{ V}, I_E = 0$		10 2.0	nA
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current 2N929, 2N930 2N929A, 2N930A, B 2N929, 2N930 2N929A, 2N930A, B	$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE} = 45\text{ V}, V_{EB} = 0$ $V_{CE} = 45\text{ V}, V_{EB} = 0, T_A = 170^\circ\text{C}$		10 2.0 10 2.0	nA  $\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current 2N929, 2N930 2N929A, 2N930A, B	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 5\text{ V}, I_C = 0$		10 2.0	nA
DC Pulse Current Gain 2N929A 2N930A, B 2N929, A 2N930, A, B 2N929 2N929A 2N930 2N930A, B 2N929, A 2N930, A, B 2N929, A 2N930, A, B	$h_{FE}^*$	$V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}, I_C = 1\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}, I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}, I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}, I_C = 500\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}, I_C = 10\text{ mA}$	25 60 40 100 10 15 20 30 60 150	120 300	



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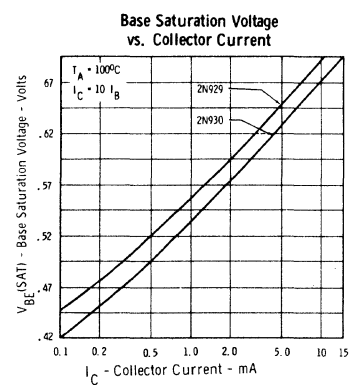
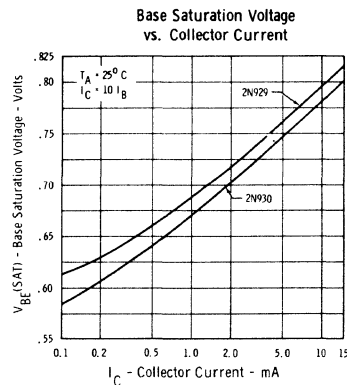
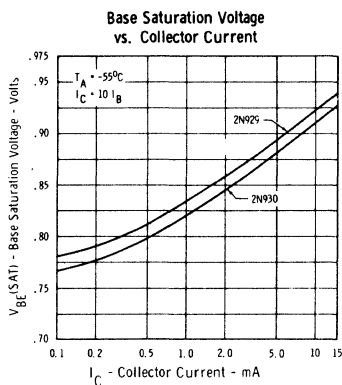
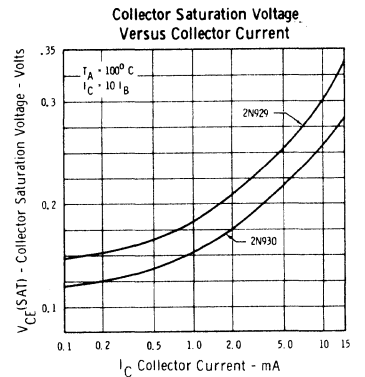
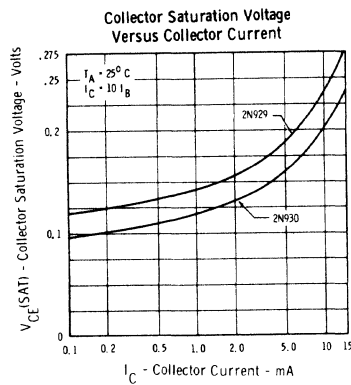
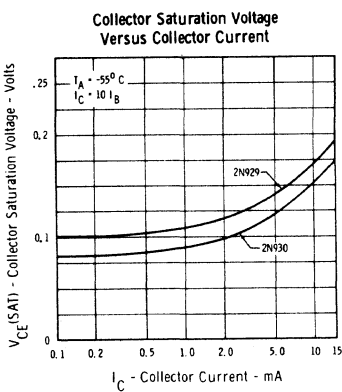
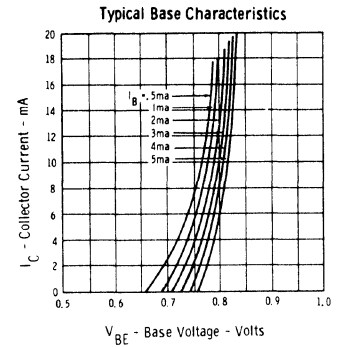
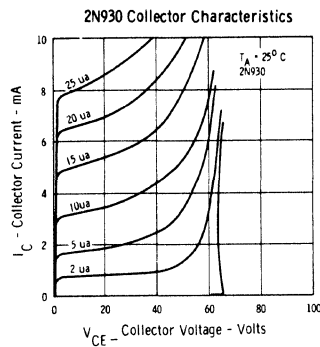
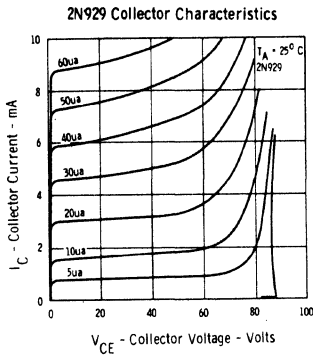
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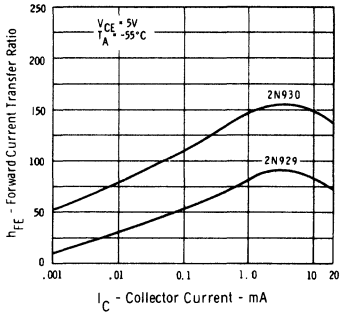
TWX: (910) 379-6494

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
High-Frequency Current Gain 2N929, 2N930 2N929A, 2N930A, B	$ h_{fe} $	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 500 \mu\text{A}$ $f = 30 \text{ MHz}$	1.0 1.5		
Small-Signal Current Gain 2N929, A 2N930, A, B	$h_{fe}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	60 150	350 600	
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		8.0	pf
Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{rb}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_E = 1.0 \text{ mA}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		600	$\times 10^{-6}$
Input Resistance	$h_{ib}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_E = 1.0 \text{ mA}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	25	32	Ohms
Output Conductance	$h_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_E = 1.0 \text{ mA}, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		1.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure 2N929, A 2N930, A, B 2N930B  2N930B  2N930B	NF	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ BW = 10 Hz to 15.7 kHz $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}, BW = 200 \text{ Hz}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 100 \text{ Hz}, BW = 20 \text{ Hz}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 10 \text{ Hz}, BW = 5.0 \text{ Hz}$		4.0 3.0 3.0  5.0  6.0	db

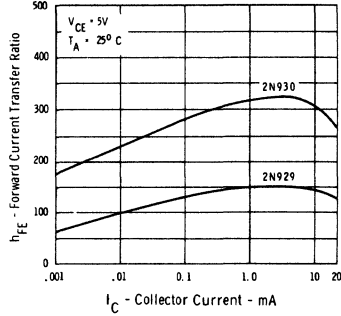
\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .



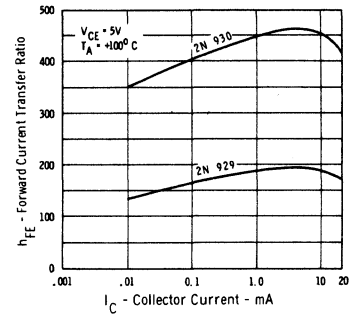
**Pulsed DC Current Gain Versus Collector Current**



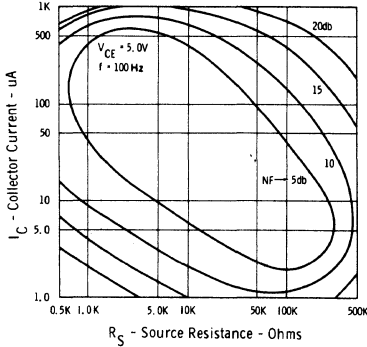
**Pulsed DC Current Gain Versus Collector Current**



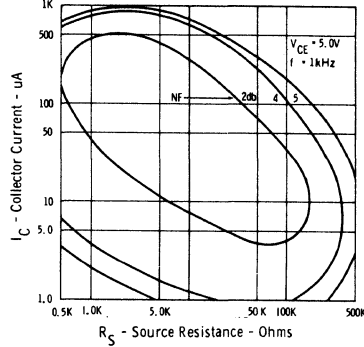
**Pulsed DC Current Gain Versus Collector Current**



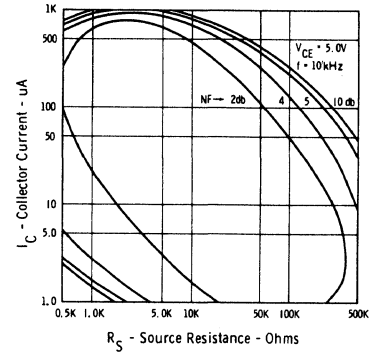
**Noise Figure at 100 Hz**



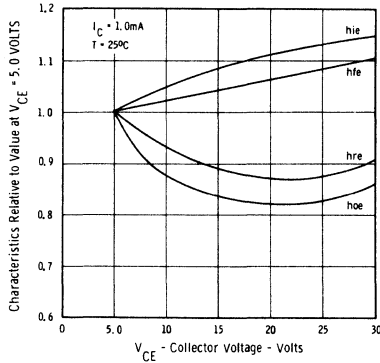
**Noise Figure at 1 kHz**



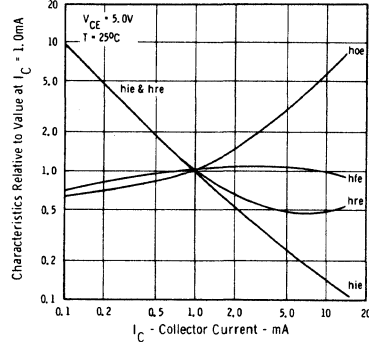
**Noise Figure at 10 kHz**



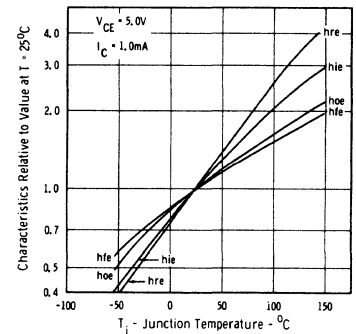
**Typical Common Emitter Characteristics**



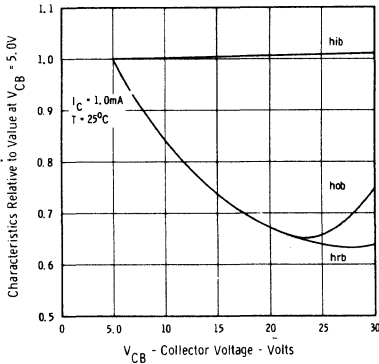
**Typical Common Emitter Characteristics**



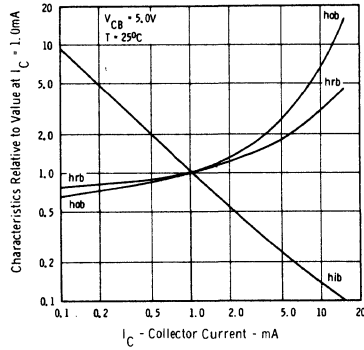
**Typical Common Emitter Characteristics**



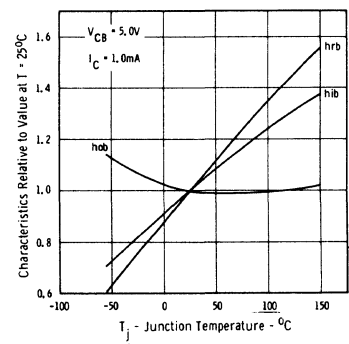
**Typical Common Base Characteristics**



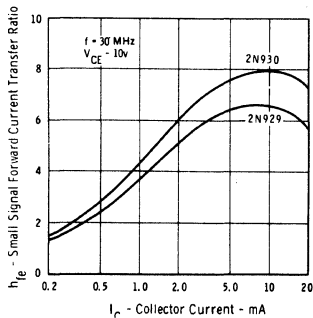
**Typical Common Base Characteristics**



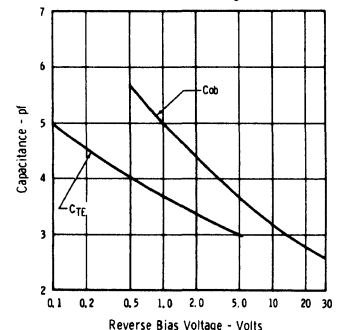
**Typical Common Base Characteristics**

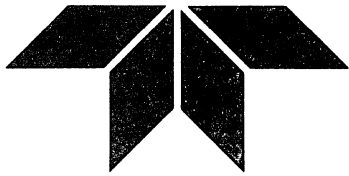


**Small Signal Current Gain at 30 MHz Versus Collector Current**



**Collector and Emitter Transition Capacitance Versus Reverse Bias Voltage**





# NPN TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

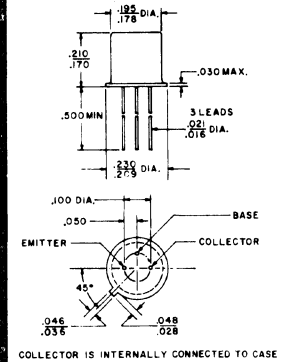
- LOW NOISE
- LOW LEVEL AMPLIFIER
- HIGH CURRENT GAIN

JANUARY 1968

**2N2483**  
**2N2484**  
**2N2484A**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	60	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	60	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	50	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.36 1.2 0.68	Watts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.1 6.9	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	60		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	6		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	60		Volts
Emitter-Base On Voltage	$V_{BE(on)}$	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	0.5	0.7	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{ mA}$		1.0	Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage 2N2484A	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{ mA}$		0.35 1.0	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 45 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 45 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.010 10	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$		0.010	$\mu\text{A}$
DC Current Gain 2N2484, 84A 2N2483 2N2484, 84A 2N2483 2N2484, 84A 2N2483 2N2484, 84A 2N2483 2N2484, 84A 2N2483 2N2484, 84A 2N2483 2N2484, 84A	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, -55^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 500 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}^*$	30 40 100 10 20 75 175 100 200 175 250	120 500	
High-Frequency Current Gain 2N2483 2N2484, 84A All Types	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 50 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, f = 5.0 \text{ MHz}$ $I_C = 500 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, f = 30 \text{ MHz}$	2.4 3.0 2.0		
Small Signal Current Gain 2N2483 2N2484, 84A	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	80 150	450 900	
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		6.0	pf



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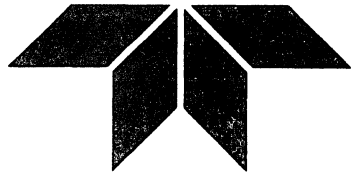
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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}, I_C = 0, f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		6.0	pf
Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{re}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		800	$\times 10^{-6}$
Input Resistance 2N2483 2N2484, 84A	$h_{ie}$	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	1.5 3.5	13 24	K ohms
Output Conductance 2N2483 2N2484, 84A	$h_{oe}$	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		30 40	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure 2N2483 2N2484, 84A  2N2483 2N2484, 84A 2N2483 2N2484, 84A 2N2483 2N2484 2N2484A 2N2484A	NF	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, R_S = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ Power Bandwidth of 15.7 kHz 3 db points at 10 Hz and 10 kHz  $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $R_S = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ , Power Bandwidth = 200 Hz  $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, f = 10 \text{ kHz}$ $R_S = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ , Power Bandwidth = 2 kHz  $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, f = 100 \text{ Hz}$ $R_S = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ , Power Bandwidth = 20 Hz  $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, f = 10 \text{ Hz}$ $R_S = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ , Power Bandwidth = 5 Hz		4 3  4 3 3 2 15 10 5 6	db

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$





# NPN TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE
- LOW NOISE
- LOW LEAKAGE

JANUARY 1968

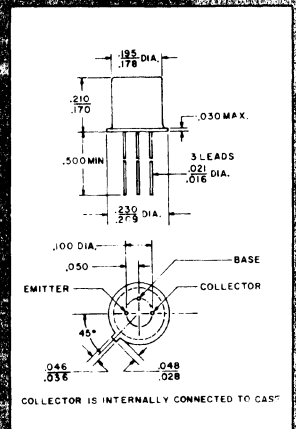
**2N2509**

**2N2510**

**2N2511**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING			UNIT
		2N2509	2N2510	2N2511	
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	125	100	80	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	80	65	50	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$		0.36 1.20 0.68		Watts
Derating Factor Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$			2.1		mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +300			$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200			$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage 2N2511 2N2510 2N2509	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	80 100 125		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 0.1 \mu\text{A}$	7.0		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage 2N2511 2N2510 2N2509	$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0$	50 65 80		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{mA}$		1.0	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{mA}$		0.9	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current 2N2511 2N2510 2N2509	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 100 \text{V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 80 \text{V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 60 \text{V}$		5.0 5.0 5.0	nA
2N2511 2N2510 2N2509		$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 100 \text{V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 80 \text{V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 60 \text{V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 10 10	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{V}$		2.0	nA
DC Current Gain 2N2511 2N2511 2N2510 2N2509	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$	80 120 75 40		
2N2511 2N2510 2N2509		$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	40 25		
2N2511 2N2510 2N2509		$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$	240 150 40	750 500	
2N2511 2N2510 2N2509		$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	100 60 20		



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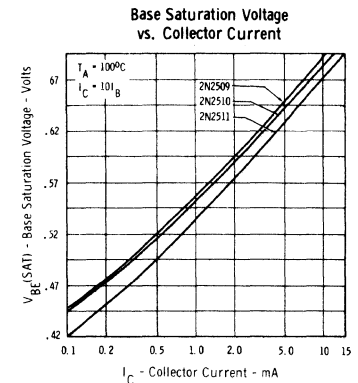
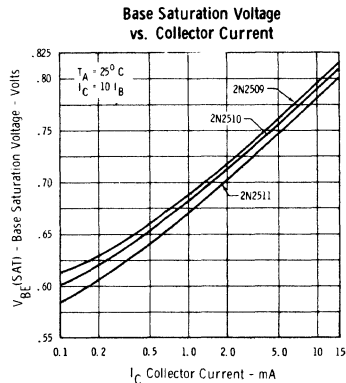
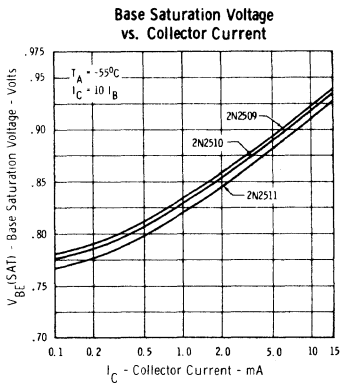
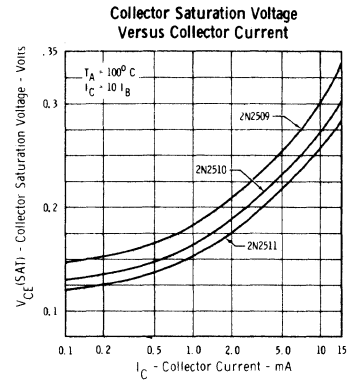
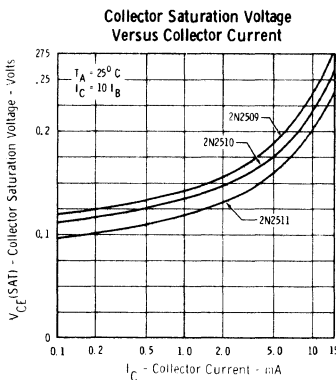
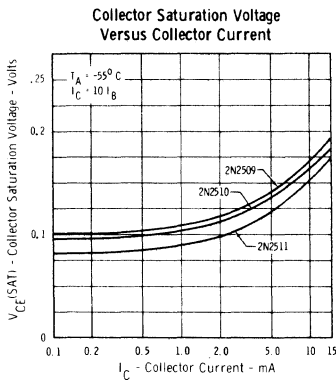
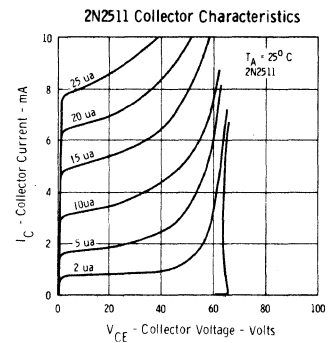
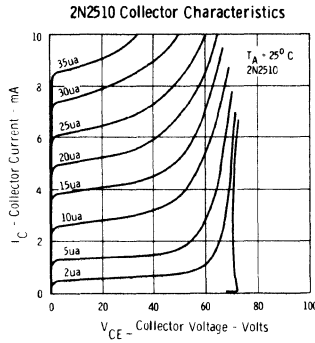
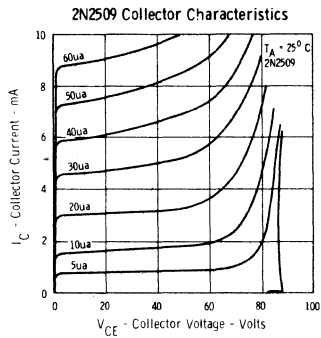
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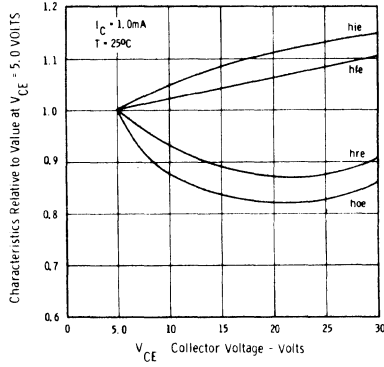


CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 30 \text{ MHz}$	1.5		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		6.0	pf
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$I_C = 0, V_{BE} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		10	pf
Noise Figure	NF	$f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ Source resistance = $10 \text{ K}\Omega$ Equivalent noise power bandwidth = $200 \text{ Hz}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		4.0 4.0 7.0	db

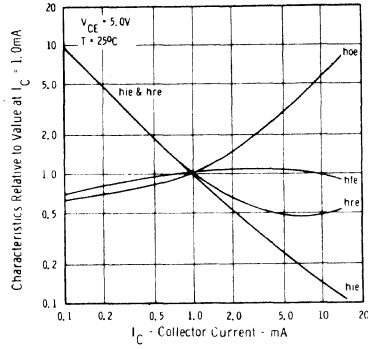
\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width =  $300 \mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.



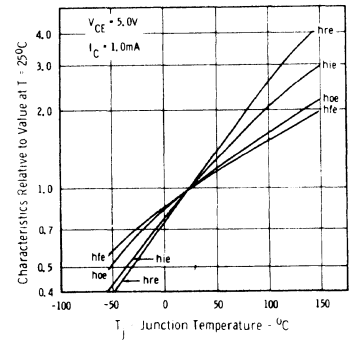
Typical Common Emitter Characteristics



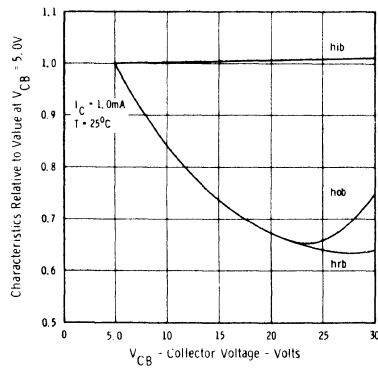
Typical Common Emitter Characteristics



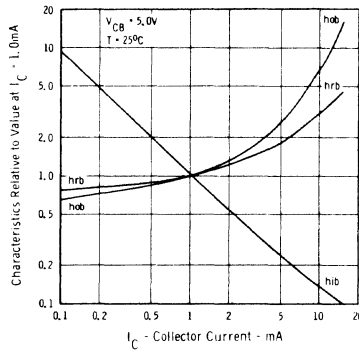
Typical Common Emitter Characteristics



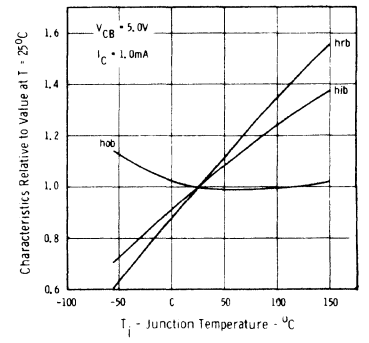
Typical Common Base Characteristics



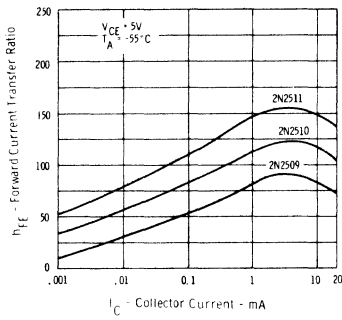
Typical Common Base Characteristics



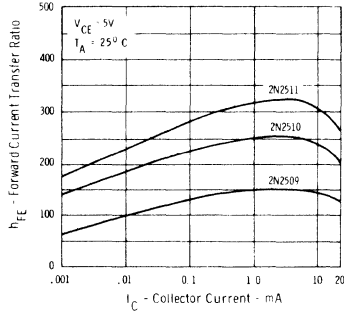
Typical Common Base Characteristics



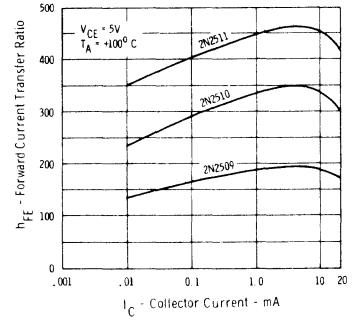
Pulsed DC Current Gain Versus Collector Current



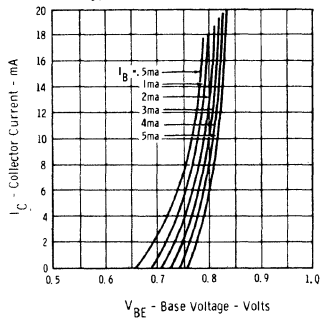
Pulsed DC Current Gain Versus Collector Current



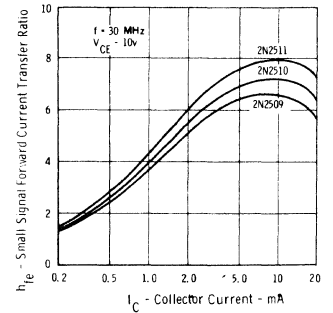
Pulsed DC Current Gain Versus Collector Current



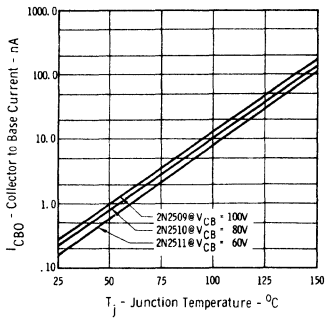
Typical Base Characteristics



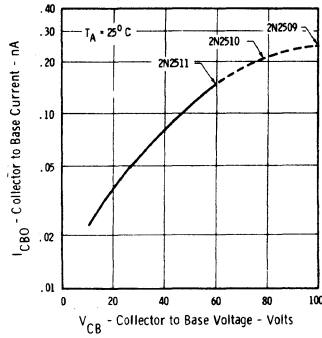
Small Signal Current Gain at 30 MHz Versus Collector Current



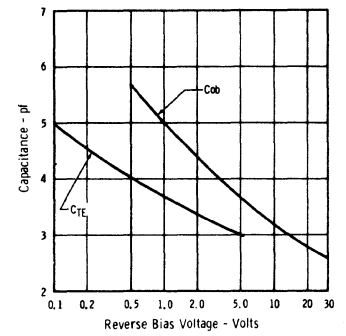
Collector - Base Diode Reverse Current versus Temperature



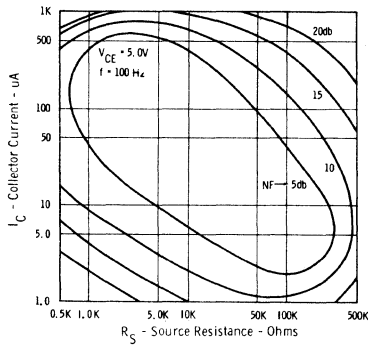
Collector - Base Diode Reverse Current Versus Voltage



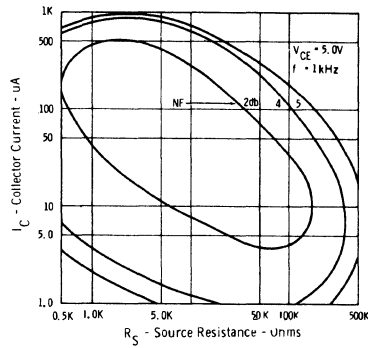
Collector and Emitter Transition Capacitance Versus Reverse Bias Voltage



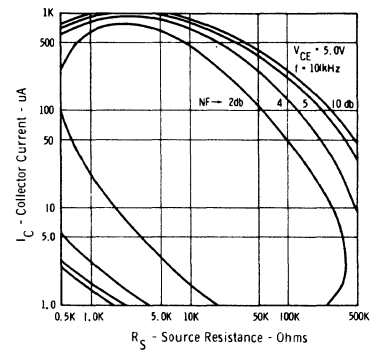
Noise Figure at 100 Hz

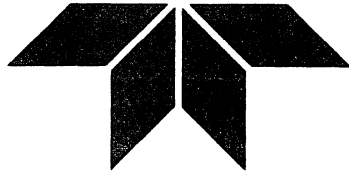


Noise Figure at 10 kHz



Noise Figure at 1 kHz





# NPN TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

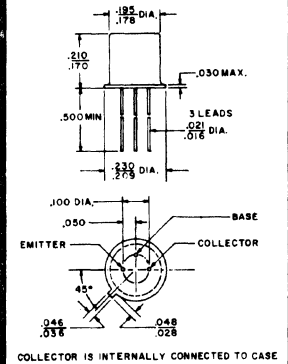
- LOW LEAKAGE
- HIGH CURRENT GAIN
- LOW NOISE

JANUARY 1968

## 2N2586

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	60	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	45	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6.0	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	30	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.3 0.6	Watts
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +300	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.0 4.0	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	60		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	6.0		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CE(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0$	45		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{mA}$		0.5	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{mA}$	0.7	0.9	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}$		2.0	nA
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	$I_{CEO}$	$I_B = 0, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		2.0	nA
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	$I_{CES}$	$V_{BE} = 0, V_{CE} = 45 \text{V}$ $V_{BE} = 0, V_{CE} = 45 \text{V}, T_A = 170^\circ\text{C}$		2.0 10	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{V}$		2.0	nA
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 500 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	80 120 150 40	360 600	
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{kHz}$	150	600	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 0.5 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 30 \text{MHz}$	1.5		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{V}, f = 1 \text{MHz}$		7.0	pf
Input Resistance	$h_{ie}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{kHz}$	4.5	18	K $\Omega$
Output Conductance	$h_{oe}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{kHz}$		100	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Low Frequency Noise Figure	NF	$f = 1 \text{kHz}$ Source resistance = 10 k $\Omega$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{kHz}$ Source resistance = 1 M $\Omega$ $I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 10 \text{kHz}$ Source resistance = 10 k $\Omega$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 10 \text{kHz}$ Source resistance = 1 M $\Omega$ $I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		3.0 3.5 2.0 2.0	db

\* Pulse width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ ; duty cycle = 1%.



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# NPN TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

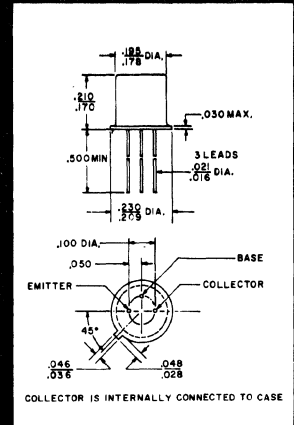
- HIGH CURRENT GAIN
- LOW NOISE
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

JANUARY 1968

## 2N3117

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	60	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	60	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6.0	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	50	mA
Total Device Dissipation	$P_D$		Watts
@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.36	
@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.2	
@ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		0.68	
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$			mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.06	
@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		6.85	
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	60		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	6.0		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0$	60		Volts
Nonsaturated Base Voltage	$V_{BE(on)}$	$I_C = 0.1 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		0.7	Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, I_B = 0.1 \text{mA}$		0.35	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 10	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{V}$		10	nA
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}, T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	100 250 300 400 50	500	
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{kHz}$	400	900	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 0.5 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 30 \text{MHz}$	2.0		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 140 \text{kHz}$		4.5	pf
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$I_C = 0, V_{BE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 140 \text{kHz}$		6.0	pf
Reverse Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{re}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{kHz}$		8.0	$\times 10^{-4}$
Input Resistance	$h_{ie}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{kHz}$	10	24	K ohms
Output Conductance	$h_{oe}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{kHz}$		40	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure	NF	$f = 100 \text{Hz}$ Source resistance = $10 \text{k}\Omega$ Equivalent noise power bandwidth = 20 Hz $I_C = 30 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		4.0	db



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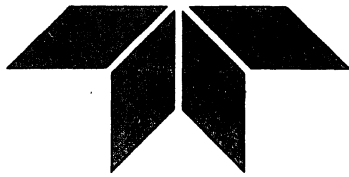
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TWX: (910) 379-6494

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Noise Figure	NF	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ Source resistance = $50 \text{ k}\Omega$ Equivalent noise power bandwidth = 200 cps $I_C = 5.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$ Source resistance = $50 \text{ k}\Omega$ Equivalent noise power bandwidth = 1000 Hz $I_C = 5.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 10 \text{ Hz}$ Source resistance = $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ Equivalent noise power bandwidth = 2.0 Hz $I_C = 30 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		1.0   1.0   15	db

\* Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ ; duty Cycle = 1%.





## NPN TRANSISTOR MEDIUM POWER

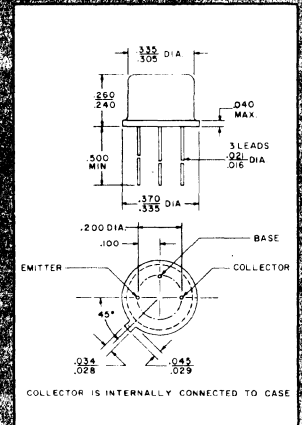
- HIGH CURRENT
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- HIGH CURRENT GAIN

JANUARY 1968

2N2192, A, B  
2N2193, A, B  
2N2194, A, B  
2N2195, A, B

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	2N2192 2N2192A 2N2192B	2N2193 2N2193A 2N2193B	2N2195 2N2195A 2N2195B	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	60	80	45	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	40	50	25	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	5	8	5	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	1.0	1.0	1.0	Amp
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.8 2.8 1.6	0.8 2.8 1.6	0.6 2.8 1.6	Watt
Derating Factor Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		4.56 16	4.56 16	3.43 16	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$		-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage 2N2192, A, B, 2N2194, A, B 2N2193, A, B 2N2195, A, B	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	60 80 45		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage 2N2192, A, B, 2N2194, A, B 2N2193, A, B 2N2195, A, B	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	5 8 5		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage 2N2192, A, B, 2N2194, A, B 2N2193, A, B 2N2195, A, B	$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	$I_C = 25 \text{ mA (pulsed)}, I_B = 0$	40 50 25		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage 2N2192 thru 2N2195 2N2192A thru 2N2195A 2N2192B thru 2N2195B	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$		0.35 0.25 0.18	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$		1.3	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current 2N2192, A, B, 2N2194, A, B 2N2195, A, B 2N2192, A, B, 2N2194, A, B 2N2195, A, B 2N2193, A, B 2N2193, A, B	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$  $V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$  $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		.010 .100 15 25 50 .010 25	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current 2N2192, A, B, 2N2194, A, B 2N2195, A, B 2N2193, A, B	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 3 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$  $V_{EB} = 5 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$		.050 .100 .050	$\mu\text{A}$



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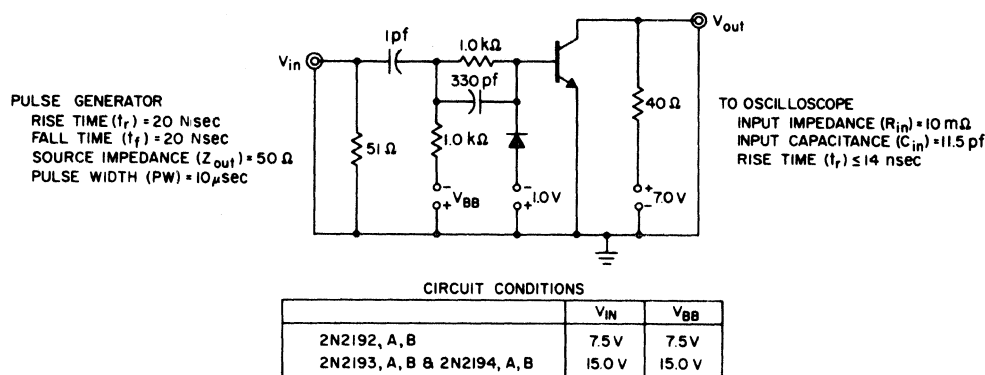
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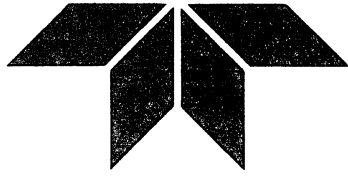


CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
DC Pulse Current Gain	$h_{FE}^*$				
2N2192, A, B, 2N2193, A, B		$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	15		
2N2192, A, B,		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	75		
2N2193, A, B			30		
2N2194, A, B			15		
2N2192, A, B,		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V},$	35		
2N2193, A, B		$T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	20		
2N2192, A, B,		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	100	300	
2N2193, A, B			40	120	
2N2194, A, B			20	60	
2N2195, A, B			20		
2N2192, A, B,		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	70		
2N2193, A, B			30		
2N2194, A, B			15		
2N2195, A, B			10		
2N2192, A, B,		$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	35		
2N2193, A, B			20		
2N2194, A, B			12		
2N2192, A, B, 2N2193, A, B		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	15		
Rise Time	$t_r$			70	nsec
Fall Time	$t_f$	2N2192-94, 2N2192A-94A, 2N2192B-94B (See Figure 1)		50	nsec
Storage Time	$t_s$			150	nsec
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 20 \text{ MHz}$	2.5		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		20	pf

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

Figure 1





# NPN TRANSISTOR MEDIUM POWER

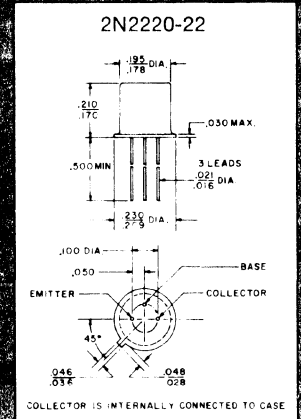
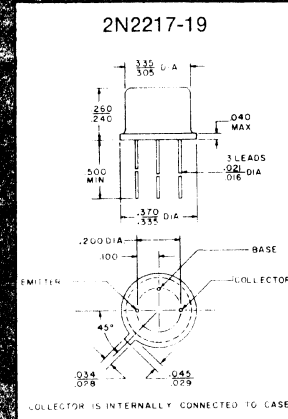
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- HIGH FREQUENCY
- LOW LEAKAGE

JANUARY 1968

**2N2217  
THRU  
2N2222**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	60		Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	30		Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	5.0		Volts
Total Device Dissipation	$P_D$	2N2217-19	2N2220-22	Watts
@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.8	0.5	
@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		3.0	1.8	
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$				mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		5.33	3.33	
@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		20	12	
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	-65 to +175		$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	60		Volts
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CEO}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	30		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	5.0		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$		0.4 1.6	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{BE}$ *	$I_B = 15 \text{ mA}, I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50 \text{ mA}, I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$		1.3 2.6	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 50 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 50 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$	10	10	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	10	10	nA
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	20 35 12 25 50 17 35 75		
DC Pulsed Current Gain	$h_{FE}^*$	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	20 40 100 20 30 10 20 50	60 120 300	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	2.5		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		8.0	pf
Real Part of Input Impedance	$R_e(h_{ie})$	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$ $f = 300 \text{ MHz}$		60	Ohms

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

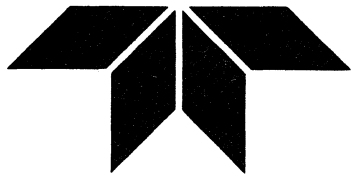


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# NPN TRANSISTOR MEDIUM POWER

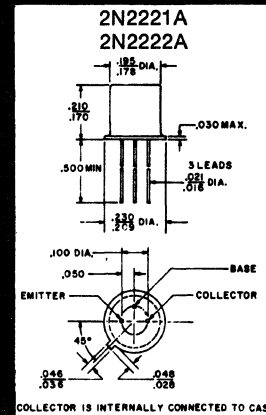
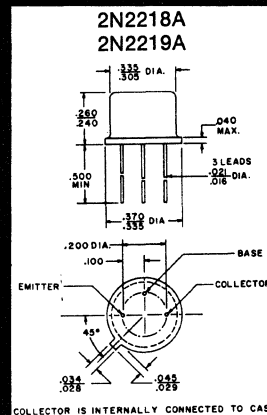
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE
- HIGH CURRENT GAIN
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE

JANUARY 1968

**2N2218A**  
**2N2219A**  
**2N2221A**  
**2N2222A**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	2N2218A 2N2219A	2N2221A 2N2222A	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	75	75	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	40	40	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6	6	Volts
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.8 3.0	0.5 1.8	Watts
Derating Factor Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		5.33 20	3.33 12	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature Range	$T_J$	-65 to +175		$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	75		Volts
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CEO}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	40		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	6		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$		0.3 1.0	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}^*$	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$	0.6	1.2 2.0	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.01 10	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 3 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$		10	nA
Base-Emitter Cutoff Current	$I_{BEX}$	$V_{CE} = 60 \text{ V}, V_{EB} = 3 \text{ V}$		20	nA
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	$I_{CEX}$	$V_{CE} = 60 \text{ V}, V_{EB} = 3 \text{ V}$		10	nA
DC Pulse Current Gain	$h_{FE}^*$	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	20		
2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A			35		
2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	25		
2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A			50		
2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	35		
2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A			75		
2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	15		
2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A			35		
2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	40	120	
2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A			100	300	
2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A		$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	20		
2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A			50		
2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A		$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	25		
2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A			40		



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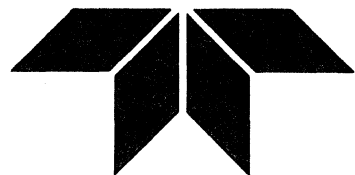
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CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Small Signal Current Gain 2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A 2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	30 50 50 75	150 300 300 375	
High Frequency Current Gain 2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}, f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	2.5 3.0		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 100 \text{ kHz}$		8	pf
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		25	pf
Voltage Feedback Ratio 2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A 2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A	$h_{re}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		5 8 2.5 4	$\times 10^{-4}$
Input Resistance 2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A 2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A	$h_{ie}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	1 2.0 0.2 0.25	3.5 8 1.0 1.25	K ohms
Output Conductance 2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A 2N2218A, 2N2221A 2N2219A, 2N2222A	$h_{oe}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	3 5 10 25	15 35 100 200	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Collector-Base Time Constant	$r_b' C_c$	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}, f = 31.8 \text{ MHz}$		150	psec
Noise Figure 2N2219A 2N2222A	NF	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \text{ k}\Omega,$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		4	db

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .





# NPN TRANSISTOR MEDIUM POWER

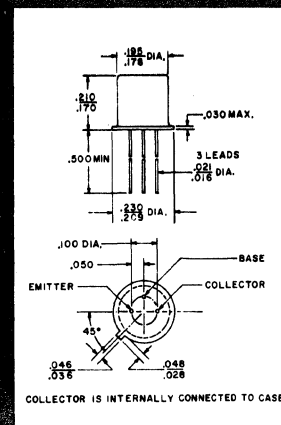
- LOW NOISE
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE

JANUARY 1968

## 2N2222B

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	75	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	6.0	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	40	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	1.0	A
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.5 1.8	Watts
Derating Factor Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		3.3 12	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 second max.		230	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$	75		Volts
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CEO}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{BE} = 0$	40		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	6.0		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$		0.2 0.5 1.0	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$	0.6	1.0 1.3 1.6	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CE} = 60 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 10	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Collector-Emitter Reverse Current	$I_{CEX}$	$V_{CE} = 60 \text{ V}, V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		10	nA
Base Leakage Current	$I_{BL}$	$V_{CE} = 60 \text{ V}, V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		20	nA
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$		10	nA
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}^*$ $V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	35 50 75 100 40 15 50 35	300	
Rise Time	$t_r$	See Figure 1		25	nsec
Turn-on Delay Time	$t_d$	See Figure 1		10	nsec
Fall Time	$t_f$	See Figure 2		60	nsec
Storage Time	$t_s$	See Figure 2		225	nsec
Action Region Time Constant	$t_a$	See Figure 1		2.5	nsec
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	50 75	300 375	



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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}, I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}, I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	3.0		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $f = 100 \text{ kHz}$		8.0	pf
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$ $f = 100 \text{ kHz}$		25	pf
Input Resistance	$h_{ie}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	2.0	8.0	k ohms
Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{re}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		0.0008	
Output Conductance	$h_{oe}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	5.0	35	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Collector-Base Time Constant	$r_b' C_c$	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}, I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $f = 31.8 \text{ MHz}$		150	psec
Real Part Input Impedance	$R_{e(hiel)}$	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}, I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $f = 300 \text{ MHz}$		60	Ohms
Current Gain Bandwidth Product	$f_t$	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}, I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	300		MHz
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $R_G = 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega, f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $BW = 1.0 \text{ Hz}$		4.0	db

\*Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

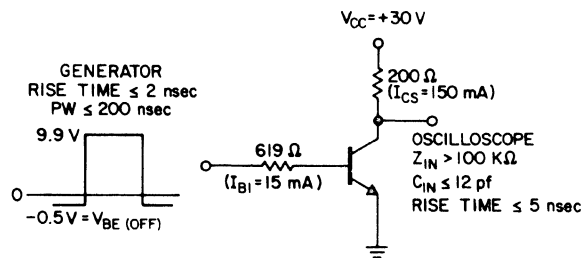


Figure 1 Equivalent Test Circuit for Measuring Delay and Rise Times

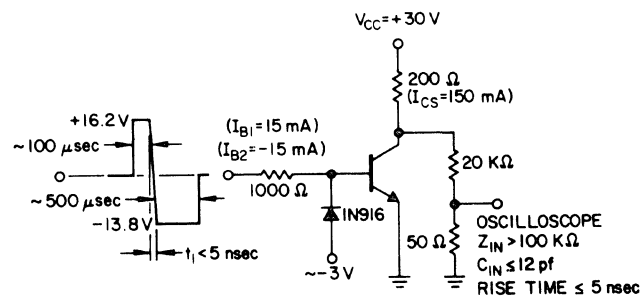
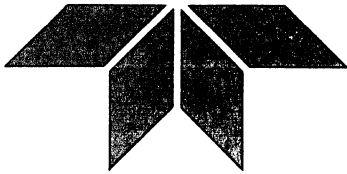


Figure 2 Equivalent Test Circuit for Measuring Storage Fall Time





**2N2243**  
**2N2243A**

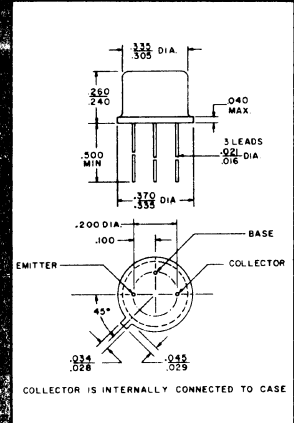


**NPN TRANSISTOR  
MEDIUM POWER**

- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- FAST SWITCHING SPEEDS

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	120	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	80	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	7.0	Volts
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.8 2.8 1.6	Watts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		4.6	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$



**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)**

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	120		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$	7.0		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage 2N2243 2N2243A	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_b = 15 \text{ mA}, I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$		0.35 0.25	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 15	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		50	nA
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	15 30 20		
DC Pulsed Current Gain	$h_{FE}^*$	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	40 15 30	120	
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	2.5		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$		15	pf
Stored-Charge Time Constant	$T_b$	See Figure 1		2.1	$\mu\text{sec}$

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.

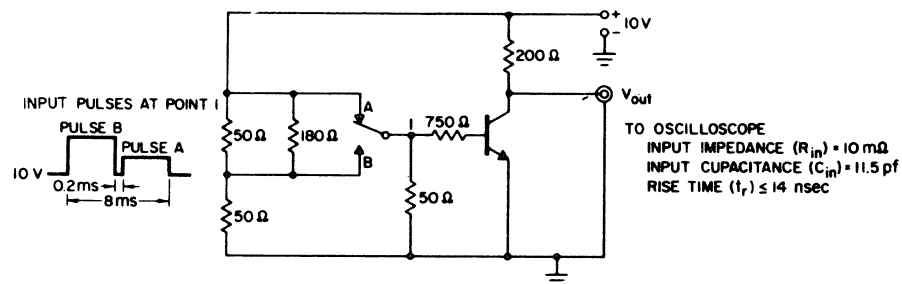


Figure 1



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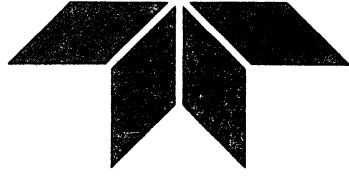
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## NPN TRANSISTOR MEDIUM POWER

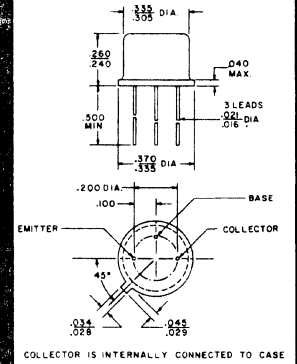
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE
- HIGH COLLECTOR CURRENT

JANUARY 1968

# 2N2297

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	80	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	35	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	7.0	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	1	Amp
Total Device Dissipation	$P_D$		Watts
@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.8	
@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		5.0	
@ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		2.8	
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 sec. max.		+300	$^\circ\text{C}$
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$			mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		4.06	
@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.86	



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	80		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}$	7.0		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	35		Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 1000 \text{ mA}, I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$		1.6	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 60 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 10	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		10	nA
DC Pulsed Current Gain	$h_{FE}$ *	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	40 30 15	120	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$	3.0		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		12	pf
Collector-Base Time Constant	$r_b' C_c$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 4 \text{ MHz}$		800	psec

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle  $\leq 1\%$ .



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## NPN TRANSISTOR MEDIUM POWER

- LOW NOISE
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- HIGH COLLECTOR CURRENT

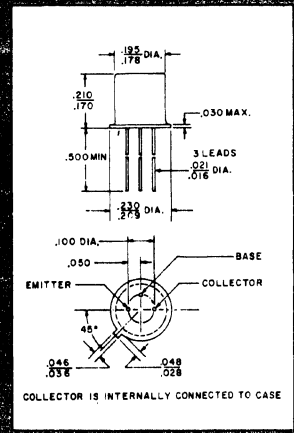
JANUARY 1968

**2N5079**

**2N5080**

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	60	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	5	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	30	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	1.0	Amp
Base Current	$I_B$	200	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	1.8	Watts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		10.3	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 seconds max.		300	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	60		Volts
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CEO}^*$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	30		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	5.0		Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}^*$	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}, I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$		1.0 1.3 1.6	Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}, I_B = 100 \text{ mA}$		0.2 0.5 1.0	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 50 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 50 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 10	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$		10	nA
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}^*$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 500 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 1.0 \text{ A}$	35 50 50 90 75 150 100 200 50 90 15 25	300 500	
High Frequency Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}, I_C = 50 \text{ mA}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	4		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		7	pf
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		30	pf
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 200 \mu\text{A}, R_S = 510\Omega$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}, BW = 200 \text{ Hz}$		4.0	db

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.



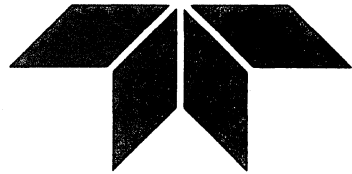
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# NPN TRANSISTOR RF/IF AMPLIFIER

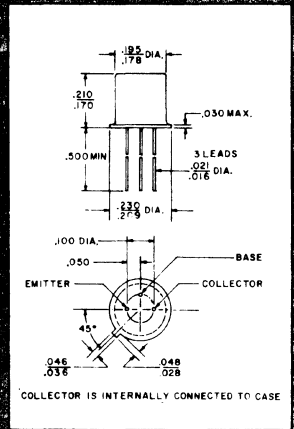
- HIGH FREQUENCY
- HIGH VOLTAGE
- HIGH CURRENT GAIN

JANUARY 1968

**2N915**  
**2N915A**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	70	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	50	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	5	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	Limited by Dissipation only	
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.36	Watts
		1.2	
		0.68	
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.1	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
		6.85	
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage 2N915 2N915A	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	70		Volts
		$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	70		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	5		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0$	50		Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 1 \text{mA}$		0.9	Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage 2N915 2N915A	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 1 \text{mA}$		1.0	Volts
				0.2	
Collector-Base Cutoff Current 2N915 2N915A 2N915 2N915A	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 60 \text{V}, I_E = 0$		10	nA
		$V_{CB} = 60 \text{V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2	$\mu\text{A}$
				30	
DC Pulse Current Gain	$h_{FE}^*$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$	50	200	
DC Pulse Current Gain 2N915A Both Types Both Types Both Types Both Types	$h_{FE}^*$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$	50	200	
		$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$	50	200	
		$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$	50	200	
		$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 1 \text{V}$	50	200	
		$I_C = 100 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 1 \text{V}$	15	200	
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current 2N915A	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 3 \text{V}, I_C = 0$		2	nA
High Frequency Current Gain 2N915 2N915A	$ h_{fe} $	$V_{CE} = 15 \text{V}, I_C = 10 \text{mA}$ $f = 100 \text{MHz}$	2.5		
			6.0		
Small Signal Current Gain 2N915 2N915A	$h_{fe}$	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}, I_C = 1 \text{mA}$ $f = 1 \text{kHz}$	40	200	
			50	200	
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}, I_C = 5 \text{mA}$ $f = 1 \text{kHz}$	50	250	



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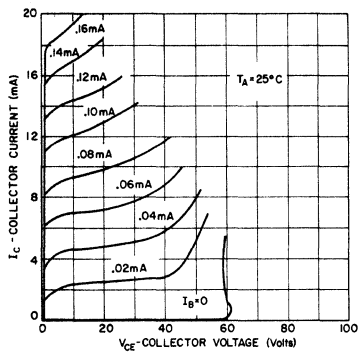
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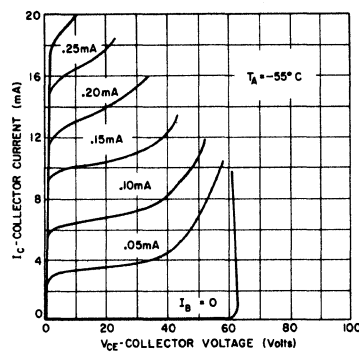
CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Capacitance 2N915 2N915A	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$		3.5 3.0	pf pf
Input Capacitance 2N915 2N915A	$C_{ib}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$		10 5	pf pf
Input Resistance	$h_{ie}$	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		2000 6000	ohms ohms
Output Conductance	$h_{oe}$	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		75 125	$\mu\text{mhos}$ $\mu\text{mhos}$
Collector-Base Time Constant	$r_b'C_c$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ $f = 40 \text{ MHz}$		300	psec
Noise Figure 2N915A	NF	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $R_c = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $BW = 200 \text{ Hz}$		4	db

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.

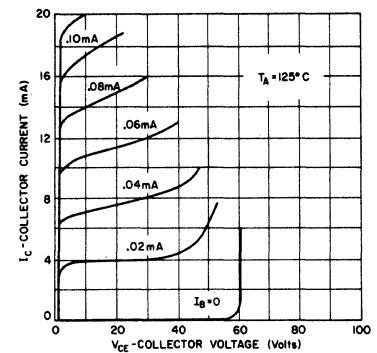
Collector Characteristics



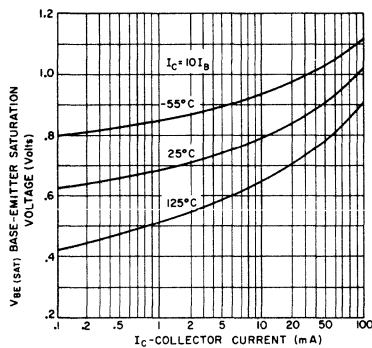
Collector Characteristics



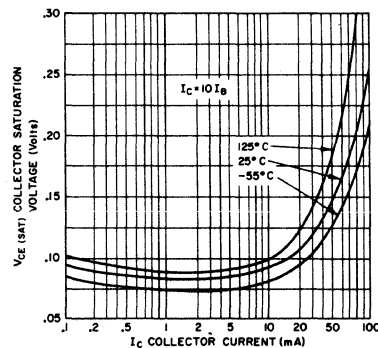
Collector Characteristics



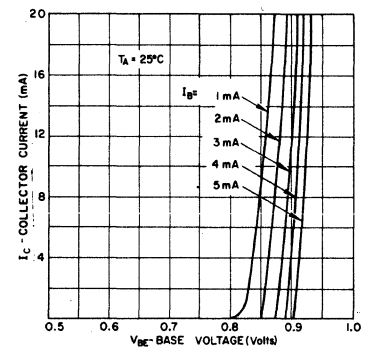
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage  
vs  
Collector Current



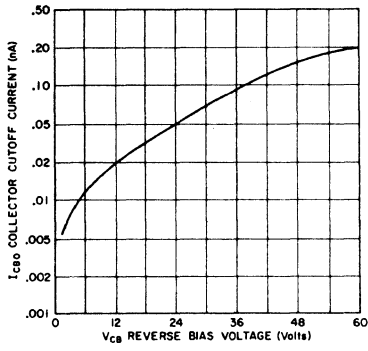
Collector Saturation Voltage  
vs  
Collector Current



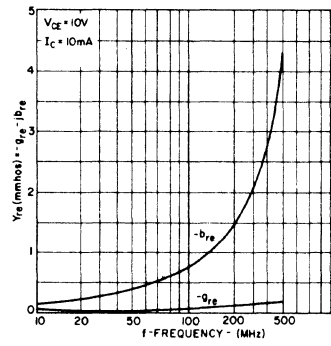
Typical Base Characteristics



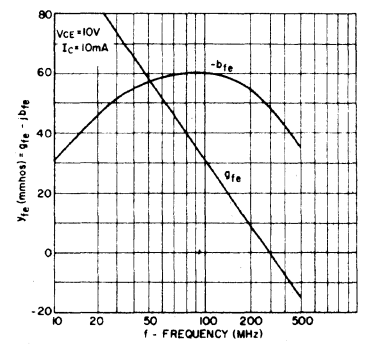
Collector Bias Reverse Current  
vs  
Reverse Bias Voltage



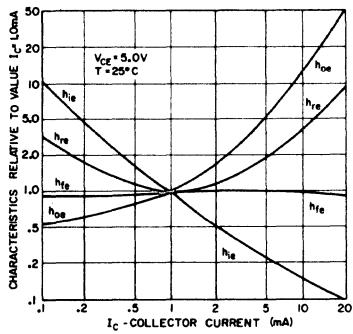
Reverse Transfer Admittance  
vs  
Frequency - Input Short Circuit



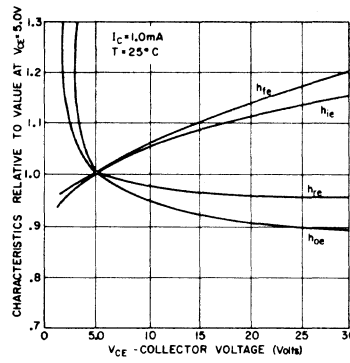
Forward Transfer Admittance  
vs  
Frequency - Output Short Circuit



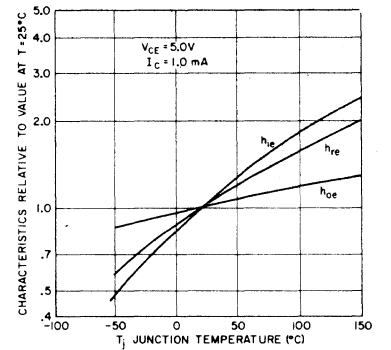
Typical Common Emitter Characteristics



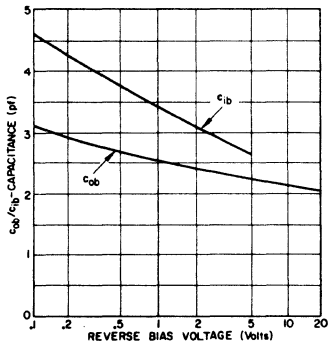
Typical Common Emitter Characteristics



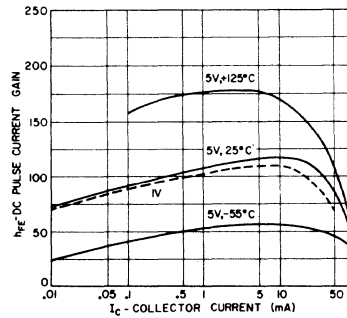
Typical Common Emitter Characteristics



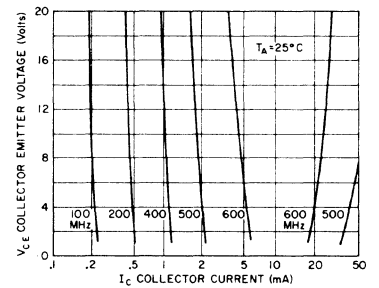
Output and Input Capacitance  
vs  
Reverse Bias Voltage



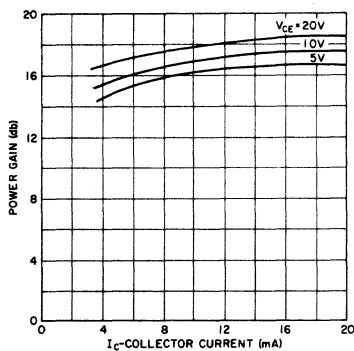
DC Pulse Current Gain  
vs  
Collector Current



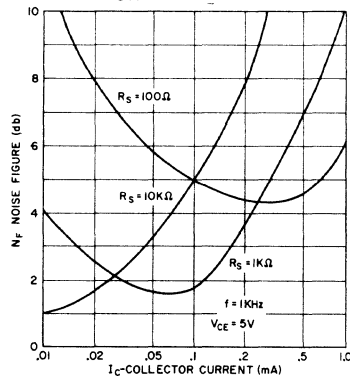
Contours of Constant Gain  
Bandwidth Product - f\_T



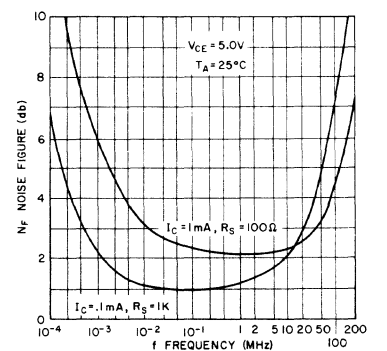
Neutralized 200 MHz Power Gain vs I\_C



Noise Figure  
vs  
Collector Current

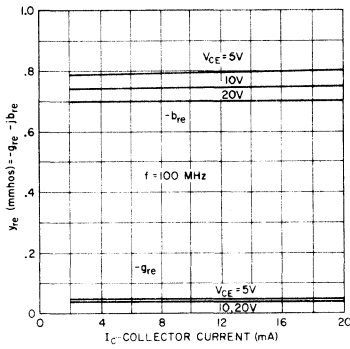


Noise Figure  
vs  
Frequency

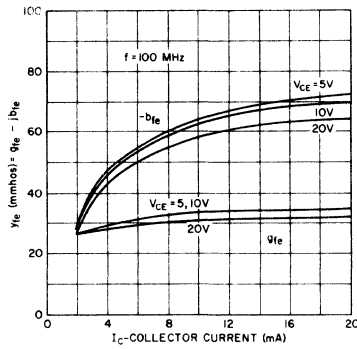




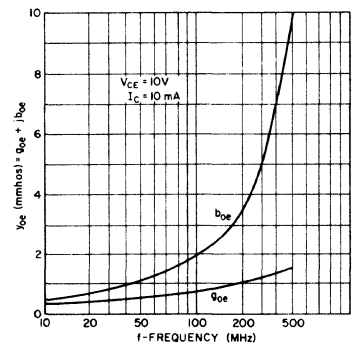
Reverse Transfer Admittance  
vs  
Collector Current and  
Voltage-Input Short Circuit



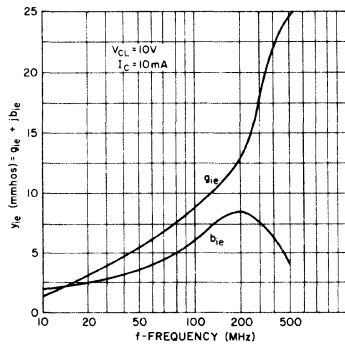
Forward Transfer Admittance  
vs  
Collector Current and  
Voltage-Output Short Circuit



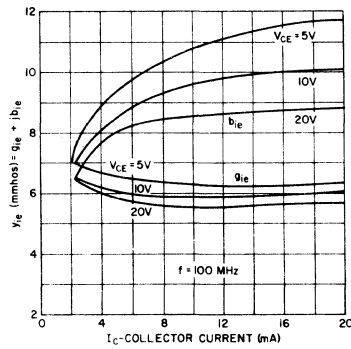
Output Admittance  
vs  
Frequency - Input Short Circuit



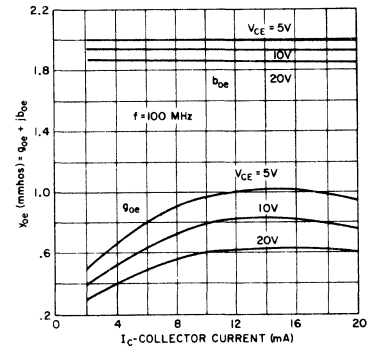
Input Admittance  
vs  
Frequency - Output Short Circuit

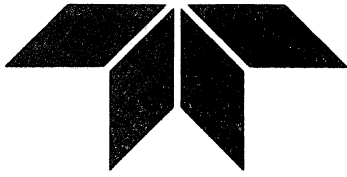


Input Admittance  
vs  
Collector Current and  
Voltage-Output Short Circuit



Output Admittance  
vs  
Collector Current and  
Voltage-Output Short Circuit





# NPN TRANSISTOR RF/IF AMPLIFIER

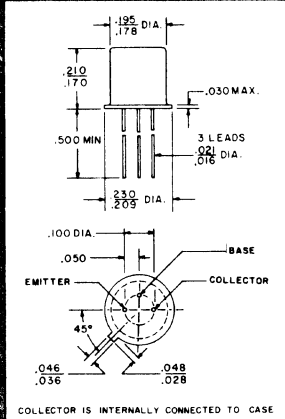
- HIGH FREQUENCY
- HIGH VOLTAGE
- HIGH CURRENT GAIN

JANUARY 1968

**2N916**  
**2N916A**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
		2N916, 2N916A	2N916B	
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	45	60	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	25	30	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	5	5	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	Limited by Dissipation Only		
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.36 1.2 0.68		Watts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.1 6.85		mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200		$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage 2N916, 2N916A 2N916B	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	45 60		Volts Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	5		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage 2N916, 2N916A 2N916B	$V_{CE(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0$	25 30		Volts Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage 2N916, 2N916A 2N916B	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 1 \text{mA}$		0.5 0.2	Volts Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage 2N916A 2N916B	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 100 \text{mA}, I_B = 10 \text{mA}$		1.0 0.5	Volts Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 1 \text{mA}$		0.9	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage 2N916A 2N916B	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 100 \text{mA}, I_B = 10 \text{mA}$		1.3 1.2	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current 2N916, 2N916A 2N916B 2N916, 2N916A 2N916B	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 30 \text{V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 30 \text{V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 2 10 3	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current 2N916B	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 3 \text{V}, I_C = 0$		2	nA
DC Pulse Current Gain	$h_{FE}^*$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$	50	200	
DC Pulse Current Gain 2N916A, 2N916B	$h_{FE}^*$	$I_C = 100 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 1 \text{V}$	15		



**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR**

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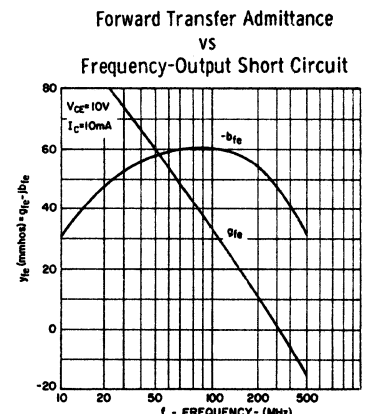
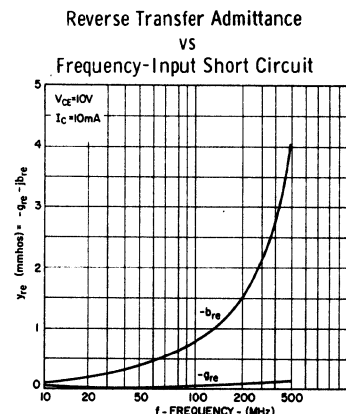
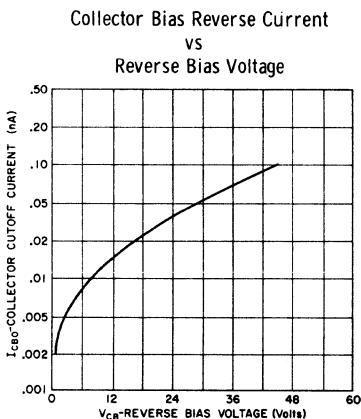
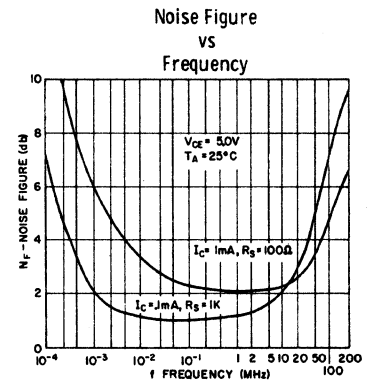
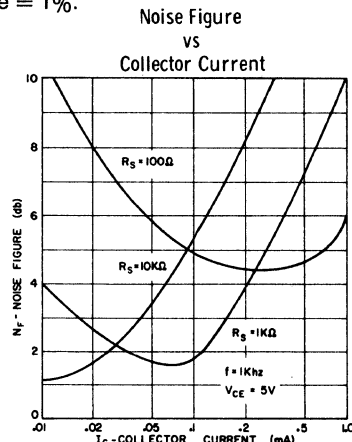
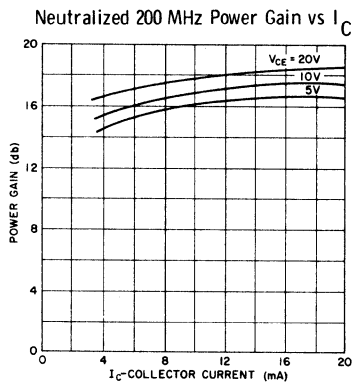
A TELEDYNE COMPANY

Phone (415) 968-9241

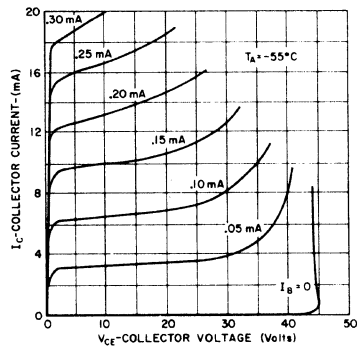
TWX: (910) 379-6494

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
DC Pulse Current Gain 2N916B All Types All Types All Types	$h_{FE}^*$	$I_C = 10 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5 V$ $I_C = 100 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5 V$ $I_C = 1.0 mA, V_{CE} = 5 V$ $I_C = 10 mA, V_{CE} = 1 V$	50 50 50 50	200 200 200 200	
High Frequency Current Gain 2N916, 2N916A 2N916B	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 10 mA, V_{CE} = 15 V$ $f = 100 MHz$	3.0 5.0		
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 5 mA, V_{CE} = 5 V$ $f = 1 kHz$	50	250	
Small Signal Current Gain 2N916, 2N916A 2N916B	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 1 mA, V_{CE} = 5 V$ $f = 1 kHz$	40 50	200 200	
Output Capacitance 2N916, 2N916A 2N916B	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 5 V, I_E = 0$		6 3	pf pf
Input Capacitance 2N916, 2N916A 2N916B	$C_{ib}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5 V, I_C = 0$		10 5	pf pf
Input Resistance	$h_{ie}$	$I_C = 5 mA, V_{CE} = 5 V$ $f = 1 kHz$ $I_C = 1 mA, V_{CE} = 5 V$ $f = 1 kHz$		2000 6000	ohms ohms
Output Conductance	$h_{oe}$	$I_C = 1 mA, V_{CE} = 5 V$ $f = 1 kHz$ $I_C = 5 mA, V_{CE} = 5 V$ $f = 1 kHz$		75 125	$\mu mhos$ $\mu mhos$
Collector-Base Time Constant	$r_b' C_c$	$I_C = 10 mA, V_{CB} = 10 V$ $f = 40 MHz$		300	psec
Noise Figure 2N916B	NF	$I_C = 10 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5 V$ $f = 1 kHz$ $R_S = 10 K$ BW = 200 Hz		4.0	db

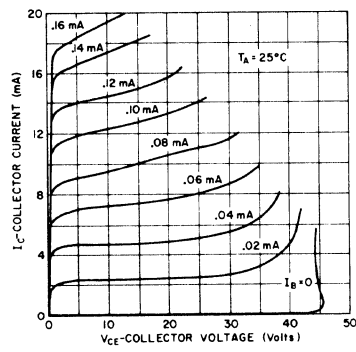
\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu sec$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.



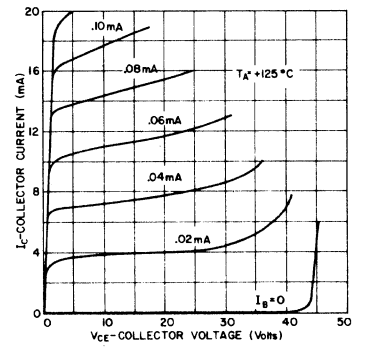
Collector Characteristics



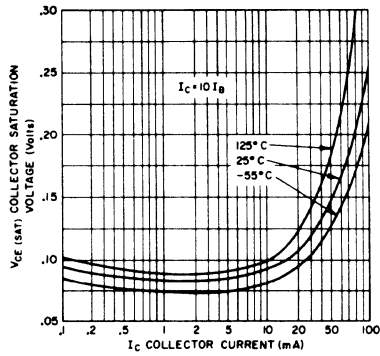
Collector Characteristics



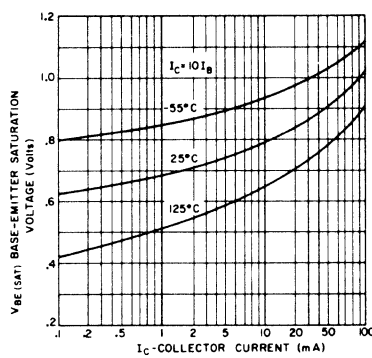
Collector Characteristics



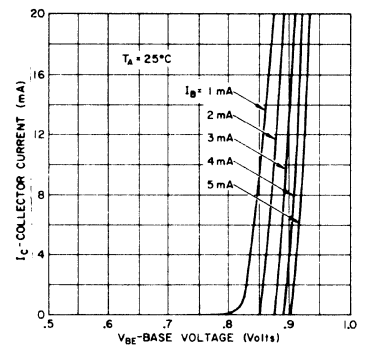
Collector Saturation Voltage vs Collector Current



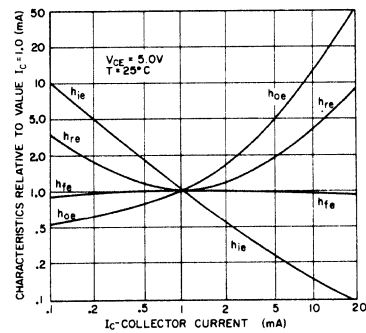
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs Collector Current



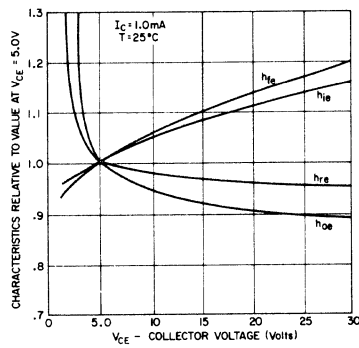
Typical Base Characteristics



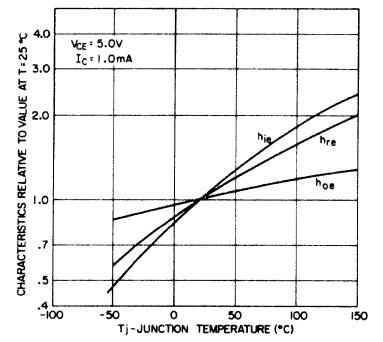
Typical Common Emitter Characteristics



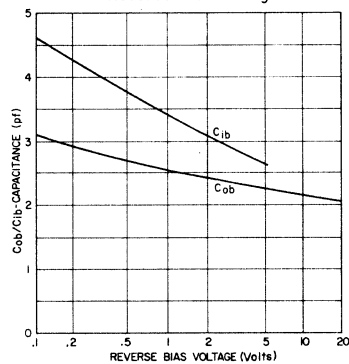
Typical Common Emitter Characteristics



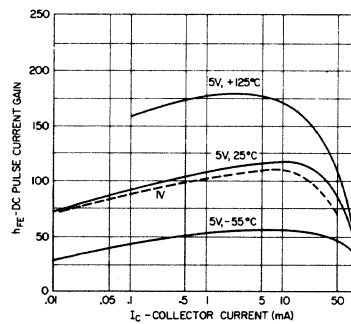
Typical Common Emitter Characteristics



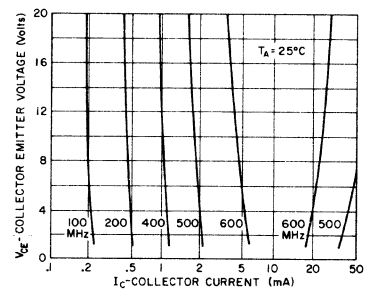
Output and Input Capacitance vs Reverse Bias Voltage



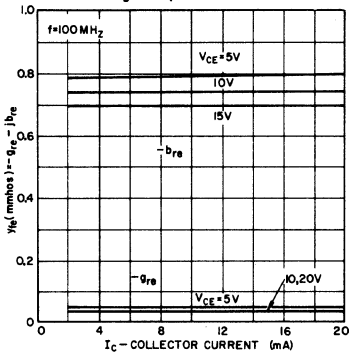
DC Pulse Current Gain vs Collector Current



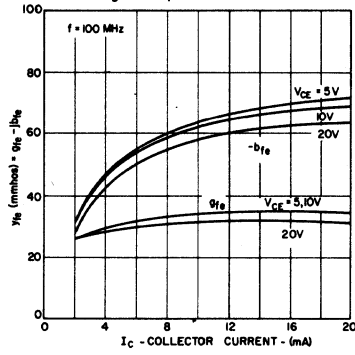
Contours of Constant Gain Bandwidth Product -  $f_T$



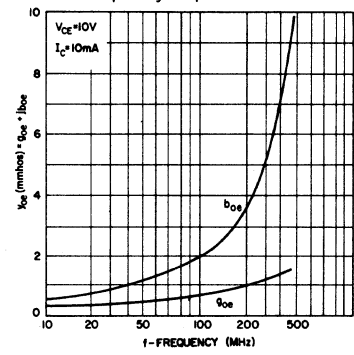
Reverse Transfer Admittance  
VS  
Collector Current and  
Voltage-Input Short Circuit



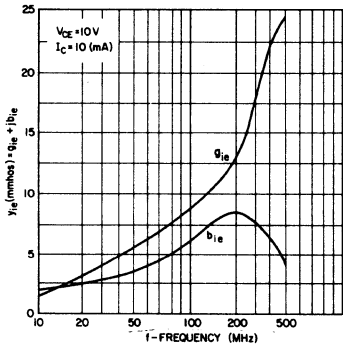
Forward Transfer Admittance  
VS  
Collector Current and  
Voltage-Output Short Circuit



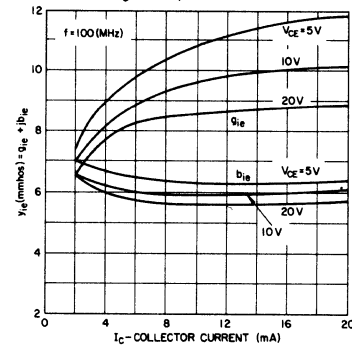
Output Admittance  
vs  
Frequency-Input Short Circuit



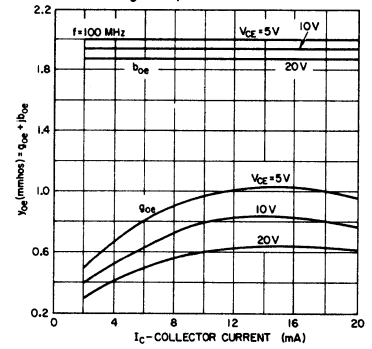
Input Admittance  
vs  
Frequency-Output Short Circuit

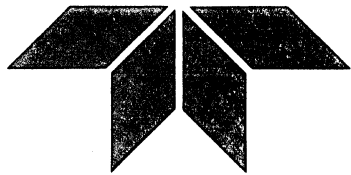


Input Admittance  
vs  
Collector Current and  
Voltage-Output Short Circuit



Output Admittance  
vs  
Collector Current and  
Voltage-Input Short Circuit





# NPN TRANSISTOR RF/IF AMPLIFIER

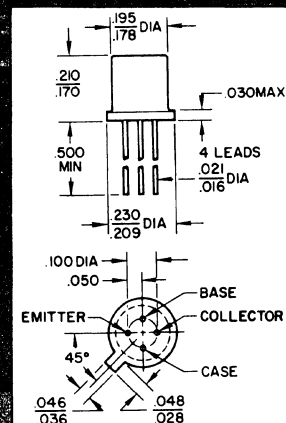
- HIGH FREQUENCY
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- LOW CAPACITANCE

JANUARY 1968

## 2N918

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	30	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	15	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	3.0	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	50	mA
Total Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.2 0.3	Watt
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.0	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +300	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	30		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 3 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	15		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	3		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$		0.4	Volt
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$		1.0	Volt
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_E = 0$		10 1.0	nA $\mu\text{A}$
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}$	20		
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	6.0		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0, f = 140 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{CB} = 0, f = 140 \text{ kHz}$ $I_E = 0$		1.7 3.0	pf
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 0, f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		2.0	pf
Collector Efficiency	$\eta$	$V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$ $f = 500 \text{ MHz}$ $I_C = 8.0 \text{ mA}$	25		%
Available Power Gain	$A_p$	$I_C = 6.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 12 \text{ V}$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ (Figure 1)	15		db
Power Output	$P_o$	$I_C = 8.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$ $f = 500 \text{ MHz}$ (Figure 2)	30		mW
Noise Figure	NF	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 6.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 60 \text{ MHz}$ $R_G = 400 \Omega$		6	db

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.



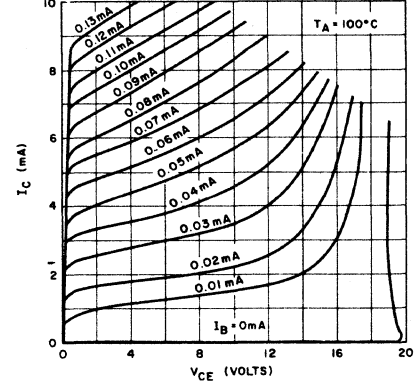
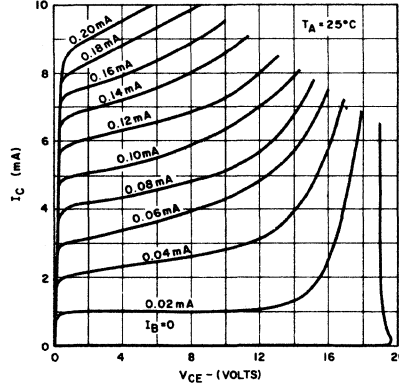
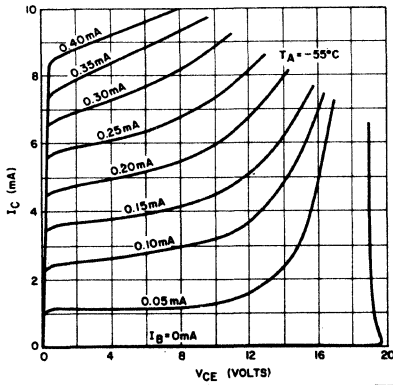
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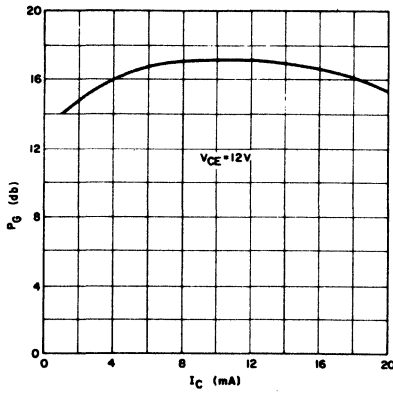
TWX: (910) 379-6494

## TYPICAL COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS



## TYPICAL HIGH FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS

200 MHz Power Gain  
VS  
Collector Current



Neutralized 200 MHz Power  
Gain Amplifier Test Circuit

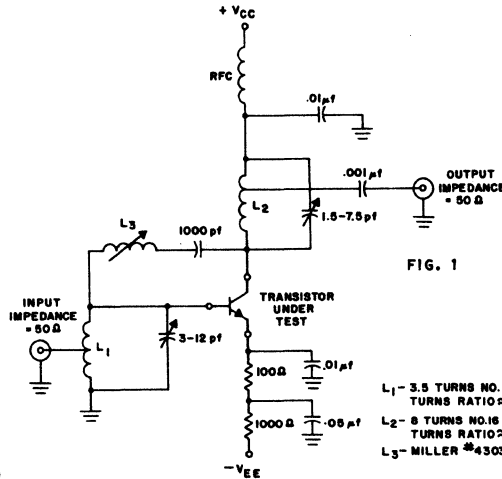
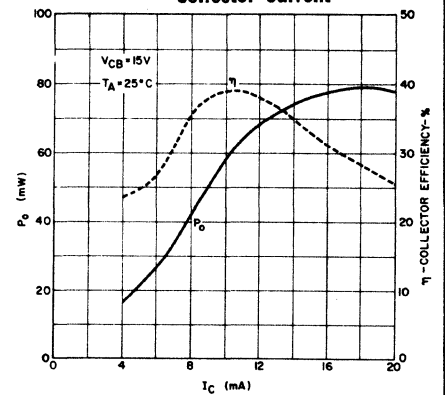


FIG. 1

- L<sub>1</sub> - 3.5 TURNS NO. 16 TINNED COPPER WIRE;  $\frac{5}{16}$  DIA.;  $\frac{7}{16}$  LONG. TURNS RATIO  $\approx 4$  TO 2
- L<sub>2</sub> - 8 TURNS NO. 16 TINNED COPPER WIRE;  $\frac{1}{8}$  DIA.;  $\frac{7}{8}$  LONG. TURNS RATIO  $\approx 8$  TO 1
- L<sub>3</sub> - MILLER #4303 (1.4-65  $\mu$ h)

500 MHz Power Output and  
Collector Efficiency  
VS  
Collector Current



500 MHz Oscillator  
Test Circuit

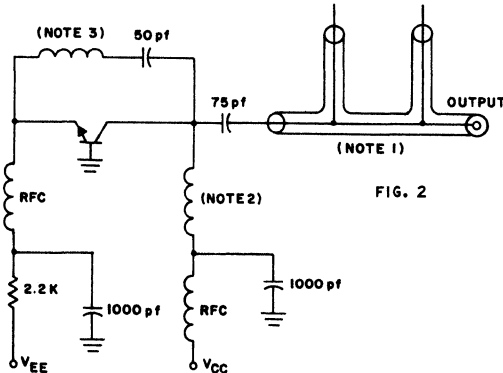


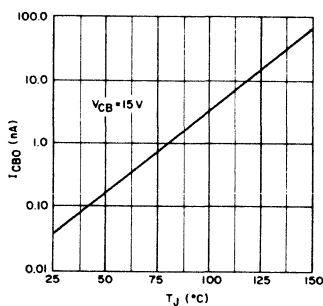
FIG. 2

### NOTES:

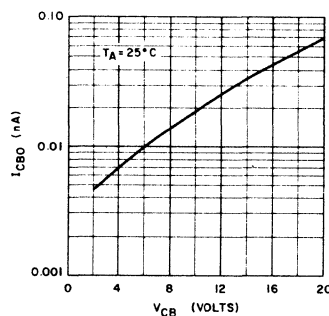
- (1) COAX PLUMBING CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING GR AIR LINES:  
2 TYPE 874 TEE  
1 TYPE 874-D20 ADJUSTABLE STUB  
1 TYPE 874-LA ADJUSTABLE STUB  
1 TYPE 874-WNS SHORT-CIRCUIT TERMINATION
- (2) 2 TURNS #16 AWG WIRE, 3/8 INCH OD, 1 1/4 INCH LONG
- (3) 9 TURNS #22 AWG WIRE, 3/16 INCH OD, 1/2 INCH LONG

## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

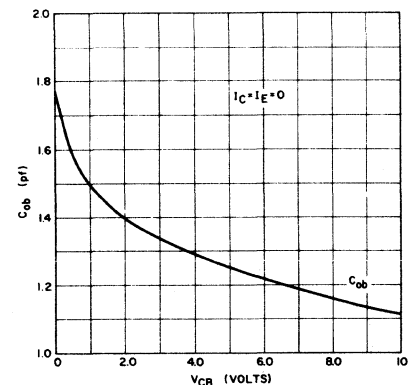
Collector-Base Diode  
Reverse Current  
VS  
Temperature



Collector-Base Diode  
Reverse Current  
VS  
Voltage

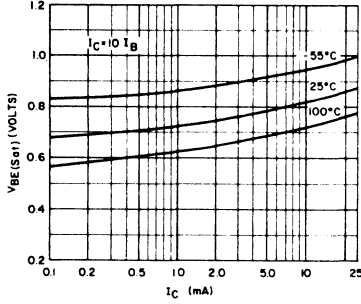


Output Capacitance  
VS  
Reverse Bias Voltage

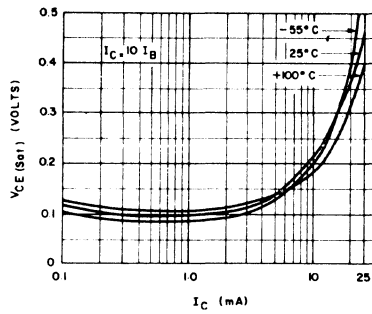


# TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

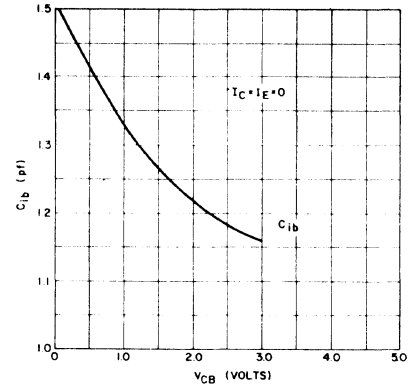
Base Saturation Voltage  
VS  
Collector Current



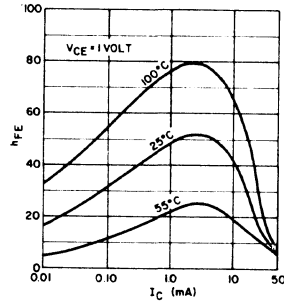
Collector Saturation Voltage  
VS  
Collector Current



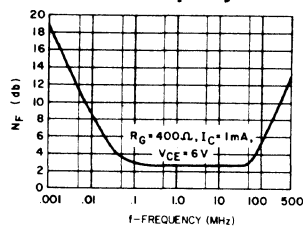
Input Capacitance  
VS  
Reverse Bias Voltage



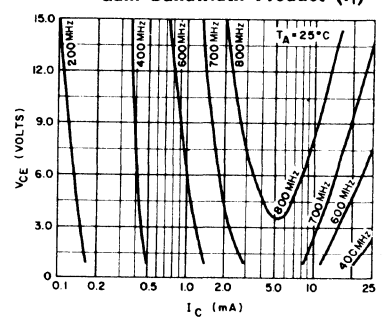
Pulsed DC Current Gain  
VS  
Collector Current



Noise Figure  
VS  
Frequency

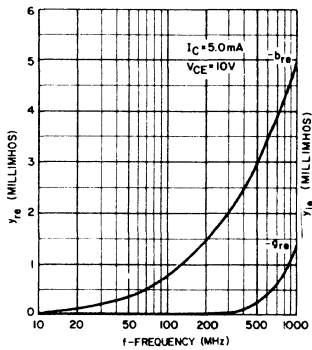


Contours of Constant  
Gain Bandwidth Product (fT)

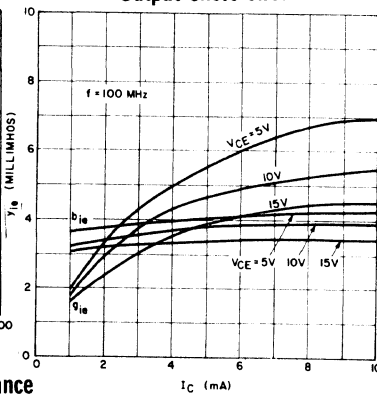


## TYPICAL SMALL SIGNAL PARAMETERS

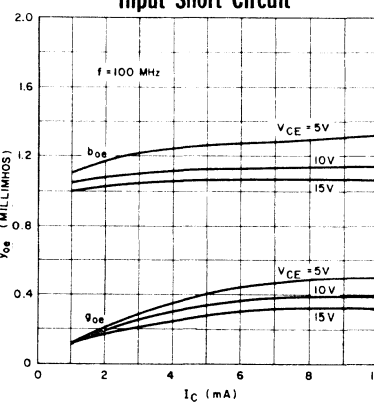
Reverse Transfer Admittance  
VS  
Frequency — Input Short Circuit



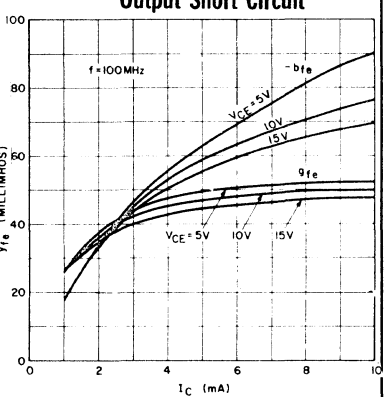
Input Admittance  
VS  
Collector Current — Output Short Circuit



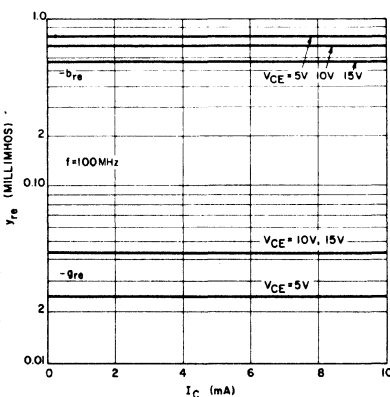
Output Admittance  
VS  
Collector Current — Input Short Circuit



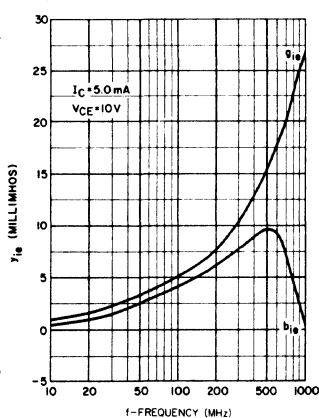
Forward Transfer Admittance  
VS  
Collector Current — Output Short Circuit



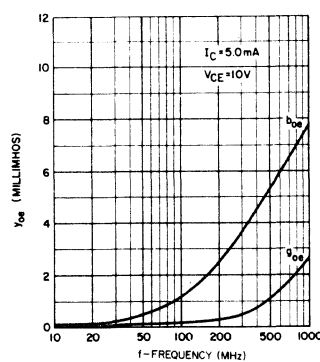
Reverse Transfer Admittance  
VS  
Collector Current — Input Short Circuit



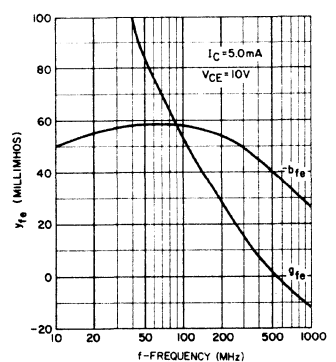
Input Admittance  
VS  
Frequency — Output Short Circuit



Output Admittance  
VS  
Frequency — Input Short Circuit



Forward Transfer Admittance  
VS  
Frequency — Output Short Circuit







# NPN TRANSISTOR RF/IF AMPLIFIER

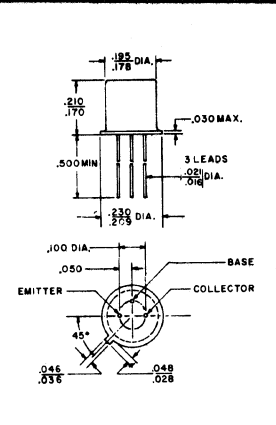
- HIGH FREQUENCY
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- FAST SWITCHING SPEEDS

JANUARY 1968

## 2N2369A

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	40	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CES}$	40	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	15	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	4.5	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	200	mA
Total Device Dissipation	$P_D$		Watt
@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.36	
@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.2	
@ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		0.68	
Derating Factor Above $25^\circ\text{C}$			mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.1	
@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		6.85	
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_B = 0$	40		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	15		Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$BV_{CES}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_B = 0$	40		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	4.5		Volts
Base Current	$I_B$	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0$		-0.4	$\mu\text{A}$
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0$		0.4	$\mu\text{A}$
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}, I_B = 3 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}, I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$ $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.2 0.25 0.5 0.3	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}, I_B = 3 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}, I_B = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$ $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1 \text{ mA}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	0.7  0.59	0.85 1.15 1.6  1.02	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 20 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.4 30	$\mu\text{A}$
DC Pulse Current Gain	$h_{FE}^*$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 0.35 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 0.35 \text{ V}, T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$	40 20 20 20	120	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	5		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		4	pf
Storage Time	$t_s(\tau_s)$	$I_C = I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 10 \text{ mA}$ (See Figure 1)		13	nsec
Turn-On Time	$t_{on}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} = 3 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}, V_{OB} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ (See Figure 2)		12	nsec
Turn-Off Time	$t_{off}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} = 3 \text{ mA}, I_{B2} = 1.5 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}$ (See Figure 2)		18	nsec

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ , Duty Cycle = 2%



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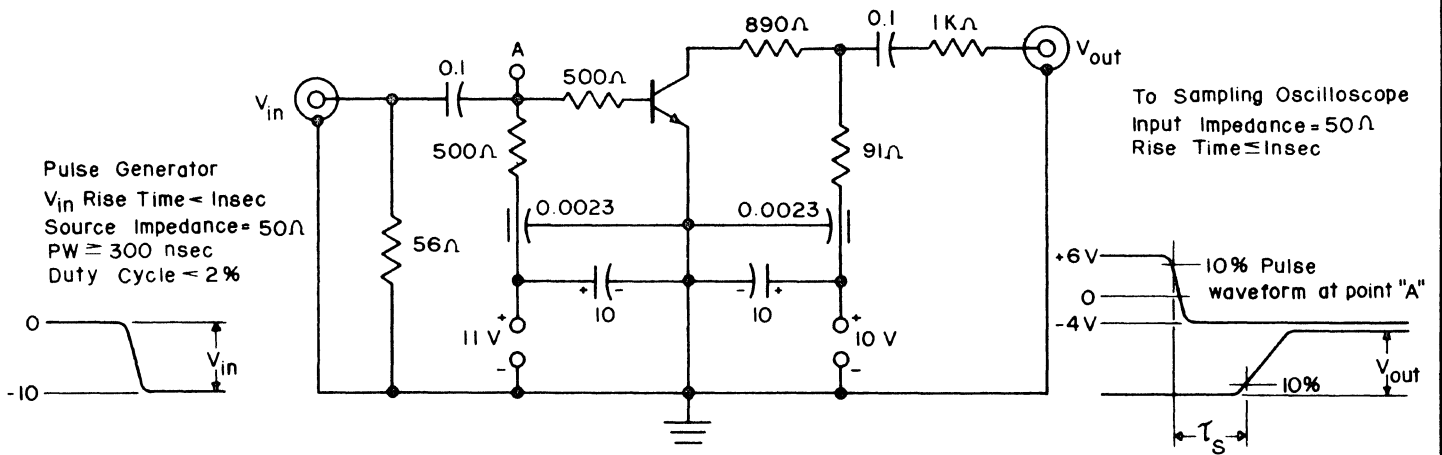


FIGURE 1

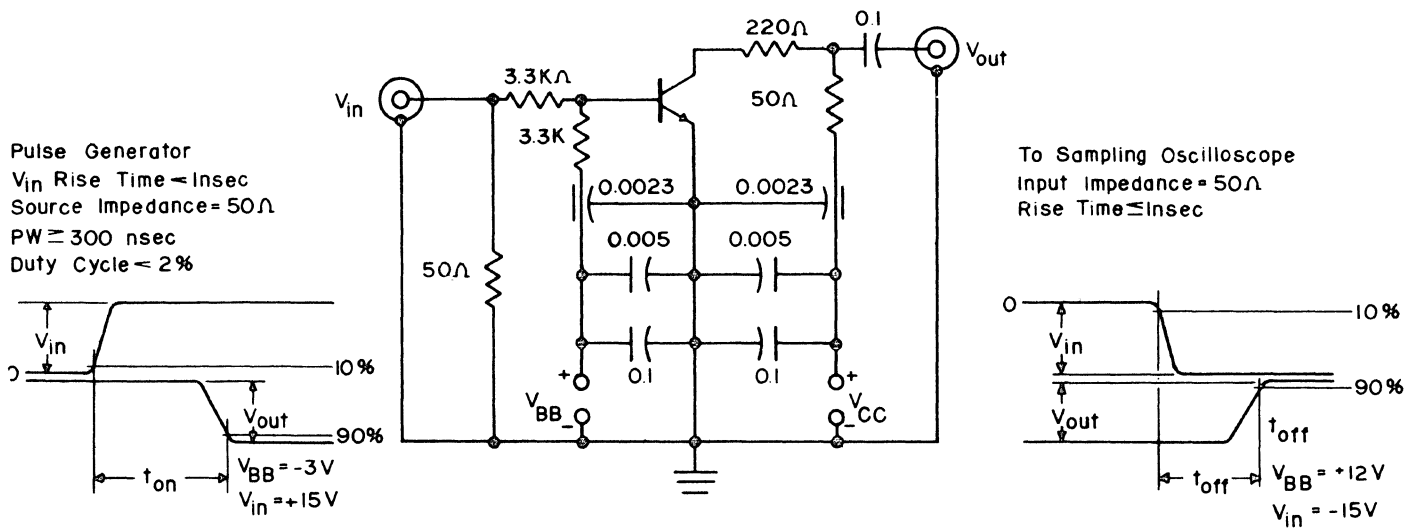
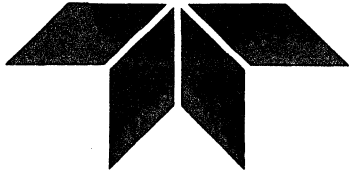


FIGURE 2



# NPN TRANSISTOR RF/IF AMPLIFIER

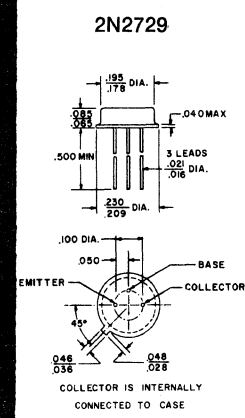
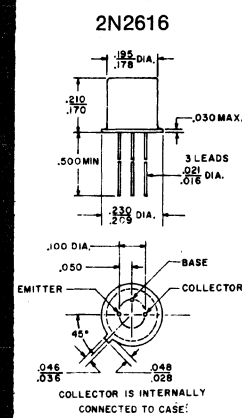
- HIGH FREQUENCY
- LOW LEAKAGE
- HIGH POWER GAIN

JANUARY 1968

**2N2616**  
**2N2729**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	30	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	15	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	3.0	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	50	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.3 0.8	Watts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.1 4.56	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +300	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	30		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	3.0		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	15		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$		0.4	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$		1.0	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.0 1.0	nA $\mu\text{A}$
DC Pulsed Current Gain	$h_{FE}^*$	$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	20		
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	6.0		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		2.8	pf
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$I_C = 0, V_{BE} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		2.0	pf
Available Power Gain (See Figure 1)	$A_p$	$I_C = 6.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 12 \text{ V}$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ (Figure 1)	15		db
Power Output (See Figure 2)	$P_o$	$I_C = 8.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$ $f = 500 \text{ MHz}$ (Figure 2)	30		mW
Noise Figure	NF	$f = 60 \text{ MHz}$ Source resistance = $400 \Omega$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 6.0 \text{ V}$		6.0	db
Collector Efficiency	$\eta$	$I_C = 8.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$ $f = 500 \text{ MHz}$	25		%

\*Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%



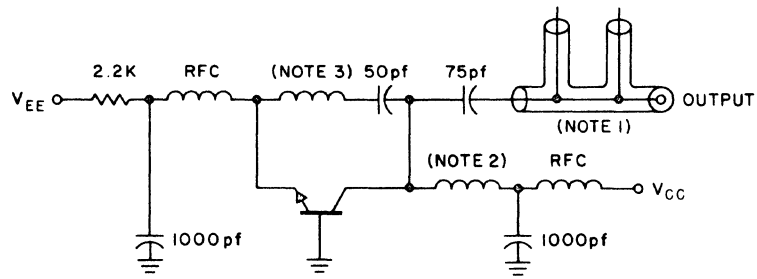
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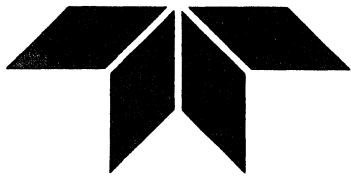
### 500 MHz OSCILLATOR TEST CIRCUIT



Notes:

- (1) Coax plumbing consists of the following GR air lines:
  - 2 Type 874 TEE
  - 1 Type 874 - D20 Adjustable Stub
  - 1 Type 874 - LA Adjustable Line
  - 1 Type 874 - WN3 Short-Circuit Termination
- (2) 2 turns #16 AWG wire, 3/8 inch OD, 1-1/4 inch long
- (3) 9 turns #22 AWG wire, 3/16 inch OD, 1/2 inch long





# NPN TRANSISTOR RF/IF AMPLIFIER

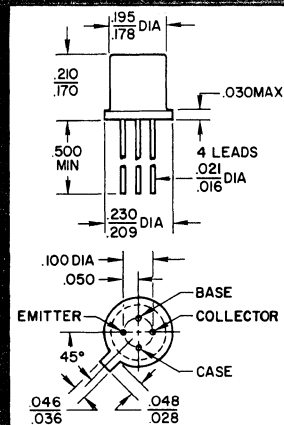
- HIGH FREQUENCY
- HIGH POWER GAIN
- LOW CAPACITANCE

JANUARY 1968

## 2N2708

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	35	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	20	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	3.0	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	Limited by $P_D$ only	
Total Device Dissipation $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.2	Watts
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.14	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25 $^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	35		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	3.0		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}$ *	$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	20		Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 10	nA $\mu\text{A}$
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	30	200	
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	30	180	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	7.0	12	
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		1.5	pf
Collector-Base Time Constant	$r_b' C_c$	$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$ $f = 31.9 \text{ MHz}, 4\text{th Lead} = \text{gnd}$	15	33	psec
Available Power Gain Neutralized	$G_{pe}$	$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ (Figure 1)	15	22	db
Noise Figure	NF	Source Resistance 50 $\Omega$ $I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$		8.5	db

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.

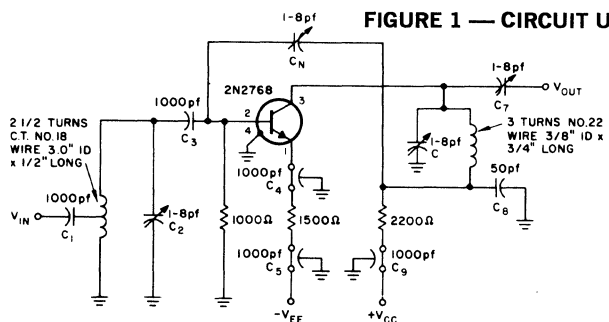


FIGURE 1 — CIRCUIT USED TO MEASURE POWER GAIN AT 200 MHz

NOTE 1 (Neutralization Procedure): (a) Connect a 200 MHz signal generator (with  $Z_{OUT} = 50 \text{ ohms}$ ) to the input terminals of the amplifier. (b) Connect a 50-ohm r-f voltmeter across the output terminals of the amplifier. (c) Apply  $V_{EE}$  and  $V_{CC}$ , and with the signal generator adjusted for 10 mV output, tune  $C_2, C_4$ , and  $C_7$  for maximum output. (d) Interchange the connections to the signal generator and the output indicator. (e) With sufficient signal applied to the output terminals of the amplifier, adjust  $C_N$  for a minimum indication at the input. (f) Repeat steps (a), (b), and (c) to determine if retuning is necessary.



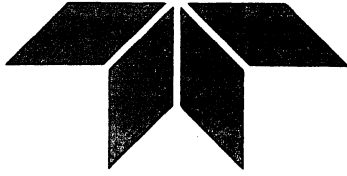
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# NPN TRANSISTOR RF/IF AMPLIFIER

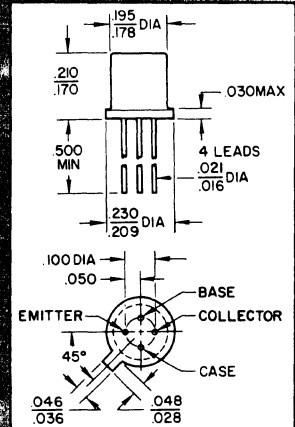
- HIGH POWER GAIN
- HIGH FREQUENCY
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE

JANUARY 1968

## 2N2865

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CB0}$	25	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	13	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	3.0	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	50	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.2 0.3	Watts
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.14	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CB0}$	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	25		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	3.0		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	13		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$		0.4	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$		1.0	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 1.0	nA $\mu\text{A}$
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	20	200	
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 1, \text{ kHz}$	20	200	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$	3.0		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		2.5	pf
Collector-Base Time Constant	$r_b' C_c$			15	psec
Neutralized Small-Signal Power Gain	$G_{pe}$	$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ (Figure 1)	16.5		db
Unneutralized Small-Signal Power Gain	$G_{pe}$	$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ (Figure 2)	10		db
Power Output	$P_o$	$I_E = -12 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 500 \text{ MHz}$ (Figure 3)	40		mW
Spot Noise Figure	NF	$f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ Source resistance = $75\Omega$ $I_E = 1.5 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$		4.5	db

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.

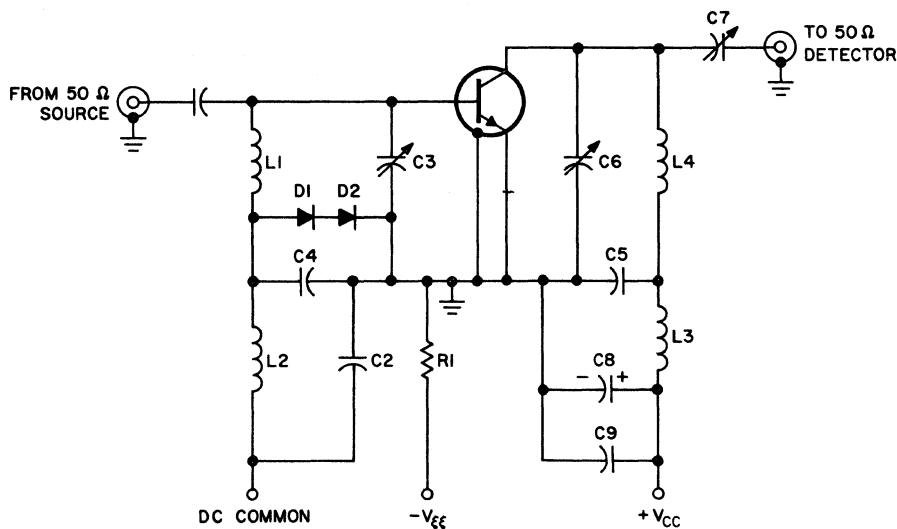


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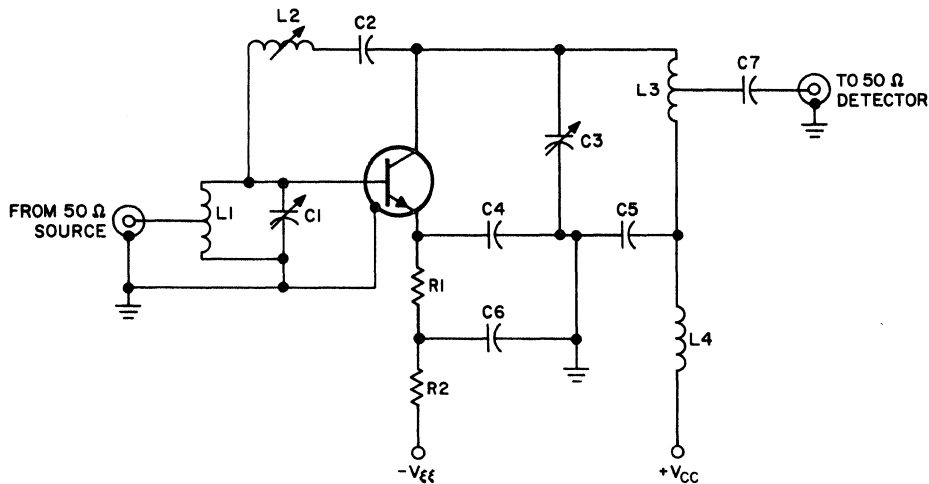
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**CIRCUIT COMPONENT INFORMATION**

- C1, C2, and C9: 0.05  $\mu$ f
- C3: 1.5—10 pf
- C4 and C5: 1000 pf
- C6 and C7: 3—15 pf
- C8: 25  $\mu$ f
- R1: 2.2 k $\Omega$
- L1: 1 T #12 AWG, 2 cm ID'
- L2 and L3: 200 MHz RFC
- L4: 1/2 T #12 AWG, 3 cm ID
- D1 and D2: 1N2070

**FIGURE 1 — NEUTRALIZED 200 MHz INSERTION POWER GAIN TEST CIRCUIT**



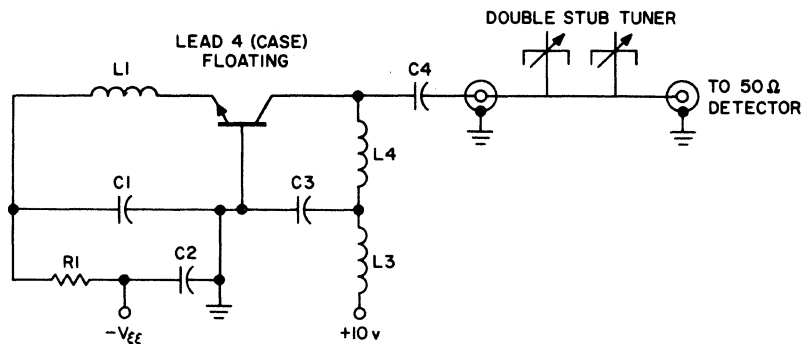
**NEUTRALIZATION ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE**

After tuning amplifier as for normal gain measurement, reverse input and output connections and tune L2 for minimum indication on detector.

**CIRCUIT COMPONENT INFORMATION**

- C1: 3—12 pf
- C2: 1000 pf
- C3: 1.5—7.5 pf
- C4 and C5: 0.01  $\mu$ f
- C6: 0.05  $\mu$ f
- C7: 0.001  $\mu$ f
- R1: 100  $\Omega$
- R2: 1 k $\Omega$
- L1: 3 1/2 T #16 AWG, 5/16" ID, 1" length, Turns Ratio  $\approx$  3 1/2 to 3
- L2: 0.4—1.0  $\mu$ h, Q  $\geq$  75
- L3: 8 T #16 AWG, 1/8" ID, 7/8" length, Turns Ratio  $\approx$  8 to 1
- L4: 200 MHz RFC

**FIGURE 2 — UNNEUTRALIZED 200 MHz INSERTION POWER GAIN TEST CIRCUIT**



**CIRCUIT COMPONENT INFORMATION**

- C1, C2 and C3: 1000 pf
- C4: 250 pf
- R1: 2.2 k $\Omega$
- L1: 7 T #22 AWG, 1/8" ID, 1/2" length
- L2: 3 3/4 T #18 AWG, 1/2" ID, 3/4" length
- L3: 500 MHz RFC
- Double Stub Tuner: Weinschel DS 109L (or equivalent)

**FIGURE 3 — 500 MHz OSCILLATOR POWER OUTPUT TEST CIRCUIT**



# NPN TRANSISTOR RF/IF AMPLIFIER

- HIGH FREQUENCY
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- LOW CAPACITANCE

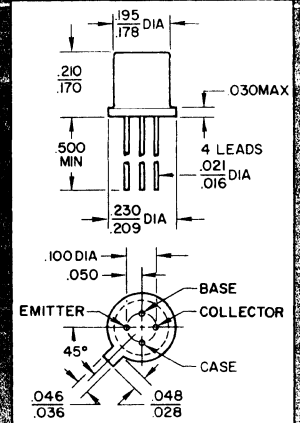
JANUARY 1968

**2N3289**

**2N3290**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	2N3289 2N3290	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	30	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CES}$	30	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	15	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	3.0	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	50	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	200 300	mW
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.14 1.71	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	30		Volts
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CES}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{BE} = 0$	30		Volts
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CEO}$	$I_C = 2.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	15		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	3.0		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{ mA}$		0.4	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 5 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{ mA}$		1.0	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$		.010	$\mu\text{A}$
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$	10	150	
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	10	200	
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}^*$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $f = 0.1 \text{ MHz}$		1.5	pf
Collector-Base Time Constant	$r_b C_c$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ $f = 31.8 \text{ MHz}$	3	20	psec
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 2 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	3.0	12	
Maximum Frequency of Oscillation	$f_{max}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$	2000 (Typ)		MHz
Power Gain	$G_o$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$	17	24	db
Power Gain (AGC)	$G_e^{**}$	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$		+5	db
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$		7.0	db

\* $C_{ob}$  is measured in guarded circuit such that the can capacitance is not included.

\*\*AGC is obtained by increasing  $I_C$ . The circuit remains adjusted for  $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$ ,  $I_C = 2 \text{ mAdc}$  operation.



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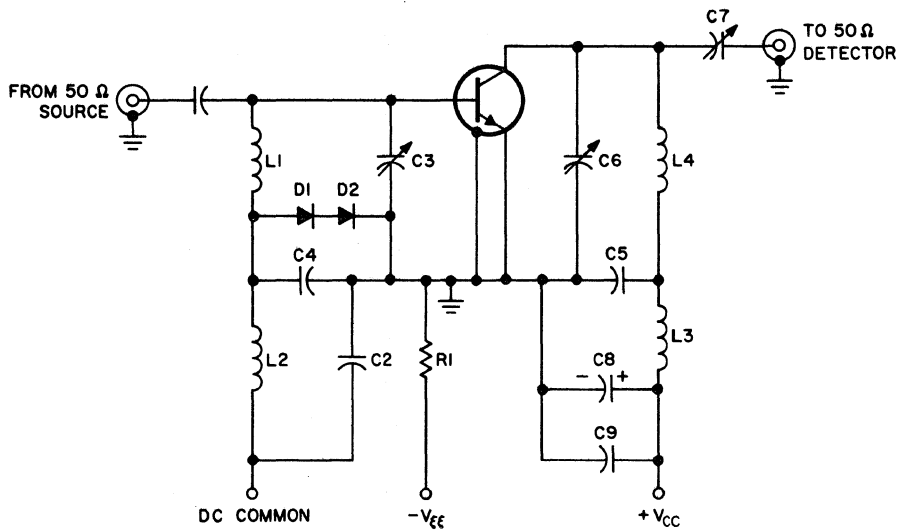
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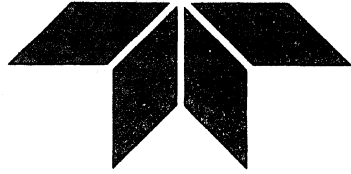




**CIRCUIT COMPONENT INFORMATION**

- C1, C2, and C9: 0.05 μf
- C3: 1.5—10 pf
- C4 and C5: 1000 pf
- C6 and C7: 3—15 pf
- C8: 25 μf
- R1: 2.2 kΩ
- L1: 1 T #12 AWG, 2 cm ID
- L2 and L3: 200 MHz RFC
- L4: ½ T #12 AWG, 3 cm ID
- D1 and D2: 1N2070

**FIGURE 1 — NEUTRALIZED 200 MHz INSERTION POWER GAIN TEST CIRCUIT**



# NPN TRANSISTOR RF/IF AMPLIFIER

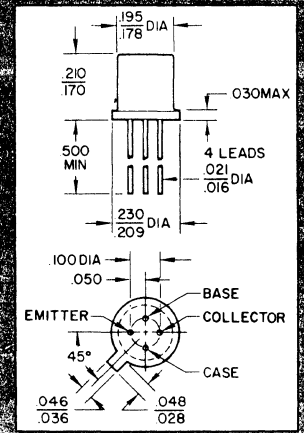
- HIGH FREQUENCY
- HIGH POWER GAIN
- LOW CAPACITANCE

JANUARY 1968

**2N3291  
THRU  
2N3294**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	2N3291 2N3292	2N3293 2N3294	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	25	20	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CES}$	25	20	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	3.0	3.0	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	50	50	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	200 300	200 300	mW
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.14 1.71	1.14 1.71	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200		$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage 2N3291, 2N3292 2N3293, 2N3294	$BV_{CES}$	$I_C = 25 \mu\text{A}, V_{BE} = 0$	25 20		Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$		0.1	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$		100	$\mu\text{A}$
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$	10		
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	10	200	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	2.5	12	
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}^*$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $f = 100 \text{ kHz}^*$		2.0	pf
Collector-Base Time Constant	$r_b C_c$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$ $f = 31.8 \text{ MHz}$		30	psec
Maximum Frequency of Oscillation	$f_{max}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$	2000 (Typ)		MHz
Power Gain 2N3291, 2N3292 2N3294	$G_e$	$I_C = 2 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ (Figure 1)	16 14		db
Noise Figure 2N3291 2N3292 2N3294	NF	$I_C = 2 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ (Figure 1)	8 (Typ) 9 (Typ) 7 (Typ)		db
Power Gain 2N3293	$P_o$	$V_{EE} = -11 \text{ V}, f = 257 \text{ MHz}$ (Figure 2)	2.0		db

\*  $C_{ob}$  is measured in guarded circuit such that the can capacitance is not included.



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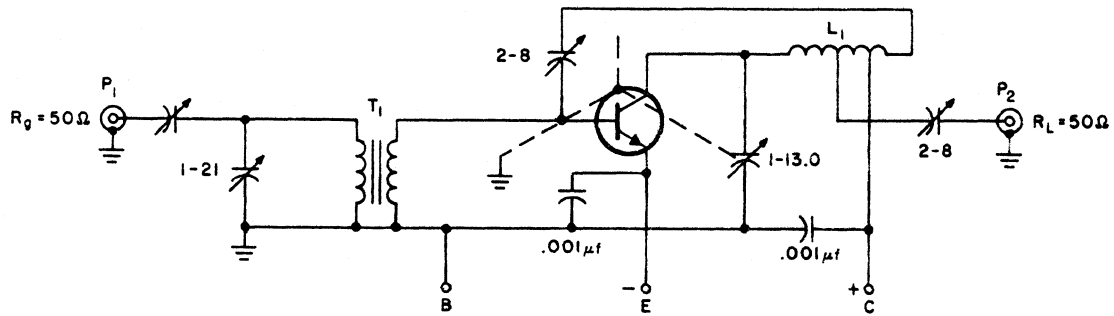
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FIGURE 1 — 200 MHz TEST CIRCUIT: POWER GAIN, NOISE FIGURE, & AGC



$L_1$  — 6 turns of #16 tinned wire; 3/8" ID; Air wound; winding length 3/4";  $V_{CC}$  feeds tap 4-3/4 turns from collector end; output tap 3-1/2 turns from collector end.

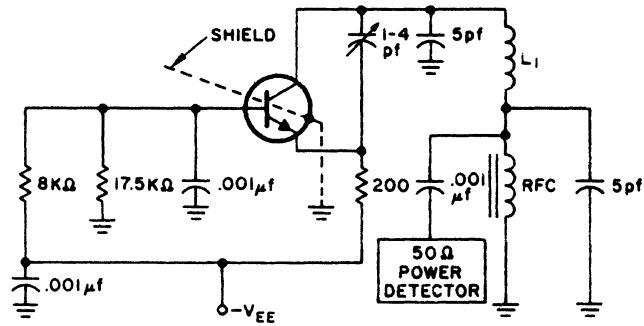
$T_1$  — 3 turns primary and secondary Bifilar wound (close wound) on 1/4" ceramic form Cambion type) with brass slug. #22 enameled wire.

$P_1$  — General Radio 874 G6 Pad (6 db)

$P_2$  — General Radio 874 G6 Pad (6 db)

Figure 1

FIGURE 2 — 257 MHz OSCILLATOR POWER OUTPUT TEST CIRCUIT



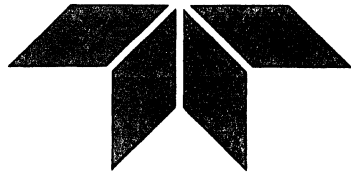
$L_1$  — 4 turns of #22 Nykland wire spaced for 257 mc coil form 7/32" center Cambion LST ceramic aircore

RFC — 4.5  $\mu$ h, 24 turns #30 Nykland wire close wound 7/32" Cambion ceramic form

All capacitors are ceramic type

Figure 2





# PNP TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

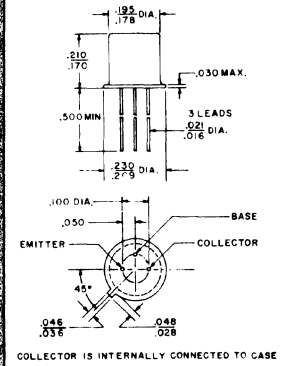
- HIGH FREQUENCY
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- LOW CAPACITANCE

JANUARY 1968

## 2N869

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	25	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	18	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	5	Volts
Total Device Dissipation	$P_D$		Watts
@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.36	
@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.2	
@ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		0.68	
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$			$\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$
@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.1	
@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		6.85	
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	25		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	5		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage*	$V_{CEO(sust)}^*$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	18		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$		1.0	Volt
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$		1.0	Volt
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		.010 25	$\mu\text{A}$
DC Pulse Current Gain	$h_{FE}^*$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	20	120	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}, f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	1.0		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$		9	pf
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$V_{BE} = 0.5 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$		11	pf

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ , Duty Cycle = 1%



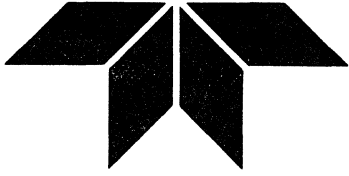
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# PNP TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

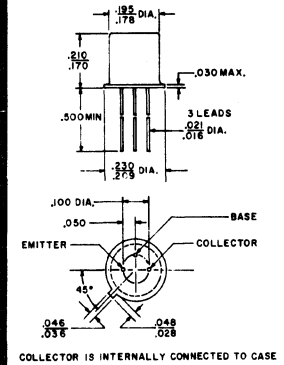
- LOW LEAKAGE
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- LOW NOISE

JANUARY 1968

## 2N995

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	-20	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	-15	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	-4.0	Volts
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.36 1.2 0.68	Watts
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Derating Factor above 25 $^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.06 6.86	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25 $^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	-20		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	-4		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	-15		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}, I_B = 2.0 \text{ mA}$		0.2	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}, I_B = 2.0 \text{ mA}$		0.95	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = -15 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = -15 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		5.0 25.0	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 4.0 \text{ V}$		10	$\mu\text{A}$
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}^*$	$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = -1.0 \text{ V}$	35 25 25	140	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = -10 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	1.0		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$		10	pf
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$I_C = 0, V_{BE} = -0.5 \text{ V}$		11	pf
Low Frequency Noise Figure	NF	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ Source resistance = 2 k $\Omega$ Equivalent noise power bandwidth = 200 Hz $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	6.0 Typ		db
100 MHz Oscillator Efficiency	$\eta$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$ (Figure 1)	40		%

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.



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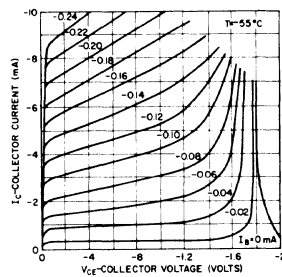
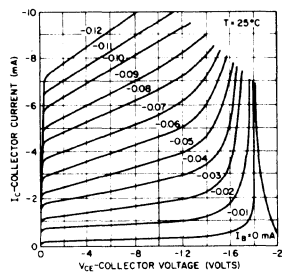
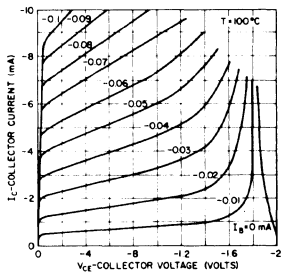
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# TYPICAL COLLECTOR AND BASE CHARACTERISTICS\*

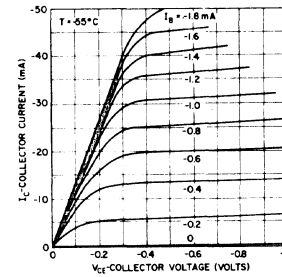
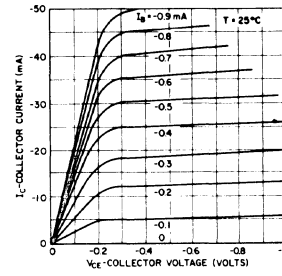
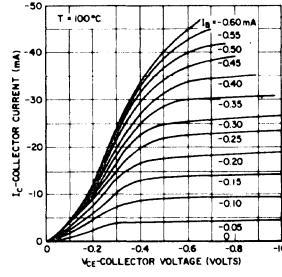
## Active Region

### Collector Characteristics

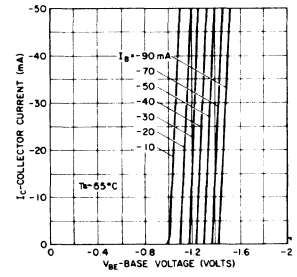
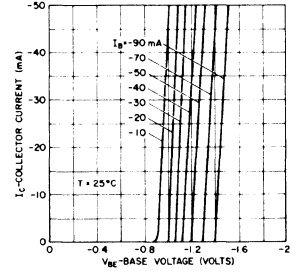
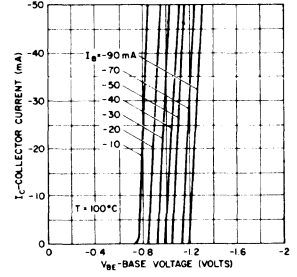


## Saturation Region

### Collector Characteristics

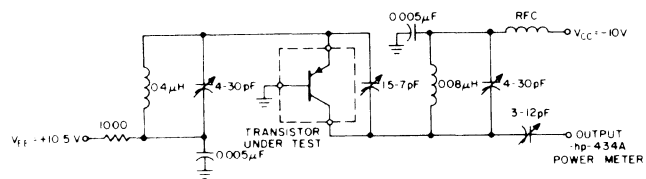


### Base Characteristics

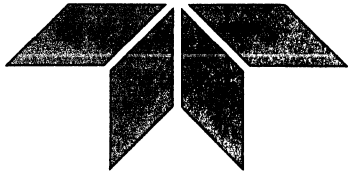


\* Single family characteristics on transistor curve tracer.

## Oscillator Efficiency Circuit ( $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CB} = -10\text{V}$ )







# PNP TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

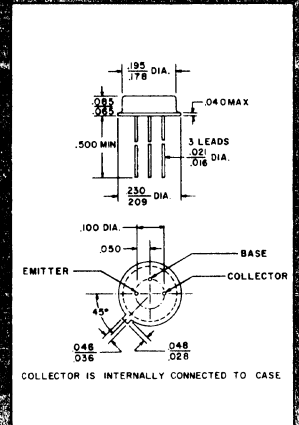
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- LOW NOISE

JANUARY 1968

**2N2601**  
**2N2602**  
**2N2603**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	-60	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	-60	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	-6	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	-50	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.400	Watts
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.28	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25 $^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = -50 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	-60		Volts
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CEO}$	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	-60		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = -100 \mu\text{A}$	-6		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}, I_B = -1 \text{ mA}$		-0.5	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}, I_B = -1 \text{ mA}$	-0.7	-0.9	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = -45 \text{ V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = -45 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		-25 -25	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = -5 \text{ V}$		-5	nA
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = -1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$	12.5 25.0 50.0		
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CB} = -5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	12		
			25		
			50		
			76	90	333
		$I_E = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = -5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	18	90	
			36	90	
			76	333	
		$I_E = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = -5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	25		
			50		
			100		
		$I_E = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = -5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}, T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	12		
			25		
			50		
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = -5 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$	1.0 2.0 3.0		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = -5 \text{ V}, f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		6.0	pf
Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{rb}$	$I_E = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = -5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		$10^{-3}$	
Input Resistance	$h_{ib}$	$I_E = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = -5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	25	35	ohms
Output Conductance	$h_{ob}$	$I_E = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = -5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		1	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Real Part of Input Impedance	$\text{Re}(h_{ie})$	$I_E = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$		200	Ohms



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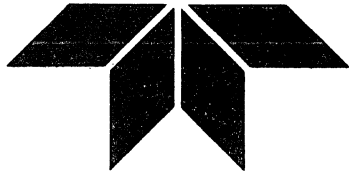
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# PNP TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

- LOW NOISE
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE
- HIGH CURRENT GAIN

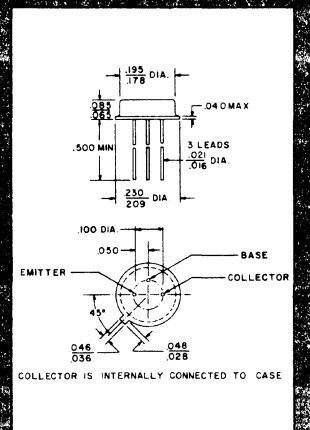
JANUARY 1968

**2N2604**

**2N2605**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	-60	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	-45	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	-6.0	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	30	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.4 1.2	Watts
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.28 6.9	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	-60		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = -10 \mu\text{A}$	-6		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	$I_C = -10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0$	-45		Volts
Nonsaturated Base Voltage	$V_{BE}$	$I_C = -10 \text{mA}, I_B = -0.5 \text{mA}$	-0.7	-0.9	Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = -10 \text{mA}, I_B = -0.5 \text{mA}$		-0.5	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = -45 \text{V}$		-10	nA
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	$I_{CES}$	$V_{EB} = 0, V_{CE} = -45 \text{V}$ $V_{EB} = 0, V_{CE} = -45 \text{V}, T_A = 170^\circ\text{C}$		-10 -10	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = -5 \text{V}$		-2	nA
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = -10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = -5 \text{V}$ $I_C = -500 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = -5 \text{V}$ $I_C = -10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = -5 \text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = -10 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = -5 \text{V}$	40 100 60 150 10 20	120 300	
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = -1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = -5 \text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{kHz}$	60 150	350 600	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = -0.5 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = -5 \text{V}$ $f = 30 \text{MHz}$	1.0		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = -5 \text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{MHz}$		6	pf
Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{rb}$	$I_E = -1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CB} = -5 \text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{kHz}$		10	$\times 10^{-4}$
Input Resistance	$h_{ie}$	$I_E = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CB} = -5 \text{V}$	25	35	ohms
Output Conductance	$h_{os}$	$I_E = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = -5 \text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{kHz}$		1.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$



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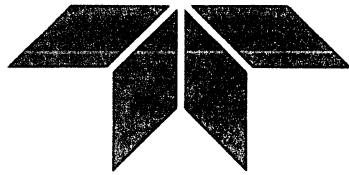
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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Real Part of Input Impedance	$\text{Re}(h_{ie})$	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$		200	ohms
Wideband Noise Factor 2N2604 2N2605	NF	$f = 10 \text{ kHz}$ Source resistance = $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ Equivalent noise power band- width = $15 \text{ kHz}$ $I_C = -10 \text{ }\mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$		4 3	db

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width =  $300 \text{ }\mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .





# PNP TRANSISTOR MEDIUM POWER

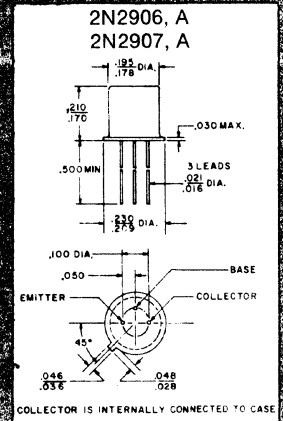
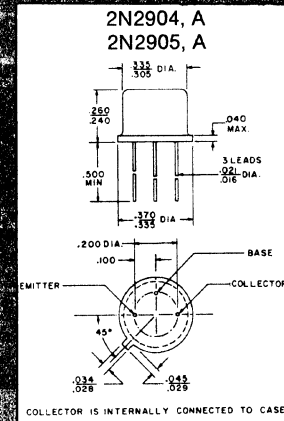
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- FAST SWITCHING SPEEDS
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

JANUARY 1968

**2N2904**  
THRU  
**2N2907A**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	60		Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage 2N2904-2N2907, 2N2904A, 2N2907A	$V_{CEO}$	40 60		Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	5		Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	600		mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	2N2904, A	2N2906, A	Watts
		2N2905, A	2N2907, A	
		0.6	0.4	
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		3.43	2.28	$\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$
		17.2	10.3	
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ A}, I_E = 0$	60		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage 2N2904 thru 2N2907, 2N2904A thru 2N2907A,	$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	40 60		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_B = 10 \text{ A}, I_C = 0$	5		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$		0.4 1.6	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}^*$	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$		1.3 2.6	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current 2N2904 thru 2N2907, 2N2904A thru 2N2907A, 2N2904 thru 2N2907, 2N2904A thru 2N2907A,	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 50 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 50 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		.020 .010 20 10	$\mu\text{A}$
Base Cutoff Current	$I_{BL}$	$V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0.5 \text{ V}$		50	nA
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	$I_{CEX}$	$V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0.5 \text{ V}$		50	nA
DC Current Gain 2N2904, 2N2906, 2N2905, 2N2907, 2N2904A, 2N2906A, 2N2905A, 2N2907A, 2N2904, 2N2906, 2N2905, 2N2907, 2N2904A, 2N2906A, 2N2905A, 2N2907A, 2N2904, 2N2906, 2N2905, 2N2907, 2N2904A, 2N2906A, 2N2905A, 2N2907A, 2N2904, 2N2904A, 2N2906, 2N2906A, 2N2905, 2N2905A, 2N2907, 2N2907A 2N2904, 2N2906, 2N2905, 2N2907, 2N2904A, 2N2906A, 2N2905A, 2N2907A,	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}^*$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}^*$	20 35 40 75 25 50 40 100 35 75 40 100 40 120 300 20 30 40 50		



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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Rise Time	$t_r$	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$ (Figure 1)		40	nsec
Delay Time	$t_d$	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$ (Figure 1)		10	nsec
Fall Time	$t_f$	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}$ (Figure 2)		30	nsec
Storage Time	$t_s$	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}$ (Figure 2)		80	nsec
Turn-On Time	$t_{on}$	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mA}$ (Figure 1)		45	nsec
Turn-Off Time	$t_{off}$	$I_{CS} = 150 \text{ mA}, I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}$ (Figure 2)		100	nsec
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, f = 100 \text{ kHz}$		8	pf
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$V_{BE} = 2 \text{ V}, I_C = 0, f = 100 \text{ kHz}$		30	pf
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	2		

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

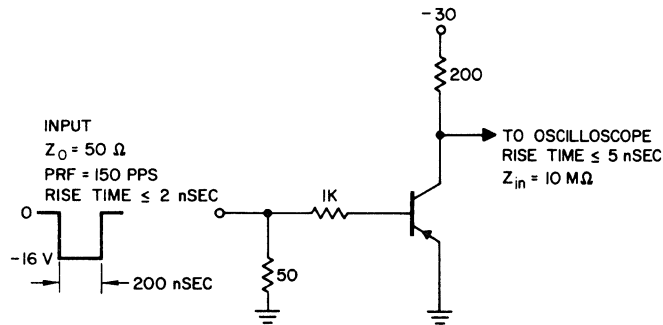


Figure 1. Test Circuit for Determining Delay Time and Rise Time

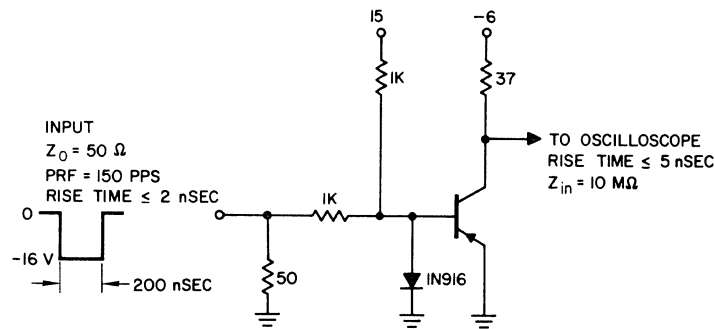
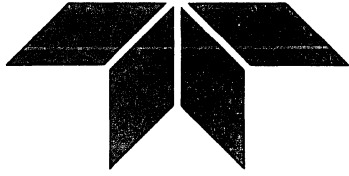


Figure 2. Test Circuit for Determining Storage Time and Fall Time





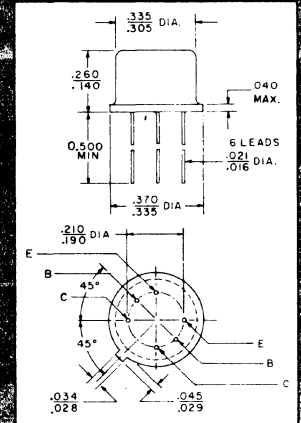
# DUAL NPN TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

- CLOSELY MATCHED CURRENT GAIN
- VERY CLOSELY MATCHED,  $V_{BE}$
- LOW DIFFERENTIAL DRIFT

**2N2453**  
**2N2453A**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage 2N2453 2N2453A	$V_{CBO}$	60 80		Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage 2N2453 2N2453A	$V_{CEO}$	30 50		Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	7.0		Volts
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	Each Side	Both Sides	Watts
		0.2	0.3	
		0.35	0.7	
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ 2N2453 2N2453A		1.14		mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
		1.71		



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage 2N2453 2N2453A	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	60 80		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 0.1 \mu\text{A}$	7.0		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage 2N2453 2N2453A	$V_{CEO(sus)}^{**}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0$	30 60		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{mA}$		1.0	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{mA}$		0.9	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current 2N2453 2N2453A 2N2453 2N2453A	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 50 \text{V}$		5.0	nA
		$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 60 \text{V}$		5.0	
		$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 50 \text{V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10	$\mu\text{A}$
		$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 60 \text{V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10	
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{V}$		2.0	nA
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$	80		
		$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	40		
		$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$	150	600	
		$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	75		
DC Current Gain Ratio 2N2453A only Both Types Both Types	$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}^*$	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$	0.9	1.0	
		$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$	0.9	1.0	
		$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$	0.85	1.0	
		$T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$			
Base Voltage Differential	$V_{BE1} - V_{BE2}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		5.0	mV
		$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		3.0	



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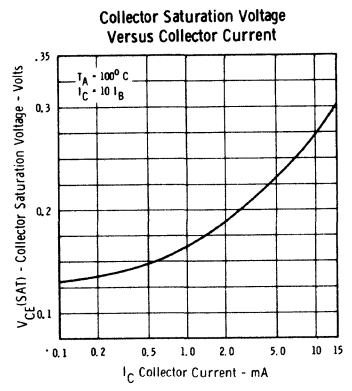
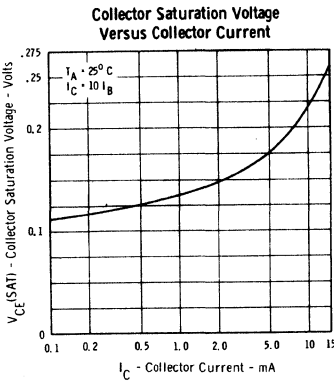
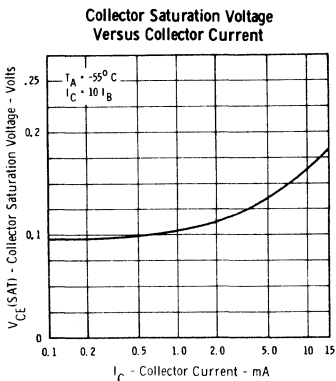
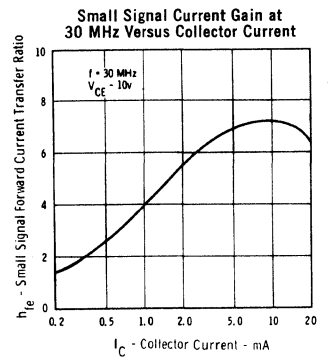
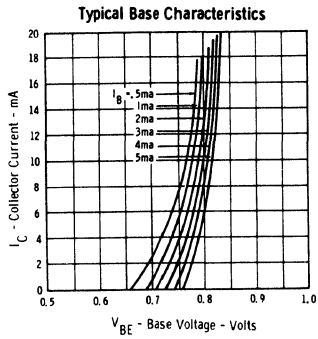
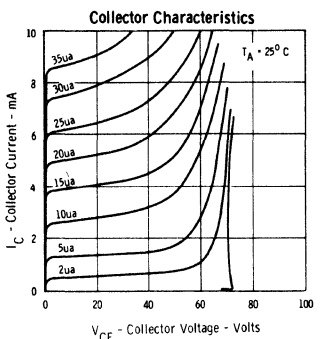
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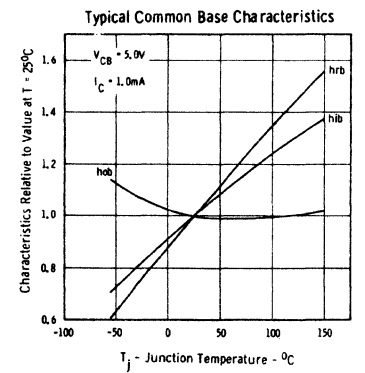
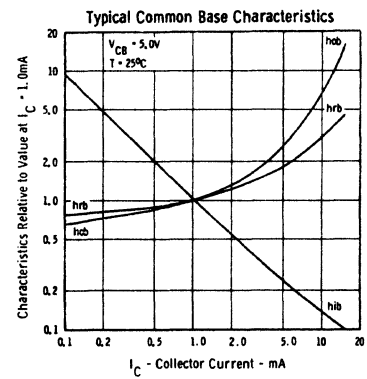
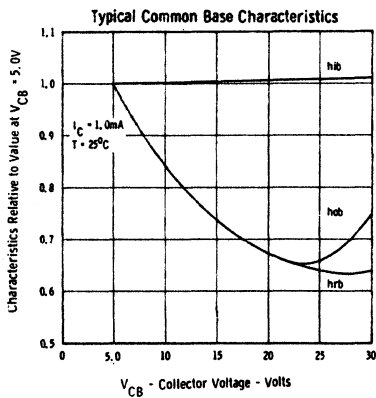
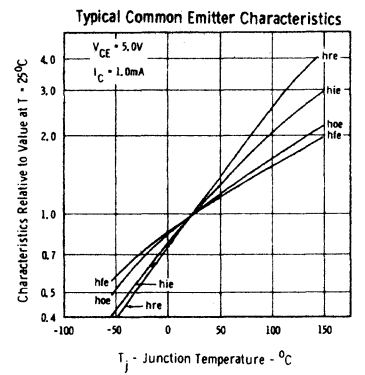
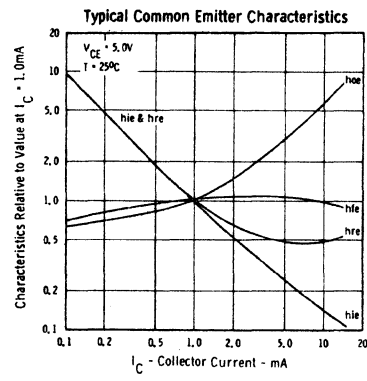
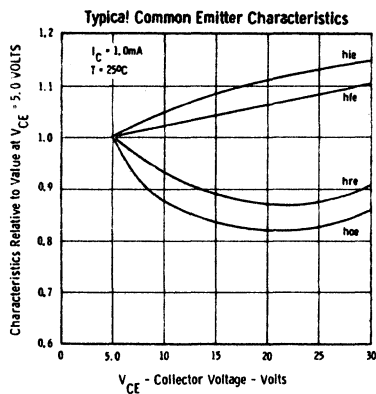
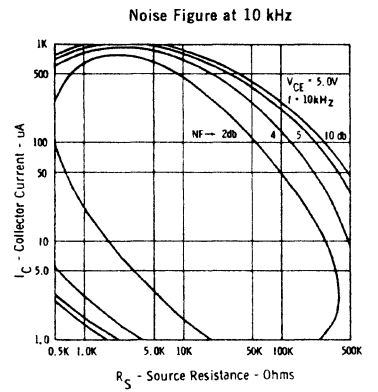
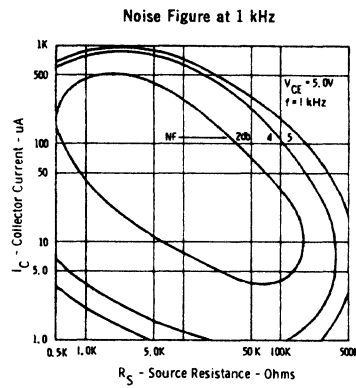
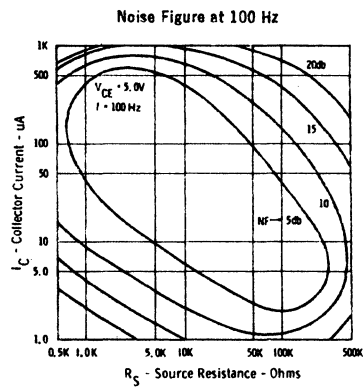
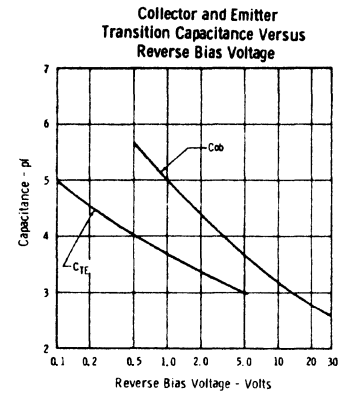
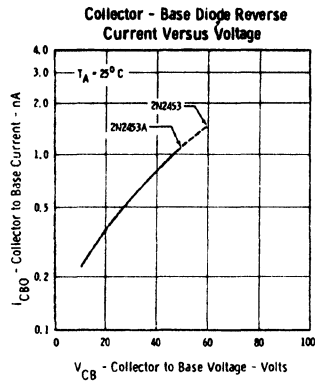
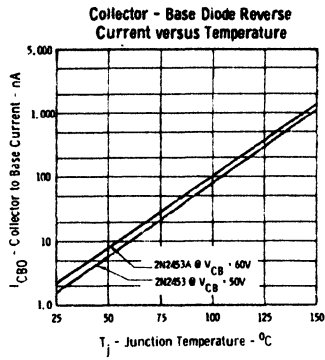
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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Base Voltage Differential Drift 2N2453 2N2453A	$\Delta(V_{BE1}-V_{BE2})/\Delta T$	$I_C = 10 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $T_A = -55^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$		10 5.0	$\mu V/^\circ C$
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 1.0 mA, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1 kHz$	150	600	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 5.0 mA, V_{CE} = 10 V$ $f = 30 MHz$	2.0		
Output Capacitance 2N2453 2N2453A	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 10 V$ $f = 140 kHz$		8.0 4.0	pf
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$I_C = 0, V_{BE} = 0.5 V$ $f = 140 kHz$		10	pf
Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{rb}$	$I_C = 1.0 mA, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1 kHz$		5.0	$\times 10^{-4}$
Reverse Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{re}$	$I_C = 1.0 mA, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1 kHz$		6.0	$\times 10^{-4}$
Input Resistance	$h_{ib}$	$I_C = 1.0 mA, V_{CB} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1 kHz$	20	30	ohms
Input Resistance	$h_{ie}$	$I_C = 1.0 mA, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1 kHz$		5.0	$k\Omega$
Output Conductance	$h_{ob}$	$I_C = 1.0 mA, V_{CB} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1 kHz$		0.2	$\mu mhos$
Output Conductance	$h_{oe}$	$I_C = 1.0 mA, V_{CB} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1 kHz$	5.0	30	$\mu mhos$
Low Frequency Noise Figure 2N2453 2N2453A	NF	$f = 1 kHz$ Source resistance = $10 k\Omega$ Equivalent noise power bandwidth = $200 Hz$ $I_C = 10 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$		7.0 4.0	db

\* The lower of the  $h_{FE}$  readings is taken as  $h_{FE1}$ .

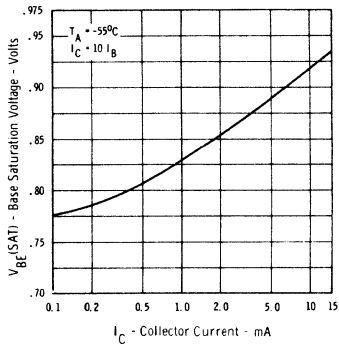
\*\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width =  $300 \mu sec$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.



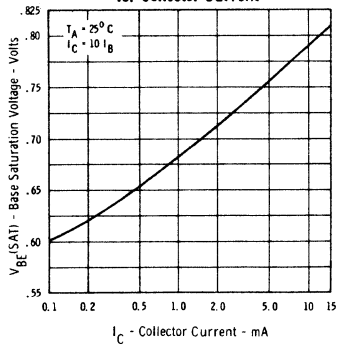




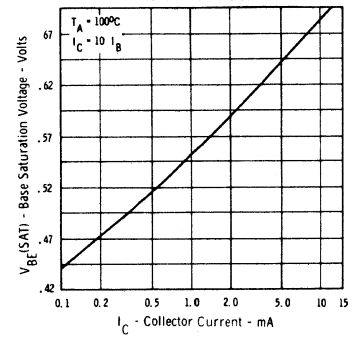
**Base Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current**



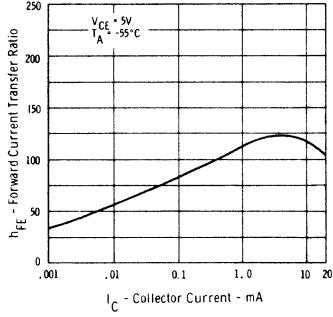
**Base Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current**



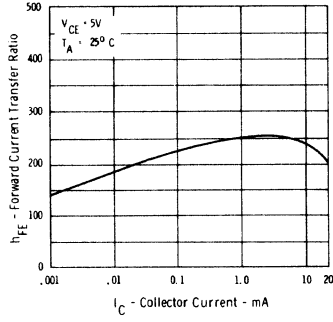
**Base Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current**



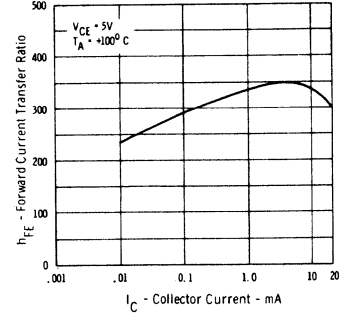
**Pulsed DC Current Gain Versus Collector Current**

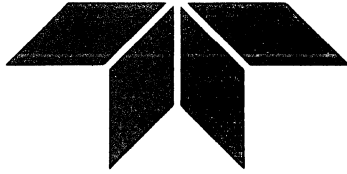


**Pulsed DC Current Gain Versus Collector Current**



**Pulsed DC Current Gain Versus Collector Current**





# DUAL NPN TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

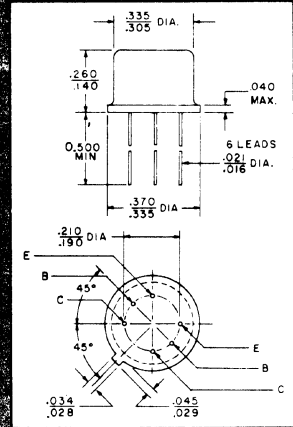
- CLOSELY MATCHED CURRENT GAIN
- VERY LOW DIFFERENTIAL DRIFT
- LOW NOISE

JANUARY 1968

**2N2639**  
THRU  
**2N2644**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	45		Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	45		Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	5.0		Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	30		mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	One Side	Both Sides	Watts
		0.3 0.6	0.6 1.2	
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.0 4.0	4.0 8.0	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +300		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+175		$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	45		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	5.0		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}^{**}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0$	45		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{mA}$		1.0	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{mA}$	0.6	1.0	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 10	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	$I_{CEO}$	$I_B = 0, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		10	nA
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{V}$		10	nA
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	50	300	
			55 65 10		
			100	300	
			110 130 20		
DC Current Gain Ratio	$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}^*$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$	0.9 0.8	1.0 1.0	
Base Voltage Differential	$V_{BE1} - V_{BE2}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		5.0 10	mV
Base Voltage Differential Drift	$\Delta(V_{BE1} - V_{BE2})/\Delta T$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$		10 20	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{kHz}$	65 130	600 600	



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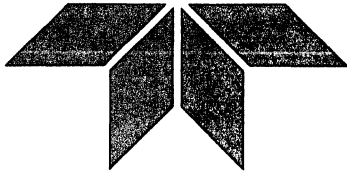
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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$	4.0		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		8.0	pf
Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{rb}$	$I_E = -1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		6.0	$\times 10^{-4}$
Input Resistance	$h_{ib}$	$I_E = -1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	25	32	Ohms
Output Conductance	$h_{ob}$	$I_E = -1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		1.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure	NF	$f = 10 \text{ Hz to } 15.7 \text{ kHz}$ Source Resistance = $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		4.0	db

\* The lower  $h_{FE}$  reading is taken as  $h_{FE1}$ .

\*\* Pulse Conditions: Pulse Width =  $300 \mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.





# DUAL NPN TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

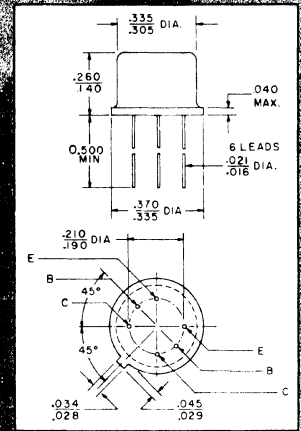
- LOW NOISE
- CLOSELY MATCHED CURRENT GAIN
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

JANUARY 1968

**2N2720**  
**2N2721**  
**2N2722**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage 2N2720, 21 2N2722	$V_{CBO}$	80 45		Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage 2N2720, 21 2N2722	$V_{CEO}$	60 45		Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage 2N2720, 21 2N2722	$V_{EBO}$	6.0 5.0		Volts
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	One Side 0.3 0.6	Both Sides 0.6 1.2	Watts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.71	3.4	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage 2N2720, 21 2N2722	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	80 45		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage 2N2720, 21 2N2722	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	6.0 5.0		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage 2N2720, 21 2N2722	$V_{CEO(sus)}^{**}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0$	60 45		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage 2N2720, 21 2N2722	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{mA}$ $I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{mA}$		1.0 1.0	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage 2N2720, 21 2N2722	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{mA}$ $I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{mA}$	0.65 0.65	0.85 0.85	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current 2N2720, 21 2N2722 2N2720, 21 2N2722	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 60 \text{V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 30 \text{V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 60 \text{V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 30 \text{V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 1.0 10 1.0	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Collector-Emitter Reverse Current 2N2720, 21 2N2722	$I_{CEO}$	$I_B = 0, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		10 2.0	nA
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current 2N2720, 21 2N2722	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{V}$		10 1.0	nA
DC Current Gain 2N2722 2N2722 2N2720, 21 2N2722 2N2720, 21 2N2720, 21	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$	50 100 30 125 35 42	250 120	



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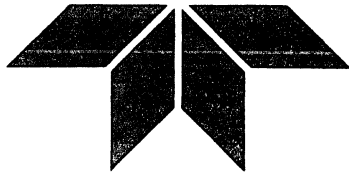
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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
DC Current Gain Ratio 2N2720 2N2721 2N2722	$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}^*$	$I_C = 100 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $I_C = 1.0 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$	0.9 0.8 0.9	1.0 1.0 1.0	
Base Voltage Differential 2N2720 2N2721 2N2722	$V_{BE1} - V_{BE2}$	$I_C = 100 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $I_C = 10 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$		5.0 10 5.0	mV
Base Voltage Differential Change 2N2720 2N2721 2N2722  2N2720 2N2721 2N2722	$\Delta(V_{BE1} - V_{BE2})$	$I_C = 100 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $T_A = -55^\circ C$ to $+25^\circ C$ $I_C = 10 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $T_A = -55^\circ C$ to $+25^\circ C$ $I_C = 100 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$ to $125^\circ C$ $I_C = 10 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$ to $125^\circ C$		0.8 1.6 0.8  1.0 2.0 1.0	mV
Small Signal Current Gain 2N2720, 21  2N2722	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 1.0 mA, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1.0 kHz$ $I_C = 0.1 mA, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1.0 kHz$	30  100	200  700	
High Frequency Current Gain 2N2720, 21 2N2722	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 10 mA, V_{CE} = 10 V$ $f = 20 MHz$	4.0 5.0		
Output Capacitance 2N2720, 21  2N2722	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1.0 MHz$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 5.0 V$ $f = 140 kHz$		6.0  6.0	pf
Voltage Feedback Ratio 2N2720, 21 2N2722	$h_{rb}$	$I_E = 1.0 mA, V_{CB} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1.0 kHz$		5.0 6.0	$\times 10^{-4}$
Input Resistance	$h_{ib}$	$I_E = 1.0 mA, V_{CB} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1.0 kHz$	25	32	Ohms
Output Conductance	$h_{ob}$	$I_E = 1.0 mA, V_{CB} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1.0 kHz$		1.0	$\mu mhos$
Noise Figure 2N2722	NF	$f = 10 Hz$ to $15.7 kHz$ Source resistance = $10 k\Omega$ $I_C = 10 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$		4.0	db

\* The lower  $h_{FE}$  reading is taken as  $h_{FE1}$ .

\*\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width =  $300 \mu sec$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.





# DUAL NPN TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

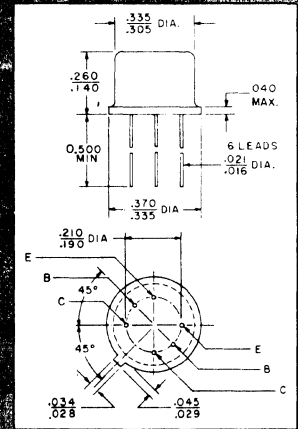
- CLOSELY MATCHED CURRENT GAIN
- VERY LOW DIFFERENTIAL DRIFT
- LOW NOISE

JANUARY 1968

**2N2913-20**  
**2N2915A, 16A**  
**2N2919A, 20A**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage 2N2913, 14, 15, 15A, 16, 16A, 17, 18 2N2919, 19A, 20, 20A	$V_{CBO}$	45	60	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage 2N2913, 14, 15, 15A, 16, 16A, 17, 18 2N2919, 19A, 20, 20A	$V_{CEO}$	45	60	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6.0		Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	30		mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	One Side 0.30 0.75 0.43	Both Sides 0.6 1.5 0.86	Watts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		One Side 1.7 4.3	Both Sides 3.4 8.6	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage 2N2913, 14, 15, 15A, 16, 16A, 17, 18 2N2919, 19A, 20, 20A	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	45 60		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	6.0		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage 2N2913, 14, 15, 15A, 16, 16A, 17, 18 2N2919, 19A, 20, 20A	$V_{CE(sus)}^{**}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0$	45 60		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, I_B = 0.1 \text{mA}$		0.35	Volts
Nonsaturated Base Voltage	$V_{BE(ON)}$	$I_C = 0.1 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		0.7	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current 2N2913, 14, 15, 15A, 16, 16A, 17, 18 2N2919, 19A, 20, 20A	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 2.0 10	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Collector-Emitter Reverse Current	$I_{CEO}$	$I_B = 0, V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{V}$		2.0	nA
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{V}$		2.0	nA
DC Current Gain 2N2913, 15, 15A, 17, 19, 19A 2N2914, 16, 16A, 18, 20, 20A 2N2913, 15, 15A, 17, 19, 19A 2N2914, 16, 16A, 18, 20, 20A 2N2913, 15, 15A, 17, 19, 19A 2N2914, 16, 16A, 18, 20, 20A 2N2913, 15, 15A, 17, 19, 19A 2N2914, 16, 16A, 18, 20, 20A 2N2913, 15, 15A, 17, 19, 19A 2N2914, 16, 16A, 18, 20, 20A 2N2916A, 20A	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	60 150 100 225 150 300 15 30 40	240 600	
DC Current Gain Ratio 2N2915, 15A, 16, 16A, 19, 19A, 20, 20A 2N2917, 18 2N2915A, 16A, 19A, 20A	$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}^*$	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$	0.9 0.8 0.85	1.0 1.0 1.0	



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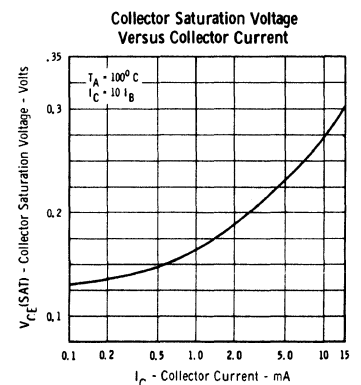
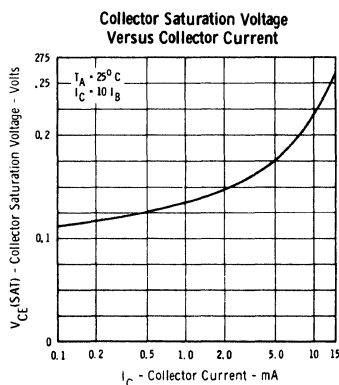
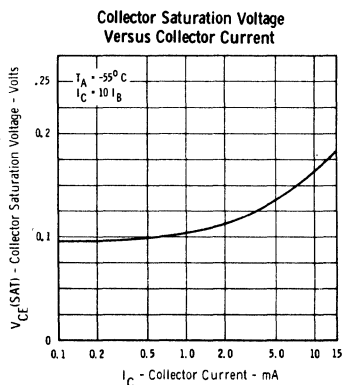
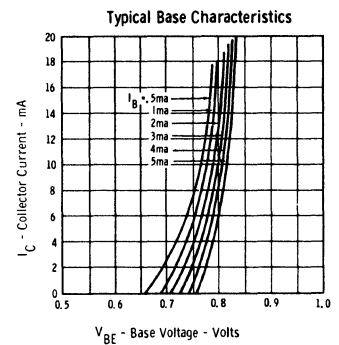
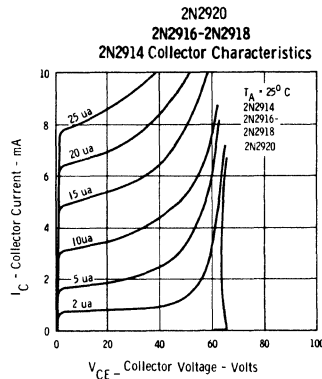
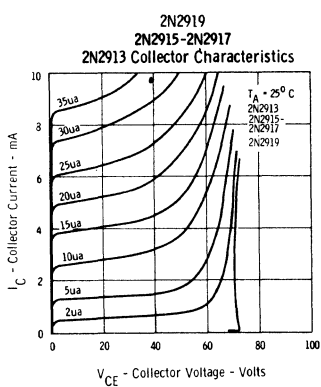
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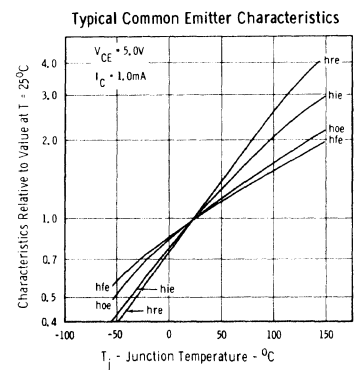
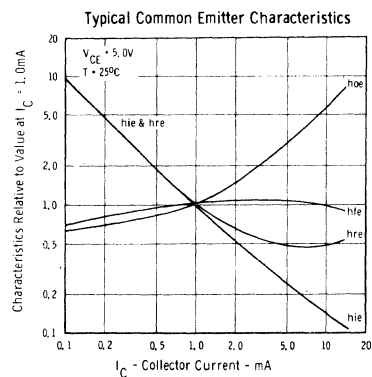
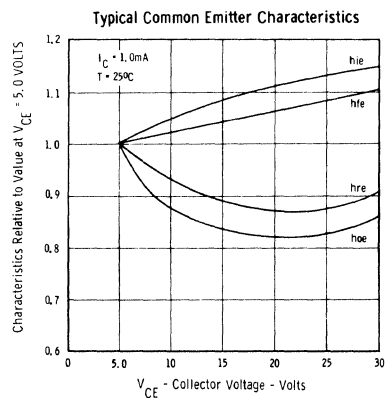
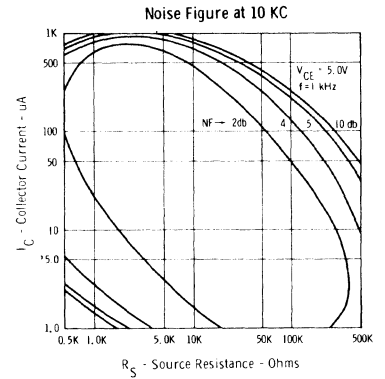
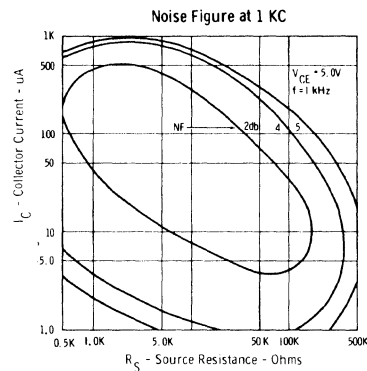
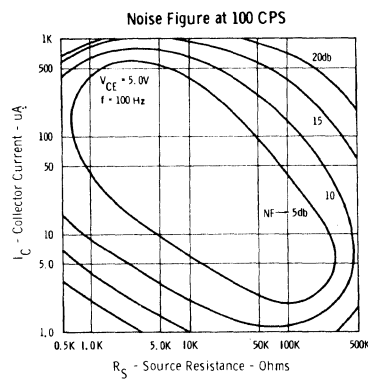
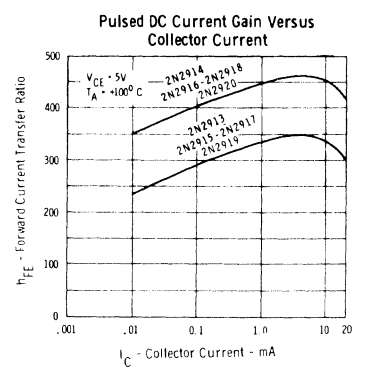
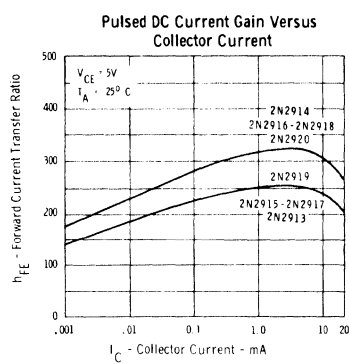
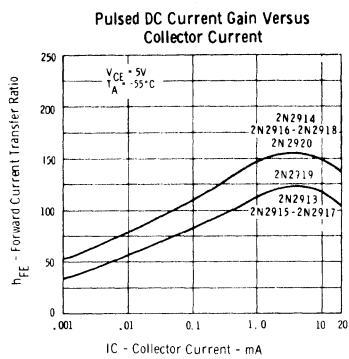
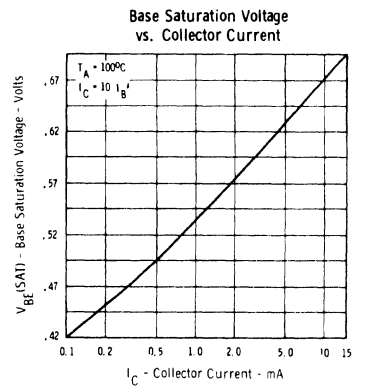
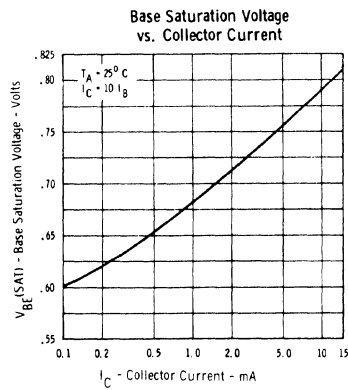
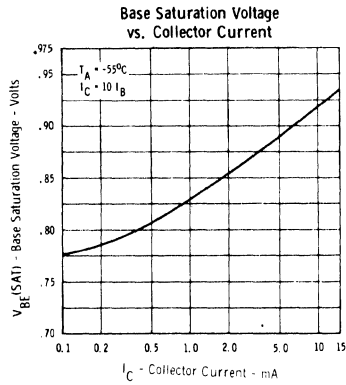
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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Base Voltage Differential 2N2915, 16, 19, 20 2N2917, 18 2N2915A, 16A, 19A, 20A 2N2915, 16, 19, 20 2N2917, 18 2N2915A, 16A, 19A, 20A	$V_{BE1}-V_{BE2}$	$I_C = 10 \mu A$ to $1.0 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$  $I_C = 100 \mu A$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		5.0 10 2.0 3.0 5.0 1.5	mV
Base Voltage Differential Change 2N2915, 16, 19, 20 2N2915A, 16A, 19A, 20A 2N2917, 18 2N2915, 16, 19, 20 2N2915A, 16A, 19A, 20A 2N2917, 18	$\Delta(V_{BE1}-V_{BE2})$	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$  $I_C = 100 \mu A$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$		0.8 0.4 1.6 1.0 0.5 2.0	mV
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 0.5 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$	3.0		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0$ , $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		6.0	pf
Input Capacitance 2N2915A, 16A, 19A, 20A	$C_{ib}$	$I_C = 0$ , $V_{BE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		10	pf
Input Resistance	$h_{ib}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	25	32	Ohms
Output Conductance	$h_{ob}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		1.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure 2N2913, 15, 15A, 17, 19, 19A 2N2914, 16, 16A, 18, 20, 20A  2N2913, 15, 15A, 17, 19, 19A 2N2914, 16, 16A, 18, 20, 20A	NF	$f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ Source resistance = $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ Equivalent noise power bandwidth = $200 \text{ Hz}$ $I_C = 10 \mu A$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$  $f = 10 \text{ Hz}$ to $10 \text{ kHz}$ Source resistance = $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ Equivalent noise power bandwidth = $15.7 \text{ kHz}$ $I_C = 10 \mu A$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		4.0 3.0  4.0 3.0	db

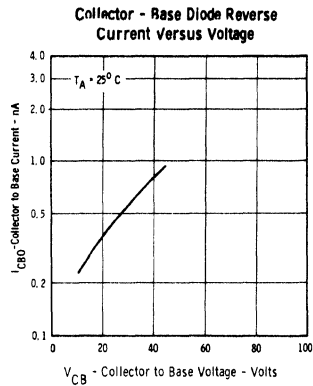
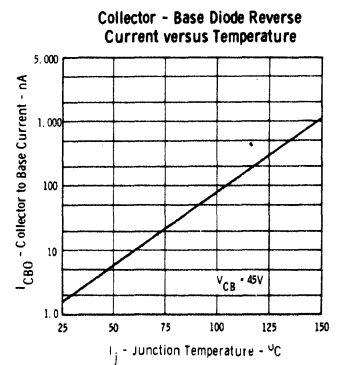
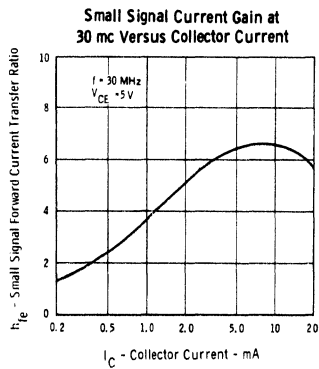
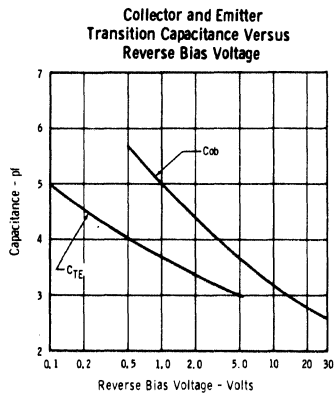
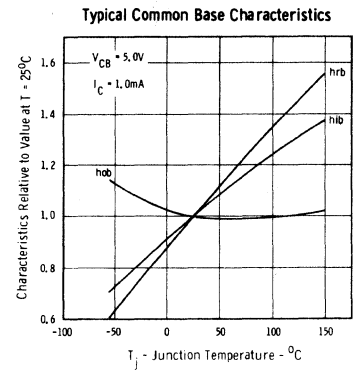
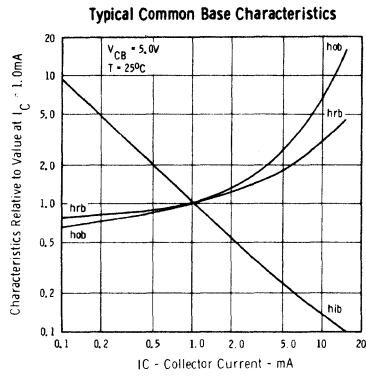
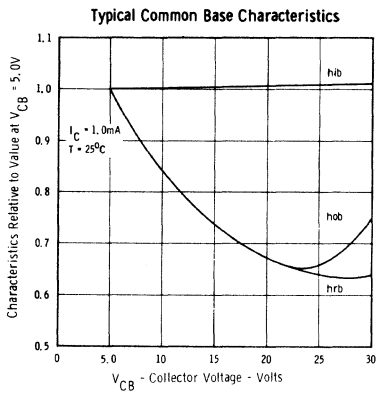
\* Lowest of the two  $h_{FE}$  readings is taken as  $h_{FE1}$  for purposes of this ratio.

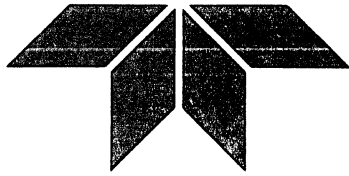
\*\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width =  $300 \mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.











# DUAL NPN TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

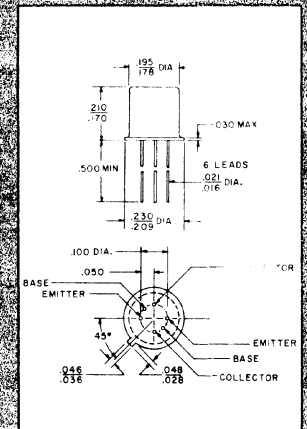
- LOW NOISE
- CLOSELY MATCHED CURRENT GAIN
- VERY CLOSELY MATCHED,  $V_{BE}$

JANUARY 1968

**2N2972  
THRU  
2N2979**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
		2N2972 to 2N2977	2N2978-2N2979	
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	45	60	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	45	60	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6.0	6.0	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	30		mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.3 0.75 0.43		Watts
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200		$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25 C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage 2N2972-2N2977 2N2978, 2N2979	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	45 60		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	6.0		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage 2N2972-2N2977 2N2978, 2N2979	$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0$	45 60		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, I_B = 0.1 \text{mA}$		0.35	Volts
Nonsaturated Base Voltage	$V_{BE(on)}$	$I_C = 0.1 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		0.7	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current 2N2972-2N2977 2N2978, 2N2979 2N2972-2N2979	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 2.0 10	nA  $\mu\text{A}$
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	$I_{CEO}$	$I_B = 0, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		2.0	nA
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{V}$		2.0	nA
DC Current Gain 2N2972, 74, 76, 78 2N2973, 79 2N2975, 77 2N2972, 74, 76, 78 2N2973, 75, 77, 79 2N2972, 74, 76, 78 2N2973, 75, 77, 79 2N2972, 74, 76, 78 2N2973, 75, 77 2N2979	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	60 150 150 100 225 150 300 15 30 40	240 600	
DC Current Ratio 2N2974, 75, 78, 79 2N2976, 77	$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}^*$	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$	0.9 0.8	1.0 1.0	
Base Voltage Differential 2N2974, 75, 78, 79 2N2976, 77 2N2974, 75, 78, 79 2N2976, 77	$V_{BE1} - V_{BE2}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A} \text{ to } 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		5.0 10 3.0 5.0	mV



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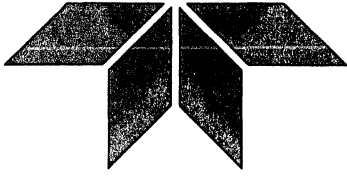
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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Base Voltage Differential Change 2N2974, 75, 78, 79 2N2976, 77 2N2974, 75, 78, 79 2N2976, 77	$\Delta(V_{BE1}-V_{BE2})$	$I_C = 100 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $T_A = -55^\circ C \text{ to } +25^\circ C$ $I_C = 100 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $T_A = 25^\circ C \text{ to } 125^\circ C$		0.8 1.6 1.0 2.0	mV
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 0.5 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$	3.0		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 5.0 V$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		6.0	pf
Input Resistance	$h_{ib}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	25	32	Ohms
Output Conductance	$h_{ob}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		1.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure 2N2972, 74, 76, 78 2N2973, 75, 77, 79  2N2972, 74, 76, 78 2N2973, 75, 77, 79	NF	$f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ Source resistance = $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ Equivalent noise power bandwidth = $200 \text{ Hz}$ $I_C = 10 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$ $f = 10 \text{ Hz to } 10 \text{ kHz}$ Source resistance = $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ Equivalent noise power bandwidth = $15.7 \text{ kHz}$ $I_C = 10 \mu A, V_{CE} = 5.0 V$		4.0 3.0  4.0 3.0	db

\* Lowest of the two  $h_{FE}$  readings is taken as  $h_{FE1}$  for purposes of this ratio.

\*\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width =  $300 \mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.





# DUAL NPN TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

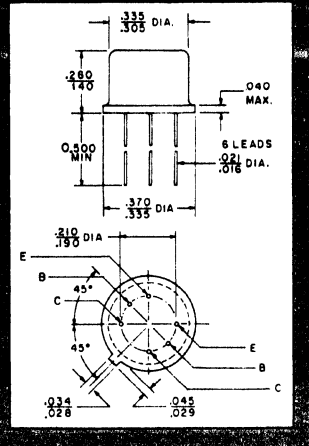
- VERY CLOSELY MATCHED,  $V_{BE}$
- VERY LOW DIFFERENTIAL DRIFT
- CLOSELY MATCHED CURRENT GAIN

JANUARY 1968

## 2N3680

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	RATING	RATING		UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	60		Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	50		Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6.0		Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	Each Side 30	Both Sides —	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.3 0.6	0.6 1.2	Watts
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+175		$^\circ\text{C}$
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.0	4.0	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	60		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	60		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}^{**}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0$	50		Volts
Nonsaturated Base Voltage	$V_{BE(on)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$	0.6	0.8	Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 0.5 \text{V}$		0.7	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}$ $I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 10	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	$I_{CEO}$	$I_B = 0, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		10	nA
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$	80 150 45	600	
DC Current Gain Ratio	$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}^*$	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$	0.9 0.85	1.0 1.0	
Base Voltage Differential	$V_{BE1} - V_{BE2}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$		3.0	mV
Base Voltage Differential Change	$\Delta(V_{BE1} - V_{BE2})/\Delta T$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ to $+25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$		0.4 0.5	mV
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{kHz}$	300	900	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 0.5 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 30 \text{MHz}$	2.0	6.0	
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{MHz}$		6.0	pf
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$I_C = 0, V_{BE} = 0.5 \text{V}$ $f = 1 \text{MHz}$		6.0	pf



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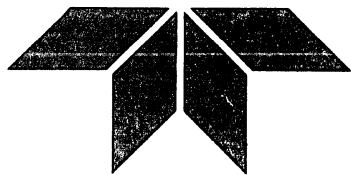
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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Reverse Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{re}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		10	$\times 10^{-4}$
Input Resistance	$h_{ie}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	7.5	24	k ohms
Output Conductance	$h_{oe}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		45	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure	NF	$f = 15.7 \text{ kHz}$ Source resistance = $10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		3.0	db

- \* The lower reading is taken as  $h_{FE1}$ .
- \*\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width =  $300 \mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.





# DUAL NPN TRANSISTOR MEDIUM POWER

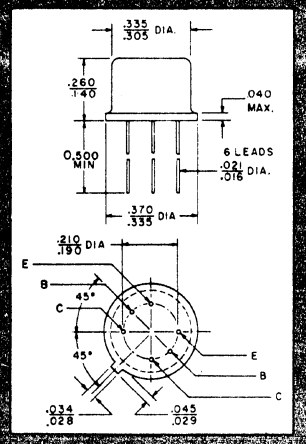
- HIGH VOLTAGE
- LOW VOLTAGE
- HIGH CURRENT GAIN

JANUARY 1968

**2N2223**  
**2N2223A**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	100		Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	60		Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage ( $R_{BE} \leq 10\Omega$ )	$V_{CER}$	80		Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	7		Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	500		mA
Total Device Dissipation	$P_D$	One Side	Both Sides	Watt
@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.5	0.6	
@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.6	3.0	
@ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$		0.9	1.7	
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$		One Side	Both Sides	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.86	3.43	
@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		9.1	17.2	
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +300		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200		$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	100		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	60		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CER(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}, R_{BE} \leq 10\Omega$	80		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 100 \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	7		Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 80 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 80 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		.010 15	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 5 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$		10	nA
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	15 25 50	150 200	
DC Current Gain Ratio	$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}^{**}$	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	0.9 0.8	1.0 1.0	
Base Voltage Differential	$ V_{BE1} - V_{BE2} $	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$		5 15	mV
Base Voltage Differential Drift	$\Delta(V_{BE1} - V_{BE2})/\Delta T$	$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$		25	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, I_B = 5 \text{ mA}$		1.2	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, I_B = 5 \text{ mA}$		0.9	Volts
Small Signal Current Gain	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	40	200	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 20 \text{ MHz}$	2.5		
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}, f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		15	pf
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$I_C = 0, V_{BE} = 0.5 \text{ V}, f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		85	pf
Input Resistance	$h_{ib}$	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	20	30	Ohms
Output Conductance	$h_{ob}$	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		0.5	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{rb}$	$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{CB} = 5 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		300	$\times 10^{-6}$

\*The lower of the two  $h_{FE}$  readings is taken as  $h_{FE1}$ .

\*\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.



**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR**

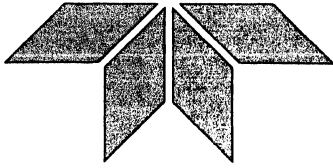
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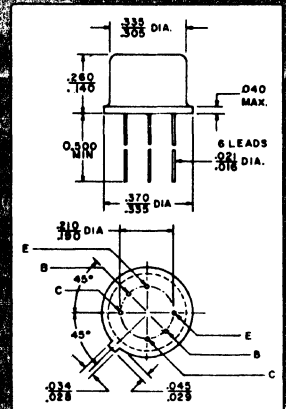
# DUAL MONOLITHIC NPN TRANSISTOR

- MEDIUM POWER
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- VERY CLOSELY MATCHED PARAMETERS

**SA 2716**  
**SA 2717**  
**SA 2718**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CB0}$	50		Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CE0}$	30		Volts
Collector-Collector Voltage	$V_{CC0}$	$\pm 60$		Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6.0		Volts
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	One Side	Both Sides	Watts
		0.3	0.6	
		0.6	1.2	
		0.25	0.5	
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.0	4.0	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
		4.0	8.0	
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	-65 to +150		$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+150		$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Soldering Temperature, 1/16 inch from Case, 10 seconds max		+300		$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CB0}$	$I_C = 10\mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	50		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CE0(sus)}$	$I_C = 5.0\text{mA}, I_B = 0$	30		Volts
Base-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10\mu\text{A}$	6.0		Volts
Collector-Collector Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CC0}$	$I_B = 0, I_E = 0, I_{CC} = 10\mu\text{A}$	$\pm 60$		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 1.0\text{mA}, I_B = 0.1\text{mA}$ $I_C = 5.0\text{mA}, I_B = 0.5\text{mA}$ $I_C = 10\text{mA}, I_B = 1.0\text{mA}$		0.3 0.7 1.0	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 1.0\text{mA}, I_B = 0.1\text{mA}$ $I_C = 5.0\text{mA}, I_B = 0.5\text{mA}$ $I_C = 10\text{mA}, I_B = 1.0\text{mA}$		0.8 0.85 0.9	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 30\text{V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 30\text{V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2.0 2.0	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 5.0\text{V}, I_C = 0$		2.0	nA
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	$I_{CEO}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0\text{V}, I_B = 0$		2.0	nA
Collector-Collector Leakage Curr.	$I_{CC0}$	$V_{CC} = \pm 50\text{V}, I_B = 0, I_E = 0$ $V_{CC} = \pm 50\text{V}, I_B = 0, I_E = 0$ $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2.0 2.0	nA $\mu\text{A}$
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0\text{V}, I_C = 10\mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{V}, I_C = 10\mu\text{A}, T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{V}, I_C = 100\mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{V}, I_C = 1.0\text{mA}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{V}, I_C = 10\text{mA}$	150 40 200 250 150		
DC Current Gain Ratio	$h_{FE1} / h_{FE2}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0\text{V}, I_C = 100\mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{V}, I_C = 100\mu\text{A}$ ( $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$ )	0.9 0.8 0.85	1.11 1.25 1.17	
Base Voltage Differential	$V_{BE1} - V_{BE2}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0\text{V}, I_C = 100\mu\text{A}$		2.0 3.0 5.0	mV



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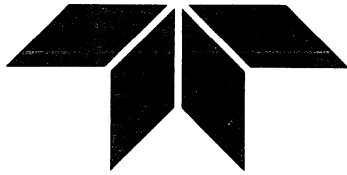


CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Base Voltage Differential Drift SA2716 SA2717 SA2718	$\frac{\Delta(V_{BE1} - V_{BE2})}{\Delta T}$	$V_{CE} = 5.0V, I_C = 100\mu A$ $T_A = -55^\circ C \text{ to } +125^\circ C$		3.0 5.0 10.0	$\mu V / ^\circ C$
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$V_{CE} = 5.0V, I_C = 1.0mA,$ $f = 30MHz$	6.0		
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5V, I_C = 0,$ $f = 140kHz$		3.0	pf
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 10V, I_E = 0, f = 140kHz$		3.0	pf
Collector-Collector Capacitance	$C_{cc}$	$V_{CC} = 0V, I_B = 0, I_E = 0$ $f = 140kHz$		3.0	pf
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{CE} = 5.0V, I_C = 10\mu A$ $R_S = 10K \Omega, f = 1.0kHz$ $BW = 200Hz$		2.0	db



2N3423

2N3424

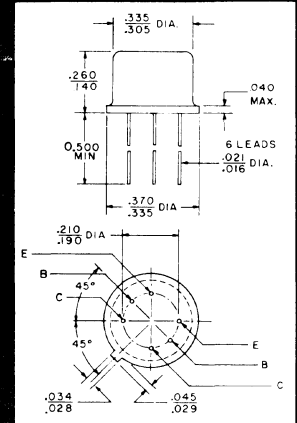


## DUAL NPN TRANSISTOR RF/IF AMPLIFIER

- LOW DIFFERENTIAL DRIFT
- CLOSELY MATCHED CURRENT GAIN
- HIGH FREQUENCY

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT	
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	30		Volts	
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	15		Volts	
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	3.0		Volts	
Collector Current	$I_C$	50		mA	
Total Device Dissipation	$P_D$	Each Side	Both Sides	Watts	
		@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.3		0.6
		@ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	0.25		0.5
		@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.6		1.2
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$		Each Side	Both Sides	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$	
		@ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.7		3.4
		@ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	3.4		6.8
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$	
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200		$^\circ\text{C}$	



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	30		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}$	3.0		Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CE(sus)}^*$	$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	15		Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$		0.4	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 1.0 \text{ mA}$		1.0	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}$		10	nA
		$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 15 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.0	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$I_C = 0, V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		10	$\mu\text{A}$
DC Pulse Current Gain	$h_{FE}^*$	$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	20	200	
DC Current Gain Ratio	$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}^{**}$	$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		0.8	1.0
				0.9	1.0
Base Voltage Differential	$V_{BE1} - V_{BE2}$	$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		10	mV
				5.0	
Base Voltage Differential Change	$\Delta(V_{BE1} - V_{BE2})/\Delta T$	$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ to $+25^\circ\text{C}$		3.2	mV
				1.6	
		$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$		4.0	
				2.0	
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 4.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	6.0	12	
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		1.7	pf
		$I_E = 0, V_{CB} = 0$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		3.0	
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$I_C = 0, V_{BE} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		2.0	pf
Input Resistance	$h_{ie}$	$I_C = 3.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 350 \text{ kHz}$		45	ohms
Low Frequency Noise Figure	NF	$f = 60 \text{ MHz}$ Source Resistance = $400\Omega$			
		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 6.0 \text{ V}$		3.5 (typ.)	db

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.

\*\* Lowest of the two  $h_{FE}$  readings is taken as  $h_{FE1}$  for purposes of this ratio.



AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR

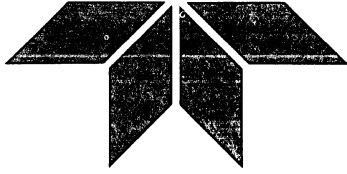
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# DUAL PNP TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

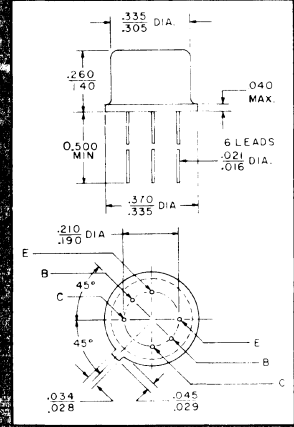
- CLOSELY MATCHED,  $V_{BE}$  LOW DIFFERENTIAL DRIFT
- HIGH CURRENT GAIN

JANUARY 1968

**2N3347  
THRU  
2N3352**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	60	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	45	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	30	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	Each Side 300 Both Sides 600 0.6 1.2	mW
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25 C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	60		Volts
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CEO}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0$	45		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	6		Volts
Base-Emitter Voltage	$V_{BE}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$		0.9	Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{mA}$		0.5	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 45 \text{V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 10	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 6 \text{V}, I_C = 0$		2	nA
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$	40 100 60 150	300 300	
DC Current Gain Ratio	$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}^*$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$	0.9 0.8 0.6	1.0 1.0 1.0	
Base-Emitter Voltage Differential	$V_{BE1} - V_{BE2}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$		5.0 10 20	mV
Base-Emitter Voltage Differential Change	$\Delta(V_{BE1} - V_{BE2})/\Delta T$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$ $T_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_2 = -55^\circ\text{C}$		0.8 1.6 3.2	mV
Base-Emitter Voltage Differential Change	$\Delta(V_{BE1} - V_{BE2})/\Delta T$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$ $T_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_2 = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.0 2.0 40	mV
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 1.0 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{V}$ $f = 30 \text{MHz}$	2.0	8.0	



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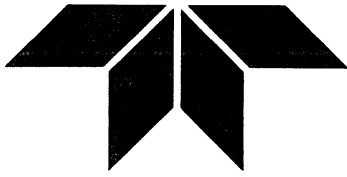
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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Small Signal Current Gain 2N3347, 48, 49 2N3350, 51, 52	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	60 150	600 600	
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		6	pf
Output Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		8	pf
Output Admittance	$h_{oe}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		100	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Impedance 2N3347, 48, 49 2N3350, 51, 52	$h_{ie}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	1.5 3.7	2.0 2.0	K ohms

\* The lowest  $h_{FE}$  reading is taken as  $h_{FEI}$  for this ratio.





# DUAL PNP TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

- LOW NOISE
- VERY LOW DIFFERENTIAL DRIFT
- CLOSELY MATCHED CURRENT GAIN

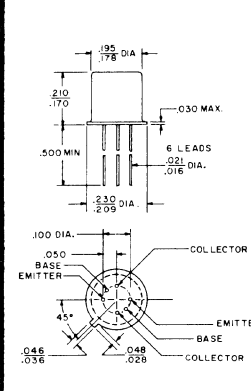
JANUARY 1968

**2N3800**  
**THRU**  
**2N3811**

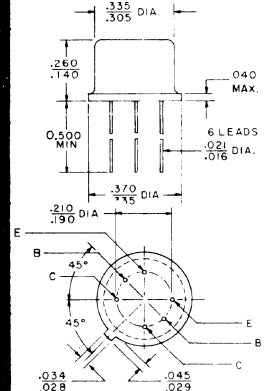
## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING				UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	60				Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	60				Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	5				Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	50				mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	2N3800 thru 2N3805		2N3806 thru 2N3811		mW
		Each Side 250	Both Sides 360	Each Side 500	Both Sides 600	
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.5	2.1	2.9	3.4	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200				$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200				$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature 1/16 inch from case, 10 seconds max.		+230				$^\circ\text{C}$

2N3800 thru 2N3805



2N3806 thru 2N3811



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10\mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	60		Volts
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CEO}$	$I_C = 10\text{mA}, I_B = 0$	60		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 10\mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	5		Volts
Base Emitter "ON" Voltage	$V_{BE(ON)}$	$I_C = 100\mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$		0.7	Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$ *	$I_C = 100\mu\text{A}, I_B = 10\mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 1\text{mA}, I_B = 100\mu\text{A}$		0.2 0.25	Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$ *	$I_C = 100\mu\text{A}, I_B = 10\mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 1\text{mA}, I_B = 100\mu\text{A}$		0.7 0.8	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 50\text{V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 50\text{V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.010 10	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 4\text{V}, I_C = 0$		20	nA
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$ *	$I_C = 1\mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $I_C = 10\mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $I_C = 100\mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $I_C = 100\mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 500\mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $I_C = 1\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ $I_C = 10\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$	75 100 225 150 300 75 150 150 300 150 300 125 250	450 900	
DC Current Gain Ratio	$h_{FE1}/h_{FE2}$ **	$I_C = 100\mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$	0.8 0.9	1.0 1.0	



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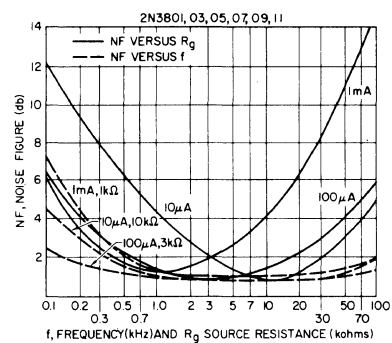
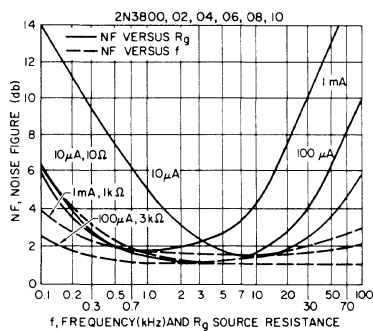
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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Base Voltage Differential 2N3802, 03, 08, 09 2N3804, 05, 10, 11 2N3802, 03, 08, 09 2N3804, 05, 10, 11	$ V_{BE1} - V_{BE2} $	$I_C = 10 \mu A$ to $10 mA$ , $V_{CE} = 5 V$ $I_C = 100 \mu A$ , $V_{CE} = 5 V$		8 5 5 3	mV
Base Voltage Differential Change 2N3802, 03, 08, 09 2N3804, 05, 10, 11 2N3802, 03, 08, 09 2N3804, 05, 10, 11	$\Delta(V_{BE1} - V_{BE2})/\Delta T$	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ , $V_{CE} = 5 V$ $T_A = -55^\circ C$ to $+25^\circ C$ $I_C = 100 \mu A$ , $V_{CE} = 5 V$ $T_A = 25^\circ C$ to $125^\circ C$		1.6 0.8 2.0 1.0	mV
High Frequency Current Gain	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 500 \mu A$ , $V_{CE} = 5 V$ , $f = 30 MHz$ $I_C = 1 mA$ , $V_{CE} = 5 V$ , $f = 100 MHz$	1.0 1.0	5	
Small Signal Current Gain 2N3800, 02, 04, 06, 08, 10 2N3801, 03, 05, 07, 09, 11	$h_{fe}$	$I_C = 1 mA$ , $V_{CE} = 10 V$ , $f = 1 kHz$	150 300	600 900	
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 5 V$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 100 kHz$		4	pf
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5 V$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 100 kHz$		8	pf
Voltage Feedback Ratio	$h_{re}$	$I_C = 1.0 mA$ , $V_{CE} = 10 V$ , $f = 1 kHz$		25	$\times 10^{-4}$
Input Resistance 2N3800, 02, 04, 06, 08, 10 2N3801, 03, 05, 07, 09, 11	$h_{ie}$	$I_C = 1.0 mA$ , $V_{CE} = 10 V$ , $f = 1 kHz$	3 10	15 40	K ohms
Output Conductance	$h_{oe}$	$I_C = 1.0 mA$ , $V_{CE} = 10 V$ , $f = 1 kHz$	5	60	$\mu mhos$
Noise Figure 2N3800, 02, 04, 06, 08, 10 2N3801, 03, 05, 07, 09, 11 2N3800, 02, 04, 06, 08, 10 2N3801, 03, 05, 07, 09, 11 2N3800, 02, 04, 06, 08, 10 2N3801, 03, 05, 07, 09, 11 2N3800, 02, 04, 06, 08, 10 2N3801, 03, 05, 07, 09, 11	NF	$I_C = 100 \mu A$ , $V_{CE} = 10 V$ , $R_S = 3 k\Omega$ $f = 100 Hz$ , $BW = 20 Hz$ $f = 1 kHz$ , $BW = 200 Hz$ $f = 10 kHz$ , $BW = 2 kHz$ Noise Bandwidth 10 Hz to 10 kHz $BW = 15.7 kHz$		7 4 3 1.5 2.5 1.5 3.5 2.5	db

\* Pulse Test  $\leq 300 \mu sec$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$

\*\* The lowest  $h_{FE}$  reading is taken as  $h_{FE1}$  for this ratio

Noise Figure vs Frequency and Source Resistance





# DUAL PNP TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

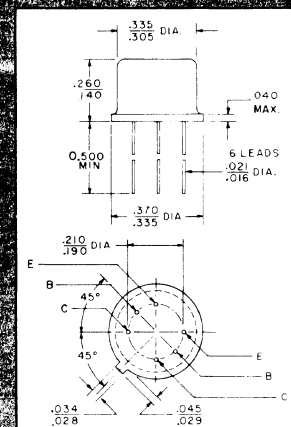
- LOW NOISE
- LOW SATURATION VOLTAGE
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

JANUARY 1968

**2N4017**  
**2N4018**  
**2N4019**

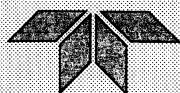
## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING			UNIT
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	4017 -45	4018 -60	4019 -80	Volts
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	-45	-60	-80	Volts
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6	6	6	Volts
Collector Current	$I_C$	Each Side 200	Both Sides		mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.4 0.8	0.6 1.3		Watts
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200			$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200			$^\circ\text{C}$
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.28 4.57	3.4 7.4		mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25 C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage 2N4017 2N4018 2N4019	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	80 60 45		Volts
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage 2N4017 2N4018 2N4019	$BV_{CEO}$	$I_C = 5.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	80 60 45		Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$	6.0		Volts
Base Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$		0.9 0.95	Volts
Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0.5 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, I_B = 5.0 \text{ mA}$		0.25 0.4	Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current 2N4017 2N4018 2N4019	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 70 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 50 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$ $V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$		10 10 10	nA
Collector-Base Cutoff Current 2N4017 2N4018 2N4019		$V_{CB} = 70 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CB} = 50 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CB} = 30 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$		10 10 10	$\mu\text{A}$
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{EBO}$	$V_{EB} = 4.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$		10	nA
DC Current Gain 2N4017, 2N4018 2N4019	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	60 180		
2N4017 2N4018 2N4019		$I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	100 100 250	350 500 500	
2N4017, 2N4018 2N4019		$I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	100 250		
2N4017 2N4018 2N4019		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	100 100 250	500 600 600	
2N4017, 2N4018 2N4019		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	100 200		



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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
DC Current Gain 2N4017, 2N4018 2N4019 2N4017 2N4018, 2N4019 2N4017, 2N4018 2N4019 2N4017, 2N4018 2N4019 2N4017 2N4018 2N4019	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$	90 180  40 100 40 80 100 100 250	  600 800    550 700 700	
High Frequency Current Gain 2N4017, 2N4018 2N4019	$ h_{fe} $	$I_C = 0.5 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 20 \text{ MHz}$	2.0 2.5	8.0 8.0	
Output Capacitance	$C_{ob}$	$V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}, I_E = 0$		6.0	pf
Small Signal Feedback Ratio	$h_{re}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		10	$\times 10^{-4}$
Input Impedance 2N4017 2N4018 2N4019	$h_{ie}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	2.5 2.5 6.0	17 20 20	K ohms
Output Conductance 2N4017 2N4018, 2N4019	$h_{oe}$	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	5 5	40 40	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure 2N4017, 2N4018 2N4019  2N4017, 2N4018 2N4019 2N4019	NF	$I_C = 20 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}, BW = 150 \text{ Hz}$ $R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ $I_C = 20 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 100 \text{ Hz}, BW = 15 \text{ Hz}$ $R_g = \text{k}\Omega$ $I_C = 20 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ $f = 10 \text{ Hz}, BW = 2 \text{ Hz}$ $R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$		3 2  10 4 8	db





# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

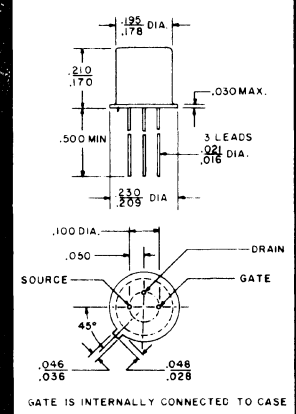
- LOW NOISE
- LOW CAPACITANCE
- HIGH TRANSCONDUCTANCE

JANUARY 1968

**2N3069-71**  
**2N3368-70**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
		2N3069-71	2N3368-70	
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	350	300	mW
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.0	2.4	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +300	-65 to +175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	150	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain-Gate Breakdown Voltage 2N3069-71 2N3368-70	$BV_{DGO}$	$I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_S = 0$	50 40		Volts
Total Gate Leakage Current 2N3069-71 2N3368-70	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -30 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$		1.0 5.0	nA
2N3069-71		$V_{GS} = -30 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.0	$\mu\text{A}$
2N3368-70		$V_{GS} = -30 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$		1.5	
Saturation Current 2N3068 2N3069 2N3369, 2N3070 2N3370, 2N3071	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	2.0 2.0 0.5 0.1	10 12 2.5 0.6	mA
Pinch Off Voltage 2N3069 2N3070 2N3071 2N3368 2N3369 2N3370	$V_P$	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \text{ nA}$		10 5.0 2.5 12 7.0 3.5	Volts
Transconductance 2N3368 2N3069 2N3070 2N3369 2N3071 2N3370	$g_m$	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	1000 1000 750 600 500 300	2500 4000 2500 2500 2500 2500	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Conductance 2N3069 2N3070 2N3071	$g_{os}$	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$		80 30 7.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Capacitance 2N3069-71	$C_{os}$	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$		1.5	pf



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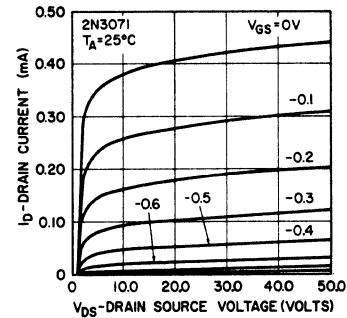
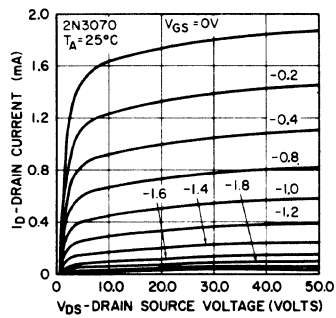
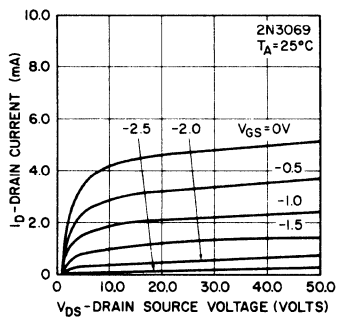
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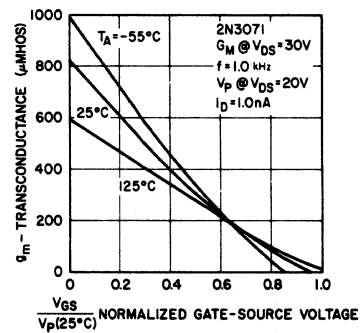
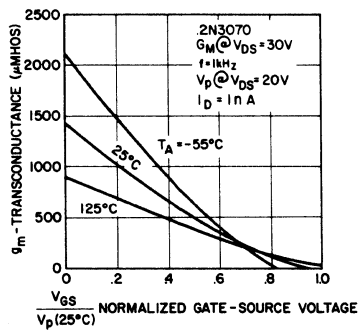
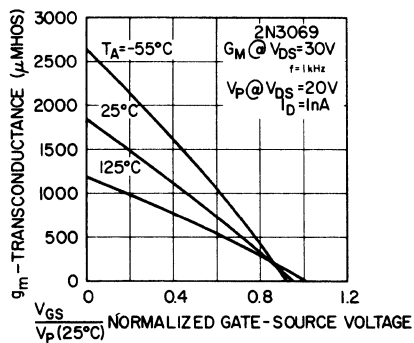
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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Capacitance 2N3069 2N3070 2N3071	$C_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 12\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 8.0\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 5.0\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$		15 15 15	pf
Drain-Gate Capacitance 2N3069 2N3070 2N3071 2N3368 2N3369 2N3370	$C_{DG}$	$V_{DG} = 10\text{ V}, I_S = 0, f = 140\text{ kHz}$ $V_{DG} = 8.0\text{ V}, I_S = 0, f = 140\text{ kHz}$ $V_{DG} = 5.0\text{ V}, I_S = 0, f = 140\text{ kHz}$ $V_{DG} = 10\text{ V}, I_S = 0, f = 140\text{ kHz}$ $V_{DG} = 8.0\text{ V}, I_S = 0, f = 140\text{ kHz}$ $V_{DG} = 5.0\text{ V}, I_S = 0, f = 140\text{ kHz}$		2.5 2.5 2.5 3.5 3.5 3.5	pf
Source-Gate Capacitance 2N3069 2N3070 2N3071 2N3368 2N3369 2N3370	$C_{SG}$	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = 0, f = 140\text{ kHz}$ $V_{GS} = -8.0\text{ V}, I_D = 0, f = 140\text{ kHz}$ $V_{GS} = -5.0\text{ V}, I_D = 0, f = 140\text{ kHz}$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = 0, f = 140\text{ kHz}$ $V_{GS} = -8.0\text{ V}, I_D = 0, f = 140\text{ kHz}$ $V_{GS} = -5.0\text{ V}, I_D = 0, f = 140\text{ kHz}$		5.0 5.0 5.0 6.0 6.0 6.0	pf
Noise Figure 2N3069 2N3070 2N3071	NF	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}, R_g = 10\text{ M}\Omega, BW = 200\text{ Hz}$ $V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}, R_g = 10\text{ M}\Omega, BW = 200\text{ Hz}$ $V_{DS} = 5.0\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}, R_g = 10\text{ M}\Omega, BW = 200\text{ Hz}$		4 4 4	db

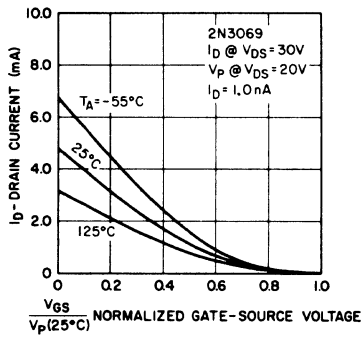
### COMMON SOURCE - DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS



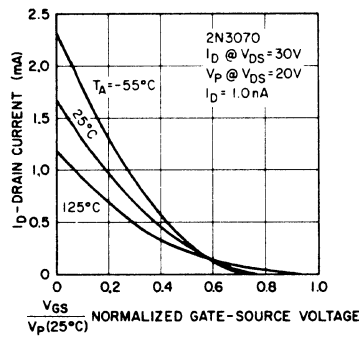
### TRANSCONDUCTANCE VS. NORMALIZED GATE-SOURCE VOLTAGE



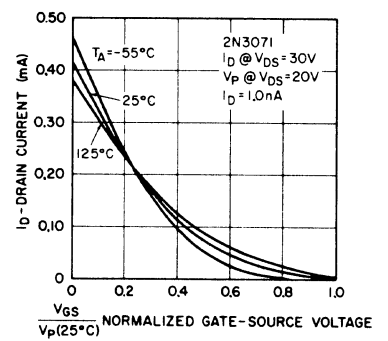
## DRAIN CURRENT VS. NORMALIZED GATE-SOURCE VOLTAGE



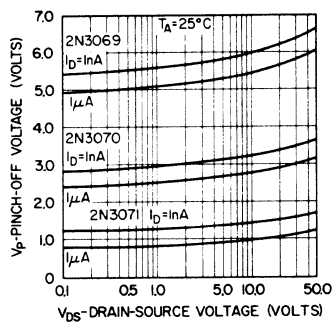
Pinch Off Voltage  
vs  
Drain Source Voltage



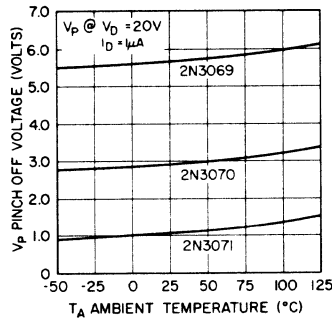
Pinch Off Voltage  
vs  
Temperature



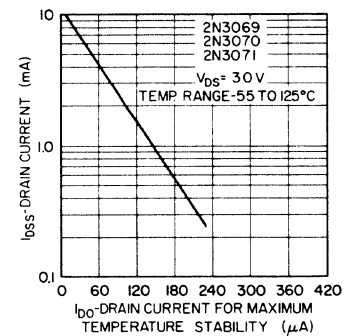
Drain Current For  
Maximum Temperature  
Stability  
vs  
 $I_{DSS}$



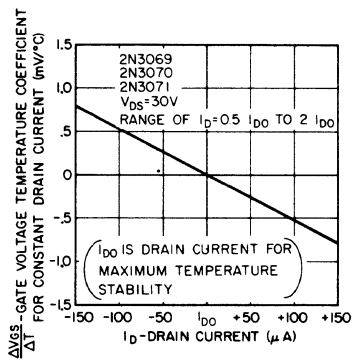
Gate Voltage Temperature  
Coefficient For Constant  
Drain Current  
vs  
Drain Current



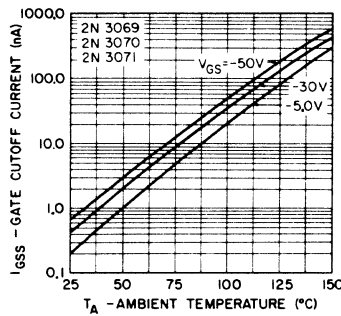
Gate Cutoff Current  
vs  
Temperature



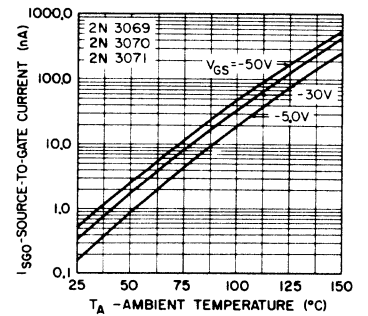
Source - Gate  
Reverse Current  
vs  
Temperature



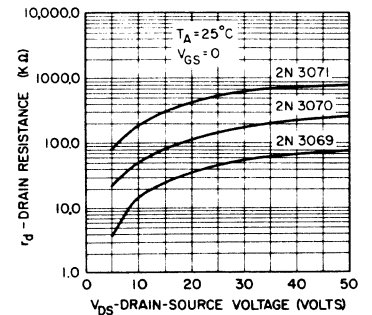
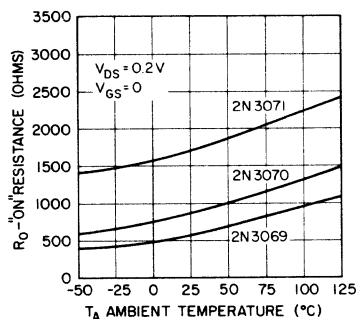
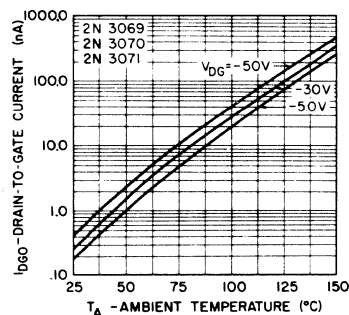
Drain - Gate  
Reverse Current  
vs  
Temperature



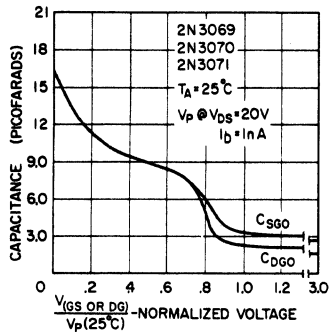
"ON" Resistance  
vs  
Temperature



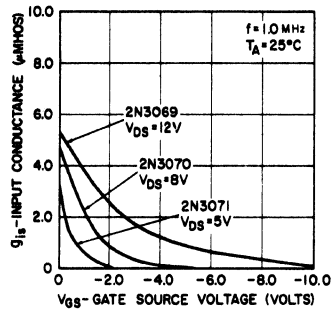
Dynamic Resistance  
vs  
Drain - Source Voltage



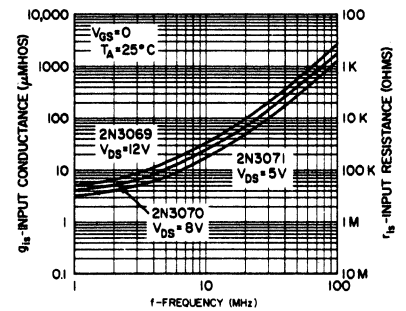
**Junction Capacity vs Normalized Bias**



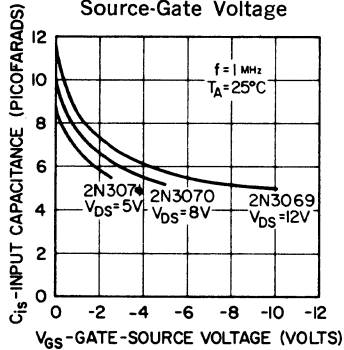
**Input Conductance vs Gate - Source Voltage**



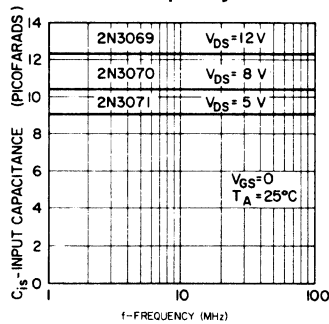
**Input Conductance vs Frequency**



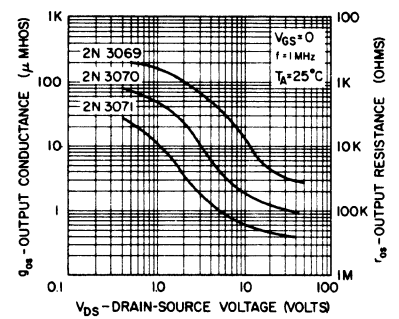
**Input Capacitance vs Source-Gate Voltage**



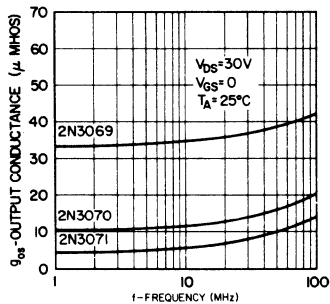
**Input Capacitance vs Frequency**



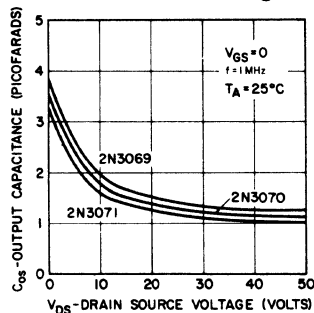
**Output Conductance vs Drain Source Voltage**



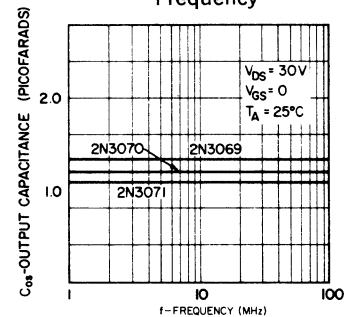
**Output Conductance vs Frequency**



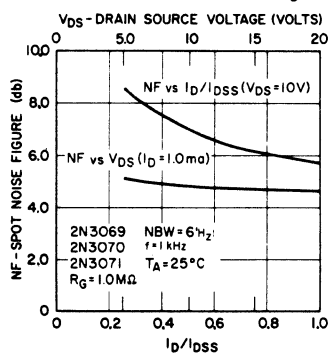
**Output Capacitance vs Drain-Source Voltage**



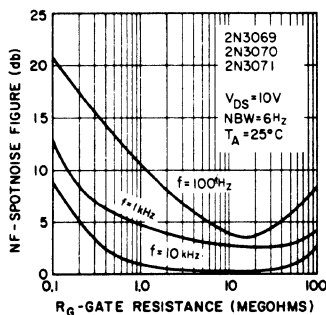
**Output Capacitance vs Frequency**



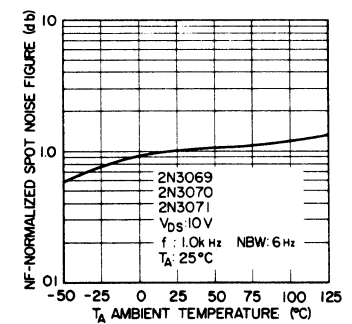
**Spot Noise vs Drain - Source Voltage**

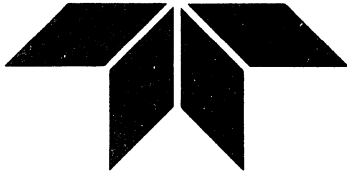


**Spot Noise vs Gate Resistance**



**Spot Noise vs Temperature**





# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

- HIGH TRANSCONDUCTANCE
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE
- LOW NOISE

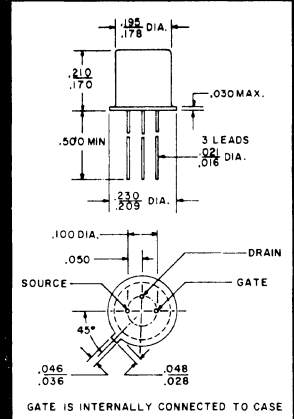
JANUARY 1968

**2N3436-38**

**2N3458-60**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mW
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.7	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DGO}$	$I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_S = 0$	50		Volts
Total Gate Leakage Current 2N3436-38 2N3458-60	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -30 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$		0.5	nA
2N3436-38 2N3458-60		$V_{GS} = -30 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.25 1.0 0.5	$\mu\text{A}$
Saturation Current 2N3436, 2N3458 2N3437, 2N3459 2N3438, 2N3460	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	3.0 0.8 0.2	15 4.0 1.0	mA
Pinch Off Voltage 2N3436 2N3437 2N3438 2N3458 2N3459 2N3460	$V_P$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \text{ nA}$		10 5.0 2.5 8.0 4.0 2.0	Volts
Transconductance 2N3436, 2N3458 2N3437, 2N3459 2N3438, 2N3460	$g_m$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	2500 1500 800	10,000 6000 4500	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Conductance 2N3436, 2N3458  2N3437, 2N3459  2N3438, 2N3460	$G_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		4.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
		$V_{DS} = 6.0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		3.5	
		$V_{DS} = 4.0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		2.5	
Output Conductance 2N3436, 2N3458 2N3437, 2N3459 2N3438, 2N3460	$G_{os}$	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		35 20 5.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$



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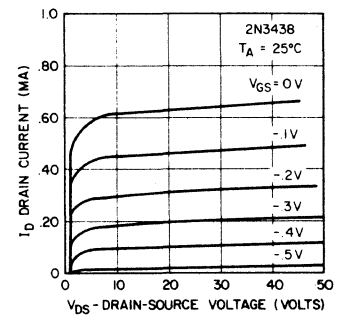
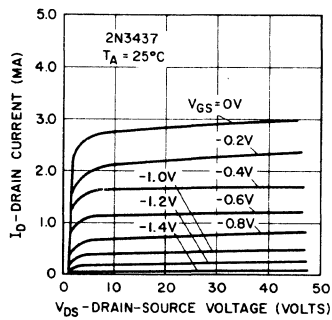
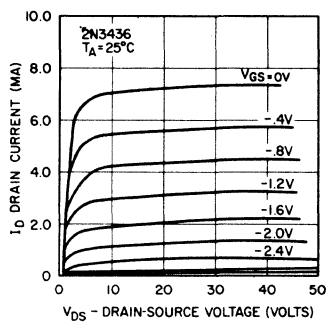
ATELEDYNE COMPANY

Phone (415) 968-9241

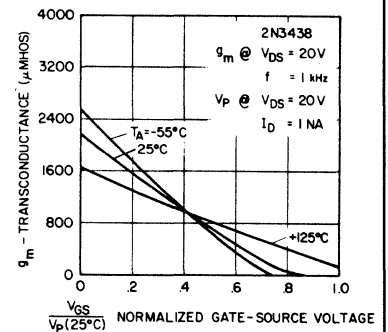
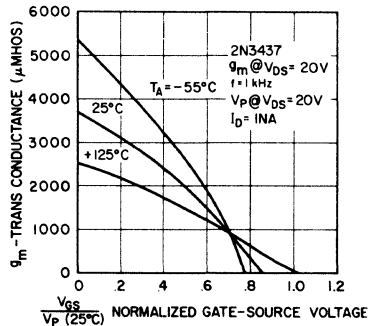
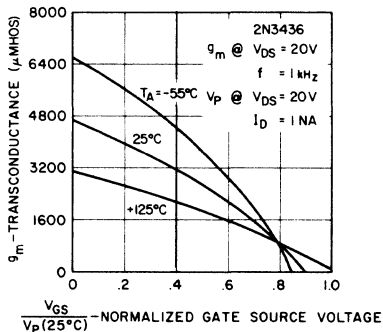
TWX: (910) 379-6494

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Capacitance 2N3436, 2N3458 2N3437, 2N3459 2N3438, 2N3460	$C_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 6.0\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = 4.0\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$		18 18 18	pf
Output Capacitance 2N3436-38 2N3458-60	$C_{os}$	$V_{DS} = 30\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		6.0 5.0	pf
Drain-Gate Capacitance	$C_{DG}$	$V_{DG} = 10\text{ V}, I_s = 0$ $f = 140\text{ kHz}$		5.0	pf
Source-Gate Capacitance	$C_{SG}$	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = 0$ $f = 140\text{ kHz}$		5.0	pf
Noise Figure 2N3458 2N3459 2N3460 2N3436-38 2N3458-60	NF	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, R_G = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega$ BW = 6.0 Hz, $f = 20\text{ Hz}$  $V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, R_G = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega$ BW = 6.0 Hz, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$		6.0 2.0 1.5 2.0 1.0	db

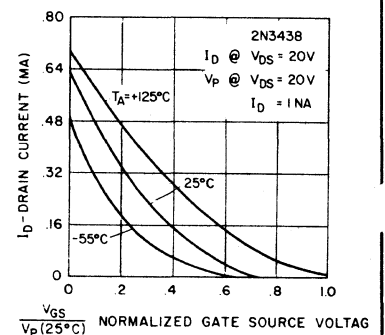
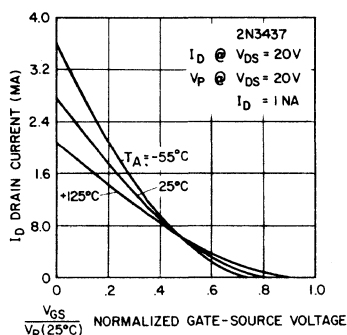
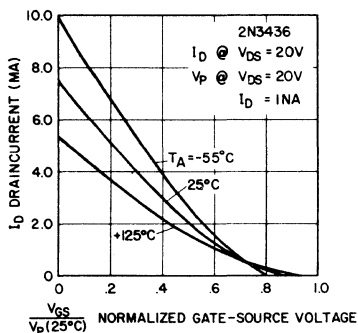
### COMMON SOURCE-DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS



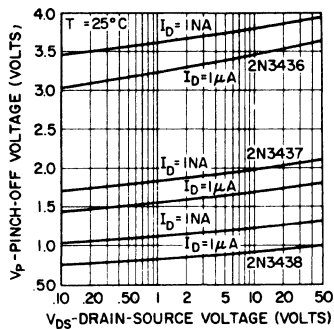
### TRANSCONDUCTANCE VS NORMALIZED GATE-SOURCE VOLTAGE



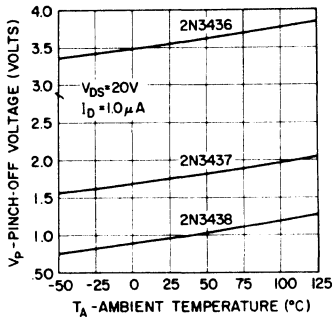
### DRAIN CURRENT VS NORMALIZED GATE-SOURCE VOLTAGE



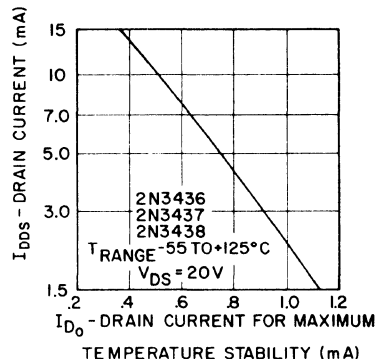
Pinch Off Voltage  
vs  
Drain-Source Voltage



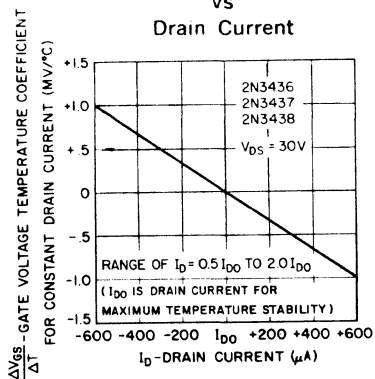
Pinch Off Voltage  
vs  
Temperature



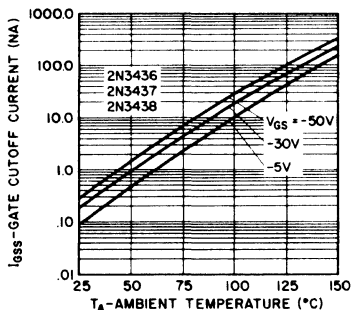
Drain Current for  
Maximum Temperature  
Stability  
vs  
IDSS



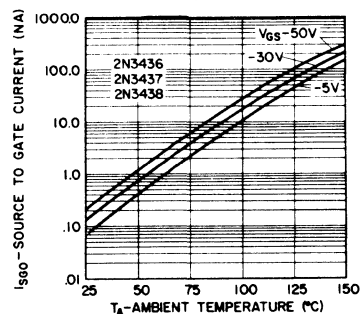
Gate Voltage Temperature  
Coefficient for Constant  
Drain Current  
vs  
Drain Current



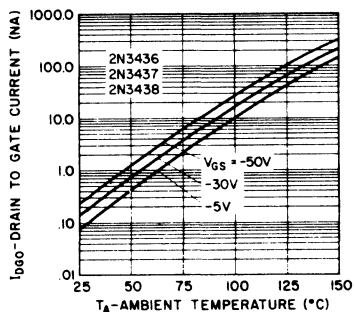
Gate Cutoff Current  
vs  
Temperature



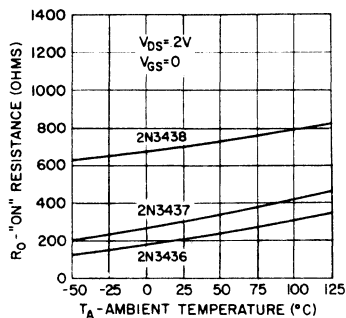
Source-Gate  
Reverse Current  
vs  
Temperature



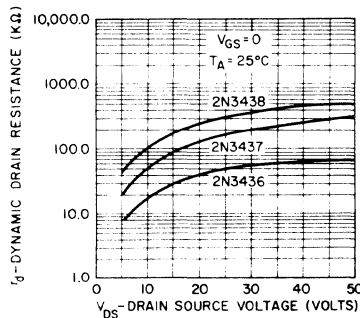
Drain-Gate  
Reverse Current  
vs  
Temperature



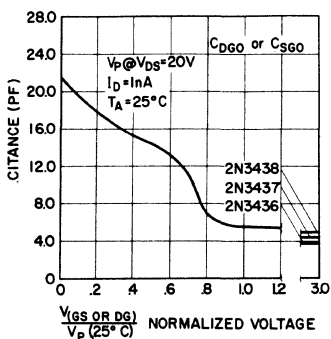
"On" Resistance  
vs  
Temperature



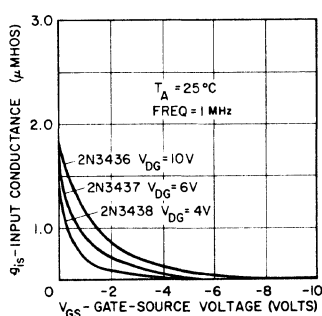
Dynamic Resistance  
vs  
Drain-Source Voltage



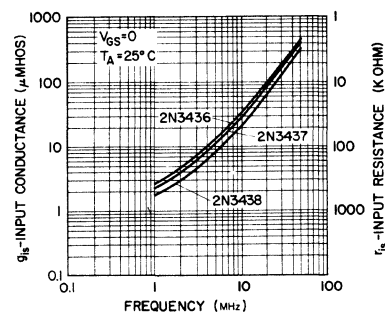
Junction Capacitance  
vs  
Normalized Bias



Input Conductance  
vs  
Gate-Source Voltage

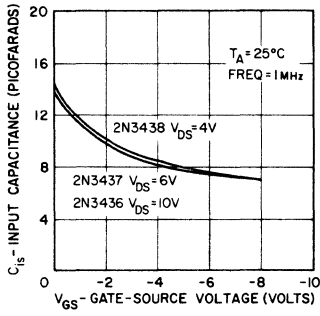


Input Conductance  
vs  
Frequency

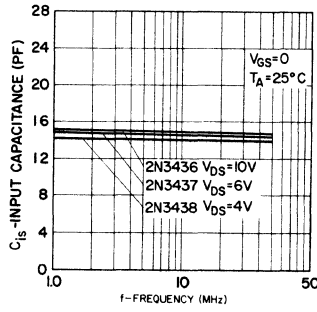




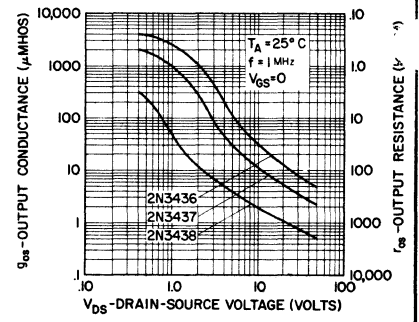
**Input Capacitance vs Source-Gate Voltage**



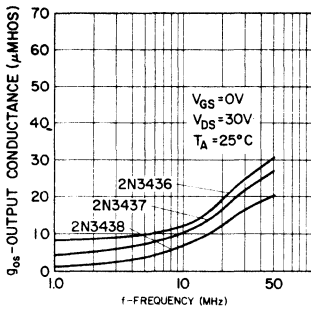
**Input Capacitance vs Frequency**



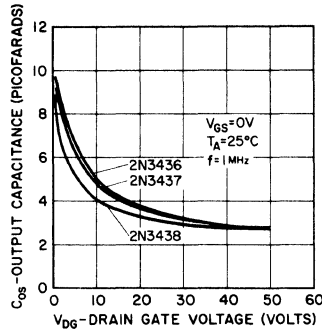
**Output Conductance vs Drain-Source Voltage**



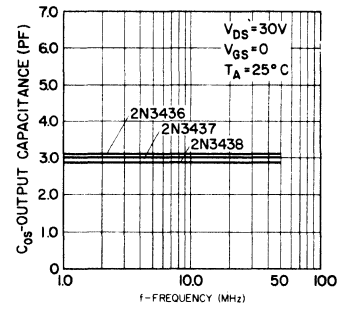
**Output Conductance vs Frequency**



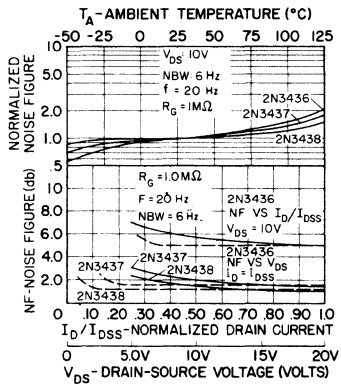
**Output Capacitance vs Drain-Source Voltage**



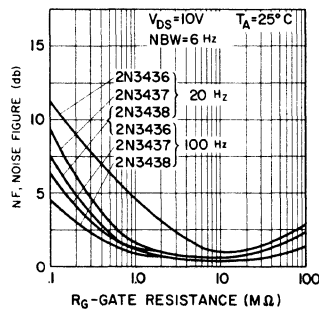
**Output Capacitance vs Frequency**



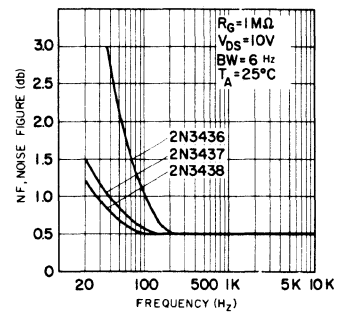
**Noise Figure vs Drain Current and Temperature**



**Noise Figure vs Gate Resistance**



**Noise Figure vs Frequency**





# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

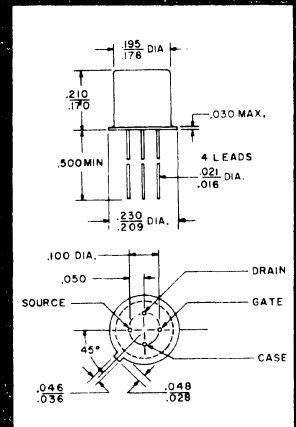
- LOW NOISE
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE
- LOW LEAKAGE

JANUARY 1968

**2N3452**  
**THRU**  
**2N3457**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +200	°C
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	°C
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mW
Derating Factor above 25°C @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.7	mW/°C



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DGO}$	$I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_S = 0$	50		Volts
Total Gate Leakage Current 2N3452-54 2N3455-57 2N3452-54 2N3455-57	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -30 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = -30 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.1 0.04 400 150	nA
Saturation Current 2N3452, 2N3455 2N3453, 2N3456 2N3454, 2N3457	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	0.8 0.2 0.05	4.0 1.0 0.25	mA
Pinch Off Voltage 2N3452, 2N3455 2N3453, 2N3456 2N3454, 2N3457	$V_P$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.5 \text{ nA}$		10 5.0 2.5	Volts
Transconductance 2N3452 2N3453 2N3454 2N3455 2N3456 2N3457	$g_m$	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	200 150 100 400 300 150	1200 900 600 1200 900 600	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Conductance 2N3452, 2N3455 2N3453, 2N3456 2N3454, 2N3457	$g_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 12 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 8.0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 4.0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		1.0 1.0 1.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Conductance 2N3452, 2N3455 2N3453, 2N3456 2N3454, 2N3457	$g_{os}$	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		15 5.0 3.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$



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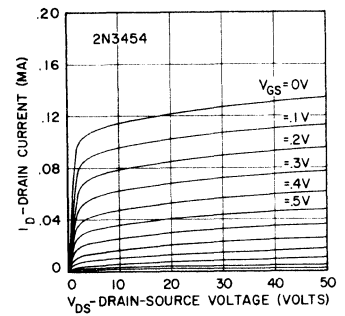
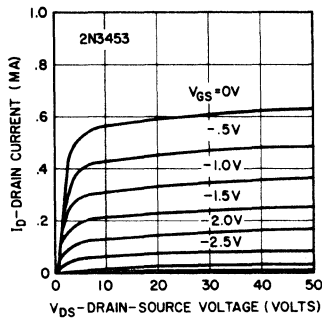
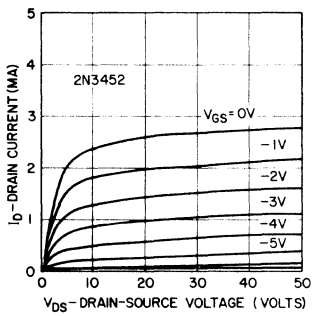
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Phone (415) 968-9241

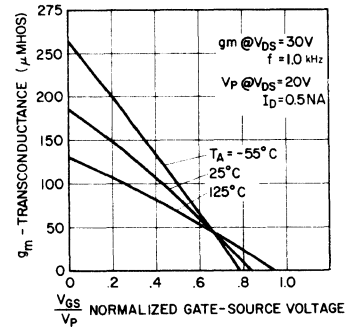
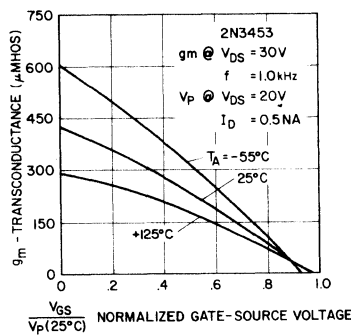
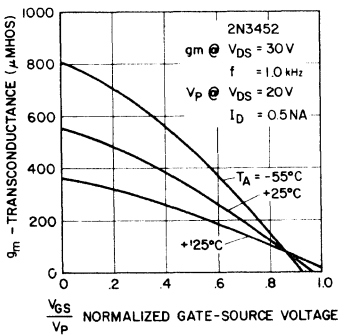
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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Capacitance 2N3452 2N3455 2N3453 2N3456 2N3454 2N3457	$C_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 12\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 8.0\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 4.0\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		6.0 5.0 6.0 5.0 6.0 5.0	pf
Output Capacitance	$C_{os}$	$V_{DS} = 30\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		1.5	pf
Drain-Gate Capacitance 2N3452-54 2N3455-57	$C_{DG}$	$V_{DG} = 10\text{ V}, I_S = 0$ $f = 140\text{ kHz}$		1.2 1.0	pf
Source-Gate Capacitance 2N3452-54 2N3455-57	$C_{SG}$	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = 0$ $f = 140\text{ kHz}$		1.8 1.5	pf
Noise Figure 2N3455-57 2N3452 2N3453 2N3454 2N3455-57 2N3452-54	NF	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, R_G = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega$ $BW = 6.0\text{ Hz}, f = 20\text{ Hz}$  $V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, R_G = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega$ $BW = 6.0\text{ Hz}, f = 100\text{ Hz}$		4.0 6.0 (Typ.) 5.0 (Typ.) 4.0 (Typ.) 1.0 2.0	db

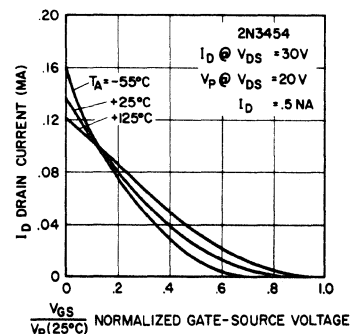
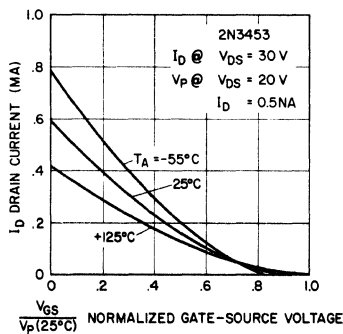
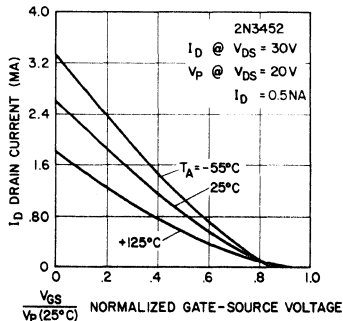
### COMMON SOURCE — DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS



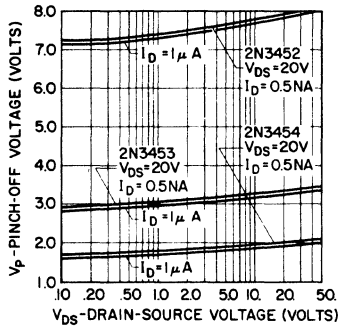
### TRANSCONDUCTANCE VS NORMALIZED GATE - SOURCE VOLTAGE



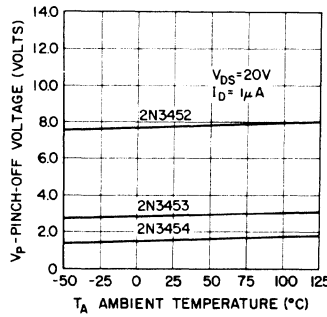
### DRAIN CURRENT VS NORMALIZED GATE - SOURCE VOLTAGE



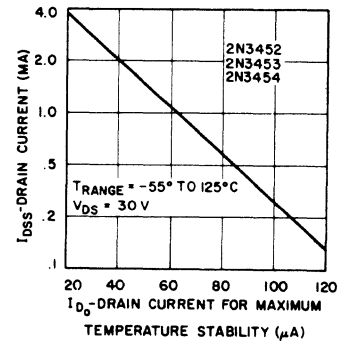
Pinch Off Voltage  
vs  
Drain-Source Voltage



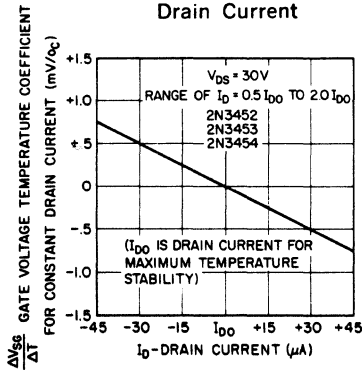
Pinch Off Voltage  
vs  
Temperature



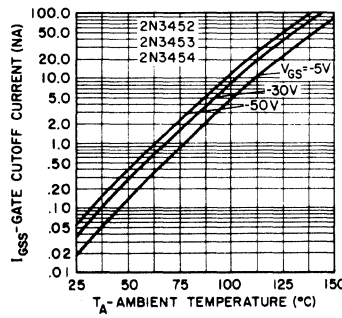
Drain Current for  
Maximum Temperature  
Stability  
vs  
IDSS



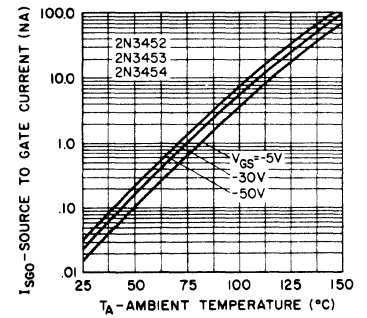
Gate Voltage Temperature  
Coefficient for Constant  
Drain Current  
vs  
Drain Current



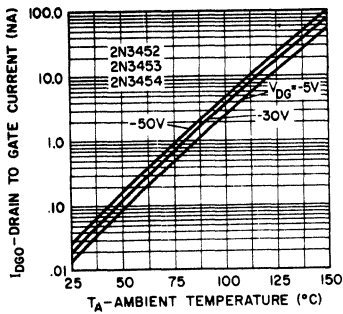
Gate Cutoff Current  
vs  
Temperature



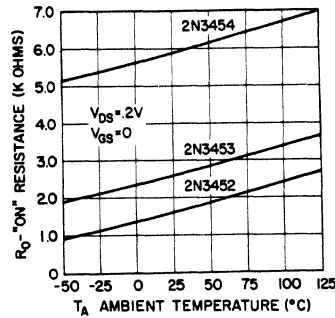
Source-Gate  
Reverse Current  
vs  
Temperature



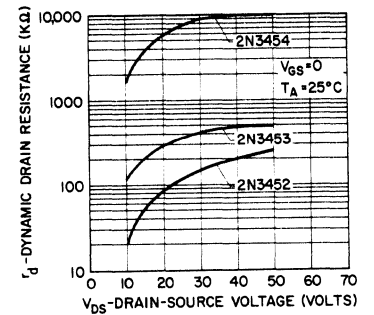
Drain-Gate  
Reverse Current  
vs  
Temperature



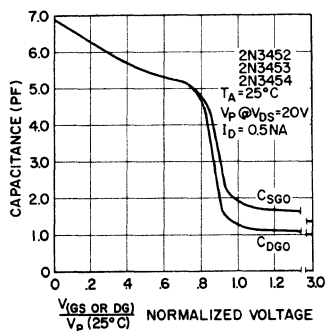
"On" Resistance  
vs  
Temperature



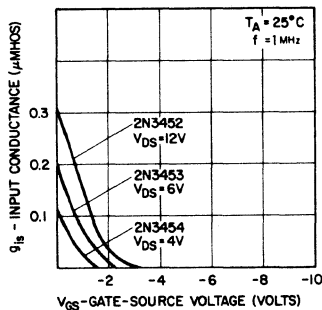
Dynamic Resistance  
vs  
Drain-Source Voltage



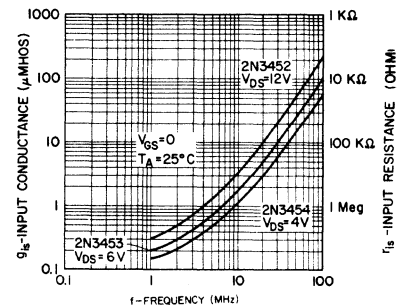
Junction Capacitance  
vs  
Normalized Bias



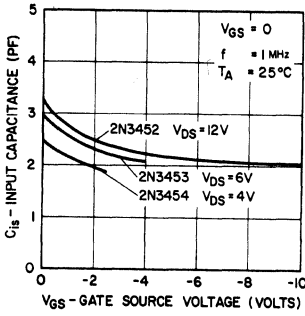
Input Conductance  
vs  
Gate-Source Voltage



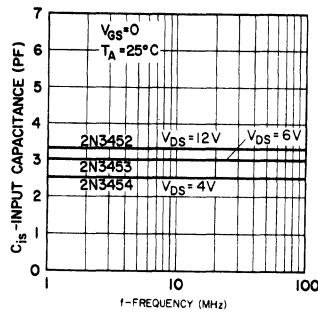
Input Conductance  
vs  
Frequency



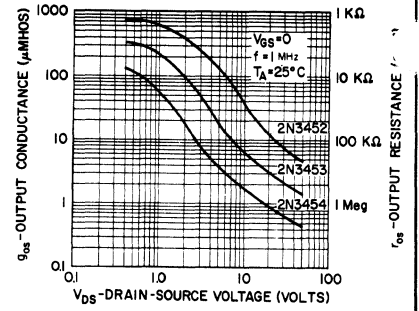
**Input Capacitance vs Source-Gate Voltage**



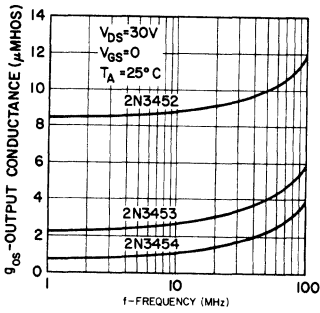
**Input Capacitance vs Frequency**



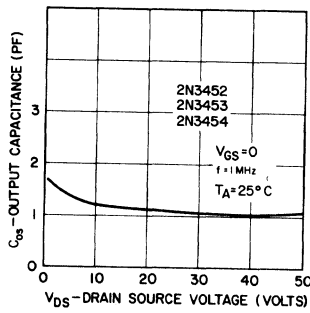
**Output Conductance vs Drain-Source Voltage**



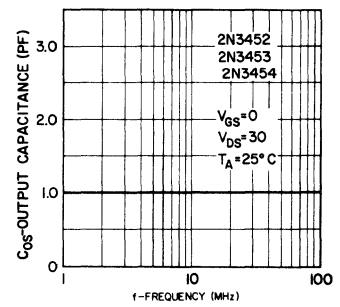
**Output Conductance vs Frequency**



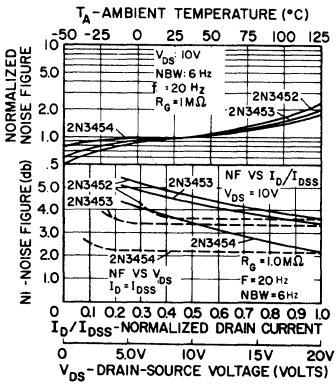
**Output Capacitance vs Drain-Source Voltage**



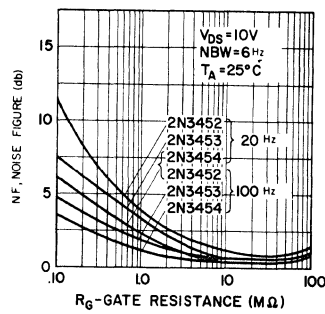
**Output Capacitance vs Frequency**



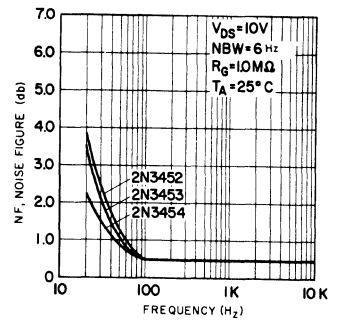
**Noise Figure vs Drain Current Drain-Source Voltage and Temperature**

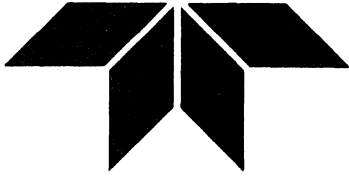


**Noise Figure vs Gate Resistance**



**Noise Figure vs Frequency**





# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR RF/IF AMPLIFIER

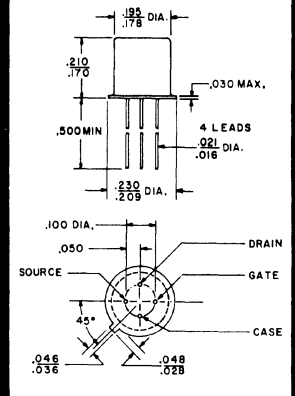
- LOW NOISE
- HIGH TRANSCONDUCTANCE
- LOW CAPACITANCE

JANUARY 1968

**2N3823**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	30	Volts
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	30	Volts
Gate Current	$I_G$	10	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mW
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.0	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 seconds max.		300	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	30		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$I_D = 50 \text{ nA}, V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$		8.0	Volts
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$I_D = 0.4 \text{ mA}, V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$	1.0	7.5	Volts
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.50 500	nA
Zero-Gate-Voltage Current	$I_{DSS}^*$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	4.0	20	mA
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		6.0	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		2.0	pf
Forward Transfer Admittance	$ Y_{fs} ^*$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$	3500 3200	6500	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Admittance	$Y_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$		800	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance	$ Y_{os} ^*$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$		35 200	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $R_S = 1000 \Omega, f = 100 \text{ MHz}$		2.5	db

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 100 ms; Duty Cycle = 10%.



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# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

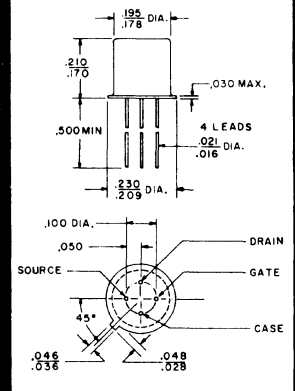
- LOW NOISE
- LOW CAPACITANCE
- FAST SWITCHING SPEEDS

JANUARY 1968

**2N3966-69**  
THRU  
**2N3967A-69A**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	30	Volts
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	30	Volts
Gate Current	$I_G$	10	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.3	Watts
Derating Factor Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.71	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{IBR(GSS)}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	30		Volts
Gate-Source Voltage 2N3967, 2N3967A 2N3968, 2N3968A 2N3969, 2N3969A	$V_{GS}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.25 \text{ mA}$ $V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.04 \text{ mA}$	1.0 0.5 0.3	4.5 2.8 1.6	Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage 2N3966 2N3967, 2N3967A 2N3968, 2N3968A 2N3969, 2N3969A	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 10 \text{ nA}$ $V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \text{ nA}$	4.0 2.0	6.0 5.0 3.0 1.7	Volts
Drain Cutoff Current 2N3966 2N3966	$I_{D(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -7.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -7.0 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.0 2.0	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Gate-Drain Leakage Current 2N3966 2N3966	$I_{DGO}$	$V_{DG} = 20 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$ $V_{DG} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.1 0.2	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.1 0.2	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Zero-Gate-Voltage Drain Current 2N3966 2N3967, 2N3967A 2N3968, 2N3968A 2N3969, 2N3969A	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	2.0 2.5 1.0 0.4	10 5.0 2.0	mA
Drain-Source "ON" Resistance 2N3966 2N3967, 2N3967A 2N3968, 2N3968A	$r_{ds(ON)}$	$V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		220 400 700	Ohms
Rise Time 2N3966	$t_r$	See Figures 1 & 2		100	nsec
Turn-on Delay Time 2N3966	$t_d$	See Figures 1 & 2		20	nsec
Turn-off Time 2N3966	$t_{off}$	See Figures 1 & 2		100	nsec



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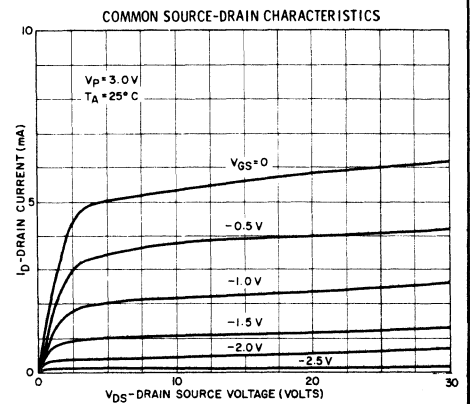
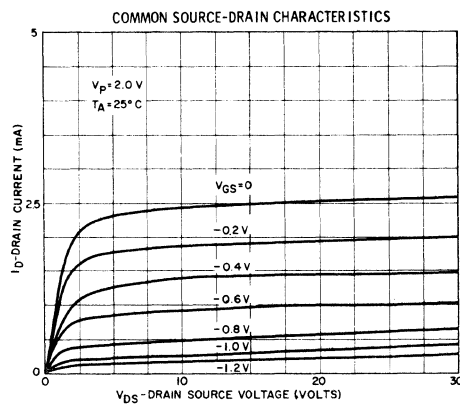
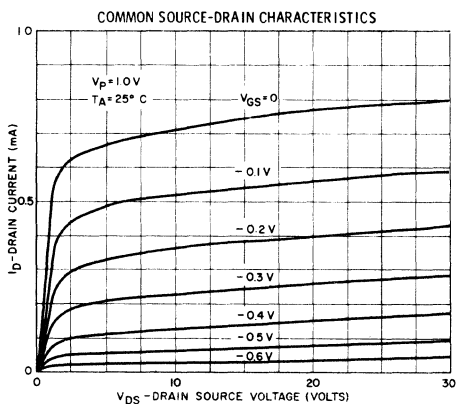
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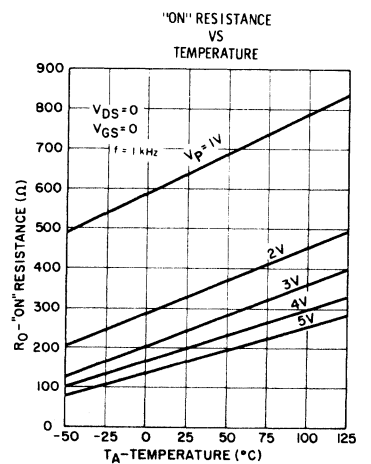
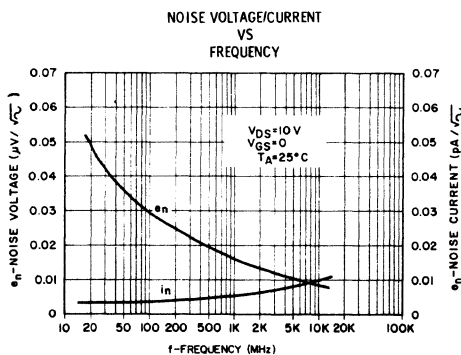
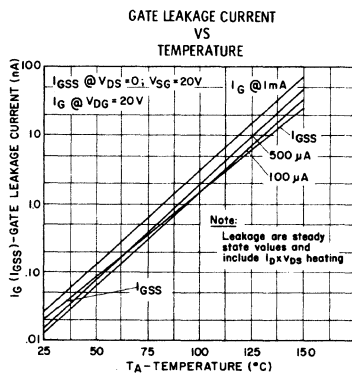
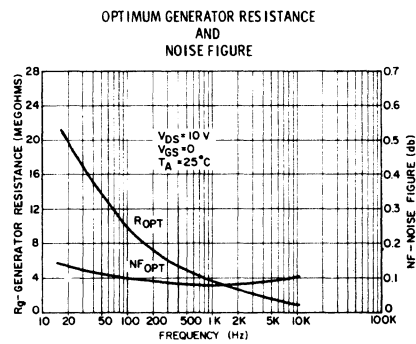
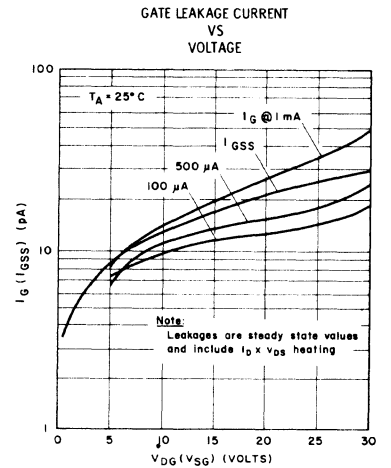
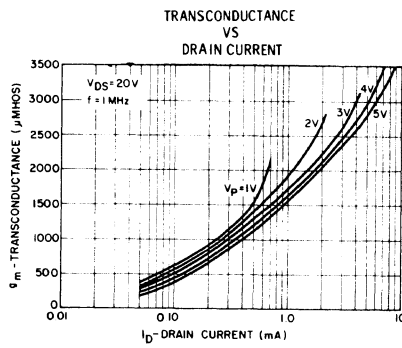
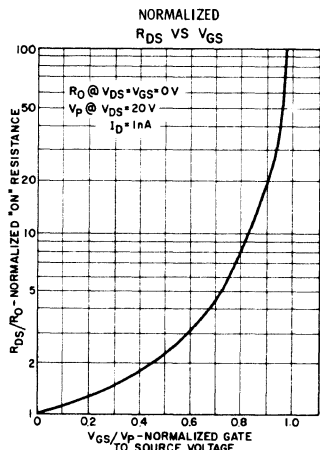
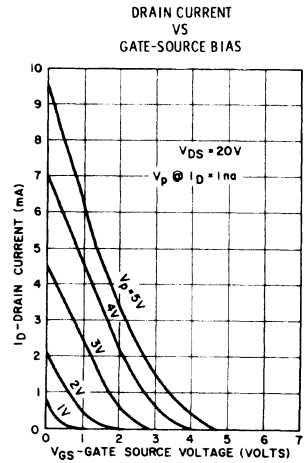
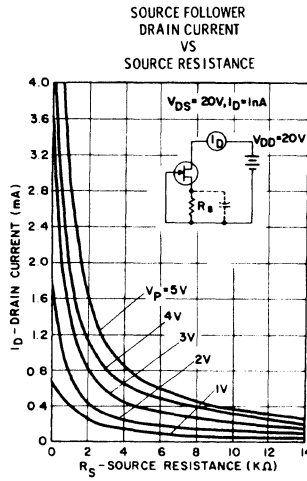
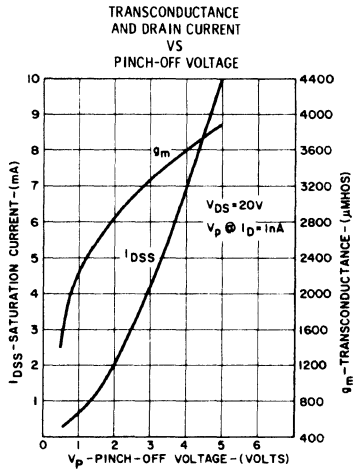
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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Capacitance 2N3966 2N3967A 2N3968A 2N3969, 2N3969A	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 0.25\text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 0.10\text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 0.04\text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		6.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance 2N3966 2N3967, 2N3967A 2N3968, 2N3968A 2N3969, 2N3969A	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = 7.0\text{ V}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 1.0\text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 0.5\text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 0.2\text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		1.5 1.3 1.3 1.3	pf
Transadmittance 2N3967, 2N3967A 2N3968, 2N3968A 2N3969, 2N3969A	$Y_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$	2500 2000 1300		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Forward Transadmittance 2N3967, 2N3967A 2N3968, 2N3968A 2N3969, 2N3969A	$Y_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 0.25\text{ mA}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 0.10\text{ mA}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 0.04\text{ mA}$	1600 1400 950	2400 2000 1450	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Forward Transadmittance 2N3967, 2N3967A 2N3968, 2N3968A 2N3969, 2N3969A	$Y_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 10\text{ MHz}$	1600 1400 950		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance 2N3967, 2N3967A 2N3968, 2N3968A 2N3969, 2N3969A	$Y_{os}$	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 0.25\text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 0.10\text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = 0.04\text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		35 15 5.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure 2N3967-2N3969A 2N3967A, 68A, 69A 2N3967A, 68A, 69A	NF	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $R_G = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega$ $f = 100\text{ Hz}$ $BW = 6\text{ Hz}$ $V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $R_G = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega$ $f = 10\text{ Hz}$ $BW = 6\text{ Hz}$ $V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $R_G = 1.0\text{ M}\Omega$ $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$ $BW = 200\text{ Hz}$		1.5 4.0 1.0	db





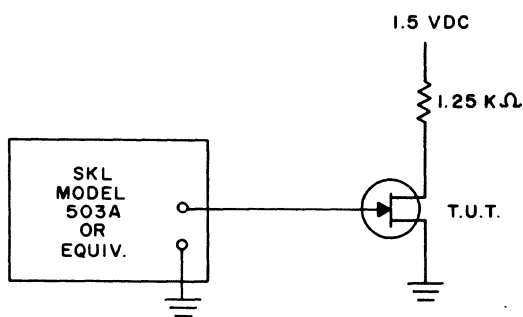
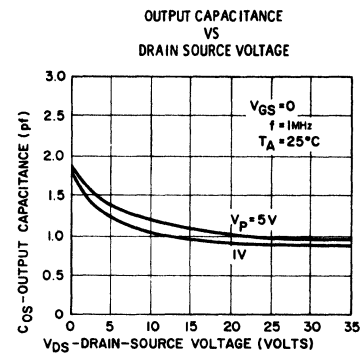
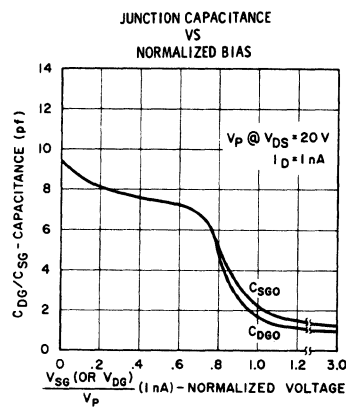
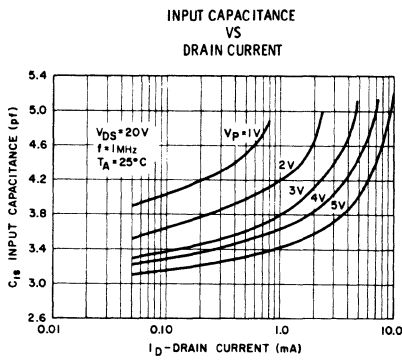
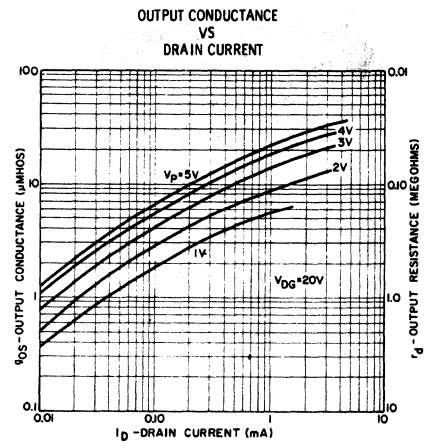
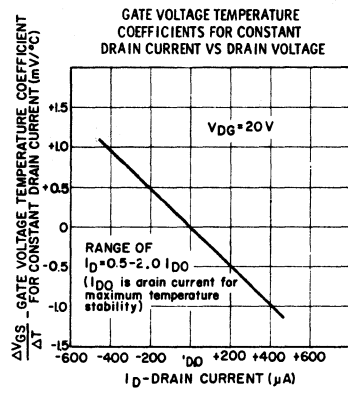
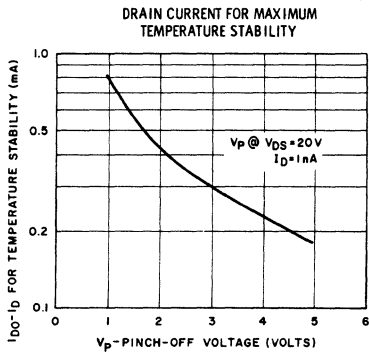


FIGURE 1

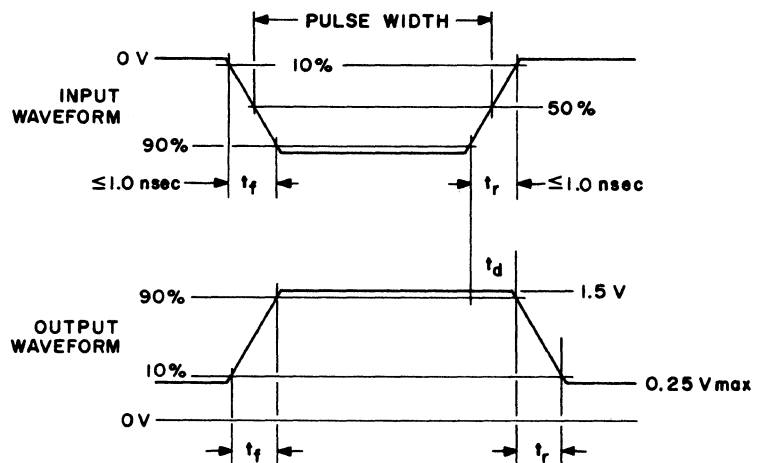


FIGURE 2



# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

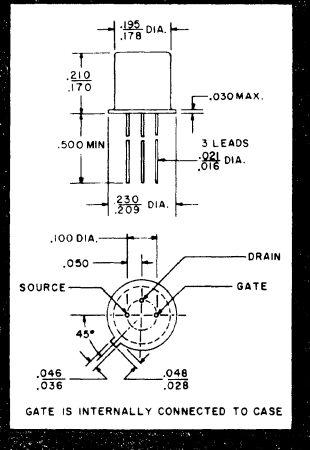
- HIGH TRANSCONDUCTANCE
- LOW LEAKAGE
- LOW NOISE

JANUARY 1968

## 2N4139

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Gate Current	$I_G$	10	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mW
Derating Factor Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.7	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DGO}$	$I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_S = 0$	50		Volts
Source-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{SGO}$	$I_S = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_D = 0$	50		Volts
Total Gate Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -30 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = -30 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0, T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.0 1.0	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Saturation Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	8.0	11	mA
Pinch Off Voltage	$V_P$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \text{ nA}$	2.0	8.0	Volts
Transconductance	$g_m$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$	3500 3000	7000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Short-circuit, common-source input conductance	$G_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		4.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Conductance	$g_{os}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		35	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		18	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		5.0	pf
Drain to Gate Capacitance	$C_{DG}$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		5.0	pf
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{gs} = 0, R_G = 1.0 \text{ M}\Omega$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}, BV = 6.0 \text{ Hz}$		2.0	db



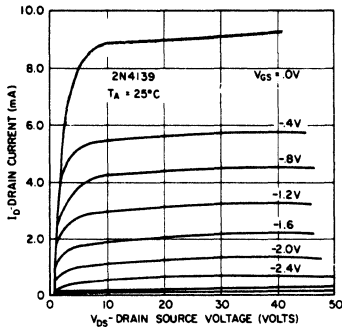
AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR 1300 Terra Bella Ave. • Mountain View • Calif. 94040

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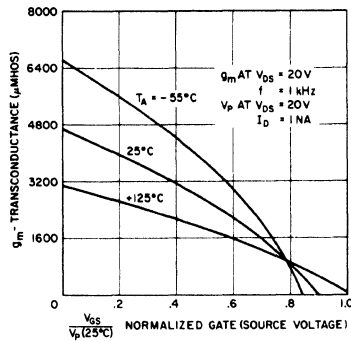
Phone (415) 968-9241

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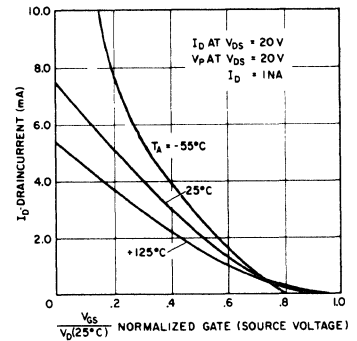
### Common Source-Drain Characteristics



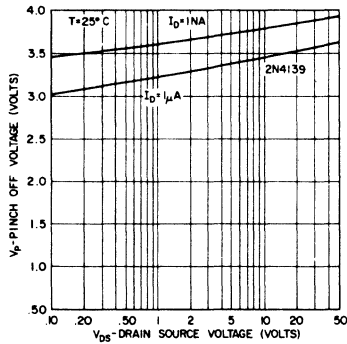
### Transconductance vs Normalized Gate-Source Voltage



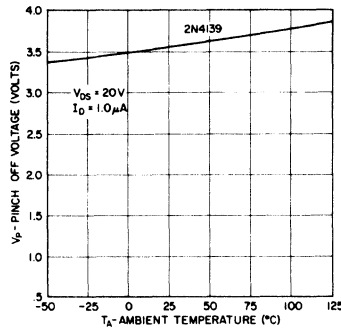
### Drain Current vs Normalized Gate-Source Voltage



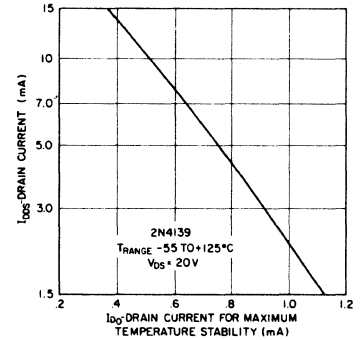
### Pinch Off Voltage vs Drain-Source Voltage



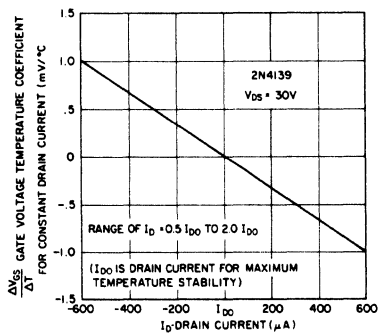
### Pinch Off Voltage vs Temperature



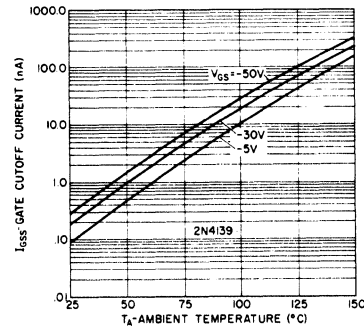
### Drain Current for Maximum Temperature Stability vs IDSS



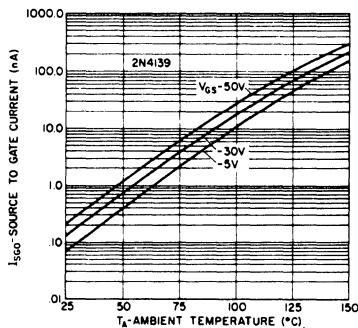
### Gate Voltage Temperature Coefficient for Constant Drain Current vs Drain Current



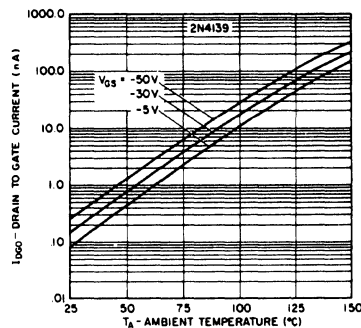
### Gate Cutoff Current vs Temperature



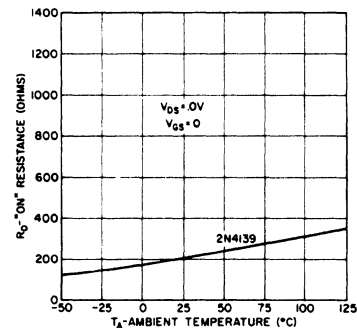
Source-Gate Reverse Current  
VS  
Temperature



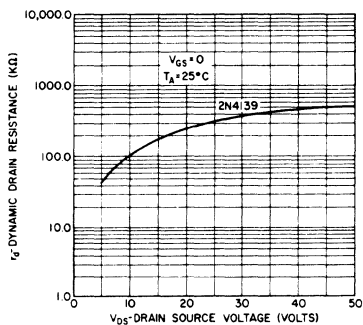
Drain-Gate Reverse Current  
VS  
Temperature



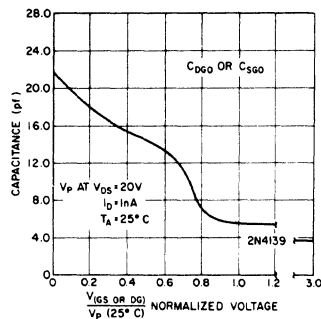
"On" Resistance  
VS  
Temperature



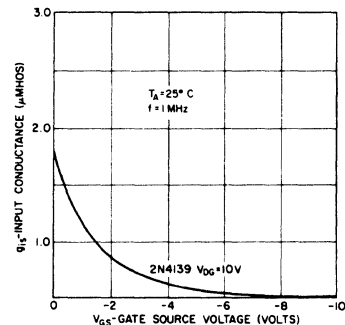
Dynamic Resistance  
VS  
Drain-Source Voltage



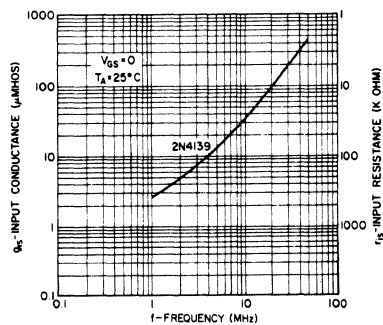
Junction Capacity  
VS  
Normalized Bias



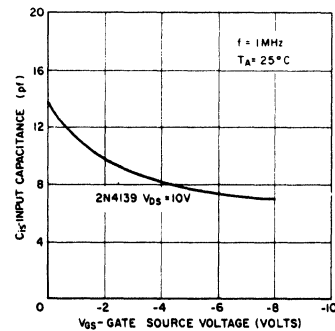
Input Conductance  
VS  
Gate-Source Voltage



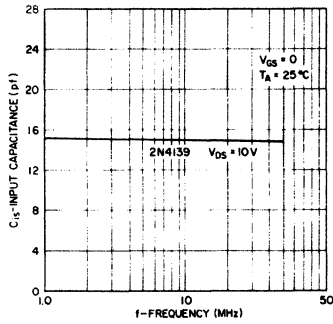
Input Conductance  
VS  
Frequency



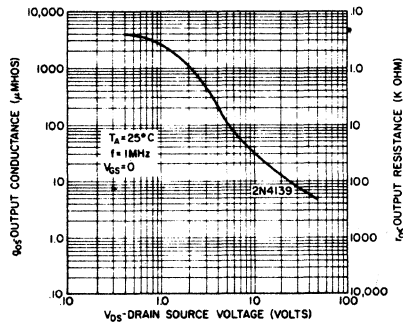
Input Capacity  
VS  
Source-Gate Voltage



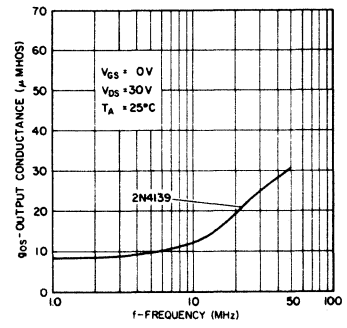
Input Capacity  
VS  
Frequency



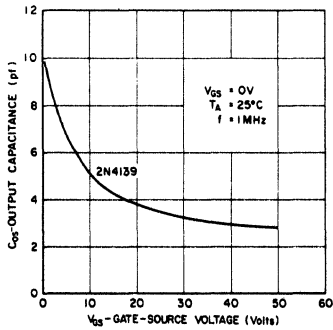
Output Conductance  
VS  
Drain-Source Voltage



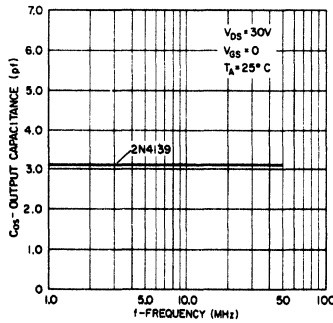
Output Conductance  
VS  
Frequency



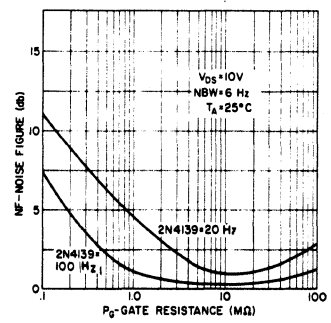
Output Capacitance  
VS  
Drain-Source Voltage



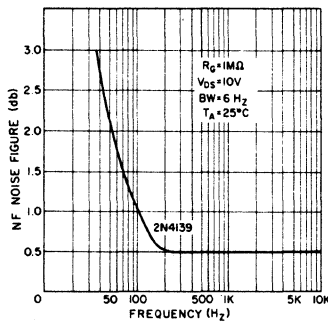
Output Capacitance  
VS  
Frequency

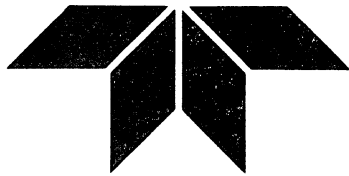


Noise Figure  
VS  
Gate Resistance



Noise Figure  
VS  
Frequency





# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

## RF/IF AMPLIFIER

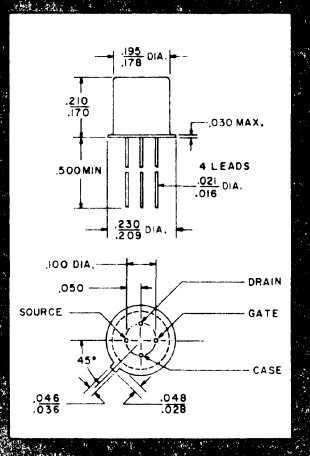
- HIGH TRANSCONDUCTANCE
- LOW LEAKAGE
- LOW NOISE

JANUARY 1968

**2N4223**  
**2N4224**

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	30	Volts
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	-30	Volts
Drain Current	$I_D$	20	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mW
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+175	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25 °C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GS}$	$I_G = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	-30		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage 2N4223 2N4224	$V_{GS(off)}$	$I_D = 0.25 \text{ nA}, V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ $I_D = 0.50 \text{ nA}, V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$		-8 -8	Volts
Gate-Source Voltage 2N4223 2N4224	$V_{GS}$	$I_D = 0.3 \text{ mA}, V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ $I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}, V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$	-1.0 -1.0	-7.0 -7.5	Volts
Gate Reverse Current 2N4223 2N4224 2N4223 2N4224	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0, T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$		-0.25 -0.50 -250 -500	nA
Zero-Gate-Voltage Drain Current 2N4223 2N4224	$I_{DSS}^*$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	3 2	18 20	mA
Input Conductance	$Y_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$		800	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Conductance	$Y_{os}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$		200	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Small-Signal Power Gain 2N4223	$G_{ps}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ (Figure 1)	10		db
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		6	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		2	pf
Forward Transfer Admittance 2N4223 2N4224 2N4223 2N4224	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$	3000 2000 2700 1700	7000 7500	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure 2N4223	NF	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0, R_S = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ (Figure 1)		5	db

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 630 \text{ ms}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 10\%$



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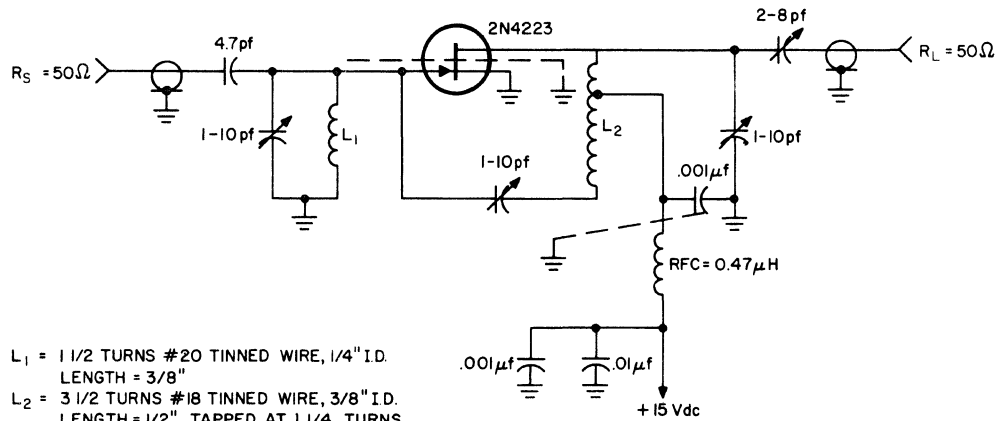
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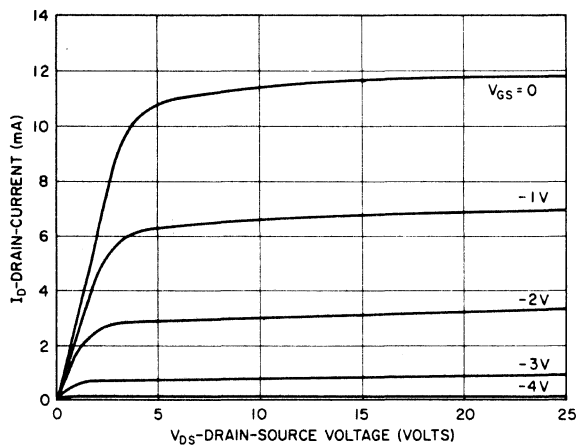


Figure 1. Noise Figure and Power Gain Test Circuit

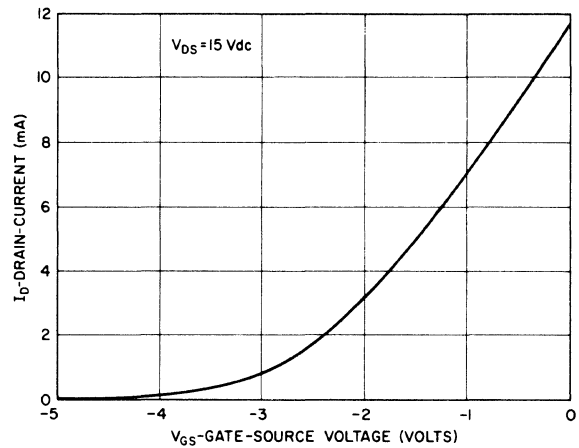


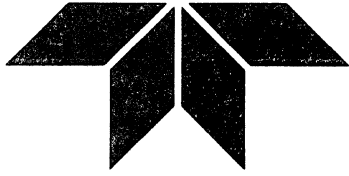
$L_1 = 1\ 1/2$  TURNS #20 TINNED WIRE,  $1/4$ " I.D.  
 LENGTH =  $3/8$ "  
 $L_2 = 3\ 1/2$  TURNS #18 TINNED WIRE,  $3/8$ " I.D.  
 LENGTH =  $1/2$ ", TAPPED AT  $1\ 1/4$  TURNS  
 FROM DRAIN

Drain Characteristics



Common Source Transfer Characteristics





# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

## GENERAL PURPOSE

- LOW NOISE
- LOW LEAKAGE
- LOW CAPACITANCE

JANUARY 1968

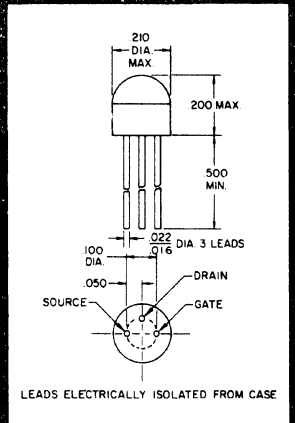
**2N4302**

**2N4303**

**2N4304**

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	30	Volts
Reverse-Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	20	Volts
Gate Current	$I_G$	10	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mW
Derating Factor Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.5	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	125	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	30		Volts
Total Gate Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0, T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$		1.0 0.1	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Saturation Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	0.5 4.0 0.5	5.0 10 15	mA
Pinch Off Voltage	$V_p$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 10 \text{ nA}$		4.0 6.0 10	Volts
Transconductance	$g_m$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	1000 2000 1000		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Conductance	$g_{os}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		50	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		6.0	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		3.0	pf
Drain-Gate Capacitance	$C_{DG}$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_s = 0$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		2.0	pf
Magnitude of Small Signal, Common Source, Short Circuit, forward Transadmittance	$Y_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 10 \text{ MHz}$	700 1400 700		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, R_G = 1.0 \text{ M}\Omega$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{GS} = 0, \text{ BW} = 200 \text{ Hz}$		2.0 2.0 3.0	db



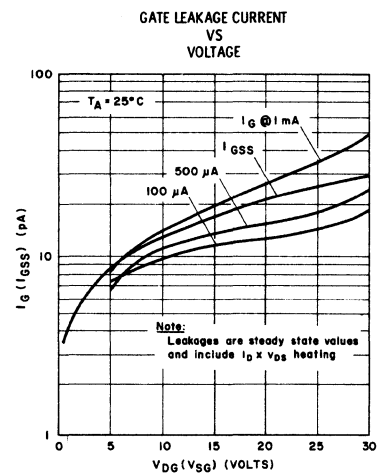
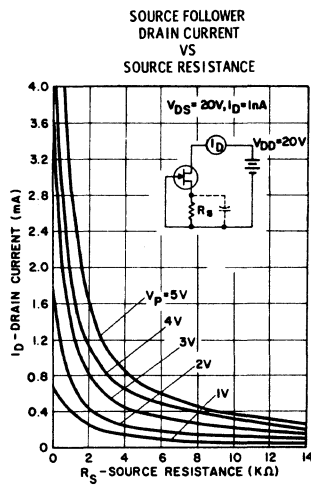
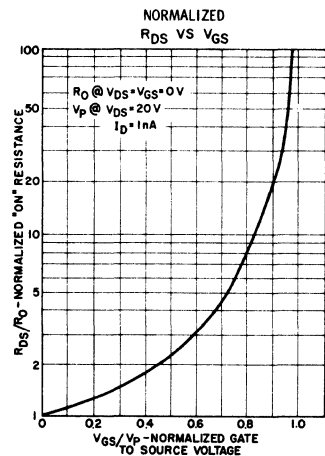
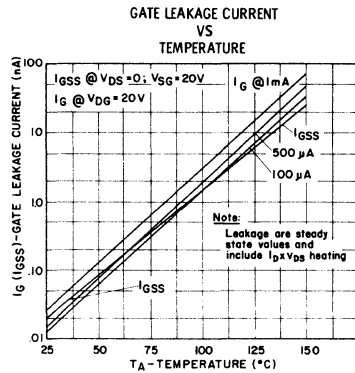
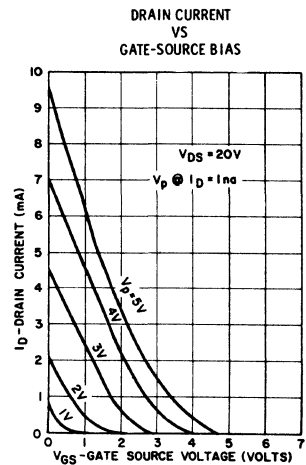
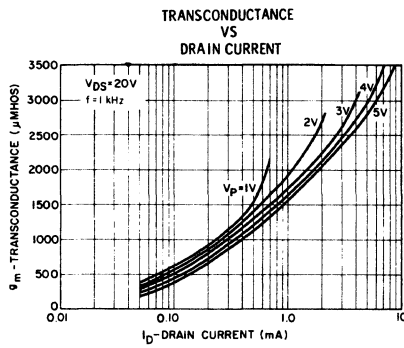
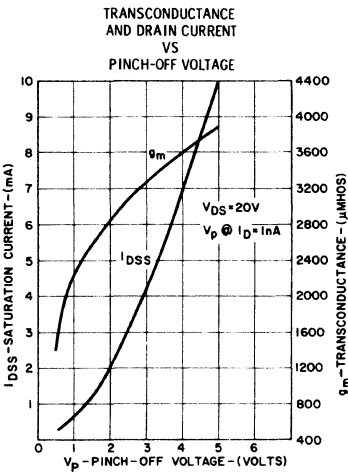
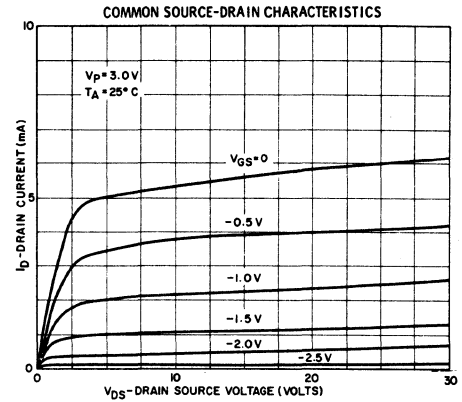
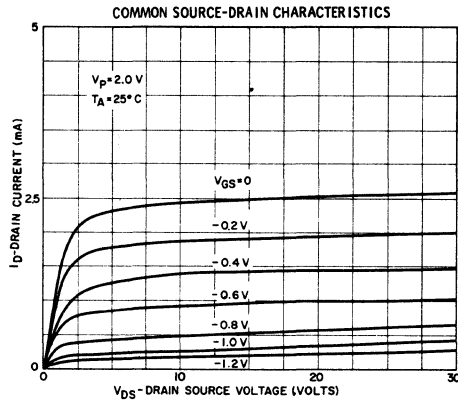
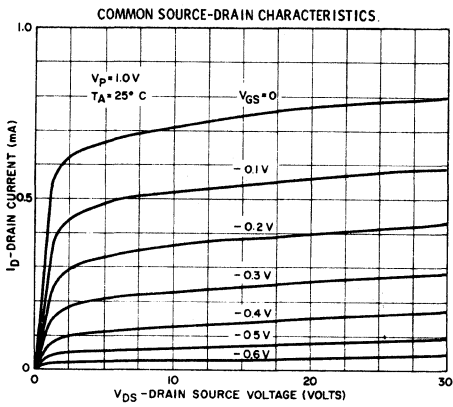
**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR**

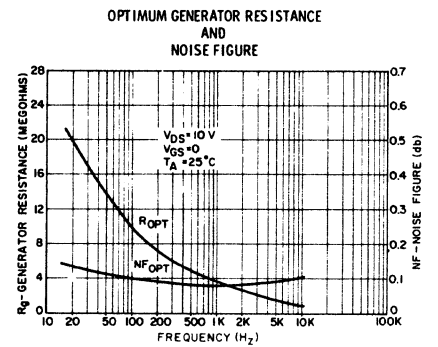
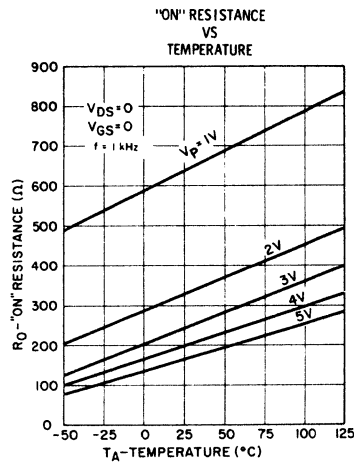
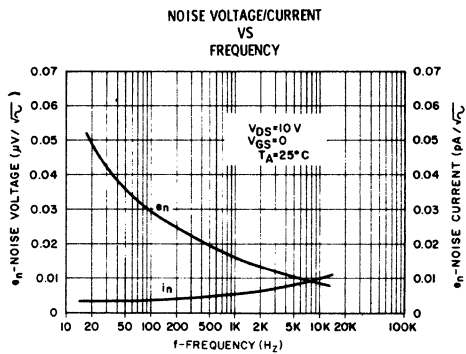
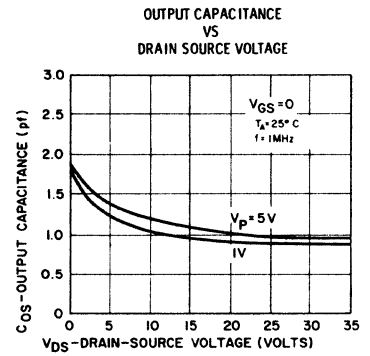
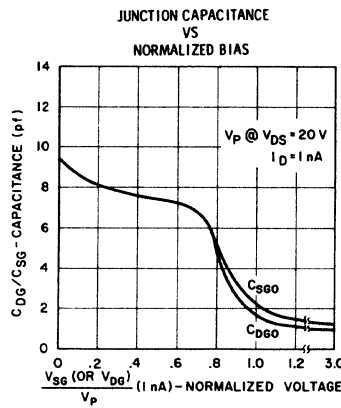
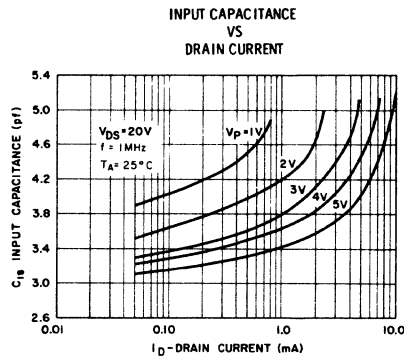
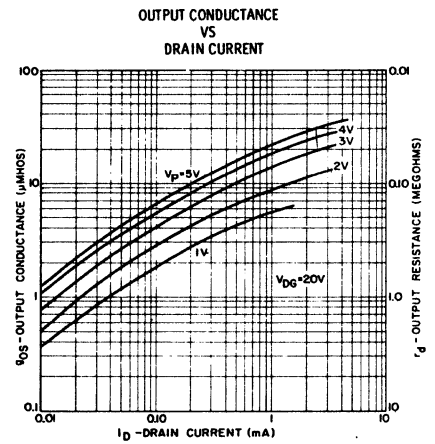
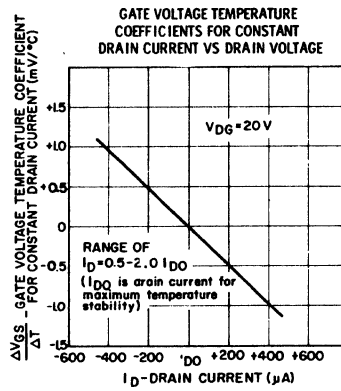
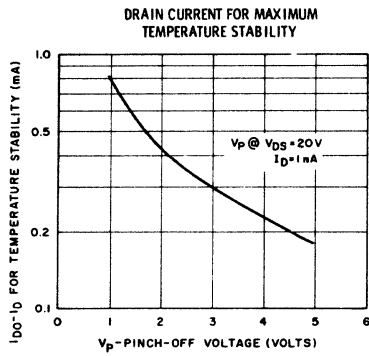
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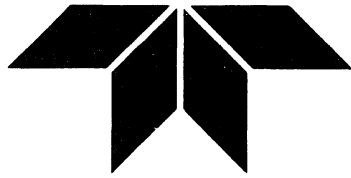
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# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR RF/IF AMPLIFIER

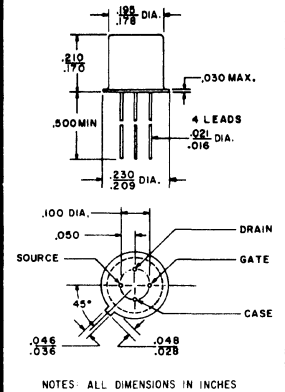
- HIGH TRANSCONDUCTANCE
- LOW CAPACITANCE
- LOW NOISE

NOVEMBER 1968

**2N4416**  
**2N4416A**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
		2N4416	2N4416A	
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	-30	-35	Volts
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	35	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	30	35	Volts
Drain Current	$I_D$	30		mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.3		Watts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.7		mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 seconds max.		+300		$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage 2N4416 2N4416A	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}$ , $V_{DS} = 0$	30 35		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage 2N4416 2N4416A	$V_{GS(off)}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = 1.0 \text{ nA}$	-2.5	-6.0 -6.0	Volts
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = 0.5 \text{ mA}$	-1.0	-5.5	Volts
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -20 \text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = -20 \text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0$ , $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		-0.1 -0.2	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Zero-Gate-Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$	5.0	15	mA
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		4.0	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		0.8	pf
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		2.0	pf
Forward Transadmittance	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	4500	7500	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance	$ Y_{os} $	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		50	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Conductance	$\text{RE}(Y_{is})$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400 \text{ MHz}$		1000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Susceptance	$\text{IM}(Y_{is})$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400 \text{ MHz}$		10000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Conductance	$\text{RE}(Y_{is})$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$		100	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Susceptance	$\text{IM}(Y_{is})$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$		2500	$\mu\text{mhos}$



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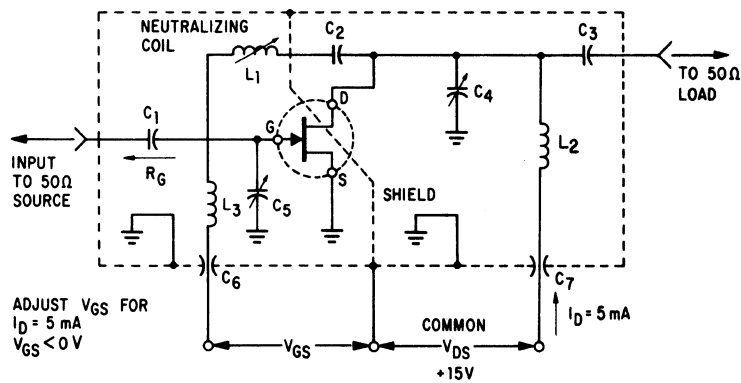
A TELEDYNE COMPANY

PHONE: (415) 968-9241

TWX: (415) 969-9112

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Conductance	$RE(Y_{os})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400\text{ MHz}$		100	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Susceptance	$IM(Y_{os})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400\text{ MHz}$		4000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Conductance	$RE(Y_{os})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}$		75	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Susceptance	$IM(Y_{os})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}$		1000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Forward Transconductance	$RE(Y_{fs})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400\text{ MHz}$	4000		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Power Gain	$G_{ps}$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 5\text{ mA}$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}$ (figure 1)	18		db
Power Gain	$G_{ps}$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 5\text{ mA}$ $f = 400\text{ MHz}$ (figure 1)	10		db
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 5\text{ mA}$ $R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega, f = 100\text{ MHz}$ (figure 1) $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 5\text{ mA}$ $R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega, f = 400\text{ MHz}$ (figure 1)		2.0 4.0	db

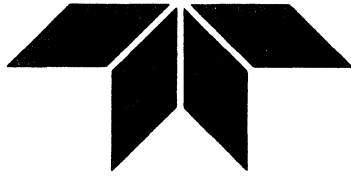


REF. DESIG.	VALUE	
	100 MHz	400 MHz
C1	7.0 pF	1.8 pF
C2	1000 pF	27 pF
C3	3.0 pF	1.0 pF
C4	1.0-12 pF	0.8-8 pF
C5	1.0-12 pF	0.8-8 pF
C6	0.0015 $\mu\text{F}$	0.001 $\mu\text{F}$
C7	0.0015 $\mu\text{F}$	0.001 $\mu\text{F}$
L1	3.0 $\mu\text{h}$	0.2 $\mu\text{h}$
L2	0.25 $\mu\text{h}$	0.03 $\mu\text{h}$
L3	0.14 $\mu\text{h}$	0.022 $\mu\text{h}$

### 100 MHz & 400 MHz NEUTRALIZED AMPLIFIER

Figure 1





# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

## HIGH VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER

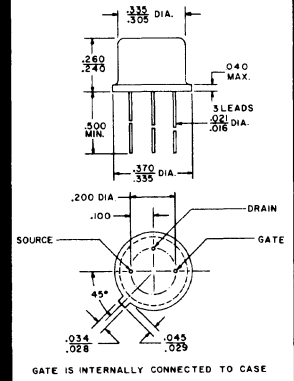
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE
- LOW LEAKAGE
- LOW CAPACITANCE

JANUARY 1968

**2N4881**  
THRU  
**2N4886**

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING			UNIT
		2N4881-2	2N4883-4	2N4885-6	
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	300	200	125	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	300	200	125	Volts
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	100	100	75	Volts
Gate Current	$I_G$	10			mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	800			mW
Derating Factor Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		4.57			mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200			$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200			$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 sec. max.		300			$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage 2N4881-4 2N4885-6	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	100 75		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage 2N4881-2 2N4883-6	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, I_D = 2.0 \text{ nA}$ $V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \text{ nA}$	0.5 0.5	15 10	Volts
Gate-Source Voltage 2N4881 2N4882 2N4883, 5 2N4884, 6	$V_{GS}$	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, I_D = 40 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, I_D = 150 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, I_D = 40 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, I_D = 150 \mu\text{A}$	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	14.5 14.5 9.5 9.5	Volts
Gate Reverse Current 2N4881-2 2N4883-6 2N4881-2 2N4883-6	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2.0 1.0 4.0 2.0	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Zero-Gate-Voltage Drain Current 2N4881, 3, 5 2N4882, 4, 6	$I_{DSS}^*$	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	0.4 1.5	2.0 7.5	mA
Drain-Source "ON" Resistance 2N4881, 3, 5 2N4882, 4, 6	$r_{DS}$	$I_D = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0$		5000 3000	Ohms
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		15	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		1.5	pf
Drain-Gate Capacitance	$C_{dgo}$	$V_{DG} = 50 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		1.5	pf
Forward Transfer Admittance 2N4881, 3, 5 2N4882, 4, 6	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	350 600	1000 1500	$\mu\text{mhos}$



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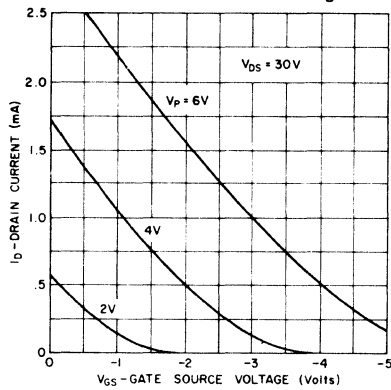
TWX: (910) 379-6494



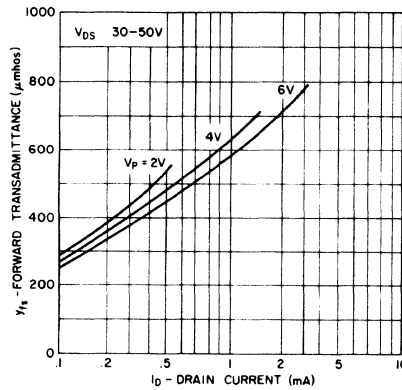
CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Forward Transfer Admittance 2N4881, 3, 5 2N4882, 4, 6	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$	300 550		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance 2N4881, 3, 5 2N4882, 4, 6 2N4881, 3, 5 2N4882, 4, 6	$ Y_{os} $	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		10 20 2.5 5.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $R_G = 1.0 \text{ M}\Omega$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $BW = 200 \text{ Hz}$		3.0	db

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300 $\mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 1%.

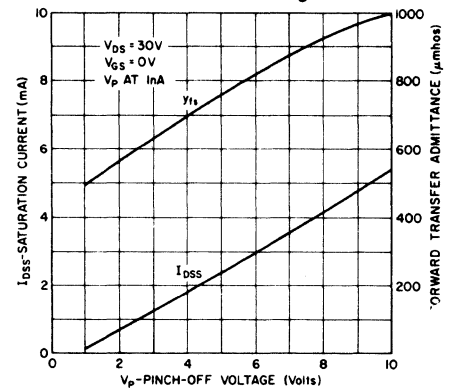
Drain Current  
VS  
Drain-Source Voltage



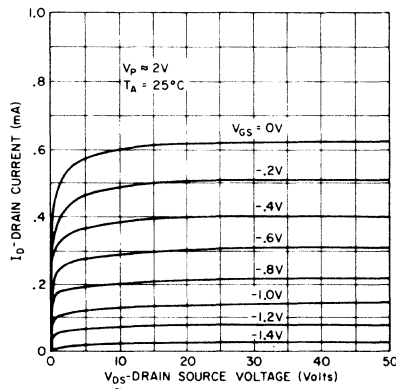
Forward Transadmittance  
VS  
Drain Current



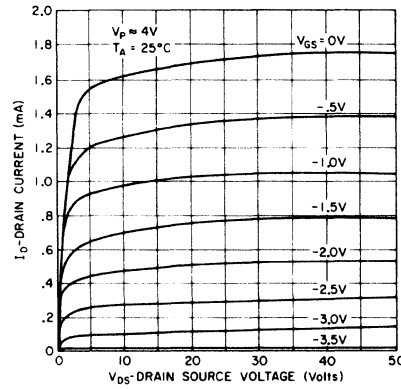
Forward Transfer Admittance  
And Drain Current  
VS  
Pinch-Off Voltage



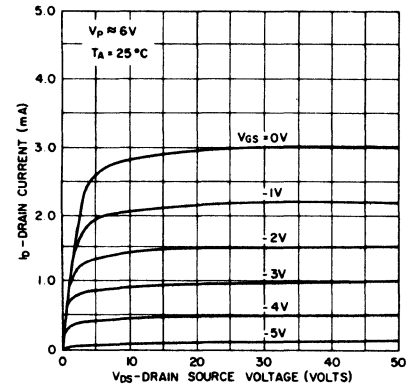
Common Source Drain  
Characteristics



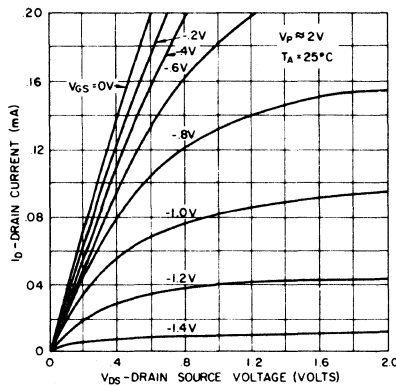
Common Source Drain  
Characteristics



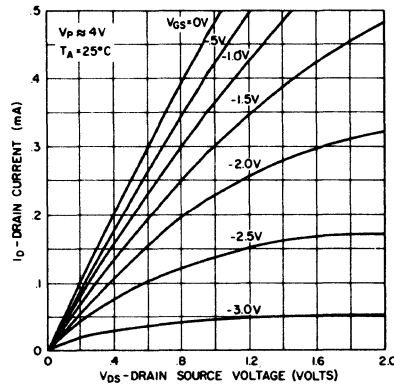
Common Source Drain  
Characteristics



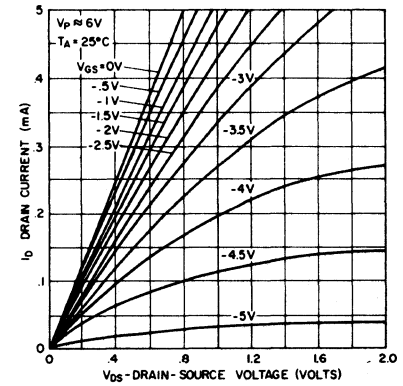
Common Source Drain  
Characteristics



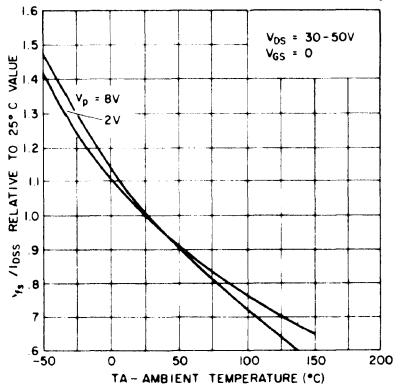
Common Source Drain  
Characteristics



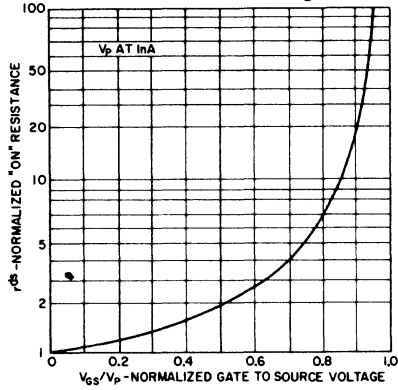
Common Source Drain  
Characteristics



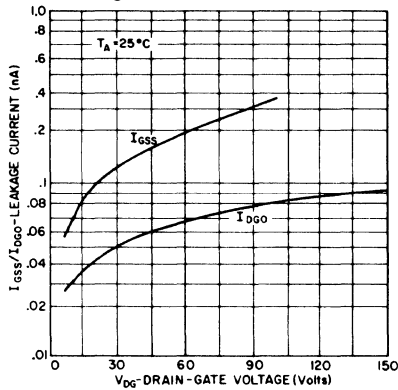
## Normalized Forward Transfer Admittance/ Saturation Current vs Ambient Temperature



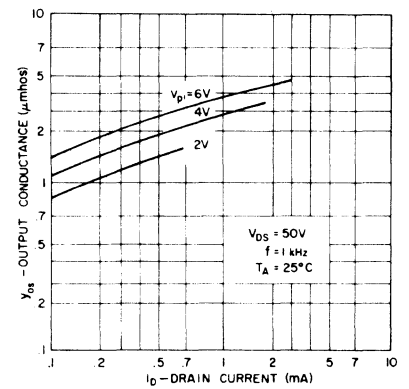
### Normalized $r_{ds}$ vs $V_{gs}$



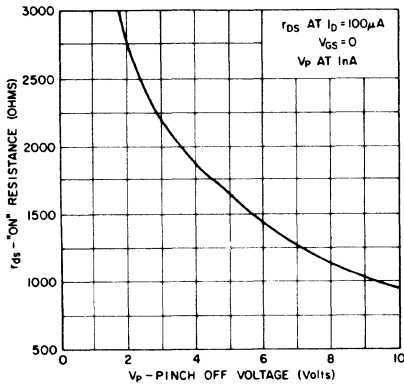
### Leakage Current vs Voltage



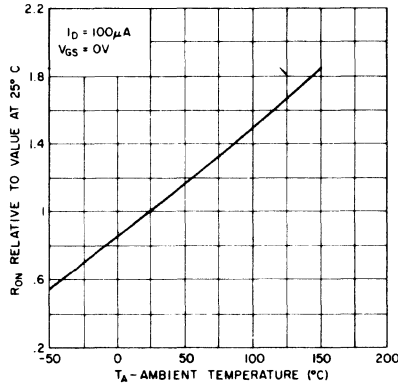
### Output Conductance vs Drain Current



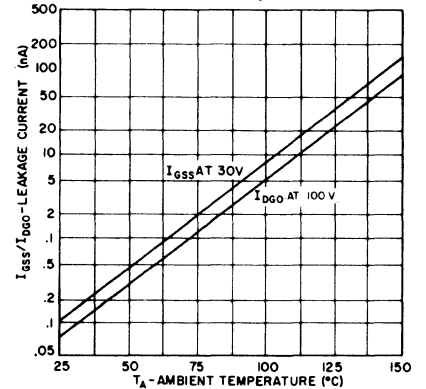
### "On" Resistance vs Pinch Off Voltage



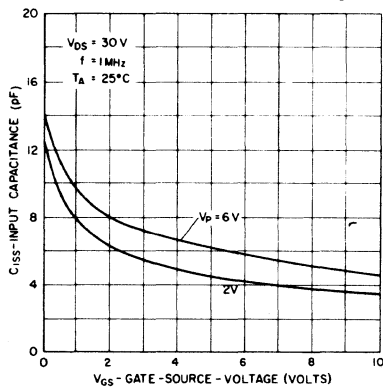
### Normalized "On" Resistance vs Ambient Temperature



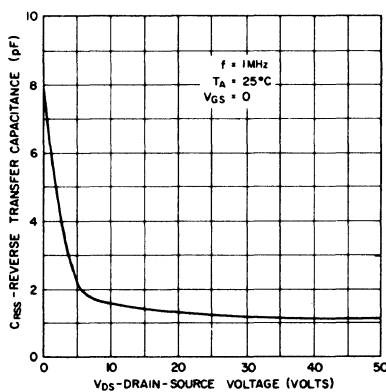
### Leakage Current vs Ambient Temperature



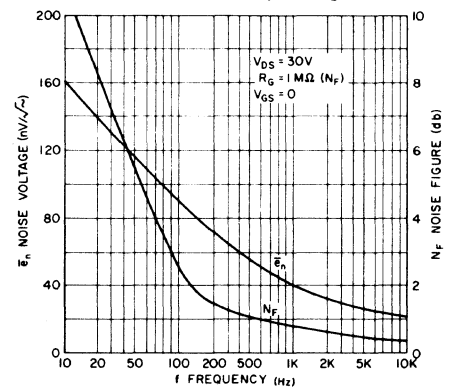
### Short Circuit Input Capacitance vs Gate Source Voltage



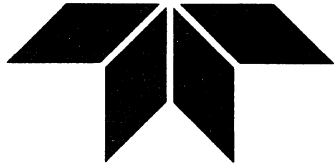
### Reverse Transfer Capacitance vs Drain Source Voltage



### Noise Voltage/Noise Figure vs Frequency







# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

## RF/IF AMPLIFIER

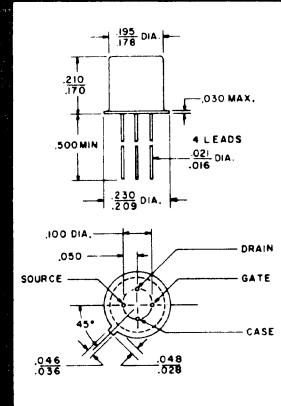
- HIGH TRANSCONDUCTANCE
- LOW LEAKAGE
- LOW NOISE

JANUARY 1968

# 2N5078

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	-30	Volts
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	30	Volts
Drain Current	$I_D$	30	mA
Gate Current	$I_G$	10	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.3	Watts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.7	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 seconds max.		+300	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{BR1GS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	30		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage	$V_{GS(off)}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}$	-0.5	-8.0	Volts
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.4 \text{ mA}$	-0.5	-7.0	Volts
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		-0.25 -0.25	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Zero-Gate-Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	4.0	25	mA
Power Gain	$G_{ps}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ (figure 1)	15		db
Power Gain	$G_{ps}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 4 \text{ mA}$ $f = 400 \text{ MHz}$ (figure 2)	12		db
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		6.0	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 2 \text{ MHz}$		2.0	pf
Forward Transadmittance	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$	4500 4000	10000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Conductance	$Y_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$		800	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance	$Y_{os}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$		150	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $R_S = 1 \text{ M}\Omega, f = 10 \text{ Hz}$ $\text{BW} = 5 \text{ Hz}$ $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $R_S = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ (figure 1) $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 4 \text{ mA}$ $f = 400 \text{ MHz}, R_S = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ (figure 2)		5.0 3.0 4.0	db

NOTE: Case Lead Grounded During All Electric Tests



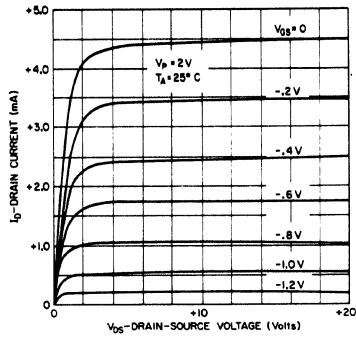
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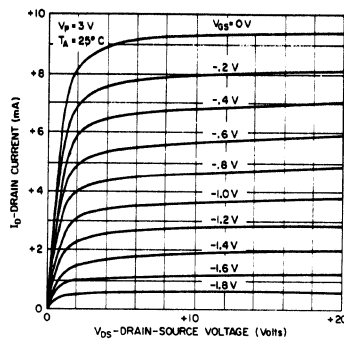
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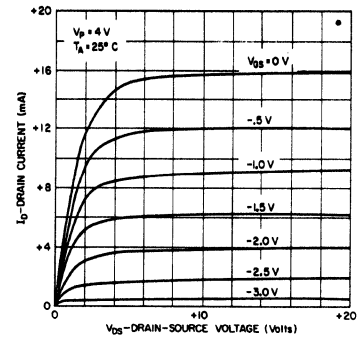
Common Source-Drain Characteristics



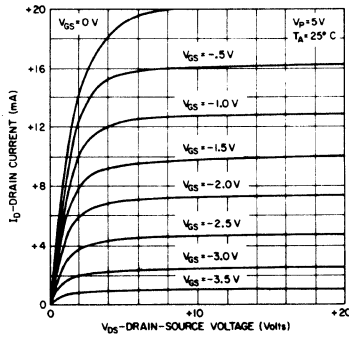
Common Source-Drain Characteristics



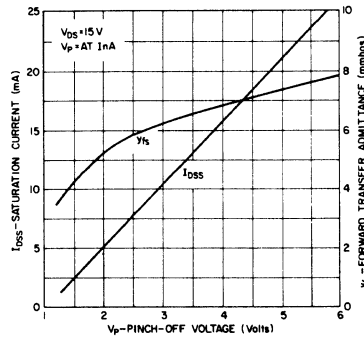
Common Source-Drain Characteristics



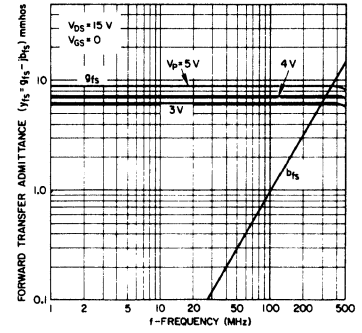
Common Source-Drain Characteristics



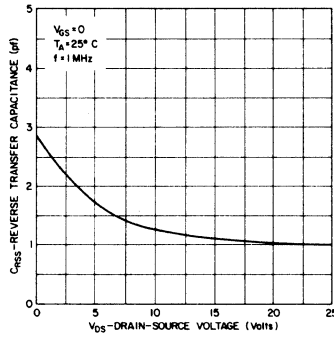
Forward Transfer Admittance and Drain Current vs Pinch Off Voltage



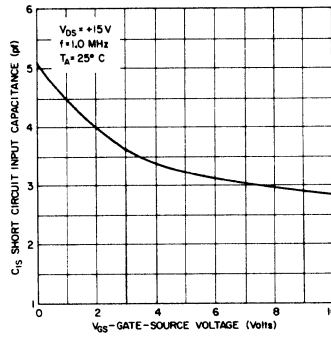
Forward Transfer Admittance vs Frequency



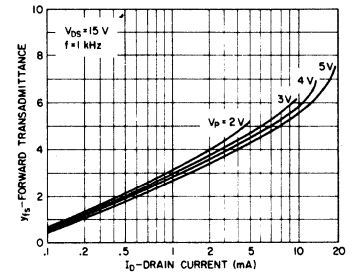
Reverse Transfer Capacitance vs Drain-Source Voltage



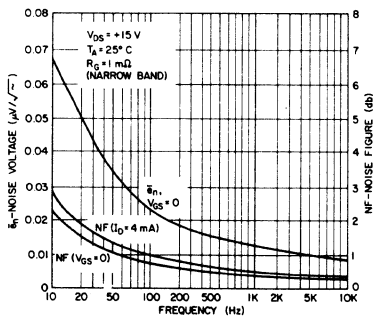
Short Circuit Input Capacitance vs Gate-Source Voltage



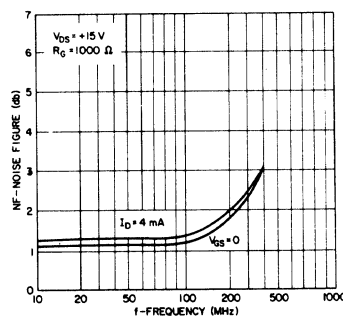
Forward Transadmittance vs Drain Current



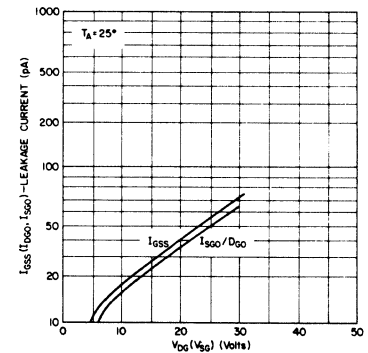
Noise Voltage/Noise Figure vs Frequency



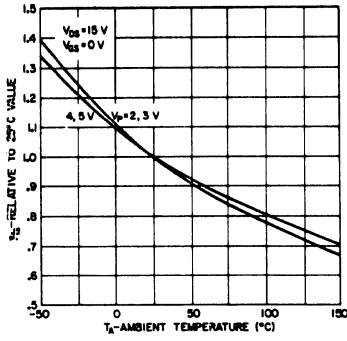
Noise Figure vs Frequency



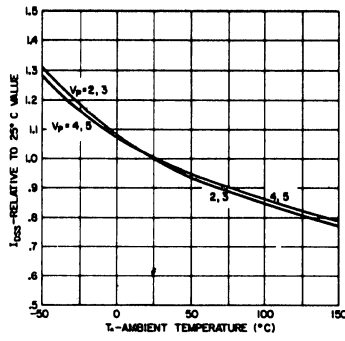
Leakage Current vs Voltage



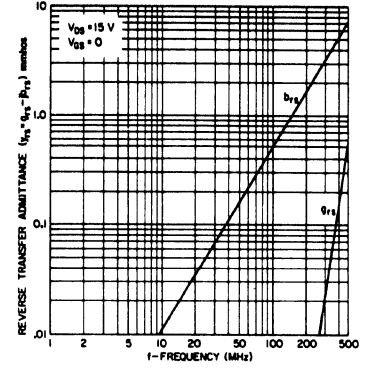
**Normalized Forward Transfer Admittance  
VS  
Ambient Temperature**



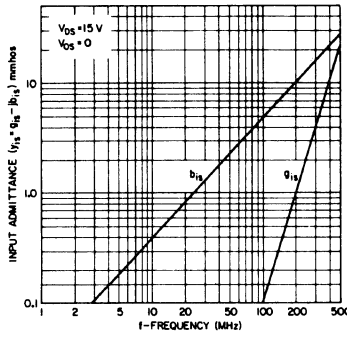
**Normalized Drain Saturation Current  
VS  
Ambient Temperature**



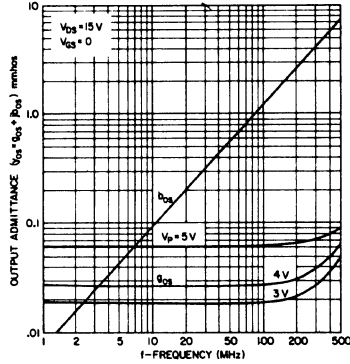
**Reverse Transfer Admittance  
VS  
Frequency**



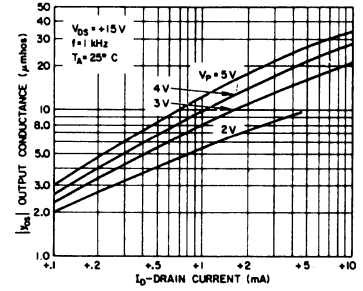
**Input Admittance  
VS  
Frequency**



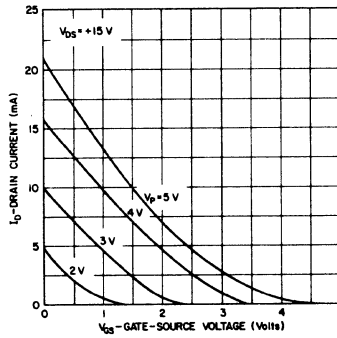
**Output Admittance  
VS  
Frequency**



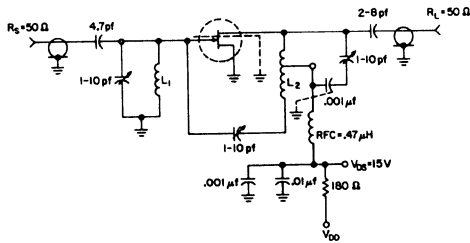
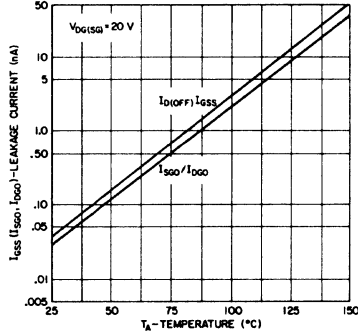
**Output Conductance  
VS  
Drain Current**



**Drain Current  
VS  
Gate-Source Voltage**



**Gate Leakage  
VS  
Voltage**



- L<sub>1</sub> 1-1/2 turns, #20 tinned wire, 1/4 ID, Length = 3/8"
- L<sub>2</sub> 3-1/2 turns, #18 tinned wire, 3/8" ID, Length = 1/2" Tapped at 1-1/4 turns from drain

Figure 1.

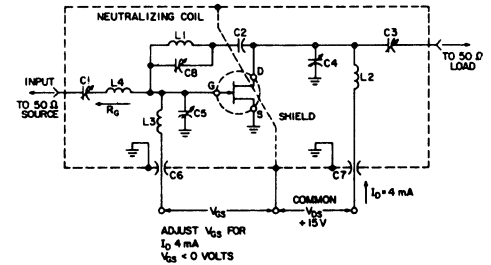
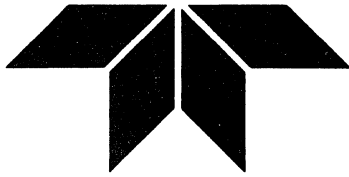


Figure 2.

- C<sub>1</sub> Arco 400 .9-7 pf
- C<sub>2</sub> 27 pf
- C<sub>3</sub> Arco 420 1-12 pf
- C<sub>4</sub> Johansen 2954 .8-10 pf
- C<sub>5</sub> Johansen 2954 .8-10 pf
- C<sub>6</sub> .001 µF
- C<sub>7</sub> .001 µF
- C<sub>8</sub> Arco 420 1-12 pf
- L<sub>1</sub> 5/16 dia x 3/8 long, #14 Copper wire
- L<sub>2</sub> 5/8" Straight, #12 Copper wire
- L<sub>3</sub> 3/8" Straight, #18 Copper wire
- L<sub>4</sub> 3 turns 1/4 ID, 1/4" long x 14 Copper wire





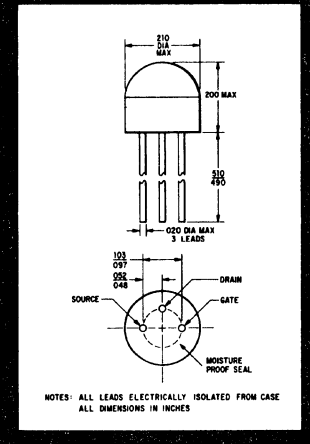
# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIER

NOVEMBER 1968

## 2N5163

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	25	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	25	Volts
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mW
Derating Factor Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.5	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+125	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{IBRIGSS}$	$I_G = -10 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	25		Volts
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -15 \text{V}, V_{DS} = 0$		10	nA
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS} (85^\circ\text{C})$	$V_{GS} = -15 \text{V}, V_{DS} = 0$		0.6	$\mu\text{A}$
Zero-Gate-Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{V}, V_{GS} = 0$	1.0	40	mA
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage	$V_{GS(off)}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{V}, I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}$	-0.4	-8.0	Volts
Forward Transadmittance	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{kHz}$	1800		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance	$Y_{os}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{kHz}$		200	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{MHz}$		12	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{MHz}$		3.0	pF
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{V}, I_D = 1 \text{mA}$ $R_s = 150 \text{K ohm}, f = 1 \text{kHz}$ $BW = 150 \text{Hz}$		3.0	dB



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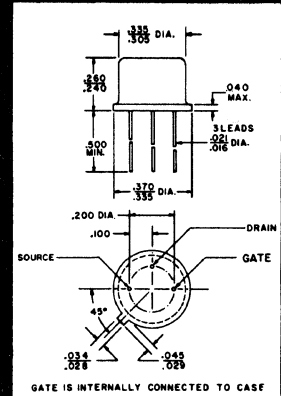
## N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR HIGH VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER

MAY 1968

**2N5277**  
**2N5278**

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	200	Volts
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS(r)}$	-150	Volts
Gate Current	$I_G$	10	mA
Total Device Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	800	mW
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		4.57	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range		$-55^\circ$ to $+200^\circ$	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Junction Temperature		200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 seconds maximum		300	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	150		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage 2N5277 2N5278	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 30\text{V}, I_D = 10 \text{ nA}$	0.5 2.0	7.0 10	Volts
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -75\text{V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = -75\text{V}, V_{DS} = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		5.0 5.0	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current 2N5277 2N5278	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 30\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0$	2.5 10	12.5 25	mA
Forward Transadmittance 2N5277 2N5278	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 30\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	2000 3000	5000 6000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance 2N5277 2N5278	$ Y_{os} $	$V_{DS} = 30\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		25 60	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 30\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		25	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 30\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		5.0	pf
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 30\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ KHz}, \text{BW} = 200 \text{ Hz}$ $R_G = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$		3.0	db

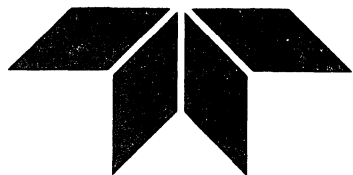


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# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

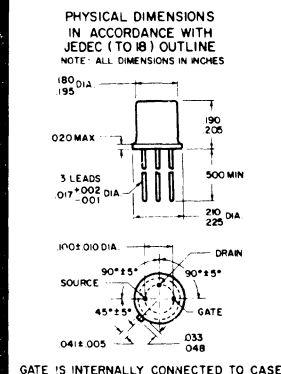
- LOW NOISE
- HIGH VOLTAGE
- HIGH TRANSCONDUCTANCE

SEPTEMBER 1968

**2N5391  
THRU  
2N5396**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Gain Voltage	$V_{DG}$	70	Volts
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	70	Volts
Gate Current	$I_G$	10	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mW
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.71	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature, $1/16$ inch from case, 10 seconds max.		300	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25 °C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	70		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage 2N5391 2N5392 2N5393 2N5394 2N5395 2N5396	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \text{ nA}$	0.5 0.5 1.0 1.0 1.5 2.0	2.0 2.5 3.0 4.0 4.0 5.0	Volts
Gate-Source Voltage 2N5391 2N5392 2N5393 2N5394 2N5395 2N5396	$V_{GS}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = (**)$	0.1 0.3 0.5 0.7 1.0 1.2	1.1 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.1 2.6	Volts
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -35 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$		0.2 0.1	nA
Zero-Gate Voltage Drain Current 2N5391 2N5392 2N5393 2N5394 2N5395 2N5396	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	0.5 1.0 2.5 4.0 5.5 7.5	1.5 3.0 4.5 6.0 8.0 10	mA
Forward Transadmittance 2N5391 2N5392 2N5393 2N5394 2N5395 2N5396	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	1500 2000 3000 4000 4500 4500	4500 6000 6500 7000 7000 7500	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Forward Transadmittance 2N5391 2N5392 2N5393 2N5394 2N5395 2N5396	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = (***)$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	1000 1000 1000 2000 1900 1800		$\mu\text{mhos}$



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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 0.14\text{-}1.0\text{ MHz}$		18	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 0.14\text{-}1.0\text{ MHz}$		5.0	pf
Output Admittance 2N5391 2N5392 2N5393 2N5394 2N5395 2N5396	$ Y_{os} $	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$		4.0 7.0 10 15 20 25	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance 2N5391 2N5392 2N5393 2N5394 2N5395 2N5396	$ Y_{os} $	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, I_D = (**)$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$		2.0 2.5 3.0 8.0 10 12	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0,$ $R_G = 1\text{ M}\Omega, f = 100\text{ Hz}, \text{NBW} = 6\text{ Hz}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0,$ $R_G = 10\text{ K}\Omega, f = 100\text{ Hz}, \text{NBW} = 6\text{ Hz}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0,$ $R_G = 10\text{ K}\Omega, f = 1\text{ kHz}, \text{NBW} = 200\text{ Hz}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0,$ $R_G = 1\text{ K}\Omega, f = 1\text{ kHz}, \text{NBW} = 200\text{ Hz}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0,$ $R_G = 1\text{ M}\Omega, f = 10\text{ Hz}, \text{NBW} = 6\text{ Hz}$		1.0 2.5 1.5 5.0 2.0	db
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	$E_n$	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 10\text{ Hz}, \text{NBW} = 6\text{ Hz}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 100\text{ Hz}, \text{NBW} = 6\text{ Hz}$		17.5 10	nv/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

Notes: (\*\*) 2N5391  $I_D = 0.05\text{ mA}$   
Notes: (\*\*) 2N5392  $I_D = 0.10\text{ mA}$   
Notes: (\*\*) 2N5393  $I_D = 0.25\text{ mA}$   
Notes: (\*\*) 2N5394  $I_D = 0.40\text{ mA}$   
Notes: (\*\*) 2N5395  $I_D = 0.55\text{ mA}$   
Notes: (\*\*) 2N5396  $I_D = 0.75\text{ mA}$

(\*\*\*) 2N5391  $I_D = 200\text{ }\mu\text{A}$   
(\*\*\*) 2N5392  $I_D = 200\text{ }\mu\text{A}$   
(\*\*\*) 2N5393  $I_D = 200\text{ }\mu\text{A}$   
(\*\*\*) 2N5394  $I_D = 700\text{ }\mu\text{A}$   
(\*\*\*) 2N5395  $I_D = 700\text{ }\mu\text{A}$   
(\*\*\*) 2N5396  $I_D = 700\text{ }\mu\text{A}$





# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR LOW LEAKAGE AMPLIFIER

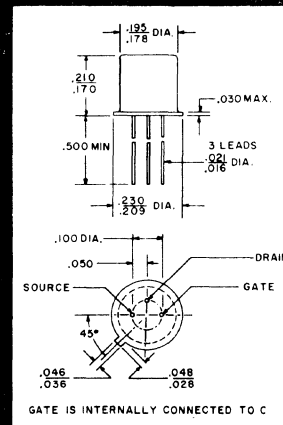
- VERY LOW LEAKAGE
- LOW NOISE
- LOW CAPACITANCE

JANUARY 1968

## U1714

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Gate Voltage		25	Volts
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mW
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.71	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	25		Volts
Total Gate Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$		5.0	pA
Saturation Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	0.5	5.0	mA
Source-Gate Cutoff Voltage	$V_{GS(off)}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \text{ nA}$		5.0	Volts
Transconductance	gm	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	400		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		3.0	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		1.2	pf
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 100 \text{ Hz}, \text{BW} = 6.0 \text{ Hz}$ $R_G = 1.0 \text{ M}\Omega$		3.0	db



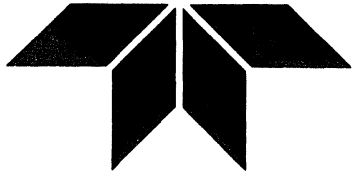
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# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

## HIGH VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER

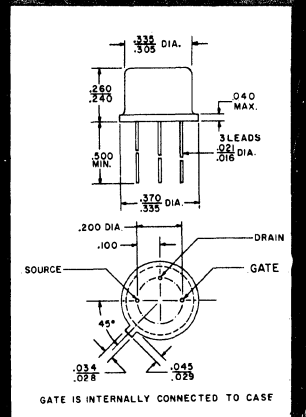
- HIGH BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE
- LOW NOISE
- LOW  $R_{ON}$  RESISTANCE

JANUARY 1968

# U1715

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Gate Voltage		200	Volts
Source-Gate Voltage		125	Volts
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	800	mW
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		4.57	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_S = 0$	200		Volts
Source-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{SGO}$	$I_S = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_G = 0$	125		Volts
Total Gate Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = 75 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$		5.0	nA
Drain-Gate Leakage Current	$I_{DGO}$	$V_{DG} = 150 \text{ V}$		3.0	nA
Saturation Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	10	50	mA
Source-Gate Cutoff Voltage	$V_{GS(off)}$	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, I_D = 10 \text{ nA}$		15	Volts
Drain-Source "ON" Resistance	$R_O$	$I_D = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0$		400	Ohms
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		25	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		4.0	pf
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}, BW = 200 \text{ Hz}$ $R_G = 1.0 \text{ M}\Omega$		3.0	db



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# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

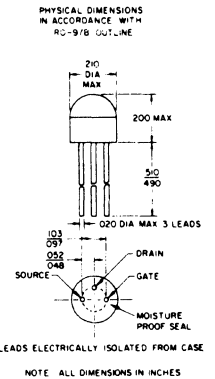
- RF/IF AMPLIFIER
- HIGH TRANSCONDUCTANCE
- LOW LEAKAGE
- LOW NOISE

SEPTEMBER 1968

**u1837E**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	Volts
Drain-Gain Voltage	$V_{DG}$	30	Volts
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	-30	Volts
Gate Current	$I_G$	10	mA
Drain Current	$I_D$	30	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mWatts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.5	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+125	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{BRIGSS}$	$I_G = -1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	30		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}$	-0.5	-8.0	Volts
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0,$ $T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$		-0.25 -15	nA nA
Zero-Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	4.0	25	
Forward Transadmittance	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	4500	10000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Forward Transadmittance	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$	4000		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Drain-Source "ON" Resistance	$r_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$		300	Ohms
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		6.0	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		2.0	pf
Input Admittance	$ Y_{is} $	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$		800	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance	$ Y_{os} $	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$		150	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Power Gain	$G_{ps}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ (Figure 1)	15		db
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, R_G = 1 \text{ M}\Omega,$ $V_{GS} = 0, f = 10 \text{ Hz}, \text{BW} = 5 \text{ Hz}$		5.0	db
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, R_G = 1 \text{ K}\Omega,$ $V_{GS} = 0, f = 200 \text{ MHz}$ , (Figure 1)		3.0	db



**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR**

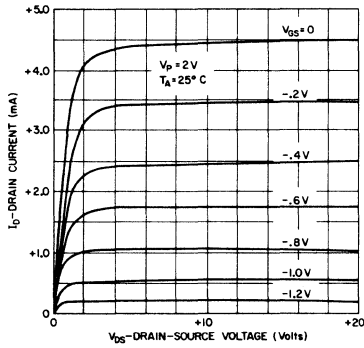
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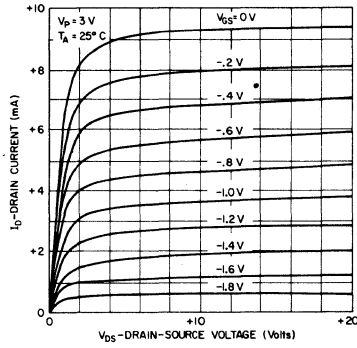
PHONE: (415) 968-9241

TWX: (415) 969-9112

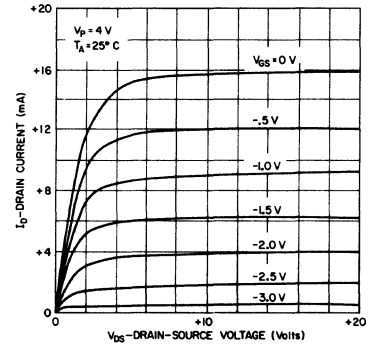
**Common Source-Drain Characteristics**



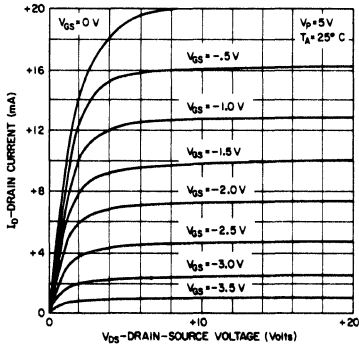
**Common Source-Drain Characteristics**



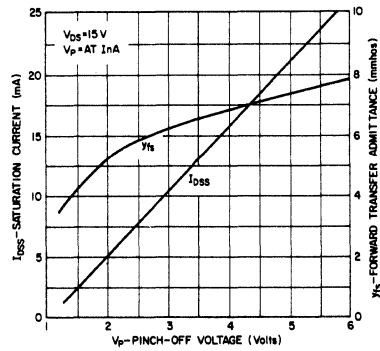
**Common Source-Drain Characteristics**



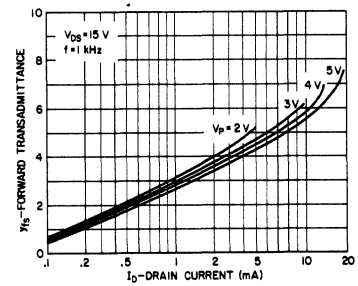
**Common Source-Drain Characteristics**



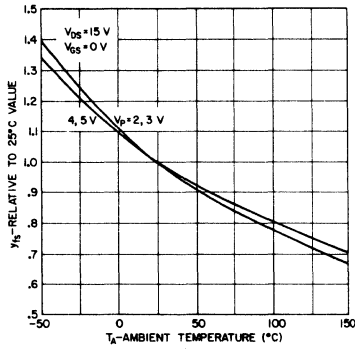
**Forward Transfer Admittance and Drain Current vs Pinch Off Voltage**



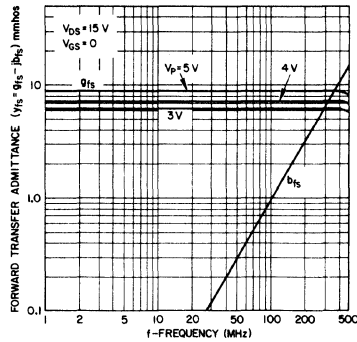
**Forward Transadmittance vs Drain Current**



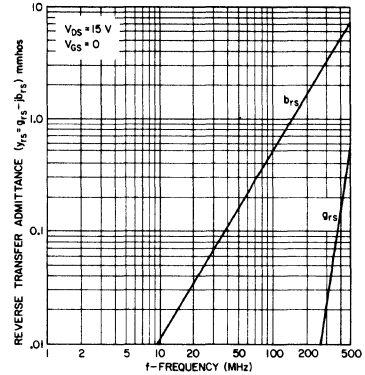
**Normalized Forward Transfer Admittance vs Ambient Temperature**



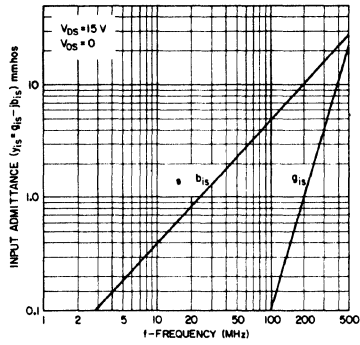
**Forward Transfer Admittance vs Frequency**



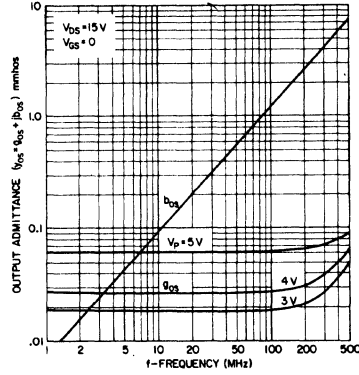
**Reverse Transfer Admittance vs Frequency**



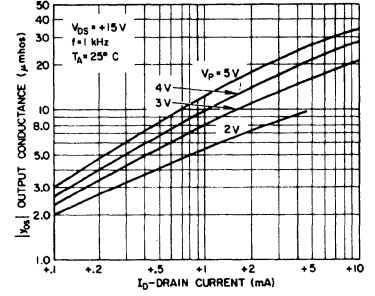
**Input Admittance  
vs  
Frequency**



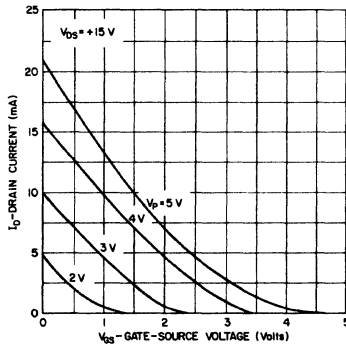
**Output Admittance  
vs  
Frequency**



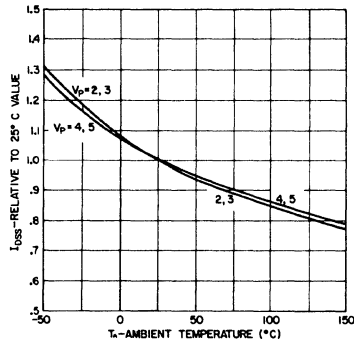
**Output Conductance  
vs  
Drain Current**



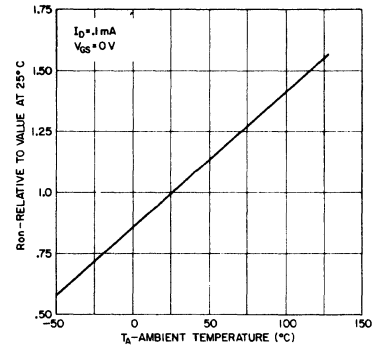
**Drain Current  
vs  
Gate-Source Voltage**



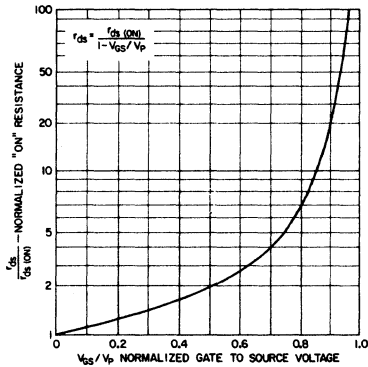
**Normalized Drain Saturation Current  
vs  
Ambient Temperature**



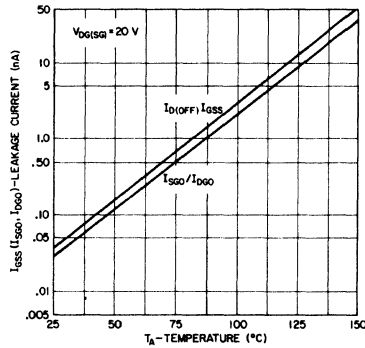
**Normalized "On" Resistance  
vs  
Ambient Temperature**



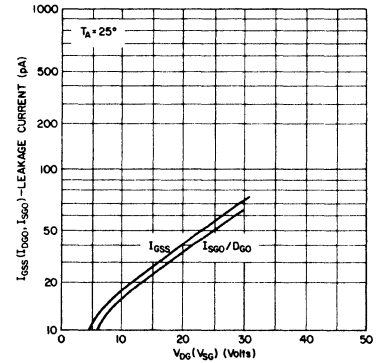
**Normalized  $r_{ds}$   
vs  
 $V_{GS}$**



**Gate Leakage  
vs  
Voltage**

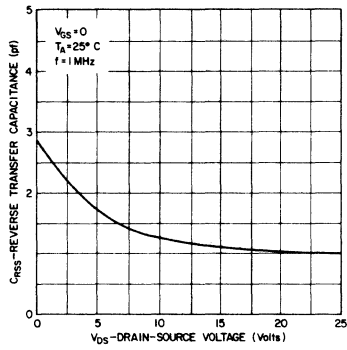


**Leakage Current  
vs  
Voltage**

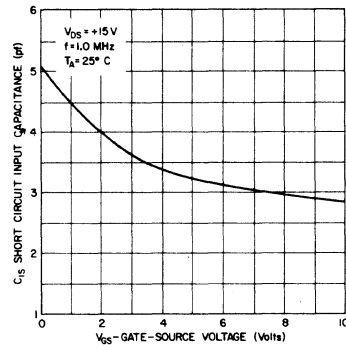




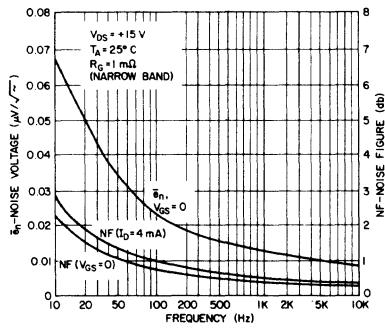
**Reverse Transfer Capacitance  
vs  
Drain-Source Voltage**



**Short Circuit Input Capacitance  
vs  
Gate-Source Voltage**



**Noise Voltage/Noise Figure  
vs  
Frequency**



**Noise Figure  
vs  
Frequency**

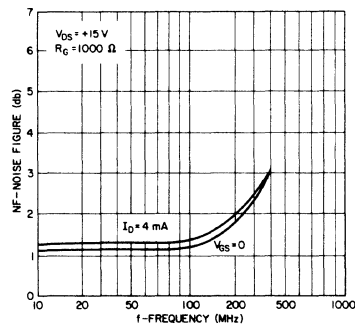
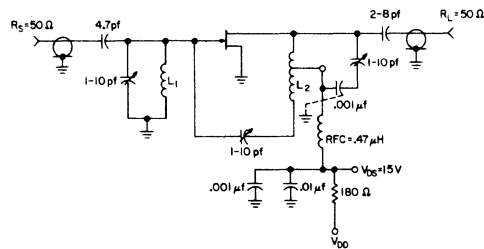
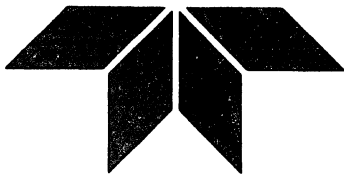


Figure 1.



- L<sub>1</sub> 1-1/2 turns, #20 tinned wire, 1/4 ID, Length = 3/8"
- L<sub>2</sub> 3-1/2 turns, #18 tinned wire, 3/8" ID, Length = 1/2"  
Tapped at 1-1/4 turns from drain





# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR RF/IF AMPLIFIER

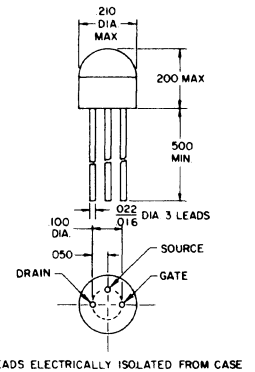
- HIGH TRANSCONDUCTANCE
- LOW CAPACITANCE
- LOW NOISE

JANUARY 1969

U1994E

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	-30	Volts
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	30	Volts
Drain Current	$I_D$	30	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.3	Watts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.5	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+125	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	30		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage	$V_{GS(off)}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \text{ nA}$		-6.0	Volts
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.5 \text{ mA}$	-1.0	-5.5	Volts
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0, T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$		-0.1 -10	nA nA
Zero-Gate-Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	5.0	15	mA
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		4.0	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		1.0	pf
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		2.0	pf
Forward Transadmittance	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	4500	7500	$\mu\text{hos}$
Output Admittance	$ Y_{os} $	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		50	$\mu\text{hos}$
Input Conductance	$\text{RE}(Y_{is})$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400 \text{ MHz}$		1000	$\mu\text{hos}$
Input Susceptance	$\text{IM}(Y_{is})$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400 \text{ MHz}$		10000	$\mu\text{hos}$
Input Conductance	$\text{RE}(Y_{is})$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$		100	$\mu\text{hos}$
Input Susceptance	$\text{IM}(Y_{is})$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$		2500	$\mu\text{hos}$



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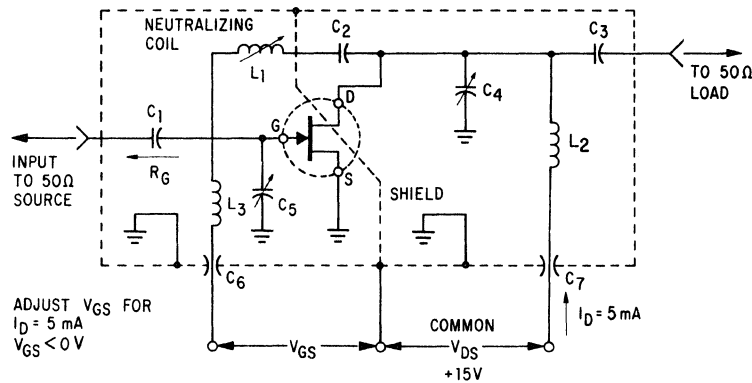
PHONE: (415) 968-9241

TWX: (415) 969-9112

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Conductance	$RE(Y_{os})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400\text{ MHz}$		100	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Susceptance	$IM(Y_{os})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400\text{ MHz}$		4000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Conductance	$RE(Y_{os})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}$		75	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Susceptance	$IM(Y_{os})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}$		1000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Forward Transconductance	$RE(Y_{fs})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400\text{ MHz}$	4000		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Power Gain	$G_{ps}$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 5\text{ mA}$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}$ (figure 1)	18		db
Power Gain	$G_{ps}$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 5\text{ mA}$ $f = 400\text{ MHz}$ (figure 1)	10		db
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 5\text{ mA}$ $R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega, f = 100\text{ MHz}$ (figure 1) $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 5\text{ mA}$ $R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega, f = 400\text{ MHz}$ (figure 1)		2.0 4.0	db

NOTE: Case lead grounded during all electrical tests.

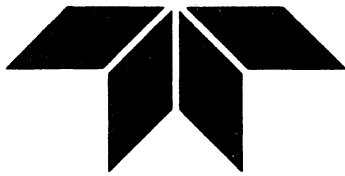


REF. DESIG.	VALUE	
	100 MHz	400 MHz
C1	7.0 pF	1.8 pF
C2	1000 pF	27 pF
C3	3.0 pF	1.0 pF
C4	1.0-12 pF	0.8-8 pF
C5	1.0-12 pF	0.8-8 pF
C6	0.0015 $\mu\text{F}$	0.001 $\mu\text{F}$
C7	0.0015 $\mu\text{F}$	0.001 $\mu\text{F}$
L1	3.0 $\mu\text{h}$	0.2 $\mu\text{h}$
L2	0.25 $\mu\text{h}$	0.03 $\mu\text{h}$
L3	0.14 $\mu\text{h}$	0.022 $\mu\text{h}$

### 100 MHz & 400 MHz NEUTRALIZED AMPLIFIER

Figure 1





# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR RF/IF AMPLIFIER

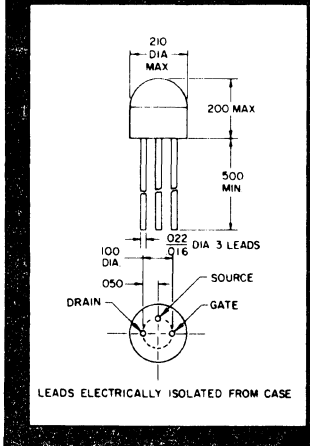
- HIGH TRANSCONDUCTANCE
- LOW CAPACITANCE
- LOW NOISE

JANUARY 1969

**U2047E**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	-30	Volts
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	30	Volts
Drain Current	$I_D$	30	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	0.3	Watts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.5	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+125	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	30		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage	$V_{GS(off)}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \text{ nA}$		-8.0	Volts
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.4 \text{ mA}$	-1.0	-7.0	Volts
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0, T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$		-.25 -15	nA nA
Zero-Gate-Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	4.0	25	mA
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		4.0	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		1.3	pf
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		2.0	pf
Forward Transadmittance	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	4500		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance	$ Y_{os} $	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		50	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Conductance	$\text{RE}(Y_{is})$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400 \text{ MHz}$		1000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Susceptance	$\text{IM}(Y_{is})$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400 \text{ MHz}$		10000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Conductance	$\text{RE}(Y_{is})$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$		100	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Susceptance	$\text{IM}(Y_{is})$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$		2500	$\mu\text{mhos}$



**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR**

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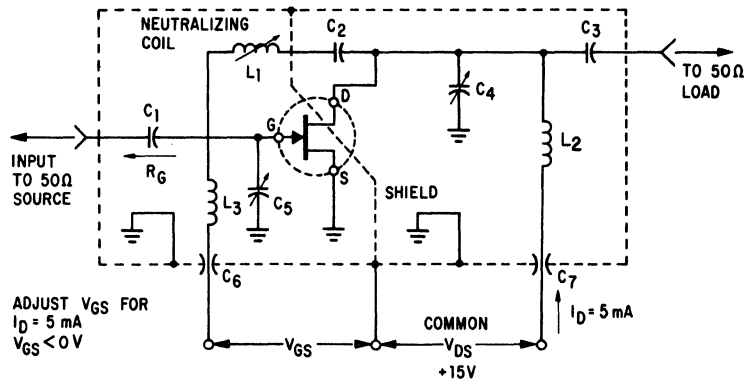
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PHONE: (415) 968-9241

TWX: (415) 969-9112

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Conductance	$RE(Y_{os})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400\text{ MHz}$		100	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Susceptance	$IM(Y_{os})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400\text{ MHz}$		4000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Conductance	$RE(Y_{os})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}$		75	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Susceptance	$IM(Y_{os})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}$		1000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Forward Transconductance	$RE(Y_{fs})$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 400\text{ MHz}$	4000		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Power Gain	$G_{ps}$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 5\text{ mA}$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}$ (figure 1)	18		db
Power Gain	$G_{ps}$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 5\text{ mA}$ $f = 400\text{ MHz}$ (figure 1)	10		db
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 5\text{ mA}$ $R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega, f = 100\text{ MHz}$ (figure 1) $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 5\text{ mA}$ $R_S = 1\text{ k}\Omega, f = 400\text{ MHz}$ (figure 1)		2.0 4.0	db



REF. DESIG.	VALUE	
	100 MHz	400 MHz
C1	7.0 pF	1.8 pF
C2	1000 pF	27 pF
C3	3.0 pF	1.0 pF
C4	1.0-12 pF	0.8-8 pF
C5	1.0-12 pF	0.8-8 pF
C6	0.0015 $\mu\text{F}$	0.001 $\mu\text{F}$
C7	0.0015 $\mu\text{F}$	0.001 $\mu\text{F}$
L1	3.0 $\mu\text{h}$	0.2 $\mu\text{h}$
L2	0.25 $\mu\text{h}$	0.03 $\mu\text{h}$
L3	0.14 $\mu\text{h}$	0.022 $\mu\text{h}$

**100 MHz & 400 MHz NEUTRALIZED AMPLIFIER**

Figure 1





# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

## GENERAL PURPOSE SWITCH

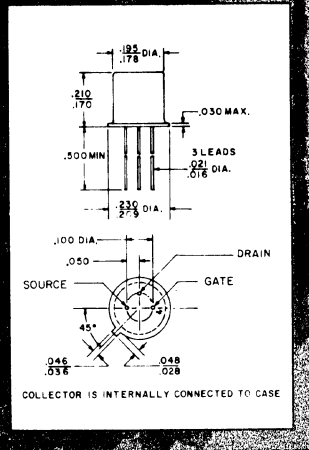
- LOW LEAKAGE
- VERY LOW "ON" RESISTANCE
- FAST SWITCHING SPEEDS

JANUARY 1968

**2N3970**  
**2N3971**  
**2N3972**

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	1.8	Watts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		10	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DGO}$	$I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_S = 0$	40		Volts
Source-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{SGO}$	$I_S = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_D = 0$	40		Volts
Saturation Current	$I_{DSS}^*$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	50 25 5.0	150 75 30	mA
Gate-Drain Leakage Current	$I_{DGO}$	$V_{DG} = 20 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$ $V_{DG} = 20 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$ $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.25 0.5	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Drain Cutoff Current	$I_{D(OFF)}$	$V_{GS} = -12 \text{ V}$ $V_{GS} = -12 \text{ V}$ $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.25 0.5	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Drain-Source "ON" Voltage	$V_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = 20 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$ $I_D = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$ $I_D = 5.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$		1.0 1.5 2.0	Volts
Pinch Off Voltage	$V_p$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \text{ nA}$	4.0 2.5 0.5	10 5.0 3.0	Volts
Small-Signal Drain-Source "ON" Resistance	$r_{ds(ON)}$	$I_D = 0, V_{GS} = 0$		30 60 100	Ohms
"ON" Resistance	$R_{ON}$	$I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$		30 60 100	Ohms
Rise Time	$t_r$	See Figures 1 & 2		10 15 40	nsec



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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Delay Time 2N3970 2N3971 2N3972	$t_d$	See Figures 1 & 2		10 15 40	nsec
Turn-Off Time 2N3970 2N3971 2N3972	$t_{off}$	See Figures 1 & 2		30 60 100	nsec
Input Capacitance	$C_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		25	pf
Drain-Gate Feedback Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = -12 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		6.0	pf

\* Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle = 3%.

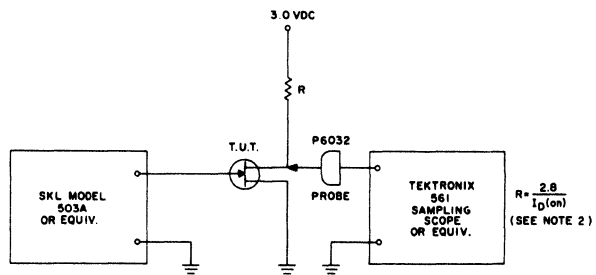


Figure 1

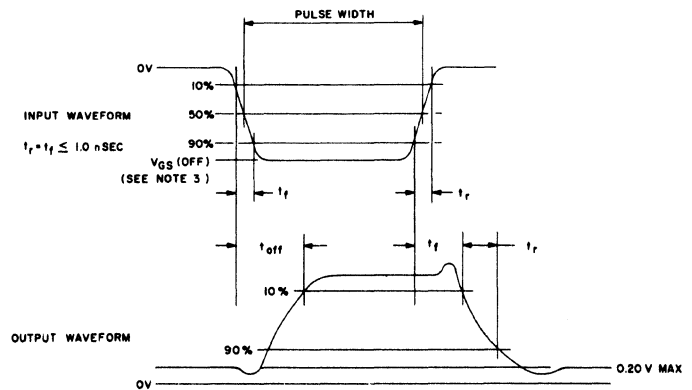
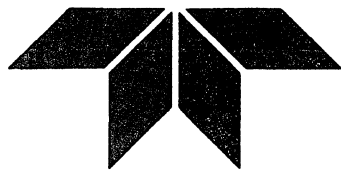


Figure 2



# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

## GENERAL PURPOSE SWITCH

- VERY LOW "ON" RESISTANCE
- FAST SWITCHING SPEEDS
- LOW LEAKAGE

JANUARY 1968

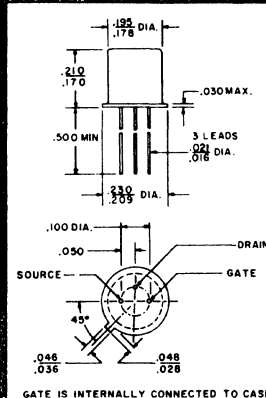
**2N4091**

**2N4092**

**2N4093**

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	1.8	Watt
Derating Temperature @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		10	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DGO}$	$I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_S = 0$	40		Volts
Source-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{SGO}$	$I_S = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_D = 0$	40		Volts
Drain-Source "ON" Voltage	$V_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = (**), V_{GS} = 0$		0.2	Volts
Saturation Current	$I_{DSS}^*$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	30 15 8.0		mA
Gate-Drain Leakage Current	$I_{DGO}$	$V_{DG} = 20 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$		0.2	nA
Drain Cutoff Current	$I_{D(OFF)}$	$V_{GS} = (***)$ , $V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}$ $V_{GS} = (***)$ , $V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.2 0.4	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{SGO}$	$V_{SG} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 0$		0.2	nA
Pinch Off Voltage	$V_P$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \text{ nA}$	5.0 2.0 1.0	10 7.0 5.0	Volts
Small-Signal Drain-Source "ON" Resistance	$r_{ds(ON)}$	$V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = 0$		30 50 80	Ohms
"ON" Resistance	$R_O$	$I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$		30 50 80	Ohms
Rise Time	$t_r$	See Figures 1 & 2		10 20 40	nsec
Delay Time	$t_d$	See Figures 1 & 2		15 15 20	nsec



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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MAX.	MIN.	UNIT
Turn-Off Time 2N4091 2N4092 2N4093	$t_{off}$	See Figures 1 & 2		40 60 80	nsec
Input Capacitance	$C_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		16	pf
Drain-Gate Capacitance	$C_{DG}$	$V_{DG} = 20 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		5.0	pf
Source Gate Capacitance	$C_{SG}$	$V_{SG} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		5.0	pf

NOTES: \* Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ ; Duty Cycle  $\leq 3\%$ .

\*\* 2N4091  $I_D = 6.6 \text{ mA}$   
2N4092  $I_D = 4.0 \text{ mA}$   
2N4093  $I_D = 2.5 \text{ mA}$

\*\*\* 2N4091  $V_{GS(OFF)} = -12 \text{ V}$   
2N4092  $V_{GS(OFF)} = -8.0 \text{ V}$   
2N4093  $V_{GS(OFF)} = -6.0 \text{ V}$

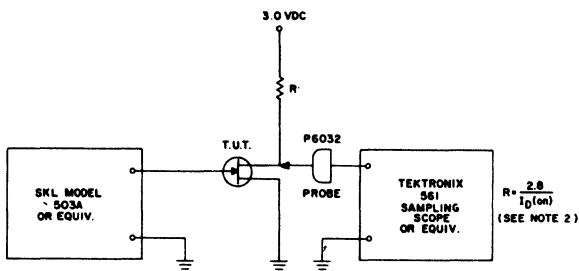


Figure 1

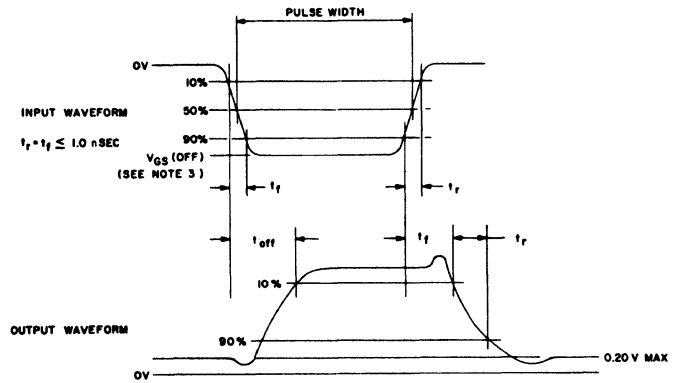
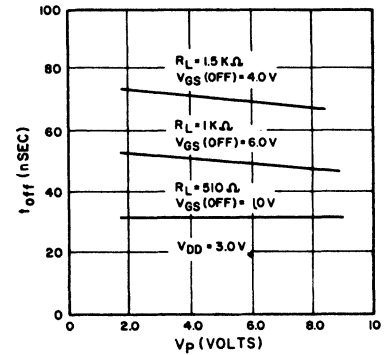
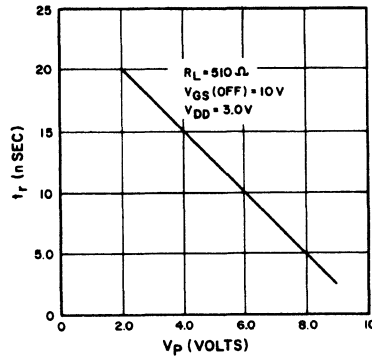
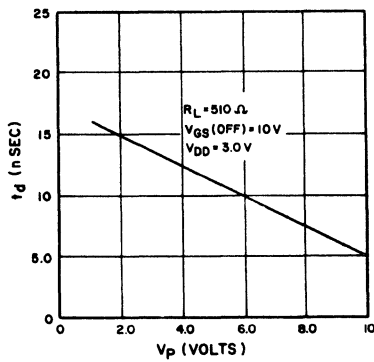
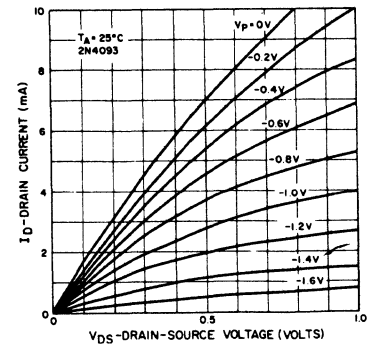
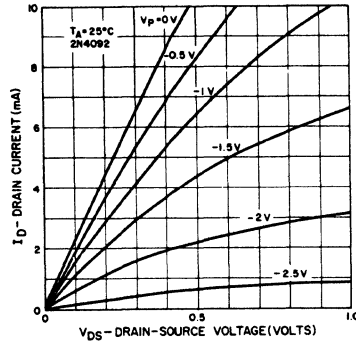
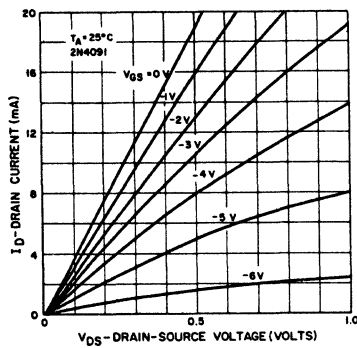


Figure 2

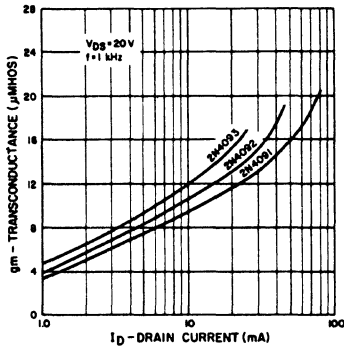
### Switching Characteristics



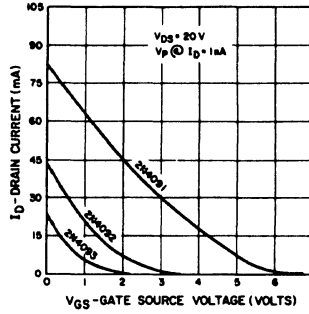
### Common Source-Drain Characteristics



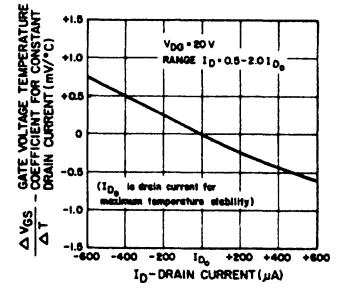
### Transconductance VS Drain Current



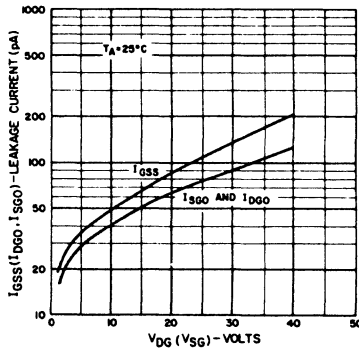
### Drain Current VS Gate-Source Bias



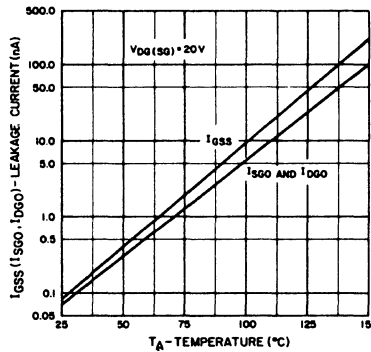
### Gate Voltage Temperature Coefficients for Constant Drain Current vs Drain Voltage



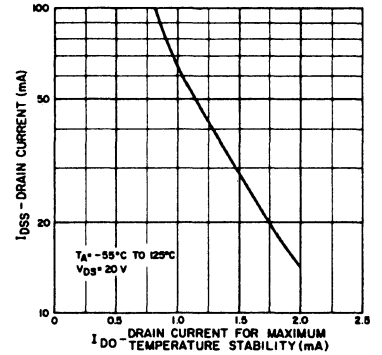
### Leakage Current VS Voltage



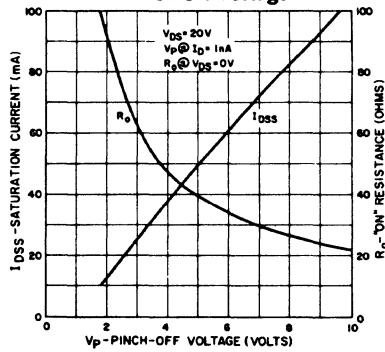
### Gate Leakage Current VS Temperature



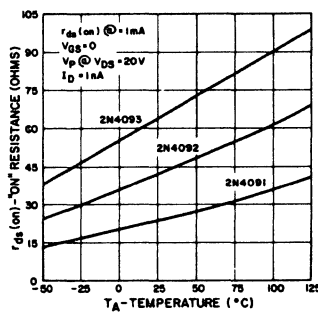
### Drain Current for Maximum Temperature Stability



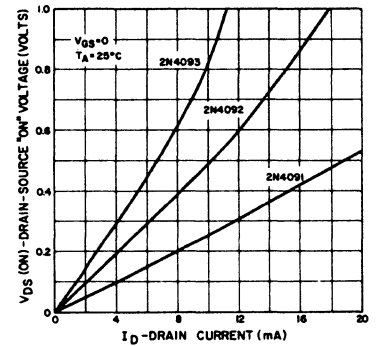
### "ON" Resistance And Drain Current VS Pinch-Off Voltage



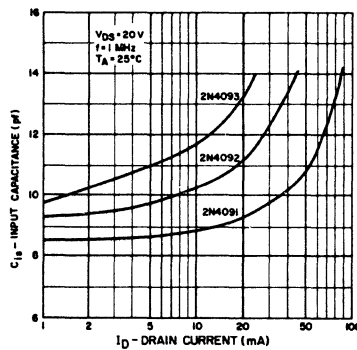
### "ON" Resistance VS Temperature



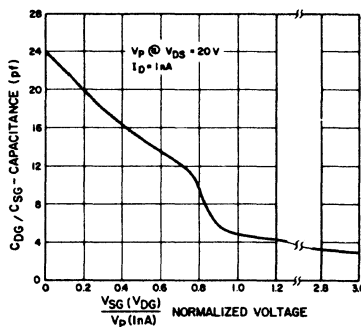
### Drain-Source "ON" Voltage VS Drain Current



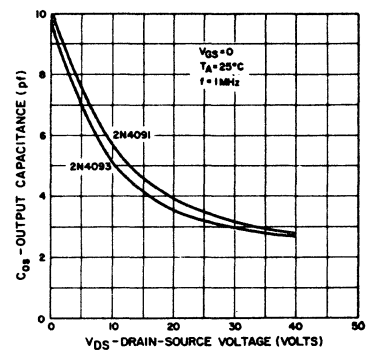
### Input Capacitance VS Drain Current



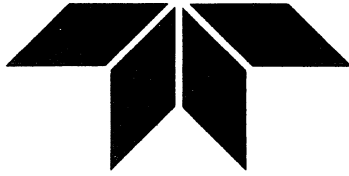
### Junction Capacitance VS Normalized Bias



### Output Capacitance VS Drain-Source Voltage







# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

## GENERAL PURPOSE SWITCH

- VERY LOW "ON" RESISTANCE
- FAST SWITCHING SPEEDS
- LOW LEAKAGE

NOVEMBER 1968

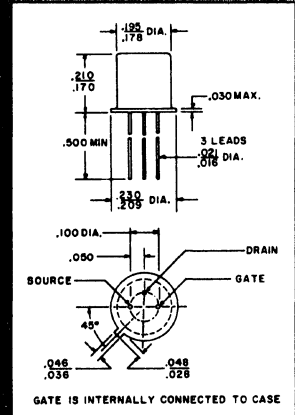
2N4856 2N4859

2N4857 2N4860

2N4858 2N4861

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
		2N4856-57-58	2N4859-60-61	
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	40	30	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	40	30	Volts
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	-40	-30	Volts
Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	360		mWatt
Derating Temperature @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.4		mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature 1/16" from case for 10 seconds		300		$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at 25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage 2N4856-57-58 2N4859-60-61	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	40 30		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage 2N4856, 2N4859 2N4857, 2N4860 2N4858, 2N4861	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.5 \text{ na}$	4.0 2.0 0.8	10 6.0 4.0	Volts
Drain-Source "ON" Voltage 2N4856-59 2N4857-60 2N4858-61	$V_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = 20 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$ $I_D = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$ $I_D = 5 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$		0.75 0.50 0.50	Volts
Saturation Current 2N4856, 2N4859 2N4857, 2N4860 2N4858, 2N4861	$I_{DSS}^*$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	50 20 8	100 80	mA
Gate Reverse Current 2N4856-57-58  2N4859-60-61	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$ $V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V},$ $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$ $V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V},$ $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.25 0.5 0.25 0.5	nA $\mu\text{A}$ nA $\mu\text{A}$
Drain Cutoff Current	$I_{D(OFF)}$	$V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$ $V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V},$ $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.25 0.5	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Small Signal Drain Source "ON" Resistance 2N4856, 2N4859 2N4857, 2N4860 2N4858, 2N4861	$r_{ds(ON)}$	$V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = 0$		25 40 60	Ohms
"ON" Resistance 2N4856, 2N4859 2N4857, 2N4860 2N4858, 2N4861	$R_O$	$I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$		25 40 60	Ohms



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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Rise Time 2N4856, 2N4859 2N4857, 2N4860 2N4858, 2N4861	$t_r$	See Figures 1 & 2		3 4 10	ns
Delay Time 2N4856, 2N4859 2N4857, 2N4860 2N4858, 2N4861	$t_d$	See Figures 1 & 2		6 6 10	ns
Turn-Off Time 2N4856, 2N4859 2N4857, 2N4860 2N4858, 2N4861	$t_{off}$	See Figures 1 & 2		25 50 100	ns
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		18	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		8.0	pF

\*Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 100 msec, Duty Cycle  $\leq 10\%$ .

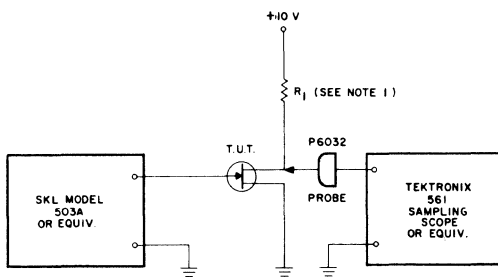


Figure 1

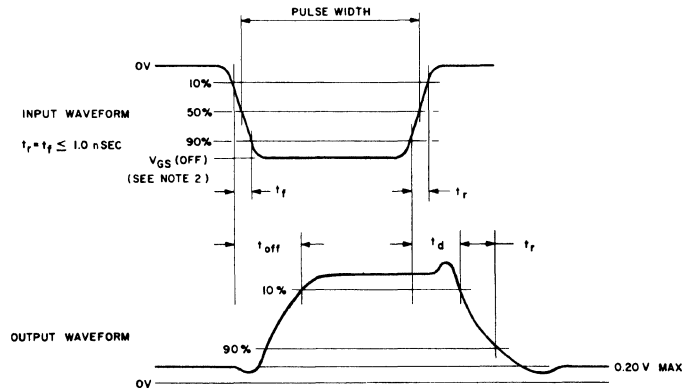
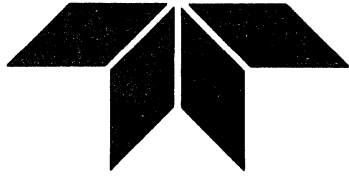


Figure 2

- NOTES: 1) 2N4856, 2N4859  $R_1 = 464\text{ ohms}$   
2N4857, 2N4860  $R_1 = 953\text{ ohms}$   
2N4858, 2N4861  $R_1 = 1910\text{ ohms}$
- 2) 2N4856, 2N4859  $V_{GS(OFF)} = -10\text{ V}$   
2N4857, 2N4860  $V_{GS(OFF)} = -6\text{ V}$   
2N4858, 2N4861  $V_{GS(OFF)} = -4\text{ V}$





# N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE SWITCH

- LOW LEAKAGE
- FAST SWITCHING SPEEDS
- VERY LOW "ON" RESISTANCE

JANUARY 1968

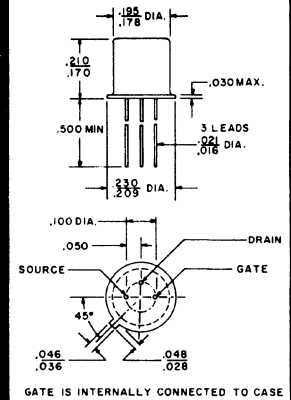
**2N4977**

**2N4978**

**2N4979**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	30	Volts
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	30	Volts
Gate Current	$I_G$	10	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	1.8	Watts
Derating Factor Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		10.3	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 sec. max.		300	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25 °C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	30		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage 2N4977 2N4978 2N4979	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \text{ nA}$	4.0 4.0 0.5	10 8.0 5.0	Volts
Drain-Source "ON" Voltage 2N4977 2N4978 2N4979	$V_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = 25 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$ $I_D = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$ $I_D = 5 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$		0.4 0.4 0.4	nA
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$		0.5	nA
Drain Reverse Current	$I_{DGO}$	$V_{DG} = 15 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$ $V_{DG} = 15 \text{ V}, I_S = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.5 1.0	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Drain Cutoff Current	$I_{D(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -12 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -12 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.5 1.0	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Zero-Gate-Voltage Drain Current 2N4977 2N4978 2N4979	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	50 15 7.5		mA
Drain-Source "ON" Resistance 2N4977 2N4978 2N4979	$r_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$		15 20 40	Ohms
Drain-Source "ON" Resistance 2N4977 2N4978 2N4979	$r_{ds(ON)}$	$V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		15 20 40	Ohms
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		35	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = -12 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		8.0	pf



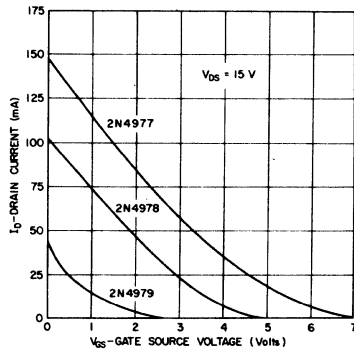
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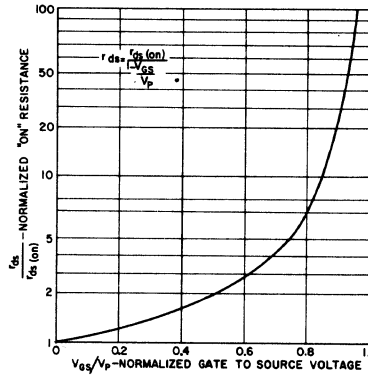
Phone (415) 968-9241

TWX: (910) 379-6494

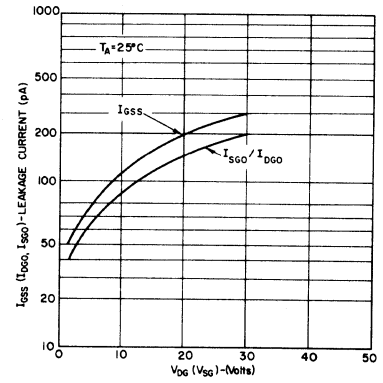
Drain Current  
VS  
Gate-Source Bias



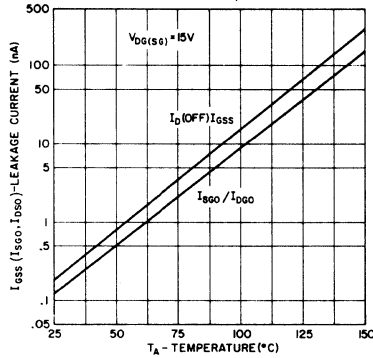
Normalized  $r_{ds}$   
VS  
 $V_{GS}$



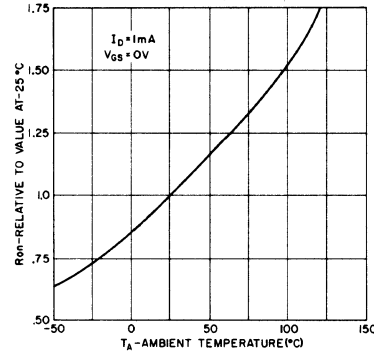
Leakage Current  
VS  
Voltage



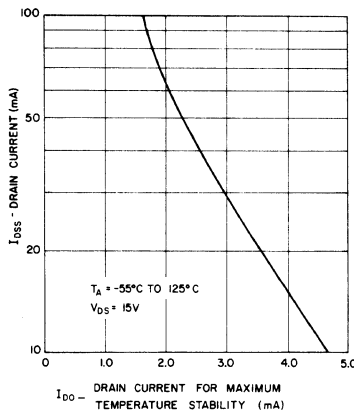
Leakage Gate  
VS  
Ambient Temperature



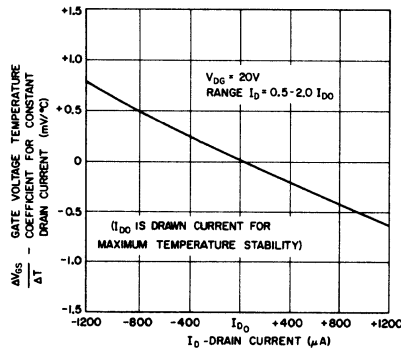
Normalized "On" Resistance  
VS  
Ambient Temperature



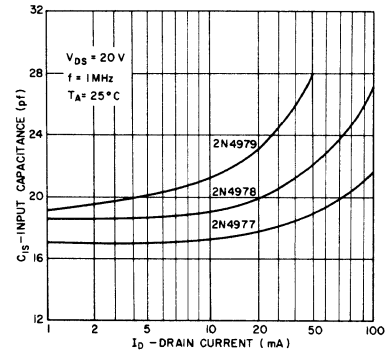
Drain Current for Maximum  
Temperature Stability



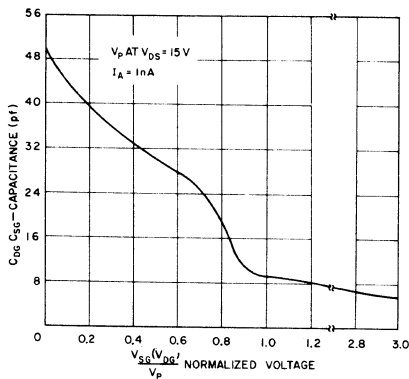
Gate Voltage Temperature Coefficients  
for Constant Drain Current  
VS  
Drain Voltage



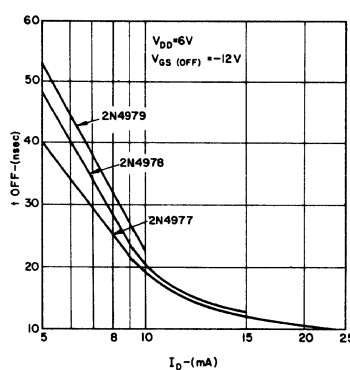
Input Capacitance  
VS  
Drain Current



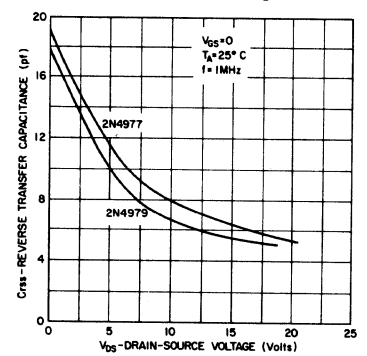
Junction Capacitance  
VS  
Normalized Bias



Switching Characteristics  
Turn-Off Time  
VS  
Drain Current

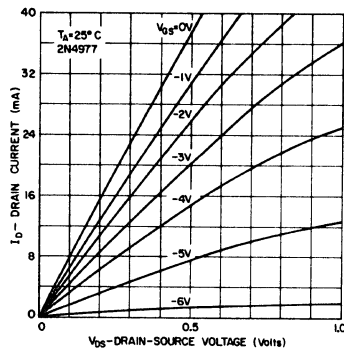


Reverse Transfer Capacitance  
VS  
Drain-Source Voltage

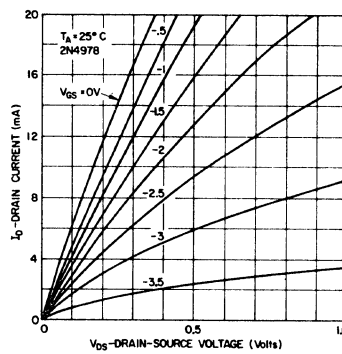


CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Delay Time	2N4977 2N4978 2N4979	$t_d$	See Figure 1 See Figure 2 See Figure 3		5 5 10	nsec
Rise Time	2N4977 2N4978 2N4979	$t_r$	See Figure 1 See Figure 2 See Figure 3		5 10 30	nsec
Turn-Off Time	2N4977 2N4978 2N4979	$t_{off}$	See Figure 1 See Figure 2 See Figure 3		20 40 60	nsec

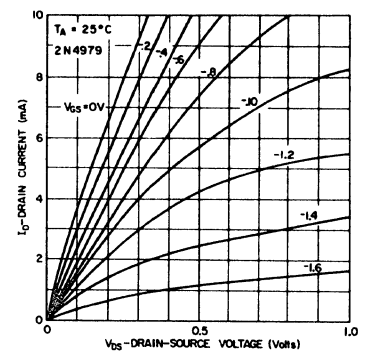
Common Source-Drain Characteristics



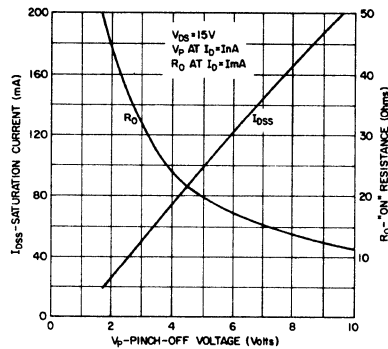
Common Source-Drain Characteristics



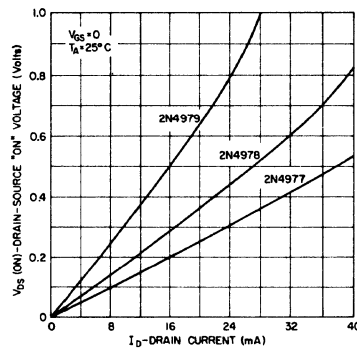
Common Source-Drain Characteristics



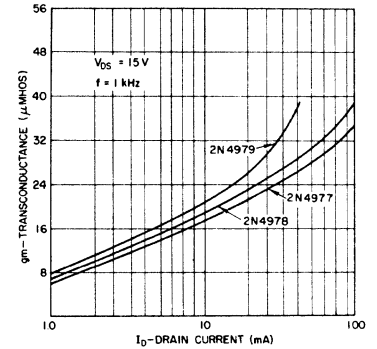
"On" Resistance and Drain Current vs Pinch-Off Voltage



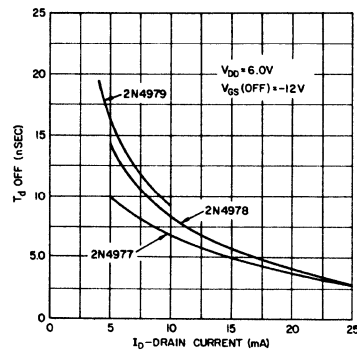
Drain-Source "On" Voltage vs Drain Current



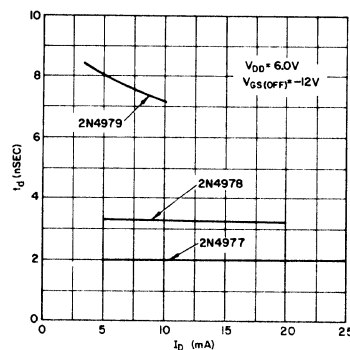
Transconductance vs Drain Current



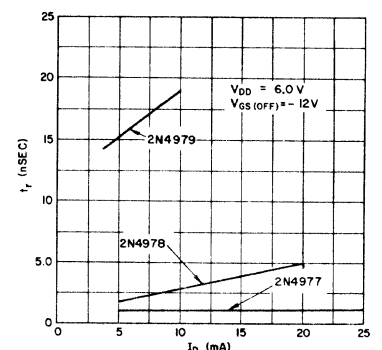
Switching Characteristics Turn-Off Delay Time vs Drain Current



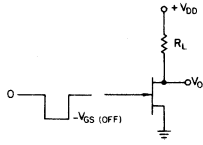
Switching Characteristics Delay Time vs Drain Current



Switching Characteristics Rise Time vs Drain Current







$R_L = 220\Omega$   
 $I_{D(ON)} = 25 \text{ mA}$   
 $V_{GS(OFF)} = -10V$   
 $V_{GS(ON)} = 0V$   
 $V_{DD} = 6.0V$

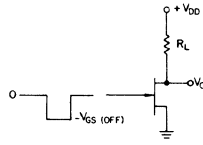
**Input Pulse**

Rise Time < 1.0 ns  
 Fall Time < 1.0 ns  
 Pulse Width  $\leq 110 \text{ ns}$ , 10.0% Duty Cycle  
 Gen. Source Imp. = 50 $\Omega$

**Oscilloscope**

Rise Time  $\leq 0.4 \text{ nsec}$   
 Input Resistance  $\approx 9.8 \text{ M}\Omega$   
 Input Capacitance  $\leq 1.7 \text{ pf}$

Figure 1.



$R_L = 560 \text{ Ohms}$   
 $I_{D(ON)} = 10 \text{ mA}$   
 $V_{GS(OFF)} = -8V$   
 $V_{GS(ON)} = 0V$   
 $V_{DD} = 6.0V$

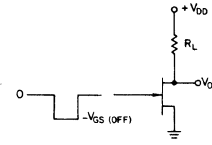
**Input Pulse**

Rise Time < 1.0 ns  
 Fall Time < 1.0 ns  
 Pulse Width  $\leq 110 \text{ ns}$ , 10.0% Duty Cycle  
 Gen. Source Imp. = 50 $\Omega$

**Oscilloscope**

Rise Time  $\leq 0.4 \text{ nsec}$   
 Input Resistance  $\approx 9.8 \text{ M}\Omega$   
 Input Capacitance  $\leq 1.7 \text{ pf}$

Figure 2.



$R_L = 1.1 \text{ k}\Omega$   
 $I_{D(ON)} = 5.0 \text{ mA}$   
 $V_{GS(OFF)} = -5.0V$   
 $V_{GS(ON)} = 0V$   
 $V_{DD} = 6.0V$

**Input Pulse**

Rise Time < 1.0 ns  
 Fall Time < 1.0 ns  
 Pulse Width  $\leq 110 \text{ ns}$ , 10.0% Duty Cycle  
 Gen. Source Imp. = 50 $\Omega$

**Oscilloscope**

Rise Time  $\leq 0.4 \text{ nsec}$   
 Input Resistance  $\approx 9.8 \text{ M}\Omega$   
 Input Capacitance  $\leq 1.7 \text{ pf}$

Figure 3.





# N-CHANNEL FET GENERAL PURPOSE SWITCH

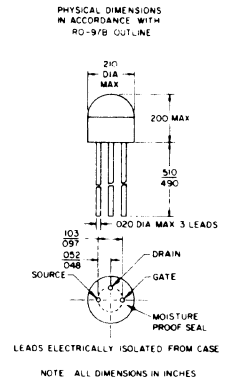
- LOW "ON" RESISTANCE
- FAST SWITCHING SPEEDS
- LOW LEAKAGE

SEPTEMBER 1968

**U1897E**  
**U1898E**  
**U1899E**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	40	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	40	Volts
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mW
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.5	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+125	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DGO}$	$I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_S = 0$	40		Volts
Source-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{SGO}$	$I_S = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_D = 0$	40		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage U1897E U1898E U1899E	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \text{ nA}$	5.0 2.0 1.0	10 7.0 5.0	Volts
Drain Source "ON" Voltage	$V_{DS(on)}$	$I_D = (**), V_{GS} = 0$		0.2	Volts
Gate-Drain Leakage Current	$I_{DGO}$	$V_{DG} = 20 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$		0.2	nA
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{SGO}$	$V_{SG} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 0$		0.2	nA
Drain Cutoff Current	$I_{D(OFF)}$	$V_{GS} = (***), V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}$ $V_{GS} = (***), V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V},$ $T_A = +85^\circ\text{C}$		0.2 10	nA
Zero-Gate Voltage Drain Current U1897E U1898E U1899E	$I_{DSS}^*$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	30 15 8.0		mA
Drain-Source "ON" Resistance U1897E U1898E U1899E	$r_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$		30 50 80	Ohms
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		16	pf
Drain-Gate Capacitance	$C_{DG}$	$V_{DG} = 20 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		5.0	pf
Source-Gate Capacitance	$C_{SG}$	$V_{SG} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		5.0	pf



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CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Rise Time U1897E U1898E U1899E	$t_r$	See Figures 1 & 2		10 20 40	nsec
Delay Time U1897E U1898E U1899E	$t_d$	See Figures 1 & 2		15 15 20	nsec
Turn-OFF Time U1897E U1898E U1899E	$t_{off}$	See Figures 1 & 2		40 60 80	nsec

NOTES: \*Measure under pulse conditions: pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu\text{sec}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 3\%$ .

\*\*U1897E  $I_D = 6.6 \text{ mA}$       \*\*\*U1897E  $V_{GS(OFF)} = -12 \text{ V}$   
 U1898E  $I_D = 4.0 \text{ mA}$       U1898E  $V_{GS(OFF)} = -8.0 \text{ V}$   
 U1899E  $I_D = 2.5 \text{ mA}$       U1899E  $V_{GS(OFF)} = -6.0 \text{ V}$

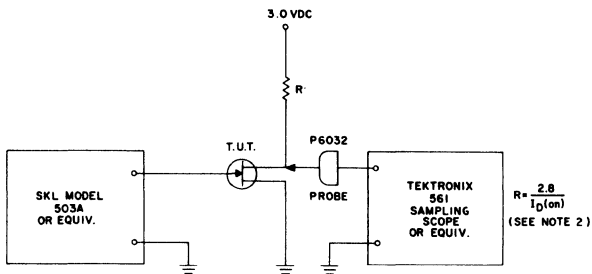


Figure 1

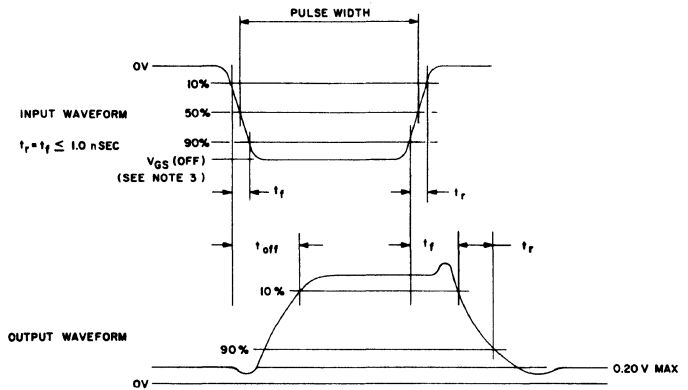
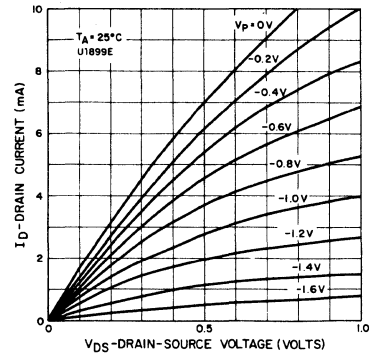
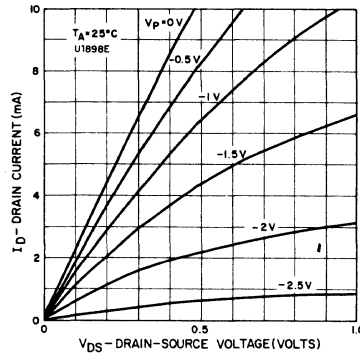
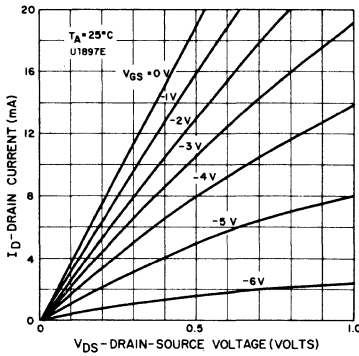
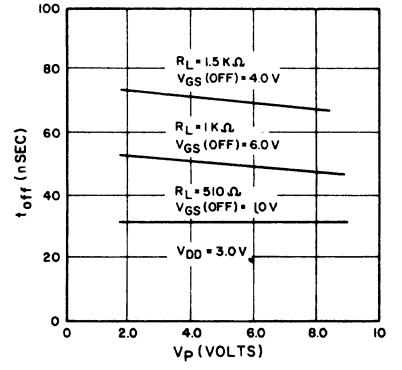
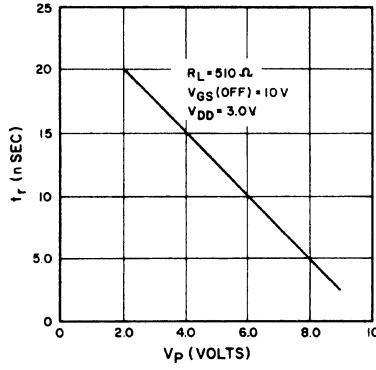
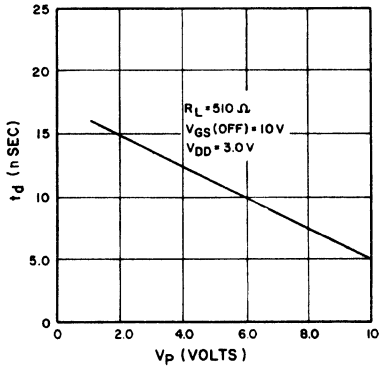


Figure 2

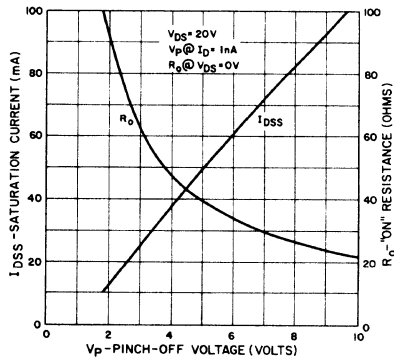
Common Source-Drain Characteristics



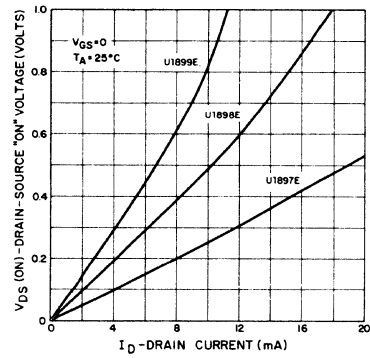
### Switching Characteristics



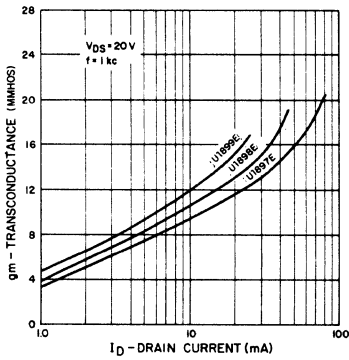
### "ON" Resistance And Drain Current VS Pinch-Off Voltage



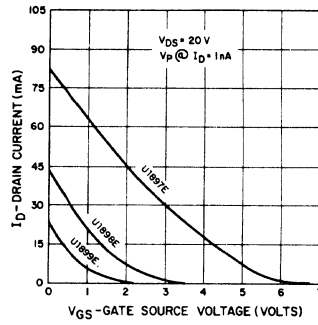
### Drain-Source "ON" Voltage VS Drain Current



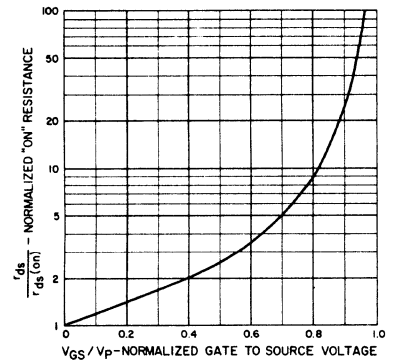
### Transconductance VS Drain Current



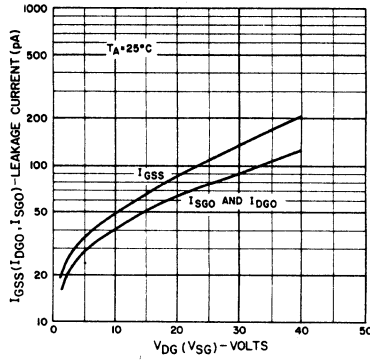
### Drain Current VS Gate-Source Bias



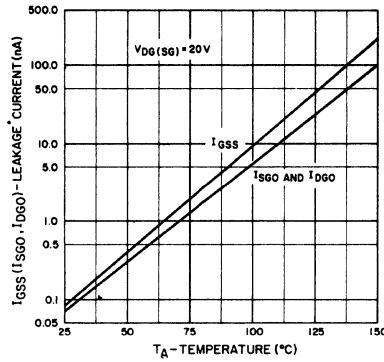
### Normalized $r_{ds}$ vs $V_{GS}$



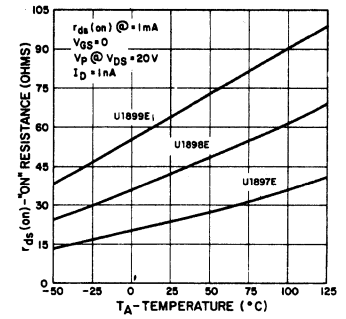
### Leakage Current vs Voltage



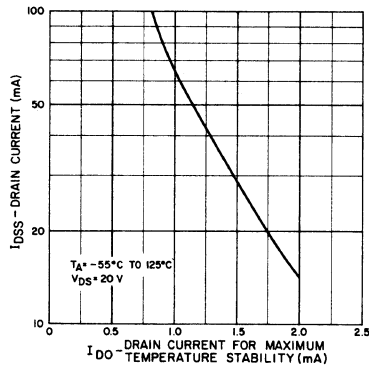
### Gate Leakage Current vs Temperature



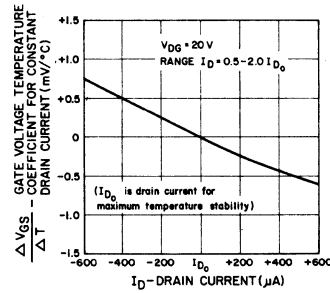
### "ON" Resistance vs Temperature



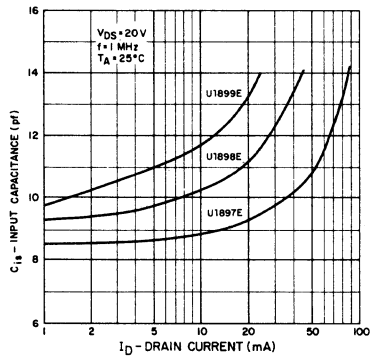
### Drain Current for Maximum Temperature Stability



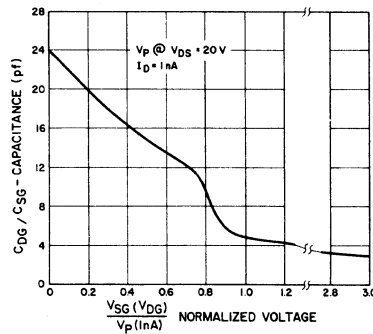
### Gate Voltage Temperature Coefficients for Constant Drain Current vs Drain Voltage



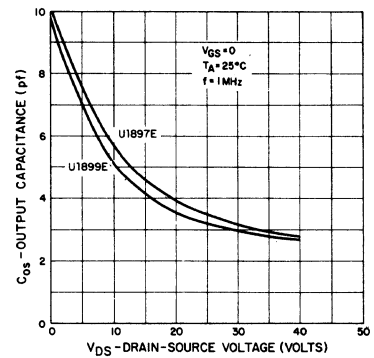
### Input Capacitance vs Drain Current

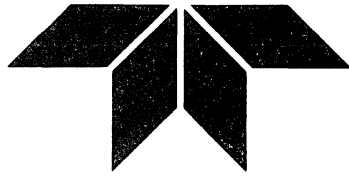


### Junction Capacitance vs Normalized Bias



### Output Capacitance vs Drain-Source Voltage





# P-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

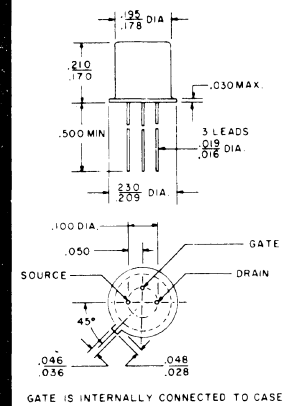
- LOW LEAKAGE
- LOW NOISE

JANUARY 1968

**2N2606**  
THRU  
**2N2609**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mW
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate to Source Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	30		Volts
Total Gate Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = 5.0 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$		1.0 3.0 10 30	nA
		$V_{GS} = 5.0 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.0 3.0 10 30	$\mu\text{A}$
Saturation Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = -5.0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	100 300 0.9 2.0	500 1500 4.5 10	$\mu\text{A}$ mA
Transconductance	$g_m$	$V_{DS} = -5.0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	110 330 1000 2500		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{ib}$	$V_{DS} = -5.0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		6.0 10 17 30	pf
Pinch Off Voltage	$V_p$	$V_{DS} = -5.0 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}$	1.0	4.0	Volts
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = -5.0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ BW = 160 Hz, $R_g = 10 \text{ M}\Omega$ $R_g = 1.0 \text{ M}\Omega$		3.0 3.0	db



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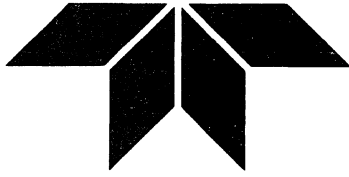
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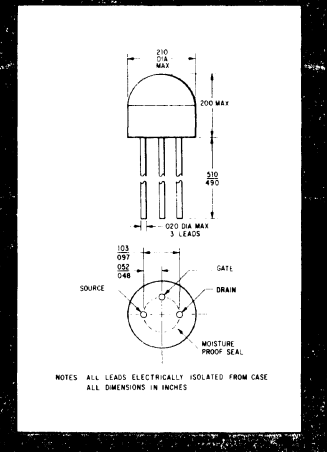
# P-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE AMPLIFIER

JANUARY 1969

**P1069E**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	-20	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	-20	Volts
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mW
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.5	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+125	$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DGO}$	$I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_S = 0$	-20		Volts
Gate Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = 5.0 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$		3.0	nA
Saturation Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	-1.0	-5.0	mA
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage	$V_{GS(Off)}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = 3.0 \text{ nA}$	1.0	4.0	Volts
Transconductance	$g_h$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0,$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	3000	8000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Drain-Source "ON" Resistance	$r_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = 0.1 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$		600	ohms
Output Conductance	$g_{os}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$		100	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0,$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		40	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0,$ $f = 140 \text{ kHz}$		5.0	pf
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0,$ $R_G = 1.0 \text{ M}\Omega$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}, \text{BW} = 6.0 \text{ Hz}$		3.0	db



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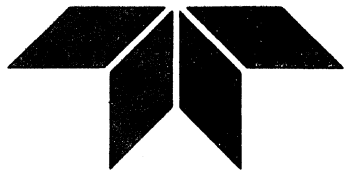
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# P-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

## GENERAL PURPOSE SWITCH

- VERY LOW "ON" RESISTANCE
- FAST SWITCHING SPEEDS
- LOW LEAKAGE

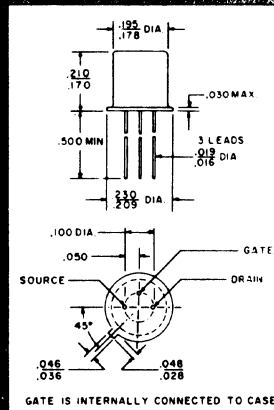
JANUARY 1968

**2N5018**

**2N5019**

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	-30	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	-30	Volts
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	-30	Volts
Gate Current	$I_G$	10	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	1.8	Watts
Derating Factor Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		10	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 seconds max.		300	$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{IBRIGSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	30		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage 2N5018 2N5019	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}$		10 5	Volts
Drain-Source "On" Voltage 2N5018 2N5019	$V_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = -6.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$ $I_D = -3.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$		-0.5 -0.5	Volts
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$		2.0	nA
Zero-Gate-Voltage Drain Current 2N5018 2N5019	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	-10 -5		mA
Drain Cutoff Current 2N5018 2N5019 2N5018 2N5019	$I_{D(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 12 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 7.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 12 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 7.0 \text{ V}, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		10 10 10 10	nA  $\mu\text{A}$
Drain Reverse Current	$I_{DGO}$	$V_{DG} = -15 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$ $V_{DG} = -15 \text{ V}, I_S = 0, T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2.0 3.0	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Drain-Source "ON" Resistance 2N5018 2N5019	$r_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$ $I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$		75 150	Ohms
Drain-Source "ON" Resistance 2N5018 2N5019	$r_{ds(ON)}$	$V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		75 150	Ohms
Rise Time 2N5018 2N5019	$t_r$	See Figure 1 See Figure 2		20 75	nsec
Delay Time 2N5018 2N5019	$t_d$	See Figure 1 See Figure 2		15 15	nsec



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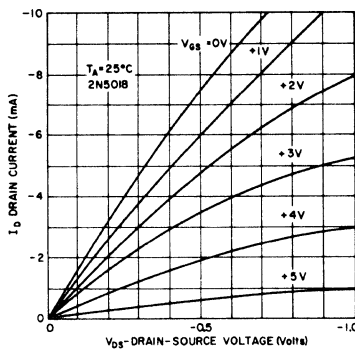
A TELEDYNE COMPANY

PHONE: (415) 968-9241

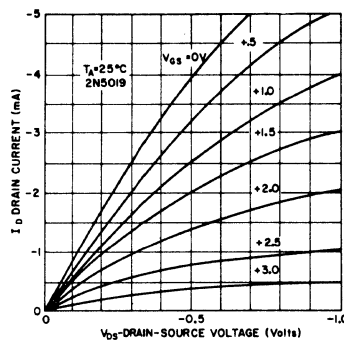
TWX: (415) 969-9112

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Turn-Off Delay Time 2N5018 2N5019	$t_{d(OFF)}$	See Figure 1 See Figure 2		15 25	nsec
Turn-Off Time 2N5018 2N5019	$t_{(OFF)}$	See Figure 1 See Figure 2		50 100	nsec
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = -15 V, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		45	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance 2N5018 2N5019	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = 12 V$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = 7.0 V$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		10 10	pf

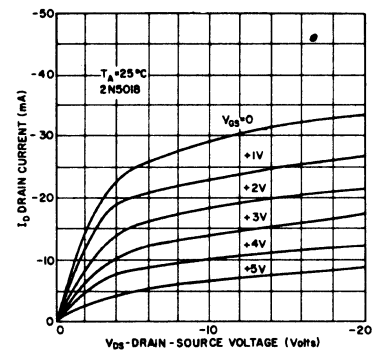
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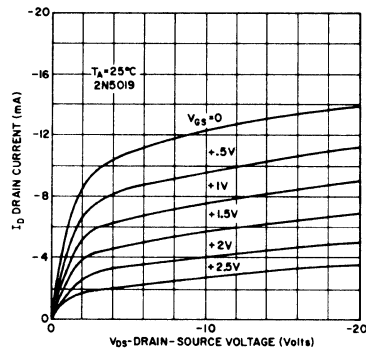
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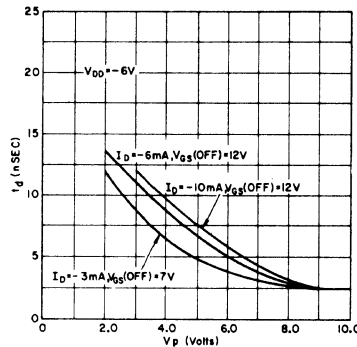
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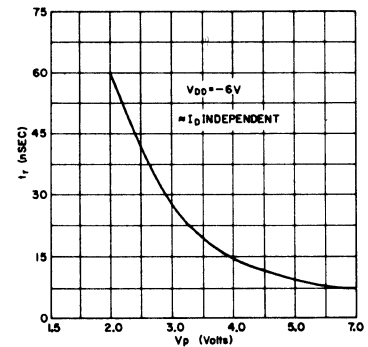
Common Source-Drain Characteristics



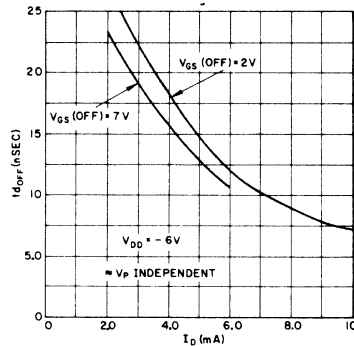
Switching Characteristics  
Delay Time  
vs  
Pitch-Off Voltage



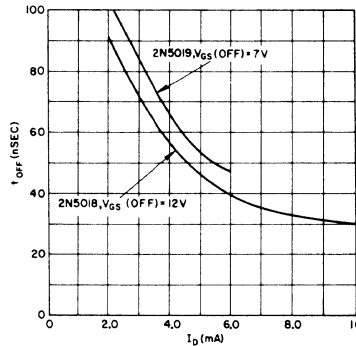
Switching Characteristics  
Rise Time  
vs  
Pitch-Off Voltage



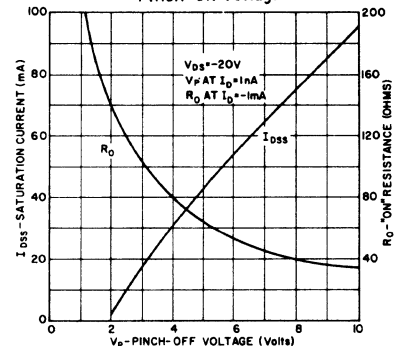
Switching Characteristics  
Turn-Off Delay Time  
vs  
Drain Current



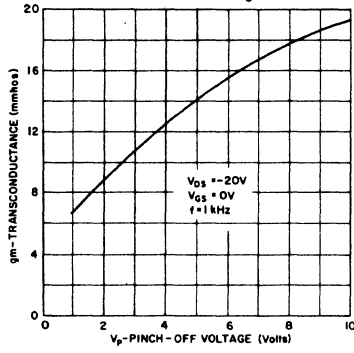
Switching Characteristics  
Turn-Off Time  
vs  
Drain Current



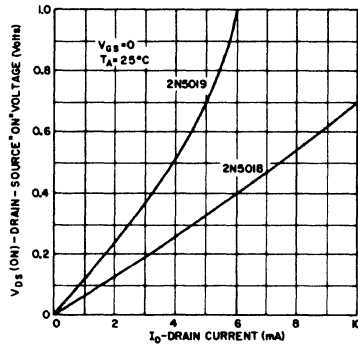
"On" Resistance and Drain Current  
vs  
Pinch-Off Voltage



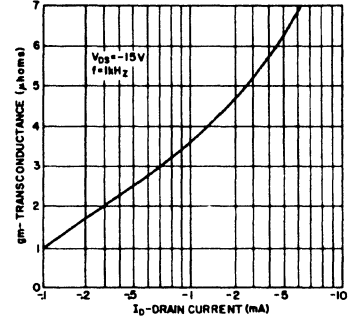
Transconductance  
VS  
Pinch-Off Voltage



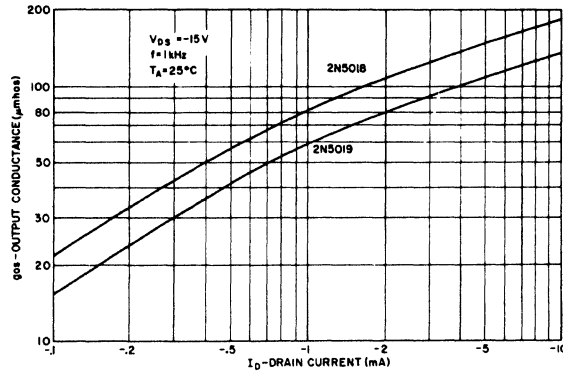
Drain-Source "On" Voltage  
VS  
Drain Current



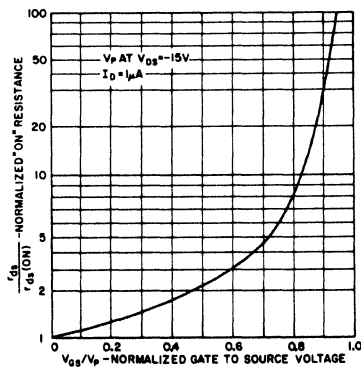
Transconductance  
VS  
Drain Current



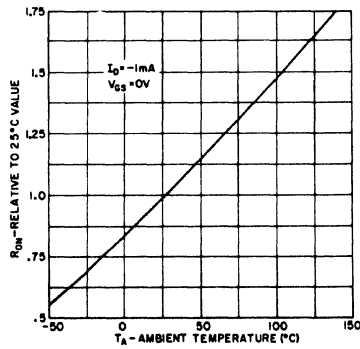
Output Conductance  
VS  
Drain Current



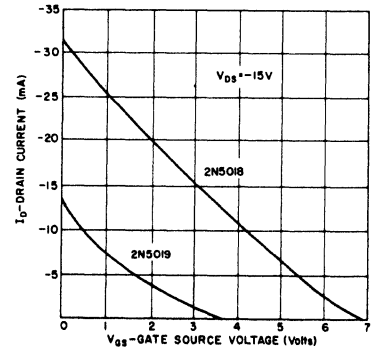
Normalized  $r_{ds}$   
VS  
 $V_{GS}$



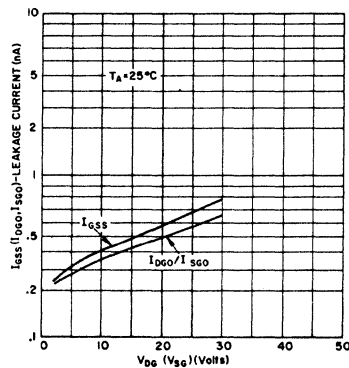
Normalized "On" Resistance  
VS  
Ambient Temperature



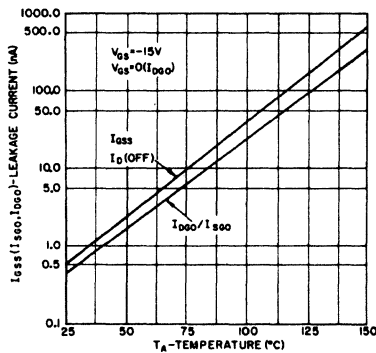
Drain Current  
VS  
Gate-Source Bias



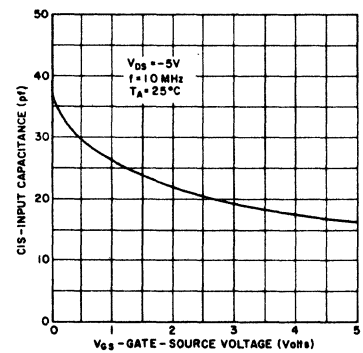
Leakage Current  
VS  
Voltage



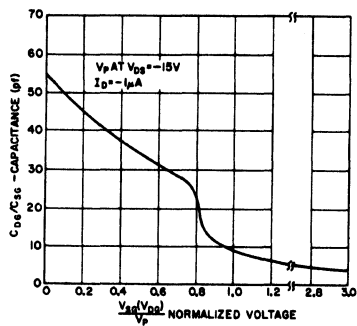
Gate Leakage Current  
VS  
Temperature



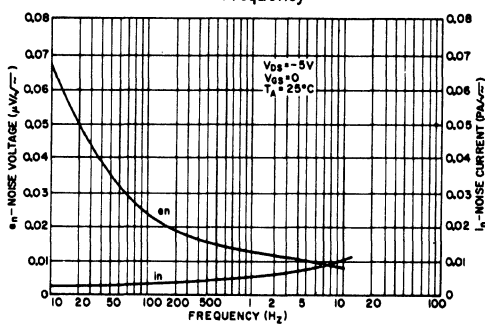
Input Capacitance  
VS  
Gate-Source Voltage



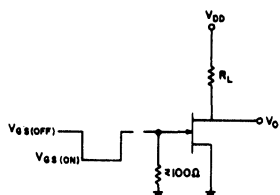
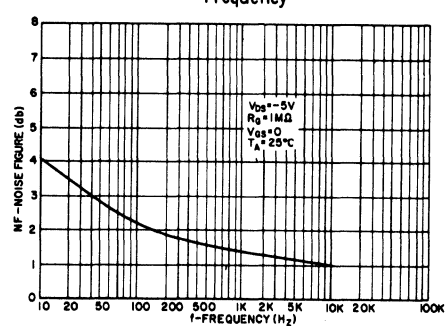
Junction Capacitance  
VS  
Normalized Bias



Noise Voltage/Current  
VS  
Frequency



Noise Figure  
VS  
Frequency

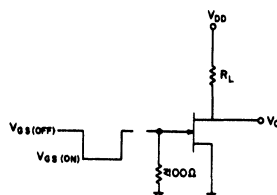


$R_L = 910\Omega$   
 $I_{D(ON)} = 6.0 \text{ mA}$   
 $V_{GS(OFF)} = +12$   
 $V_{GS(ON)} = 0V$   
 $V_{DD} = -6V$

Input Pulse  
 Rise Time  $< 1.0 \text{ ns}$   
 Fall Time  $< 1.0 \text{ ns}$   
 Pulse Width  $\approx 110 \text{ ns}$ , 10% Duty Cycle  
 Gen. Source Imp.  $\approx 100\Omega$

Oscilloscope  
 Rise Time  $\approx 0.4 \text{ ns}$   
 Input Resistance  $\approx 9.8 \text{ M}\Omega$   
 Input Capacitance  $\approx 1.7 \text{ pf}$

Figure 1.



$R_L = 1.8k$   
 $I_{D(ON)} = 3 \text{ mA}$   
 $V_{GS(OFF)} = +7V$   
 $V_{GS(ON)} = 0V$   
 $V_{DD} = -6V$

Input Pulse  
 Rise Time  $< 1.0 \text{ ns}$   
 Fall Time  $< 1.0 \text{ ns}$   
 Pulse Width  $\approx 100 \text{ ns}$ , 10% Duty Cycle  
 Gen. Source Imp.  $\approx 100\Omega$

Oscilloscope  
 Rise Time  $\approx 0.4 \text{ ns}$   
 Input Resistance  $\approx 9.8 \text{ M}\Omega$   
 Input Capacitance  $\approx 1.7 \text{ pf}$

Figure 2.





# P-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

## GENERAL PURPOSE SWITCH

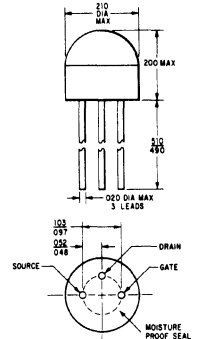
- VERY LOW "ON" RESISTANCE
- FAST SWITCHING SPEEDS
- LOW LEAKAGE

JANUARY 1968

**P1086E**  
**P1087E**

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	-30	Volts
Drain-Gate Voltage	$V_{DG}$	-30	Volts
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	-30	Volts
Gate Current	$I_G$	10	mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	300	mWatts
Derating Factor Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.5	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+125	$^\circ\text{C}$



NOTES: ALL LEADS ELECTRICALLY ISOLATED FROM CASE  
ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25 $^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{IBR1GS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	30		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage P1086E P1087E	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}$		10 5	Volts
Drain-Source "On" Voltage P1086E P1087E	$V_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = -6.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$ $I_D = -3.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$		-0.5 -0.5	Volts
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$		2.0	nA
Zero-Gate-Voltage Drain Current P1086E P1087E	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $V_{DS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	-10 -5		mA
Drain Cutoff Current P1086E P1087E P1086E P1087E	$I_{D(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 12 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 7.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 12 \text{ V}, T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 7.0 \text{ V}, T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$		10 10 0.5 0.5	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Drain Reverse Current	$I_{DGO}$	$V_{DG} = -15 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$ $V_{DG} = -15 \text{ V}, I_S = 0, T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$		2.0 0.1	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Drain-Source "ON" Resistance P1086E P1087E	$r_{DS(ON)}$	$I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$ $I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$		75 150	Ohms
Drain-Source "ON" Resistance P1086E P1087E	$r_{ds(ON)}$	$V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{GS} = 0, I_D = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		75 150	Ohms
Rise Time P1086E P1087E	$t_r$	See Figure 1 See Figure 2		20 75	nsec
Delay Time P1086E P1087E	$t_d$	See Figure 1 See Figure 2		15 15	nsec



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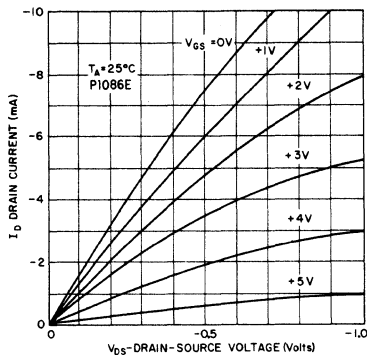
A TELEDYNE COMPANY

Phone (415) 968-9241

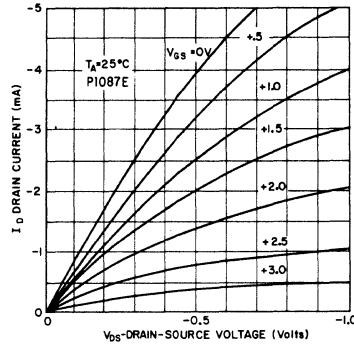
TWX: (910) 379-6494

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Turn-Off Delay Time P1086E P1087E	$t_{d(OFF)}$	See Figure 1 See Figure 2		15 25	nsec
Turn-Off Time P1086E P1087E	$t_{(OFF)}$	See Figure 1 See Figure 2		50 100	nsec
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = -15V, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		45	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance P1086E P1087E	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = 12V$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ $V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = 7.0V$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		10 10	pf

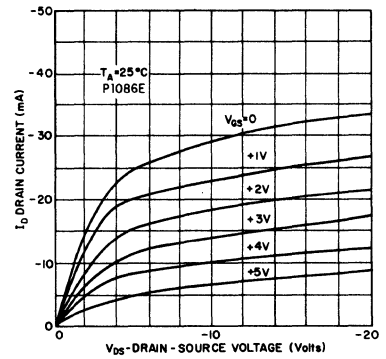
Common Source-Drain Characteristics



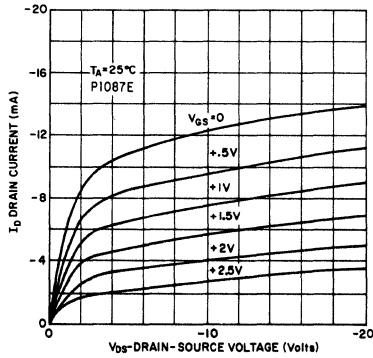
Common Source-Drain Characteristics



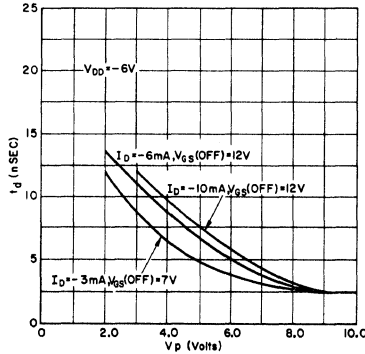
Common Source-Drain Characteristics



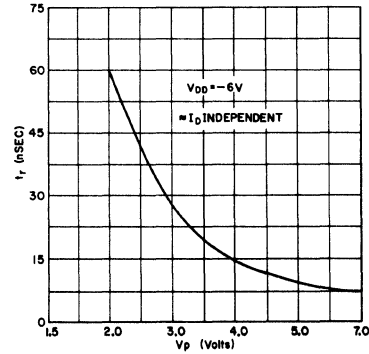
Common Source-Drain Characteristics



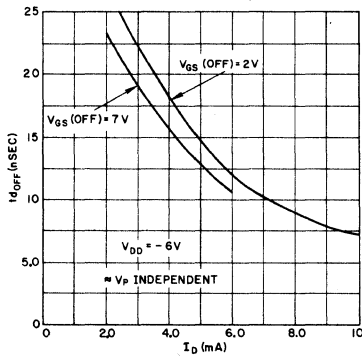
Switching Characteristics Delay Time vs Pitch-Off Voltage



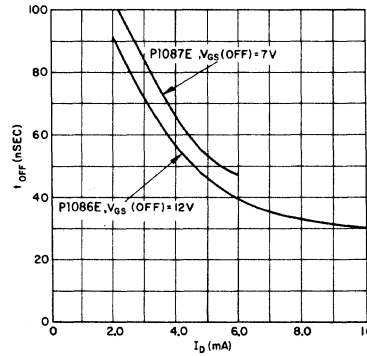
Switching Characteristics Rise Time vs Pitch-Off Voltage



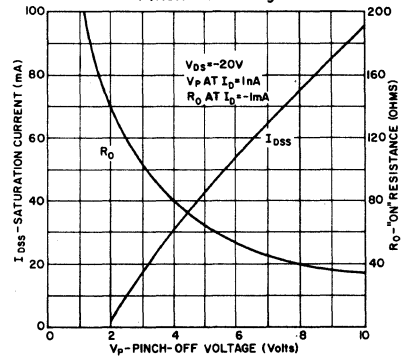
Switching Characteristics Turn-Off Delay Time vs Drain Current

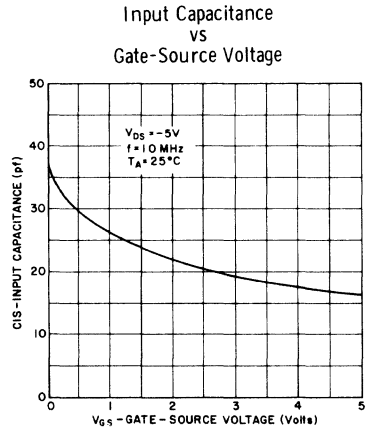
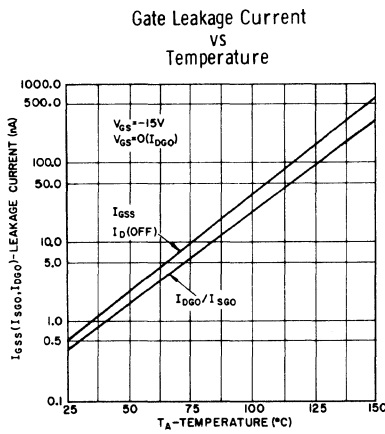
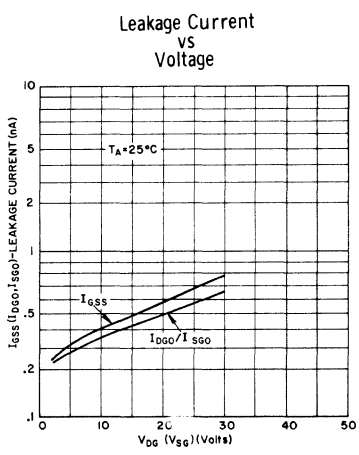
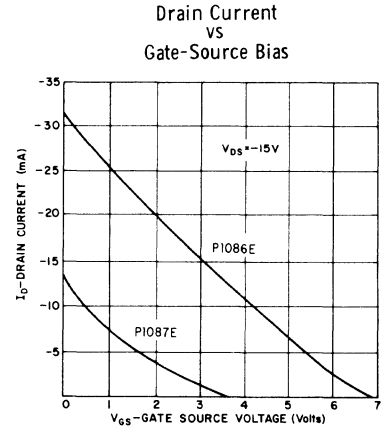
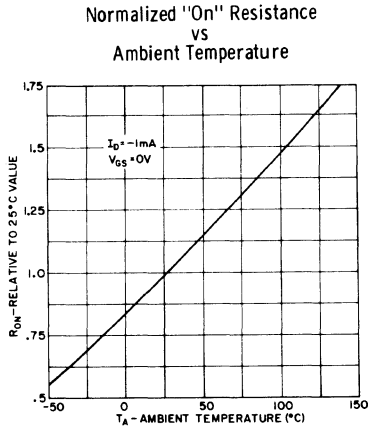
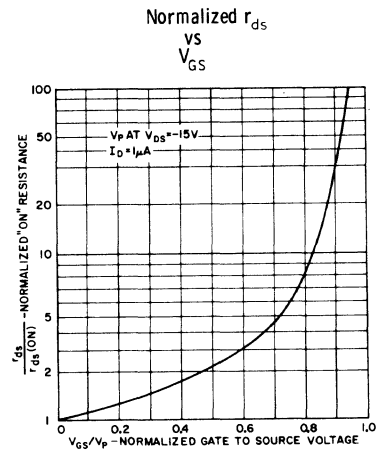
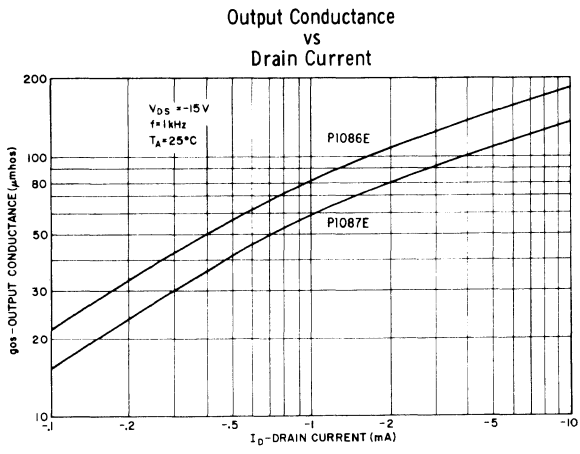
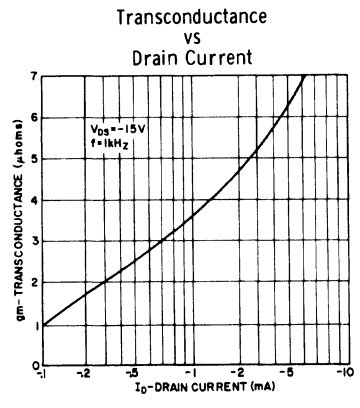
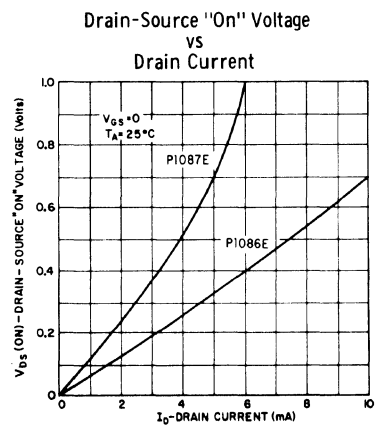
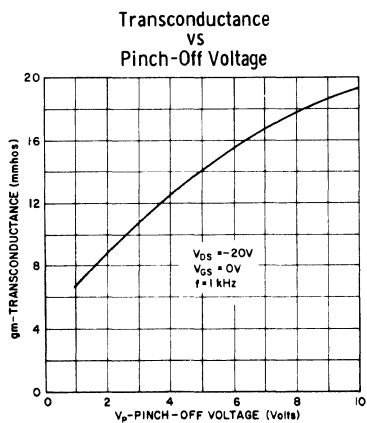


Switching Characteristics Turn-Off Time vs Drain Current



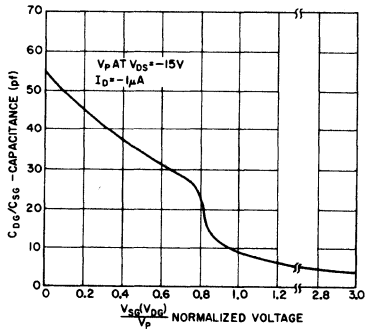
"On" Resistance and Drain Current vs Pinch-Off Voltage



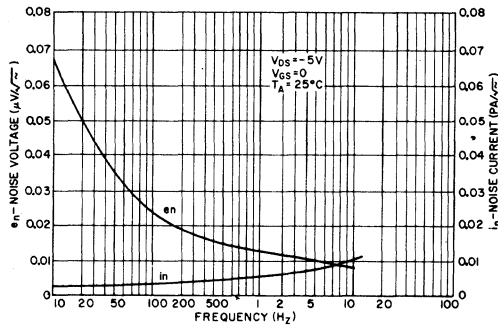




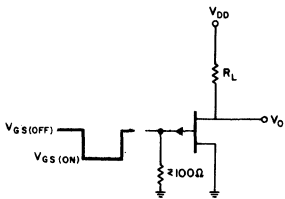
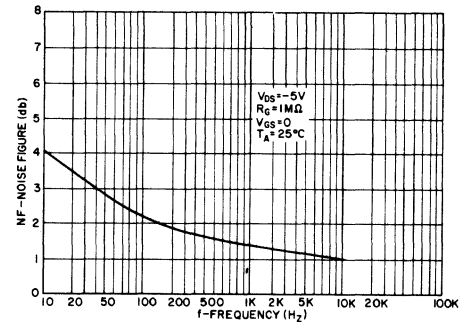
Junction Capacitance  
VS  
Normalized Bias



Noise Voltage/Current  
VS  
Frequency



Noise Figure  
VS  
Frequency



$R_L = 910\Omega$   
 $I_{D(ON)} = 6.0 \text{ mA}$   
 $V_{GS(OFF)} = +12$   
 $V_{GS(ON)} = 0V$   
 $V_{DD} = -6V$

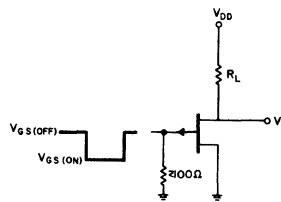
Input Pulse

Rise Time < 1.0 ns  
 Fall Time < 1.0 ns  
 Pulse Width  $\leq 110 \text{ ns}$ , 10% Duty Cycle  
 Gen. Source Imp.  $\leq 100\Omega$

Oscilloscope

Rise Time  $\leq 0.4 \text{ ns}$   
 Input Resistance  $\approx 9.8 \text{ M}\Omega$   
 Input Capacitance  $\leq 1.7 \text{ pf}$

Figure 1.



$R_L = 1.8k$   
 $I_{D(ON)} = 3 \text{ mA}$   
 $V_{GS(OFF)} = +7V$   
 $V_{GS(ON)} = 0V$   
 $V_{DD} = -6V$

Input Pulse

Rise Time < 1.0 ns  
 Fall Time < 1.0 ns  
 Pulse Width  $\leq 100 \text{ ns}$ , 10% Duty Cycle  
 Gen. Source Imp.  $\leq 100\Omega$

Oscilloscope

Rise Time  $\leq 0.4 \text{ ns}$   
 Input Resistance  $\approx 9.8 \text{ M}\Omega$   
 Input Capacitance  $\leq 1.7 \text{ pf}$

Figure 2.





# DUAL N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

## GENERAL PURPOSE

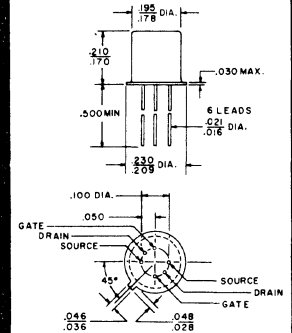
- VERY CLOSELY MATCHED gm
- CLOSELY MATCHED V<sub>GS</sub>
- VERY LOW DIFFERENTIAL DRIFT

JANUARY 1968

**2N3921-22**  
**2N4084-85**

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
		One Side	Both Sides	
Total Device Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	P <sub>D</sub>	250	300	mW
Derating Factor above 25°C @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		1.7		mW/°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +200		°C
Junction Temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	+200		°C



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain-Gate Breakdown Voltage	BV <sub>DGO</sub>	I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0 μA, I <sub>S</sub> = 0	50		Volts
Gate-Source Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 0.1 mA	0.2	2.7	Volts
Total Gate Leakage Current	I <sub>GSS</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = -30 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V <sub>GS</sub> = -30 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0, T <sub>A</sub> = 100°C		1.0 1.0	nA μA
Gate Leakage Current	I <sub>G</sub>	V <sub>DG</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 0.7 mA V <sub>DG</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 0.7 mA, T <sub>A</sub> = 100°C		0.25 25	nA
Saturation Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0	1.0	10	mA
Pinch Off Voltage	V <sub>P</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1.0 nA		3.0	Volts
Input Conductance	g <sub>is</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 f = 1.0 MHz		4.0	μmhos
Output Conductance	g <sub>os</sub>	V <sub>DG</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 0.7 mA f = 1.0 MHz V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 f = 1.0 kHz		20 35	μmhos
Input Capacitance	C <sub>is</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 f = 1.0 MHz		18	pf
Output Capacitance	C <sub>os</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 f = 1.0 MHz		6.0	pf
Noise Figure	NF	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, R <sub>G</sub> = 1.0 MΩ f = 1.0 kHz		2.0	db
Transconductance	g <sub>m</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 f = 1.0 kHz V <sub>DG</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 0.7 mA f = 1.0 kHz	1500 1500	7500	μmhos
Transconductance Ratio	g <sub>m1</sub> /g <sub>m2</sub>	V <sub>DG</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 0.7 mA	0.95	1.0	
Gate-Source Voltage Differential 2N3921, 22 2N4084, 85	V <sub>GS1</sub> -V <sub>GS2</sub>	V <sub>DG</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 0.7 mA		5.0 15	mV
Gate-Source Voltage Differential Drift 2N3921 & 2N4084 2N3922 & 2N4085	Δ  V <sub>GS1</sub> -V <sub>GS2</sub>   / ΔT	V <sub>DG</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 0.7 mA T <sub>A</sub> = 0°C to 100°C		10 25	μV/°C



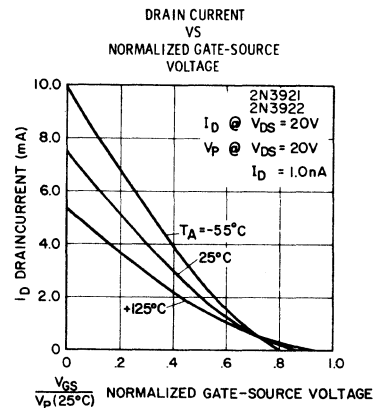
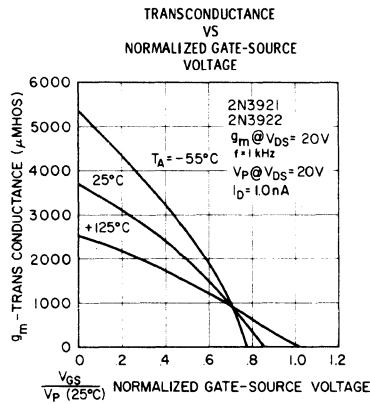
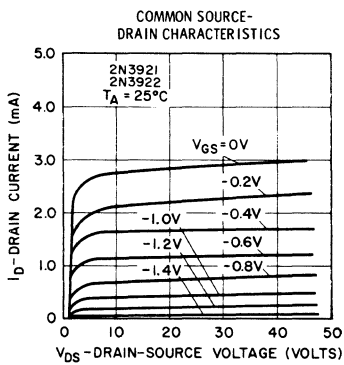
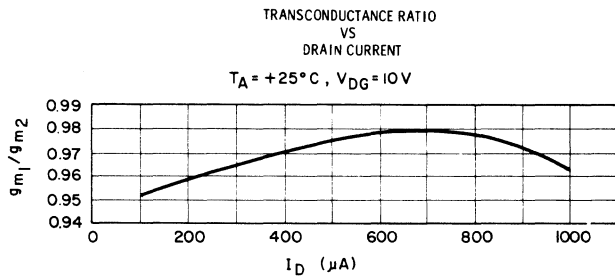
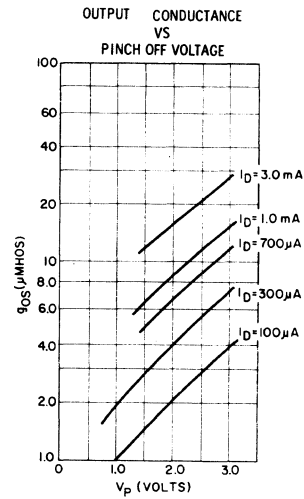
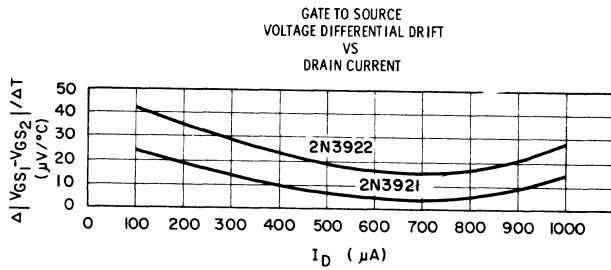
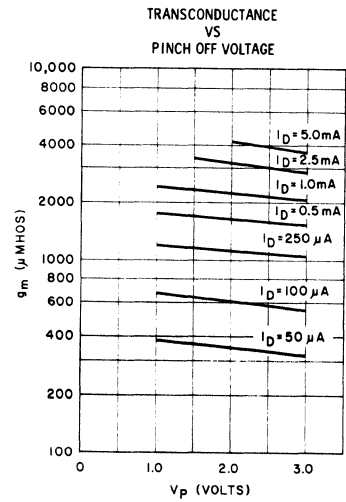
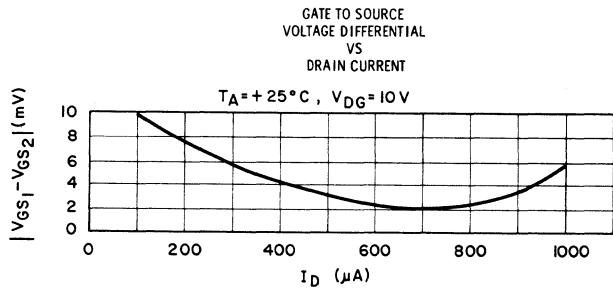
**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR**

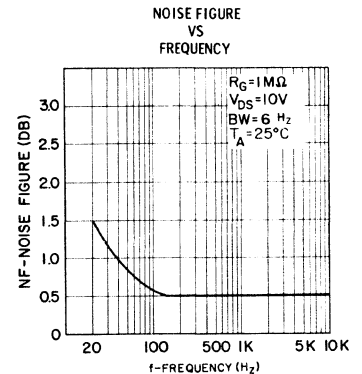
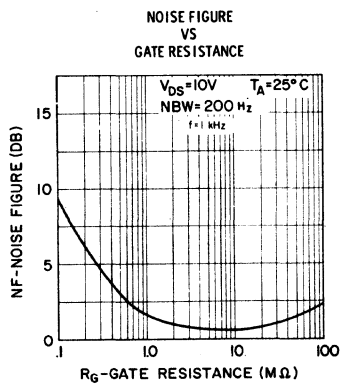
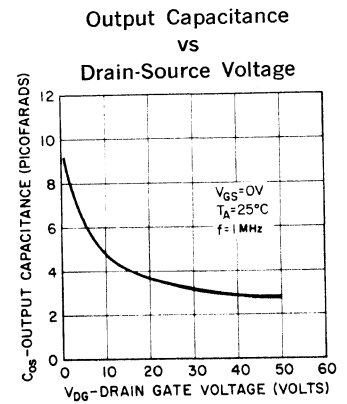
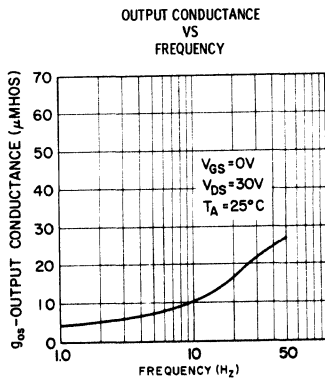
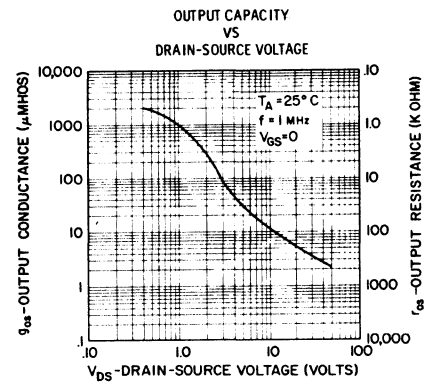
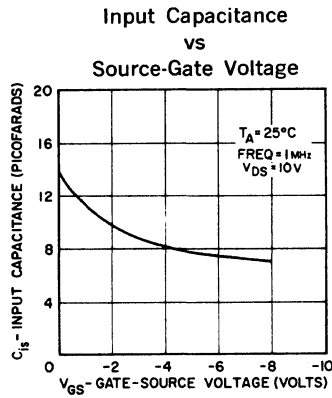
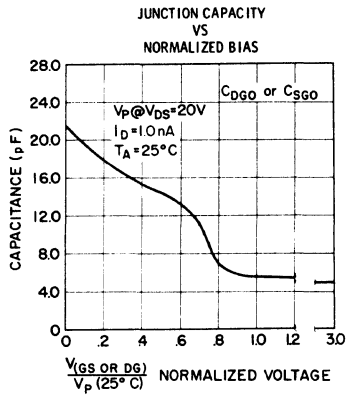
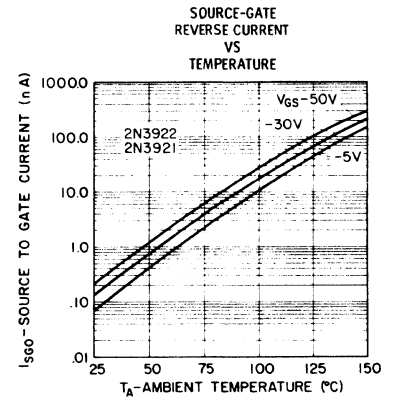
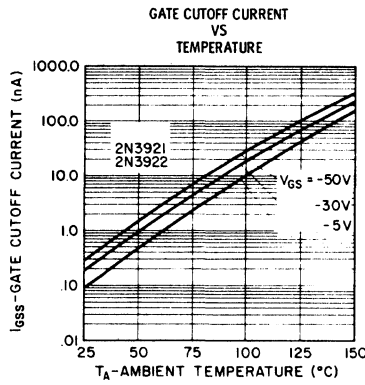
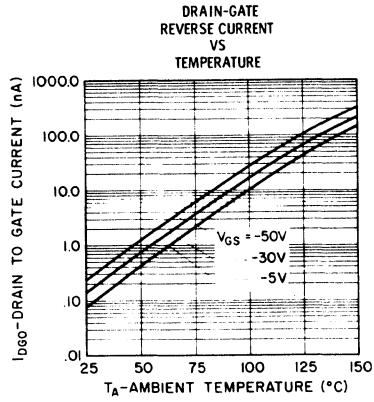
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**ATELEDYNE COMPANY**

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# DUAL N-CANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

## GENERAL PURPOSE

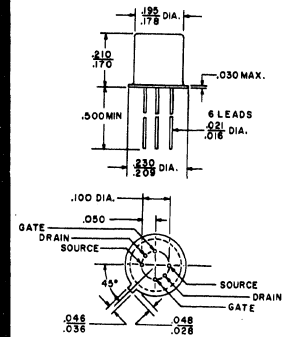
- VERY CLOSELY MATCHED gm
- LOW DIFFERENTIAL DRIFT
- LOW LEAKAGE

JANUARY 1968

**2N3934**  
**2N3935**  
**2N4082**  
**2N4083**

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	One Side 300	Both Sides 250	mW
Derating Factor Above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.7		mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200		$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DGO}$	$I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_S = 0$	50		Volts
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 25 \mu\text{A}$	0.2	2.7	Volts
Total Gate Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0, T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$		0.4 0.4	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Gate Leakage Current	$I_G$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}, T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$		0.1 10	nA nA
Saturation Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	0.25	1.3	mA
Pinch Off Voltage	$V_P$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.5 \text{ nA}$		3.0	Volts
Transconductance	$g_m$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	300 300	900	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Conductance	$g_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		1.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Conductance	$g_{os}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$ $V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		10 5.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		7.0	pf
Output Capacitance	$C_{os}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		2.2	pf
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, R_G = 1.0 \text{ M}\Omega$ $f = 100 \text{ Hz}$		2.0	db
Transconductance Ratio	$g_{m1}/g_{m2}^*$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$	0.95	1.0	
Gate-Source Voltage Differential 2N3934, 2N3935 2N4082, 2N4083	$V_{GS1} - V_{GS2}$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$		5.0 15	mV
Gate-Source Voltage Differential Drift 2N4082, 2N3934 2N4083, 2N3935	$\Delta  V_{GS1} - V_{GS2}  / \Delta T$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C} \text{ to } 100^\circ\text{C}$		10 25	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$

\* The lowest  $g_m$  reading is  $g_{m1}$  for this ratio.

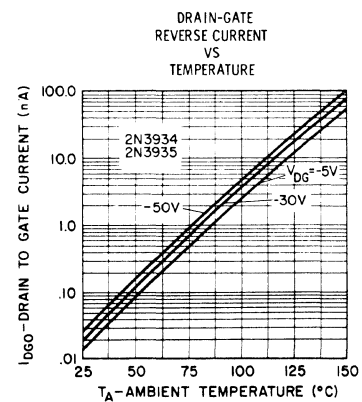
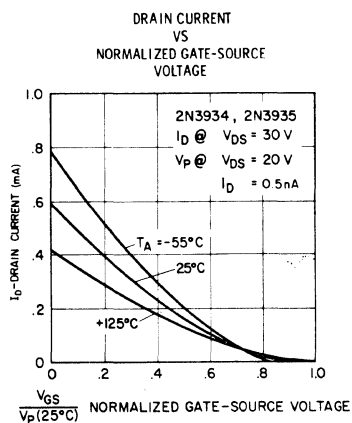
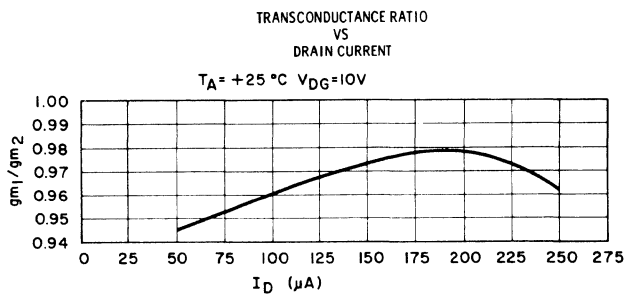
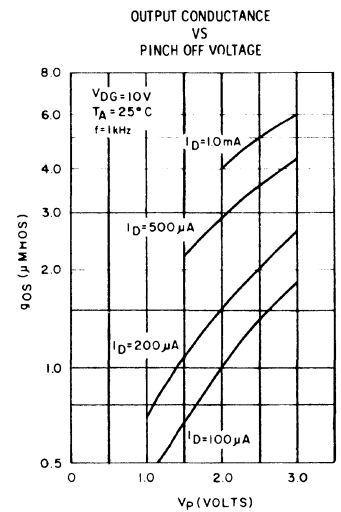
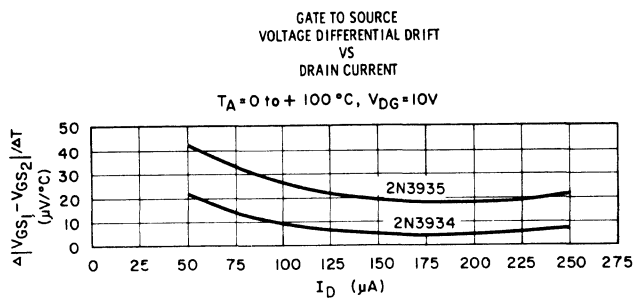
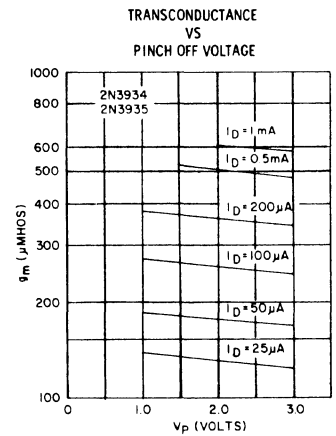
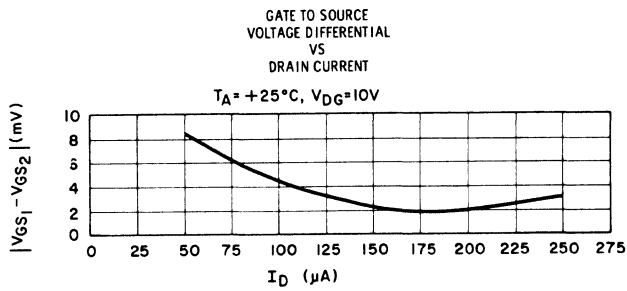


**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR** 1300 Terra Bella Ave. • Mountain View • Calif. 94040

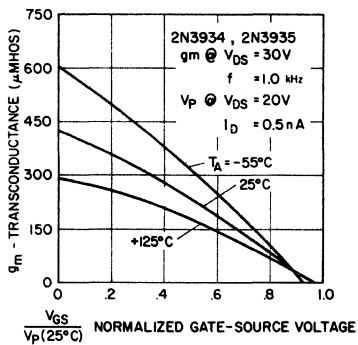
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Phone (415) 968-9241

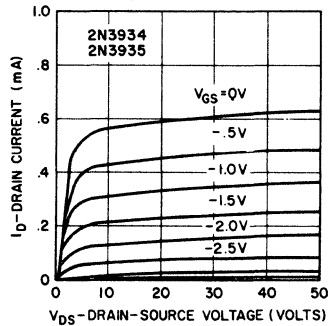
TWX: (910) 379-6494



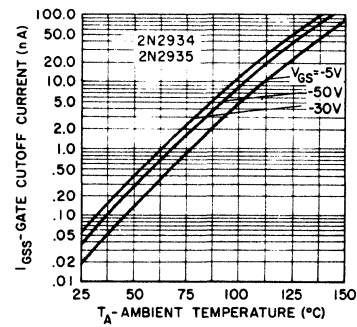
TRANSCONDUCTANCE  
VS  
NORMALIZED GATE-SOURCE  
VOLTAGE



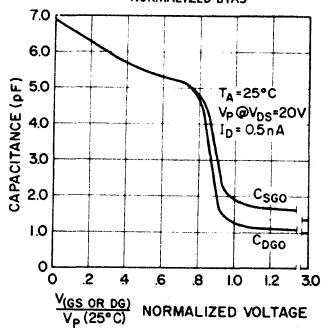
COMMON SOURCE-  
DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS



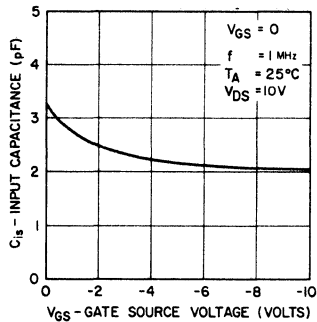
GATE CUTOFF CURRENT  
VS  
TEMPERATURE



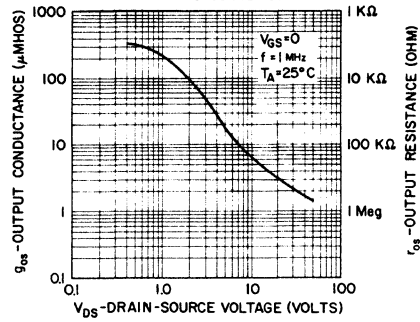
JUNCTION CAPACITY  
VS  
NORMALIZED BIAS



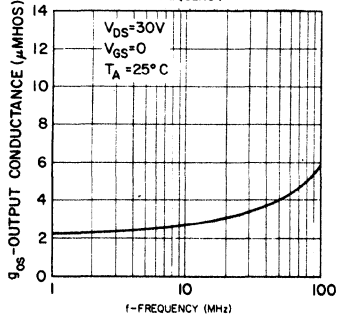
INPUT CAPACITY  
VS  
SOURCE-GATE VOLTAGE



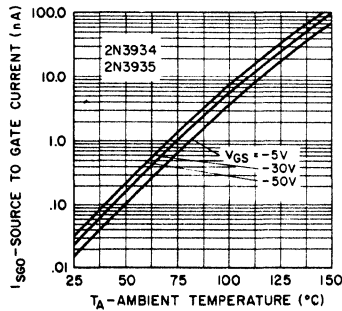
OUTPUT CONDUCTANCE  
VS  
DRAIN-SOURCE VOLTAGE



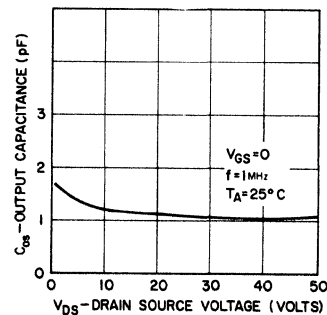
OUTPUT CONDUCTANCE  
VS  
FREQUENCY



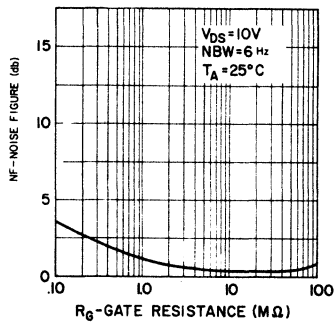
SOURCE-GATE  
REVERSE CURRENT  
VS  
TEMPERATURE



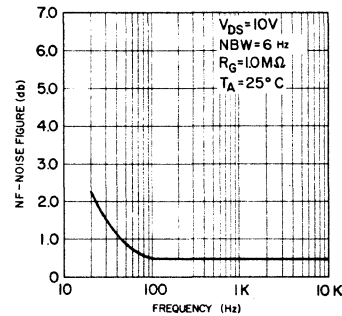
OUTPUT CAPACITY  
VS  
DRAIN-SOURCE VOLTAGE



NOISE FIGURE  
VS  
GATE RESISTANCE



NOISE FIGURE  
VS  
FREQUENCY





# DUAL N-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

- VERY CLOSELY MATCHED  $g_m$
- LOW DIFFERENTIAL DRIFT
- CLOSELY MATCHED  $V_{GS}$

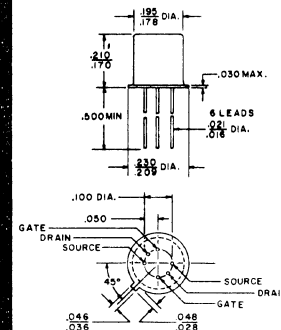
JANUARY 1968

**su2098**

**su2099**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
		Each Side	Both Sides	
Total Device Dissipation	$P_D$	250	300	mW
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +200		°C
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200		°C
Derating Factor above 25°C @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.7		mW/°C



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain to Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DGO}$	$I_D = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, I_S = 0$	30		Volts
Pinch off Voltage	$V_p$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.5 \text{ nA}$		4.0	Volts
Gate Leakage Current	$I_G$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$		0.1	nA
Gate Leakage Current	$I_G(100^\circ\text{C})$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$		10	nA
Total Gate Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0, T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$		0.4 0.4	nA $\mu\text{A}$
Saturation Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	1.0	8.0	mA
Transconductance	$g_m$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	1000		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Transconductance	$g_m$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	700		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Transconductance Ratio	$g_{m1}/g_{m2}^*$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$	0.95	1.0	
Gate to Source Voltage Differential	$V_{GS1} - V_{GS2}$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$		5.0	mV
Gate to Source Voltage Differential Drift SU2098 SU2099	$\Delta  V_{GS1} - V_{GS2}  / \Delta T$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C} \text{ to } 100^\circ\text{C}$		10 25	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		7.0	pf
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		2.2	pf
Input Conductance	$ Y_{is} $	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		4.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Conductance	$ Y_{os} $	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		15	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, R_G = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ $f = 100 \text{ Hz}$		2.0	db

\* The lowest  $g_m$  reading is taken as  $g_{m1}$  for this ratio.



**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR**

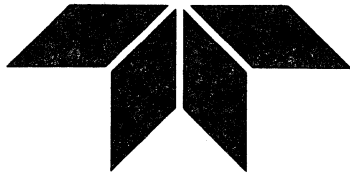
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# DUAL N-CANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

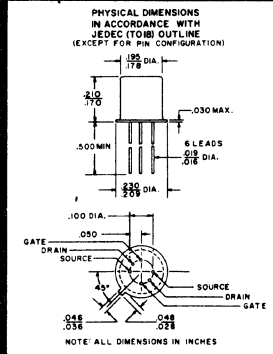
- CLOSELY MATCHED  $g_m$
- LOW DIFFERENTIAL DRIFT
- CLOSELY MATCHED  $V_{GS}$

SEPTEMBER 1968

**SU2098A**  
**SU2098B**  
**SU2099A**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
		One Side	Both Sides	
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	250	300	mW
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.7		mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+200		$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	50		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.5 \text{ nA}$	0.5	4.0	Volts
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$	0.5	3.0	Volts
Total Gate Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0,$ $T_A = +100^\circ\text{C}$		0.1 10	nA
Gate Leakage Current	$I_G$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA},$ $T_A = +100^\circ\text{C}$		0.05 5.0	nA
Gate Leakage Current Differential	$I_{G1} - I_{G2}$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA},$ $T_A = +100^\circ\text{C}$		0.03 3.0	nA
Zero-Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	1.0	8.0	mA
Transconductance	$g_m$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	700		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Transconductance	$g_m$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	1500	4500	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Transconductance Ratio	$g_{m1}/g_{m2}$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$	0.95	1.0	
Gate-Source Voltage Differential	$V_{GS1} - V_{GS2}$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$		5.0	mV
Gate-Source Voltage Differential Drift SU2098A SU2099A SU2098B	$\Delta V_{GS1} - V_{GS2} / \Delta T$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C} \text{ to } +100^\circ\text{C}$		10 25 5.0	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		6.0	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		2.0	pf
Input Conductance	$g_{is}$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		4.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Conductance	$g_{os}$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0, f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		15	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Conductance Differential	$g_{os1} - g_{os2}$	$V_{DG} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		2.0	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, R_G = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ $f = 100 \text{ Hz}, \text{BW} = 6 \text{ Hz}$		1.0	db
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	$E_n$	$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		20	$\text{nv}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$



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## DUAL P-CHANNEL MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTORS

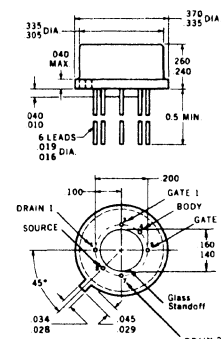
- ZERO OFFSET VOLTAGE
- HIGH FORWARD TRANSADMITTANCE
- LOW LEAKAGE

MAY 1969

**2N4066**  
**2N4067**

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +200	°C
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_J$	-65 to +175	°C
Total Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	1.7 0.6	Watts



BODY IS ELECTRICALLY  
CONNECTED TO CASE

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage 2N4066, 2N4067	$BV_{DSS}$	$I_D = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0$	-30	-40		Volts
Source to Drain Breakdown Voltage 2N4066, 2N4067	$BV_{SDS}^*$	$I_S = 10 \mu\text{A}, V_{GD} = 0, V_{BD} = 0$	-30	-40		Volts
Zero-Gate Voltage Drain Current 2N4066, 2N4067	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$		0.06	1.0	nA
Zero-Gate Voltage Source Current 2N4066, 2N4067	$I_{SDS}^*$	$V_{SD} = -15 \text{ V}, V_{GD} = 0, V_{BD} = 0$		0.07	1.0	nA
Gate Forward Leakage Current 2N4066, 2N4067	$I_{G(F)}$	$V_{GS} = -25 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$		0.5	2.5	µA
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage 2N4066, 2N4067	$V_T$	$V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, I_D = 10 \mu\text{A}$	-3.0	-4.0	-6.0	Volts
"ON" Drain Current 2N4066, 2N4067	$I_{D(on)}$	$V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -15 \text{ V}$	10	32	50	mA
Drain Source "ON" Resistance (Single) 2N4066 2N4067	$r_{ds(on)}$	$V_{GS} = -15 \text{ V}, I_D = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		300 125	500 250	Ohms
Drain Source "ON" Resistance (Paralleled) 2N4066 2N4067	$r_{ds(on)}$	$V_{GS} = -15 \text{ V}, I_D = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$		150 75	250 125	Ohms
Forward Transadmittance (Single) 2N4066 2N4067	$Y_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -15 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	1500 2500	2900 4200		µmhos
Forward Transadmittance (Paralleled) 2N4066 2N4067	$Y_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = -15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -15 \text{ V}$ $f = 1.0 \text{ kHz}$	3000 5000	5800 8400		µmhos

\*Body (substrate) connected to Drain.  
Body (substrate) connected to Source for all other parameters.



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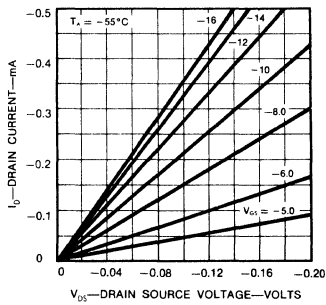
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Forward Transadmittance 2N4066 2N4067	$Y_{fs}(100^\circ\text{C})$	$V_{DS} = -15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -15\text{ V}$ $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$	1000 1750	2600 3900		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance 2N4066, 2N4067	$Y_{os}$	$V_{DS} = -15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -15\text{ V}$ $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$		260	300	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Capacitance (Single) 2N4066, 2N4067	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = -15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -15\text{ V}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		4.0	7.0	pF
Input Capacitance (Paralleled) 2N4066, 2N4067	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = -15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = -15\text{ V}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		8.0	14	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance (Single) 2N4066, 2N4067	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		0.6	1.5	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance (Paralleled) 2N4066, 2N4067	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = 0, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		1.2	3.0	pF
Zero-Gate Voltage Drain Current 2N4066, 2N4067	$I_{DSS}(150^\circ\text{C})$	$V_{DS} = -15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$		0.3	2.0	$\mu\text{A}$
Zero-Gate Voltage Source Current 2N4066, 2N4067	$I_{SDS}(150^\circ\text{C})$	$V_{SD} = -15\text{ V}, V_{GD} = 0, V_{BD} = 0$		0.5	2.0	$\mu\text{A}$
Source to Body Capacity 2N4066, 2N4067	$C_{sb}$	$V_{DB} = -15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0, I_S = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		4.2	5.0	pF
Drain to Body Capacity 2N4066, 2N4067	$C_{db}$	$V_{DB} = -15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0, I_S = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		4.2	5.0	pF
Delay Time 2N4066, 2N4067	$t_d$	$V_{DD} = -15\text{ V}, I_{D(on)} = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{GS(on)} = -15\text{ V}, R_L = R_G = 1.4\text{ K}\Omega$		8.0	20	ns
Rise Time 2N4066, 2N4067	$t_r$	$V_{DD} = -15\text{ V}, I_{D(on)} = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{GS(on)} = -15\text{ V}, R_L = R_G = 1.4\text{ K}\Omega$		14	30	ns
Turn Off Time 2N4066, 2N4067	$t_{off}$	$V_{DD} = -15\text{ V}, I_{D(on)} = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{GS(on)} = -15\text{ V}, R_L = R_G = 1.4\text{ K}\Omega$		30	50	ns

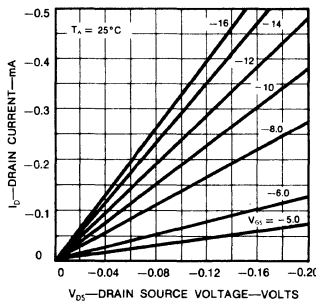
## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2N4066

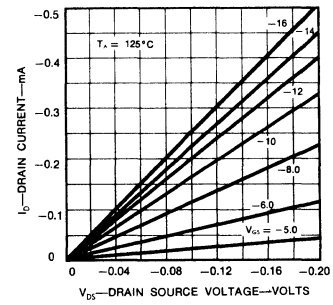
LOW VOLTAGE DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS



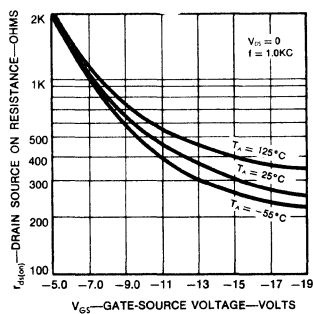
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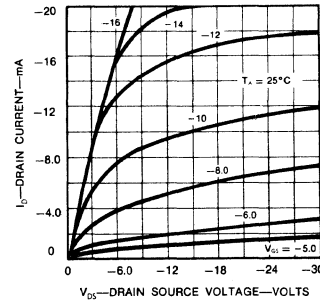
LOW VOLTAGE DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS



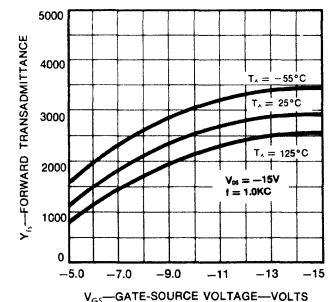
DRAIN-SOURCE ON RESISTANCE VERSUS GATE-SOURCE VOLTAGE



DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS



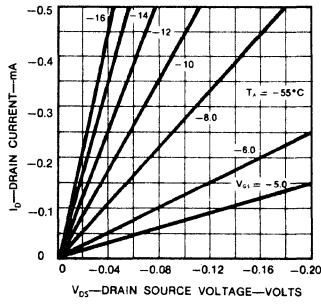
FORWARD TRANSADMITTANCE VERSUS GATE-SOURCE VOLTAGE



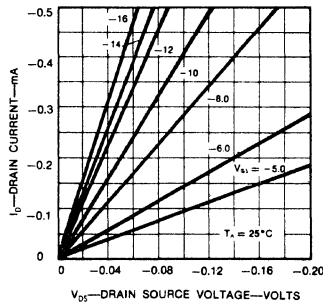
# TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

2N4067

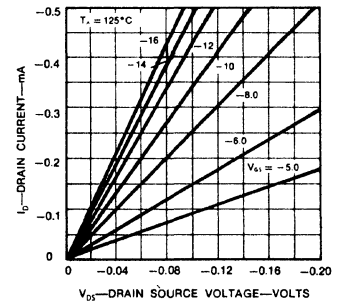
LOW VOLTAGE DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS



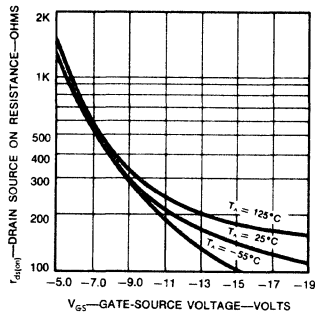
LOW VOLTAGE DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS



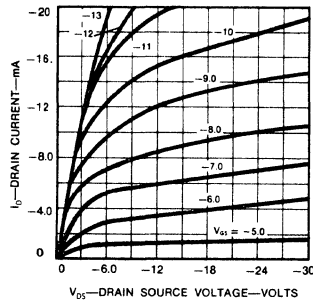
LOW VOLTAGE DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS



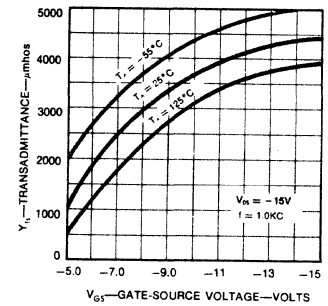
DRAIN-SOURCE ON RESISTANCE VERSUS GATE-SOURCE VOLTAGE



DRAIN CHARACTERISTICS

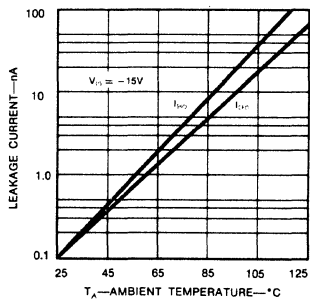


FORWARD TRANSADMITTANCE VERSUS GATE-SOURCE VOLTAGE

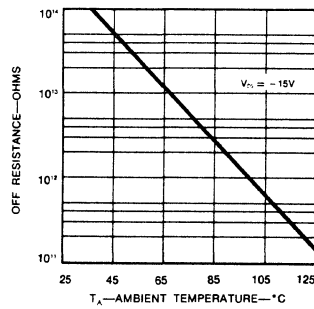


2N4066 • 2N4067

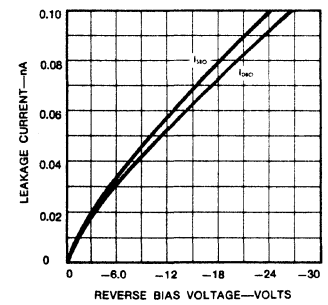
DRAIN-BODY AND SOURCE-BODY LEAKAGE CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



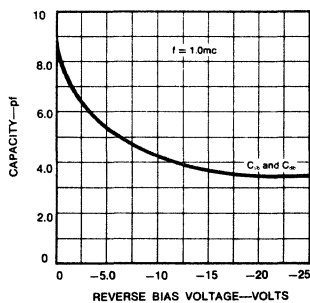
DRAIN SOURCE OFF RESISTANCE VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



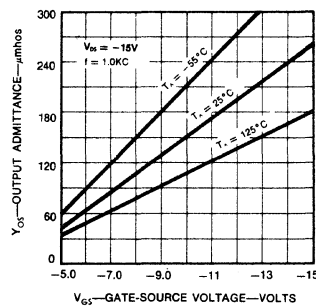
DRAIN-BODY AND SOURCE-BODY LEAKAGE CURRENT VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



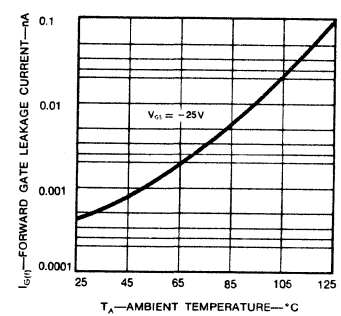
DRAIN-BODY AND SOURCE-BODY CAPACITY VERSUS REVERSE BIAS VOLTAGE



OUTPUT ADMITTANCE VERSUS GATE-SOURCE VOLTAGE



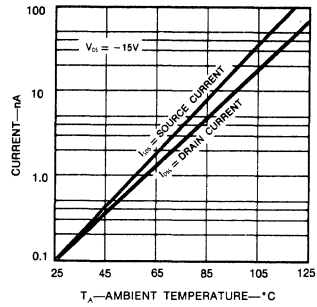
GATE FORWARD LEAKAGE CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



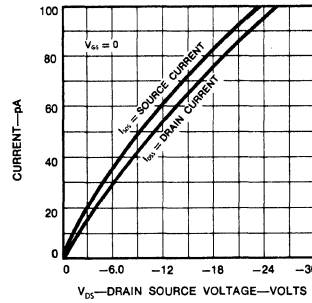
# TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

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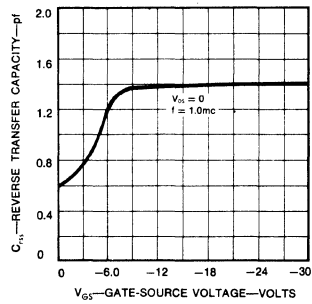
ZERO GATE VOLTAGE SOURCE AND DRAIN CURRENT VERSUS AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



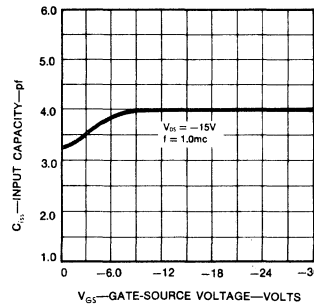
ZERO GATE VOLTAGE DRAIN CURRENT AND SOURCE CURRENT VERSUS DRAIN-SOURCE VOLTAGE



REVERSE TRANSFER CAPACITY VERSUS GATE-SOURCE VOLTAGE

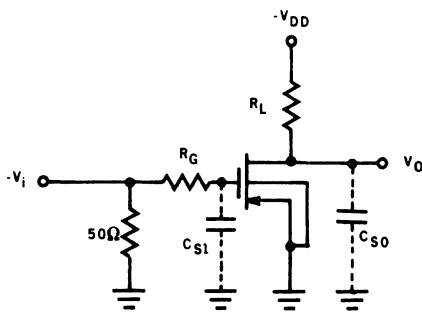
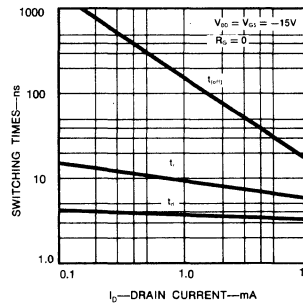
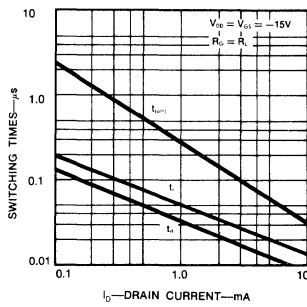


INPUT CAPACITY VERSUS GATE-SOURCE VOLTAGE

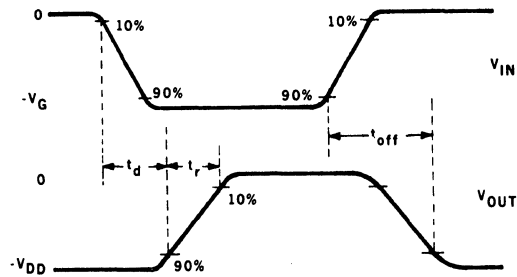


# SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

SWITCHING TIMES VERSUS DRAIN CURRENT

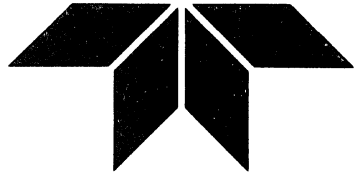


INPUT STRAY CAPACITY  $C_{S1} \leq 2.0\text{pF}$   
 OUTPUT STRAY CAPACITY  $C_{S0} \leq 4.0\text{pF}$



Storage: All six leads should be in contact with each other.  
 Testing: Grasp the test chassis prior to insertion of the device into any circuit or test equipment. Additional precautions should be taken to ground all soldering iron tips, etc.





# MONOLITHIC DUAL P-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR

## GENERAL PURPOSE

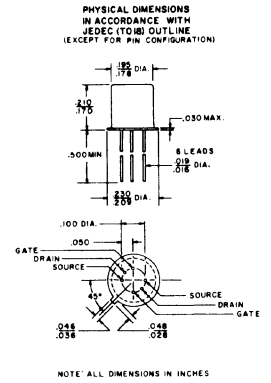
- CLOSELY MATCHED gm
- LOW DIFFERENTIAL DRIFT
- CLOSELY MATCHED  $V_{GS}$

SEPTEMBER 1968

**2N5505  
THRU  
2N5509**

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
Drain-Gain Voltage	$V_{DG}$	30		Volts
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	30		Volts
Drain-Drain Voltage	$V_{DD}$	30		Volts
Gate Current	$I_G$	10		mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	One Side 250	Both Sides 300	mWatts
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.0	2.4	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature, $\frac{1}{16}$ inch from case, 10 seconds max.		300		$^\circ\text{C}$



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	30		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage 2N5505 -2N5508 2N5509	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -1.0 \text{ nA}$	0.5 0.5	4.0 5.0	Volts
Gate-Source Voltage 2N5505 -2N5508 2N5509	$V_{GS}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -100 \mu\text{A}$	0.2 0.2	3.7 4.5	Volts
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0,$ $T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$		0.25 25	nA
Gate Leakage Current	$I_G$	$V_{DG} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -700 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{DG} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -700 \mu\text{A}$ $T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$		0.20 25	nA
Zero-Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	-0.8	-7.0	mA
Forward Transadmittance	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	1000	3500	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Forward Transadmittance	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DG} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -700 \mu\text{A}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	1000		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance	$ Y_{os} $	$V_{DG} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -700 \mu\text{A}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		15	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance	$ Y_{os} $	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		60	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 0.14 \text{ MHz}-1 \text{ MHz}$		16	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 0.14 \text{ MHz}-1 \text{ MHz}$		6.0	pf
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, R_G = 1 \text{ M}\Omega,$ $V_{GS} = 0, f = 1 \text{ kHz}, \text{BW} = 200 \text{ Hz}$		2.0	db



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### MATCHING CHARACTERISTICS at +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Differential Gate-Leakage Current	$I_{G1} - I_{G2}$	$V_{DG} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -700\mu\text{A}$ $V_{DG} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -700\mu\text{A},$ $T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$		50 4	pA nA
Differential Output Admittance	$ Y_{os1}  -  Y_{os2} $	$V_{DG} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -700\mu\text{A}$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$		1.5	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Forward Transadmittance Ratio DP1001 2N5506 2N5507  DP1005	$ Y_{fs1}  /  Y_{fs2} ^*$	$V_{DG} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -700\mu\text{A}$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	0.95 0.95 0.95 0.95 0.90	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	
Gate-Source Voltage Differential DP1001 2N5506 2N5507 DP1004 DP1005	$V_{GS1} - V_{GS2}$	$V_{DG} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -700\mu\text{A}$		5.0 15 5.0 15 25	mV
Gate-Source Voltage Differential Drift 2N5505 2N5506 2N5507 2N5508 2N5509	$\Delta V_{GS1} - V_{GS2}  / \Delta T$	$V_{DG} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -700\mu\text{A}$ $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C to } 100^\circ\text{C}$		10 10 15 25 50	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$

\* The lowest  $Y_{fs}$  reading is taken as  $Y_{fs1}$  for this ratio.





# MONOLITHIC DUAL P-CHANNEL FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR GENERAL PURPOSE

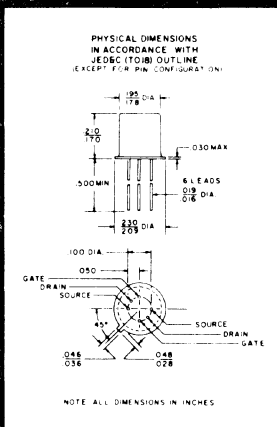
- CLOSELY MATCHED  $g_m$
- LOW DIFFERENTIAL DRIFT
- CLOSELY MATCHED  $V_{GS}$

SEPTEMBER 1968

**2N5510**  
THRU  
**2N5514**

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING		UNIT
Drain-Gain Voltage	$V_{DG}$	30		Volts
Reverse Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	30		Volts
Gate Current	$I_G$	10		mA
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	One Side 250	Both Sides 300	mW
Derating Factor above $25^\circ\text{C}$ @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.0	2.4	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature, $1/16$ inch from case, 10 seconds max.		300		$^\circ\text{C}$



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $+25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	30		Volts
Gate-Source Cutoff Voltage 2N5510-2N5513 2N5514	$V_{GS(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -1.0 \text{ nA}$	0.5 0.5	4.0 5.0	Volts
Gate-Source Voltage 2N5510-2N5513 2N5514	$V_{GS}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -25 \mu\text{A}$	0.2 0.2	3.7 4.5	Volts
Gate Reverse Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0$ $V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0,$ $T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$		0.25 25	nA
Gate Leakage Current	$I_G$	$V_{DG} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -200 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{DG} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -200 \mu\text{A}$ $T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$		0.20 25	nA
Zero-Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$	-0.25	-5.0	mA
Forward Transadmittance	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	500	3000	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Forward Transadmittance	$ Y_{fs} $	$V_{DG} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -200 \mu\text{A}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	500		$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance	$ Y_{os} $	$V_{DG} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -200 \mu\text{A}$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		10	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Output Admittance	$ Y_{os} $	$V_{DG} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$		60	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 0.14 \text{ MHz}-1 \text{ MHz}$		16	pf
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0$ $f = 0.14 \text{ MHz}-1 \text{ MHz}$		6.0	pf
Noise Figure	NF	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, R_G = 1 \text{ M}\Omega,$ $V_{GS} = 0, f = 1 \text{ kHz}, \text{BW} = 200 \text{ Hz}$		2.0	db



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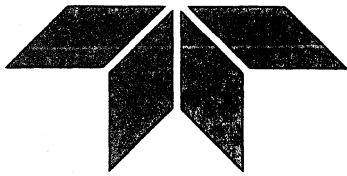
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# 300 SERIES



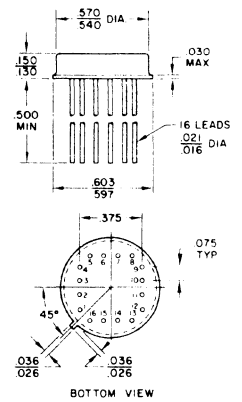
## DIGITAL CIRCUIT HIGH NOISE IMMUNITY LOGIC

High Noise Immunity Logic (HNIL) is ideally suited for applications requiring maximum noise immunity and excellent line driving capability. A sixteen pin package and complex logic functions result in a minimum number of packages per system. Buffered outputs on all elements and 12 volt logic swings eliminate the necessity for interface circuitry in most applications. This logic family is also available for 15 volt operation. Designation for -55 to +125°C 15 volt unit is M and for -30 to +85°C is A.

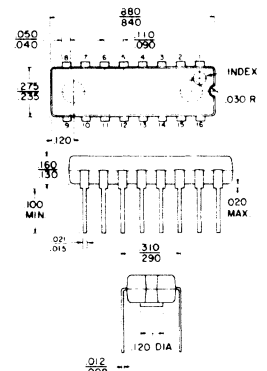
DUAL 5 INPUT BUFFER  
 QUAD 2 INPUT "OR" ABLE BUFFER  
 QUAD 2 INPUT GATE  
 QUAD 2 INPUT "OR" ABLE GATE  
 DUAL 5 INPUT GATE  
 DUAL 5 INPUT EXPANDER  
 DUAL EXCLUSIVE-OR  
 DUAL 2 DUAL 3 INPUT GATE  
 BCD TO DECADE DECODER

RST FLIP-FLOP  
 DUAL JK FLIP-FLOP  
 QUAD "D" FLIP-FLOP  
 DUAL ONE SHOT  
 DUAL INPUT INTERFACE  
 DUAL OUTPUT INTERFACE  
 DECADE COUNTER  
 QUAD RIPPLE COUNTER

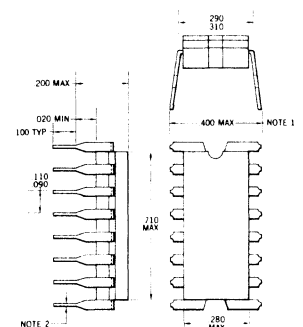
### E PACKAGE



### J PACKAGE



### N PACKAGE



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\*

Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range 300 B 300 C	-55°C to +125°C -30°C to +85°C
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 seconds maximum	300°C
Supply Voltage - Continuous	+15 Volts
Supply Voltage - Continuous	+10.5 Volts min.
Supply Voltage - Pulsed < 0.1 second	+18 Volts
Input Voltage - (exclusive of expanders)	-0.5 V to +15 Volts
Input Voltage - expanders	0 V to +6.0 Volts
Input Voltage, (RTL inputs, 362)	5.0 Volts
Voltage applied to output	-0.5 V to +13.0 Volts
Sink Current at T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, continuous 301 & 302 All other types	80 mA 15 mA
Surge Sink Current at T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, <1 sec. 301 & 302 All other types	100 mA 20 mA
Output Short Circuit Duration to GND	Continuous
Input Current, (RTL inputs, 362)	10 mA

\*Exceeding Ratings May Cause Permanent Damage.

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:

321BG  
 ↗ Package  
 ↘ Temperature Range and V<sub>CC</sub> Selection  
 ↙ Circuit

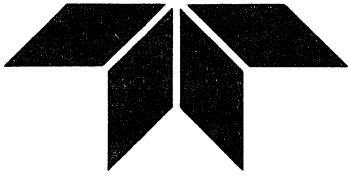


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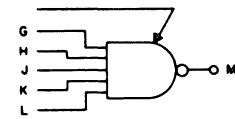
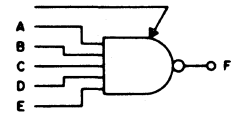
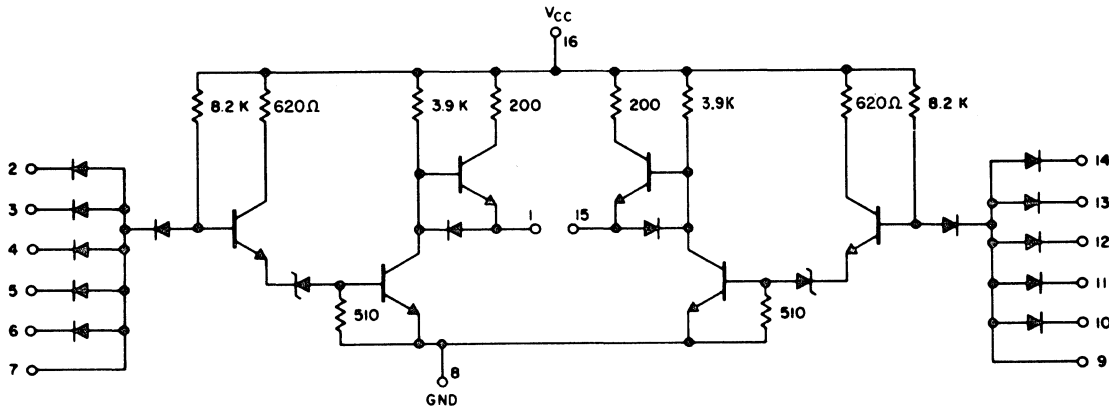


# DUAL 5 INPUT BUFFER

HIGH FAN-OUT  
60 mA CAPABILITY

JANUARY 1968

301



$$F = A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot D \cdot E$$

$$M = G \cdot H \cdot J \cdot K \cdot L$$

LIMITS	301 B			301 C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
$V_{OH}$	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	Volts min.
$V_{OH}$		11.3			11.3		Volts typ.
$V_{OHL}$	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts min.
$V_{OHL}$		8.0			8.0		Volts typ.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL1}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.8	1.8	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL1}$		1.2			1.2		Volts typ.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL2}$				1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts max.
$I_{IL}$	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
$I_{IL}$		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
$I_L$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_L$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.
$T_{PD} (2-1+)$	80	100	180	90	100	160	nsec typ.
$T_{PD} (2+1-)$	70	80	90	75	80	90	nsec typ.
$I_{PS} (inputs open)$		30			30		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
$V_{CC}$	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
$V_{IH}$	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
$V_{IL}$	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
$I_{OL1}$	68	60	54	68	60	58	mA
$I_{OL2}$				45	40	38	mA
$I_{OH}$	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	mA

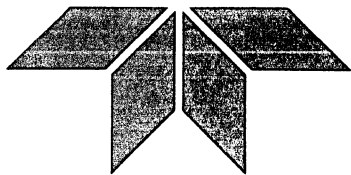


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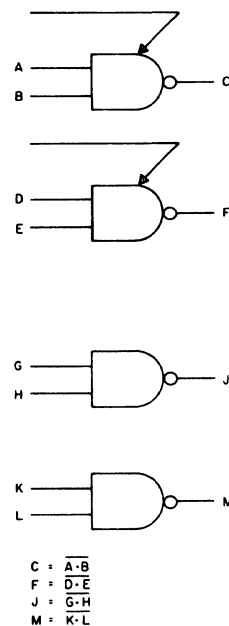
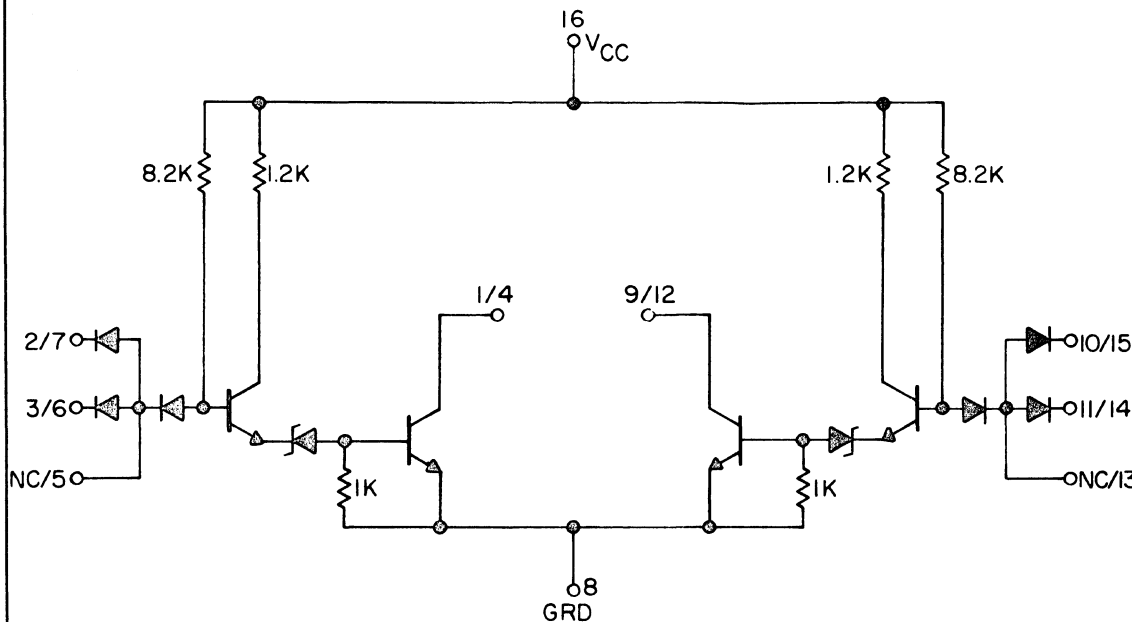
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# QUAD 2 INPUT BUFFER

COLLECTOR - "OR" ABLE  
HIGH FAN-OUT  
60 mA CAPABILITY

302



LIMITS	302 B			302 C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL1}$	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL1}$		0.8			0.8		Volts typ.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL2}$	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL2}$		0.3			0.3		Volts typ.
$I_{IL}$	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
$I_{IL}$		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
$I_L$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_L$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.
$I_{CEX}$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_{CEX}$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.
$I_{PS}$ (inputs open)		30			30		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
$V_{CC}$	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
$V_{IH}$	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
$V_{IL}$	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
$V_{IN}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
$I_{OL1}$	68	60	54	68	60	58	mA
$I_{OL2}$	34	30	27	34	30	29	mA



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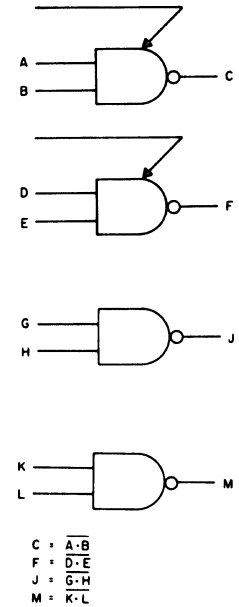
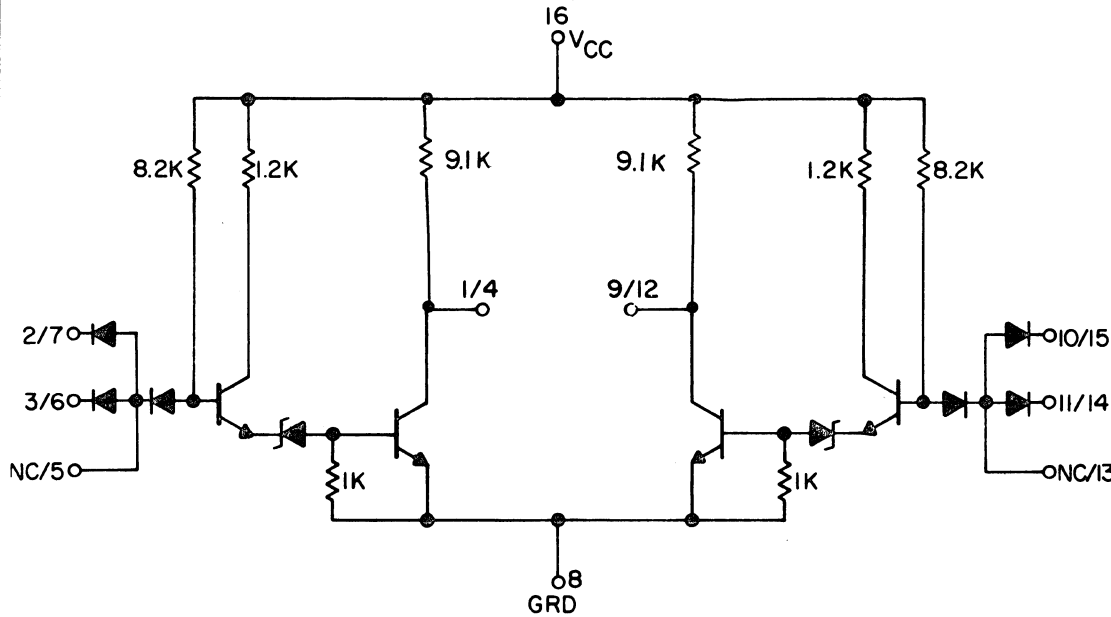


# QUAD 2 INPUT BUFFER

COLLECTOR - "OR" ABLE  
HIGH FAN-OUT  
60 mA CAPABILITY

JANUARY 1969

303



LIMITS	303B			303C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL1}$	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL1}$		0.8			0.8		Volts typ.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL2}$	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL2}$		0.3			0.3		Volts typ.
$V_{OH}$	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	Volts min.
$V_{OHL}$	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts min.
$I_{IL}$	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
$I_{IL}$		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
$I_L$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_L$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.
$I_{PS}$ (inputs open)		30			30		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
$V_{CC}$	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
$V_{IH}$	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
$V_{IL}$	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
$V_{IN}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
$I_{OL1}$	68	60	54	68	60	58	mA
$I_{OL2}$	34	30	27	34	30	29	mA
$I_{OH}$	-300	-300	-300	-300	-300	-300	$\mu$ A

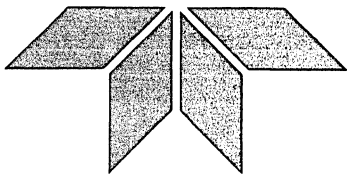


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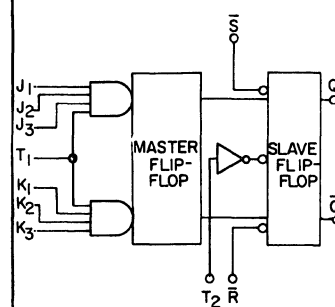
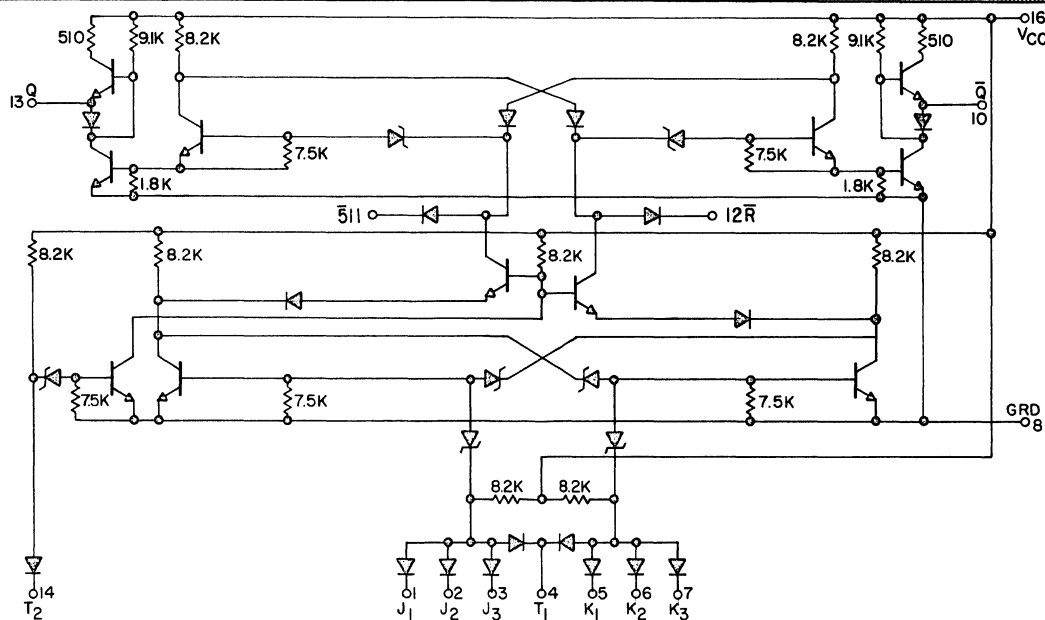
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# MASTER SLAVE FLIP-FLOP

## 311

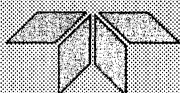


TRUTH TABLE J=J <sub>1</sub> =J <sub>2</sub> =J <sub>3</sub> K=K <sub>1</sub> =K <sub>2</sub> =K <sub>3</sub>			TRUTH TABLE J=J <sub>1</sub> =J <sub>2</sub> =J <sub>3</sub> K=K <sub>1</sub> =K <sub>2</sub> =K <sub>3</sub>		
J	K	Q <sup>n+1</sup>	J	K	Q <sup>n+1</sup>
L	L	Q <sup>n</sup>	L	L	Q <sup>n</sup>
L	H	L	L	H	L
H	L	H	H	L	H
H	H	$\bar{Q}^n$	H	H	?

FOR SINGLE PHASE OPERATION  
CONNECT T<sub>1</sub> TO T<sub>2</sub>

LIMITS	311 B			311 C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
V <sub>OH</sub>	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	Volts min.
V <sub>OH</sub>		11.3			11.3		Volts typ.
V <sub>OHL</sub>	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts min.
V <sub>OHL</sub>		8.0			8.0		Volts typ.
V <sub>OL</sub> @ I <sub>OL</sub>	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts max.
V <sub>OL</sub> @ I <sub>OL</sub>		1.2			1.2		Volts typ.
I <sub>IL</sub>	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
I <sub>IL</sub>		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
I <sub>IL</sub> (pin 4)	-3.8	-3.4	-3.0	-3.8	-3.4	-3.2	mA max.
I <sub>IL</sub> (pin 4)		-2.4			-2.4		mA typ.
I <sub>L</sub>	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	μA max.
I <sub>L</sub>		0.05			0.05		μA typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (R-Q+)	70	90	160	70	90	130	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (t-Q+)	120	190	270	140	190	255	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (S-Q-)	90	90	110	90	90	100	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (t+Q-)	100	160	240	120	160	210	nsec typ.
Toggle		2.0			2.0		MHz min.
I <sub>PS</sub> (inputs open)		15			15		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
V <sub>CC</sub>	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
V <sub>IH</sub>	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
V <sub>IL</sub>	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
V <sub>IN</sub>	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
I <sub>OH</sub>	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	9.5	8.5	7.5	9.5	8.5	8.0	mA
V <sub>IH</sub> (S & R)	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts



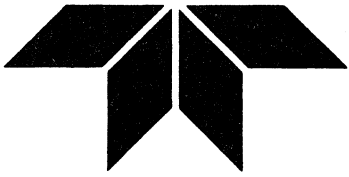
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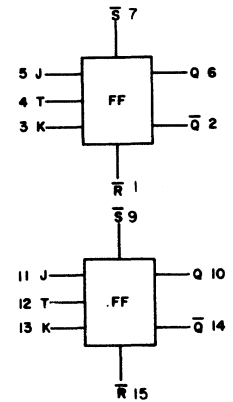
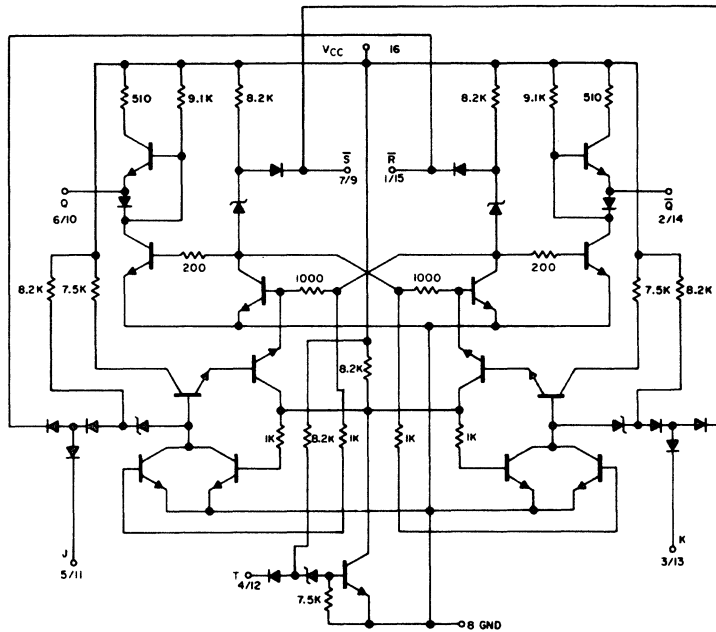
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# DUAL JK FLIP-FLOP

JANUARY 1968

## 312



TRUTH TABLE

CLOCKED			SET-RESET		
J	K	Q <sup>n+1</sup>	$\bar{S}$	$\bar{R}$	Q
L	L	Q <sup>n</sup>	H	H	?
L	H	L	H	L	L
H	L	H	L	H	H
H	H	$\bar{Q}^n$	L	L	H

LIMITS	312 B			312 C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
V <sub>OH</sub>	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	Volts min.
V <sub>OH</sub>		11.3			11.3		Volts typ.
V <sub>OHL</sub>	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts min.
V <sub>OHL</sub>		8.0			8.0		Volts typ.
V <sub>OL @ I<sub>OL</sub></sub>	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts max.
V <sub>OL @ I<sub>OL</sub></sub>		1.2			1.2		Volts typ.
I <sub>IL</sub>	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
I <sub>IL</sub>		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
I <sub>IL (1, 7, 9, 15)</sub>	-3.8	-3.4	-3.0	-3.8	-3.4	-3.2	mA max.
I <sub>IL (1, 7, 9, 15)</sub>		-2.4			-2.4		mA typ.
I <sub>L</sub>	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	μA max.
I <sub>L</sub>		0.05			0.05		μA typ.
T <sub>PD (t-Q-)</sub>		80			80		nsec typ.
T <sub>PD (t-Q+)</sub>		70			70		nsec typ.
T <sub>PD (R-Q+)</sub>		30			30		nsec typ.
T <sub>PD (S-Q-)</sub>		35			35		nsec typ.
I <sub>PS (inputs open)</sub>		24			24		mA max.

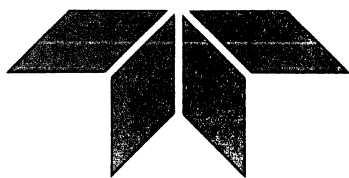
CONDITIONS							
V <sub>CC</sub>	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
V <sub>IH</sub>	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
V <sub>IL</sub>	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
V <sub>IN</sub>	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
I <sub>OH</sub>	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	9.5	8.5	7.5	9.5	8.5	8.0	mA

\* NOTE: Fall time of clock should be 3 volts per microsecond or faster.



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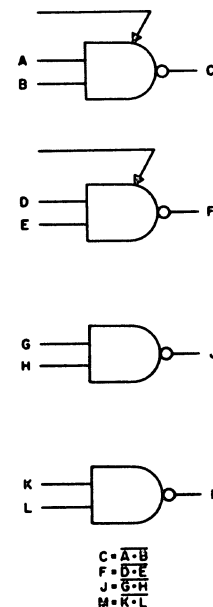
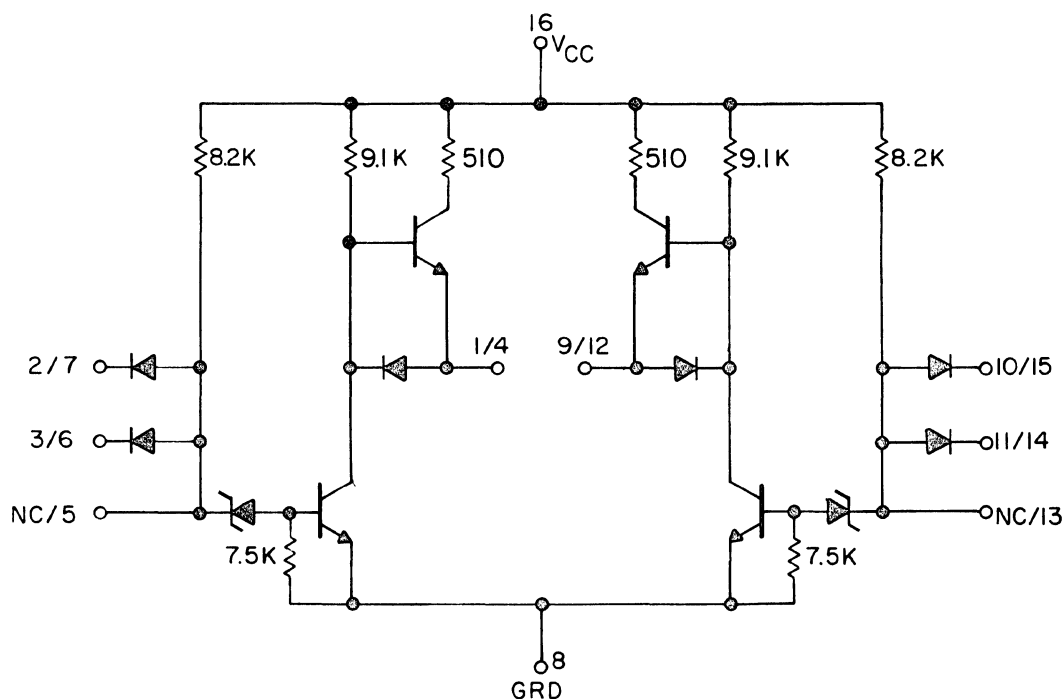
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# QUAD 2 INPUT GATE

JANUARY 1968

## 321



LIMITS	321 B			321 C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
$V_{OH}$	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	Volts min.
$V_{OH}$		11.3			11.3		Volts typ.
$V_{OHL}$	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts min.
$V_{OHL}$		8.0			8.0		Volts typ.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL}$		1.2			1.2		Volts typ.
$I_{IL}$	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
$I_{IL}$		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
$I_L$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_L$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.
$T_{PD} (2-1+)$	120	160	250	130	160	220	nsec typ.
$T_{PD} (2+1-)$	80	70	70	75	70	70	nsec typ.
$I_{PS}$ (inputs open)		13			13		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
$V_{CC}$	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
$V_{IH}$	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
$V_{IL}$	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
$V_{IN}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
$I_{OH}$	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	mA
$I_{OL}$	9.5	8.5	7.5	9.5	8.5	8.0	mA



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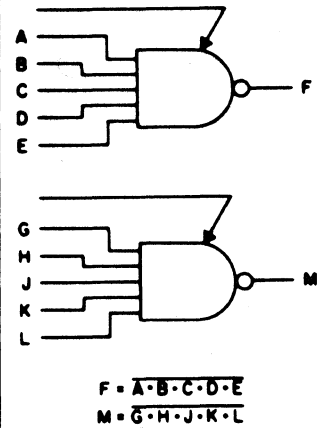
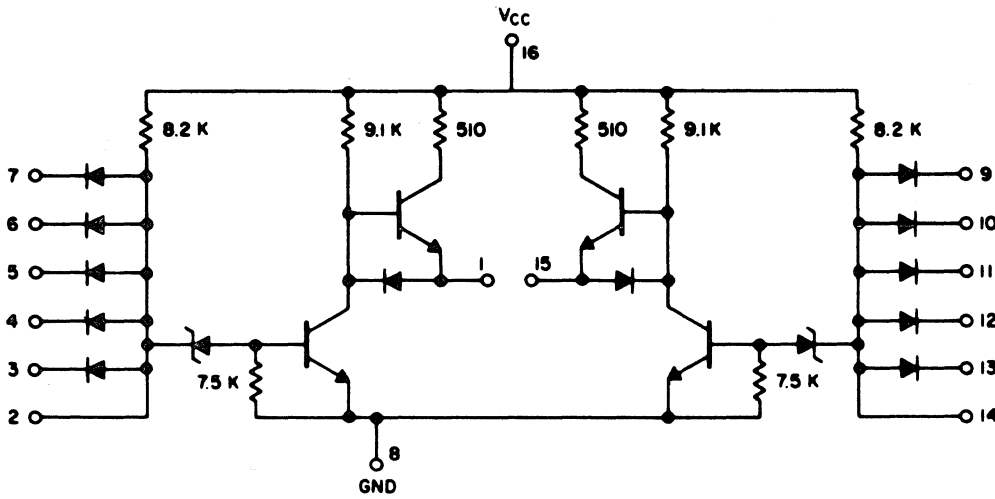




# DUAL 5 INPUT GATE

JANUARY 1968

## 322



LIMITS	322 B			322 C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
$V_{OH}$	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	Volts min.
$V_{OH}$		11.3			11.3		Volts typ.
$V_{OHL}$	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts min.
$V_{OHL}$		8.0			8.0		Volts typ.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL}$		1.2			1.2		Volts typ.
$I_{IL}$	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
$I_{IL}$		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
$I_L$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_L$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.
$T_{PD} (3-1+)$	120	160	250	130	160	220	nsec typ.
$T_{PD} (3+1-)$	130	100	80	120	100	85	nsec typ.
$I_{PS} (inputs open)$		6.0			6.0		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
$V_{CC}$	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
$V_{IH}$	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
$V_{IL}$	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
$V_{IN}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
$I_{OH}$	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	mA
$I_{OL}$	9.5	8.5	7.5	9.5	8.5	8.0	mA



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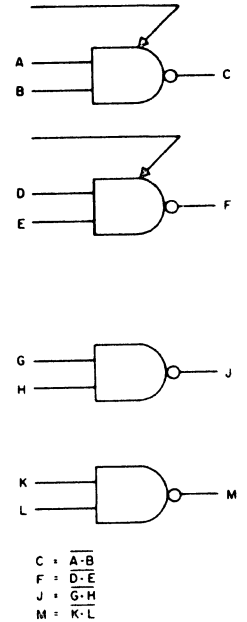
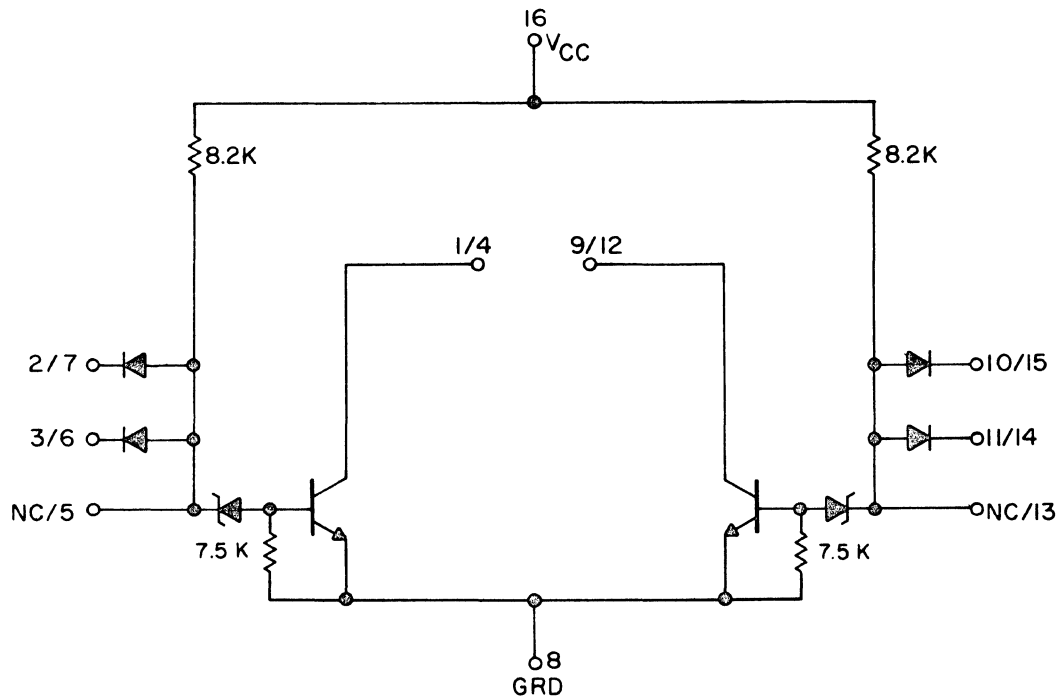
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# QUAD 2 INPUT GATE COLLECTOR "OR" ABLE

## 323



LIMITS	323 B			323 C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL}$	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL}$		0.3			0.3		Volts typ.
$I_{IL}$	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
$I_{IL}$		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
$I_L$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_L$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.
$I_{CEX}$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_{CEX}$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.
$I_{PS}$ (inputs open)		4.5			4.5		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
$V_{CC}$	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
$V_{IH}$	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
$V_{IL}$	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
$V_{IN}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
$I_{OL}$	11	10	9.0	11	10	9.5	mA

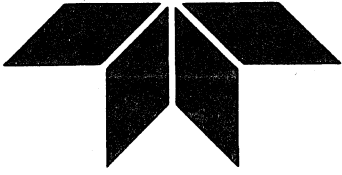


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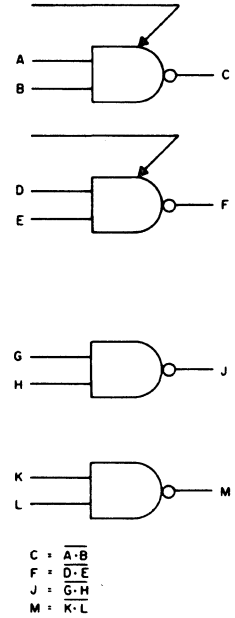
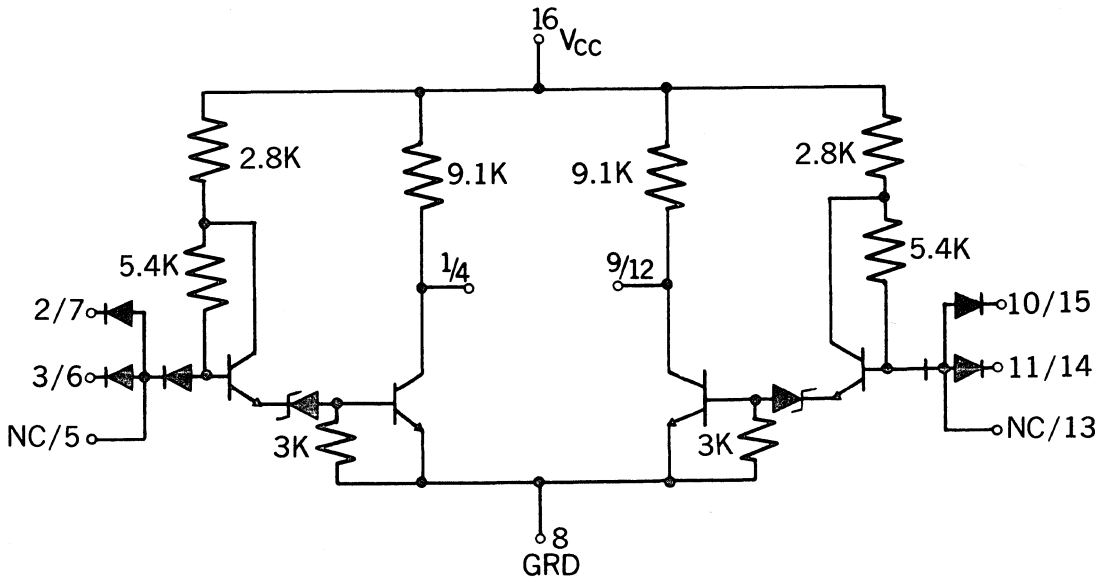
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# QUAD 2 INPUT GATE

JANUARY 1969

## 324



LIMITS	324B			324C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL1}$	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL1}$		0.5			0.5		Volts typ.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL2}$	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL2}$		0.3			0.3		Volts typ.
$V_{OH}$	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	Volts min.
$V_{OHL}$	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts min.
$I_{IL}$	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
$I_{IL}$		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
$I_L$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_L$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.
$I_{PS}$ (inputs open)		24			24		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
$V_{CC}$	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
$V_{IH}$	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
$V_{IL}$	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
$V_{IN}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
$I_{OL1}$	15	15	15	15	15	15	mA
$I_{OL2}$	11	10	10	11	10	10	mA
$I_{OH}$	-300	-300	-300	-300	-300	-300	$\mu$ A



**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR**

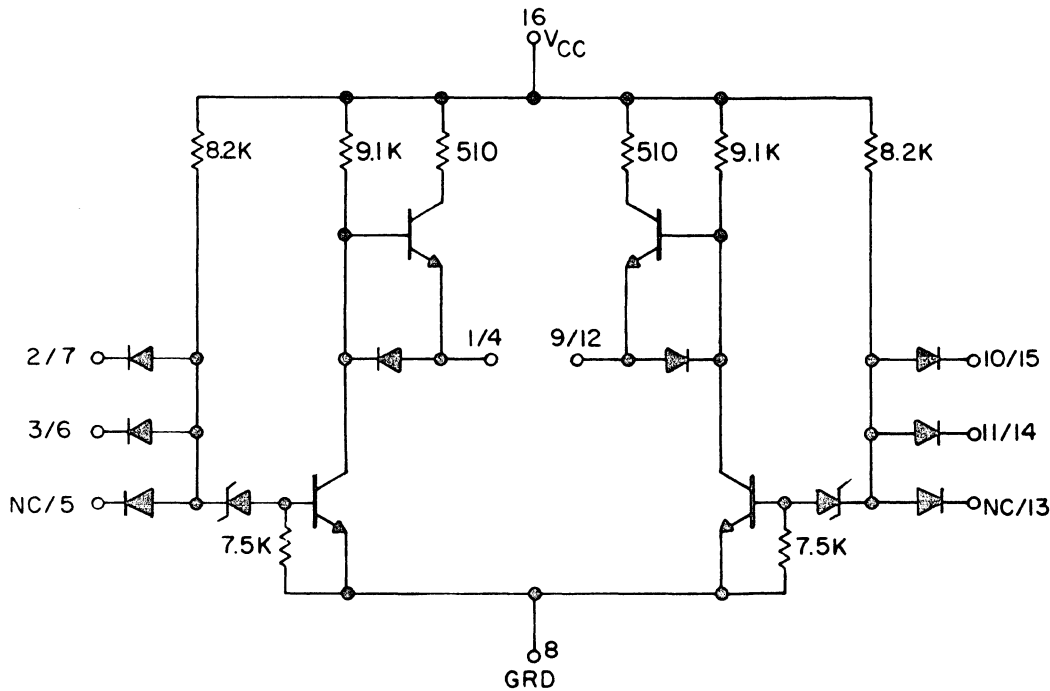
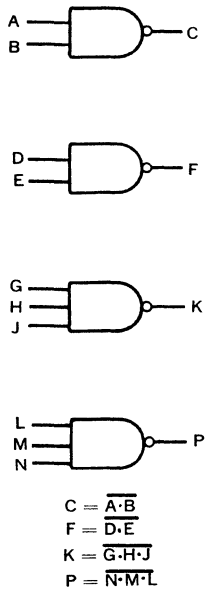
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# DUAL 2, DUAL 3 INPUT GATE



LIMITS	325B			325C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
$V_{OH}$	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	Volts min.
$V_{OH}$		11.3			11.3		Volts typ.
$V_{OHL}$	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts min.
$V_{OHL}$		8.0			8.0		Volts typ.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL}$		1.2			1.2		Volts typ.
$I_{IL}$	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
$I_{IL}$		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
$I_L$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_L$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.
$T_{PD} (2-1+)$	120	160	250	130	160	220	nsec typ.
$T_{PD} (2+1-)$	80	70	70	75	70	70	nsec typ.
$I_{PS} (inputs open)$		13			13		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
$V_{CC}$	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
$V_{IH}$	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
$V_{IL}$	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
$V_{IN}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
$I_{OH}$	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	mA
$I_{OL}$	9.5	8.5	7.5	9.5	8.5	8.0	mA



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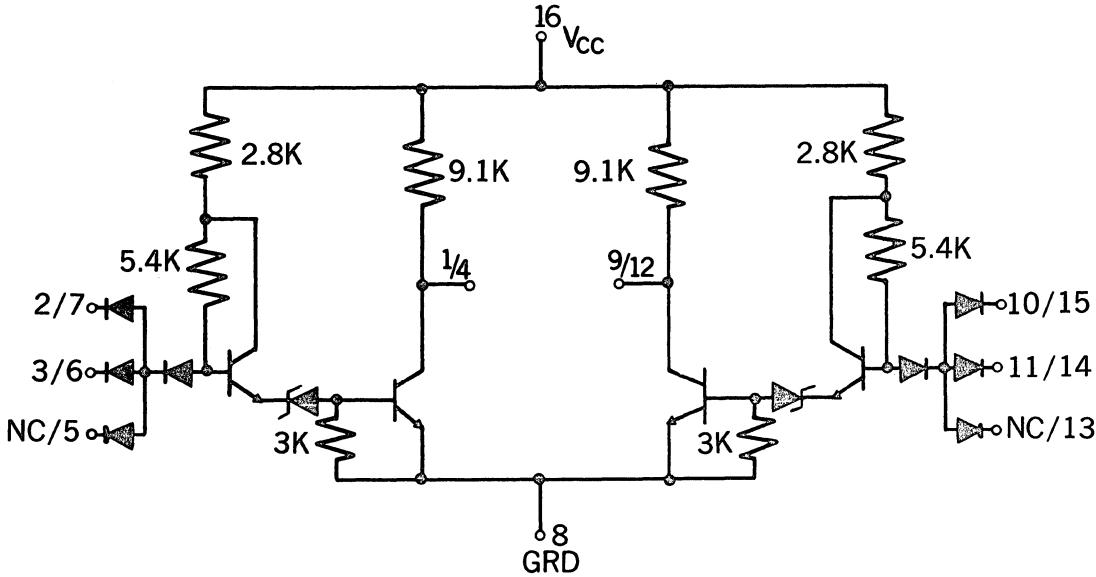
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# DUAL 2, DUAL 3 INPUT GATE

JANUARY 1969

326



$$C = \overline{A \cdot B}$$

$$F = \overline{D \cdot E}$$

$$K = \overline{G \cdot H \cdot J}$$

$$P = \overline{N \cdot M \cdot L}$$

LIMITS	326B			326C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL1}$	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL1}$		0.5			0.5		Volts typ.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL2}$	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL2}$		0.3			0.3		Volts typ.
$V_{OH}$	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	Volts min.
$V_{OHL}$	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts min.
$I_{IL}$	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
$I_{IL}$		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
$I_L$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_L$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.
$I_{PS}$ (inputs open)		24			24		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
$V_{CC}$	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
$V_{IH}$	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
$V_{IL}$	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
$V_{IN}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
$I_{OL1}$	15	15	15	15	15	15	mA
$I_{OL2}$	11	10	10	11	10	10	mA
$I_{OH}$	-300	-300	-300	-300	-300	-300	$\mu$ A



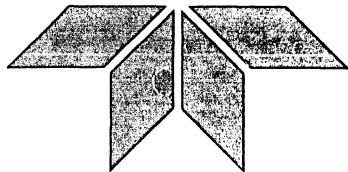
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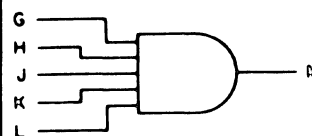
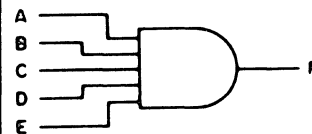
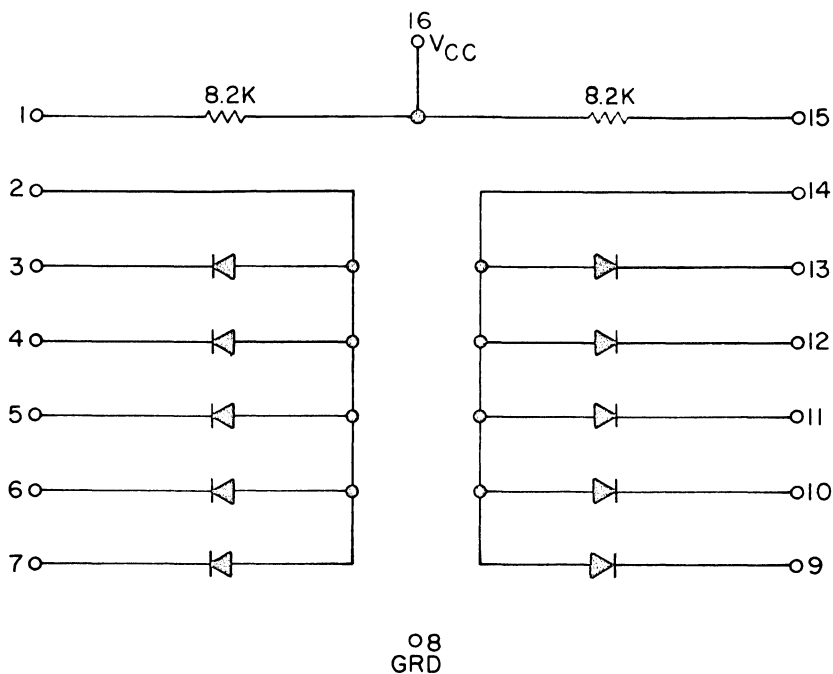
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# DUAL 5 INPUT EXPANDER

## 331



$F = A \cdot B \cdot C \cdot D \cdot E$   
 $M = G \cdot H \cdot J \cdot K \cdot L$

LIMITS	331 B			331 C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
$I_{IL}$	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
$I_{IL}$		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
$I_L$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_L$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.

CONDITIONS							
$V_{CC}$	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
$V_{IN}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts

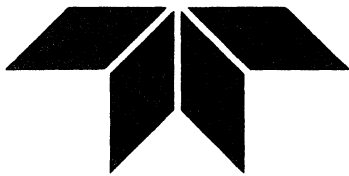


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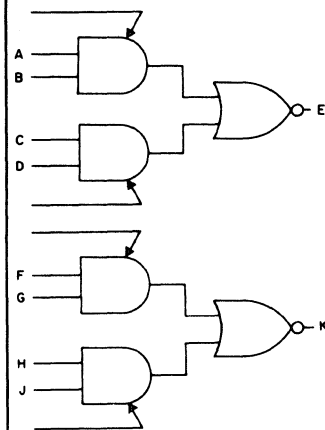
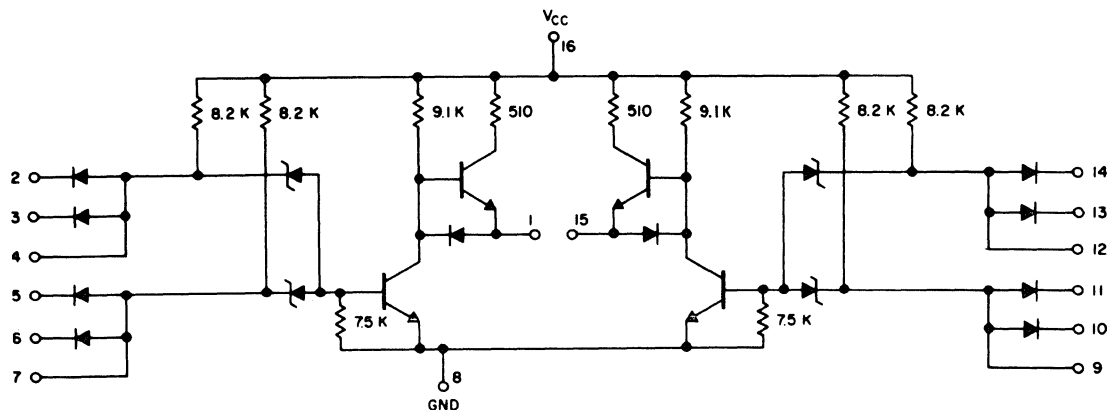
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# DUAL EXCLUSIVE-OR

JANUARY 1968

## 341



$$E = A \cdot B + C \cdot D$$

$$K = F \cdot G + H \cdot J$$

LIMITS	341 B			341 C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
$V_{OH}$	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	Volts min.
$V_{OH}$		11.3			11.3		Volts typ.
$V_{OHL}$	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts min.
$V_{OHL}$		8.0			8.0		Volts typ.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL}$		1.2			1.2		Volts typ.
$I_{IL}$	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
$I_{IL}$		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
$I_L$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_L$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.
$T_{PD} (2, 5-1+)$	120	160	250	130	160	220	nsec typ.
$T_{PD} (2, 5+1-)$	130	100	80	120	100	85	nsec typ.
$I_{PS} (inputs open)$		8.0			8.0		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
$V_{CC}$	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
$V_{OH}$	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
$V_{IL}$	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
$V_{IN}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
$I_{OH}$	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	mA
$I_{OL}$	9.5	8.5	7.5	9.5	8.5	8.0	mA

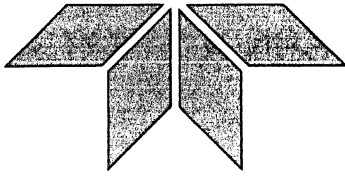


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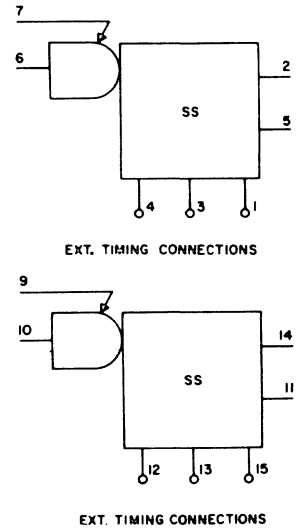
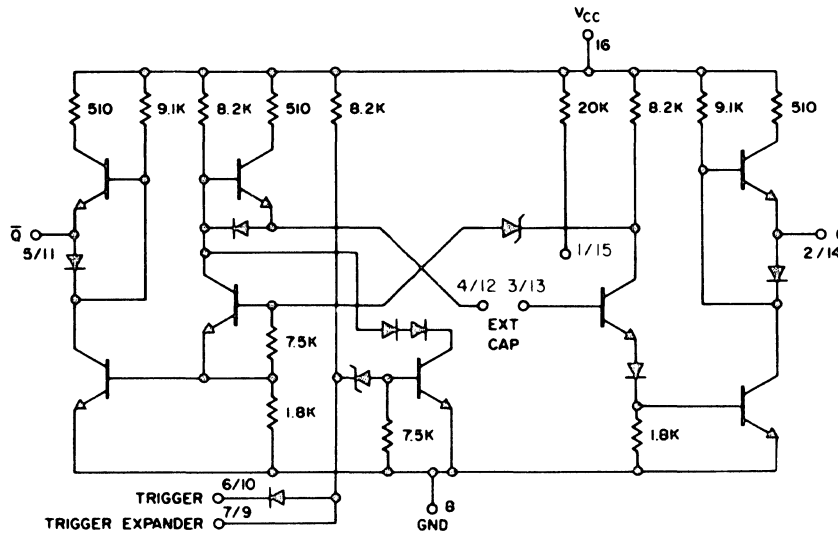
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# DUAL ONE SHOT

# 342



LIMITS	342 B			342 C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
V <sub>OH</sub>	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	Volts min.
V <sub>OH</sub>		11.3			11.3		Volts typ.
V <sub>OHL</sub>	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts min.
V <sub>OHL</sub>		8.0			8.0		Volts typ.
V <sub>OL</sub> @ I <sub>OL</sub>	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts max.
V <sub>OL</sub> @ I <sub>OL</sub>		1.2			1.2		Volts typ.
I <sub>IL</sub>	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
I <sub>IL</sub>		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
I <sub>L</sub>	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	μA max.
I <sub>L</sub>		0.05			0.05		μA typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (6+2+)	80	100	150	80	100	140	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (6+5-)	70	75	75	70	75	75	nsec typ.
I <sub>PS</sub> (Pin 1 connected to Pin 3) (Pin 13 connected to Pin 15)		15			15		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
V <sub>CC</sub>	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
V <sub>IH</sub>	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
V <sub>IL</sub>	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
V <sub>IN</sub>	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
I <sub>OH</sub>	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	-5.0	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	9.5	8.5	7.5	9.5	8.5	8.0	mA

The dual one shot is useful for timing and pulse generation over the range of 100 nsec to several seconds. The trigger input (triggers on a positive going input) is a standard HNIL gate input with the expander node brought out for added flexibility. The trigger input is completely isolated from the timing circuitry allowing trigger pulse width to be greater than or less than the output pulse width, and limited only by duty cycle considerations. The output pulse width ( $P_w \approx 0.7 RC$ ) is determined by an external capacitor, and, for precision applications, an external timing resistor which should not exceed 62 KΩ or less than 2 KΩ. An internal resistor with a nominal value of 20 KΩ is provided for normal applications. The allowable duty cycle can be calculated from  $T_{recovery} = 3C$  where C is in picofarads (pf) and T is in nanoseconds (nsec) and is the time required to charge the timing capacitor to greater than 99% of its final value. For normal applications the capacitor is placed between 3 and 4 (12 & 13) and pin 1 (15) is shorted to pin 3 (13).



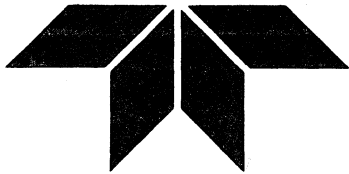
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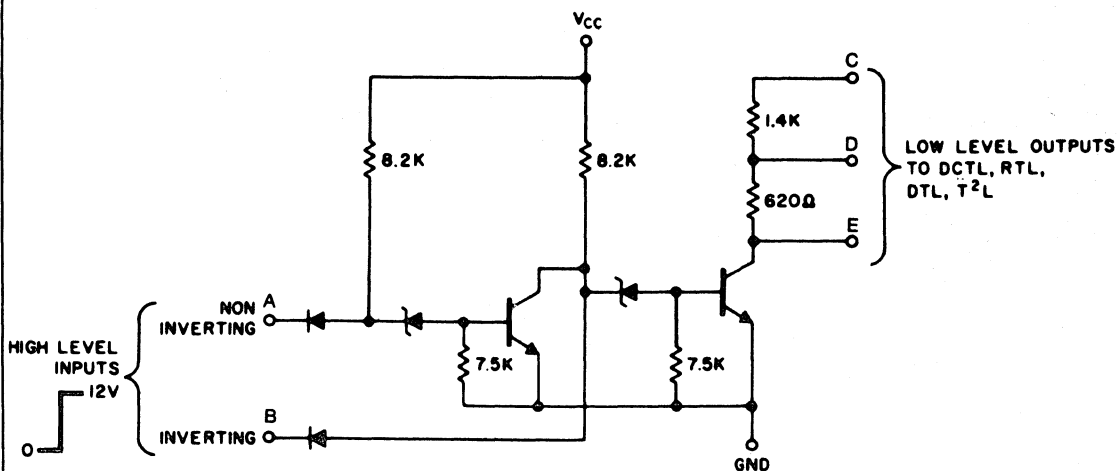


# DUAL INPUT INTERFACE

## CONVERTS HIGH LEVEL LOGIC TO LOW LEVEL LOGIC

JANUARY 1968

# 361



361 TERMINAL IDENTIFICATION

	G & J PACKAGE	1/4" x 1/2" FLAT PACKAGE (H)
A1	5	6
B1	4	5
C1	1	2
D1	2	3
E1	3	4
A2	11	9
B2	12	10
C2	15	13
D2	14	12
E2	13	11
V <sub>cc</sub>	16	14
GND	8	7

LIMITS	361 B			361 C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
V <sub>OH</sub> @ V <sub>I</sub>	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	Volts min.
V <sub>OH</sub> @ V <sub>I</sub>		5.0			5.0		Volts typ.
V <sub>OL</sub> @ I <sub>OL1</sub>	350	300	330	350	300	330	mV max.
V <sub>OL</sub> @ I <sub>OL2</sub>		500			500		mV max.
I <sub>IL</sub>	-2.2	-2.0	-1.8	-2.2	-2.0	-1.9	mA max.
I <sub>IL</sub>		-1.4			-1.4		mA typ.
I <sub>L</sub>	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	μA max.
I <sub>L</sub>		0.05			0.05		μA typ.
I <sub>O</sub> @ V <sub>2</sub> & V <sub>3</sub>	-2.5	-2.5	-2.3	-2.3	-2.2	-2.0	mA min.
T <sub>PD</sub> (5+3+)	85	110	160	90	110	145	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (5-3-)	65	85	125	70	85	115	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (4+3-)	65	75	115	65	75	100	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (4-3+)	60	75	110	65	75	95	nsec typ.
I <sub>PS</sub> (inputs open)		6.5			6.5		mA max.

I<sub>O</sub> The output (drive) current available when terminated at a specific voltage (V).

CONDITIONS							
V <sub>CC</sub>	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
V <sub>IH</sub>	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
V <sub>IL</sub>	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
V <sub>IN</sub>	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	Volts
V <sub>1</sub> @ (Pins 1 and 15)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
V <sub>2</sub> @ (Pins 2 and 14)	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	Volts
V <sub>3</sub> @ (Pins 3 and 13)	1.01	0.85	0.675	0.9	0.85	0.76	Volts
I <sub>OL1</sub>	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	mA
I <sub>OL2</sub>		10			10		mA

Pins ( ) for G, J and N packages.

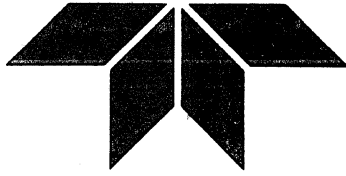


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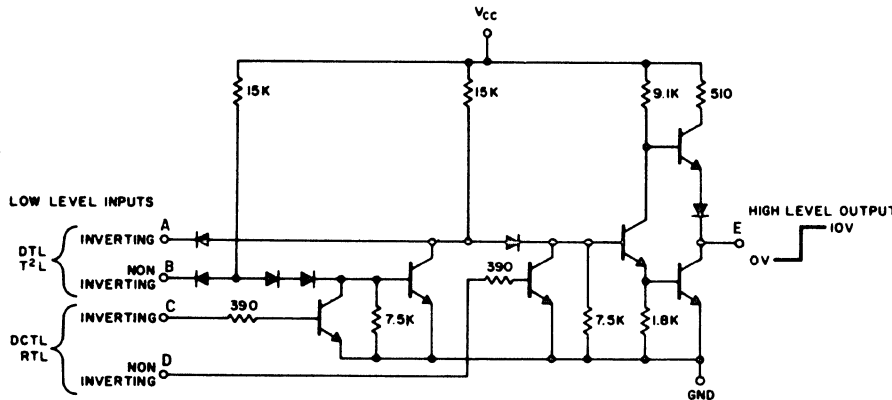
TWX: (910) 379-6494



# DUAL OUTPUT INTERFACE

## CONVERTS LOW LEVEL LOGIC TO HIGH LEVEL LOGIC

# 362



362 TERMINAL IDENTIFICATION

	G & J PACKAGE	14-PIN FLAT PACKAGE (N)
A1	4	4
B1	6	6
C1	5	5
D1	3	3
E1	2	2
A2	12	11
B2	10	9
C2	11	10
D2	13	12
E2	14	13
V <sub>cc</sub>	16	14
GND	8	7

LIMITS	362 B			362 C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
V <sub>OH</sub>	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	Volts min.
V <sub>OH</sub>		10.7			10.7		Volts typ.
V <sub>OHL</sub>	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts min.
V <sub>OHL</sub>		8.0			8.0		Volts typ.
V <sub>OL</sub>	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	Volts min.
V <sub>OL</sub>		0.3			0.3		Volts typ.
I <sub>IN(S)</sub>	-1.3	-1.2	-1.1	-1.3	-1.2	-1.1	mA max.
I <sub>IN(D)</sub>	495	440	470	460	440	500	μA max.
I <sub>LS(S)</sub>	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	μA max.
I <sub>LS(D)</sub>	-1.0	-1.0	-100	-1.0	-1.0	-100	μA max.
T <sub>PD</sub> (4+2-)	40	60	110	45	60	100	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (4-2+)	40	20	15	35	20	15	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (6+2+)	55	50	40	55	50	45	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (6-2-)	40	50	105	45	50	90	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (5-2+)	70	50	45	60	50	45	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (5+2-)	80	110	190	85	110	170	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (3+2+)	90	100	160	90	100	140	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (3-2-)	35	55	100	40	55	90	nsec typ.
I <sub>PS</sub> (Pin 6 & Pin 10 = Gnd)		8.0			8.0		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
V <sub>CC</sub>	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
V <sub>IH(S)</sub>	1.9	1.7	1.5	2.1	2.0	2.0	Volts
V <sub>IL(S)</sub>	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	Volts
V <sub>IN(S)</sub>	350	350	350	350	350	350	mV
V <sub>IH(D)</sub>	1.01	0.85	0.675	0.95	0.85	0.75	Volts
V <sub>IL(D)</sub>	0.71	0.5	0.32	0.6	0.5	0.38	Volts
V <sub>IN(D)</sub>	1.01	8.5	0.675	0.95	0.85	0.75	Volts
I <sub>OL</sub>	11	10	9.0	10.5	10	9.5	mA
I <sub>OH</sub>	-3.0	-3.0	-3.0	-3.0	-3.0	-3.0	mA
V <sub>LS(D)</sub>	-4.0	-4.0	-4.0	-4.0	-4.0	-4.0	Volts
V <sub>LS(S)</sub>	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	Volts

Pins in ( ) for G, J and N packages.

I<sub>IN(D)</sub> that current which flows into the RTL inputs with V<sub>IN(D)</sub> applied to that terminal.

I<sub>LS(S)</sub> same definition as I<sub>L</sub>, measured on DTL inputs with V<sub>LS(S)</sub> applied.

I<sub>IN(S)</sub> same definition as I<sub>L</sub>, measured on DTL inputs.

I<sub>LS(D)</sub> that current which flows from the RTL inputs with V<sub>LS(D)</sub> applied to that terminal.



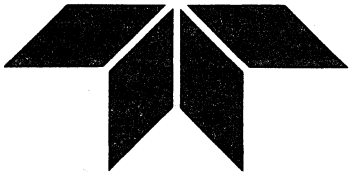
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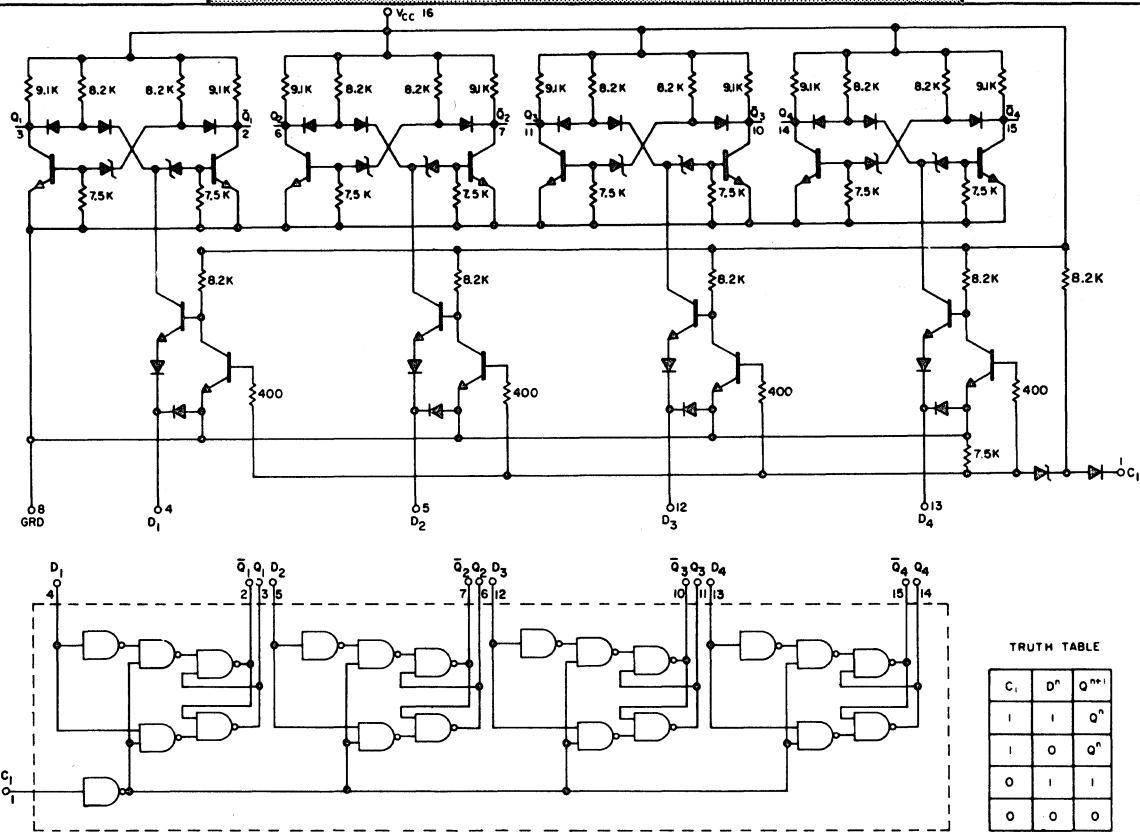
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# QUAD D FLIP-FLOP

# 370



LIMITS	370 B			370 C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
V <sub>OH</sub>	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	Volts min.
V <sub>OH</sub>		12			12		Volts typ.
V <sub>OHL</sub>	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	Volts min.
V <sub>OHL</sub>		8.0			8.0		Volts typ.
V <sub>OL</sub> @ I <sub>OL</sub>	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	Volts max.
V <sub>OL</sub> @ I <sub>OL</sub>		0.3			0.3		Volts typ.
I <sub>IL</sub> (pin 1)	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
I <sub>IL</sub> (pin 1)		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
I <sub>I</sub>	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	μA max.
I <sub>L</sub>		0.05			0.05		μA typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (4+3+)	120	160	250	130	160	220	nsec typ.
T <sub>PD</sub> (4-3-)	80	70	75	75	70	70	nsec typ.
I <sub>PS</sub> (inputs open)		30			30		mA max.

CONDITIONS	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
V <sub>CC</sub>	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
V <sub>IH</sub>	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
V <sub>IL</sub>	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
V <sub>IN</sub>	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
I <sub>OH</sub>	-300	-300	-300	-300	-300	-300	μA
I <sub>OL</sub>	7.6	6.8	6.0	7.6	6.8	6.4	mA

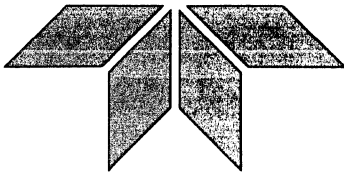


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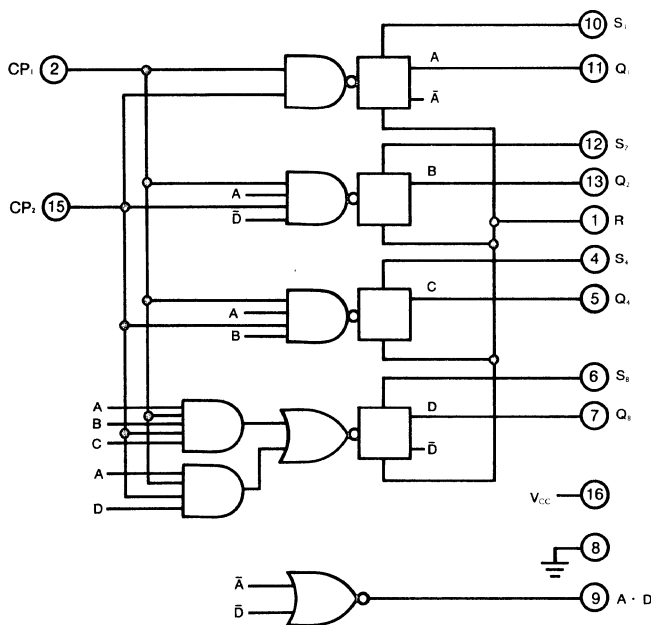
# DECADE COUNTER QUAD RIPPLE COUNTER

**371**  
**372**

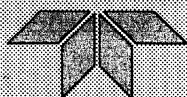
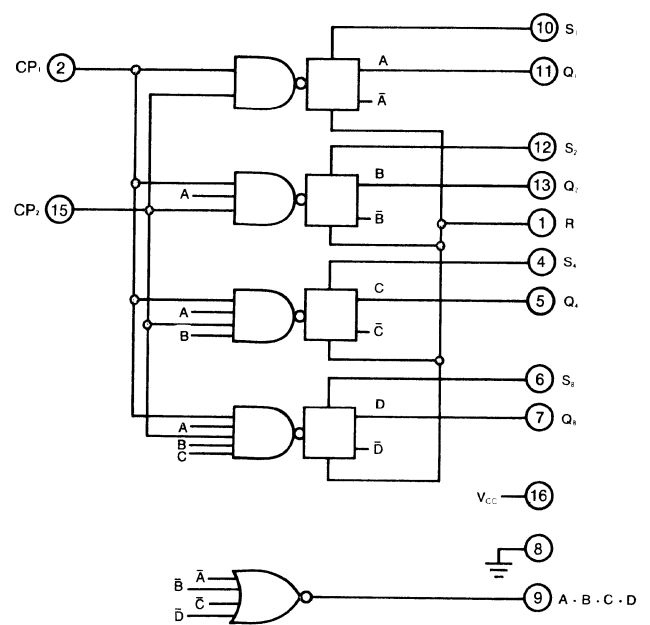
The HNIL 371 is a DECADE COUNTER consisting of four ripple-connected binaries and necessary gating capable of operating up to 2 MHz typically. It generates the standard 1248 BCD code on its outputs. The clock operates on a HI to LO transition. The alternate clock pin is useful for inhibit purposes. All unused direct SET and RESET inputs must be grounded and the Clock must be low when direct SETing or RESETing. A ninth count gated output is available.

The HNIL 372 is a HEXADECIMAL (or divide by 16) COUNTER, Except for the internal connections which produce the count sequence, this element is similar to the HNIL 371. A fifteenth count gated output is available.

371 LOGIC BLOCK



372 LOGIC BLOCK



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LIMITS	371 C			372 C			
	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C	
V <sub>OH</sub>	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	Volts min.
V <sub>OH</sub>		12			12		Volts typ.
V <sub>OL</sub> @ I <sub>OL</sub>	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	Volts max.
V <sub>OL</sub> @ I <sub>OL</sub>		0.4			0.4		Volts typ.
I <sub>IL</sub> (clock & reset)	-2.7	-2.5	-2.4	-2.7	-2.5	-2.4	mA max.
I <sub>IL</sub> (set inputs)	-0.68	-0.63	-0.6	-0.68	-0.63	-0.6	mA max.
I <sub>L</sub>	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	μA max.
I <sub>L</sub>		0.05			0.05		μA typ.
I <sub>PS</sub> (inputs open)		28			28		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
V <sub>CC</sub>	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
V <sub>IH</sub>	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
V <sub>IL</sub>	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
V <sub>IN</sub>	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
I <sub>OL</sub>	9.5	8.5	8.0	9.5	8.5	8.0	mA
I <sub>OL</sub> (pin 9)	3.8	3.4	3.0	3.8	3.4	3.0	mA

371 TRUTH TABLE

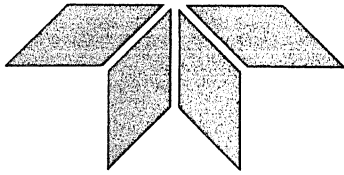
CP <sub>1</sub> or CP <sub>2</sub>	Q <sub>1</sub>	Q <sub>2</sub>	Q <sub>4</sub>	Q <sub>8</sub>	Q <sub>1</sub> •Q <sub>8</sub>
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	1	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0	1	1
1	1	0	0	1	1

0 = LOW LEVEL  
1 = HIGH LEVEL

372 TRUTH TABLE

CP <sub>1</sub> or CP <sub>2</sub>	Q <sub>1</sub>	Q <sub>2</sub>	Q <sub>4</sub>	Q <sub>8</sub>	Q <sub>1</sub> •Q <sub>2</sub> Q <sub>4</sub> •Q <sub>8</sub>
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	1	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0	1	1
1	1	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	0	1	1
1	0	1	0	1	1
0	1	1	0	1	1
1	1	1	0	1	1

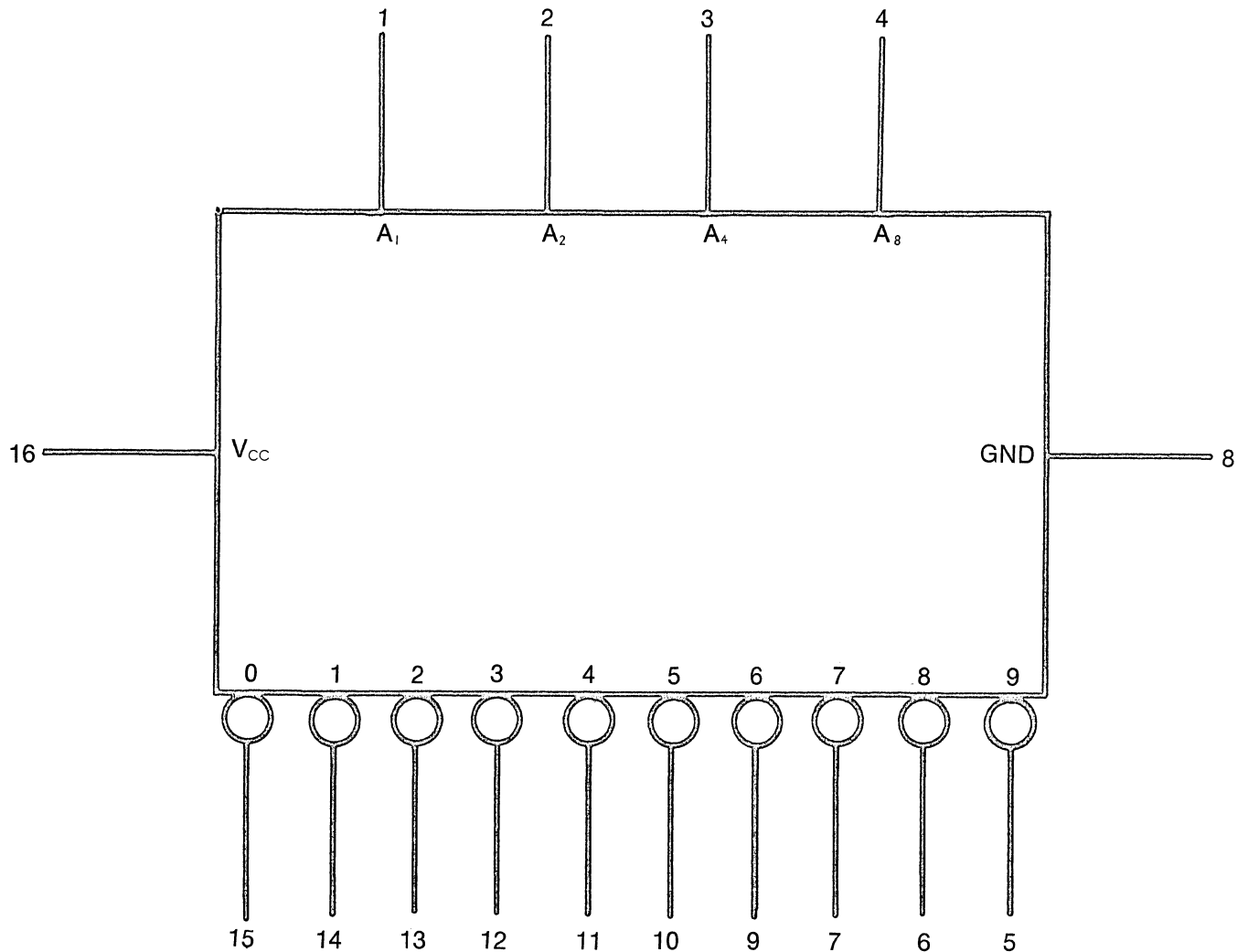




# BCD TO DECADE DECODER

380

The HNIL 380 Decoder is used to decode the BCD 1248 code of the 371 or similarly generated inputs and produces a low (saturated) level on one of its ten outputs. These outputs can sink up to 30 ma at less than one volt and can operate from a 24 volt source. It produces no ambiguous outputs.



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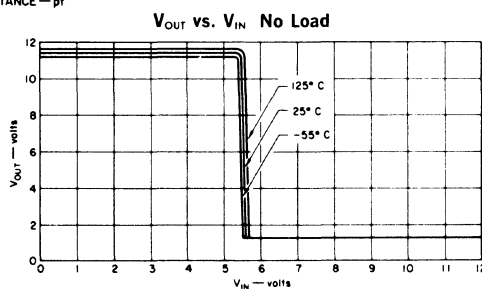
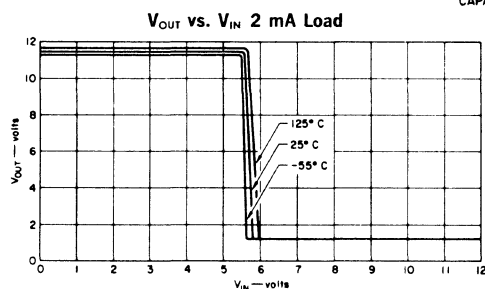
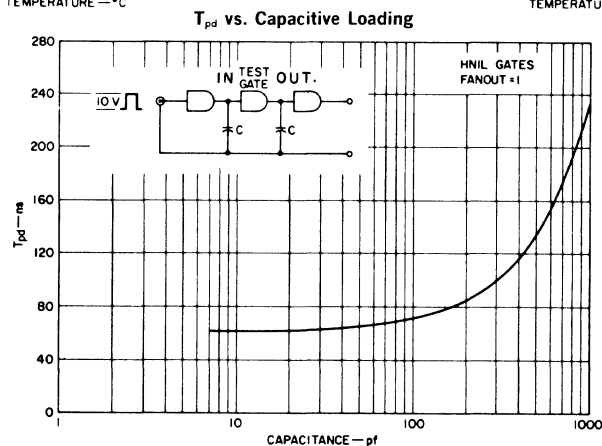
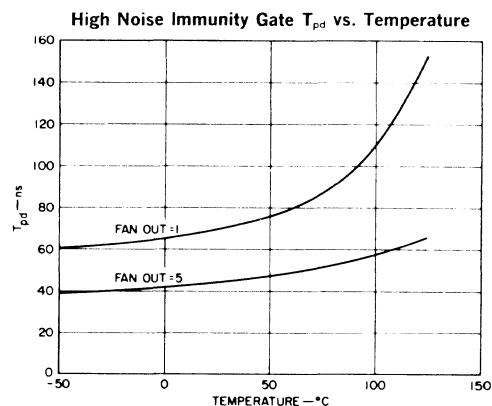
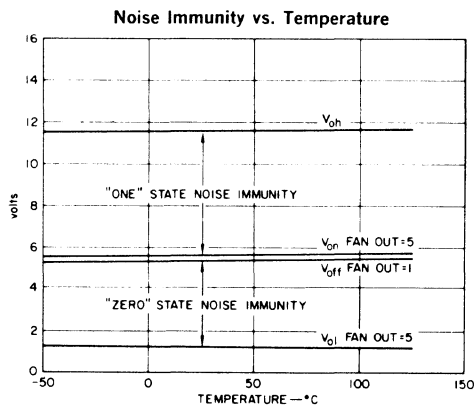
LIMITS	380B			380 C			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-30°C	+25°C	+85°C ;	
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL}$	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	Volts max.
$V_{OL} @ I_{OL}$		0.5			0.5		Volts typ.
$I_{IL}$	-1.9	-1.7	-1.5	-1.9	-1.7	-1.6	mA max.
$I_{IL}$		-1.2			-1.2		mA typ.
$I_L$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_L$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.
$I_{CEX}$	1.0	1.0	100	1.0	1.0	100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_{CEX}$		0.05			0.05		$\mu$ A typ.
$I_{PS}$ (inputs open)		20			20		mA max.

CONDITIONS							
$V_{CC}$	12	12	12	12	12	12	Volts
$V_{IH}$	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	Volts
$V_{IL}$	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Volts
$V_{IN}$	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	Volts
$I_{OL}$	30	30	27	30	30	27	mA
$V_{CEX}$	24	24	24	24	24	24	Volts



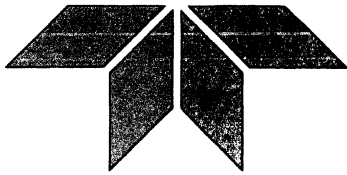
## DEFINITION OF SYMBOLS AND TERMS

<b>V<sub>CC</sub></b>	Supply Voltage
<b>V<sub>IL</sub></b>	Maximum voltage that may be applied to an input without changing the output from a "1" state to a "0" state.
<b>V<sub>IH</sub></b>	Minimum voltage that may be applied to an input without changing the output from a "0" state to a "1" state.
<b>V<sub>OL</sub></b>	The output voltage with I <sub>OL</sub> applied and V <sub>IH</sub> applied to all inputs.
<b>V<sub>OH</sub></b>	The output voltage with V <sub>IL</sub> applied to the input.
<b>V<sub>OHL</sub></b>	The output voltage with V <sub>IL</sub> applied to the input and a drive current, I <sub>OH</sub> , being supplied.
<b>V<sub>IN</sub></b>	The voltage which is applied to an input for the I <sub>IL</sub> test measurement, equals V <sub>OL</sub> for standard diode input.
<b>I<sub>IL</sub></b>	The input forward current with V <sub>IN</sub> applied to that input.
<b>I<sub>L</sub></b>	The maximum reverse current at the input when V <sub>CC</sub> is applied and the other adjacent inputs are grounded.
<b>I<sub>OL</sub></b>	Load (Sink) current at which the output voltage is guaranteed for the zero state or V <sub>OL</sub> .
<b>T<sub>PD</sub></b>	Propagation delay, (N+, M-), when input pulse at terminal N is going positive (direction of the sign) and the output, Terminal M, is going negative. Propagation time is measured at the 50% levels.
<b>FAN-OUT</b>	Minimum number of logic elements that may be driven by one other logic element of the same family, and is determined by the ratio of I <sub>OL</sub> /I <sub>IL</sub> .
<b>"Zero" State Noise Immunity</b>	The additional amount of positive voltage required at the output of a gate, when in the "zero" state, to raise that voltage to the maximum voltage that may be applied to an input without changing that gate's output state. It is determined by the equation, NI = V <sub>IL</sub> - V <sub>OL</sub> (5.0 V - 1.5 V = 3.5 Volts).
<b>"One" State Noise Immunity</b>	The additional amount of negative voltage required at the output of a gate, when in the "one" state, to lower that voltage to the minimum voltage that may be applied to an input without changing that gate's output state. It is determined by the equation, NI = V <sub>OH</sub> - V <sub>IH</sub> (10.5 V - 6.5 V = 4.0 Volts).
<b>I<sub>PS</sub></b>	Power Supply Current, no load, V <sub>CC</sub> = +12 Volts.







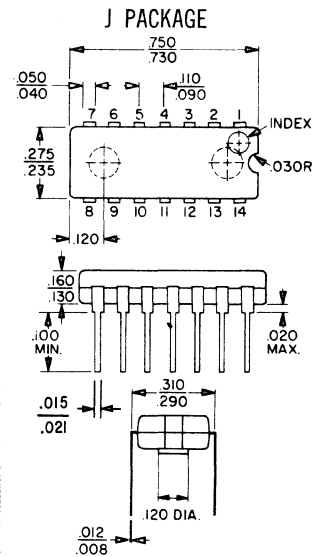
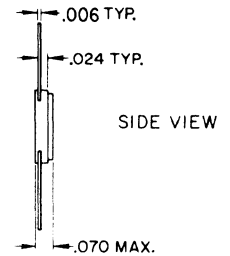
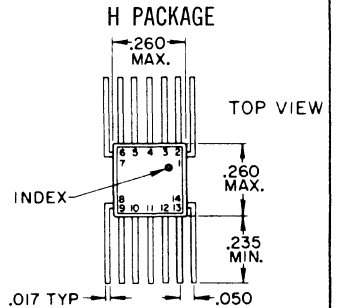


# DIGITAL CIRCUIT TRANSISTOR-TRANSISTOR LOGIC

JANUARY 1968

## 500 SERIES

The Amelco Transistor-Transistor Logic has been designed specifically for use in applications where primary emphasis is placed on low power consumption. The logic family is provided in three compatible and interchangeable power levels, 0.5 mW, 1.2 mW, and 4.0 mW, allowing the Designer to optimize his speed-power trade-off. Most of the gate elements are also available with no pull up resistor, allowing collector "OR"ing.



### TRANSISTOR-TRANSISTOR LOGIC ELEMENTS

- JK Flip-Flop
- Quad-2 Input Gate
- Triple-3 Input Gate
- Dual-4 Input Gate
- Dual-4 Input Power Gate with Expander
- Dual-4 Input Buffer with Expander
- Dual-4 Input Nand/Nor Gate with Inverter
- Dual-4 Input Power Gate and Lamp Driver

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	500BH	500CJ
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +125°C	0°C to 70°C
Maximum Voltage	6.8 V	6.8 V
Operating Voltage	4.0 V to 5.5 V	4.0 V to 5.5 V

### NUMBERING SEQUENCE

- 500-529 Low Power
- 530-559 Medium Power
- 570-589 High Power

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:



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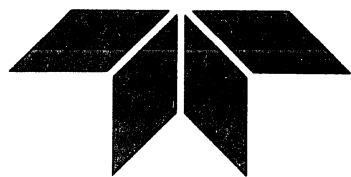
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

	POWER LEVELS									UNITS
	LOW			MEDIUM			HIGH			
	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	
$V_{CC}$ max.	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	Volts
$V_{CC}$	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	Volts
$V_{OL}$ at $I_{OL}$	0.4	0.2	0.25	0.4	0.3	0.35	0.5	0.4	0.4	Volts max.
$V_{OH}$ (Note 1)	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	Volts min.
$V_{IL}$	1.4	1.0	0.6	1.4	1.0	0.7	1.4	1.0	0.7	Volts max.
$V_{IH}$	2.0	1.8	1.5	2.0	1.8	1.5	2.0	1.8	1.6	Volts min.
$I_{IL}$	200	150	120	550	450	400	1100	1100	1100	$\mu$ A max.
$I_{IL}$ R & S (f/f)	130	100	80	550	450	400	750	750	750	$\mu$ A max.
$I_{IL}$ C (flip-flop)	400	300	240	1450	1200	1050	2250	2250	2250	$\mu$ A max.
$I_{IL}$ $C_2$ $R_D$	400	300	240	1450	1200	1050	2250	2250	2250	$\mu$ A max.
$I_{IH1}$	2.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	6.0	12	12	18	$\mu$ A max.
$I_{IH2}$		10			20			60		$\mu$ A max.
$I_{OH1}$		100			100			100		$\mu$ A max.
$I_{OH2}$ at $V_{CC} = 4.0$ V					2.5	2.5	2.0	5.0	6.0	mA
$I_{OH2}$ at $V_{CC} = 4.5$ V				2.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	7.0	8.0	mA
$I_{OL1}$	1.2	0.9	0.72	3.3	2.7	2.4	8.0	8.0	8.0	mA
$I_{OL2}$ med. pwr.				8.0	8.0	8.0				mA
$I_{OL3}$ high pwr.				22	22	22	34	36	32	mA
$I_{OL4}$ high pwr.							36	40	36	mA
$I_{OL}$ SR		0.9		4.4	3.6	3.2	13.5	13.5	13.5	mA
$I_A$		20			200			375		$\mu$ A min.
$V_{I1}$	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	Volts
$V_{I2}$	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	Volts

NOTE 1: For 540, 541, 580 and 587 loaded  $V_{OH}$  is 2.5V.

## DEFINITION OF SYMBOL & TERMS

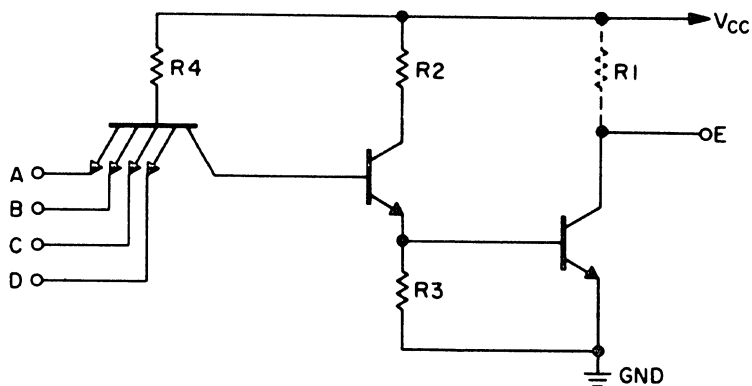
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage
$V_{OL}$	The output voltage with $I_{OL}$ applied and $V_{IH}$ applied to all inputs.
$V_{OH}$	The output voltage with input grounded.
$V_{IL}$	Maximum voltage that may be applied to an input without changing the output from "1" to a "0" state.
$V_{IH}$	Minimum voltage that may be applied to an input without changing the output from a "0" to a "1" state.
$I_{IL}$	The input forward current.
$I_{IH1}$	The maximum reverse current allowable at the input when $V_{I1}$ is applied and the adjacent input is grounded.
$I_{IH2}$	The maximum total reverse current at the input when $V_{I2}$ is applied to all inputs.
$I_{OH1}$	The output high current when $V_{max}$ is applied to the outputs and $V_{CC}$ with inputs grounded.
$I_{OH2}$	The output current with inputs grounded, and the output voltage at $V_{OH}$ minimum.
$I_{OL}$	Minimum load current at the output of the logic element in the "0" state.
$I_A$	Minimum load current at the output of the logic element in the "1" state.
$T_{PD}$	Propagation delay — average of $T_{on}$ and $T_{off}$ .
<b>Fan-out</b>	Minimum number of logic elements that may be driven by one other logic element and is determined by the ratio of $\frac{I_{OL}}{I_{IL}}$



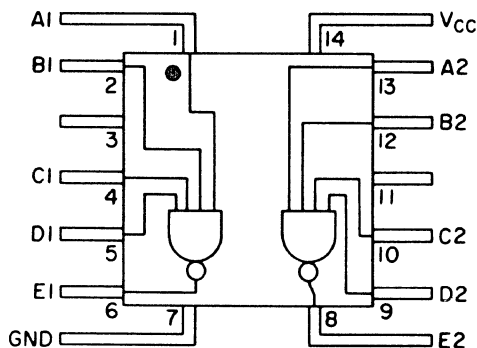
# DUAL 4 INPUT GATE

**500 504**  
**530 534**  
**570 574**

## SCHEMATIC (EACH GATE)



## LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PART NO.	POWER LEVEL	RESISTANCE VALUES						DISS. PER GATE (mW)		PROPAGATION DELAY (nsec)				I <sub>OL</sub>
		R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>5</sub>	R <sub>6</sub>			-55°C		+25°C		
								TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	
500	L	∞	20K	20K	40K			0.5	1.0	225	180	300	215	I <sub>OL1</sub>
504	L	40K	20K	20K	40K			0.7	1.2	175	140	250	175	I <sub>OL1</sub>
530	M	∞	10K	10K	10K			1.5	2.2	85	75	100	85	I <sub>OLi</sub>
534	M	10K	10K	10K	10K			2.0	3.0	75	60	90	75	I <sub>OLi</sub>
570	H	∞	7.0K	4.0K	3.5K			4.1	5.5	45	25	55	38	I <sub>OLi</sub>
574	H	6.0K	7.0K	4.0K	3.5K			5.0	6.8	45	25	55	38	I <sub>OLi</sub>



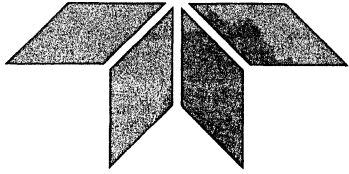
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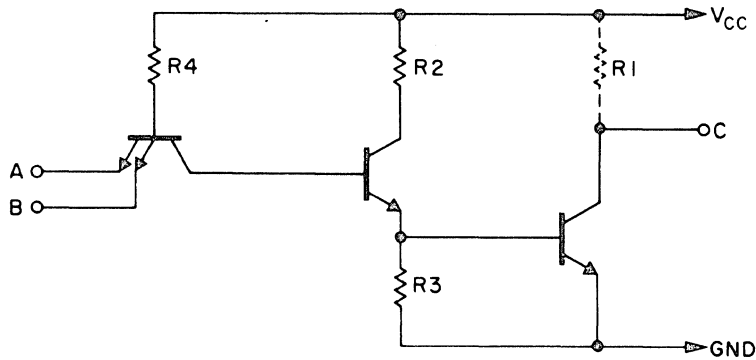
# QUAD 2 INPUT GATE

501 505

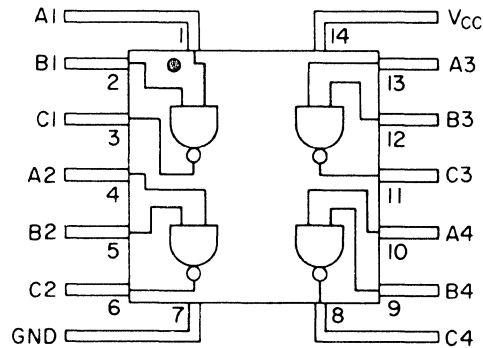
531 535

571 575

SCHMATIC (EACH GATE)

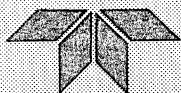


LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PART NO.	POWER LEVEL	RESISTANCE VALUES						DISS. PER GATE (mW)		PROPAGATION DELAY (nsec)				$I_{OL}$
		$R_1$	$R_2$	$R_3$	$R_4$	$R_5$	$R_6$			-55°C		+25°C		
								TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	
501	L	$\infty$	20K	20K	40K			0.5	1.0	225	180	300	215	$I_{OL1}$
505	L	40K	20K	20K	40K			0.7	1.2	175	140	250	175	$I_{OL1}$
531	M	$\infty$	10K	10K	10K			1.5	2.2	85	75	100	85	$I_{OL1}$
535	M	10K	10K	10K	10K			2.0	3.0	75	60	90	75	$I_{OL1}$
571	H	$\infty$	7.0K	4.0K	3.5K			4.1	5.5	45	25	55	38	$I_{OL1}$
575	H	6.0K	7.0K	4.0K	3.5K			5.0	6.8	45	25	55	38	$I_{OL1}$

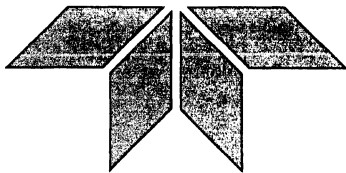


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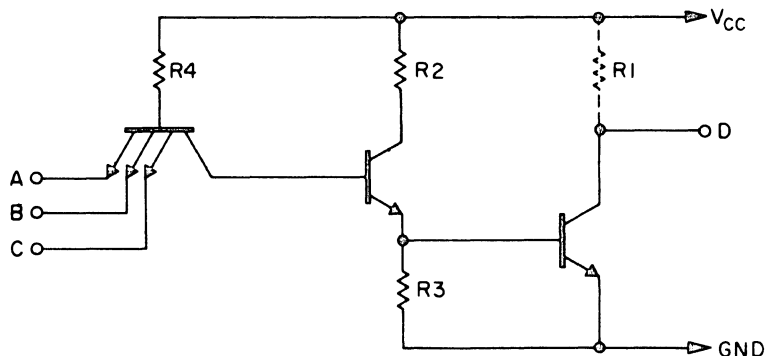
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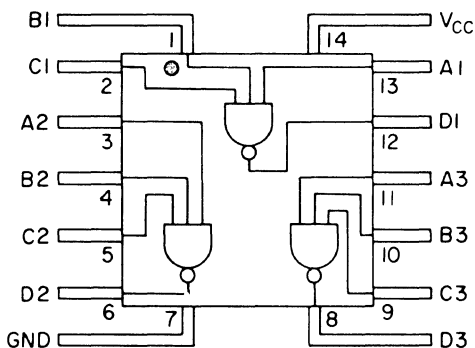
# TRIPLE 3 INPUT GATE

503 507  
533 537  
573 577

**SCHEMATIC (EACH GATE)**



**LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS**



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PART NO.	POWER LEVEL	RESISTANCE VALUES						DISS. PER GATE (mW)		PROPAGATION DELAY (nsec)				I <sub>OL</sub>
		R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>5</sub>	R <sub>6</sub>			-55°C		+25°C		
		TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.		
503	L	∞	20K	20K	40K			0.5	1.0	225	180	300	215	I <sub>OL1</sub>
507	L	40K	20K	20K	40K			0.7	1.2	175	140	250	175	I <sub>OL1</sub>
533	M	∞	10K	10K	10K			1.5	2.2	85	75	100	85	I <sub>OL1</sub>
537	M	10K	10K	10K	10K			2.0	3.0	75	60	90	75	I <sub>OL1</sub>
573	H	∞	7.0K	4.0K	3.5K			4.1	5.5	45	25	55	38	I <sub>OL1</sub>
577	H	6.0K	7.0K	4.0K	3.5K			5.0	6.8	45	25	55	38	I <sub>OL1</sub>



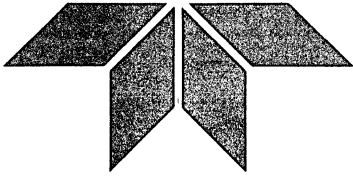
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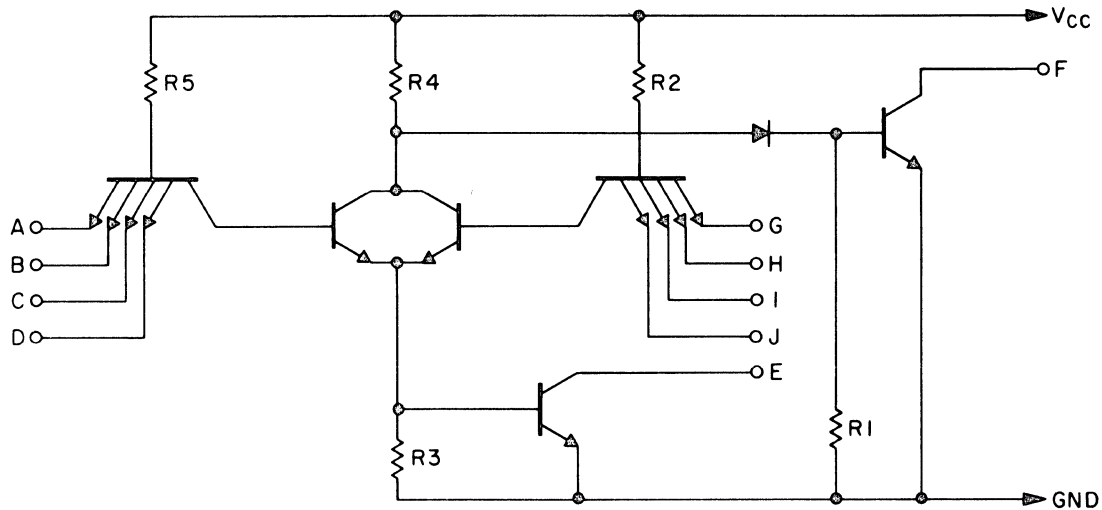


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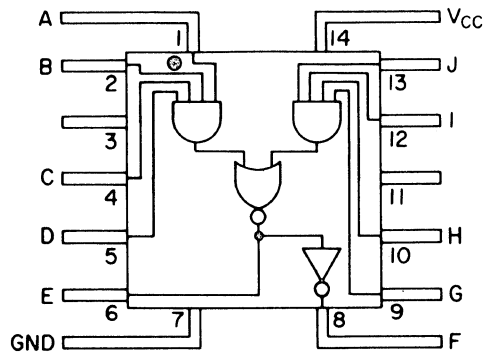
# DUAL 4 INPUT NAND-NOR GATE WITH INVERTER

**508**  
**538**  
**578**

## SCHEMATIC

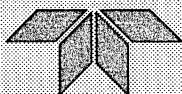


## LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PART NO.	POWER LEVEL	RESISTANCE VALUES						DISS. PER GATE (mW)		PROPAGATION DELAY (nsec)				PIN #6 $I_{OL1}$	PIN #8 $I_{OL1}$
		$R_1$	$R_2$	$R_3$	$R_4$	$R_5$	$R_6$			-55°C		+25°C			
								TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.		
508	L	20K	40K	20K	15K	40K		1.4	2.0	240	200	360	240	$I_{OL1}$	2/3 $I_{OL1}$
538	M	10K	10K	10K	7.5K	10K		3.8	4.8	100	85	120	100	$I_{OL1}$	2/3 $I_{OL1}$
578	H	4.0K	3.8K	4.0K	3.6K	3.8K		8.9	11.2	55	35	65	45	$I_{OL1}$	2/3 $I_{OL1}$

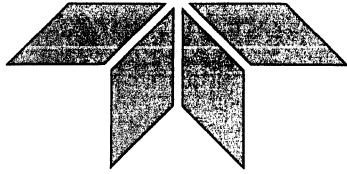


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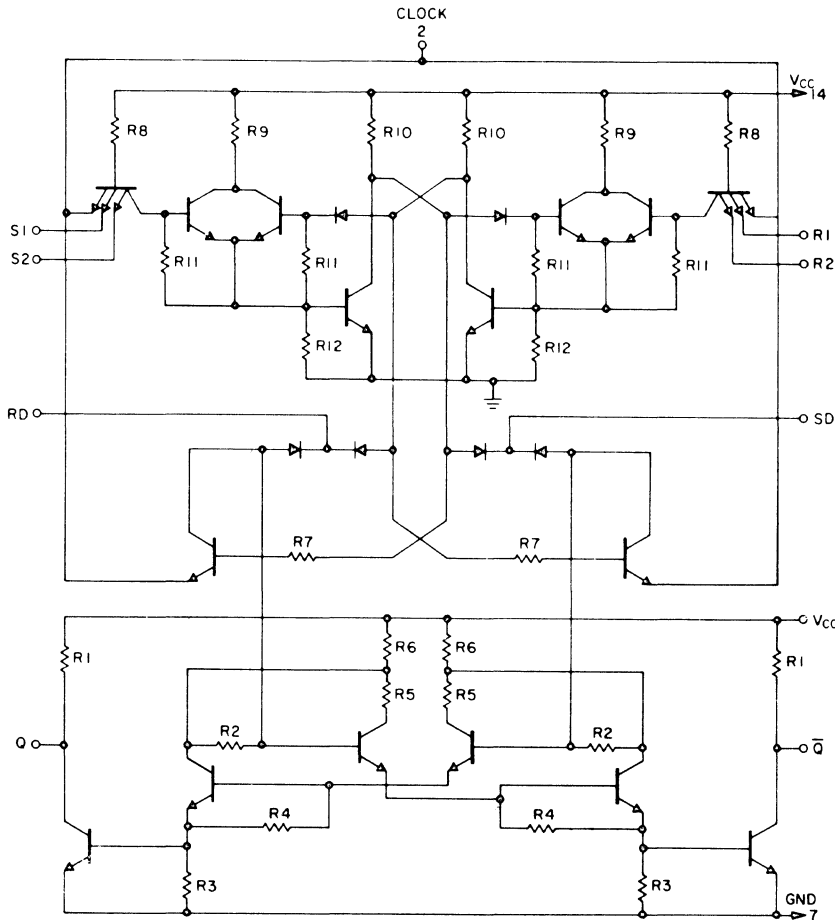
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# JK FLIP-FLOP

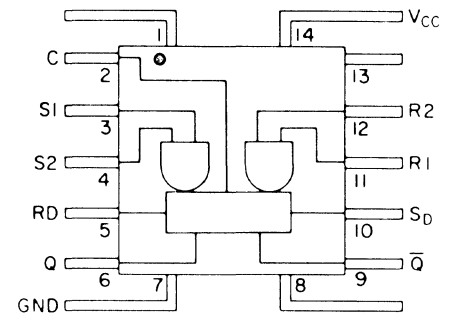
**509**  
**539**  
**579**

## SCHEMATIC



MASTER-SLAVE FLIP-FLOP

## LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS



TRUTH TABLE

R-S MODE					J-K MODE		
$S_1^n$	$S_2^n$	$R_1^n$	$R_2^n$	$Q^{n+1}$	$J^n$	$K^n$	$Q^{n+1}$
L	X	L	X	$Q^n$	L	L	$Q^n$
L	X	X	L	$Q^n$	L	H	L
X	L	L	X	$Q^n$	H	L	$\bar{H}$
X	L	X	L	$Q^n$	H	H	$\bar{Q}^n$
L	X	H	H	L			
X	L	H	H	L			
H	H	L	X	H			
H	H	X	L	H			
H	H	H	H	Ambiguous			

X = don't care  
 $R_D = S_D = 1$

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PART NO.	POWER LEVEL	RESISTANCE VALUES												POWER DISS. (mW)		PROPAGATION DELAY AND CLOCK RATE					UNITS	
		$R_1$	$R_2$	$R_3$	$R_4$	$R_5$	$R_6$	$R_7$	$R_8$	$R_9$	$R_{10}$	$R_{11}$	$R_{12}$	TYP.	MAX.	-55°C			+25°C			TYP.
																TYP.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.		
509	L	15K	40K	24K	36K	12K	20K	110K	56K	56K	28K	56K	28K	4.0	6.0	$I_{OL}$ SR	700		550	700	800	$T_{pd}$ (nsec)
																	0.75	0.5	1.0		0.75	Clock Rate MHz
539	M	10K	10K	10K	15K	3.0K	5.0K	20K	10K	20K	5.0K	15K	10K	12	18	$I_{OL}$ SR	180		140	225	200	$T_{pd}$ (nsec)
																	4.0	3.0	4.0		3.0	Clock Rate MHz
579	H	2.0K	3.3K	3.3K	5.0K	1.4K	2.2K	6.6K	6.0K	7.0K	3.2K	8.0K	3.3K	24	32	$I_{OL}$ SR	75		65	75	75	$T_{pd}$ (nsec)
																	12	10	12		10	Clock Rate MHz



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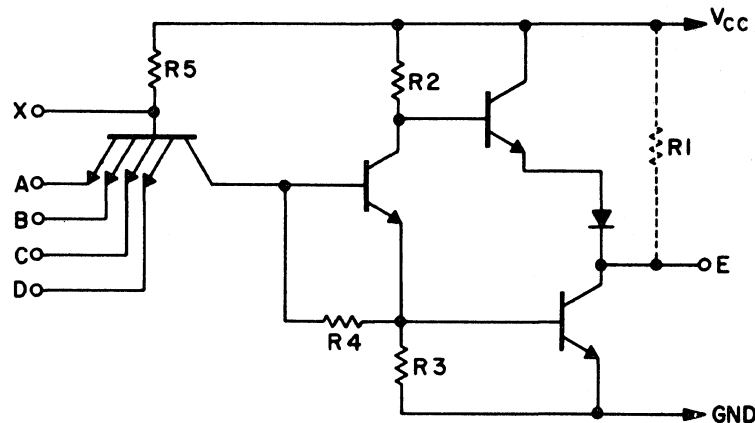




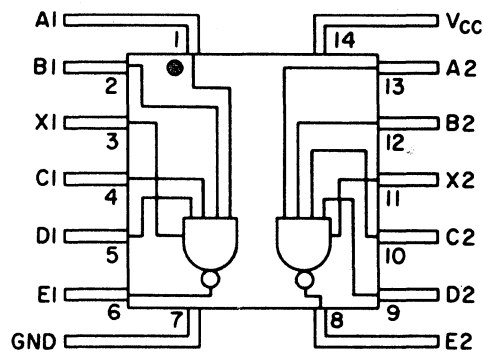
# DUAL 4 INPUT BUFFER WITH EXPANDER

**540**  
**541**

**SCHEMATIC (EACH GATE)**



**LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS**



**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

PART NO.	POWER LEVEL	RESISTANCE VALUES						DISS. PER GATE (mW)		PROPAGATION DELAY (nsec)			I <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub>	
		R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>5</sub>	R <sub>6</sub>	TYP.	MAX.	-55°C TYP.	+25°C TYP.	+125°C TYP.			
540	M	∞	2.6K	2.0K	20K	11K		4.5	6.0	90	70	100	90	I <sub>OL2</sub>	I <sub>OH2</sub>
541	M	5.75K	2.6K	2.0K	20K	11K		6.0	8.0	90	70	100	90	I <sub>OL2</sub>	



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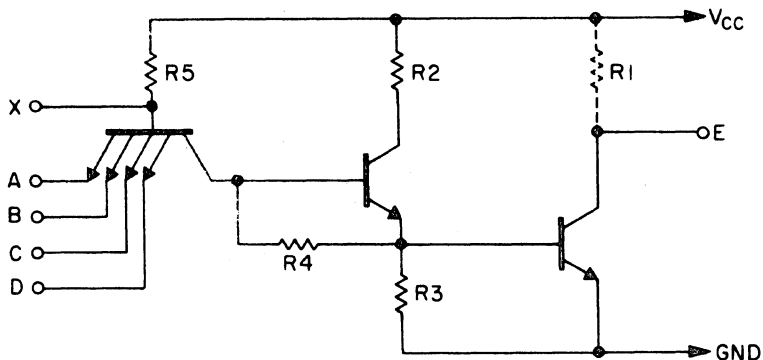
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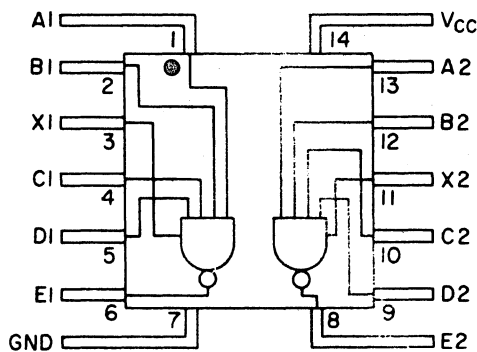
# DUAL 4 INPUT GATE WITH EXPANDER

**543**  
**544**  
**583**  
**584**

**SCHEMATIC (EACH GATE)**



**LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS**



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PART NO.	POWER LEVEL	RESISTANCE VALUES						DISS. PER GATE (mW)		PROPAGATION DELAY (nsec)				I <sub>OL</sub>
		R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>5</sub>	R <sub>6</sub>	TYP.	MAX.	-55°C			TYP.	
										TYP.	MAX.	TYP.		
543	M	∞	10K	10K	20K	10K		1.5	2.3	85	85	120	85	I <sub>OL1</sub>
544	M	10K	10K	10K	20K	10K		2.0	3.0	75	75	110	75	I <sub>OL1</sub>
583	H	∞	7.0K	4.0K	5.0K	3.5K		4.1	5.5	50	30	60	45	I <sub>OL1</sub>
584	H	6.0K	7.0K	4.0K	5.0K	3.5K		5.0	6.8	50	30	60	45	I <sub>OL1</sub>

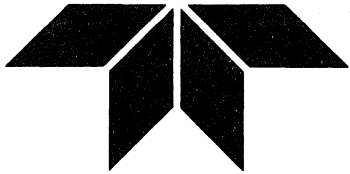


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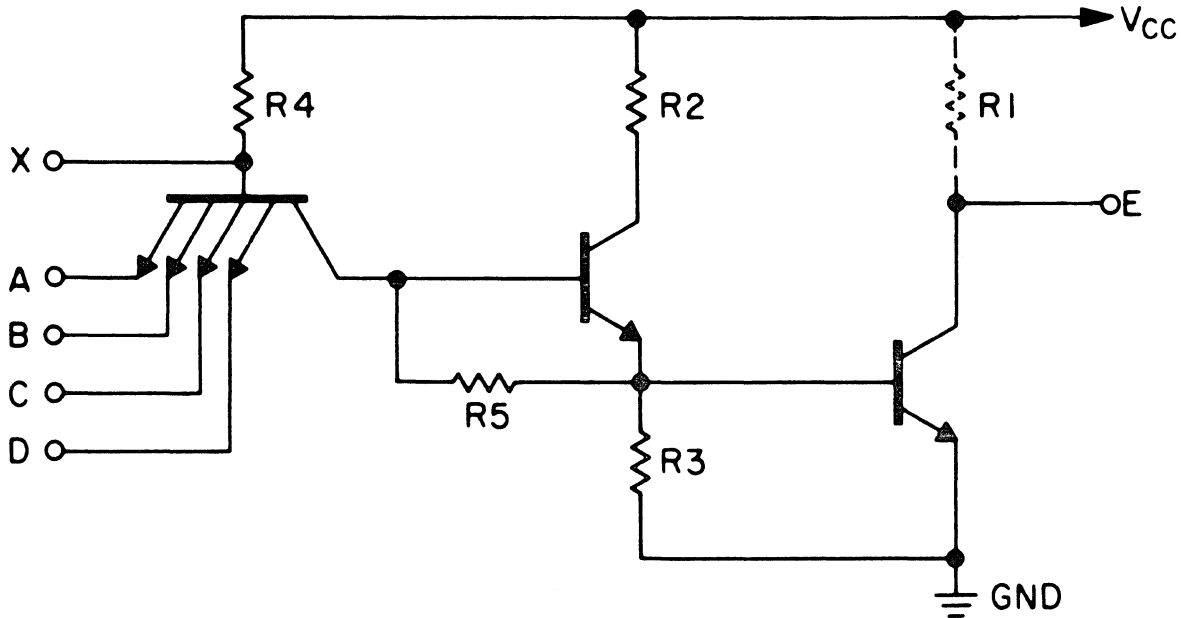


JANUARY 1968

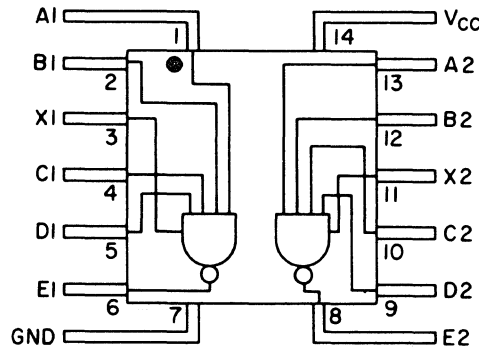
# DUAL 4 INPUT POWER GATE AND LAMP DRIVER

**547**  
**548**

**SCHEMATIC (EACH GATE)**



**LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS**



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PART NO.	POWER LEVEL	RESISTANCE VALUES						DISS. PER GATE (mW)		PROPAGATION DELAY (nsec)				I <sub>OL</sub>
		R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>5</sub>	R <sub>6</sub>	TYP.	MAX.	-55°C		+125°C		
547	M	5.0K	1.4K	2.0K	9.0K	20K		7.5	9.6	75	60	90	75	I <sub>OL3</sub>
548	M	∞	1.4K	2.0K	9.0K	20K		6.2	8.0	75	60	90	75	I <sub>OL3</sub>

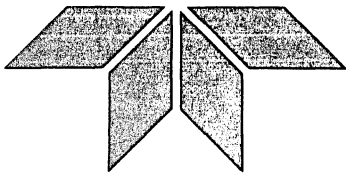


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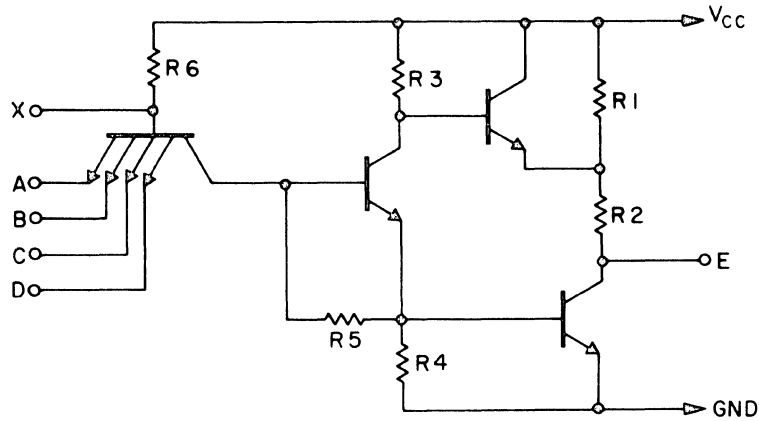


**DUAL 4 INPUT BUFFER  
WITH EXPANDER  
DUAL 4 INPUT GATE  
WITH EXPANDER**

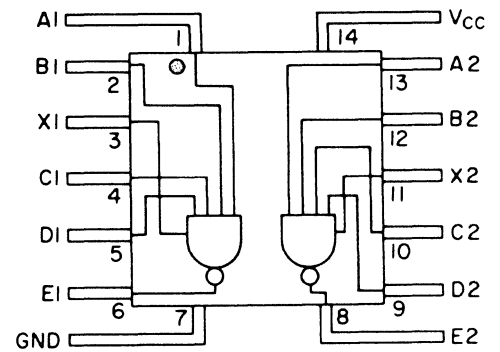
**580  
587**

**580 SCHEMATIC**

**DUAL 4 INPUT BUFFER WITH EXPANDER (EACH GATE)**

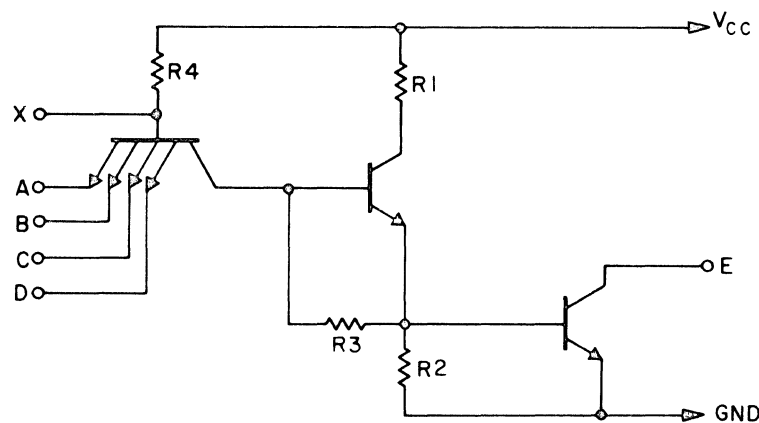


**LOGIC DIAGRAM  
AND PIN CONNECTIONS**



**587 SCHEMATIC**

**DUAL 4 INPUT GATE WITH EXPANDER (EACH GATE)**



**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

PART NO.	POWER LEVEL	RESISTANCE VALUES						DISS. PER GATE (mW)		PROPAGATION DELAY (nsec)				$I_{OL}$	$I_{OH}$
		$R_1$	$R_2$	$R_3$	$R_4$	$R_5$	$R_6$			-55°C	+25°C	+125°C			
		TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.				
580	H	1.85K	150	850	630	5.0K	3.8K	17	22	60	45	60	60	$I_{OL3}$	$I_{OH2}$
587	H	850	630	5.0K	3.8K			13	17	60	55	60	60	$I_{OL4}$	



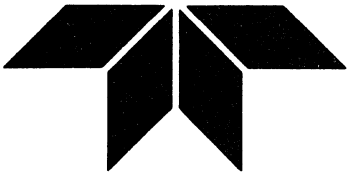
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# TEST CIRCUITS

JANUARY 1968

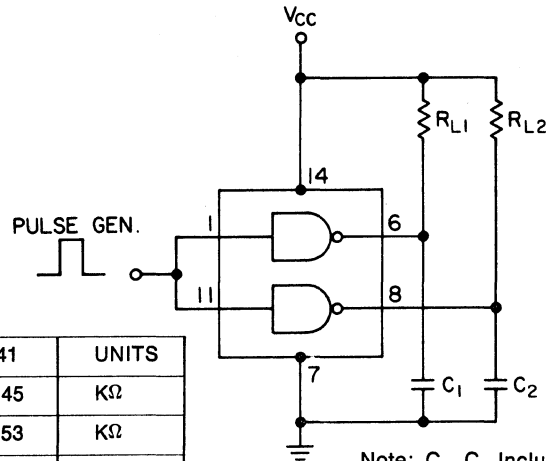
## 500 SERIES

$T_{ON}, T_{OFF}$   
504, 534, 574, 580, 540, 541

$V_{threshold}$ :  
-55°C 25°C 125°C  
1.8 V 1.5 V 1.2 V

$V_{CC} = 4.0$  Volt  
Clock Freq: 1.0 MHz  
Clock Amplitude: 4.0 Volt  
Clock Duty Cycle: 50%  
 $T_r = T_f = 25 \pm 5$  nsec

	504	534	574	580	540	541	UNITS
$R_{L1}$	4.2	1.4	0.47	0.15	0.45	0.45	K $\Omega$
$R_{L2}$	40	10	3.9	0.51	1.53	1.53	K $\Omega$
$C_1$	10	10	50	500	500	500	pf
$C_2$	10	10	30	500	500	500	pf

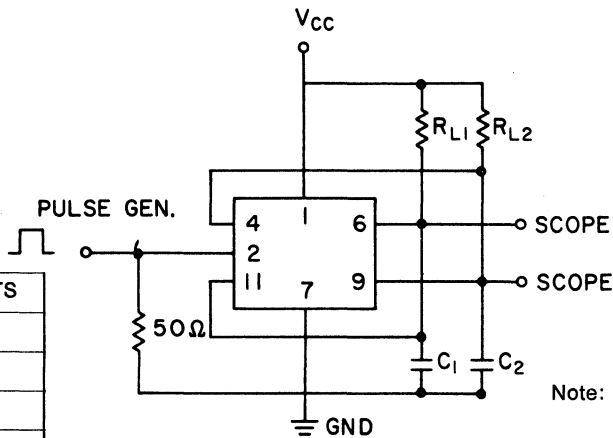


Note:  $C_1, C_2$  Include Probe & Jig Capacitance  
Allocate 10 pf for Probe & Jig Capacitance

$T_{ON}, T_{OFF}$   
509, 539, 579

$V_{threshold}$ :  
-55°C 25°C 125°C  
1.8 V 1.5 V 1.2 V

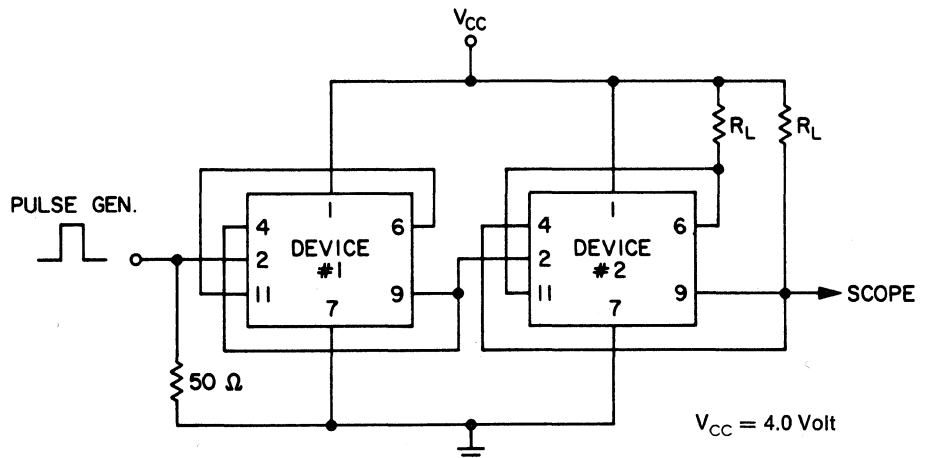
	509	539	579	UNITS
$R_{L1}$	4.2	1.4	0.4	K $\Omega$
$R_{L2}$	60	10	3.9	K $\Omega$
$C_1$	10	10	30	pf
$C_2$	10	10	30	pf



Note:  $C_1, C_2$  Include Probe & Jig Capacitance  
Allocate 10 pf for Probe & Jig Capacitance

CLOCK RATE  
509, 539, 579

	$R_L$
509	10 K $\Omega$
539	3 K $\Omega$
579	1 K $\Omega$



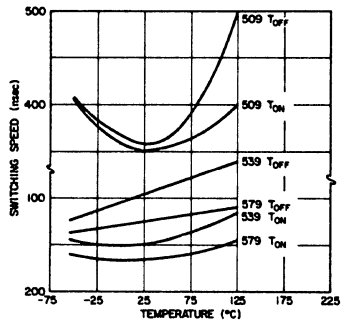
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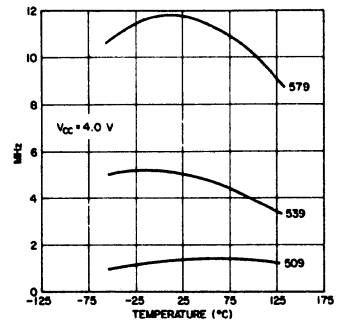
Phone (415) 968-9241

TWX: (910) 379-6494

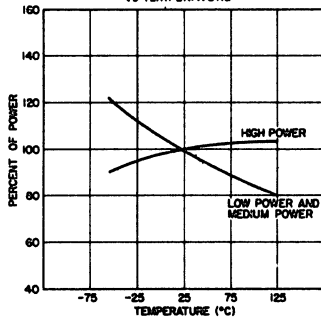
SWITCHING SPEEDS vs TEMPERATURE



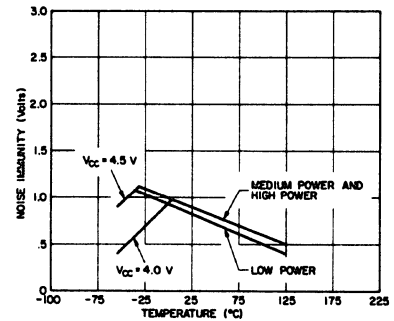
FLIP-FLOP CLOCK RATE vs TEMPERATURE



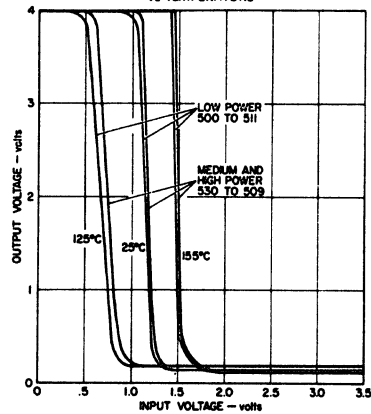
VARIATION OF POWER REQUIREMENTS vs TEMPERATURE



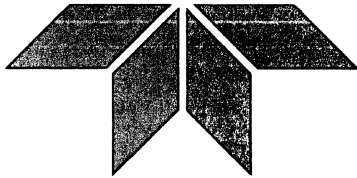
NOISE IMMUNITY vs TEMPERATURE



INPUT/OUTPUT TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS vs TEMPERATURE







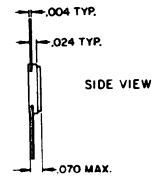
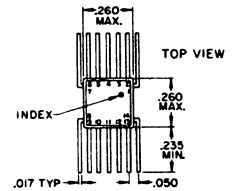
# DIGITAL CIRCUITS ULTRA LOW POWER LOGIC

FEBRUARY 1969

**525B**  
**526B**  
**527B**  
**528B**  
**529B**

The Amelco 520 Ultra Low Power Logic series is specifically designed for critical space applications requiring the ultimate in performance with speed/power as a figure of merit. All devices are fabricated on a single monolithic substrate using Planar epitaxial processes. Critical visual screening and 100% electrical testing over the entire military temperature range insure a product guaranteed to meet the most exacting reliability requirements. Pin and function compatibility with 9040 Logic enable reduction in system power with no mechanical redesign.

### H PACKAGE



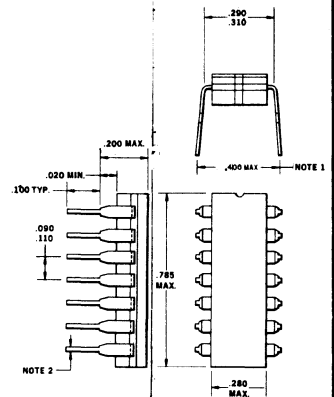
### ULTRA LOW POWER LOGIC ELEMENTS

- 525B Quad Two Input Gate
- 526B Dual Three Input Gate w/ex
- 527B Dual Four Input Gate
- 528B Dual Three Input Gate
- 529B JK Flip Flop

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +125°C
Maximum Voltage (Supply)	+6.8 Volts
Maximum Voltage (Input)	+6.8 Volts
Maximum Neg. Voltage	-0.5 Volts

### N PACKAGE

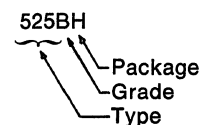


NOTES:  
1 Leads are intended for insertion in hole rows on .300" centers. Shipment carriers hold lead on .310 center.  
2

### POWER DISSIPATION

	PER GATE		TOTAL		UNITS
	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	
525BH	220	280	885	1120	μW
526BH	220	280	440	560	μW
527BH	220	280	440	560	μW
528BH	220	280	440	560	μW
529BH			380	480	μW

Complete part number designation consist of three digits and two letters, for example:



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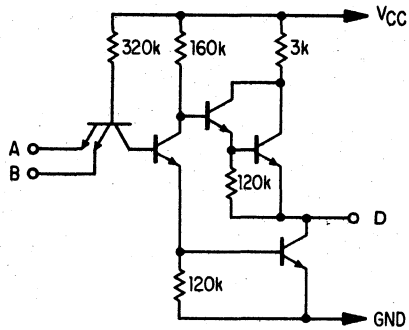
PHONE: (415) 968-9241

TWX: (415) 969-9112

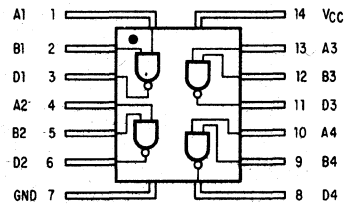


### 525B QUAD TWO INPUT GATE

SCHEMATIC (EACH GATE)



LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS  
H AND N PACKAGE

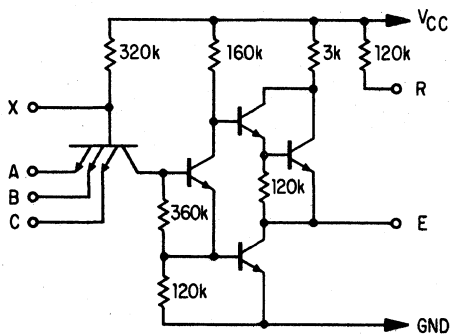


LOADING

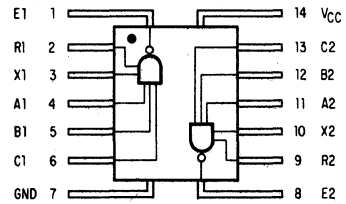
INPUT — 1 UL  
OUTPUT — 8 UL

### 526B DUAL THREE INPUT GATE w/ex

SCHEMATIC (EACH GATE)



LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS  
H AND N PACKAGE

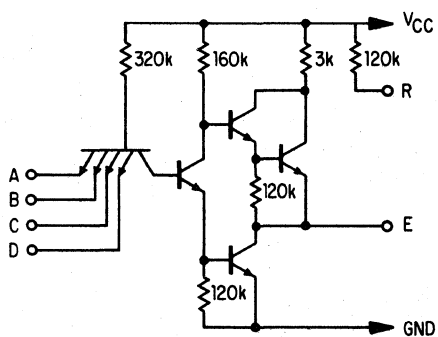


LOADING

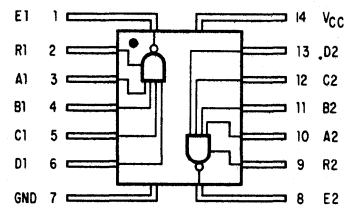
INPUT — 1 UL  
OUTPUT — 8 UL

### 527B DUAL FOUR INPUT GATE

SCHEMATIC (EACH GATE)



LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS  
H AND N PACKAGE

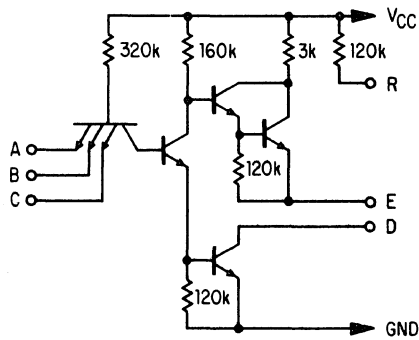


LOADING

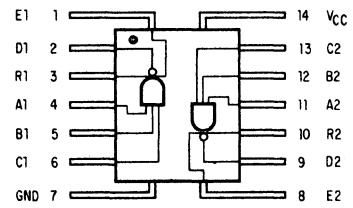
INPUT — 1 UL  
OUTPUT — 8 UL

## 528B DUAL THREE INPUT GATE

SCHEMATIC (EACH GATE)

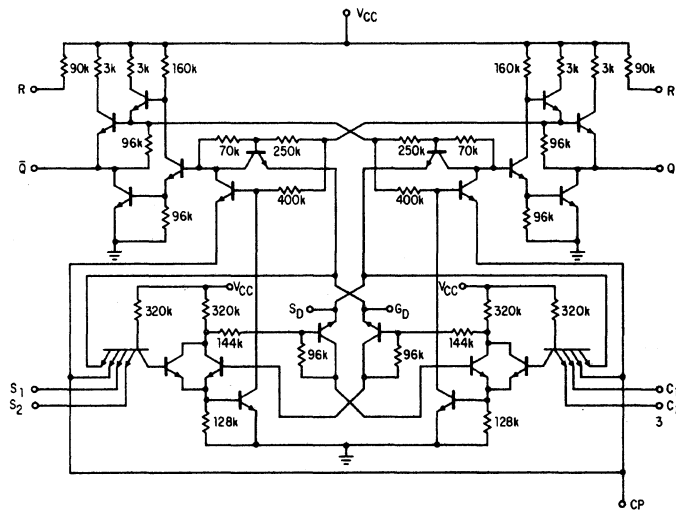


LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS  
H AND N PACKAGE

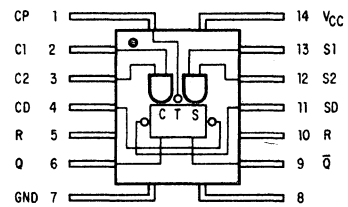


LOADING  
INPUT — 1 UL  
OUTPUT — 8 UL

## 529B JK FLIP FLOP



LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS  
H AND N PACKAGE



LOADING  
 $S_1 \cdot S_2 \cdot C_1 \cdot C_2$  — 1 UL  
 $S_D \cdot C_D \cdot CP$  — 3 UL  
OUTPUT — 8 UL

SYNCHRONOUS ENTRY JK MODE

PIN 6 = PIN 3, PIN 9 = PIN 12

$S_1$	$C_1$	$Q^{n+1}$	$\bar{Q}^{n+1}$
L	L	NC	NC
L	H	L	H
H	L	H	L
H	H	Toggles	

ASYNCHRONOUS ENTRY

S	C	Q	$\bar{Q}$
H	H	NC	NC
H	L	L	H
L	H	H	L
L	L	H	H

SYNCHRONOUS ENTRY R-S MODE

S	$\bar{S}$	C	$\bar{C}$	$Q^{n+1}$	$\bar{Q}^{n+1}$
L	X	L	X	NC	NC
L	X	X	L	NC	NC
X	L	L	X	NC	NC
X	L	X	L	NC	NC
L	X	H	H	L	H
X	L	H	H	L	H
H	H	L	X	H	L
H	H	X	L	H	L
H	H	H	H	Ambiguous	

SYMBOLS

H—most positive logic level  
L—most negative logic level  
X—either H or L can be present  
NC—no change in state

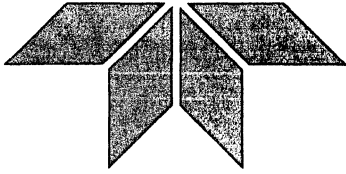
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 25°C (unless otherwise noted)**

TEST LIMITS	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	UNITS
V <sub>OL</sub>	250	200	200	mv max
V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4	2.7	2.5	volts min
I <sub>A</sub>	16	16	16	μA min
I <sub>A</sub>	130	90	70	μA max
I <sub>INL</sub>	37	26	20	μA max
I <sub>INL</sub> (DS & CP)	111	78	60	μA max
I <sub>INH</sub>	6	4	6	μA max
I <sub>INH</sub> (DS & CP)	12	8	12	μA max
I <sub>VCC</sub> (525)	360	280	280	μA max
I <sub>VCC</sub> (526)	180	140	140	μA max
I <sub>VCC</sub> (527)	180	140	140	μA max
I <sub>VCC</sub> (528)	180	140	140	μA max
I <sub>VCC</sub> (529)	200	160	160	μA max
T <sub>PD</sub>		1		μsec max
T <sub>ON</sub> (525,527,528)		0.6		μsec typ
T <sub>ON</sub> (525,527,528)		1.5		μsec max
T <sub>OFF</sub> (525,527,528)		0.1		μsec typ
T <sub>OFF</sub> (525,527,528)		0.5		μsec max
T <sub>ON</sub> (526)		1.2		μsec typ
T <sub>ON</sub> (526)		2.3		μsec max
T <sub>OFF</sub> (526)		0.2		μsec typ
T <sub>OFF</sub> (526)		0.7		μsec max
T <sub>ON</sub> (529)		0.4		μsec typ
T <sub>ON</sub> (529)		1.5		μsec max
T <sub>OFF</sub> (529)		0.4		μsec typ
T <sub>OFF</sub> (529)		1.5		μsec max
FAN OUT <sup>1</sup>	8	10	8	minimum

**TEST CONDITIONS**

V <sub>CC</sub>	5	5	5	volts
V <sub>INL</sub>	.8	.8	.55	volts
V <sub>INH</sub>	2.0	1.7	1.6	volts
I <sub>OL</sub>	300	260	160	μA
I <sub>OH</sub>	60	60	100	μA





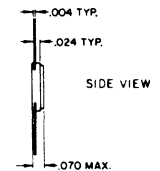
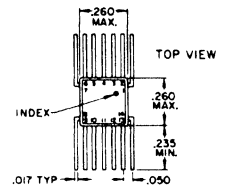
# DIGITAL CIRCUIT LOW POWER DTL LOGIC

FEBRUARY 1969

**6040**  
**6041**  
**6042**  
**6046**

The Amelco 6040 Low Power Logic series is designed to be a direct replacement for the 9040 logic series. All devices are identical except for the 6040 flip flop which has improved noise immunity on the set and clear inputs now equal to the noise immunity on the logic inputs. All other functions are identical. For a lower power version (280  $\mu$ w/gate maximums) which is directly interchangeable on a family basis see the Ultra Low Power Logic data sheet 525 thru 529. The 6044 (9044) and 6047 (9047) are also now available as compatible members of this logic family.

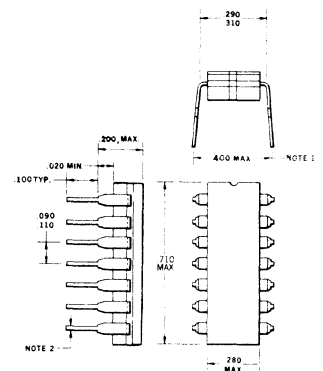
## H PACKAGE



## LOW POWER DTL LOGIC ELEMENTS

- 6040 Clocked Flip Flop
- 6041 Dual Three Input Nand Gate
- 6042 Dual Three Input Nand Gate with Extender Inputs
- 6046 Quad Two Input Gate

## N PACKAGE



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +125°C
Maximum Voltage (Supply)	+8.0 Volts
Maximum Voltage (Input)	+8.0 Volts
Maximum Neg. Voltage	-0.5 Volts

## POWER DISSIPATION ( $V_{CC} = 5.0$ Volts)

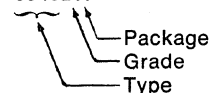
TYPE	PER GATE		TOTAL		UNITS
	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	
6040B			3.5	5.5	mw
6041B	1.38	1.94	2.75	3.87	mw
6042B	1.38	1.94	2.75	3.87	mw
6046B	1.38	1.94	5.5	7.75	mw

### NOTES:

- 1 Leads are intended for insertion in hole rows in 300" centers. Shipment carriers hold lead on 310 center.
- 2 Board drilling dimensions should equal your practice for a conventional .020 inch diameter lead.

Complete part number designation consists of four digits and two letters, for example:

6040BH



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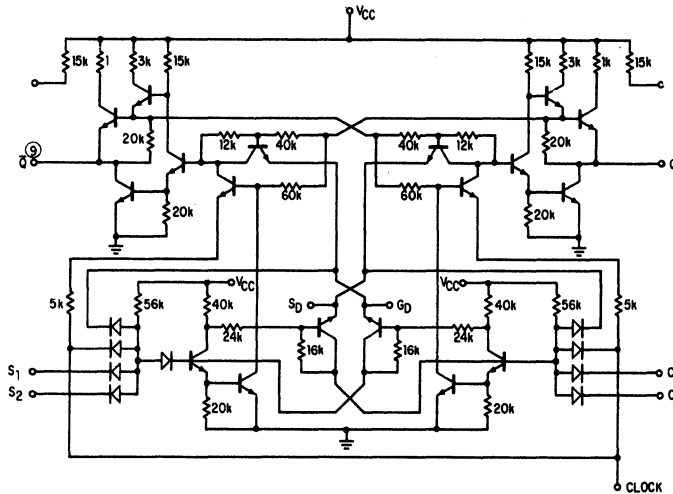
A TELEDYNE COMPANY

PHONE: (415) 968-9241

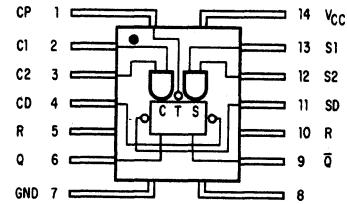
TWX: (415) 969-9112

## TYPE 6040 CLOCKED FLIP FLOP

The 6040 flip flop is a direct coupled dual rank flip flop designed to be a direct replacement for the 9040 flip flop. The design is identical to the 9040, except on the direct set and reset input where the noise immunity is now as good as the logic inputs. For a lower power replacement see the Amelco 529B.



LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS  
H AND N PACKAGE



### LOADING

$S_1 \cdot S_2 \cdot C_1 \cdot C_2$  — .75 UL  
 $S_D \cdot C_D \cdot CP$  — 2.5 UL  
 OUTPUT — 10 UL (Note 1)

### SYNCHRONOUS ENTRY JK MODE

PIN 6 = PIN 3, PIN 9 = PIN 12

$S_1$	$C_1$	$Q^{n+1}$	$\bar{Q}^{n+1}$
L	L	NC	NC
L	H	L	H
H	L	H	L
H	H	Toggles	

### ASYNCHRONOUS ENTRY

S	C	Q	$\bar{Q}$
H	H	NC	NC
H	L	L	H
L	H	H	L
L	L	H	H

### SYNCHRONOUS ENTRY R-S MODE

S	S	C	C	$Q^{n+1}$	$\bar{Q}^{n+1}$
L	X	L	X	NC	NC
L	X	X	L	NC	NC
X	L	L	X	NC	NC
X	L	X	L	NC	NC
L	X	H	H	L	H
X	L	H	H	L	H
H	H	L	X	H	L
H	H	X	L	H	L
H	H	H	H	Ambiguous	

### SYMBOLS

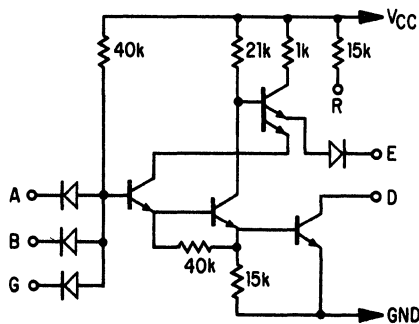
H—most positive logic level  
 L—most negative logic level

X—either H or L can be present  
 NC—no change in state

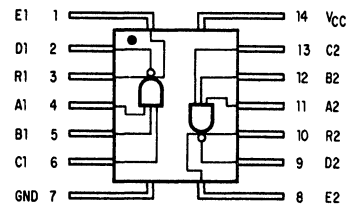
## TYPE 6041 DUAL THREE INPUT NAND GATE—“OR” ABLE OUTPUT

This device is identical to and a direct replacement for the 9041 gate. For a lower power replacement see the Amelco 528B.

SCHEMATIC



LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTIONS  
H AND N PACKAGE

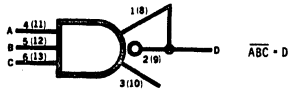


### LOADING

INPUT — 1 UL  
 OUTPUT — 10 UL (Note 1)

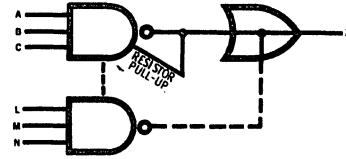
## 6041 (cont'd.)

### LOGIC SYMBOL



Either the emitter follower or resistor pull-up must be connected to the output to establish the high level  $\mu$ .

### "OR"ING RULES Wired 'OR' Application

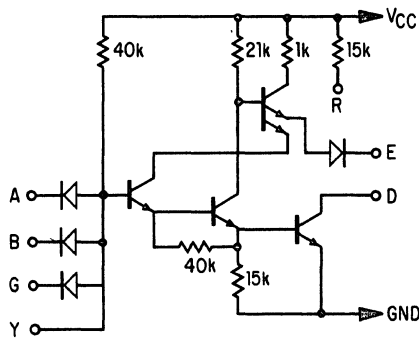


$ABC + DEF + \dots + LMN = Z$   
Output fan-out = 10 - 3 (No. of resistor pull-ups)  
One pull-up resistor is required for every 8 gates connected to the common "OR" node.

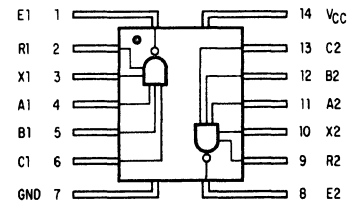
## 6042 DUAL 3 INPUT NAND GATE WITH EXTENDER INPUTS

This device is identical to and a direct replacement for the 9042. For a lower power replacement see the Amelco 526B.

### SCHEMATIC



### LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTION H AND N PACKAGES

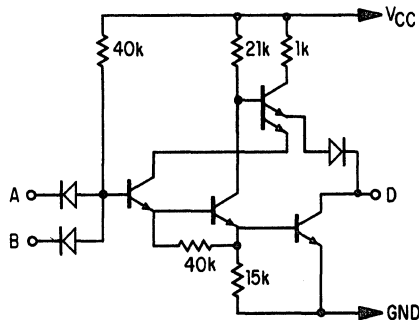


LOADING  
INPUT — 1 UL  
OUTPUT — 10 UL (Note 1)

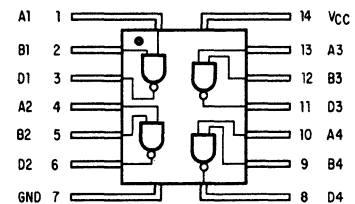
## 6046 QUAD 2 INPUT NAND GATE

This device is identical to and a direct replacement for the 9046. For a lower power replacement see the Amelco 525B.

### SCHEMATIC



### LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PIN CONNECTION H AND N PACKAGES

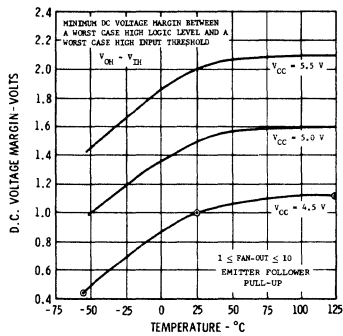


LOADING  
INPUT — 1 UL  
OUTPUT — 10 UL (Note 1)

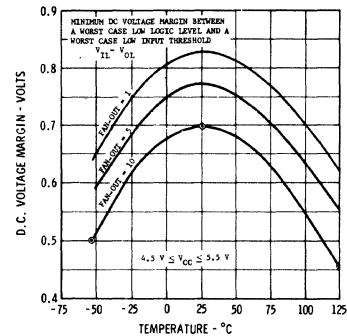
# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

TEST LIMITS	V <sub>CC</sub>	-55°C	+25°C	+125°C	UNITS
V <sub>OL</sub>	4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.2	0.2	0.2	Volts max
V <sub>OH</sub>	4.5 V	2.45	2.70	2.50	Volts min
I <sub>INL</sub> (1 UL)	5.0	1.58	160	146	μA max
3/4 I <sub>INL</sub> (6040 S & C)	5.0	118	120	110	μA max
2.5 I <sub>INL</sub> (6040 SD, CR)	5.0	395	400	365	μA max
I <sub>INH</sub>	5 V	1.0	1.0	5.0	μA max
I <sub>CC</sub> (6040)	5 V	1.100	1.100	1.350	mA max
I <sub>CC</sub> (6041)	5 V	0.775	0.775	0.820	mA max
I <sub>CC</sub> (6042)	5 V	0.775	0.775	0.820	mA max
I <sub>CC</sub> (6046)	5 V	1.550	1.550	1.640	mA max
TEST CONDITIONS					
V <sub>INL</sub>		0.7	0.9	0.7	Volts
V <sub>INH</sub>		2.0	1.7	1.4	Volts
I <sub>OL</sub>		1.58	1.60	1.46	mA
I <sub>OH</sub>		60	60	100	μA

## "ONE" STATE NOISE IMMUNITY



## "ZERO" STATE NOISE IMMUNITY



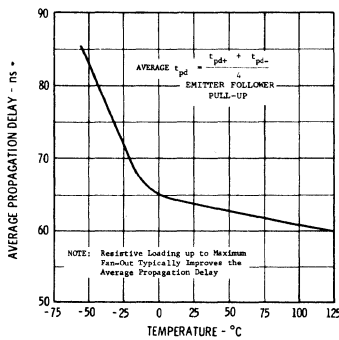
### CONDITIONS

V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V, C<sub>I</sub> = 50 pF  
(Including probe and jig capacity)

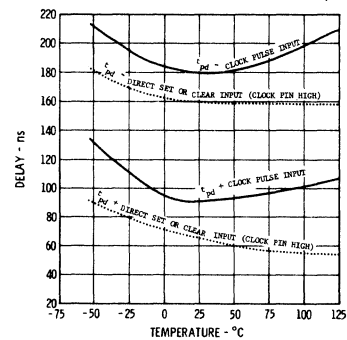
V<sub>MEASURE</sub> 1.6 V @ -55°C  
1.3 V @ +25°C  
0.9 V @ +125°C

## AVERAGE PROPAGATION DELAY

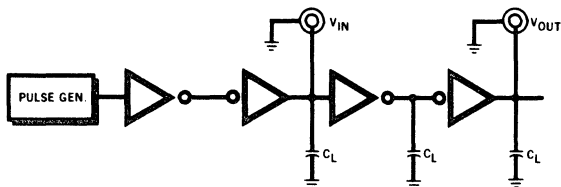
6041 • 6042 • 6046



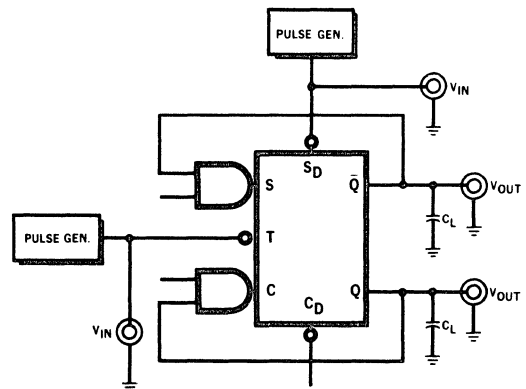
## TYPICAL DELAY CHARACTERISTICS

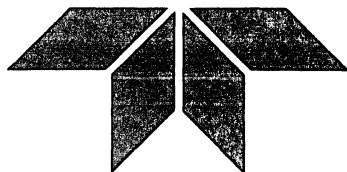


### TEST CIRCUIT



### TEST CIRCUIT



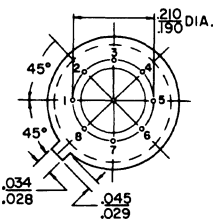
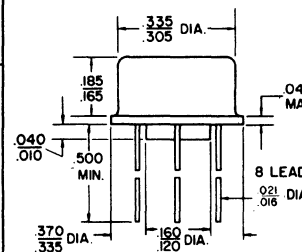


# LINEAR CIRCUIT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

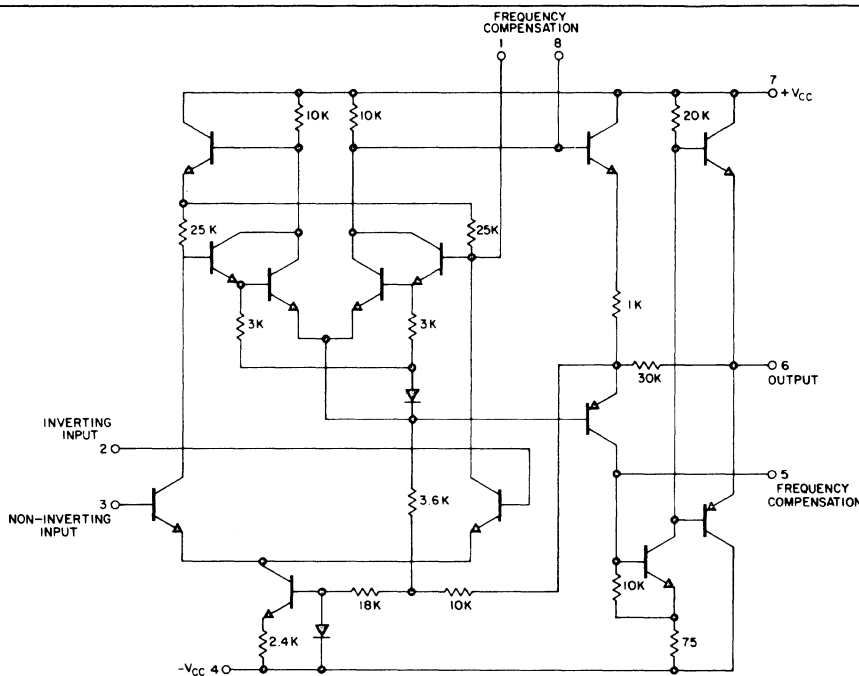
## 709

The Amelco 709 operational amplifier is designed for high performance applications and features silicon planar epitaxial construction on a single monolithic substrate. Outstanding electrical characteristics include low offset voltage and current, high input impedance, high common mode input range, and exceptional thermal stability.

### E PACKAGE



PIN 4 IS INTERNALLY CONNECTED TO CA



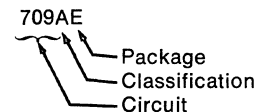
For J, N or H packages, see microcircuit package page

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C
Lead Soldering Temperature (60 sec.)	300°C
Power Dissipation (Note 1.)	300 mW
Supply Voltage	±18 V
Input Voltage	±10 V
Differential Input Voltage	±5 V
Output Short-Circuit Duration (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C)	5 sec.

Note 1. Rating applies for case temperatures to +125°C, derate linearly at 5.6 mW/°C for ambient temperatures above +95°C.

Complete part number designation consists of three digit and two letters, for example



Contact nearest Amelco Sales Office for C (0° to 70°C) devices.



**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR**

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TWX: (910) 379-6494

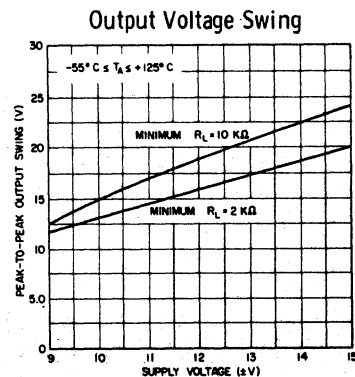
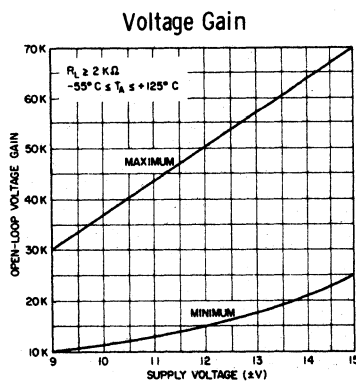


# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $(T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}, \pm 9\text{ V} < V_{CC} < \pm 15\text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	709A			709B			UNITS
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Open Loop Voltage Gain (Note 2) $V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{ V}, R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega, V_{OUT} = \pm 10\text{ V}$	25K	45K	70K	25K	45K	70K	
Input Offset Voltage $R_S \leq 1.0\text{ K}\Omega$ $R_S \leq 10\text{ K}\Omega$		0.5 0.5	1.0 1.5		1.0	5.0	mV
Input Offset Voltage (Note 2) $R_S \leq 1.0\text{ K}\Omega$ $R_S \leq 10\text{ K}\Omega$			2.0			6.0	mV
Average Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 2) $R_S = 50\Omega$ $R_S \leq 10\text{ K}\Omega$		3.0 6.0	10		3.0 6.0		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Bias Current		100	200		200	500	nA
Input Bias Current $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$		0.25	0.75		0.5	1.5	$\mu\text{A}$
Input Offset Current		10	50		50	200	nA
Input Offset Current $T_A = +125^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$		10 50	50 250		20 100	200 500	nA
Input Offset Current Drift 125°C to 25°C +25°C to -55°C			0.5 2.8				nA/°C
Input Resistance	350	400		150	400		K ohms
Input Resistance (Note 2)	40	100		40	100		K ohms
Common Mode Voltage Range $V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{ V},$ (Note 2)	$\pm 8.0$	$\pm 10$		$\pm 8.0$	$\pm 10$		V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio $R_S \leq 10\text{ K}\Omega$ (Note 2)		-90	-80		-90	-70	db
Power Supply Rejection Ratio $R_S \leq 10\text{ K}\Omega$ (Note 2)		25	100		25	150	$\mu\text{V}/\text{V}$
Output Resistance		150			150		Ohms
Output Voltage Swing $V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{ V}, R_L \geq 10\text{ K}\Omega$ $V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{ V}, R_L \geq 2.0\text{ K}\Omega$	24 20	28 26		24 20	28 26		$V_{P-P}$
Power Consumption $V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{ V}$		80	108		80	165	mW
Transient Response $V_{in} = 20\text{ mV}, R_1 = 2.0\text{ K}\Omega, R_2 = 1.5\text{ K}\Omega, R_3 = 50\Omega$ $C_1 = 5000\text{ pf}, C_2 = 200\text{ pf}, C_L \leq 100\text{ pf}$ Rise Time Overshoot		0.3 10	1.0 30		0.3 10	1.0 30	$\mu\text{sec}$ %

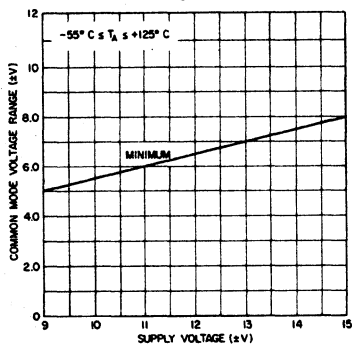
NOTE 2. The Electrical Specifications apply for the Temperature Range of  $-55^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ .

## GUARANTEED ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

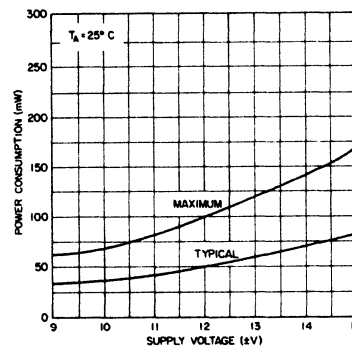


# GUARANTEED ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont)

Input Common Mode Voltage Range

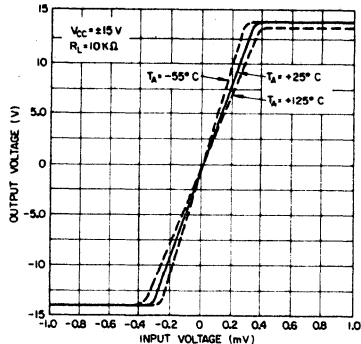


Power Consumption

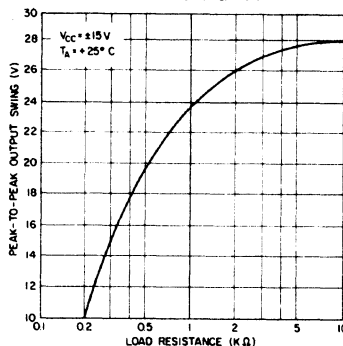


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

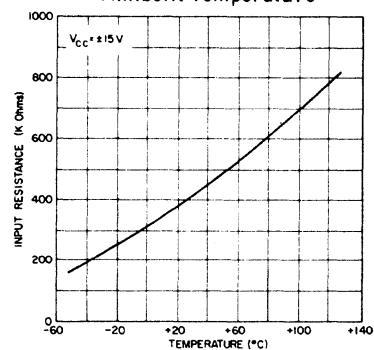
Voltage Transfer Characteristic



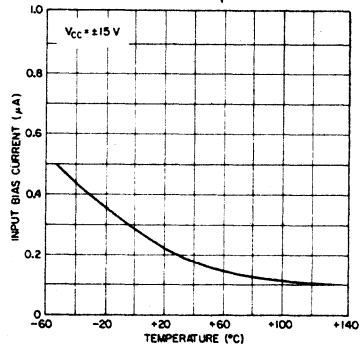
Output Voltage Swing as a Function of Load Resistance



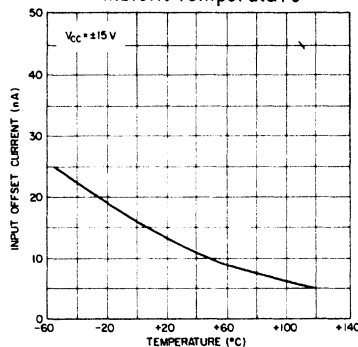
Input Resistance as a Function of Ambient Temperature



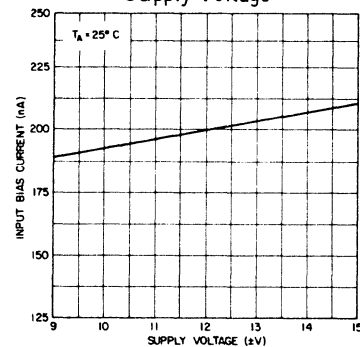
Input Bias Current as a Function of Ambient Temperature



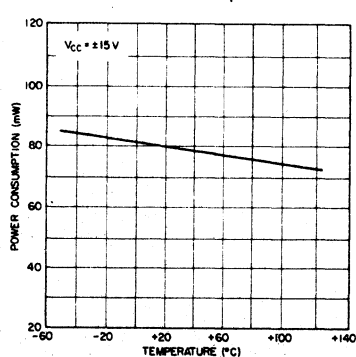
Input Offset Current as a Function of Ambient Temperature



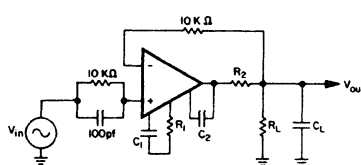
Input Bias Current as a Function of Supply Voltage



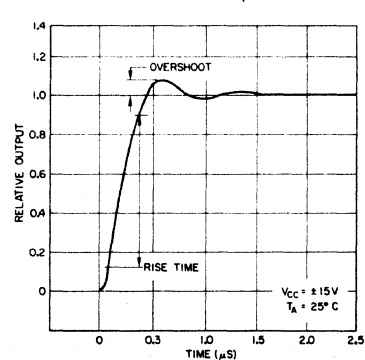
Power Consumption as a Function of Ambient Temperature



Transient Response Test Circuit

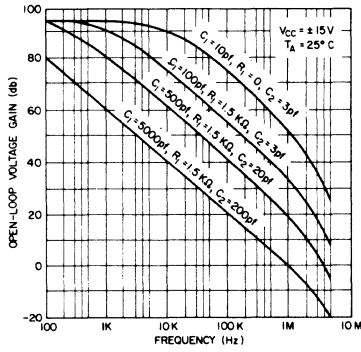


Transient Response

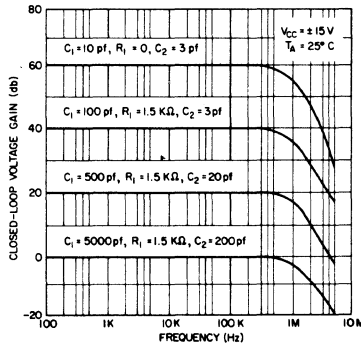


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (Cont)

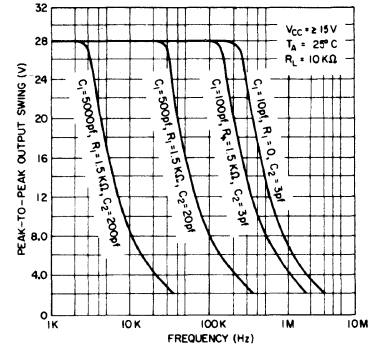
Open-Loop Frequency Response for Various Values of Compensation



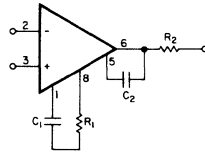
Frequency Response for Various Closed-Loop Gains



Output Voltage Swing as a Function of Frequency for Various Compensation Networks



Frequency Compensation Circuit

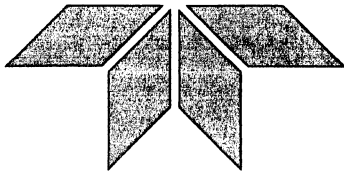


Use  $R_2 = 50\Omega$  when the amplifier is operated with capacitive loading.

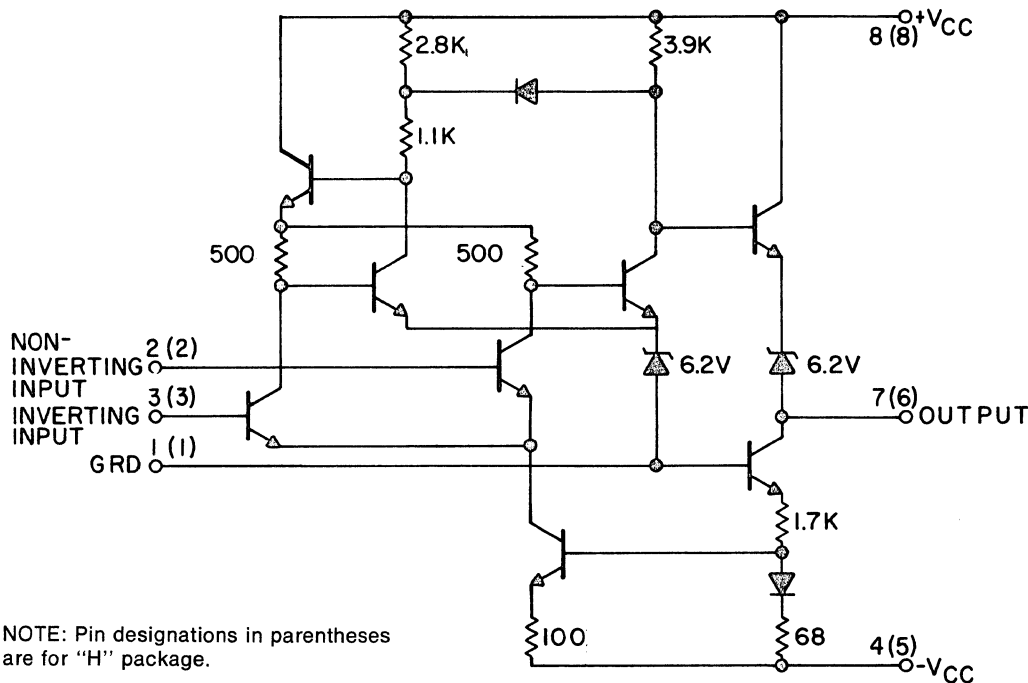
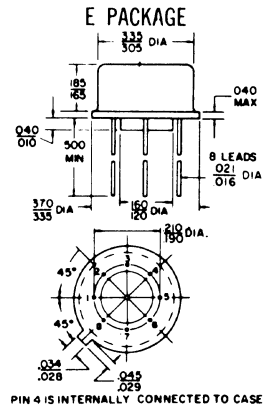


710

# LINEAR CIRCUIT DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATOR



The Amelco 710 is a Differential Voltage Comparator featuring silicon planar epitaxial construction on a single monolithic substrate. Outstanding electrical characteristics include high accuracy, fast response times, large input voltage range, low power dissipation, adjustable threshold voltages, and very low offsets.

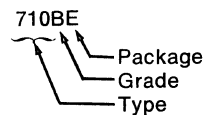


NOTE: Pin designations in parentheses are for "H" package.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	710B	710C
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	0°C to 70°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 60 seconds maximum.	300°C	
Internal Power Dissipation TO-99 (Note 1)	300mW	
Differential Input Voltage	±5.0 V	
Input Voltage	±7.0 V	
Positive Supply Voltage	+14 V	
Negative Supply Voltage	-7.0 V	
Peak Output Current	10 mA	

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:



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Phone (415) 968-9241

TWX: (910) 379-6494

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $+V_{CC} = +12\text{V}$ ,  $-V_{CC} = -6.0\text{V}$ , Unless Otherwise Specified)

PARAMETER	710B			710C			UNITS
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Voltage Gain	1250	1700		1000	1500		
Voltage Gain (Note 2)	1000			800			
Input Offset Voltage (Note 3) $R_S \leq 200\Omega$		0.6	2.0		1.6	5.0	mV
Input Offset Voltage (Note 2 and 3) $R_S \leq 200\Omega$			3.0			6.5	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift $R_S = 50\Omega$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ to $-55^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A =$ (Note 2)		3.5 2.7	10 10		5.0	20	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Bias Current $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$		13 27	20 45		16 25	25 40	$\mu\text{A}$
Input Offset Current (Note 3) $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A =$ (Note 2)		0.75 0.25 1.8	3.0 3.0 7.0		1.8	5.0 7.5	$\mu\text{A}$
Input Offset Current Drift $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ to $-55^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to $70^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to $0^\circ\text{C}$		5.0 15	25 75		15 24	50 100	nA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Input Voltage Range (Note 2) $-V_{CC} = -7.0\text{V}$	$\pm 5.0$			$\pm 5.0$			Volts
Differential Input Voltage Range (Note 2)	$\pm 5.0$			$\pm 5.0$			Volts
Common Mode Rejection Ratio (Note 2)		-100	-80		-98	-70	Volts
Response Time (Note 4)		40			40		nsec.
Positive Output Level $V_{IN} \geq 5.0\text{mV}$ , $I_O = 5.0\text{mA}$ (Note 2)	2.5	3.2	4.0	2.5	3.2	4.0	Volts
Negative Output Level $V_{IN} \geq 5.0\text{mV}$ (Note 2)	-1.0	-0.5		-1.0	-0.5		Volts
Output Resistance		200			200		Ohms
Output Sink Current $V_{IN} \geq 5.0\text{mV}$ , $V_{OUT} = 0\text{V}$ $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A =$ (Note 2)	2.0 0.5 1.0	2.5 1.7 2.3		1.6 0.5	2.5		mA
Positive Supply Current $V_{OUT} \leq 0\text{V}$ , (Note 2)		5.2	9.0		5.2	9.0	mA
Negative Supply Current (Note 2)		4.6	7.0		4.6	7.0	mA
Power Dissipation		90	150		90	150	mW

NOTES: 1. Rating applies for case temperatures to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ , derate linearly at  $5.6\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$  for ambient temperatures above  $+105^\circ\text{C}$ . For the 710C, rating applies for ambient temperatures to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ .

2. 710B,  $-55^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ ; 710C,  $0^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ .

3. The input offset voltage/current is specified for a logic threshold voltage of  $1.8\text{V}$  @  $-55^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $1.5\text{V}$  @  $0^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $1.4\text{V}$  @  $+25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $1.2\text{V}$  @  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $1.0\text{V}$  @  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ .

The response time is for a  $100\text{mV}$  input step with a  $5.0\text{mV}$  overdrive.

## DEFINITIONS

**VOLTAGE GAIN**—The ratio of the change in output voltage to the change in voltage between the input terminals producing it with the DC output level in the vicinity of the logic threshold voltage.

**INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**—The voltage between the input terminals when the output is at the logic threshold voltage. The input offset voltage may also be defined for the case where two equal resistances are inserted in a series with the input leads.

**INPUT BIAS CURRENT**—The average of the two input currents.

**INPUT OFFSET CURRENT**—The difference in the currents into the two input terminals with the output at the logic threshold voltage.

**INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE**—The range of voltage on the input terminals for which the comparator will operate within specifications.

**DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE**—The range of voltage between the input terminals for which operation within specifications is assured.

**INPUT COMMON MODE REJECTION RATIO**—The ratio of the input voltage range to the maximum change in input offset voltage over this range.

**RESPONSE TIME**—The interval between the application of an input step function and the time when the output crosses the logic threshold voltage. The input step drives the comparator from some initial, saturated input voltage to an input level just barely in excess of that required to bring the output from saturation to the logic threshold voltage. This excess is referred to as the voltage overdrive.

**POSITIVE OUTPUT LEVEL**—The DC output voltage in the positive direction with the input voltage equal to or greater than a minimum specified amount.

**NEGATIVE OUTPUT LEVEL**—The DC output voltage in the negative direction with the input voltage equal to or greater than a minimum specified amount.

**OUTPUT RESISTANCE**—The resistance seen looking into the output terminal with the DC output level at the logic threshold voltage.

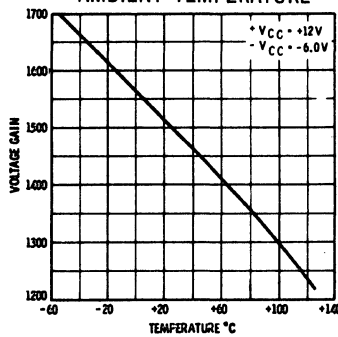
**OUTPUT SINK CURRENT**—The maximum negative current that can be delivered by the comparator.

**PEAK OUTPUT CURRENT**—The maximum current that may flow into the output load without causing damage to the comparator.

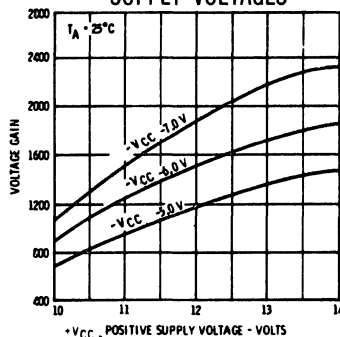
**POWER DISSIPATION**—The DC power into the amplifier with no output load. The DC power will vary with signal level, but is specified as a maximum for the entire range of input-signal conditions.

**LOGIC THRESHOLD VOLTAGE**—The approximate voltage at the output of the comparator at which the loading logic circuitry changes its digital state.

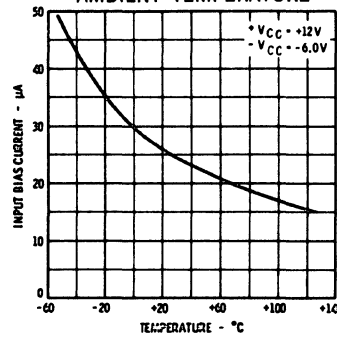
VOLTAGE GAIN VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



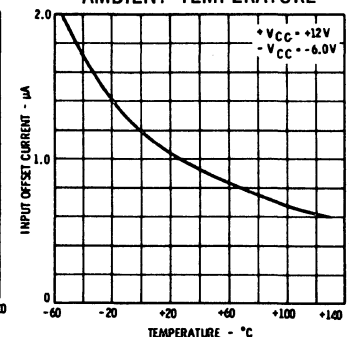
VOLTAGE GAIN VS. SUPPLY VOLTAGES



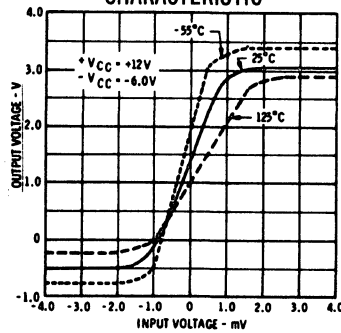
INPUT BIAS CURRENT VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



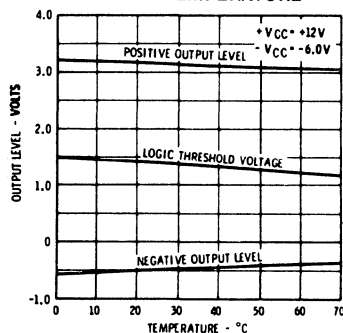
INPUT OFFSET CURRENT VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



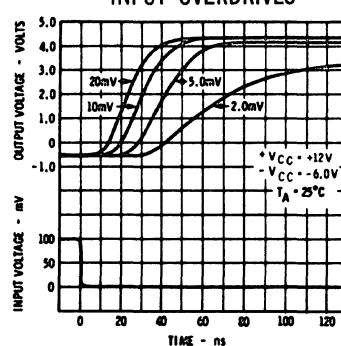
INPUT/OUTPUT VOLTAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTIC



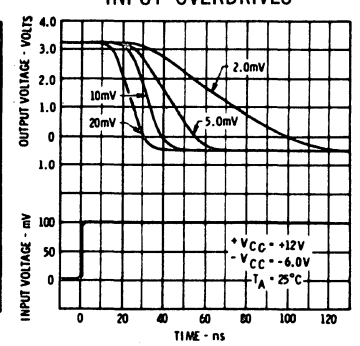
OUTPUT VOLTAGE LEVELS VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



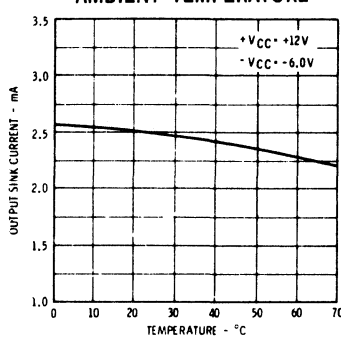
RESPONSE TIME VS. INPUT OVERDRIVES



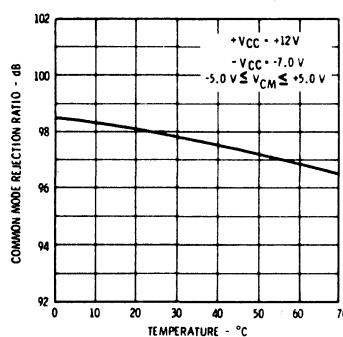
RESPONSE TIME VS. INPUT OVERDRIVES



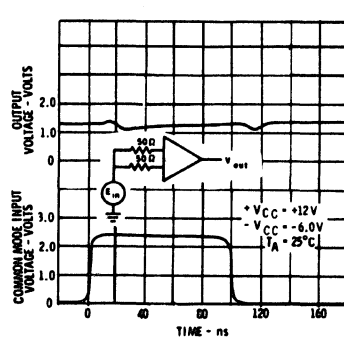
OUTPUT SINK CURRENT VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



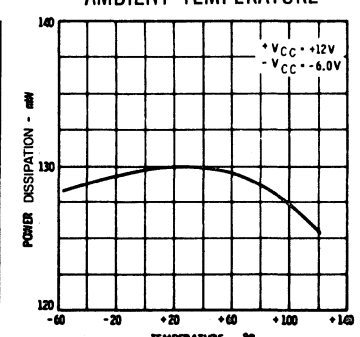
COMMON MODE REJECTION RATIO VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

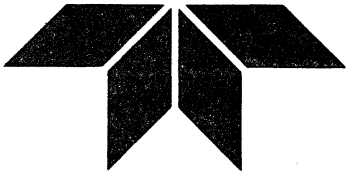


COMMON MODE PULSE RESPONSE



POWER DISSIPATION VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE





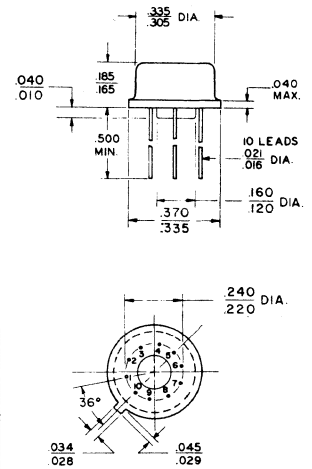
# LINEAR CIRCUIT DUAL DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATOR

JANUARY 1968

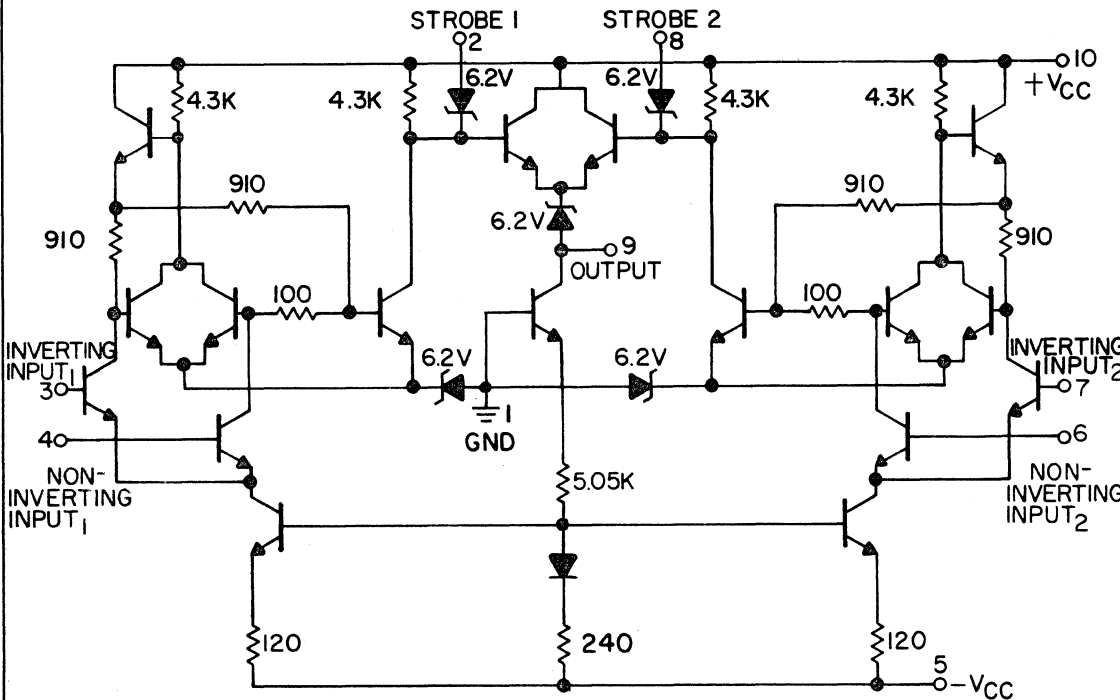
## 711

The Amelco 711 is a dual Differential Voltage Comparator featuring silicon planar epitaxial construction on a single monolithic substrate. Outstanding electrical characteristics include high accuracy, fast response times, large input voltage range, low power dissipation, adjustable threshold voltages, and independent strobing of each comparator channel.

### E PACKAGE



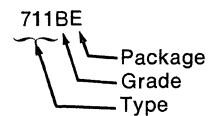
PIN 5 IS INTERNALLY CONNECTED TO CASE



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	711B	711C
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	0°C to 70°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 seconds max.	300°C	
Internal Power Dissipation (Note 1)	300mW	
Differential Input Voltage	±5.0 V	
Input Voltage	±7.0 V	
Strobe Voltage	0 to 6.0 V	
Positive Supply Voltage	+14 V	
Negative Supply Voltage	-7.0 V	
Peak Output Current	50 mA	

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:



**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR**

1300 Terra Bella Ave. • Mountain View • Calif. 94040

**A TELEDYNE COMPANY**

Phone (415) 968-9241

TWX: (910) 379-6494

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $+V_{CC} = +12\text{V}$ ,  $-V_{CC} = -6.0\text{V}$ , Unless Otherwise Specified)

PARAMETER	711B			711C			UNITS
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Voltage Gain*	750	1500		700	1500		
Voltage Gain* (Note 2)	500			500			
Input Offset Voltage* $V_{OUT} = 1.4\text{ V}$ , $R_S \leq 200\Omega$ , $V_{CM} = 0$ $V_{OUT} = 1.4\text{ V}$ , $R_S \leq 200\Omega$		1.0 1.0	3.5 5.0		1.0 1.0	5.0 7.5	mV
Input Offset Voltage* (Note 2) $V_{OUT}$ (Note 3), $R_S = 200\Omega$ , $V_{CM} = 0$ $V_{OUT}$ (Note 3), $R_S = 200\Omega$			4.5 6.0			6.0 10	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift* (Note 2)		5.0			5.0		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Bias Current*		25	75		25	100	$\mu\text{A}$
Input Bias Current* (Note 2)			150			150	$\mu\text{A}$
Input Offset Current* $V_{OUT} = 1.4\text{ V}$		0.5	10		0.5	15	$\mu\text{A}$
Input Offset Current* $V_{OUT}$ = (Note 3) and (Note 2)			20			25	$\mu\text{A}$
Input Voltage Range* $-V_{CC} = -7.0\text{ V}$	$\pm 5.0$			$\pm 5.0$			Volts
Differential Input Voltage Range*	$\pm 5.0$			$\pm 5.0$			Volts
Response Time* (Note 4)		40			40		nsec
Strobe Release Time*		12			12		nsec
Positive Output Level* $V_{IN} \geq 10\text{ mV}$		4.5	5.0		4.5	5.0	Volts
Loaded Positive Output Level* $V_{IN} \geq 10\text{ mV}$ , $I_O = 5.0\text{ mA}$	2.5	3.5		2.5	3.5		Volts
Negative Output Level* $V_{IN} \geq 10\text{ mV}$	-1.0	-0.5		-1.0	-0.5		Volts
Strobed Output Level* $V_{STROBE} \leq 0.3\text{ V}$	-1.0			-1.0			Volts
Output Resistance*		200			200		Ohms
Output Sink Current $V_{IN} \geq 10\text{ mV}$ , $V_{OUT} = 0$	0.5	0.8		0.5	0.8		mA
Strobe Current $V_{STROBE} = 100\text{ mV}$		1.2	2.5		1.2	2.5	mA
Positive Supply Current $V_{OUT} \leq 0$		8.6			8.6		mA
Negative Supply Current		3.9			3.9		mA
Power Dissipation		130	200		130	230	mW

\* These Specifications apply for either side with the other side disabled with the strobe.

- NOTES: 1. Rating applies for case temperatures to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ ; derate linearly at  $5.6\text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$  for ambient temperatures above  $+105^\circ\text{C}$ . For the 711C, this rating applies for ambient temperatures to  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ .
2. 711B,  $-55^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ ; 711C,  $0^\circ\text{C}$  to  $70^\circ\text{C}$ .
3. The input offset voltage/current is specified for a logic threshold voltage of  $1.8\text{ V}$  at  $-55^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $1.5\text{ V}$  at  $0^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $1.4\text{ V}$  at  $+25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $1.2\text{ V}$  at  $+70^\circ\text{C}$ , and  $1.0\text{ V}$  at  $+125^\circ\text{C}$ .
4. The response time is for a  $100\text{ mV}$  input step with a  $5.0\text{ mV}$  overdrive.

## DEFINITIONS

**VOLTAGE GAIN**—The ratio of the change in output voltage to the change in voltage between the input terminals producing it with the DC output level in the vicinity of the logic threshold voltage.

**INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE**—The voltage between the input terminals when the output is at the logic threshold voltage. The input offset voltage may also be defined for the case where two equal resistances are inserted in a series with the input leads.

**INPUT BIAS CURRENT**—The average of the two input currents.

**INPUT OFFSET CURRENT**—The difference in the currents into the two input terminals with the output at the logic threshold voltage.

**INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE**—The range of voltage on the input terminals for which the comparator will operate within specifications.

**DIFFERENTIAL INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE**—The range of voltage between the input terminals for which operation within specifications is assured.



**RESPONSE TIME**—The interval between the application of an input step function and the time when the output crosses the logic threshold voltage. The input step drives the comparator from some initial, saturated input voltage to an input level just barely in excess of that required to bring the output from saturation to the logic threshold voltage. This excess is referred to as the voltage overdrive.

**STROBE RELEASE TIME**—The time required for the output to rise to the logic threshold voltage after the strobe terminal has been driven from the zero to the one logic level. Appropriate input conditions are assumed.

**POSITIVE OUTPUT LEVEL**—The DC output voltage in the positive direction with the input voltage equal to or greater than a minimum specified amount.

**NEGATIVE OUTPUT LEVEL**—The DC output voltage in the negative direction with the input voltage equal to or greater than a minimum specified amount.

**STROBED OUTPUT LEVEL**—The DC output voltage, independent of input voltage, with the voltage on the strobe terminal equal to or less than a minimum specified amount.

**OUTPUT RESISTANCE**—The resistance seen looking into the output terminal with the DC output level at the logic threshold voltage.

**OUTPUT SINK CURRENT**—The maximum negative current that can be delivered by the comparator.

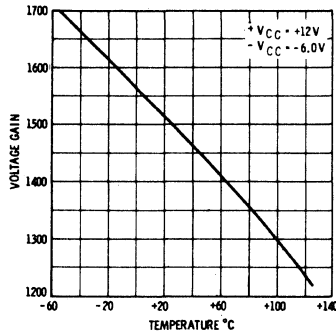
**STROBE CURRENT**—The maximum current drawn by the strobe terminal when it is at the zero logic level.

**PEAK OUTPUT CURRENT**—The maximum current that may flow into the output load without causing damage to the comparator.

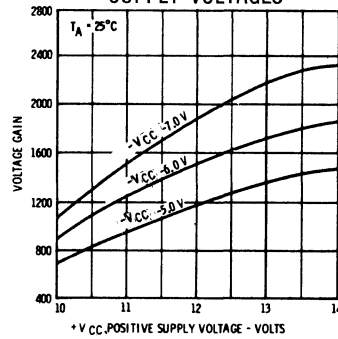
**POWER DISSIPATION**—The DC power into the amplifier with no output load. The DC power will vary with signal level, but is specified as a maximum for the entire range of input-signal conditions.

**LOGIC THRESHOLD VOLTAGE**—The approximate voltage at the output of the comparator at which the loading logic circuitry changes its digital state.

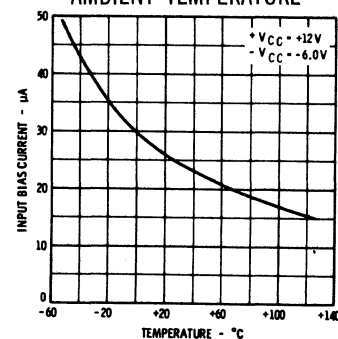
VOLTAGE GAIN  
VS.  
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



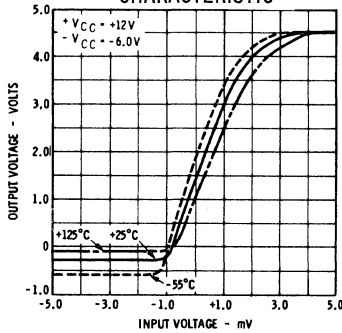
VOLTAGE GAIN  
VS.  
SUPPLY VOLTAGES



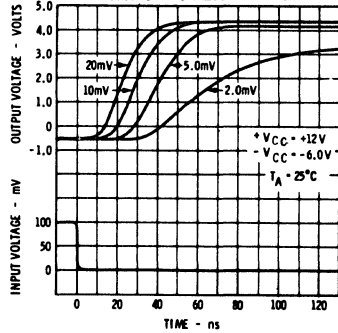
INPUT BIAS CURRENT  
VS.  
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



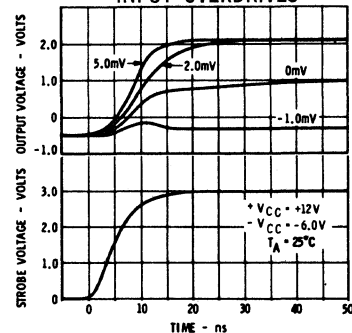
INPUT/OUTPUT  
VOLTAGE  
CHARACTERISTIC



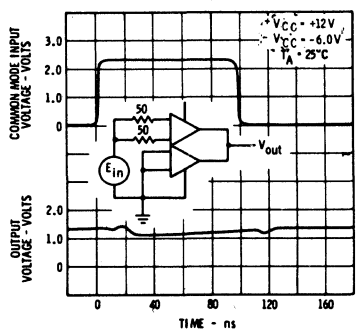
RESPONSE TIME  
VS.  
INPUT OVERDRIVES



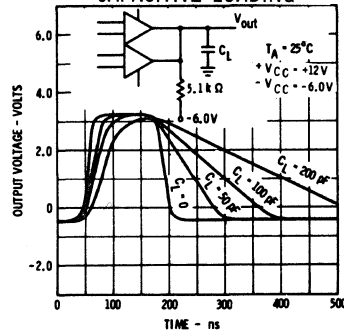
STROBE RELEASE TIME  
VS.  
INPUT OVERDRIVES



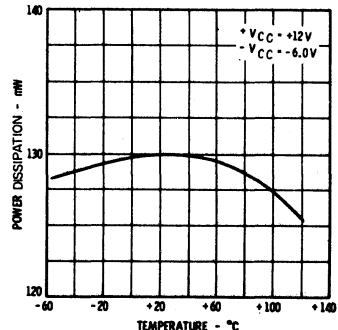
COMMON MODE  
PULSE RESPONSE

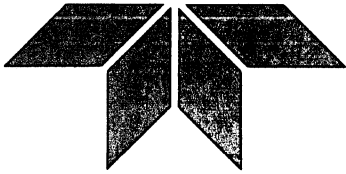


OUTPUT PULSE STRETCHING  
VS.  
CAPACITIVE LOADING



POWER DISSIPATION  
VS.  
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



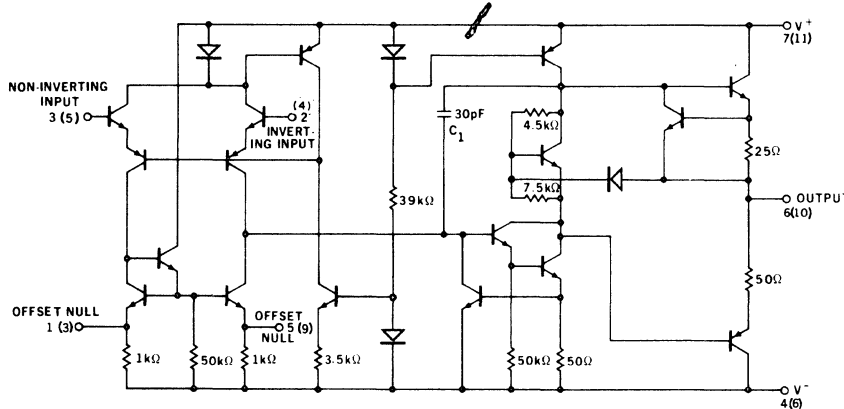


# LINEAR CIRCUIT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

NOVEMBER 1968

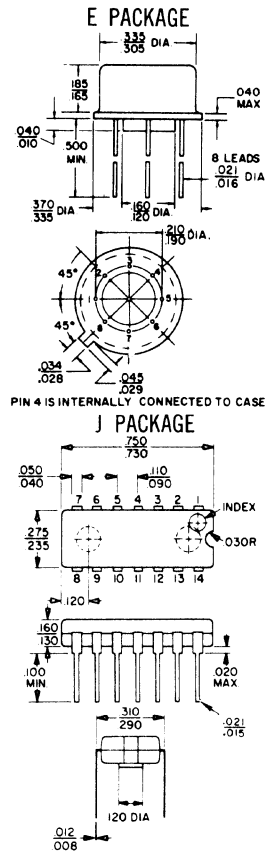
## 741

The Amelco 741 Operational Amplifier is constructed on a single monolithic silicon substrate using planar epitaxial techniques. The incorporation of an MOS capacitor directly on the substrate eliminates the need for external compensation. Input and output overvoltage and short circuit protection coupled with the elimination of latch up problems result in an excellent general purpose amplifier. Proper pin arrangement makes the 741 a direct replacement for the 709 and LM101 operational amplifiers for most applications with the resultant elimination of compensation components.



**SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM**

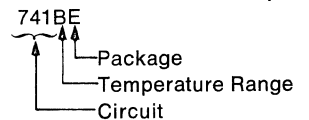
Note: NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE FOR DUAL IN LINE CONNECTIONS.



Also available in "H" and "N" packages. See page on microcircuit packages.

	741B	741C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	0°C to +100°C
Lead Soldering Temperature (60 sec)	300°C	300°C
Power Dissipation (Note 1)	500 mW	500 mW
Supply Voltage	±22 V	±22 V
Input Voltage (Note 2)	±15 V	±15 V
Differential Input Voltage	±30 V	±30 V
Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 3)	Indefinite	Indefinite

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:



- NOTES: 1. Rating applies for case temperatures to 125°C; derate linearly at 6.5 mW/°C for ambient temperature above +75°C.  
 2. For supply voltages less than ±15 V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.  
 3. Short circuit may be to ground or either supply. Rating applies to +125°C case temperature or +75°C ambient temperature.



AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR

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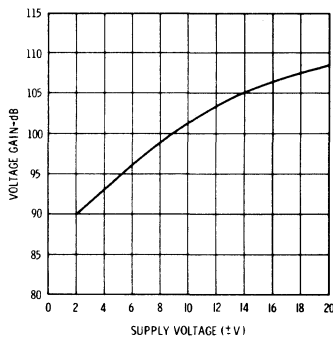
Phone (415) 968-9241

TWX: (910) 379-6494

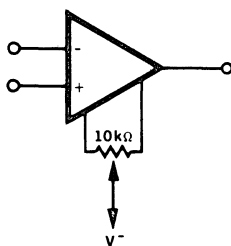
# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at 25°C and $V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{ V}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

PARAMETER	741B			741C			UNITS
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Input Offset Voltage ( $R_S \leq 10\text{ K}\Omega$ )		1.0	5.0		2.0	6.0	mV
Input Offset Current		30	200		30	200	nA
Input Bias Current		200	500		200	500	nA
Input Resistance	0.3	1.0		0.3	1.0		M $\Omega$
Large-Signal Voltage Gain ( $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ )	50,000	200,000		20,000	100,000		
Output Voltage Swing ( $R_L \geq 10\text{ K}\Omega$ )	$\pm 12$	$\pm 14$		$\pm 12$	$\pm 14$		Volts
( $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ )	$\pm 10$	$\pm 13$		$\pm 10$	$\pm 13$		Volts
Input Voltage Range	$\pm 12$	$\pm 13$		$\pm 12$	$\pm 13$		Volts
Common Mode Rejection Ratio ( $R_S \leq 10\text{ K}\Omega$ )	70	90		70	90		dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio ( $R_S \leq 10\text{ K}\Omega$ )		30	150		30	150	$\mu\text{V/V}$
Power Consumption		50	85		50	85	mW
Transient Response (unity gain)							
Risetime $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{IN} = 20\text{ mV} \\ R_L = 2\text{ K}\Omega \\ C_L \leq 100\text{ pF} \end{array} \right.$		0.3			0.3		$\mu\text{s}$
Overshoot		5.0			5.0		%
Slew Rate (unity gain) ( $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ )		0.5			5		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
The following specifications apply for $T_{min} \leq T_A \leq T_{max}$							
Input Offset Voltage ( $R_S \leq 10\text{ K}\Omega$ )			6.0			7.5	mV
Input Offset Current			500			300	nA
Input Bias Current			1.5			0.800	$\mu\text{A}$
Large-Signal Voltage Gain ( $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ )	25,000			15,000			
Output Voltage Swing ( $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ )	$\pm 10$			$\pm 10$			Volts

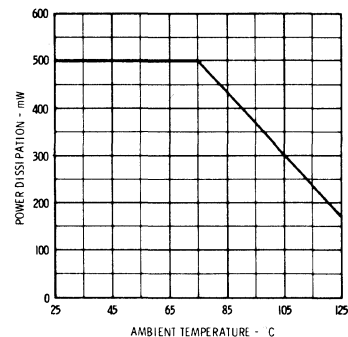
**OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE GAIN**



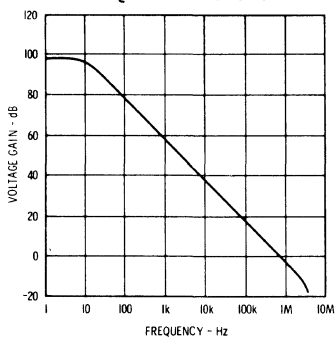
**VOLTAGE OFFSET NULL CIRCUIT**



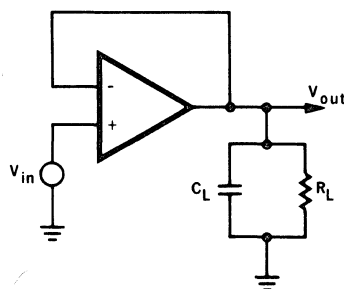
**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM POWER DISSIPATION**



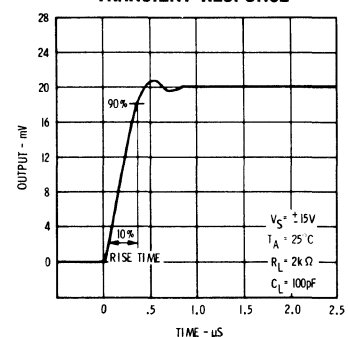
**OPEN LOOP FREQUENCY RESPONSE**

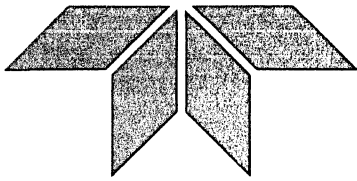


**TRANSIENT RESPONSE TEST CIRCUIT**



**TRANSIENT RESPONSE**



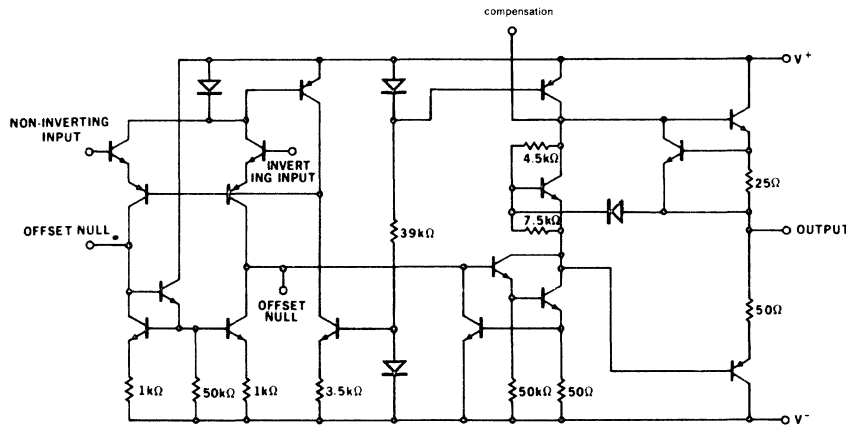
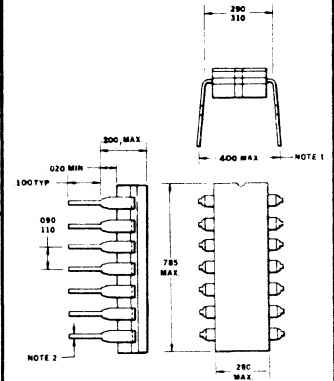


# LINEAR CIRCUIT DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

747

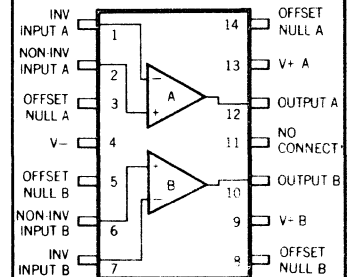
The Amelco 747 Dual Operational Amplifier is constructed on a single monolithic silicon substrate using planar epitaxial techniques. Input and output over voltage and short circuit protection coupled with the elimination of latch up problems result in an excellent general purpose amplifier. External component requirements are reduced to a minimum by internal compensation techniques. The high gain and wide range of operating voltage provides superior performance in integrator, summing amplifier and general feedback applications.

## N PACKAGE



**SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM**

## CONNECTION DIAGRAM (Top View)



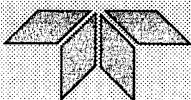
	747B	747C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	0°C to +100°C
Lead Soldering Temperature (60 sec)	300°C	300°C
Power Dissipation (Note 1)	800 mW	500 mW
Supply Voltage	±22 V	±22 V
Input Voltage (Note 2)	±15 V	±15 V
Differential Input Voltage	±30 V	±30 V
Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 3)	Indefinite	Indefinite

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:

747BN



- NOTES: 1. Rating applies for case temperatures to 125°C; derate linearly at 6.5 mW/°C for ambient temperature above +75°C.  
 2. For supply voltages less than ±15 V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.  
 3. Short circuit may be to ground or either supply. Rating applies to +125°C case temperature or +75°C ambient temperature.



**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR**

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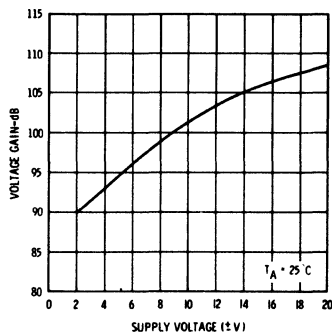
PHONE: (415) 968-9241

TWX: (415) 969-9112

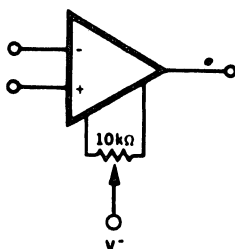
# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at 25°C and $V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{ V}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

PARAMETER	747B			747C			UNITS
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Input Offset Voltage ( $R_S \leq 10\text{ K}\Omega$ )		1.0	5.0		2.0	6.0	mV
Input Offset Current		30	200		30	200	nA
Input Bias Current		200	500		200	500	nA
Input Resistance	0.3	1.0		0.3	1.0		M $\Omega$
Large-Signal Voltage Gain ( $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ )	50,000	200,000		20,000	100,000		
Output Voltage Swing ( $R_L \geq 10\text{ K}\Omega$ )	$\pm 12$	$\pm 14$		$\pm 12$	$\pm 14$		Volts
( $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ )	$\pm 10$	$\pm 13$		$\pm 10$	$\pm 13$		Volts
Input Voltage Range	$\pm 12$	$\pm 13$		$\pm 12$	$\pm 13$		Volts
Common Mode Rejection Ratio ( $R_S \leq 10\text{ K}\Omega$ )	70	90		70	90		dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio ( $R_S \leq 10\text{ K}\Omega$ )		30	150		30	150	$\mu\text{V}/\text{V}$
Power Consumption		50	85		50	85	mW
Transient Response (unity gain)							
Risetime	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{IN} = 20\text{ mV} \\ R_L = 2\text{ K}\Omega \\ C_L \leq 100\text{ pF} \end{array} \right.$			0.3	0.3		$\mu\text{s}$
Overshoot				5.0	5.0		%
Slew Rate (unity gain) ( $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ )		0.5		0.5			V/ $\mu\text{s}$
The following specifications apply for $T_{min} \leq T_A \leq T_{max}$ Input Offset Voltage ( $R_S \leq 10\text{ K}\Omega$ ) Input Offset Current Input Bias Current Large-Signal Voltage Gain ( $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ ) Output Voltage Swing ( $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ )			6.0 500 1.5			7.5 300 0.8	mV nA $\mu\text{A}$
	25,000 $\pm 10$			15,000 $\pm 10$			Volts

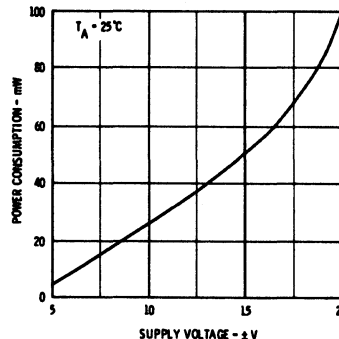
**OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE GAIN**



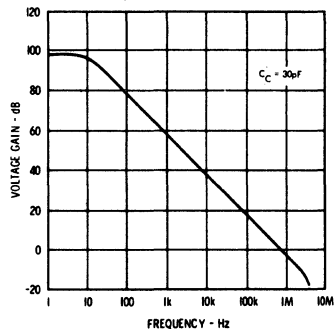
**VOLTAGE OFFSET NULL CIRCUIT**



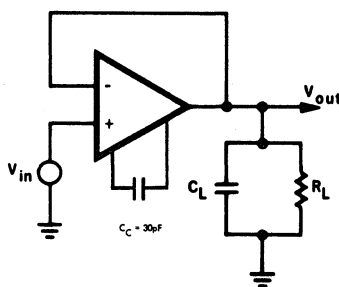
**POWER CONSUMPTION AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE**



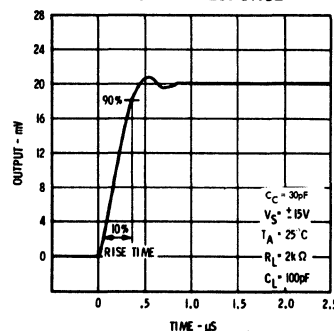
**OPEN LOOP FREQUENCY RESPONSE**

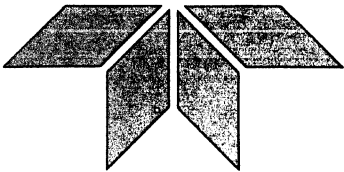


**TRANSIENT RESPONSE TEST CIRCUIT**



**TRANSIENT RESPONSE**



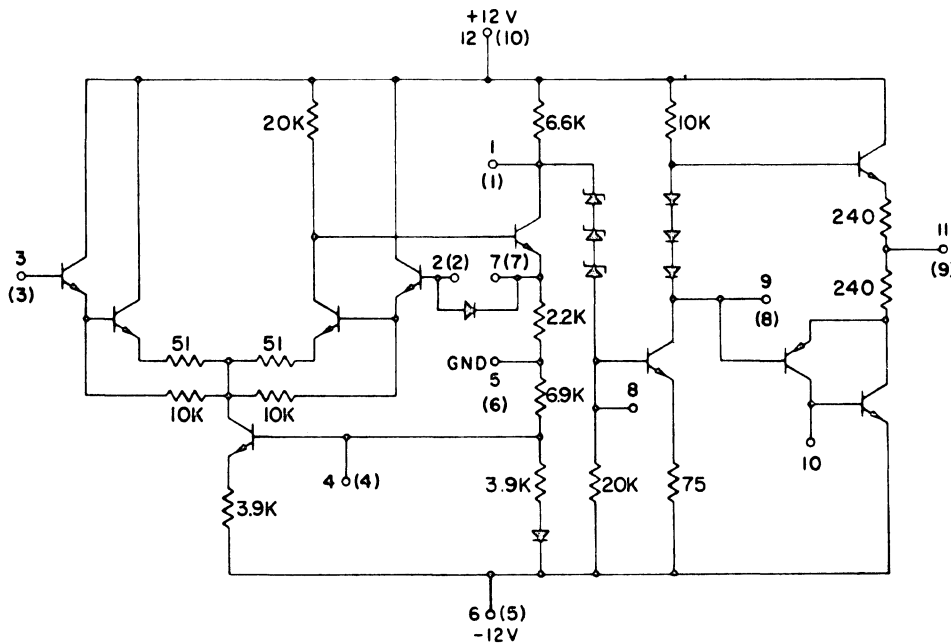


# LINEAR CIRCUIT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

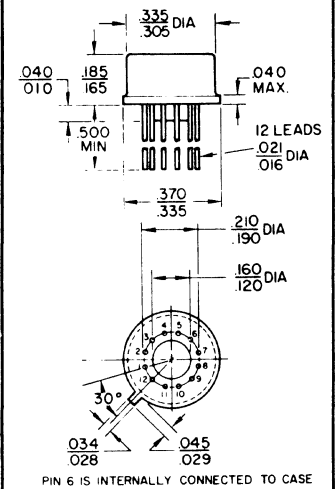
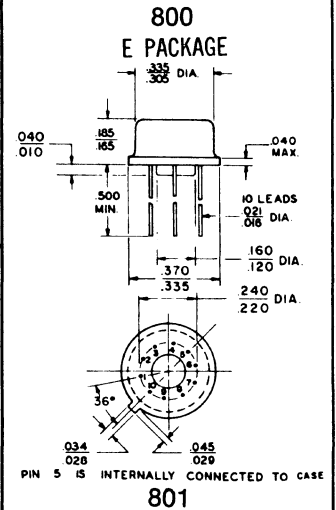
JANUARY 1968

800  
801

This General Purpose Amplifier is constructed on a single monolithic silicon substrate. It is ideally suited for applications requiring high input impedance, high voltage swing, high gain, low offset and low drift.



Note NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES REFER TO 10 PIN PACKAGE



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Total supply voltage between pins 6 and 12	30 volts,
Storage temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Operating temperature	-55°C to +125°C

## SUPPLY VOLTAGES

Pin 12 to ground	+12 Volts, 5.0 mA Typical
Pin 6 to ground	-12 Volts, 5.0 mA Typical

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:



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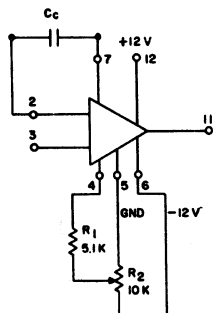
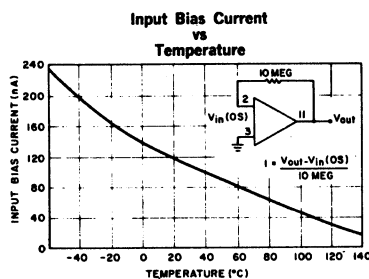
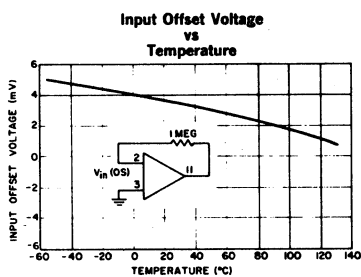
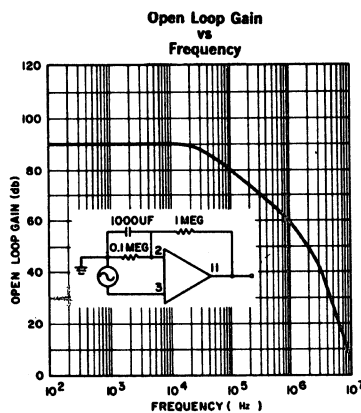
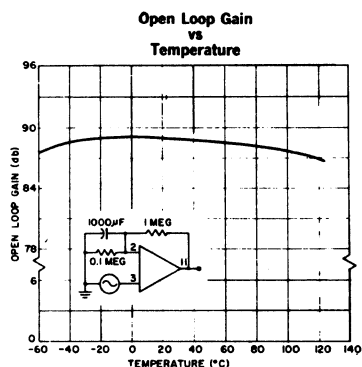
TWX: (910) 379-6494

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

PARAMETER AND CONDITIONS	800BE, 801BE			800DE, 801DE			UNITS
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Open Loop DC Gain (No Load)	10,000	20,000		10,000	20,000		
Open Loop Bandwidth (1, 2)		10			10		MHz
Input Offset Voltage (Untrimmed)		5.0	50				mV
Input Bias Current			1000			2000	nA
Input Offset Current			100			200	nA
Input Offset Voltage Drift		25	50				$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Current Drift -55°C to +125°C			5.0				nA/°C
Input Impedance	250	1000		100	500		K $\Omega$
Output Impedance (Open Loop)		400	1000		400	1000	Ohms
Common Mode Input Range	-2.0		+2.0	-2.0		+2.0	Volts
Dynamic Output Range (No Load)	18			16			V <sub>P-P</sub>
Dynamic Output Range (1.0 K $\Omega$ Load)	10			10			V <sub>P-P</sub>
Common Mode Rejection		-80	-60				db

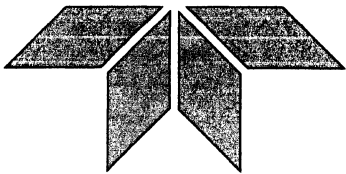
NOTES: (1) Bandwidth measured at unity gain.

(2) For closed loop stabilization, a capacitor should be connected across pins 2 and 7. For additional compensation a capacitor can be connected to pins 1 and 9. Recommended values range from 5 pf to 250 pf depending on the amount of feedback.



$C_C$  = COMPENSATION CAPACITOR  
 $R_1$  &  $R_2$  = OFFSET ADJUSTMENT RESISTORS

Circuit for input offset adjustment and AC feedback compensation.

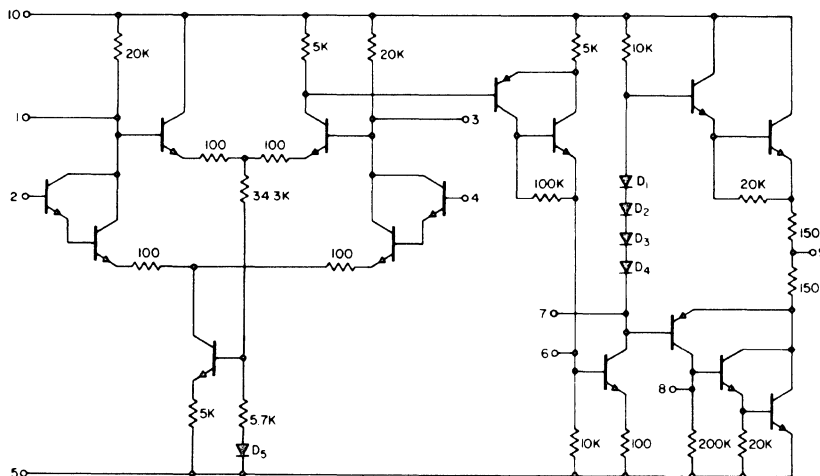


# LINEAR CIRCUIT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

JANUARY 1968

## 805 THRU 808

The Amelco 805, 806, 807 and 808 series of high performance operational amplifiers feature silicon planar epitaxial construction on a single monolithic substrate. Outstanding electrical characteristics include low offset voltage and current, high input impedance, high common mode input range, excellent thermal stability and output short-circuit protection.

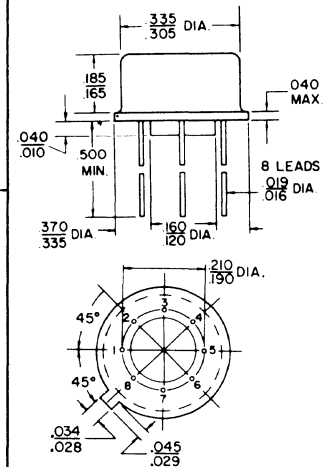


NOTE: "E" and "H" package pin designations are the same.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

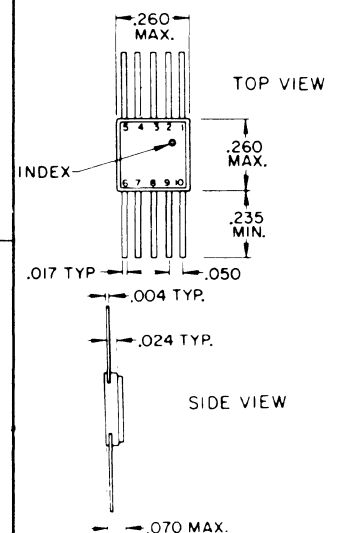
	805B/806B 807B/808A/808B	805C/806C
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	0°C to +100°C
	805/807/808	806
Supply Voltage	±18V	±15V
Operating Supply Voltage	±15V	±12V
	All Types	
Differential Input Voltage	±5.0V	
Input Voltage	±10V	
Internal Power Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	300 mW	
Output Short-Circuit Duration @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	Continuous	
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 seconds max.	+300°C	

### E PACKAGE

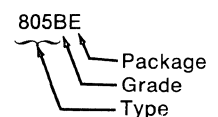


PIN 4 IS INTERNALLY CONNECTED TO CASE

### H PACKAGE



Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:



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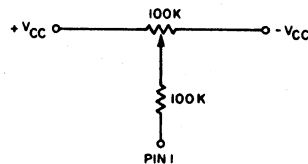
TWX: (910) 379-6494



# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

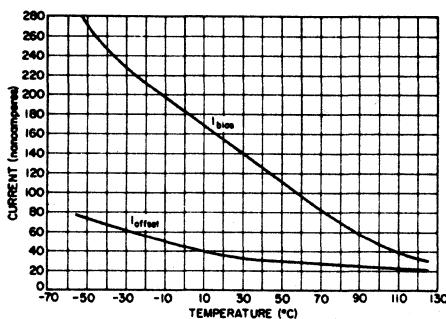
	805B/806B			805C/806C			807B			808AE			808BE			UNITS
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Open Loop Voltage Gain -55°C +125°C	30 20 20	60	120	10	60		30 20 20	60	120	25	40		25	40		KV/V
Input Offset Voltage -55°C to +125°C		1.0 2.0	5.0 7.0		3.0 10			0.1 1.0	2.5 3.0		1.0 5.0		1.0 10			mV
Input Bias Current -55°C +125°C		250	500 1500 250		250 1000			250 500 1500 250		25 50 250		25 50 250				nA
Input Offset Current -55°C +125°C		10	50 250 100		30 100			10 50 250 50		3.0 15		5.0 30				nA
Input Impedance -55°C +125°C	500 200 500	1000		100	1000		500 300 500	1000		1000	2000		1000	2000		KΩ
Input Offset Voltage Drift (-55°C to +125°C) (0°C to 100°C)		5.0	20		5.0 30			3.0 10		5.0 10		10 30				μV/°C
Input Offset Current Drift (+25°C to +125°C) (-55°C to +125°C) (0°C to 100°C)		0.02 0.5	0.5 1.0		0.1 2.0			0.02 0.5	0.5 1.0		0.01 0.15		0.1 0.3			nA/°C
Common Mode Voltage Range V <sub>CC</sub> = ±15 V V <sub>CC</sub> = ±12 V	±8.0 ±6.0	±9.0 ±7.0		±8.0 ±8.0	±9.0 ±7.0		±8.0 ±6.0	±9.0 ±7.0		±8.0 ±6.0	±9.0 ±7.0		±8.0 ±6.0	±9.0 ±7.0		Volts
Common Mode Rejection Ratio		-90	-70		-90	-70		-90	-80		-90	-70		-90	-70	db
Output Impedance -55°C +125°C		150	300 300 360		150 300			150 300 300 360		150 300		150 300		150 300		Ohms
Power Supply Rejection Ratio		-80	-70		-80	-70		-80	-70		-80	-70		-80	-70	db
Output Voltage Swing (+25°C to Temp.*) No Load, V <sub>CC</sub> = ±15 V No Load, V <sub>CC</sub> = ±12 V 1.0 K Load, V <sub>CC</sub> = ±15 V 1.0 K Load, V <sub>CC</sub> = ±12 V (-55°C) No Load, V <sub>CC</sub> = ±15 V 1.0 K Load, V <sub>CC</sub> = ±15 V	24 18 20 15 20 16	26 20 24 18 25 23		24 18 20 15	26 20 24 18		24 18 20 15	26 20 24 18		24 18 20 15	26 20 24 18		24 18 20 15	26 20 24 18		V <sub>p-p</sub>
Power Supply Current No Load, ±15 V No Load, ±12 V		6.0 5.0	7.5 6.7		6.0 5.0	7.5 6.7		6.0 5.0	7.5 6.7		6.0 5.0	7.5 6.7		6.0 5.0	7.5 6.7	mA

\* Upper limit for "A & B" grade unit = 125°C  
Upper limit for "C" grade unit = 100°C

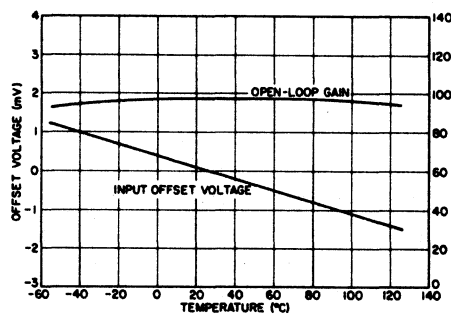


RECOMMENDED OFFSET ADJUSTMENT

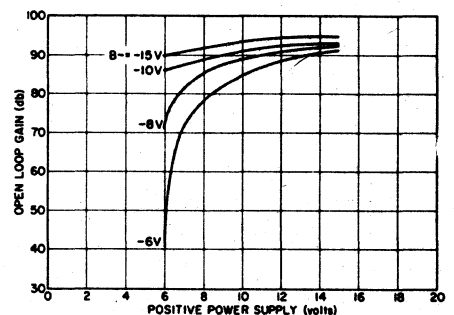
Input Bias and Offset Current vs Temperature



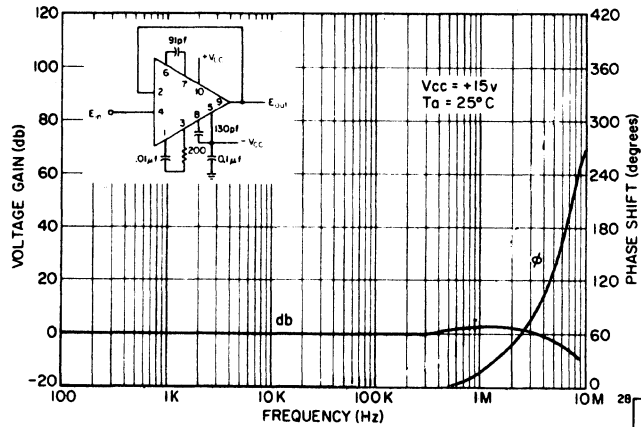
Offset Voltage and Open Loop Gain vs Temperature



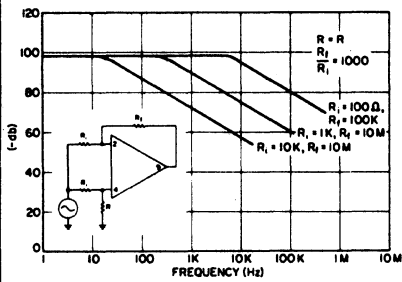
Open Loop Gain vs Power Supplies



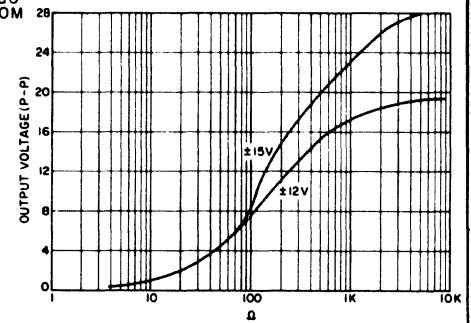
## Unity Gain Voltage Follower Voltage Gain & Closed-Loop Phase Shift vs Frequency



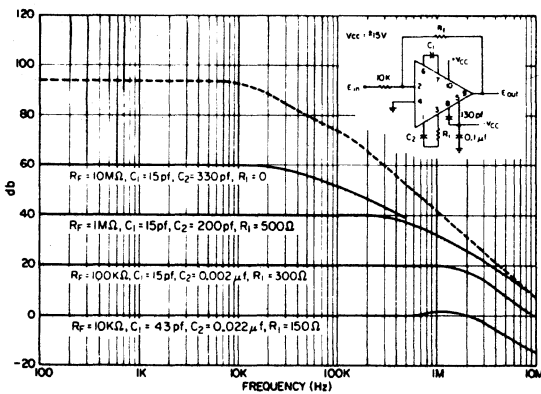
### Common Mode Rejection Ratio vs Frequency



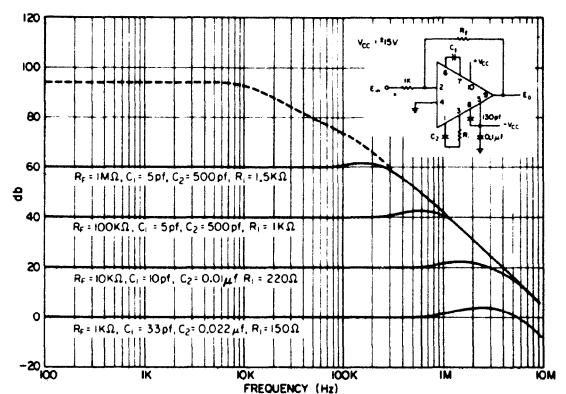
### Output Swing (Open Loop) vs Load Resistance



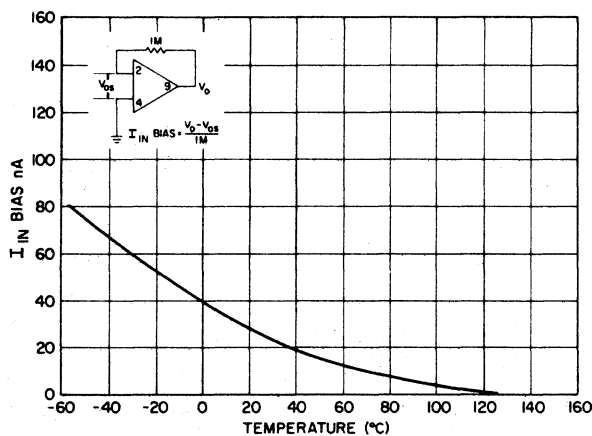
### Frequency Response 10K Input Resistance (Optimized for Various Gains)



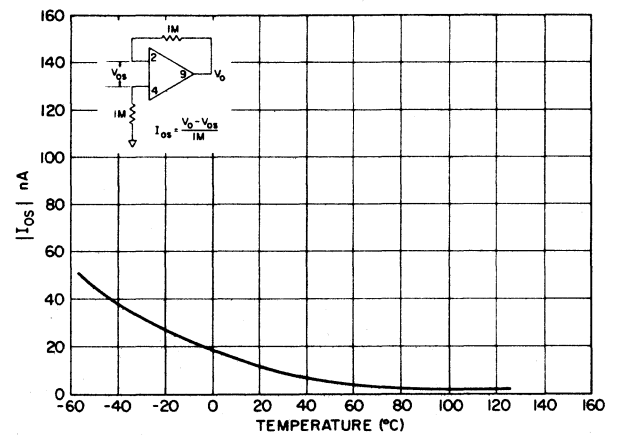
### Frequency Response 1K Input Resistance (Optimized for Various Gains)

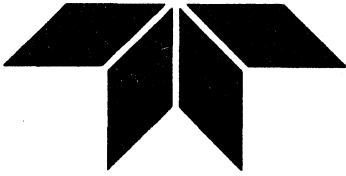


### Typical Input Bias Current vs Temperature



### Typical Input Offset Current vs Temperature



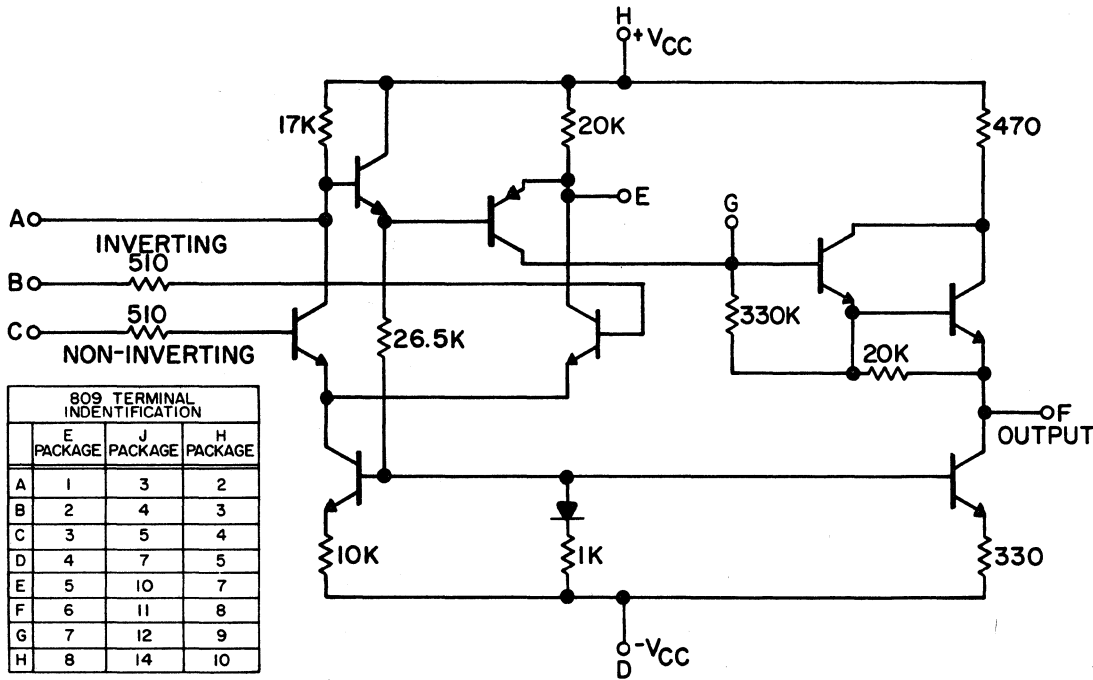


# LINEAR CIRCUIT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

JANUARY 1968

## 809

The Amelco 809 Operational Amplifier is constructed on a single monolithic silicon substrate using planar epitaxial techniques. The unique simplicity of this design results in a low cost, high performance amplifier. It is ideally suited for applications requiring high common mode range, high input impedance, and low current and voltage offsets and offset drifts. This amplifier can also be operated over a large range of supply voltages.

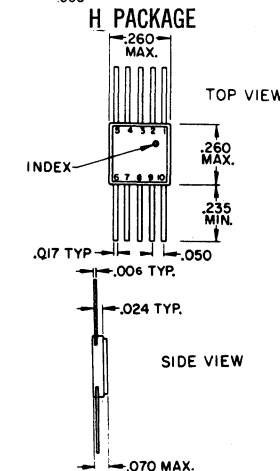
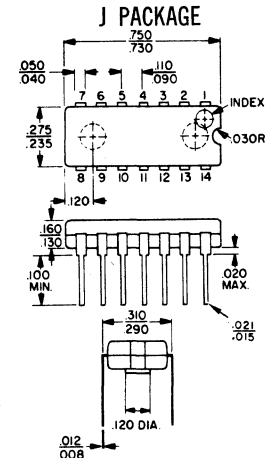
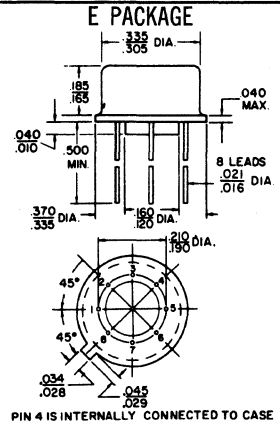


809 TERMINAL IDENTIFICATION			
	E PACKAGE	J PACKAGE	H PACKAGE
A	1	3	2
B	2	4	3
C	3	5	4
D	4	7	5
E	5	10	7
F	6	11	8
G	7	12	9
H	8	14	10

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	809B	809C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	0°C to +100°C
Maximum Supply Voltage	±18V	±18V
Operating Voltage	±15V	±15V
Differential Input Voltage	±15V	±15V
Input Voltage	±15V	±15V
Internal Power Dissipation	300 mW	300 mW
Output Short Circuit Duration	Continuous	Continuous
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 seconds max.	+300°C	+300°C

"J" Package only available in "C" Grade.



Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:

809BE  
 ↳ Package  
 ↳ Temperature Range  
 ↳ Circuit



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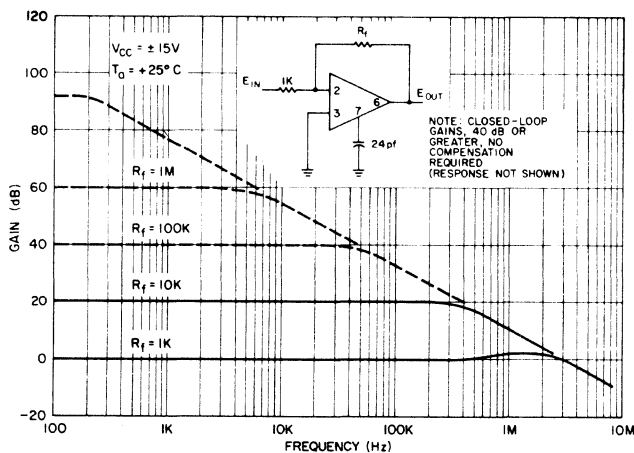
Phone (415) 968-9241

TWX: (910) 379-6494

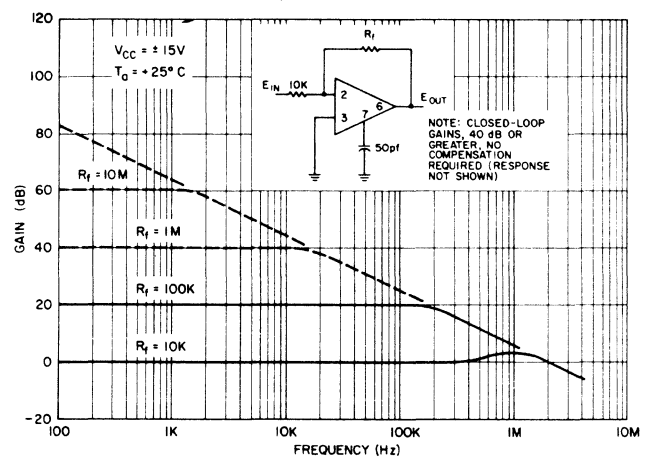
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** At +25°C and  $V_{CC} = \pm 15$  V (Unless Otherwise Specified)

PARAMETER	809B			809C			UNITS
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Open Loop Voltage Gain (-55°C to +125°C)	10K	40K		10K	40K		v/v
Input Offset Voltage		5.0	10		5.0	10	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift		10	50		10	50	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Bias Current		300	500		500	1000	nA
Input Bias Current (-55°C to +125°C) (0°C to 100°C)		600	1500		750	1500	nA
Input Offset Current -55°C 0°C		50	100 500		50	350 500	nA
Input Offset Current Drift		1.0	3.0		1.0		nA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Input Noise Flicker (0.016 to 1.6 Hz)		10 1.0			10 1.0		$\mu\text{V}_{p-p}$ nA <sub>p-p</sub>
Midband (1.6 to 160 Hz)		2.0 60			2.0 60		$\mu\text{V}_{p-p}$ pA <sub>p-p</sub>
Broadband (160 to 16 kHz)		1.5 200			1.5 200		$\mu\text{V}_{rms}$ pA <sub>rms</sub>
Common Mode Voltage Range	$\pm 10$	$\pm 13$		$\pm 10$	$\pm 13$		V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio		-90	-70		-90	-70	db
Power Supply Rejection Ratio		-90	-70		-90	-70	db
Input Impedance	100K	200K		50K	200K		Ohms
Output Voltage Swing ( $R_L = 5.0$ K $\Omega$ , $V_{CC} = \pm 15$ V)	20	24		20	24		V <sub>p-p</sub>
Power Dissipation (No Load, $V_{CC} = \pm 15$ V)		100	150		100		mW

Frequency Response  
1K Input Resistance

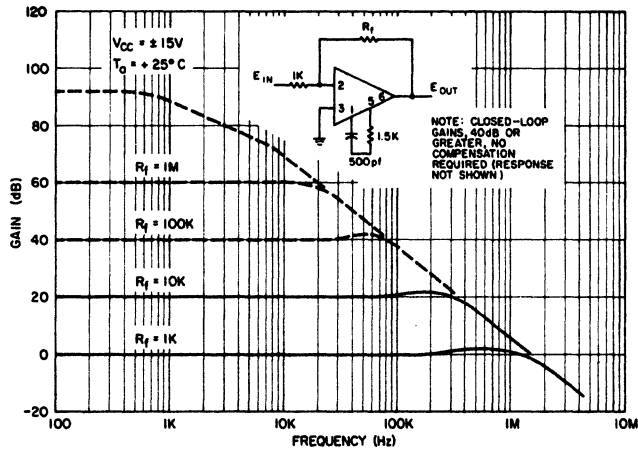


Frequency Response  
10K Input Resistance

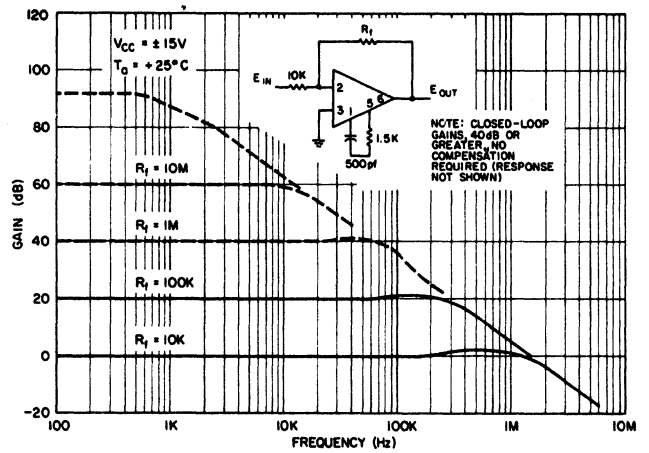


NOTE: Pin designations on graph plots are for "E" package.

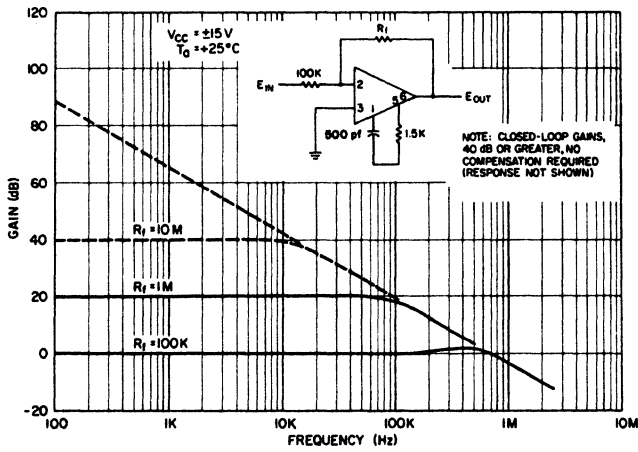
Frequency Response  
1K Input Resistance



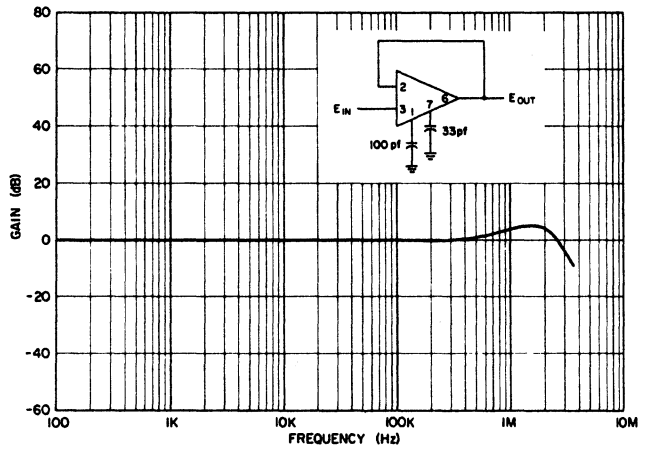
Frequency Response  
10K Input Resistance



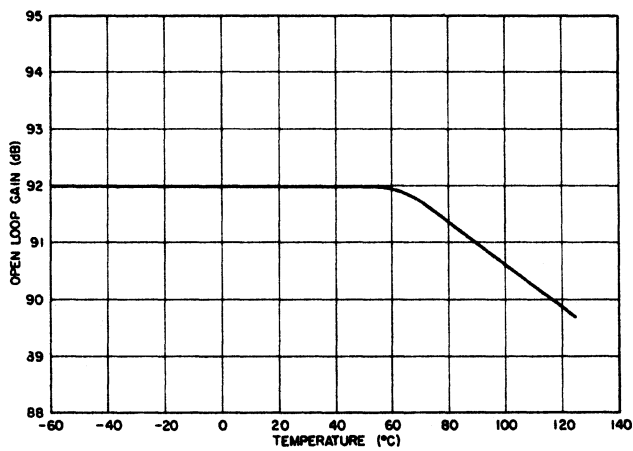
Frequency Response  
100K Input Resistance



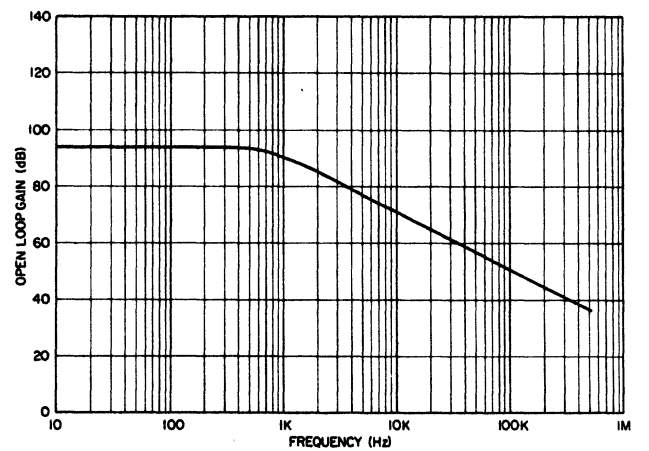
Frequency Response  
Voltage Follower



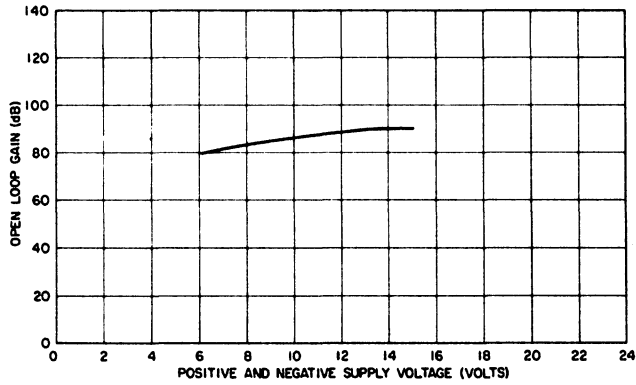
Open Loop Gain vs Temperature



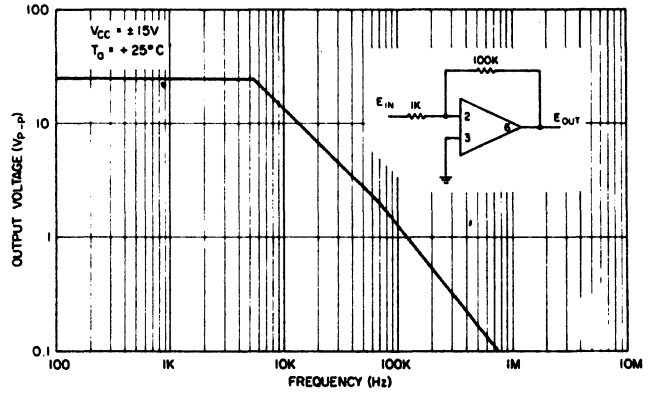
Open Loop Gain vs Frequency



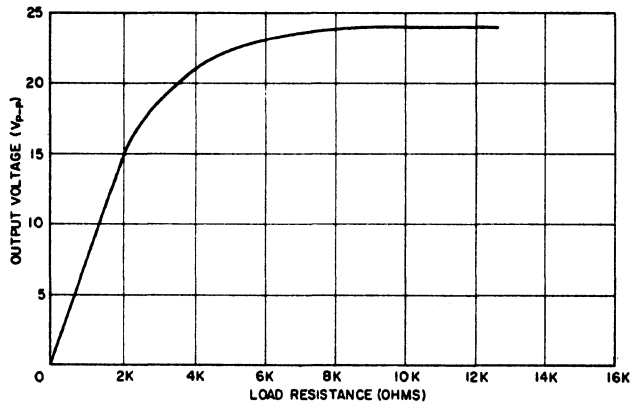
Open Loop Gain vs Positive and Negative Supply Voltage



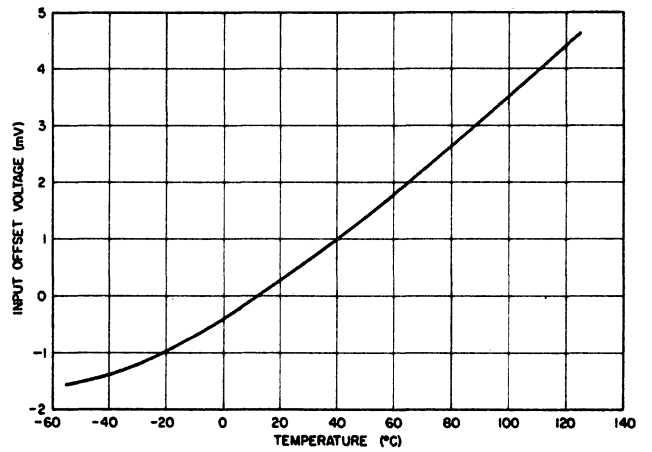
Maximum Output Voltage vs Frequency



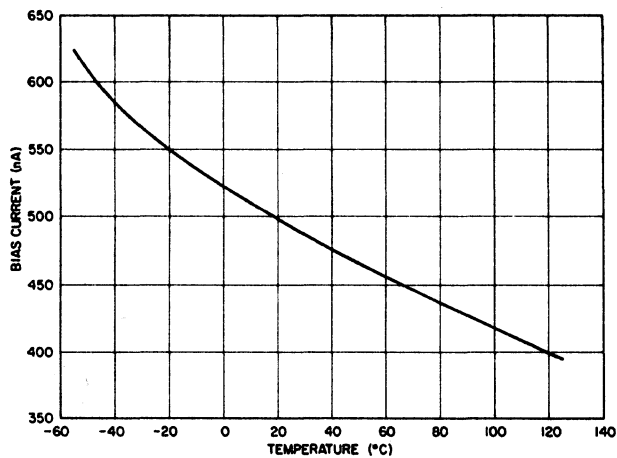
Output Voltage vs Load Resistance



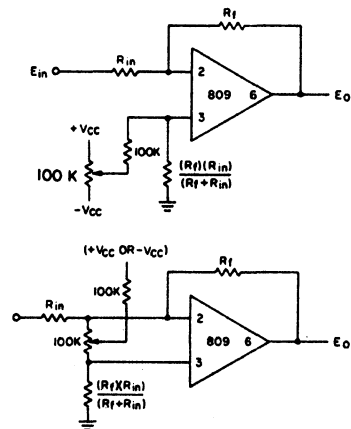
Untrimmed Offset Voltage vs Temperature



Bias Current vs Temperature



SUGGESTED OFFSET ADJUSTMENT



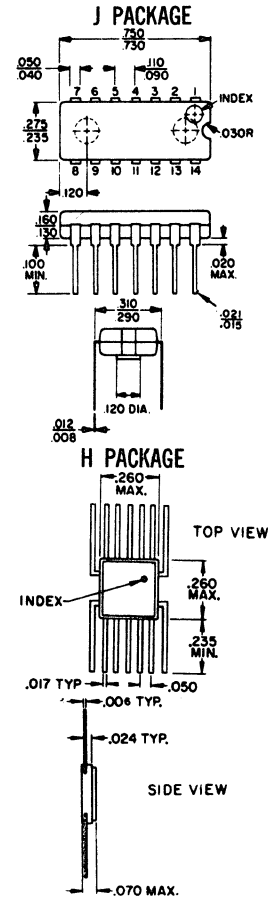
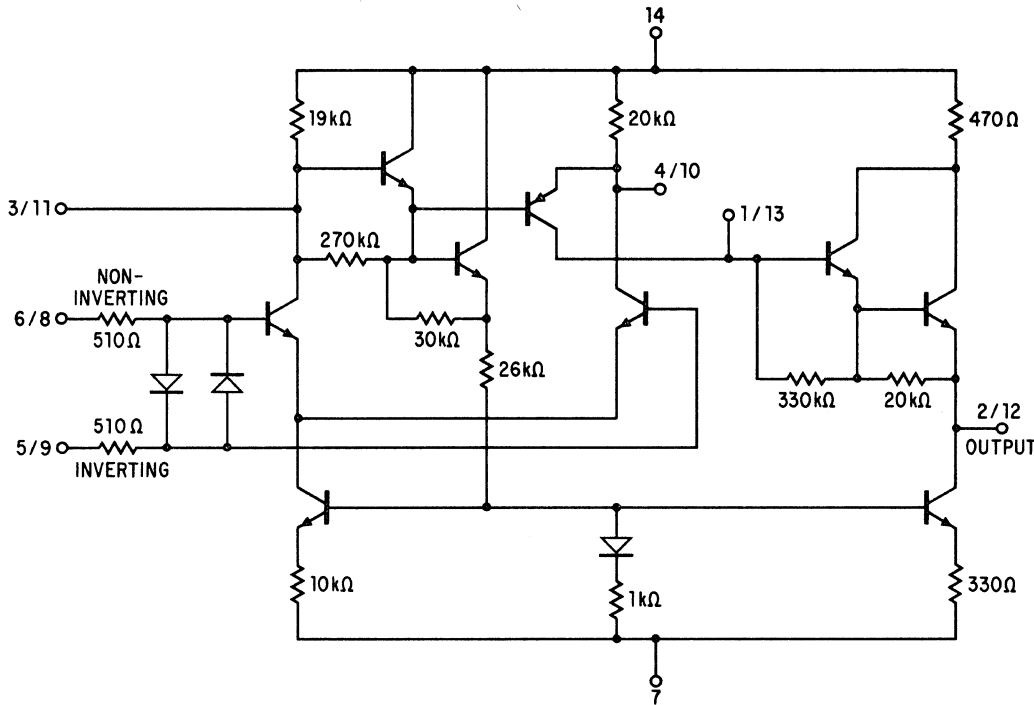


# LINEAR CIRCUIT DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

SEPTEMBER 1968

## 810

The Amelco 810CJ is a Dual Operational Amplifier constructed on a single monolithic substrate. The unique simplicity of this design results in a dual low cost high performance amplifier. It is ideally suited for applications requiring high common mode range, high input impedance, and low current and voltage offsets and drifts.



Also available in "N" package. See page on microcircuit packages.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	810B	810C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	0°C to +100°C
Maximum Supply Voltage	±18V	±18V
Operating Voltage	±15V	±15V
Differential Input Voltage	±15V	±15V
Input Voltage	±15V	±15V
Internal Power Dissipation	300 mW	300 mW
Output Short Circuit Duration	Continuous	Continuous
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 seconds max.	+300°C	+300°C

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:



AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR

1300 Terra Bella Ave. • Mountain View • Calif. 94040

A TELEDYNE COMPANY

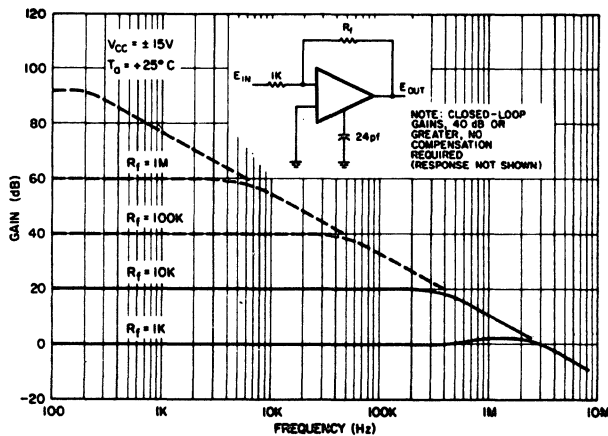
PHONE: (415) 968-9241

TWX: (415) 969-9112

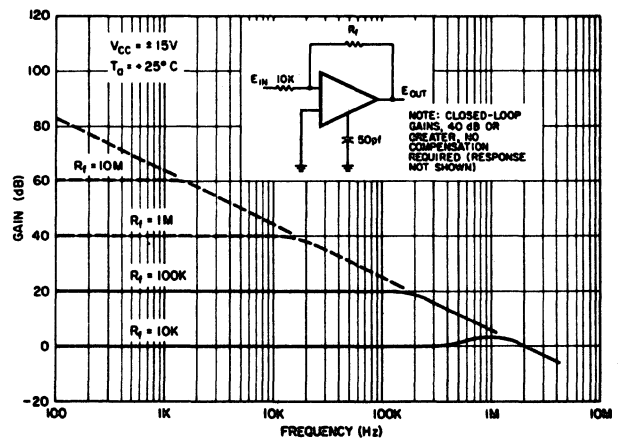
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** At +25°C and  $V_{CC} = \pm 15$  V (Unless Otherwise Specified)

PARAMETER	810B			810C			UNITS
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Open Loop Voltage Gain (-55° to +125°C)	10K	40K		10K	40K		v/v
Input Offset Voltage		5.0	10		5.0	10	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift		5.0	50		5.0	50	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Bias Current		300	500		500	1000	nA
Input Bias Current (-55°C to +125°C) (0° to 100°C)		600	1500		750	1500	nA
Input Offset Current -55°C 0°C		50	100 500		50	350 500	nA
Input Offset Current Drift		1.0	3.0		1.0		nA/°C
Input Noise Flicker (0.016 to 1.6 Hz)		10 1.0			10 1.0		$\mu\text{V}_{\text{p-p}}$ $\text{nA}_{\text{p-p}}$
Midband (1.6 to 160 Hz)		2.0 60			2.0 60		$\mu\text{V}_{\text{p-p}}$ $\text{pA}_{\text{p-p}}$
Broadband (160 to 16 kHz)		1.5 200			1.5 200		$\mu\text{V}_{\text{rms}}$ $\text{pA}_{\text{rms}}$
Common Mode Voltage Range	$\pm 10$	$\pm 13$		$\pm 10$	$\pm 13$		V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio		-90	-70		-90	-70	db
Power Supply Rejection Ratio		-90	-70		-90	-70	db
Input Impedance	100K	200K		50K	200K		Ohms
Output Voltage Swing ( $R_L = 5.0 \text{ K}\Omega$ , $V_{CC} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ )	20	24		20	24		$\text{V}_{\text{p-p}}$
Power Dissipation (No Load, $V_{CC} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ )		100	150		100		mW
Channel Separation		80			80		db

Frequency Response  
1K Input Resistance



Frequency Response  
10K Input Resistance



**SUGGESTED COMPENSATION TECHNIQUES**

RC Series Network Between Terminal 3/11 and 4/10; 1.5 K ohms and 500 pf.

For Minimum Number of Components;

For 1.0 K ohm Input Non-Inverting Amplifier, A 24 pf Capacitor from Terminal 1/13 to Ground.

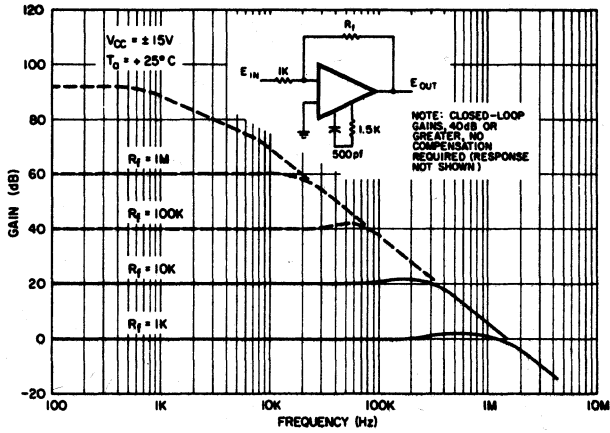
For 10 K ohm Input Non-Inverting Amplifier, A 50 pf Capacitor from Terminal 1/13 to Ground.

For a Voltage Follower Amplifier, A 100 pf Capacitor from Terminal 1 to Ground and a 33 pf Capacitor from Terminal 7 to Ground.

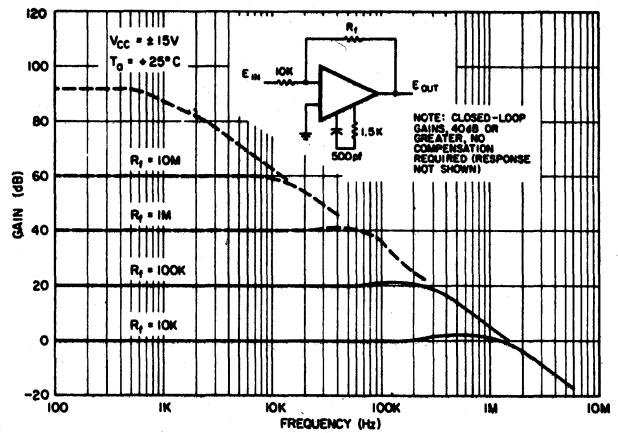
For Applications of Close Loop Gains of 40 db or greater, No Compensation is required.



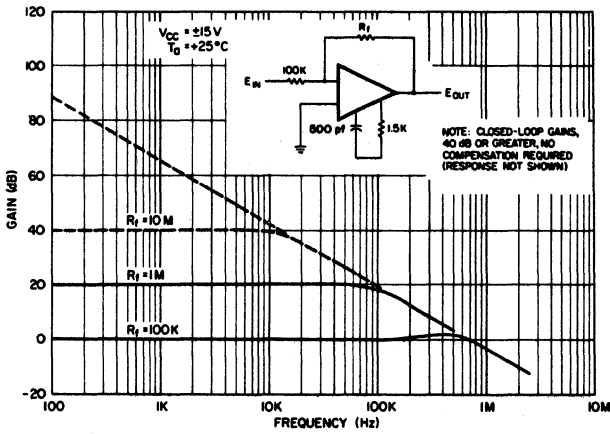
Frequency Response  
1K Input Resistance



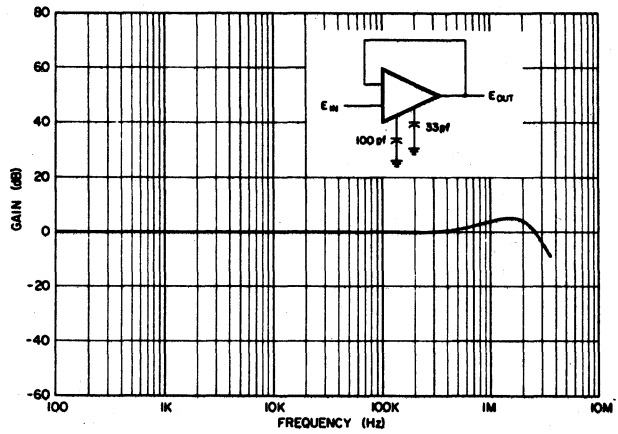
Frequency Response  
10K Input Resistance



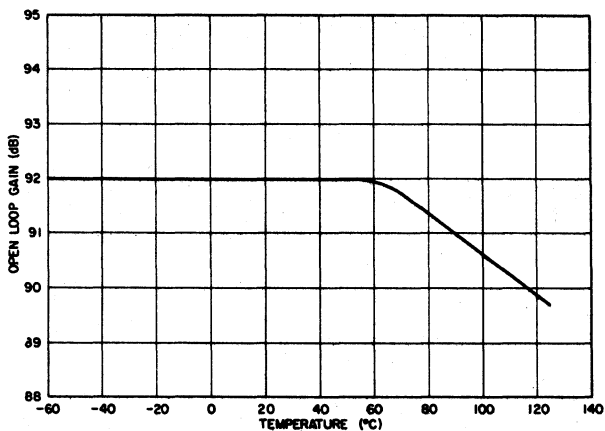
Frequency Response  
100K Input Resistance



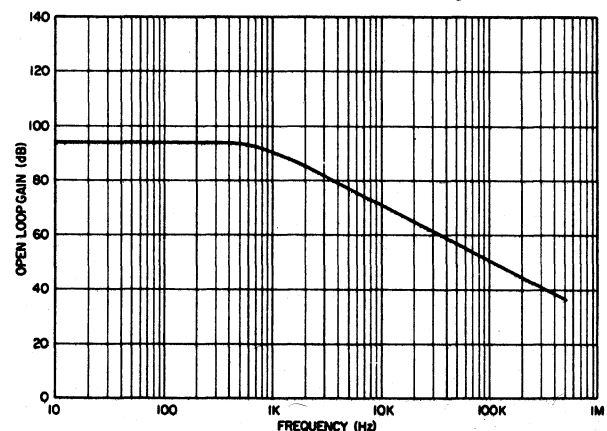
Frequency Response  
Voltage Follower



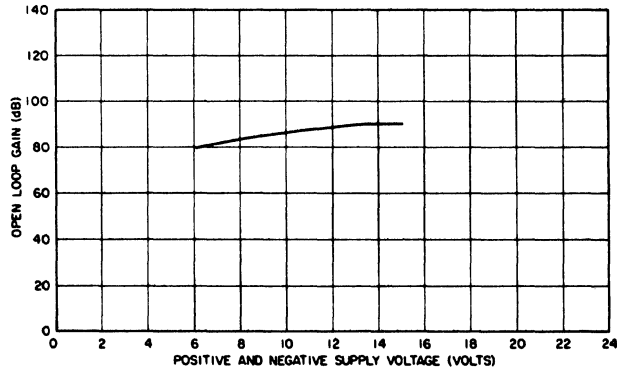
Open Loop Gain vs Temperature



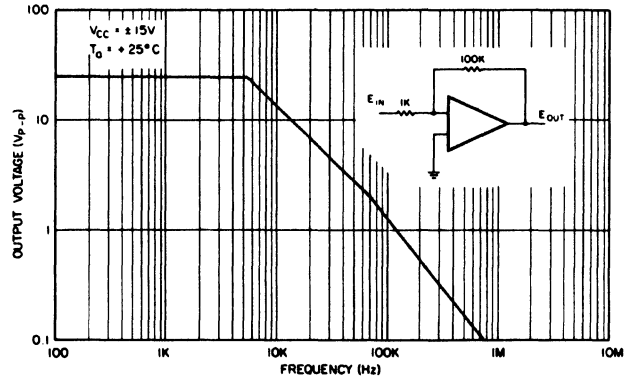
Open Loop Gain vs Frequency



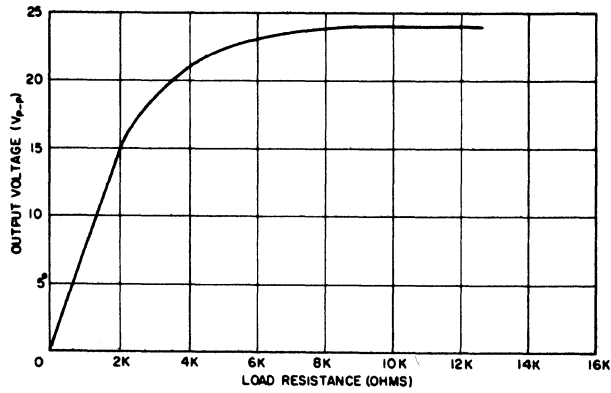
Open Loop Gain vs Positive and Negative Supply Voltage



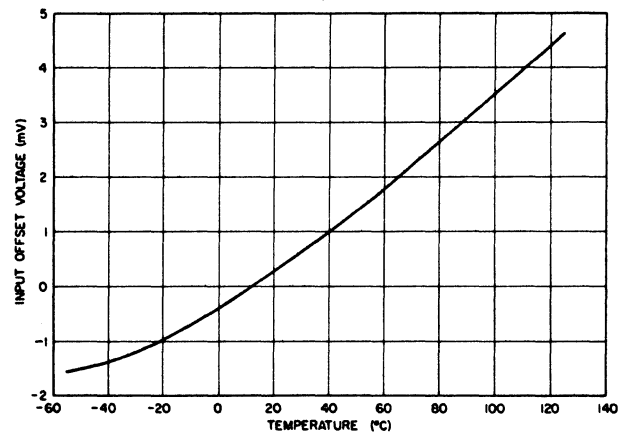
Maximum Output Voltage vs Frequency



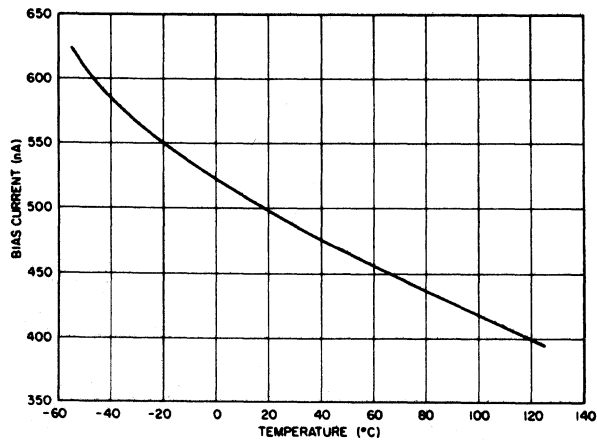
Output Voltage vs Load Resistance



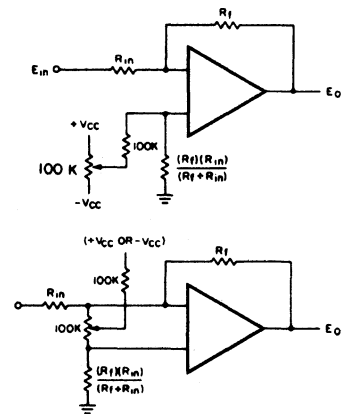
Untrimmed Offset Voltage vs Temperature

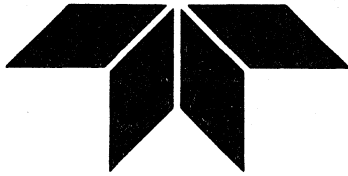


Bias Current vs Temperature



SUGGESTED OFFSET ADJUSTMENT



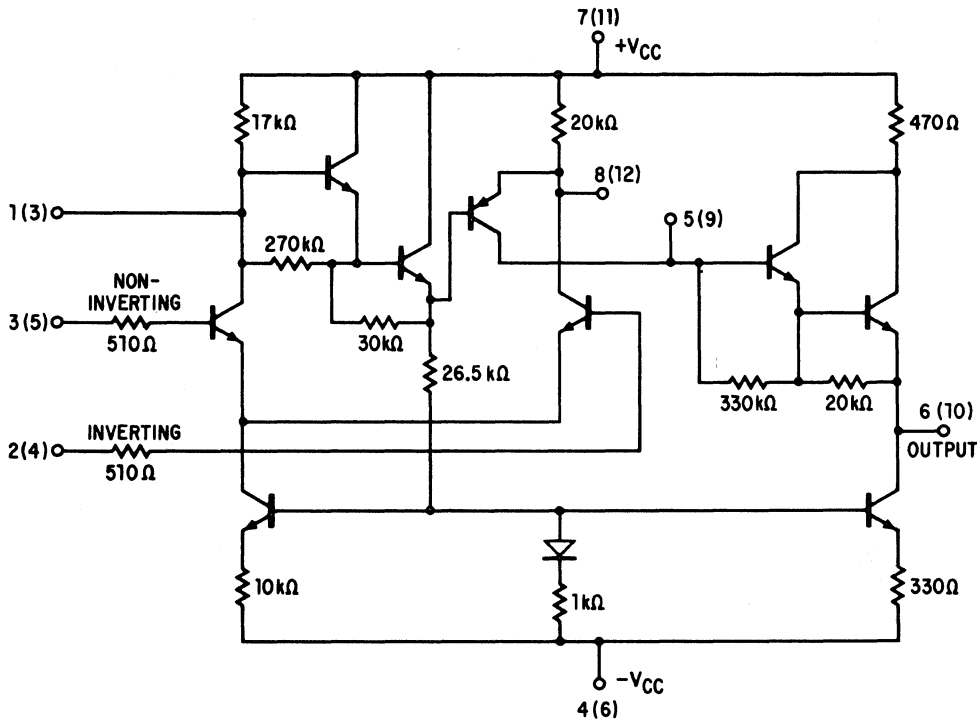


# LINEAR CIRCUIT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

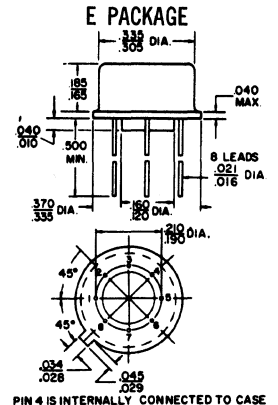
SEPTEMBER 1968

## 811

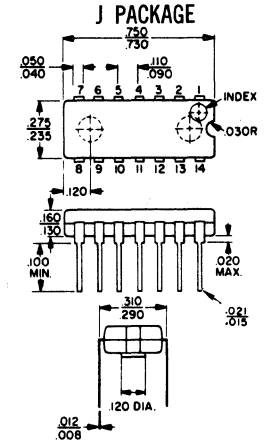
The Amelco 811 Operational Amplifier is constructed on a single monolithic silicon substrate using planar epitaxial techniques. The unique simplicity of this design results in a low cost, high performance amplifier. It is ideally suited for applications requiring high common mode range, high input impedance, and low current and voltage offsets and offset drifts. This amplifier can also be operated over a large range of supply voltages. Pin interchangeability makes this an excellent low cost replacement for the 709 with the resultant savings of compensation components.



Note: NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE DUAL IN-LINE CONNECTIONS



PIN 4 IS INTERNALLY CONNECTED TO CASE



Also available in "H" and "N" packages. See page on microcircuit packages.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	811B	811C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	
Maximum Supply Voltage	±18 V	±18 V
Operating Voltage	±15 V	±15 V
Differential Input Voltage	±15 V	±15 V
Input Voltage	±15 V	±15 V
Internal Power Dissipation	300 mW	300 mW
Output Short Circuit Duration	Continuous	Continuous
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 seconds max.	+300°C	+300°C

"J" Package only available in "C" Grade.

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:



AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR

1300 Terra Bella Ave. • Mountain View • Calif. 94040

A TELEDYNE COMPANY

PHONE: (415) 968-9241

TWX: (415) 969-9112

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** At +25°C and  $V_{CC} = \pm 15$  V (Unless Otherwise Specified)

PARAMETER	811B			811C			UNITS
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Open Loop Voltage Gain (-55°C to +125°C)	10K	40K		10K	40K		v/v
Input Offset Voltage		5.0	10		5.0	10	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift		5.0			5.0		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Bias Current		300	500		500	1 000	nA
Input Bias Current (-55°C to +125°C) (0°C to 100°C)		600	1500		750	1500	nA
Input Offset Current -55°C 0°C		50	100 250		50	350 500	nA
Input Offset Current Drift		1.0	3.0		1.0		nA/°C
Input Noise Flicker (0.016 to 16 Hz)		10 1.0			10 1.0		$\mu\text{V}_{\text{p-p}}$ $\text{nA}_{\text{p-p}}$
Midband (1.6 to 160 Hz)		2.0 60			2.0 60		$\mu\text{V}_{\text{p-p}}$ $\text{pA}_{\text{p-p}}$
Broadband (160 to 16 kHz)		1.5 200			1.5 200		$\mu\text{V}_{\text{rms}}$ $\text{pA}_{\text{rms}}$
Common Mode Voltage Range	$\pm 10$	$\pm 13$		$\pm 10$	$\pm 13$		V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio		-90	-70		-90	-70	db
Power Supply Rejection Ratio		-90	-70		-90	-70	db
Input Impedance	100K	200K		50K	200K		Ohms
Output Voltage Swing ( $R_L = 5.0$ k $\Omega$ , $V_{CC} = \pm 15$ V)	20	24		20	24		$V_{\text{p-p}}$
Power Dissipation (No Load, $V_{CC} = \pm 15$ V)		100	150		100		mW

**Suggested Compensation Techniques**

RC Series Network Between Terminal 1 and 8; 1.5K ohms and 500 pf.

For Minimum Number of Components;

For 1K ohm Input Non-Inverting Amplifier, A 24 pf Capacitor from Terminal 5 to Ground.

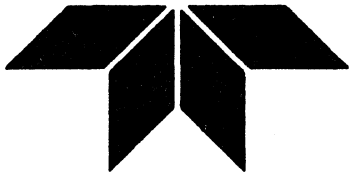
For 10K ohm Input Non-Inverting Amplifier, A 50 pf Capacitor from Terminal 5 to Ground .

For A Voltage Follower Amplifier, A 100 pf Capacitor from Terminal 1 to Ground and a 33 pf Capacitor from Terminal 5 to Ground.

For Applications of Closed Loop Gains of 40 db or greater, No Compensation is required.

For Additional Compensation and Performance Information Refer to the 810 Data Sheet.



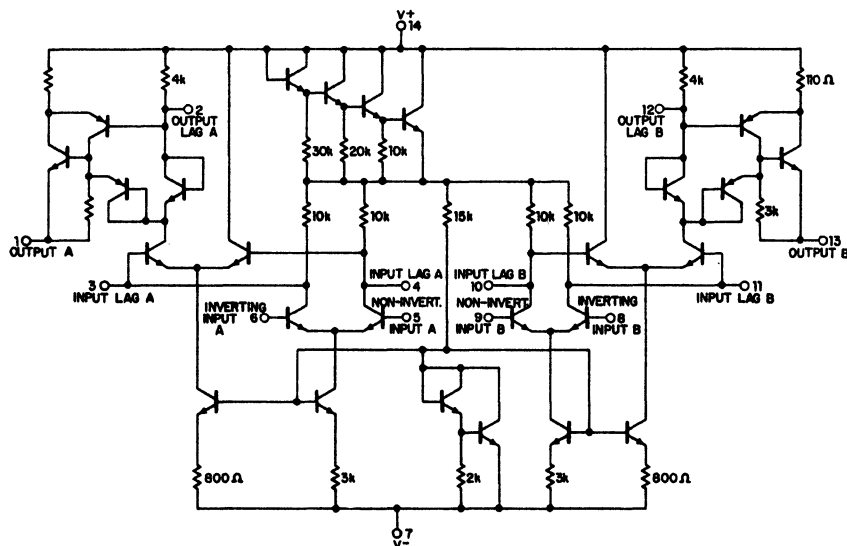
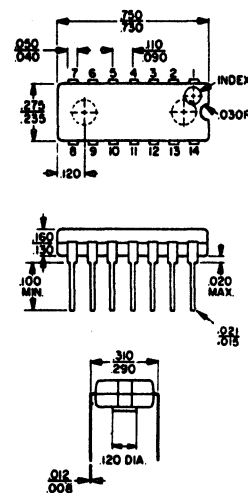


# LINEAR CIRCUIT DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

813

The Amelco 813 Dual Operational Amplifier is constructed on a single monolithic silicon substrate using planar epitaxial techniques. The collector pull-down resistors are externally applied thereby permitting a variety of loads and applications. The outputs of these two high performance operational amplifiers may also be 'OR'ed as a dual comparator or used as diodes in low threshold rectifying circuits.

### J PACKAGE

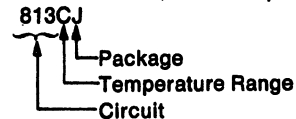


SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to +100°C
Lead Soldering Temperature (60 sec)	300°C
Power Dissipation	500 mW
Supply Voltage	±15V
Input Voltage	±5V
Differential Input Voltage	±5V
Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 1)	5 seconds

NOTES: 1. Short circuit may be to ground or either supply.

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:



AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR

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A TELEDYNE COMPANY

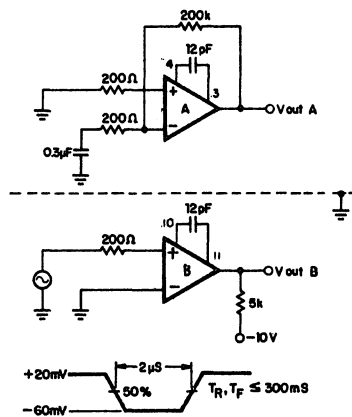
PHONE: (415) 968-9241

TWX: (415) 969-9112

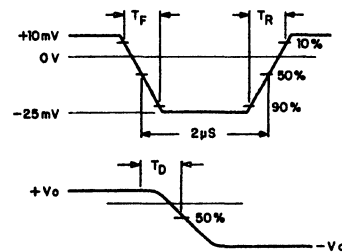
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** at 25°C,  $V_{CC} = \pm 10\text{ V}$  (Unless Otherwise Specified)

		813C			
PARAMETER		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Input Offset Voltage	$R_S = 100\Omega$		2.5	4.0	mV
Input Offset Current			0.5	2	$\mu\text{A}$
Input Bias Current			1.5	5	$\mu\text{A}$
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$V_{OUT} = \pm 5\text{V}$	6,000	20,000		
Power Consumption				120	mW
Propagation Delay	(See Figure 2)		400	500	ns
Recovery Time Differential Mode $t_{r(dm)}$	(See Figure 3)		600	800	ns
Channel Separation	(See Figure 1)		0.3	0.5	Volts

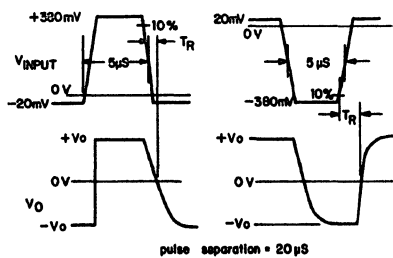
**FIGURE 1**  
**CHANNEL SEPARATION**

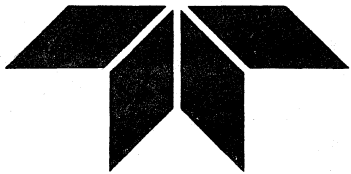


**FIGURE 2**  
**PROPAGATION DELAY**



**FIGURE 3**  
**RECOVERY TIME**





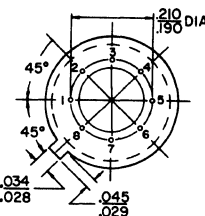
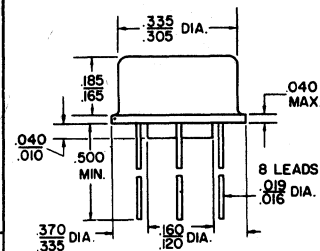
# LINEAR CIRCUIT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

JANUARY 1968

## 819

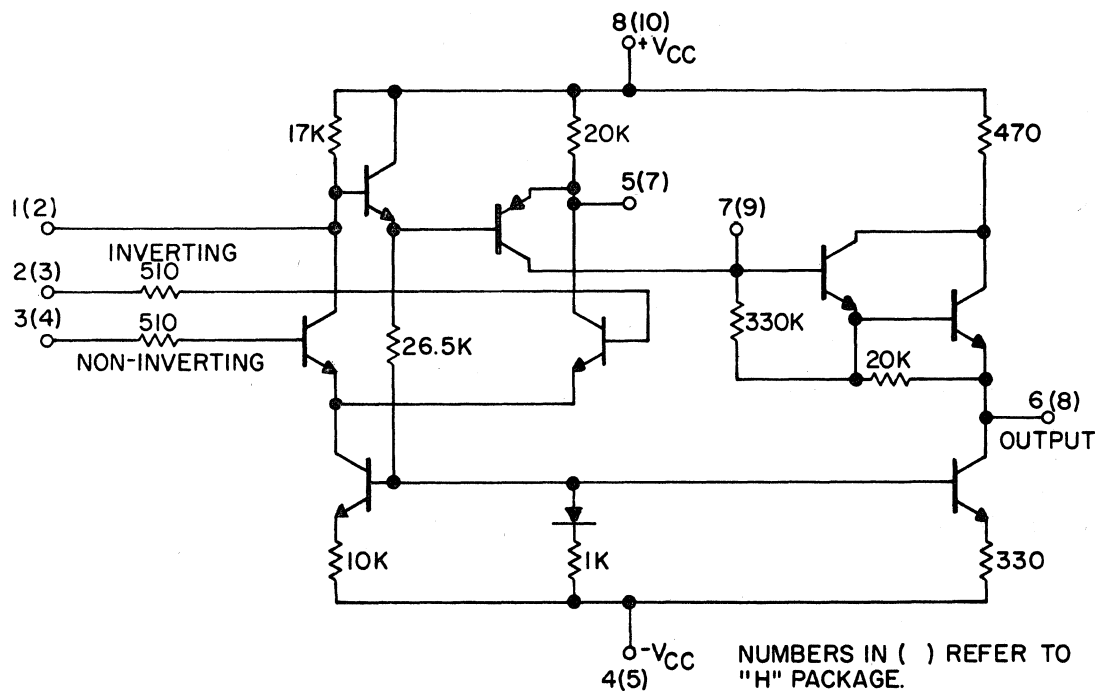
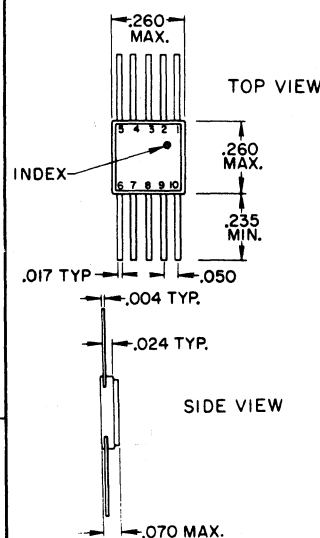
The Amelco 819 Operational Amplifier is constructed on a single monolithic silicon substrate using planar epitaxial techniques. The unique simplicity of this design results in a low cost, high performance amplifier. It is ideally suited for applications requiring high common mode range, high input impedance, and low current and voltage offsets and offset drifts, and low power.

### E PACKAGE



PIN 4 IS INTERNALLY CONNECTED TO CASE

### H PACKAGE

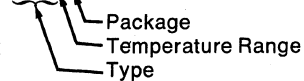


### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	819B
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C
Maximum Supply Voltage	±18V
Operating Voltage	±15V
Differential Input Voltage	±15V
Input Voltage	±15V
Internal Power Dissipation	300 mW
Output Short Circuit Duration	Continuous
Lead Temperature, 1/16 inch from case, 10 seconds max.	+300°C

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:

819BE



AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR

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A TELEDYNE COMPANY

Phone (415) 968-9241

TWX: (910) 379-6494







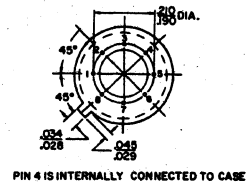
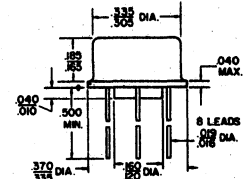
# LINEAR CIRCUIT DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIER

JANUARY 1968

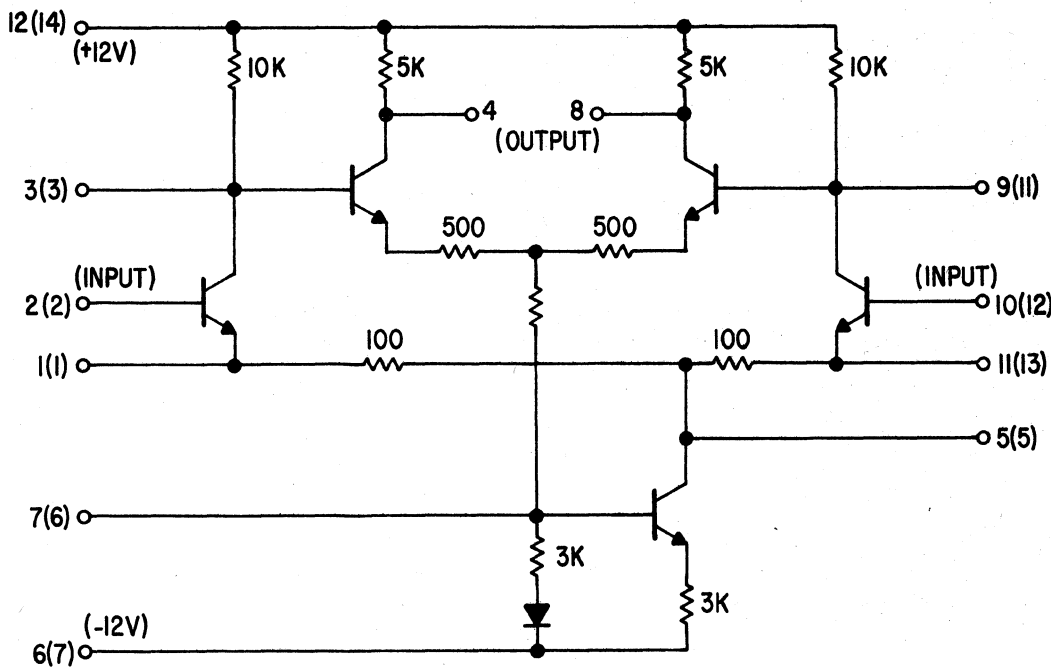
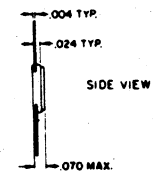
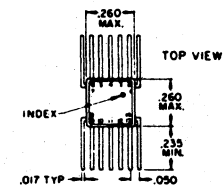
## 831

This low-level differential amplifier consists of five NPN transistors and associated resistors constructed on a single silicon chip. The amplifier design features tight thermal coupling, close beta and  $V_{BE}$  match with common-mode feedback. Because of its design, the amplifier exhibits extremely low drift characteristics and excellent stability over a wide temperature range.

### E PACKAGE



### H PACKAGE



NOTE: Numbers in parentheses refer to "H" package.

### TEMPERATURE RANGE:

	831A 831B	831C	831D
Storage	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C
Operating	-55°C to +125°C	-25°C to +85°C	0°C to 70°C

### POWER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS:

+12 Volts at 4.0 mA typical, 5.0 mA maximum
-12 Volts at 4.0 mA typical, 5.0 mA maximum

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:

831DE  
 ↙ Package  
 ↘ Temperature Range  
 ↙ Circuit

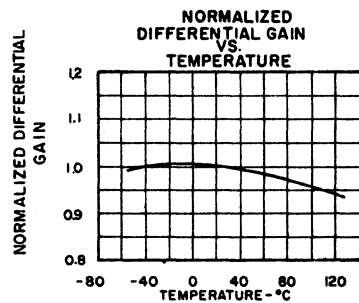
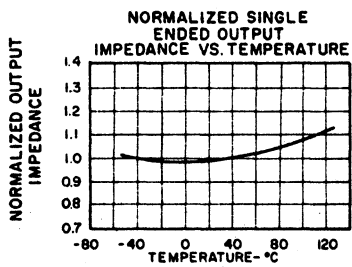
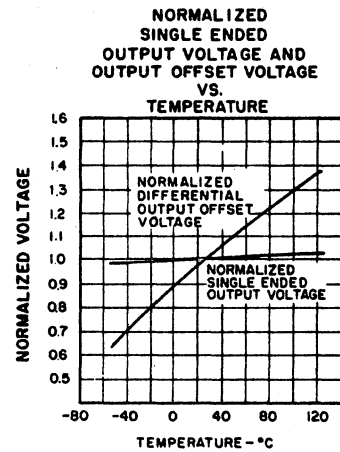
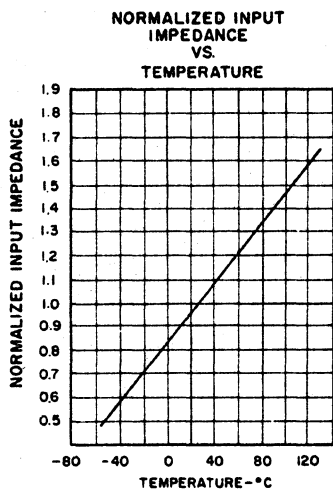
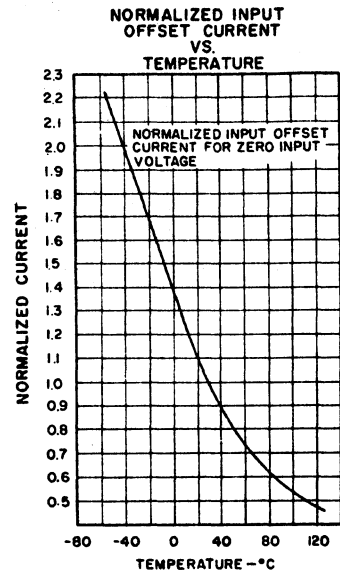
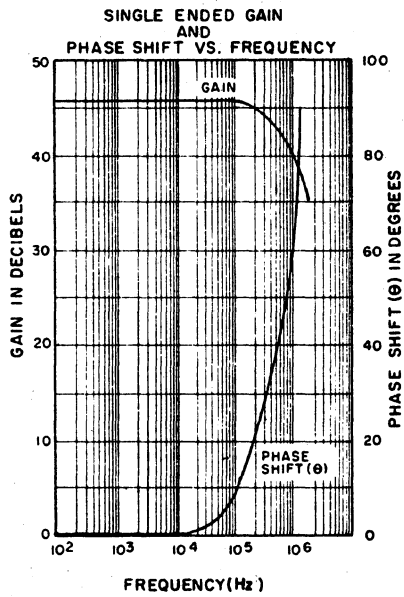


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## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at 25°C Unless Otherwise Noted

CHARACTERISTICS	831A			831B			831C			831D			UNITS
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
<b>OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b> Single Ended DC Output Voltage (Both Inputs at Zero Volts)	6.0	7.0	8.0	4.5	7.0	9.5	2.5	7.0	11.5				Volts
Differential Output Offset Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (With Zero Input Voltage)		1.0	2.0		2.5	5.0		5.0	9.0				Volts
Differential Output Offset Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> (Referred to Input)		2.5	5.0		8.0	17		20	40		10	40	mV
Single Ended Dynamic Range (No Load)	6.0	6.8		6.0			5.0			5.0	6.0		Volts
Single Ended Output Impedance		5.0	6.0		5.5	7.0		5.5	7.0		5.5	7.0	KΩ
Mean Differential Output Voltage Drift <sup>(2)</sup> (Referred to Input) -55°C to +125°C -25°C to +85°C		2.0	4.0		5.0	10		10					μV/°C
<b>INPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b> Input Offset Current (Input Voltage = 0)		0.2	2.0		1.0	5.0		1.0	10			2.0	μA
Input Impedance	20	40		10	20		5.0 <sup>(3)</sup>	20		5.0	20		KΩ
Mean Input Offset Current Drift <sup>(2)</sup> (Input Voltage = 0) -55°C to +125°C		2.0			5.0								nA/°C
<b>TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS</b> Differential Gain (No Load)	400			300			250 <sup>(3)</sup>			200 <sup>(3)</sup>			
Differential Gain (No Load with Pins 1, 5, and 11 Tied Together)		2000			2000			1500 <sup>(4)</sup>			1500 <sup>(4)</sup>		
Bandwidth (-3 db)	300	400		300	400		200 <sup>(3)</sup>	400		250 <sup>(3)</sup>	400		kHz
Common Mode Rejection (CM Input Voltage = 1.0 V pp, 100 Hz)		-100	-90			-80			-60 <sup>(3)</sup>		-80	-60 <sup>(3)</sup>	db
Common Mode Input Range	-2.0		+1.5	-2.0		+1.0	-1.0		+1.0	-1.0		+1.0	Volts
Power Supply Rejection (+12 V or -12 V Supply)	-80		-70		-70	-60		-70			-70	-50	db

NOTES: (1) The differential output offset voltages given are for untrimmed devices. The offset voltage for all devices can be adjusted to zero by means of a trim potentiometer connected across pins 1, 5, and 11 as shown in test circuit for balancing the amplifier.

(2) The mean differential output voltage drift referred to the input is given by

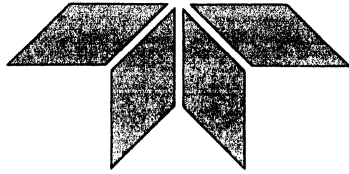
$$\frac{\text{Output Offset Voltage (125°C)}}{\text{Differential Gain (125°C)}} - \frac{\text{Output Offset Voltage (-55°C)}}{\text{Differential Gain (-55°C)}}$$

The mean input offset current drift ( $V_{in} = 0$ ) is given by

$$\frac{\text{Input Offset Current (125°C)}}{\text{Differential Gain (125°C)}} - \frac{\text{Input Offset Current (-55°C)}}{\text{Differential Gain (-55°C)}}$$

(3) When balanced with a 1000 ohm potentiometer across pins 1, 5, and 11.

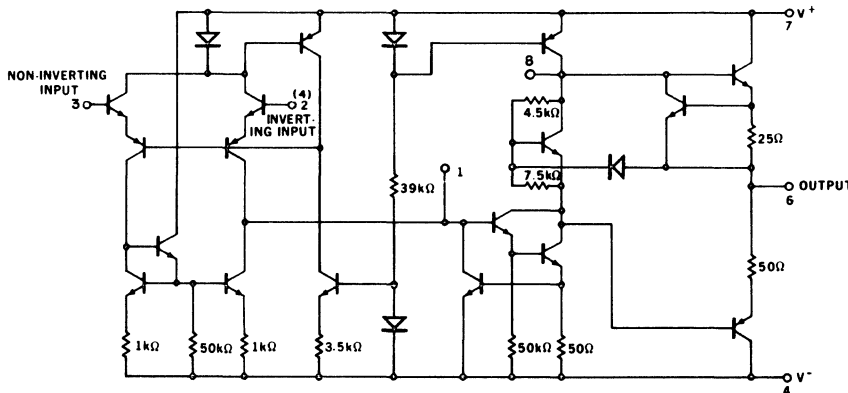
(4) When balanced with a 10 ohm potentiometer across pins 1, 5, and 11.



# LINEAR CIRCUIT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

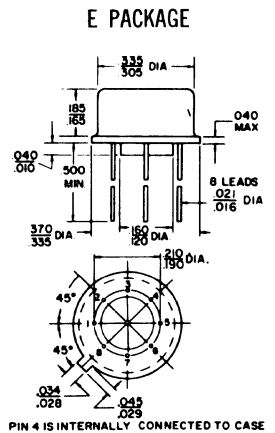
841

The Amelco 841 Operational Amplifier is constructed on a single monolithic silicon substrate using planar epitaxial techniques. Input and output overvoltage and short circuit protection coupled with the elimination of latch up problems result in an excellent general purpose amplifier. Proper pin arrangement makes the 841 a direct replacement for the 709 and LM101 operational amplifiers for most applications. Frequency compensation is accomplished with a single external capacitor and permits the user to shape his open loop frequency response and improve the slew rate magnitude depending upon the compensation value.



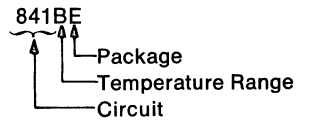
**SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM**

Note: NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES ARE FOR DUAL IN LINE CONNECTIONS.



	841B	841C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C	0°C to +100°C
Lead Soldering Temperature (60 sec)	300°C	300°C
Power Dissipation (Note 1)	500 mW	500 mW
Supply Voltage	±22 V	±22 V
Input Voltage (Note 2)	±15 V	±15 V
Differential Input Voltage	±30 V	±30 V
Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 3)	Indefinite	Indefinite

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:



- NOTES: 1. Rating applies for case temperatures to 125°C; derate linearly at 6.5 mW/°C for ambient temperature above +75°C.  
 2. For supply voltages less than ±15 V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.  
 3. Short circuit may be to ground or either supply. Rating applies to +125°C case temperature or +75°C ambient temperature.



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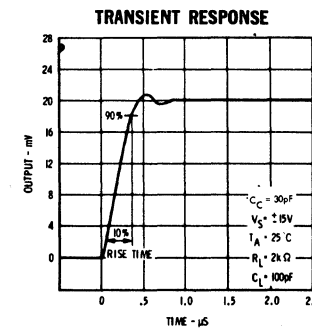
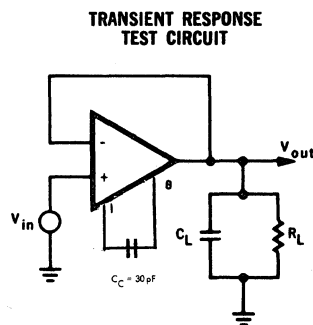
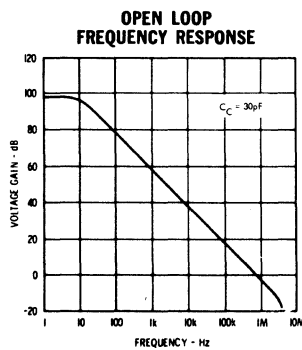
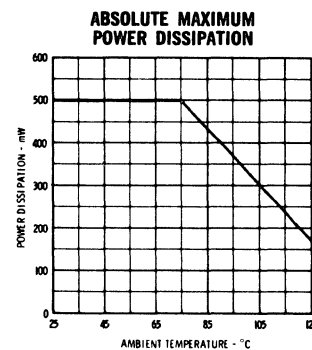
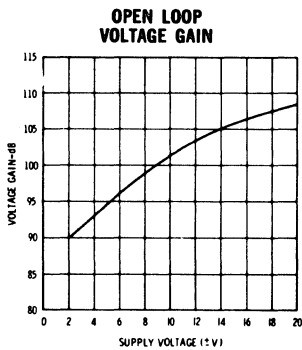
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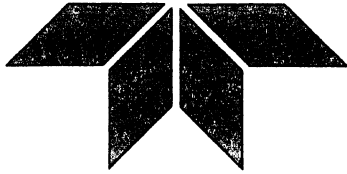
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** at 25°C and  $V_{CC} = \pm 15$  V (Unless Otherwise Specified)

PARAMETER	841B			841C			UNITS
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Input Offset Voltage ( $R_S \leq 10$ K $\Omega$ )		1.0	5.0		2.0	6.0	mV
Input Offset Current		30	200		30	200	nA
Input Bias Current		200	500		200	500	nA
Input Resistance	0.3	1.0		0.3	1.0		M $\Omega$
Large-Signal Voltage Gain ( $R_L \geq 2$ K $\Omega$ )	50,000	200,000		20,000	100,000		
Output Voltage Swing ( $R_L \geq 10$ K $\Omega$ ) ( $R_L \geq 2$ K $\Omega$ )	$\pm 12$ $\pm 10$	$\pm 14$ $\pm 13$		$\pm 12$ $\pm 10$	$\pm 14$ $\pm 13$		Volts Volts
Input Voltage Range	$\pm 12$	$\pm 13$		$\pm 12$	$\pm 13$		Volts
Common Mode Rejection Ratio ( $R_S \leq 10$ K $\Omega$ )	70	90		70	90		dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio ( $R_S \leq 10$ K $\Omega$ )		30	150		30	150	$\mu$ V/V
Power Consumption		50	85		50	85	mW
Transient Response (unity gain) Risetime Overshoot	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{IN} = 20 \text{ mV}, C_C = 30 \text{ pF} \\ R_L = 2 \text{ K}\Omega \\ C_L \leq 100 \text{ pF} \end{array} \right.$						
		0.3 5.0			0.3 5.0		$\mu$ s %
Slew Rate <i>Non-Inverting</i> (Unity Gain) $R_L \geq 2$ K $\Omega$ , $C_C = 30$ pF $R_L \geq 2$ K $\Omega$ , $C_C = 3$ pF (Gain $\geq 10$ ) $R_L \geq 2$ K $\Omega$ , $C_C = 0$ pF $R_L \geq 2$ K $\Omega$ , $C_C = 3$ pF <i>Inverting</i> (Unity Gain) $R_L \geq 2$ K $\Omega$ , $C_C = 3$ pF (Gain $\geq 10$ ) $R_L \geq 2$ K $\Omega$ , $C_C = 0$ pF $R_L \geq 2$ K $\Omega$ , $C_C = 3$ pF		0.5 1.5 10 5		0.5 1.5 10 5			V/ $\mu$ s
The following specifications apply for $T_{min} \leq T_A \leq T_{max}$ Input Offset Voltage ( $R_S \leq 10$ K $\Omega$ ) Input Offset Current Input Bias Current Large-Signal Voltage Gain ( $R_L \geq 2$ K $\Omega$ ) Output Voltage Swing ( $R_L \geq 2$ K $\Omega$ )			6.0 500 1.5		7.5 300 0.8		mV nA $\mu$ A Volts
	25,000 $\pm 10$			15,000 $\pm 10$			



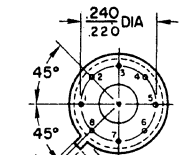
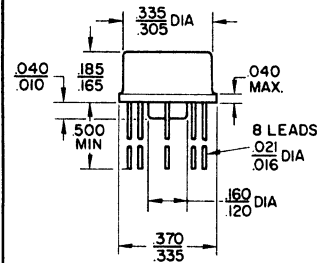
**901**

**LINEAR CIRCUIT  
AMPLIFIER  
UHF**

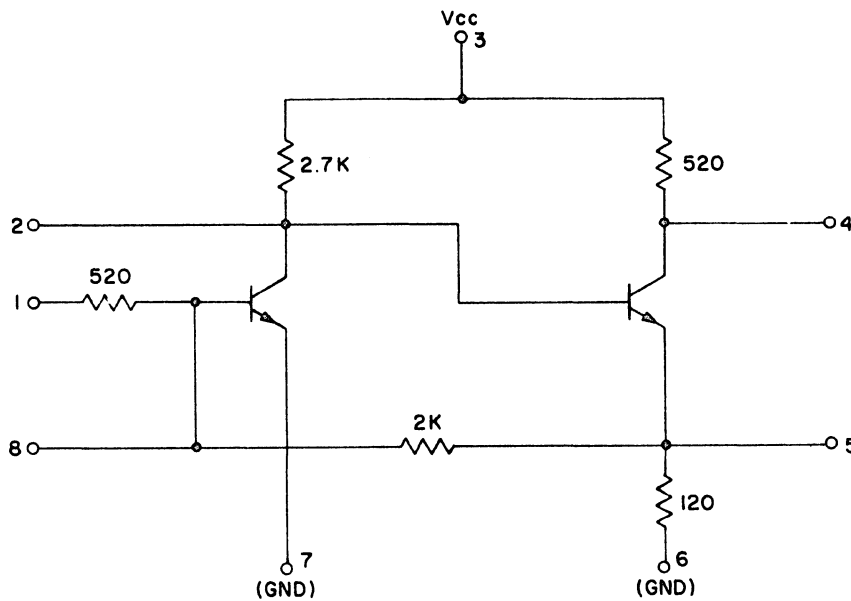


The 901BE and 901CE are epitaxial integrated circuits. Precise device design in conjunction with exacting photoetching techniques have resulted in a VHF monolithic amplifier suitable for video and IF amplifier applications in excess of 50 MHz.

**E PACKAGE**



PIN 7 IS INTERNALLY CONNECTED TO CASE



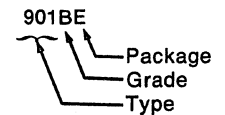
**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Total supply voltage between pins 3 and 7	15 volts	
Storage temperature	-65°C to +150°C	
Operating temperature	901BE -55°C to +125°C	901CE 0°C to 70°C

**SUPPLY VOLTAGES**

Pin 3 to ground	+12 volts, 12 mA Typical
-----------------	--------------------------

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:



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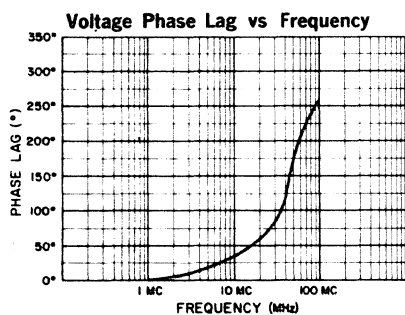
Phone (415) 968-9241

TWX: (910) 379-6494

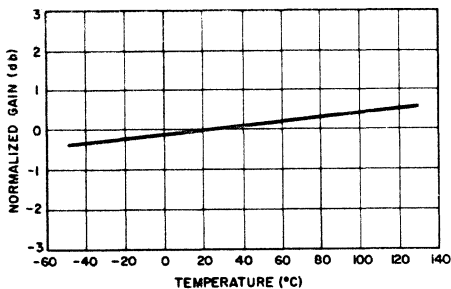
# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at 25°C (Unless Otherwise Noted)

CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS Dynamic Range (no load) +25°C Temp*	5.0 4.0	7.0		$V_{p-p}$
Output Impedance		520		Ohms
DC Output Level		8.7		Volts
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS Input Impedance		520		Ohms
Input Signal Level			260	$mV_{p-p}$
TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS Voltage Gain	22	24	26	db
Gain Variation Temp*		$\pm 0.3$		db
Gain Variation (DC to 10 MHz)	-0.5		+0.5	db
Bandwidth (-3.0 db)	40	60		MHz

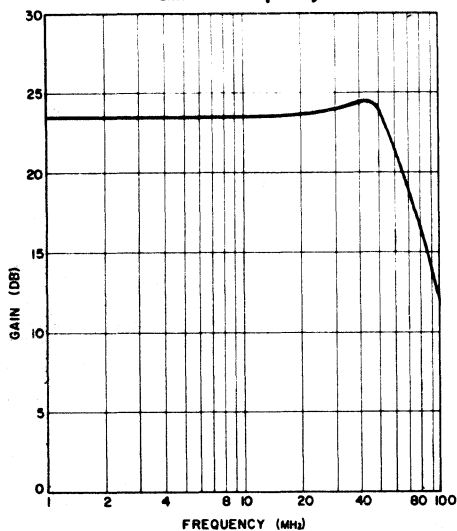
\* Limit applies for "B" grade unit for -55°C to +125°C,  
Limit applies for "C" grade unit for 0°C to 70°C.



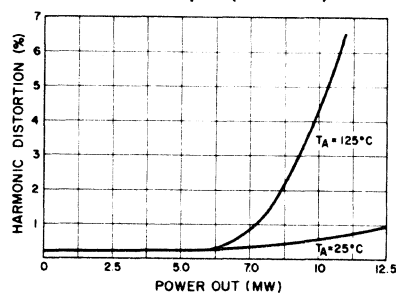
Gain vs Temperature



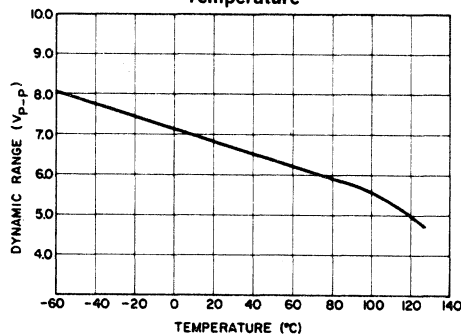
Gain vs Frequency



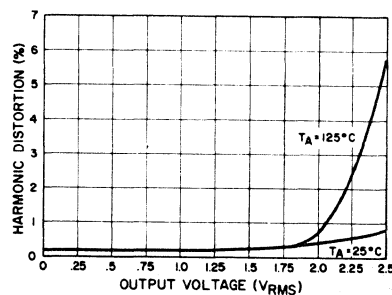
Percent Harmonic Distortion vs Power Output (Milliwatts)

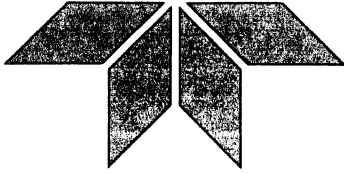


Dynamic Range vs Temperature



Percent Harmonic Distortion vs Output Voltage Swing (RMS)





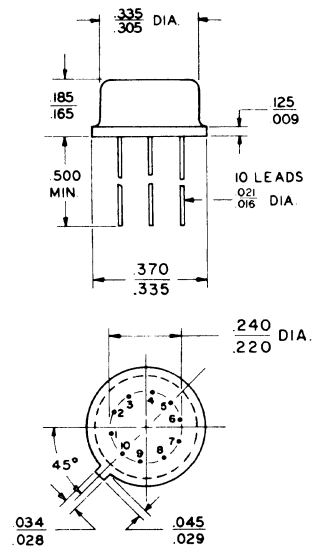
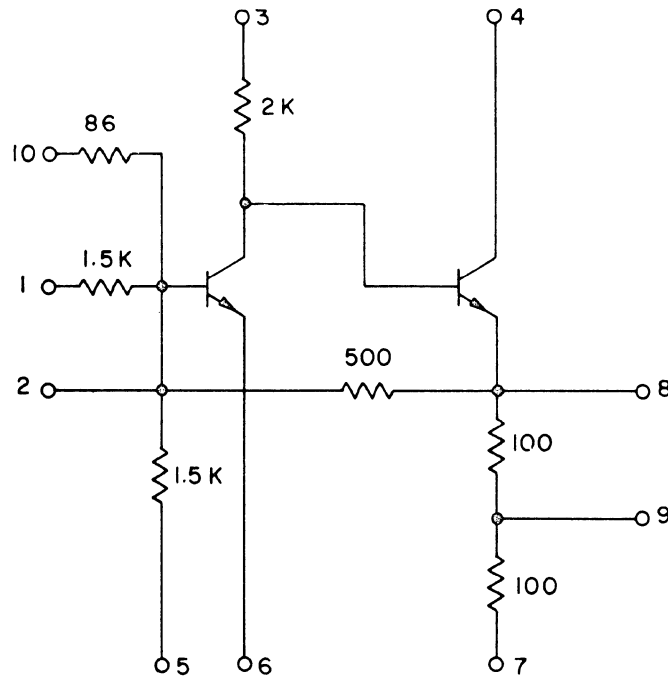
# LINEAR CIRCUIT AMPLIFIER UHF

JANUARY 1968

## 903

The 903BR and 903CR are epitaxial monolithic circuit suitable for oscillator, video and IF amplifier applications, including frequencies in the VHF Band.

R PACKAGE



PIN 6 IS INTERNALLY  
CONNECTED TO CASE

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature	903BR 903CR
Total supply voltage between pins 4 and 8 (See Test Circuit)	15 Volts

### POWER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

+12 Volts at 8.0 mA typical	
-6 Volts at 4.0 mA typical	

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:



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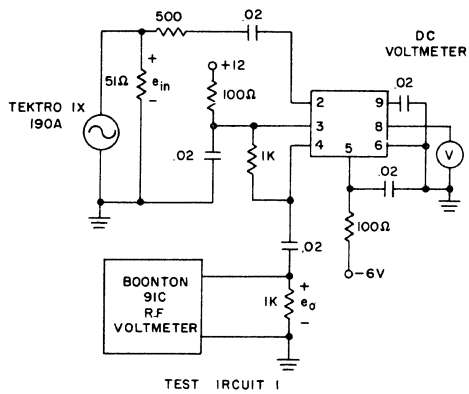


## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at 25°C (Unless Otherwise Noted)

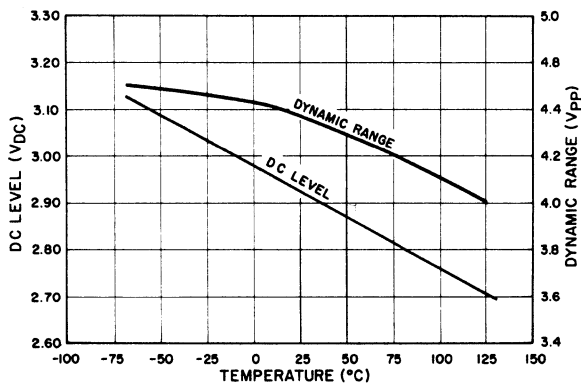
CHARACTERISTICS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS				
Dynamic Range (Note 1)	3.0	4.0		$V_{p-p}$
Temp.*	2.5	3.5		
DC Level (Pin 8)	2.4	3.0	3.4	Volts
Output Admittance		7.0	15	pf
		0.6	1.5	mmhos
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS				
Input Admittance	-10	-25		pf
		10		mmhos
TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS				
Voltage Gain	13	15	17	db
Bandwidth (-3 db)	60	110		MHz

Note 1:  $f = 500$  kHz measured from pin 4 to Ground (see test circuit)

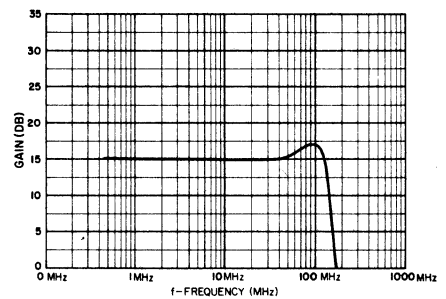
\* Limit applies for "B" grade unit for  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  
Limit applies for "C" grade unit for  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $70^{\circ}\text{C}$ .



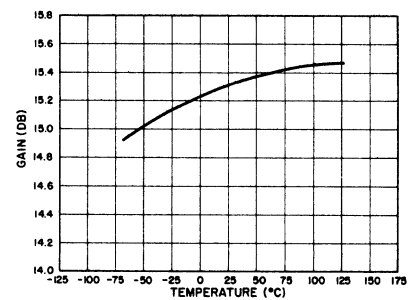
DC Level & Dynamic Range vs Temp.



Gain vs Freq.



Gain vs Temp.





# LINEAR CIRCUIT RF/IF AMPLIFIER

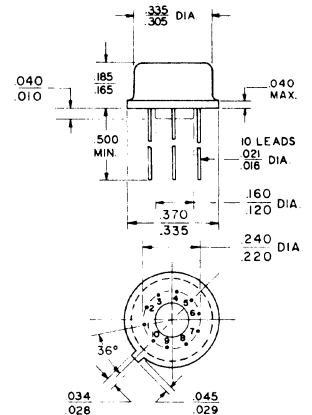
## 911

This versatile high frequency device may be used as:

- Tuned Emitter Coupled Amplifier
- Tuned Cascode Amplifier with AGC
- Mixer
- Modulator
- Oscillator
- Video Amplifier
- Differential DC Amplifier
- Numerous other applications

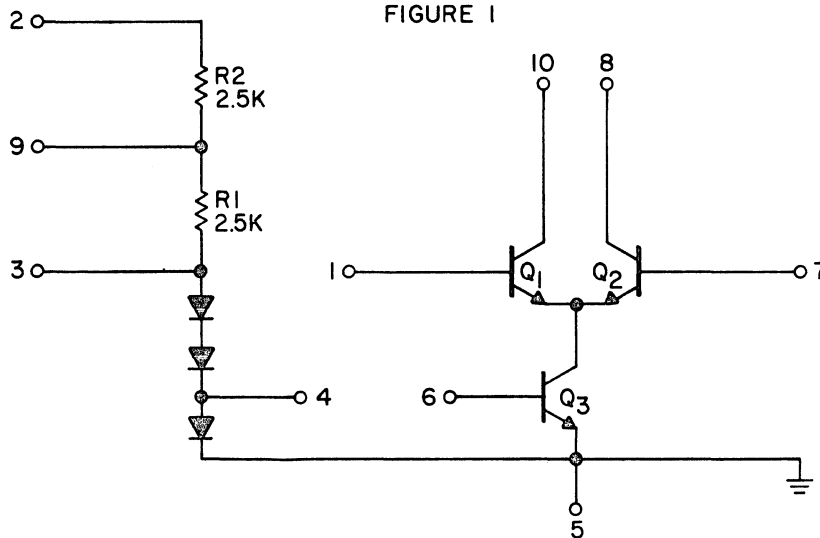
Available terminals allow the user to tailor the amplifier to his requirements, including selection of biasing configuration.

### E PACKAGE



PIN 5 IS INTERNALLY CONNECTED TO CASE

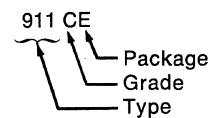
FIGURE 1



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	911B	911C
Total Supply Voltage	30 Volts	30 Volts
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +125°C	0 to 100°C
Maximum Operating Voltage	24 Volts	24 Volts
Power Dissipation	230 mW	230 mW
Voltage between 1 and 7	±5 Volts	±5 Volts
Voltage between 4 and 6	±5 Volts	±5 Volts

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:



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## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT +25°C & $V_{CC} = +12\text{ V}$ . (Unless Otherwise Specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	BIAS	FIG.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
-----------	--------	-----------------	------	------	------	------	------	-------

### DC CHARACTERISTICS

DC Output Voltage	$V_{oDC}$	$e_{in} = 0$	d	27	4.5		9.5	$V_{DC}$
Power Supply Drain Current	IPS	$e_{in} = 0$	d	27		8.0	10	mA
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{io}$	$I_b = I_{10}$	b	27		0.3	5.0	mV

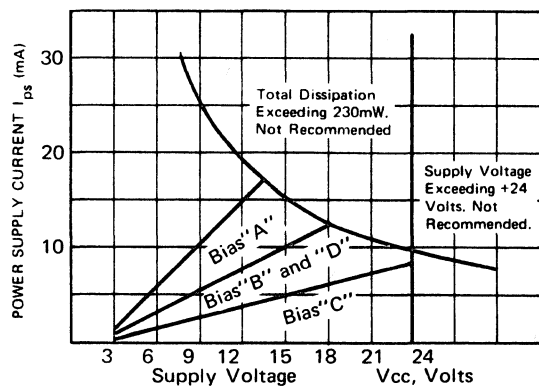
### EMITTER COUPLED CHARACTERISTICS (Input Signal < 10 mv RMS)

Input Conductance	$G_{11}$	455 kHz	b	16		0.30	0.40	mmhos
Output Conductance	$G_{22}$	455 kHz	b	16		0.01	0.04	mmhos
Magnitude of Forward Transadmittance	$ Y_{21} $	455 kHz	b	16	17	22		mmhos
Magnitude of Reverse Transadmittance	$ Y_{12} $	200 MHz	b	16		0.1		mmhos
Tuned Power Gain	$A_p$	10.7 MHz, BW = 470 kHz	b	16		24.6		db
Tuned Power Gain	$A_p$	100 MHz, BW = 5 MHz	b	16		22.7		db

### CASCODE CHARACTERISTICS (Input Signal < 10 mv RMS)

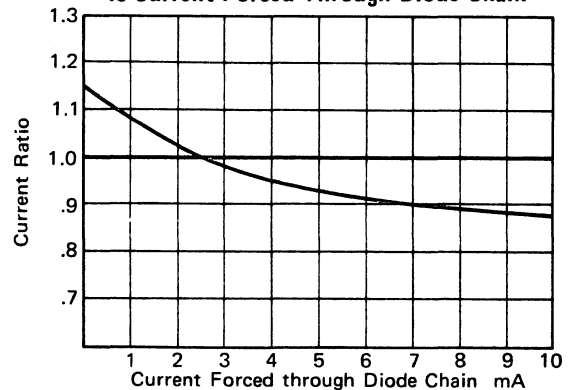
Input Conductance	$G_{11}$	455 kHz	b	5		1.0	2.5	mmhos
Output Conductance	$G_{22}$	455 kHz Connect pin 1 to 7	b	5		0.01	0.04	mmhos
Magnitude of Forward Transadmittance	$ Y_{21} $	455 kHz Pin 1 grounded	b	5	25	40		mmhos
Magnitude of Reverse Transadmittance	$ Y_{12} $	200 MHz	b	5		0.001		mmhos
Tuned Power Gain	$A_p$	100 MHz Pin 1 grounded BW = 5 MHz	b	5		27.5		db
Tuned Power Gain	$A_p$	200 MHz Pin 1 grounded BW = 6 MHz	b	5		25		db

**Total Supply Current vs Supply Voltage**



**FIGURE 2**

**Current Source - Diode Current Ratio vs Current Forced Through Diode Chain**



**FIGURE 3**

## BIASING CONSIDERATIONS

DC biasing of the 911 is achieved through monolithic matching of diode-transistor characteristics. Combinations of resistors R1 and R2 may be chosen to force a desired current from  $V_{CC}$  to ground through a three diode chain. If pin 4 is connected to pin 6 directly, through an inductor, or resistor having DC resistance less than 100 ohms, approximately the same current will be established in Q3 as is forced in the diode chain. (See figure 3.)

A DC reference voltage appears at pin 3, which may be used to bias the differential amplifier bases, pins 1 and 7. (See figure 4.) The reference voltage is approximately the minimum voltage required to operate the current source transistor, permitting maximum available output voltage swing in Q1 and Q2 under all conditions.

Currents other than those forced by the internal resistance may be obtained from a given supply voltage with an external resistance from  $V_{CC}$  to pin 3, but care should be taken not to exceed the rated maximum total dissipation. (See figure 2.)

### DC Reference Voltage (Pin 3 to 5) vs Diode Chain Current and Supply Current

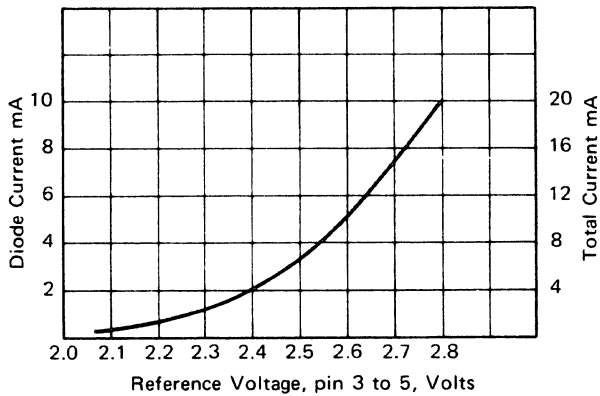


FIGURE 4

### CASCODE OPERATION

The common-emitter, common-base, or cascode, configuration is useful as a tuned RF or IF amplifier to 250 MHz. Two common-base stages are formed by the differential pair, Q1 and Q2, which may be used as a gain control system by applying a differential gain control voltage between pins 1 and 7. (Figures 11 and 13.) With Q1 cut off, maximum gain is obtained, being reduced as Q1 is progressively turned on and Q2 turned off. The input common-emitter transistor presents a nearly constant input admittance as AGC is applied (Figure 12.)

DC input bias is obtained through the input inductor from the bias chain, pin 4.

Pin 3 may be used as the DC reference for the AGC input, to assure adequate bias voltage for the collector of Q3. Where large AGC voltages are used, an external resistive divider, from pin 3 to 1 to the AGC voltage may be used to optimize the DC AGC requirements. VAGC is defined as the voltage between pin 1 and 7.

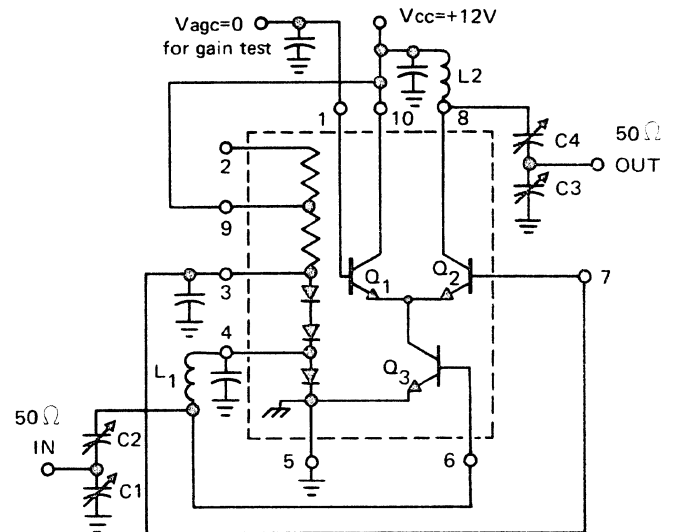
At some frequencies, bypassing may be required at pins 1, 3, 4 or the Vcc connection.

### Definition of Bias Configurations

BIAS	CONNECT	TYP. BIAS RESISTANCE
a	2 to 3, Vcc to 9	1.25 kΩ
b	Vcc to 9	2.5 kΩ
c	Vcc to 2	5.0 kΩ
d*	2 to 8, Vcc to 9	2.5 kΩ

\* Bias "d" is the "General Purpose Amplifier" Configuration, with R<sub>2</sub> as collector load.

### 100 MHz Cascode Test Circuit



C<sub>1</sub>=C<sub>3</sub> = 9-36 pf trimmer    L<sub>1</sub>=L<sub>2</sub> = 7t. #16 a.w.g.  
C<sub>2</sub>=C<sub>4</sub> = 2-8 pf trimmer    spaced 1 turn, ¼" inside diam.

FIGURE 5

### Input Resistance & Capacitance vs Frequency

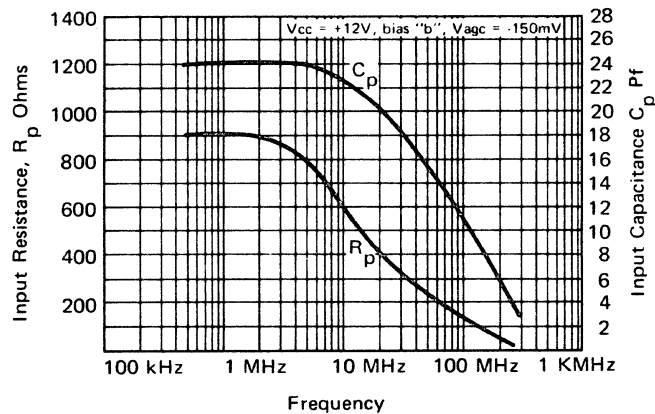


FIGURE 6

### Output Resistance & Capacitance vs Frequency

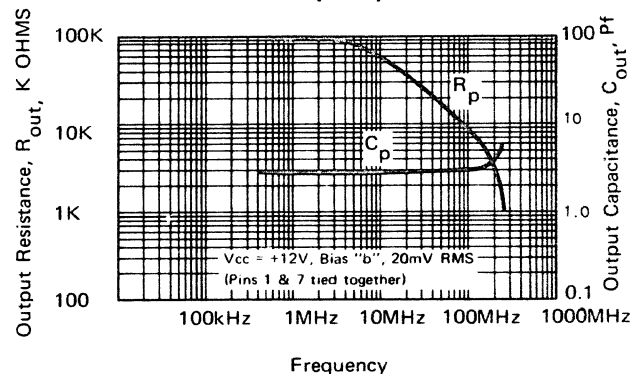
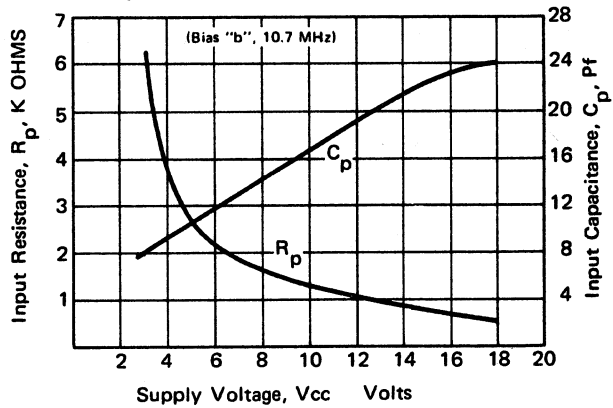


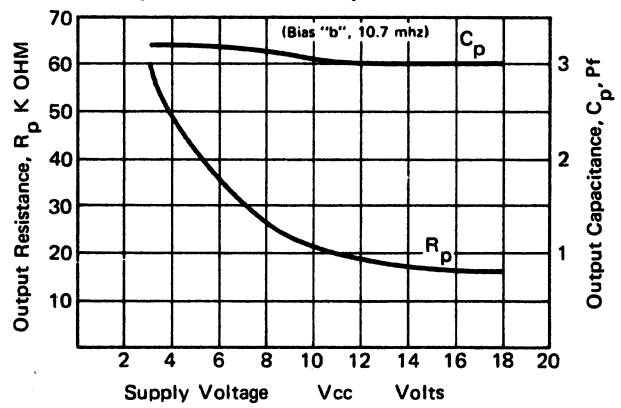
FIGURE 7

**Input Resistance & Capacitance vs Vcc**



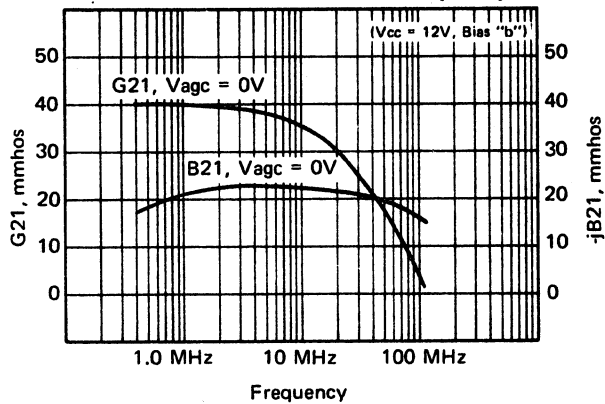
**FIGURE 8**

**Output Resistance & Capacitance vs Vcc**



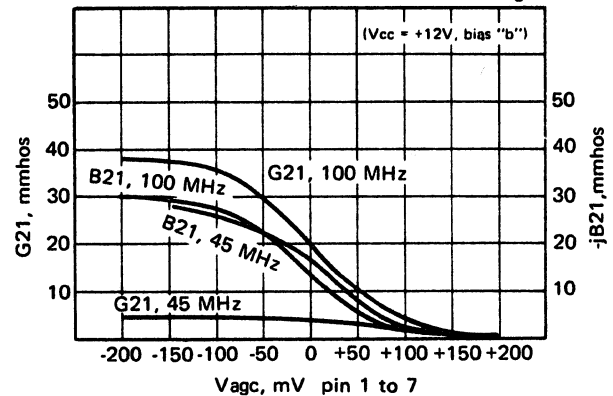
**FIGURE 9**

**Forward Transadmittance vs Frequency**



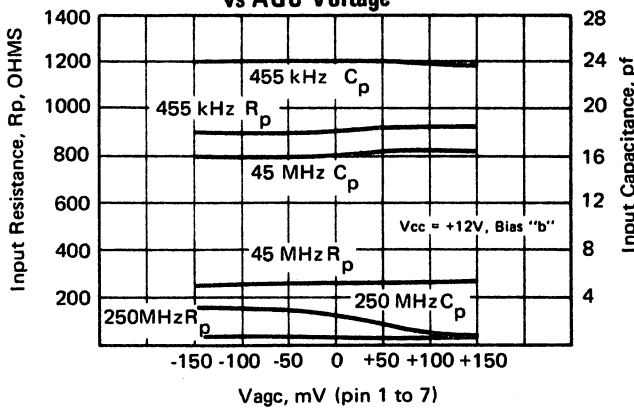
**FIGURE 10**

**Forward Transadmittance vs AGC Voltage**



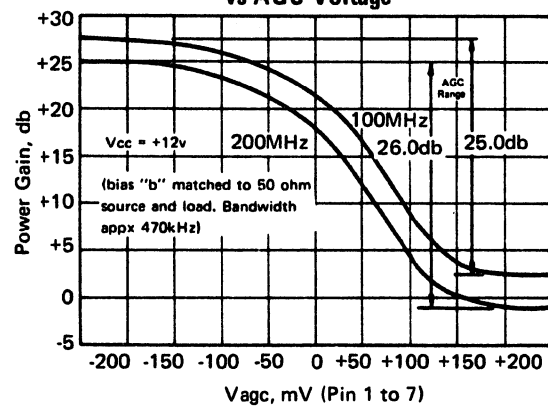
**FIGURE 11**

**Input Resistance & Capacitance vs AGC Voltage**



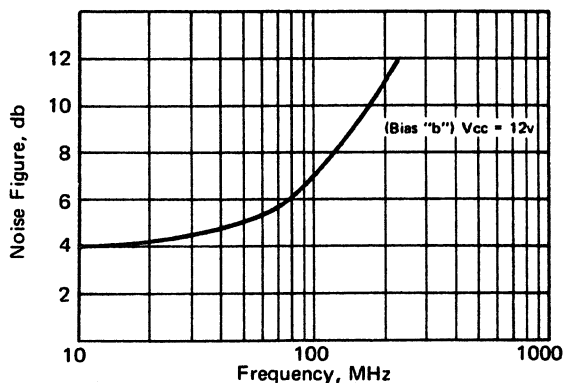
**FIGURE 12**

**Tuned Power Gain vs AGC Voltage**



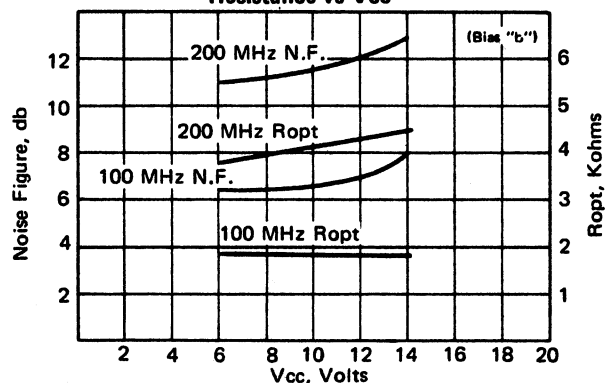
**FIGURE 13**

**Noise Figure vs Frequency**



**FIGURE 14**

**Noise Figure & Optimum Source Resistance vs Vcc**



**FIGURE 15**

## EMITTER COUPLED OPERATION

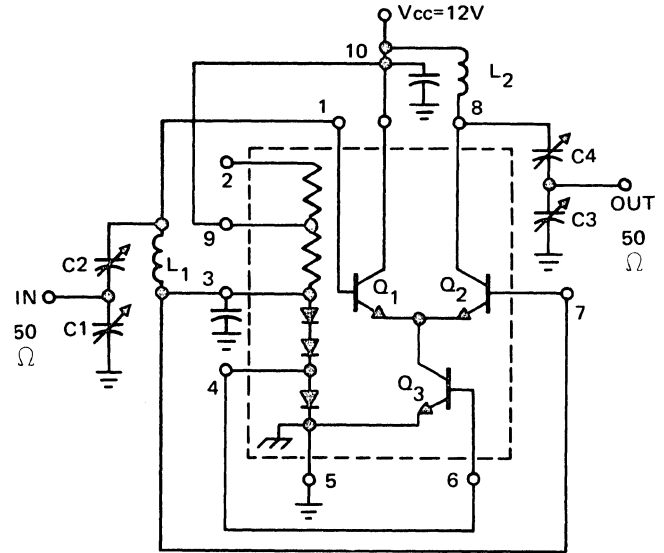
The common-collector, common-base, or emitter-coupled configuration is useful as a symmetrically non-saturated limiting RF or IF amplifier to 150 MHz. Basically a differential amplifier, this configuration is especially suited to FM IF strips using conventional interstage tuning. While available gain is lower and noise figure higher than the cascode, emitter coupled operation may be considered wherever fast recovery from large-signal overdrive or excellent AM rejection is required.

Q3 is used as a current source, obtaining its bias from the diode chain. Current available from Q3 is shunted through Q1 or Q2, depending on input signal, and is equally divided when no signal is present, assuring inherently symmetrical operation. DC bias for pin 7 is obtained from the divider chain, and through the input inductor, the same bias is applied to pin 1.

For non-saturated operation, the output load must be chosen so that the collector voltage of the output transistor is higher than the DC reference voltage, with all source current shunted into the output, for the particular bias levels used.

At some frequencies, bypassing of pins 3, 6, 7, or the Vcc connection may be required.

## 100 MHz Emitter Coupled Test Circuit



$C_1 = C_3 = 9\text{-}36$  pf trimmer  
 $C_2 = C_4 = 2\text{-}8$  pf trimmer  
 $L_1 = L_2 = 7t.$  #16 a.w.g.  
 spaced 1 turn,  $\frac{1}{4}$ " inside diam.

FIGURE 16

### Input Resistance & Capacitance vs Frequency

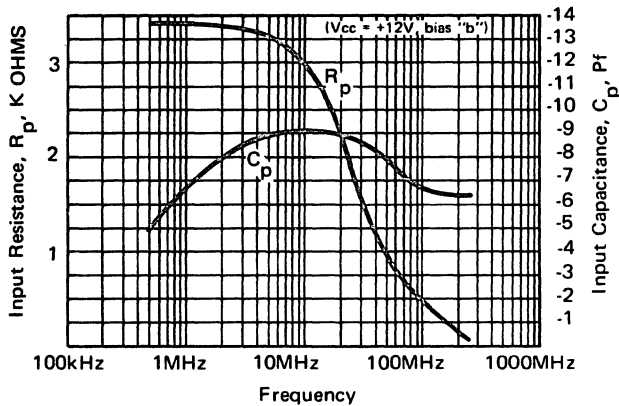


FIGURE 17

### Output Resistance & Capacitance vs Frequency

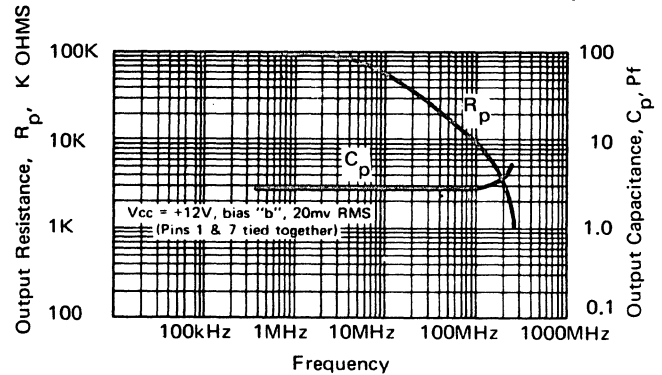


FIGURE 18

### Input Resistance & Capacitance vs Vcc

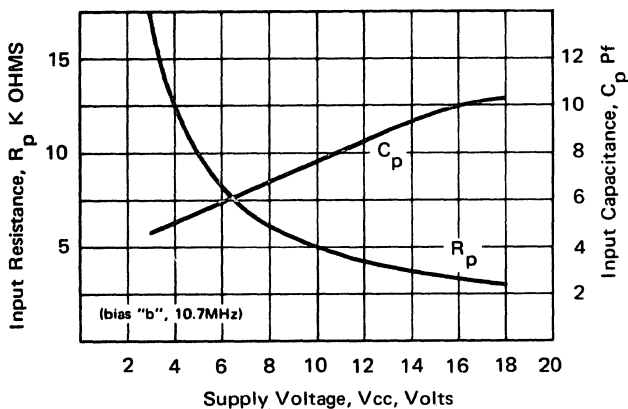


FIGURE 19

### Output Resistance & Capacitance vs Vcc

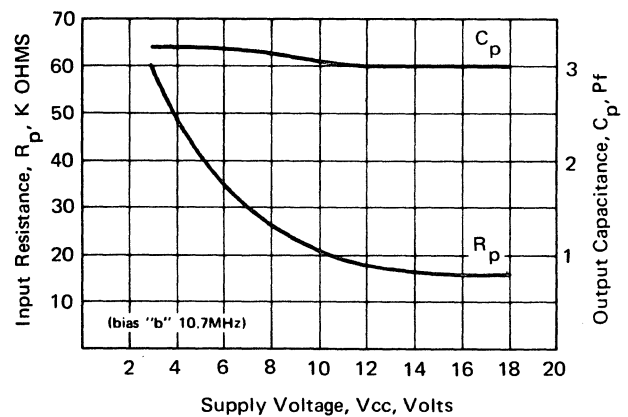
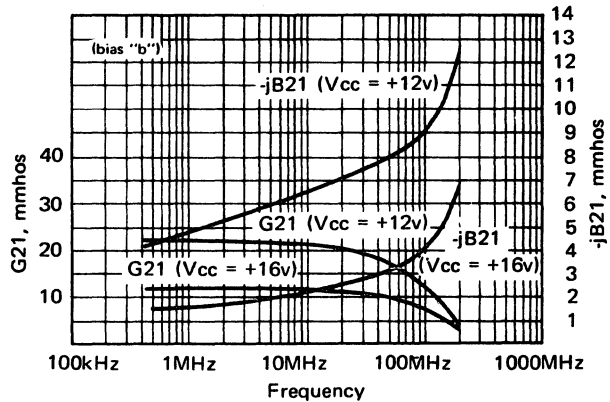


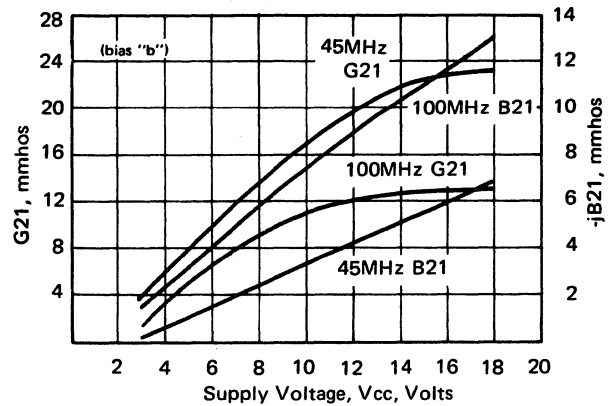
FIGURE 20

**Forward Transadmittance vs Frequency**



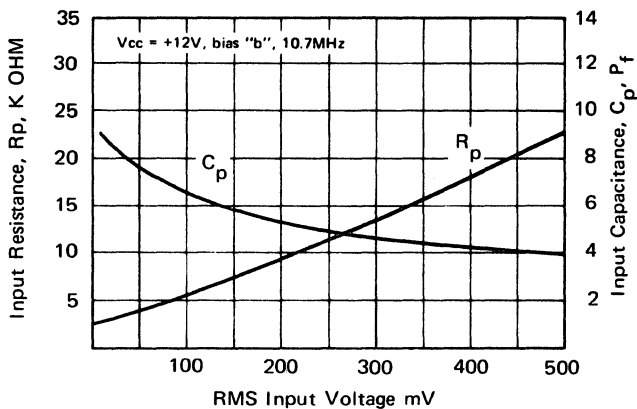
**FIGURE 21**

**Forward Transadmittance vs Vcc**



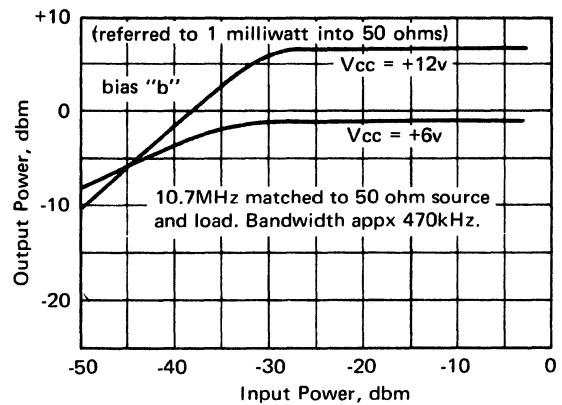
**FIGURE 22**

**Input Resistance & Capacitance vs Input Signal Level**



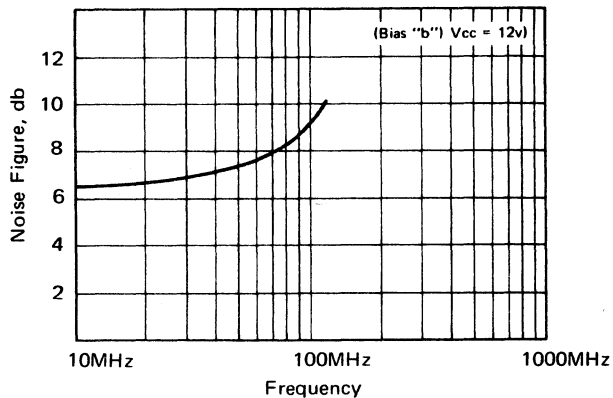
**FIGURE 23**

**Limiting Characteristic Output Power vs Input Power**



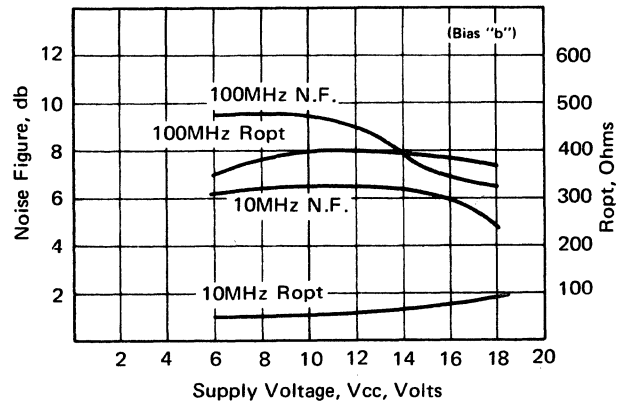
**FIGURE 24**

**Noise Figure vs Frequency**



**FIGURE 25**

**Noise Figure & Optimum Source Resistance vs Vcc**



**FIGURE 26**

## DIRECT COUPLED OPERATION

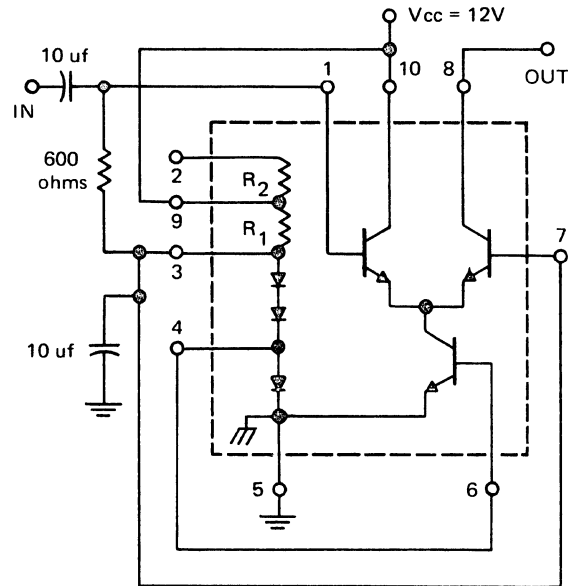
Convenient self-contained biasing, excellent monolithic matching, and high gain-bandwidth product make a wide variety of applications possible using resistive loads.

Bias "d", the "General Purpose Amplifier", uses R2 as collector load for a single-ended output, differential input amplifier, with no external components required, and with large dynamic range for all supply voltages.

By choosing the proper external load resistor, bias configuration, and supply voltage, video amplifiers may be constructed to meet specific gain and bandwidth requirements, in either cascode or emitter coupled form.

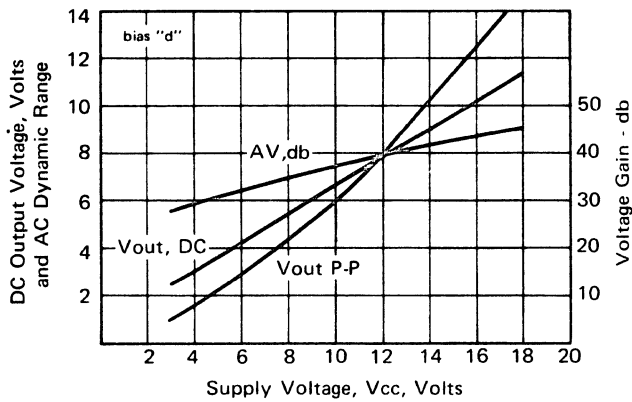
With matched pairs of external load resistors, true differential DC amplifiers may be constructed, with large common-mode input range, input offset voltages typically 0.3 mV, and monolithically matched, self-contained current sources easily tailored to specific operating point requirements.

**Direct Coupled Test Circuit  
(Connect Pins 2 and 8 For Bias "d")**



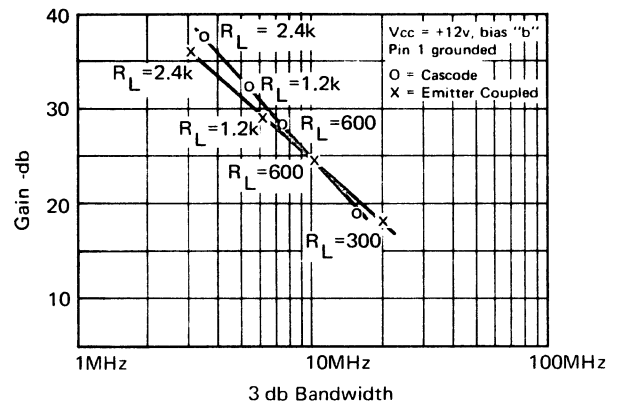
**FIGURE 27**

**General Purpose Amplifier Voltage Gain,  
DC Output Voltage & Dynamic Range vs Vcc**



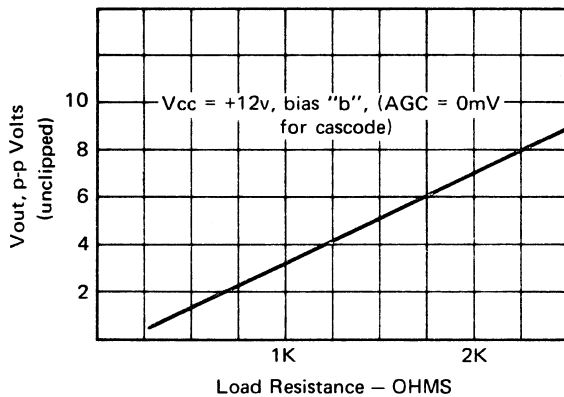
**FIGURE 28**

**Cascode & Emitter Coupled Video Amplifiers  
Voltage Gain & Load Resistance vs Bandwidth**



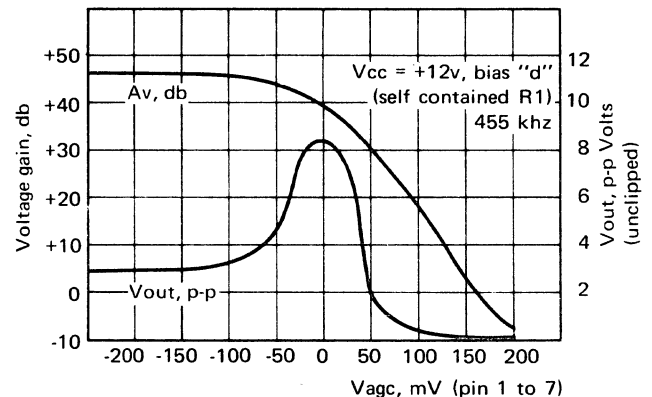
**FIGURE 29**

**Cascode & Emitter Coupled Video Amplifiers  
Dynamic Range vs Load Resistance**



**FIGURE 30**

**Cascode Video Amplifier Voltage Gain &  
Dynamic Range vs AGC Voltage**



**FIGURE 31**









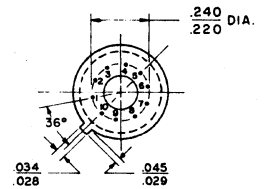
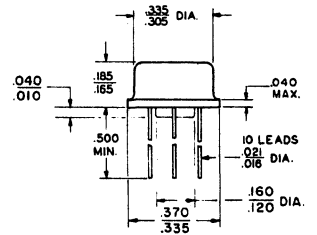
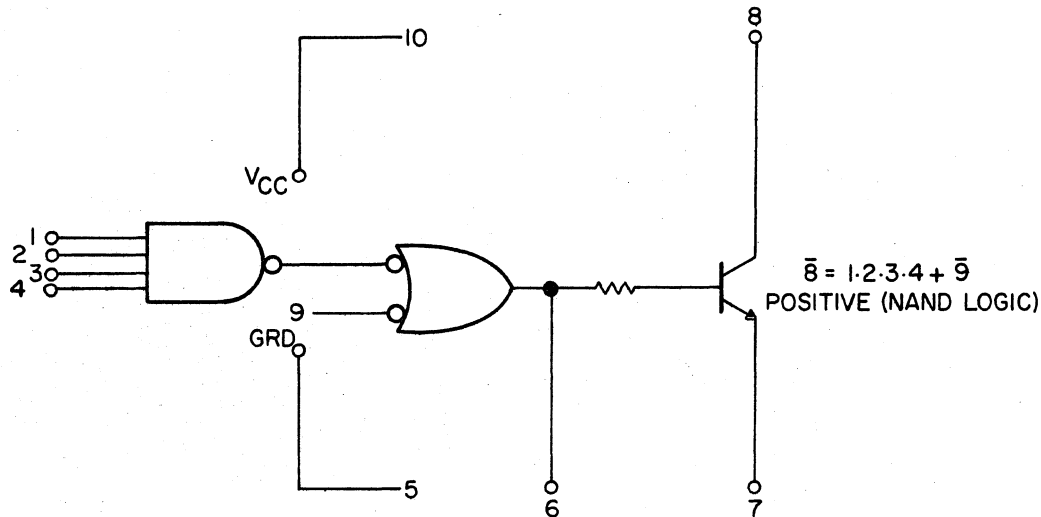
# HYBRID CIRCUIT SWITCH QUAD INPUT

JANUARY 1968

## 2001BE

- INPUTS DTL COMPATIBLE (USES T<sup>2</sup>L 580)
- USE FOR CORE, CABLE, AND LAMP DRIVER
- HIGH CURRENT CAPABILITY—UP TO 250 mA
- HIGH VOLTAGE CAPABILITY—40 VOLTS  $BV_{CEX}$
- LOGIC FLEXIBILITY—4 INPUT NAND WITH INHIBIT (NOR) INPUT

E PACKAGE



PIN 5 IS INTERNALLY CONNECTED TO CASE

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(25°C Free Air Temperature unless otherwise noted)

Maximum Voltage Applied to Pin 8	40 Volts
Maximum Voltage Applied to Pin 10	6.8 Volts
Power Operating	800 mW
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C

Complete part number designation consists of four digits and two letters, for example:

2001BE



AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR

1300 Terra Bella Ave. • Mountain View • Calif. 94040

A TELEDYNE COMPANY

Phone (415) 968-9241

TWX: (910) 379-6494

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V<sub>CC</sub> = +5.0 Volts, Pins 5 and 7 Grounded)

CHARACTERISTICS	PIN MEASURED	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
V <sub>OL</sub> (Output Low) with V <sub>1</sub> = V <sub>2</sub> = V <sub>3</sub> = V <sub>4</sub> = V <sub>9</sub> = 2.0 Volts, I <sub>B</sub> = 250 mA	V <sub>8</sub>			400	mV
I <sub>CEX</sub> (Output High) with V <sub>1</sub> or V <sub>2</sub> or V <sub>3</sub> or V <sub>4</sub> = 1.0 Volts, V <sub>9</sub> open, V <sub>8</sub> = 40 Volts	I <sub>8</sub>			5.0	μA
V <sub>OHB</sub> (Buffer Output High) with V <sub>1</sub> = V <sub>2</sub> = V <sub>3</sub> = V <sub>4</sub> = V <sub>9</sub> = 2.0 Volts	V <sub>6</sub>	2.1			Volts
V <sub>OLB</sub> (Buffer Output Low) with V <sub>1</sub> or V <sub>2</sub> or V <sub>3</sub> or V <sub>4</sub> = 1.0 Volts, V <sub>9</sub> open	V <sub>6</sub>			100	mV
I <sub>F</sub> (Input Current of Pin 1, 2, 3, 4, or 9) Pin under test at 0 Volts, other inputs open	I <sub>1-4,9</sub>			-1.6	mA
t <sub>on</sub> (Switch Turn-On Time) (See test conditions Figure 1)			70	160	ns
t <sub>off</sub> (Switch Turn-Off Time) (See test conditions Figure 1)			110	220	ns

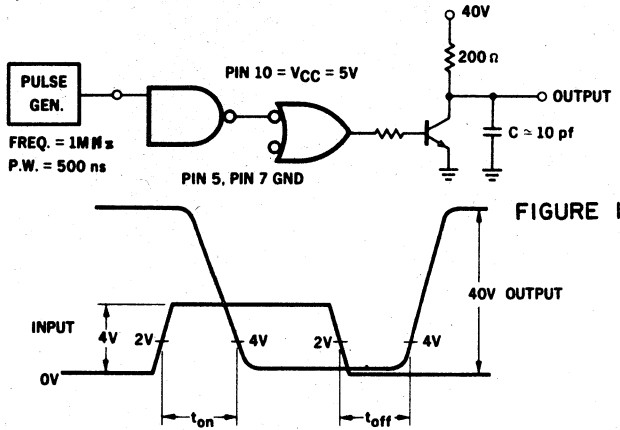
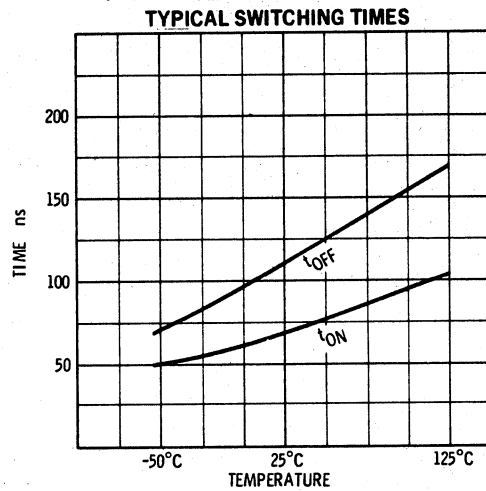
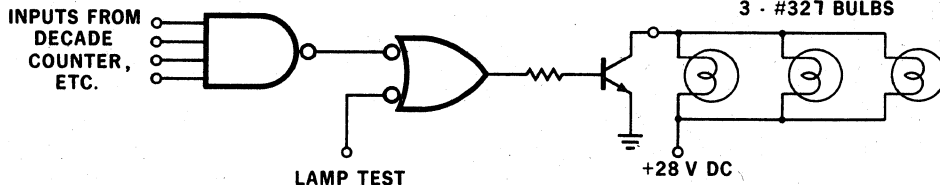


FIGURE 1

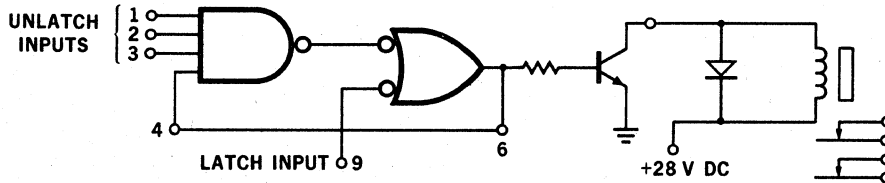


### LAMP DRIVER-



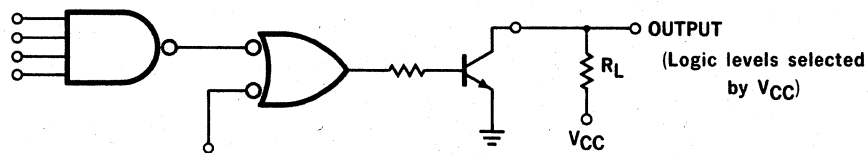
LAMP TEST

### LATCHING RELAY-



Relay will unlatch if any input (1, 2, 3) goes low.

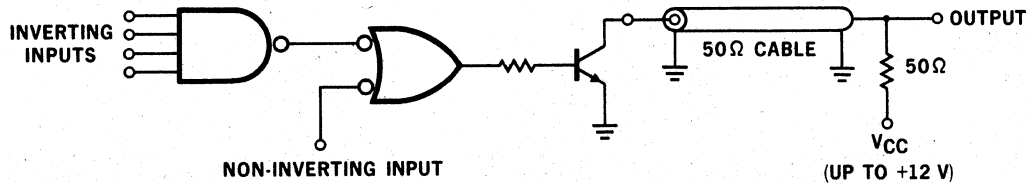
### DTμL INTERFACE DRIVER-



R<sub>L</sub> ≥ 160 Ω at V<sub>CC</sub> = 40 VOLTS

R<sub>L</sub> ≥ 80 Ω at V<sub>CC</sub> = 20 VOLTS

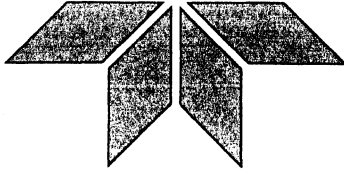
### HIGH-CURRENT LINE TRANSMITTER-



NOTE: If only non-inverting input is used, one of the inverting inputs must be grounded.

**2107BE**  
**2110BE**

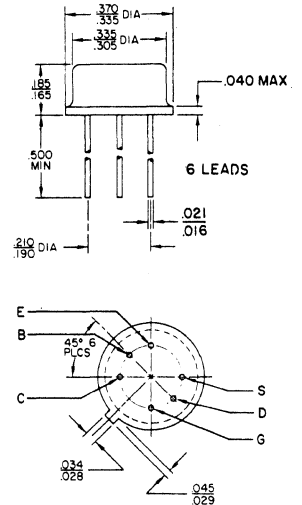
**HYBRID CIRCUIT  
SWITCH**  
**SINGLE POLE  
SINGLE THROW**



These gates are designed for general purpose high level signal switching, scanning, multiplexing, A/D conversion, telemetry and chopper applications. They feature high switching speed plus the capability of handling high level AC signals at frequencies in excess of 1 MHz.

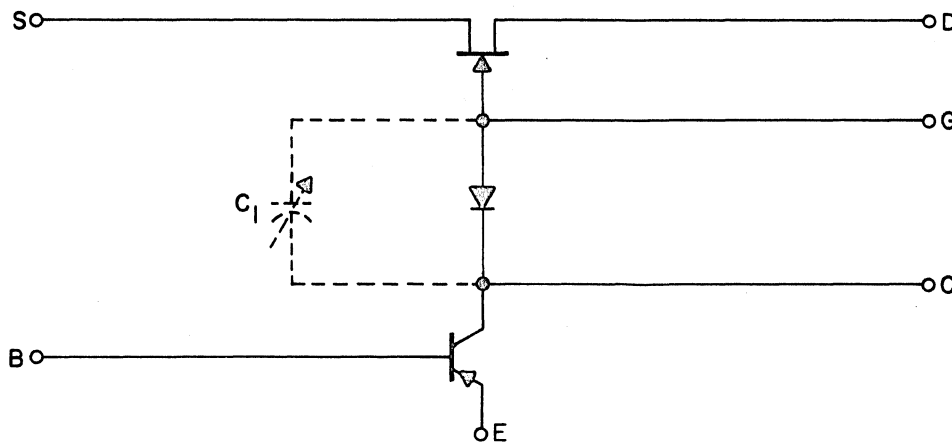
The elements provide the necessary isolation between the data signal and the drive signal without the use of a transformer and have zero offset voltage. Internal diode requires no external capacitor for switching application.

**E PACKAGE**



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

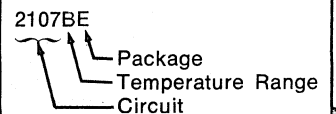
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +165°C
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C
Power Dissipation at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8 Watt 2.0
Derating factors $\theta_{JA}$ $\theta_{JC}$	4.0 mW/°C 20



**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT +25°C**  
**(Unless Otherwise Specified)**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNITS
DC Output Voltage Range	$V_{OUT}$	See Figure 1 See Figure 1	±5		Volts
			±10		
Drain-Source On Resistance	$r_{ds}$	$I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{GS} = 0$		100	$\Omega$
				50	
		$I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{GS} = 0,$ $T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$		140	
				90	

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters, for example:



**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR**

1300 Terra Bella Ave. • Mountain View • Calif. 94040

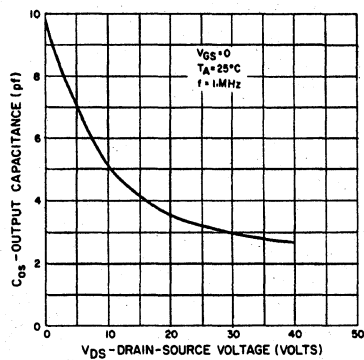
A TELEDYNE COMPANY

Phone (415) 968-9241

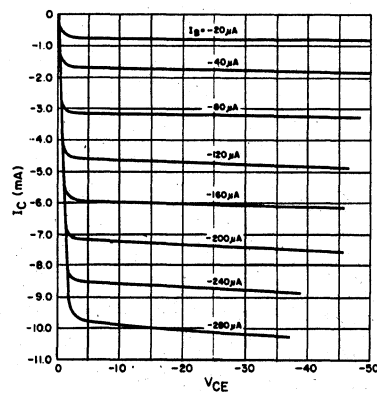
TWX: (910) 379-6494

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Turn-On Time	$t_{on}$	See Figure 1		350	700	nsec
Turn-Off Time	$t_{off}$	See Figure 1		350	700	nsec
Drain-Gate Capacitance	$C_{dgo}$	$V_{DG} = 10\text{ V}$ $I_S = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$			5.0	pf
Source-Gate Capacitance	$C_{sgo}$	$V_{SG} = 10\text{ V}$ $I_D = 0$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$			5.0	pf
Drain Cutoff Current	$I_{D(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}$ $V_{GS} = -7.0\text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}$ $V_{GS} = -7.0\text{ V}, T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$		0.2 20	1.0	nA
Gate-Channel Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{ESS}$	$I_G = 1.0\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{DS} = 0$	30			Volts
Collector-Base Cutoff Current	$I_{CBO}$	$V_{CB} = 30\text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$			10	nA
Collector-Gate Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{CBO}$	$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 0$	40			Volts
Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage	$V_{CEO}$		40			Volts
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{EBO}$	$I_E = 0.1\ \mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 0$	5.0			Volts
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	40			
AC Output Voltage Range	$e_{OUT}$	See Figure 2		5.6 10		$V_{p-p}$
	2107BE 2110BE					

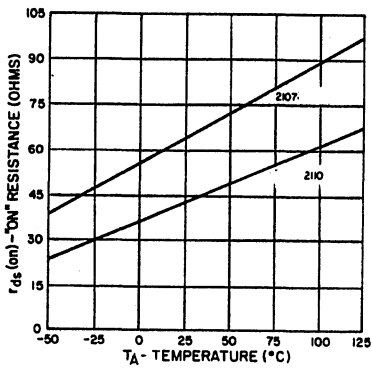
Output Capacitance  
VS  
Drain-Source Voltage



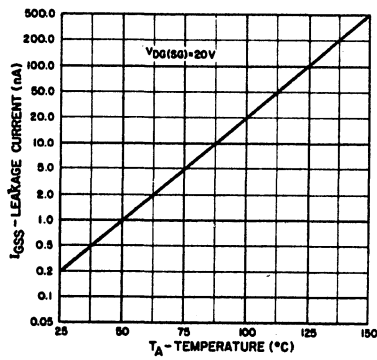
PNP  
Transfer  
Characteristics



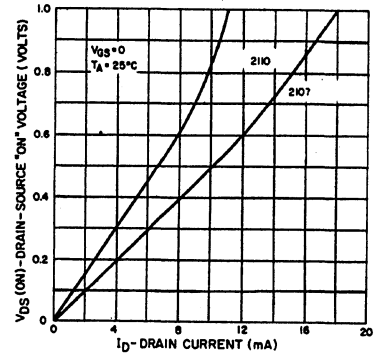
On Resistance  
VS  
Ambient Temperature



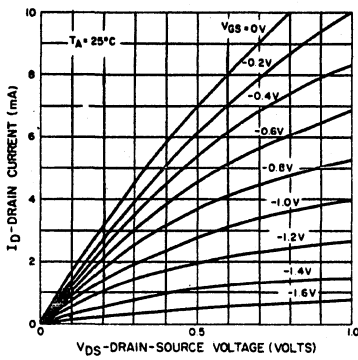
Drain Cutoff Current  
and Source Cutoff Current  
VS  
Ambient Temperature



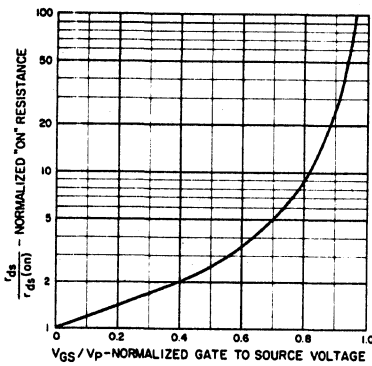
Drain-Source "ON" Voltage  
VS  
Drain Current



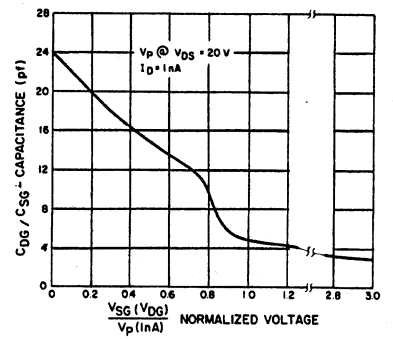
FET  
Transfer  
Characteristics  
2107 BE



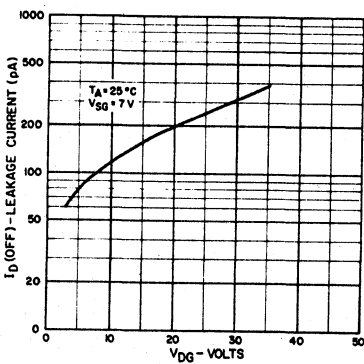
NORMALIZED VDS  
VS.  
VGS



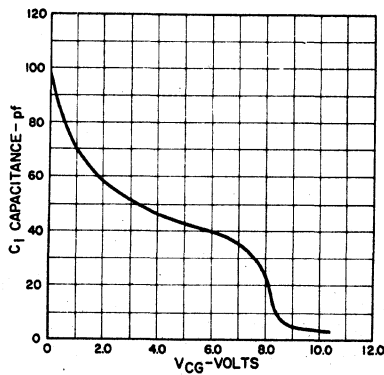
Junction Capacitance  
VS  
Normalized Bias



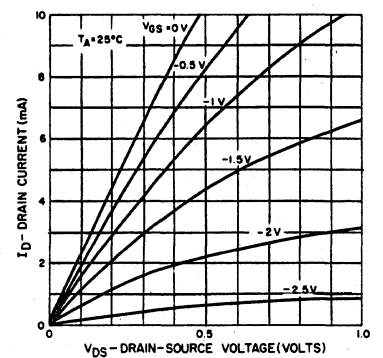
Leakage Current  
VS  
Voltage



C1 Capacitance  
VS  
VCG



FET  
Transfer  
Characteristics  
2110 BE



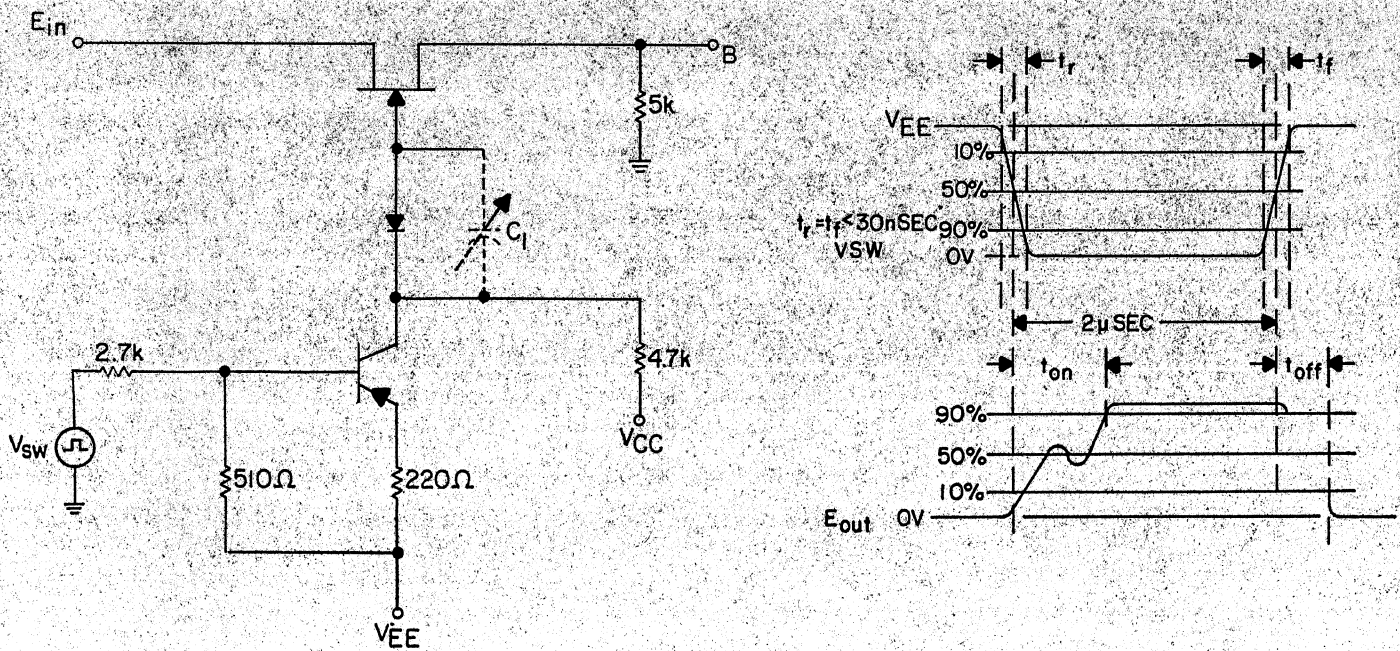


Figure 1. DC Input Test Circuit

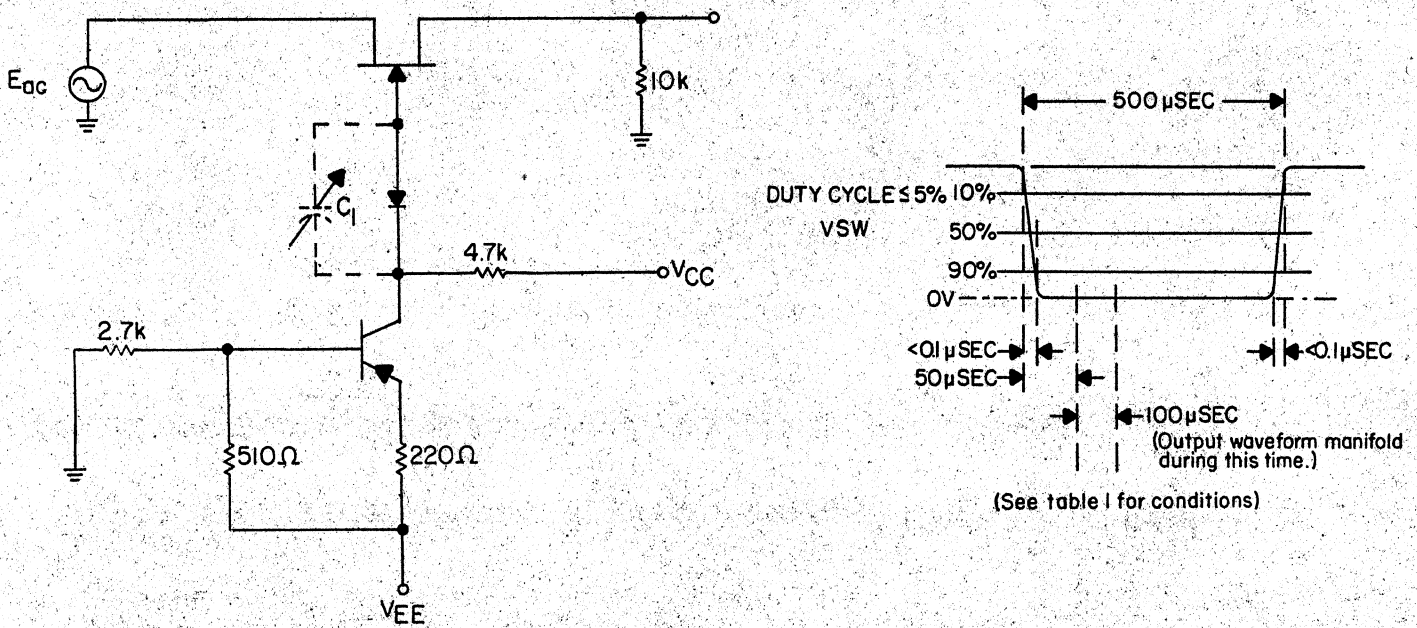


Figure 2. AC Clipping Test Circuit

TABLE I

GATE	2107BE	2110BE
$V_{EE}$	+12 V	+18 V
$V_{CC}$	-12 V	-18 V





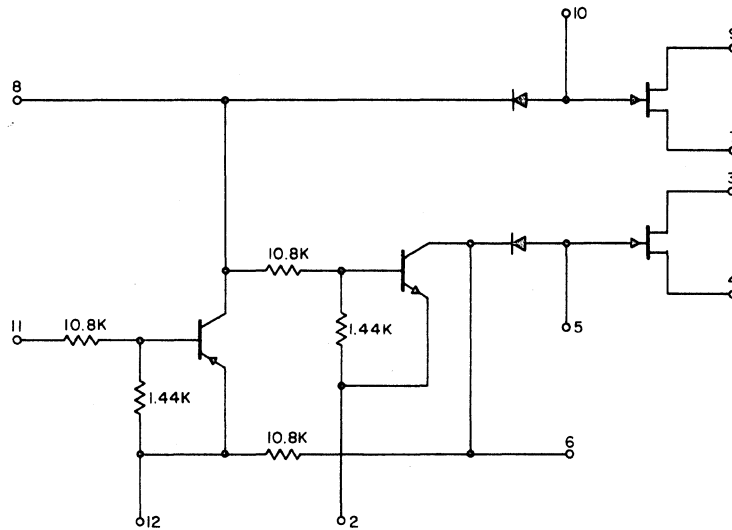
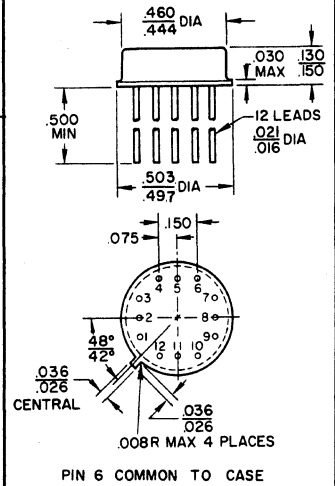
# HYBRID CIRCUIT SWITCH

## DOUBLE THROW SINGLE POLE

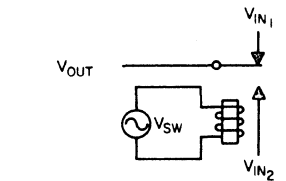
# 2114BF

This Analog Switch is used for high level multiplexing, A/D conversion, telemetry, and chopper applications. It features high switching speeds and has the capability of handling ac signals with frequencies in excess of one megahertz.

### F Package



Circuit Schematic

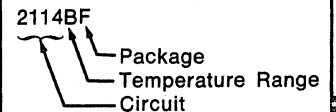


(Mechanical Equivalent)

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +125°C
Power Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	1.36 W
Thermal Resistance @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	
θ <sub>JC</sub>	50°C/Watt
θ <sub>JA</sub>	110°C/Watt

Complete part number designation consists of four digits and two letters, for example:



**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR**

1300 Terra Bella Ave. • Mountain View • Calif. 94040

A TELEDYNE COMPANY

Phone (415) 968-9241

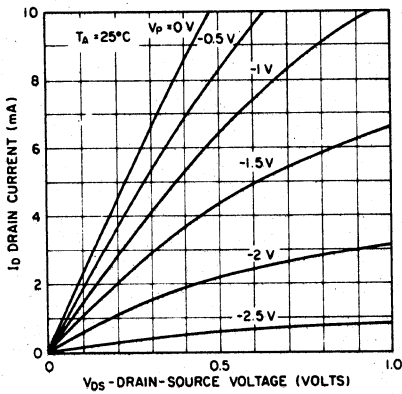
TWX: (910) 379-6494



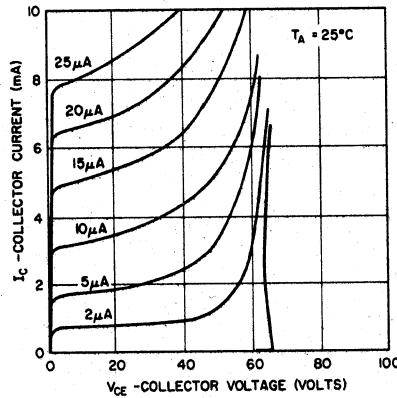
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMIT		UNITS
			MIN.	MAX.	
Static Drain-Source "ON" Resistance	$r_{DS}$	$I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$ $I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0, T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$		100 150	$\Omega$
Drain-Gate Leakage Current	$I_{D(OFF)}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -7.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -7.0 \text{ V}, T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$		1.0 60	nA
FET Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{I(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	35		Volts
Diode Breakdown Voltage	$V_R$	$I_R = 1.0 \mu\text{A}$	40		Volts
Drain-Gate Capacitance	$C_{dgo}$	$V_{DC} = 20 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		5.0	pf
Source-Gate Capacitance	$C_{sgo}$	$V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		5.0	pf
Turn-On Time	$t_{on}$	See Figure 1		1.5	$\mu\text{sec}$
Turn-Off Time	$t_{off}$	See Figure 1		1.5	$\mu\text{sec}$
DC Voltage Range	$V_{OUT}$	See Figure 2	$\pm 9.0$		Volts
AC Peak Voltage Range	$E_{OUT}$	See Figure 2	$\pm 9.0$		Volts

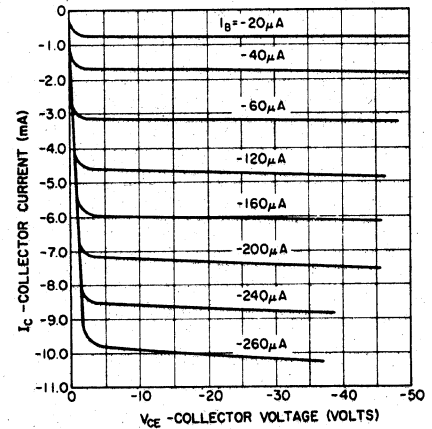
FET  
Common Source-  
Drain Characteristics



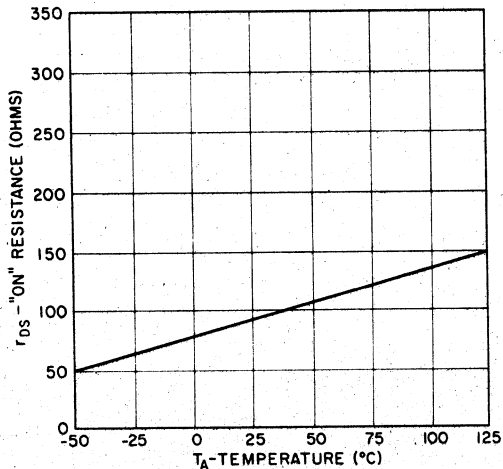
NPN  
Transfer  
Characteristics



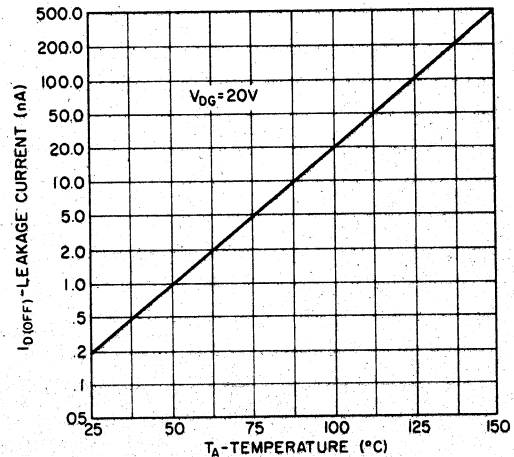
PNP  
Transfer  
Characteristics



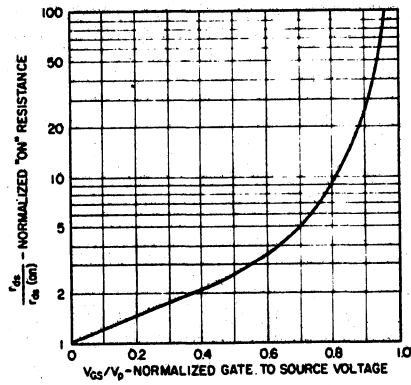
Drain-Source "ON" Resistance  
VS  
Ambient Temperature



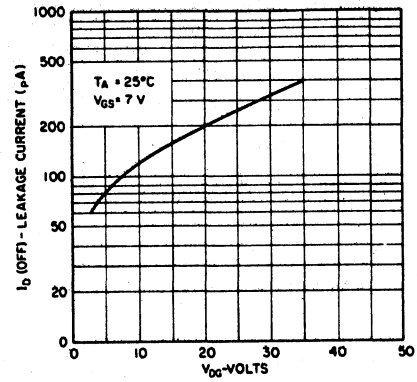
Drain-Gate Leakage Current  
VS  
Ambient Temperature



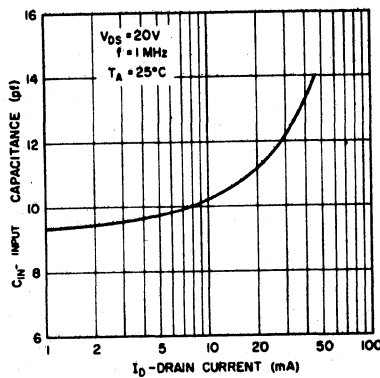
Normalized  $r_{ds}$  vs  $V_{GS}$



Drain-Gate Leakage Current vs Drain-Gate Voltage



Input Capacitance vs Drain Current



Junction Capacitance vs Normalized Bias

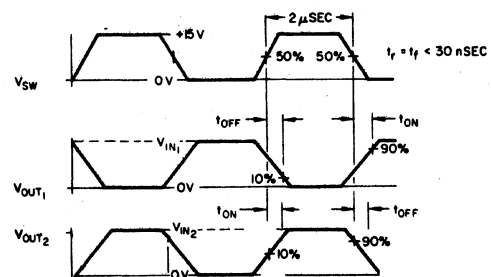
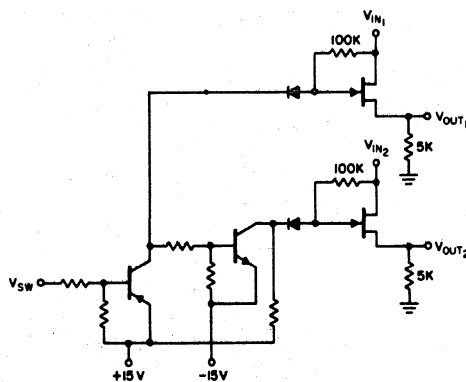
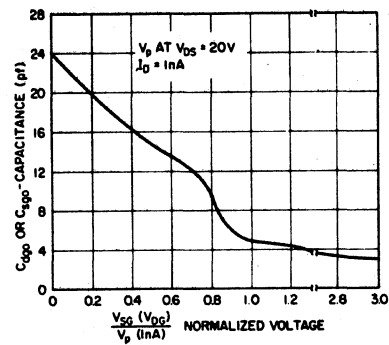


Figure 1. Switching Time & DC Voltage Test

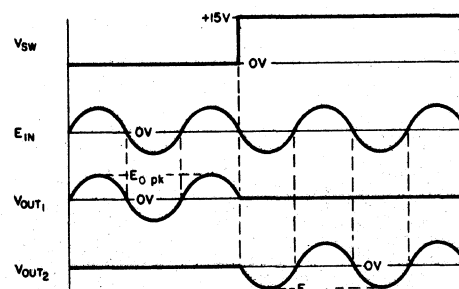
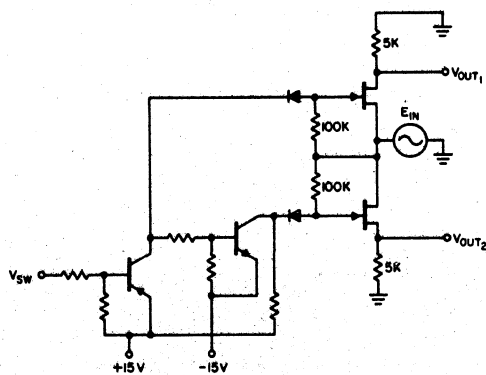
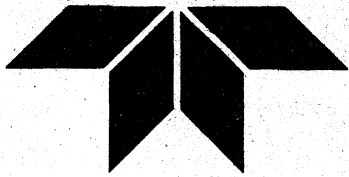


Figure 2. AC Clipping Level Test



# HYBRID CIRCUIT SWITCH

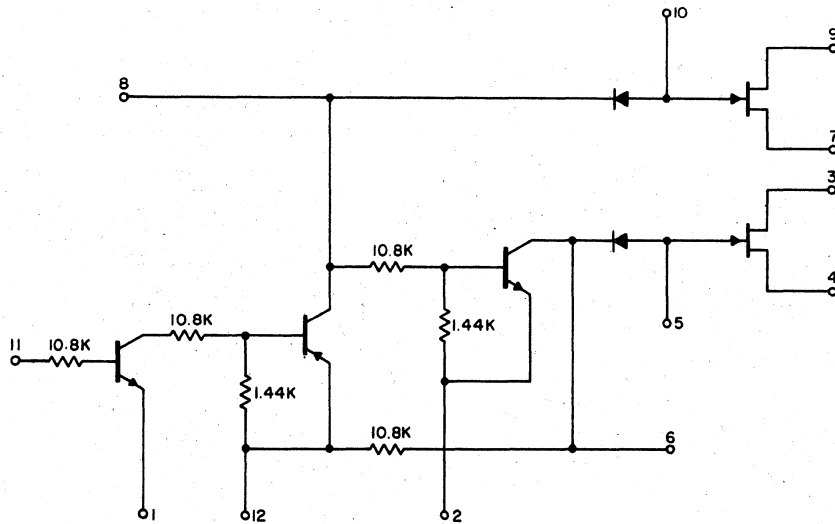
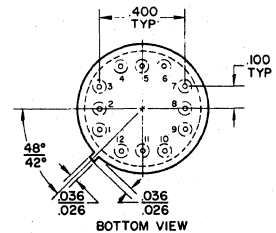
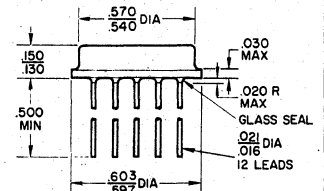
## DOUBLE THROW SINGLE POLE

JANUARY 1968

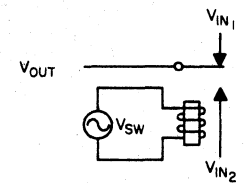
# 2126BG

This Analog Switch is used for high level multiplexing, A/D conversion, telemetry, and chopper applications and may be driven from TTL, DTL, RTL, or SHUL logic. It features high switching speeds and has the capability of handling ac signals with frequencies in excess of one megahertz.

### G PACKAGE



Circuit Schematic

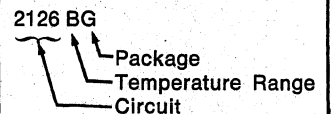


(Mechanical Equivalent)

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +125°C
Operating Voltages	±18 Volts
Thermal Resistance @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	
θ <sub>JA</sub>	110°C/Watt
θ <sub>JC</sub>	50°C/Watt

Complete part number designation consists of four digits and two letters, for example:



AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR

1300 Terra Bella Ave. • Mountain View • Calif. 94040

A TELEDYNE COMPANY

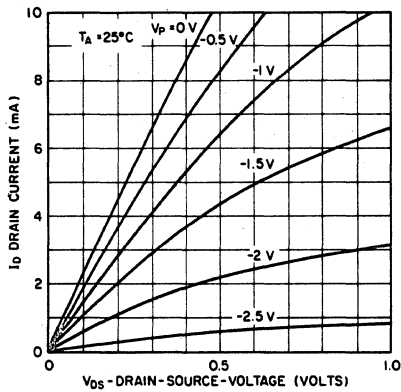
Phone (415) 968-9241

TWX: (910) 379-6494

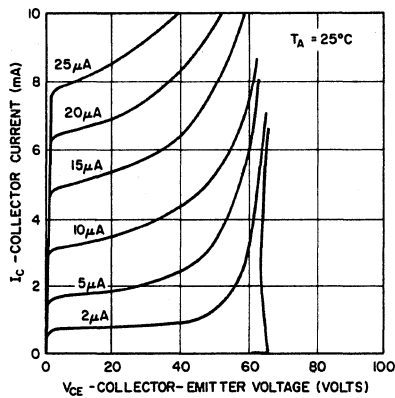
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMIT		UNITS
			MIN.	MAX.	
Static Drain-Source "ON" Resistance	$r_{DS}$	$I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$ $I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0, T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$		65 95	$\Omega$
Drain-Gate Leakage Current	$I_{D(off)}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -7.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = -7.0 \text{ V}, T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$		1.0 60	nA
FET Gate-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)GSS}$	$I_G = 1.0 \mu\text{A}, V_{DS} = 0$	35		Volts
Diode Breakdown Voltage	$V_R$	$I_R = 1.0 \mu\text{A}$	40		Volts
Drain-Gate Capacitance	$C_{dgo}$	$V_{DC} = 20 \text{ V}, I_S = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		7.0	pf
Source-Gate Capacitance	$C_{sgo}$	$V_{GS} = 20 \text{ V}, I_D = 0$ $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		7.0	pf
Turn-On Time	$t_{on}$	See Fig. 1		2.0	$\mu\text{sec}$
Turn-Off Time	$t_{off}$	See Fig. 1		2.0	$\mu\text{sec}$
DC Voltage Range	$V_{OUT}$	See Fig. 1.	$\pm 8.0$		Volts
AC Peak Voltage Range	$E_{OUT}$	See Fig. 2	$\pm 8.0$		Volts

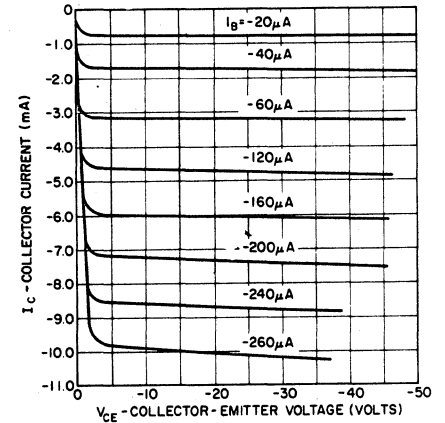
FET  
Common Source-  
Drain Characteristics



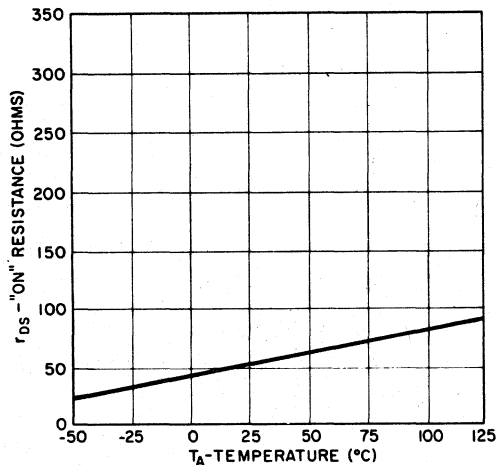
NPN  
Transfer  
Characteristics



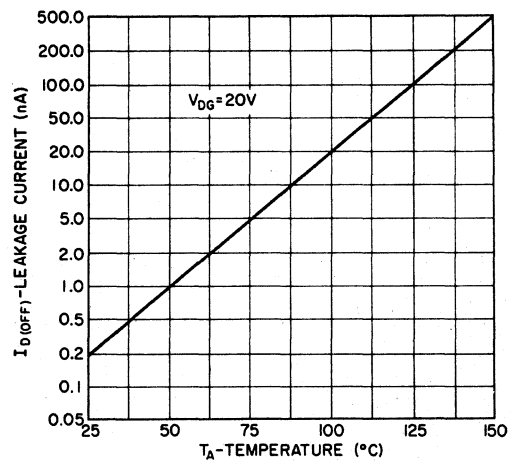
PNP  
Transfer  
Characteristics



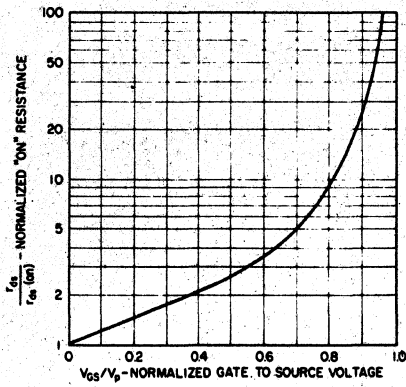
Drain-Source "ON" Resistance  
VS  
Ambient Temperature



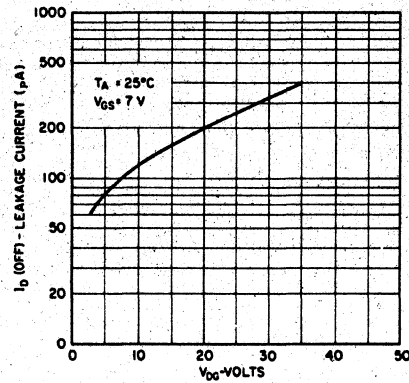
Drain-Gate Leakage Current  
VS  
Ambient Temperature



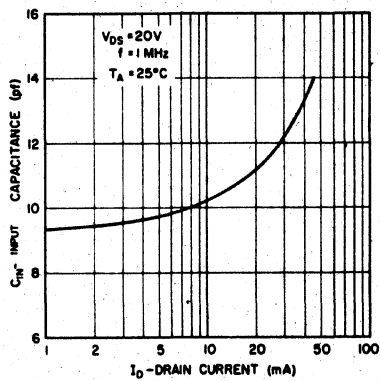
Normalized  $r_{ds}$  vs  $V_{GS}$



Drain-Gate Leakage Current vs Drain-Gate Voltage



Input Capacitance vs Drain Current



Junction Capacitance vs Normalized Bias

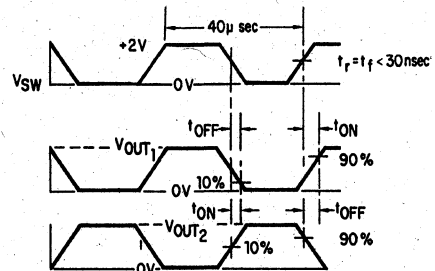
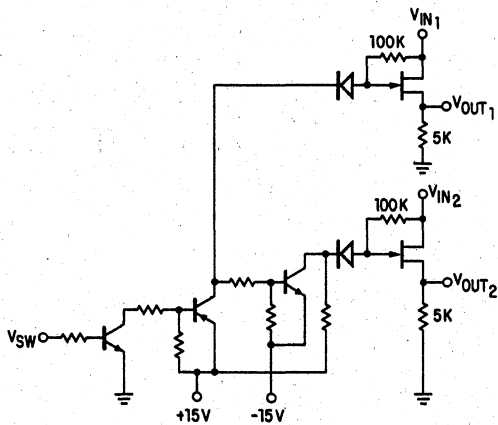
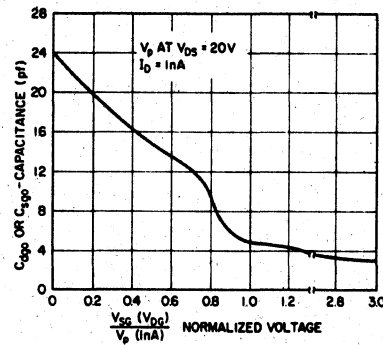


Figure 1. Switching Time & DC Voltage Test

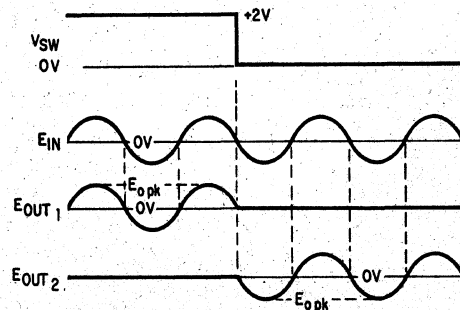
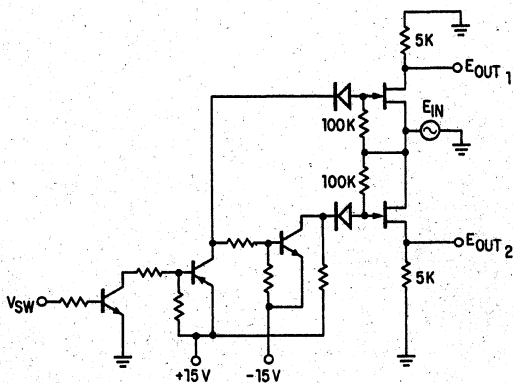
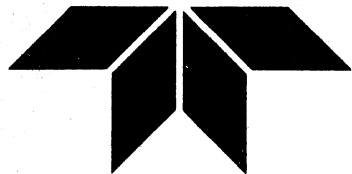


Figure 2. AC Clipping Level Test

# 2128BG

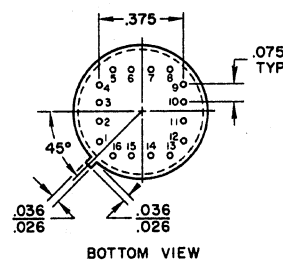
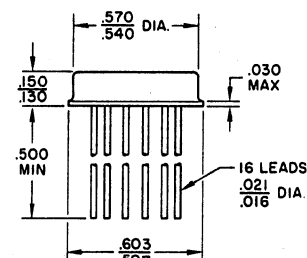
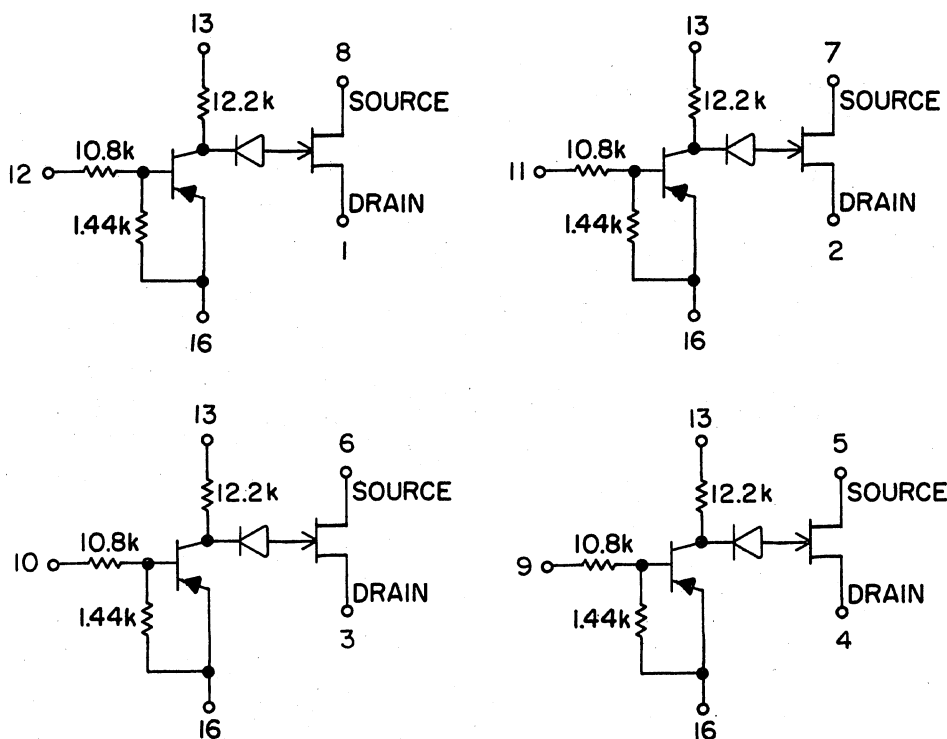
## HYBRID CIRCUIT SWITCH QUAD SINGLE POLE SINGLE THROW



The Amelco 2128BG is a quad analog switch for multiplexing, sample and hold, A/D conversion and chopper applications.

Thin film techniques were used to combine four FET diodes, twelve thin-film tantalum resistors, four 2N2907 pnp transistors and four 2N4092 FET's in one low profile TO-8 header. As a result, a quad analog gate is available for military and industrial applications where more reliability, added performance, and more package density are required.

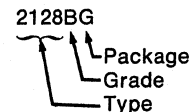
G PACKAGE



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +125°C
Thermal Resistance	$\theta_{JA} = 50^\circ\text{C/Watt}$ $\theta_{JC} = 110^\circ\text{C/Watt}$
Operating Voltages	+V <sub>CC</sub> = +18 Volts -V <sub>CC</sub> = -18 Volts

Complete part number designation consists of four digits and two letters, for example:



AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR

1300 Terra Bella Ave. • Mountain View • Calif. 94040

A TELEDYNE COMPANY

Phone (415) 968-9241

TWX: (910) 379-6494

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at 25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS		UNITS
			MIN.	MAX.	
Static Drain-Source "ON" Resistance	$r_{ds}$	$I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}$		50	Ohms
		$I_D = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$		90	Ohms
Drain-Gate Leakage Current	$I_{D(off)}$	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}$ $V_{GS} = -7.0 \text{ V}$		1.0	nA
		$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}$ $V_{GS} = -7.0 \text{ V}, T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.0	$\mu\text{A}$
Turn-On Time	$t_{on}$	Figure 1, 2 $E_{IN} = \pm 7 \text{ V}$		1.0	$\mu\text{sec}$
Turn-Off Time	$t_{off}$	Figure 1, 2 $E_{IN} = \pm 7 \text{ V}$		1.0	$\mu\text{sec}$
DC Output Voltage Range	$\pm E_{out}$	Figure 1	$\pm 7.0$		Volts
AC Output Voltage Range	$e_{out}$	Figure 1	8.0		$V_{p-p}$

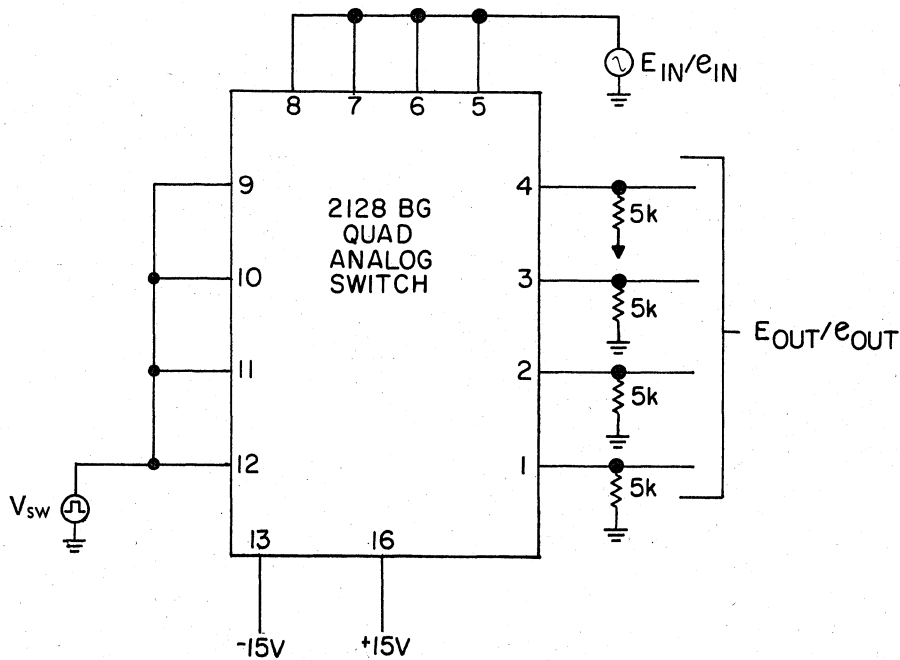


FIGURE 1, TEST CONFIGURATION FOR TURN-ON TIME, TURN-OFF TIME DC OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANGE, AND AC OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANGE.

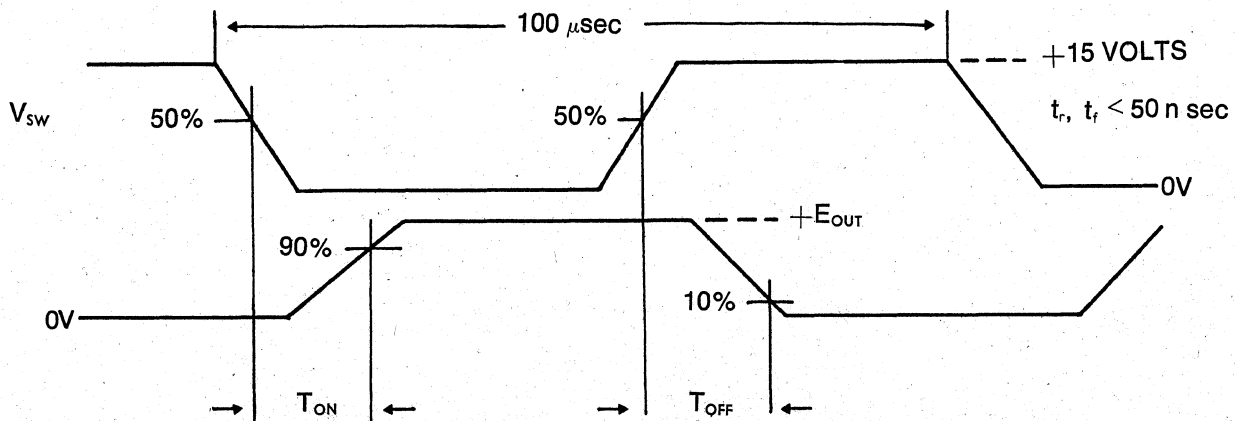
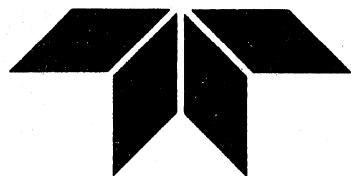


FIGURE 2, SWITCHING WAVEFRONT  $T_{ON}$  AND  $T_{OFF}$





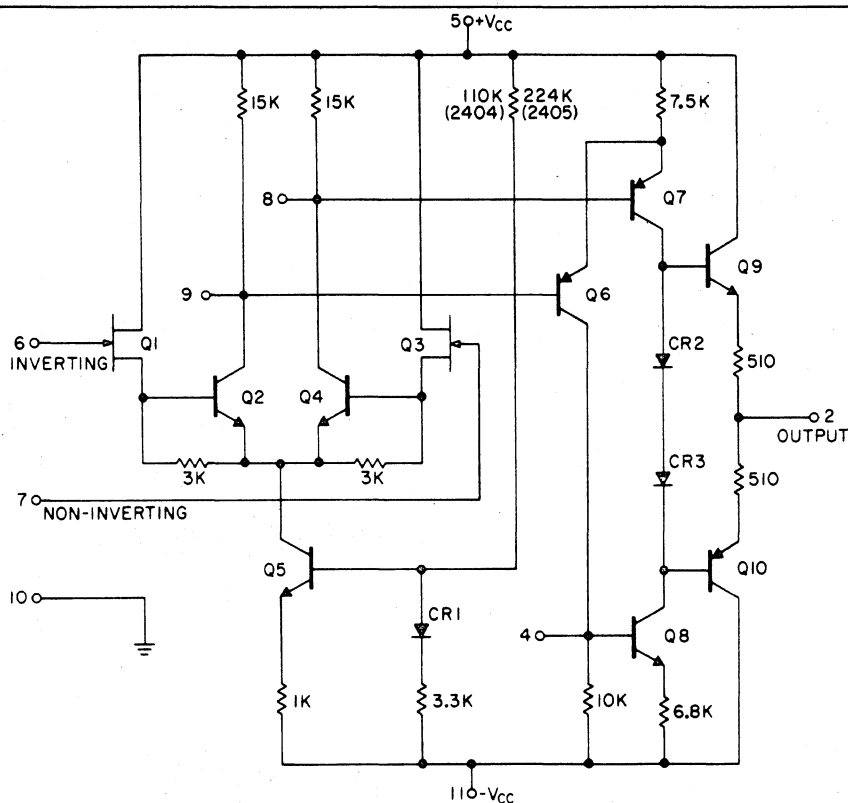
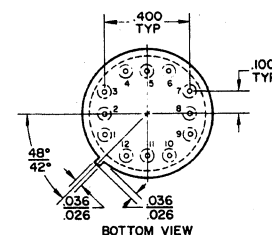
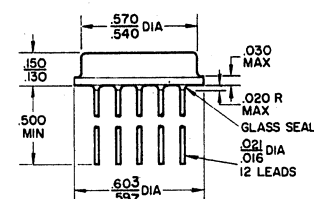
# HYBRID CIRCUIT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

- LOW POWER
- HIGH VOLTAGE

## 2404BG 2405BG

These Hybrid Operational Amplifiers are designed specifically for applications requiring very high input impedance and extremely low power consumption. Other outstanding electrical characteristics include extremely low offset currents and drifts, high open loop gains, and short-circuit protected output.

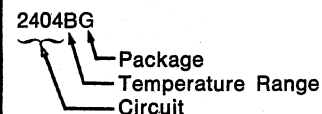
### G PACKAGE



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Operational Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C
Maximum Supply Voltage 2404BG 2405BG	±18 V ±35 V
Thermal Resistance @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C θ <sub>JC</sub> θ <sub>JA</sub>	50°C/W 110°C/W

Complete part number designation consists of four digits and two letters, for example:



AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR

1300 Terra Bella Ave. • Mountain View • Calif. 94040

A TELEDYNE COMPANY

Phone (415) 968-9241

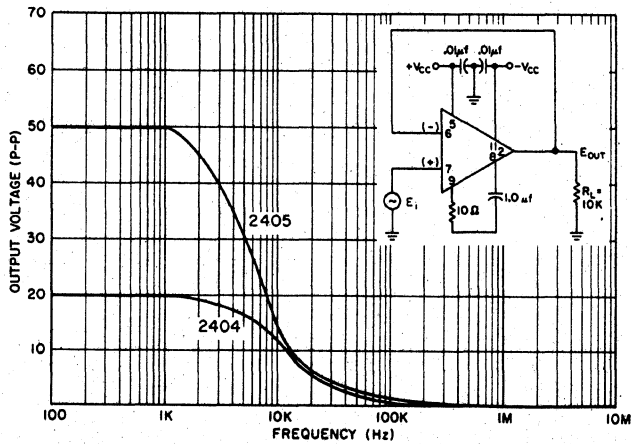
TWX: (910) 379-6494



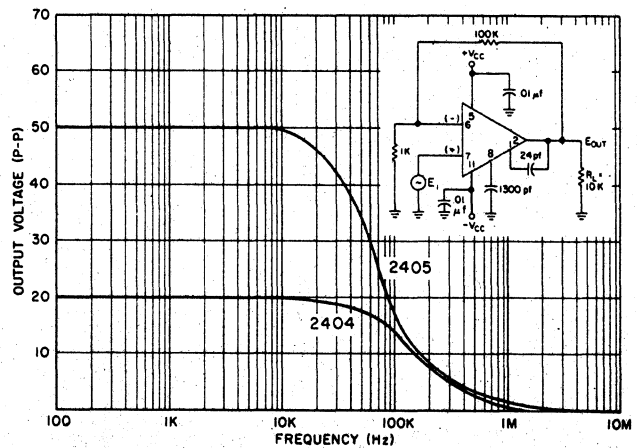
# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Open Loop Voltage Gain	90	100		db
Input Resistance	10k	100k		MΩ
Input Bias Current		40	100	pA
Input Bias Current $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$		30	100	nA
Input Offset Current		15	50	pA
Input Offset Current $T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$		15	50	nA
Input Offset Voltage		3.0	10	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$		5.0	50	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Common Mode Voltage Range				$\pm\text{V}$
(2404)	8.0	10		
(2405)	16	25		
Common Mode Rejection Ratio		-90	-74	db
Input Noise (See Figure 1)		3.0		$\mu\text{V}_{\text{rms}}$
Slew Rate (See Figure 2)		2.0		V/ $\mu\text{sec}$
Power Dissipation				mW
(2404) $V_{\text{CC}} = \pm 15\text{ V}$			55	
(2405) $V_{\text{CC}} = \pm 30\text{ V}$			110	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio		-90	-74	db
Output Voltage Swing $R_L = 10\text{ k}$				$V_{\text{P-P}}$
(2404)	20	22		
(2405)	40	50		

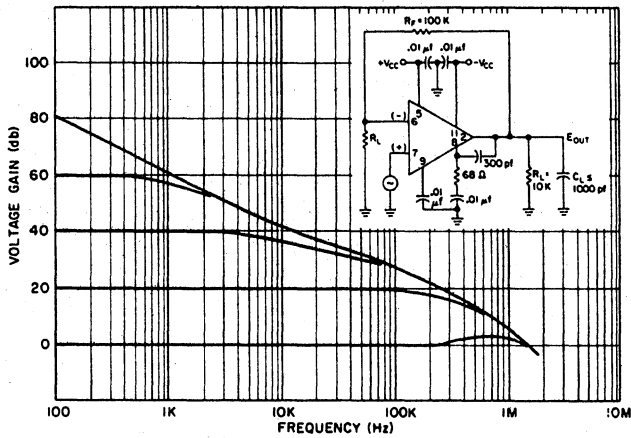
Output Voltage Swing  
vs.  
Frequency  
Unity Gain Configuration



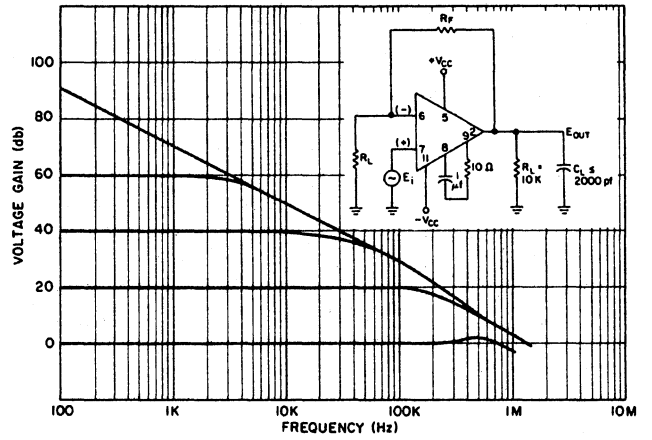
Output Voltage Swing  
vs.  
Frequency  
Gain of 100



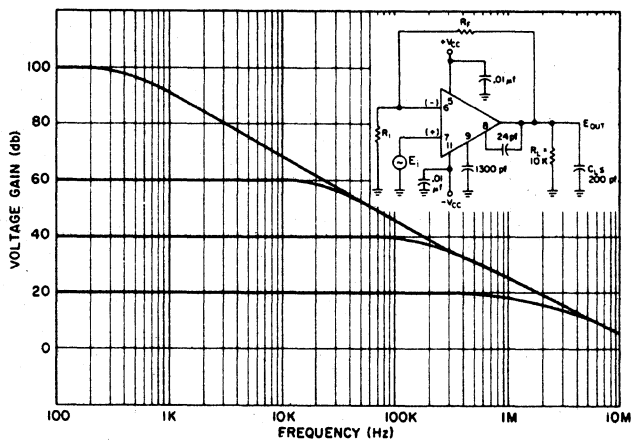
Voltage Gain vs Frequency



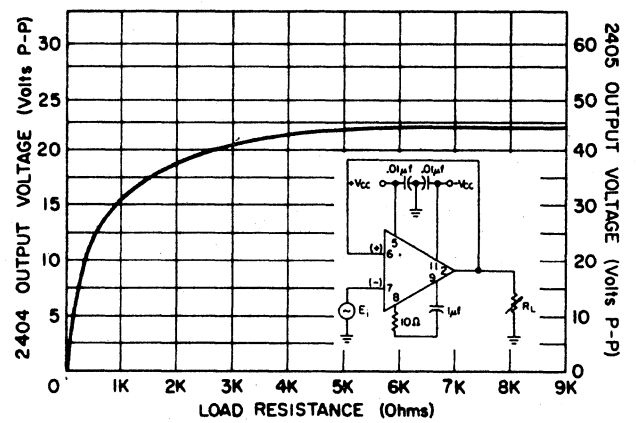
Voltage Gain vs Frequency



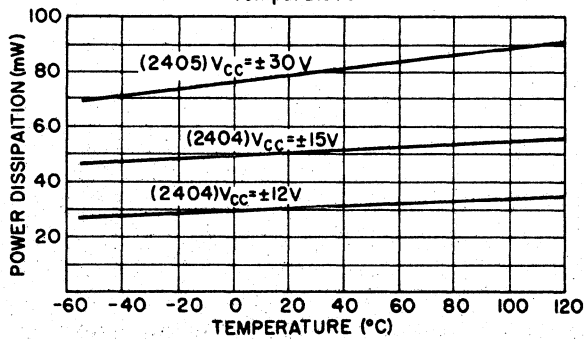
Voltage Gain vs Frequency



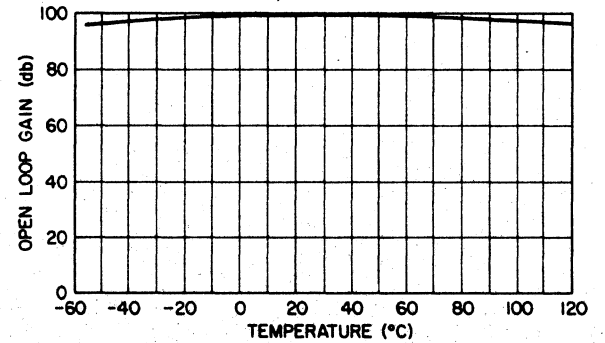
Output Voltage vs Load Resistance for Unity Gain

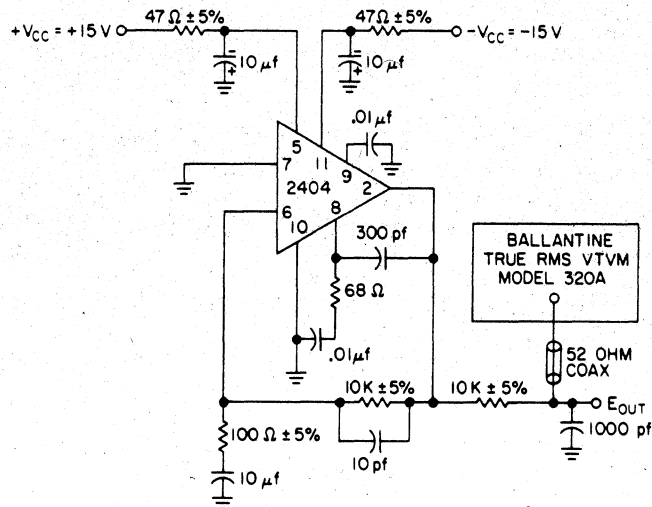


Power Dissipation vs Temperature

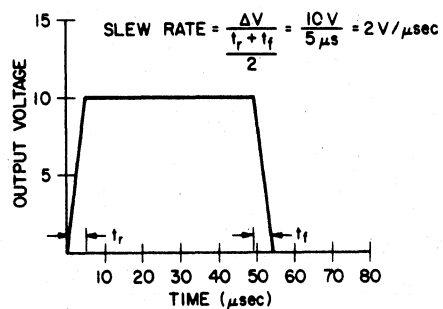
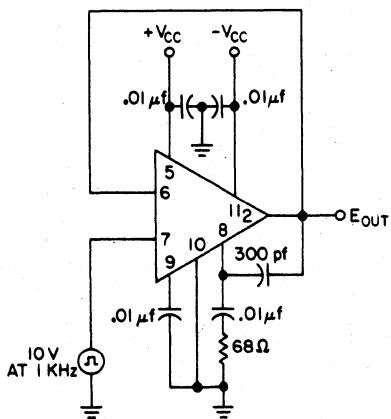


Open Loop Voltage Gain vs Temperature

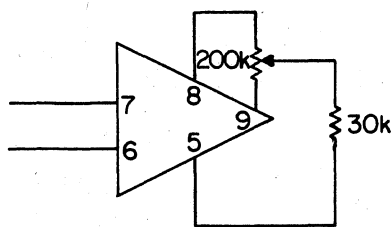




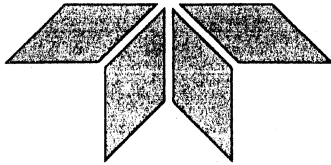
Noise Test Setup, Wide Band Noise 160 Hz. to 16 kHz



Slew Rate Test Configuration



Offset Voltage Adjustment



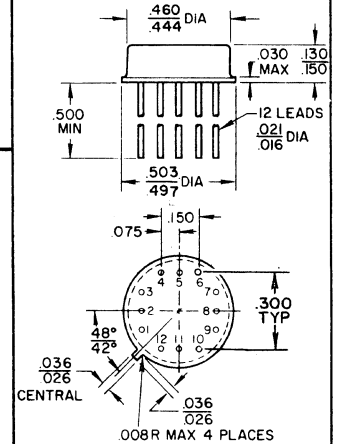
# HYBRID MICROCIRCUIT FET INPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

JULY 1969

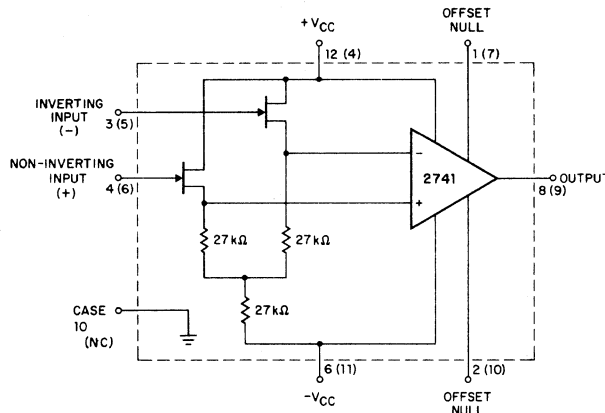
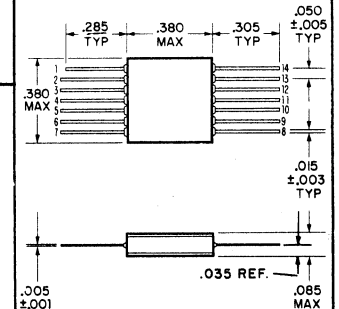
## 2741

The Amelco 2741 operational amplifier combines the superior performance of the widely accepted 741 operational amplifier with the high impedance characteristics of a matched field effect transistor input stage. It is intended for use in applications requiring extremely low bias and offset currents such as high impedance filter sections and integrators. Equally versatile in general feedback applications, the 2741 incorporates output short-circuit protection, input overvoltage and "latch-up" immunity, internal 6 db/octave frequency compensation, and external offset voltage null capability. The electrical parameter strong points include high gain, large common mode rejection over a wide range of input voltage, low power dissipation and excellent input characteristics. Available in a flat package or TO-8.

### F PACKAGE



### K PACKAGE



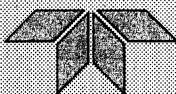
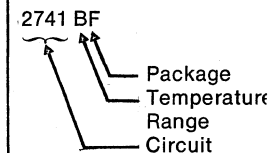
NOTE: Numbers in ( ) refer to "K" package.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

SPECIFICATIONS	NOTES	B RATING	C RATING
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +150°C	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range		-55°C to +125°C	0°C to +100°C
Supply Voltage		±22 V	±22 V
Input Voltage	1	±15 V	±15 V
Differential Input Voltage	1	30 V	30 V
Power Dissipation	2	F Package 1.0 W	F Package 1.0 W
	3	K Package 500 mW	K Package 500 mW
Output Short Circuit Duration	4	F Package Indefinite	F Package Indefinite
	5	K Package Indefinite	K Package Indefinite
Lead Soldering Temperature 1/16" from Case, 10 seconds max.		300°C	300°C

- NOTES: 1. For supply voltages less than ±15 V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.  
 2. Rating applies for case temperatures up to the maximum operating temperature. Derate linearly at 10 mW/°C for ambient temperature above +75°C.  
 3. Rating applies for case temperatures up to the maximum operating temperature. Derate linearly at 6.7 mW/°C for ambient temperature above +75°C.  
 4. Short circuit may be to ground or either supply.  
 5. Short circuit may be to ground or either supply. Rating applies for case temperature up to the maximum operating temperature or +75°C ambient temperature.

Complete part number designation consists of three digits and two letters; for example:



AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR 1300 Terra Bella Ave. • Mountain View • Calif. 94040

A TELEDYNE COMPANY

Phone (415) 968-9241

TWX: (910) 379-6494

## GUARANTEED ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TABLE 2  $V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST FIG.	TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	B RATING			C RATING			UNITS
				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Open Loop Voltage Gain	1	$R_S = 0$ , $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ , $V_{IN} = \pm 10\text{ V}$	$A_O$	90	94		86	90		db
Input Offset Voltage	1	$R_S = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ , $V_{IN} = 0$	$V_{OS}$		3	5		5	10	mV
Input Bias Current	2	$V_{IN} = 0\text{ V}$	$I_B$		40	100		50	200	pA
Input Offset Current	2	$V_{IN} = 0\text{ V}$	$I_{OS}$		15	50		25	100	pA
Input Resistance	2	$V_{IN} = \pm 10\text{ V}$	$R_{IN}$	10	100		1	75		kM $\Omega$
Common Mode Voltage Range	3	Reference Only: CMRR Test Condition	CMVR	$\pm 10$	$\pm 13$		$\pm 10$	$\pm 13$		V <sub>pk</sub>
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	3	$-CMVR \leq V_{IN} \leq +CMVR$ $\pm CMVR = \pm 10\text{ V pk}$	CMRR	60	70		60	70		db
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	1	$V_{IN} = 0$ , $R_S = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ , $\Delta V_{CC} = \pm 1\text{ V}$ Each Supply Independently	PSRR	60	80		60	80		db
Output Voltage Swing	4	$V_{IN} = \pm 13\text{ V}$ , $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ , $C_L \leq 100\text{ pf}$	$V_O$	$\pm 10$	$\pm 13$		$\pm 10$	$\pm 13$		V <sub>pk</sub>
Power Dissipation	4	$V_{IN} = 0$ , $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ , $C_L \leq 100\text{ pf}$	$P_{DISS}$		50	90		60	100	mW
Transient Response Rise Time Overshoot	4	Frequency = 50 KHz $V_{IN} = 20\text{ mV}$ $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ , $C_L \leq 100\text{ pf}$	$T_R$ $T_{OS}$		0.5 10	1.2 20		0.7 15	1.5 30	$\mu\text{sec}$ %
Slew Rate	4	$V_{IN} = \pm 5\text{ V}$ , Frequency = 10 KHz $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ , $C_L \leq 100\text{ pf}$	$\frac{dV_O}{dt}$	0.5	1.0		0.3	0.8		V/ $\mu\text{sec}$

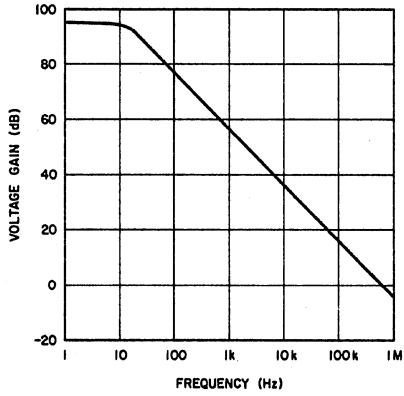
## GUARANTEED ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TABLE 3  $V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = T_{min}$  and  $T_{max}$ , unless otherwise noted

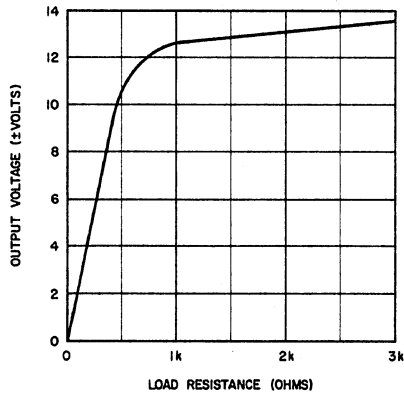
PARAMETER	TEST FIG.	TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	B RATING			C RATING			UNITS
				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Open Loop Voltage Gain	1	$R_S = 0$ , $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ , $V_{IN} = \pm 10\text{ V}$	$A_O$	86	90		80	84		db
Input Bias Current	2	$V_{IN} = 0$ , $T_A = T_{max}$ Only	$I_B$		30	100		30	50	nA
Input Offset Current	2	$V_{IN} = 0$ , $T_A = T_{max}$ Only	$I_{OS}$		15	50		15	25	nA
Common Mode Voltage Range	3	Reference Only: CMRR Test Condition	CMVR	$\pm 10$	$\pm 12$		$\pm 10$	$\pm 12$		V <sub>pk</sub>
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	3	$-CMVR \leq V_{IN} \leq +CMVR$ $\pm CMVR = \pm 10\text{ V pk}$	CMRR	60	66		60	66		db
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	1	$V_{IN} = 0$ , $R_S = 1\text{ M}\Omega$ , $\Delta V_{CC} = \pm 1\text{ V}$ Each Supply Independently	PSRR	60	74		60	74		db
Output Voltage Swing	4	$V_{IN} = \pm 13\text{ V}$ , $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ , $C_L \leq 100\text{ pf}$	$V_O$	$\pm 10$	$\pm 12$		$\pm 10$	$\pm 12$		V <sub>pk</sub>
Input Offset Voltage Drift	1	$V_{IN} = 0$ , $R_S = 1\text{ K}\Omega$	$V_{OST}$		2	5		2	5	mV
Power Dissipation	4	$V_{IN} = 0$ , $R_L \geq 2\text{ K}\Omega$ , $C_L \leq 100\text{ pf}$	$P_{DISS}$		50	100		60	110	mW

# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

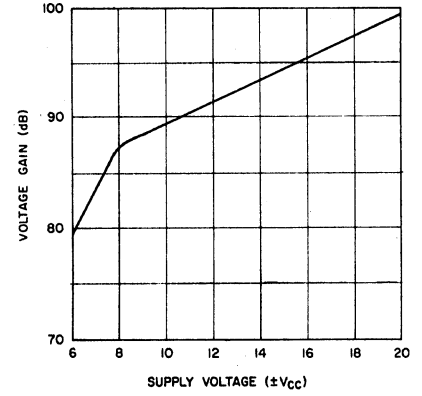
Open Loop Frequency Response



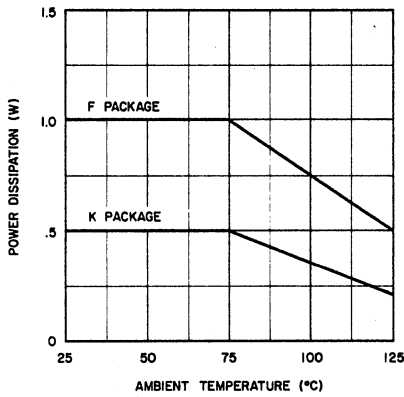
Output Swing



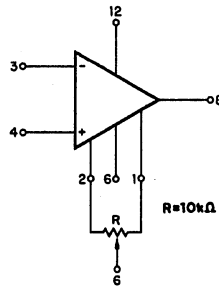
Open Loop Voltage Gain



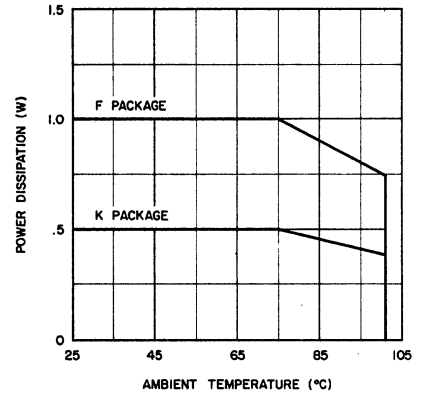
"B" Dissipation Rating



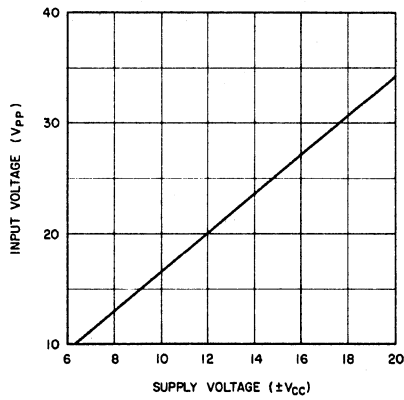
Voltage Offset Null Circuit



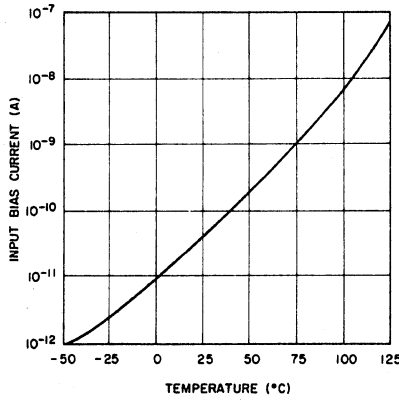
"C" Dissipation Rating



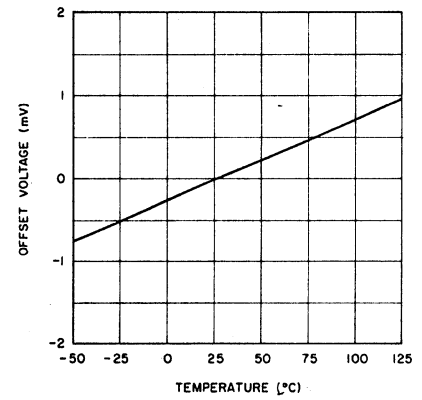
Common Mode Voltage Range



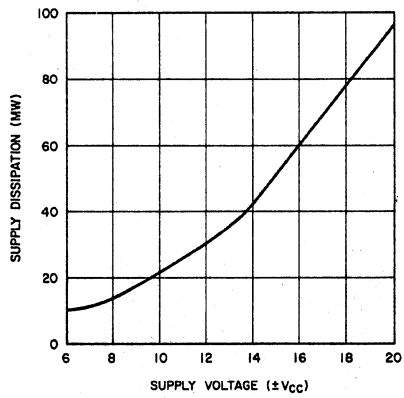
Input Bias Current



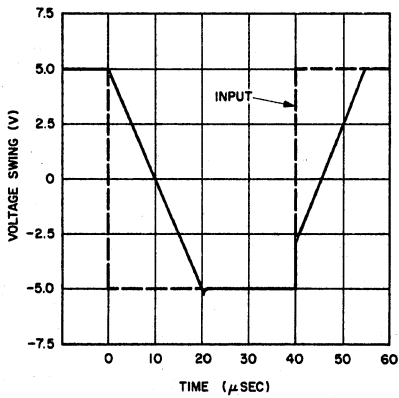
Offset Voltage



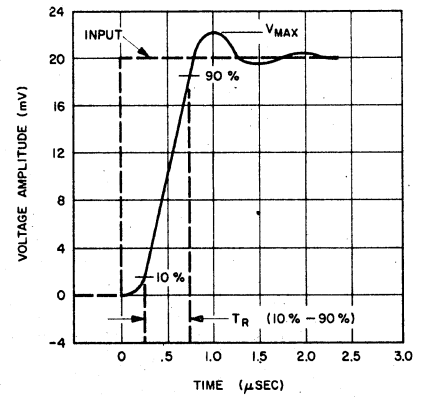
Power Supply Consumption



Voltage Follower Slew Rate



Transient Response



## TEST CONFIGURATION

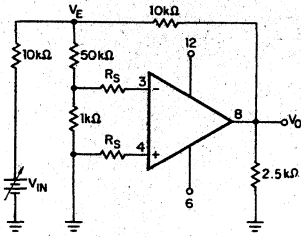


Fig. 1

$A_O = 34 \text{ db} + 20 \text{ LOG } \frac{\Delta V_O}{\Delta V_E}$
$V_{OS} = \frac{V_O}{110}$
$\text{PSRR} = 20 \text{ LOG } \frac{\Delta V_{OS}}{\Delta V_{CC}}$

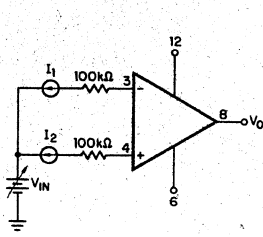


Fig. 2

$I_B = \frac{I_1 + I_2}{2}$
$I_{OS} = I_1 - I_2$
$R_{IN} = \frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta I_B}$

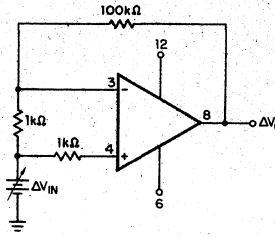


Fig. 3

$\text{CMRR} = 40 \text{ db} + 20 \text{ LOG } \left[ \frac{\Delta V_{IN}}{\Delta V_O} \right]$
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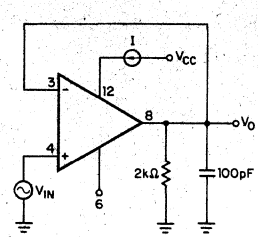
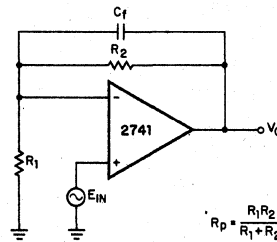


Fig. 4

$P_{DISS} = 2 V_{CC} \times I$
$T_R = 10\% - 90\% V_O$
$\text{OS} = 100 \frac{V_{MAX} - V_{IN}}{V_{IN}} \%$
$\frac{dV_O}{dt} = 10\% - 90\% V_O$

To insure a maximum phase margin when large inverting input source resistors are employed, an external feedback capacitance,  $C_f$ , is recommended to compensate for feedback lag due to the internal input capacitance (6 to 10 pf). No external capacitance is needed for a source resistance,  $R_p$ , less than 20 KΩ. For a source resistance greater than 20 KΩ,  $C_f = 10$  pf will insure stability for all gains. Maximum bandwidth may be obtained for inverting gains,  $R_2/R_1$ , greater than unity by using the relationship

$$C_f = \frac{10}{R_2/R_1} \text{ pf.}$$



## 100% SCREENING REQUIREMENTS

TABLE 4

TEST NO.	PROCESS	MIL-STD-883 METHOD	TEST CONDITIONS	EXCEPTIONS OR REMARKS
1	Pre Cap Visual			Amelco Specification Y560
2	Stabilization Bake	1008	C	60 hrs. minimum
3	Temperature Cycling	1010	C	5 cycles
4	Centrifuge	2001	B	Y1 axis only
5	Hermetic Seal-Fine Leak	1014	A	$5 \times 10^{-7}$ ATM-CC SEC
6	Hermetic Seal-Gross Leak	1014	C	Step 1 only
7	Electrical Test			100% per table 2
8	Electrical Lot Acceptance			LTPD* = 10% table 2 LTPD* = 15% table 3
9	External Visual	2009		

\*LTPD—Lot Tolerance Percent Defective (MIL-S-19500C)





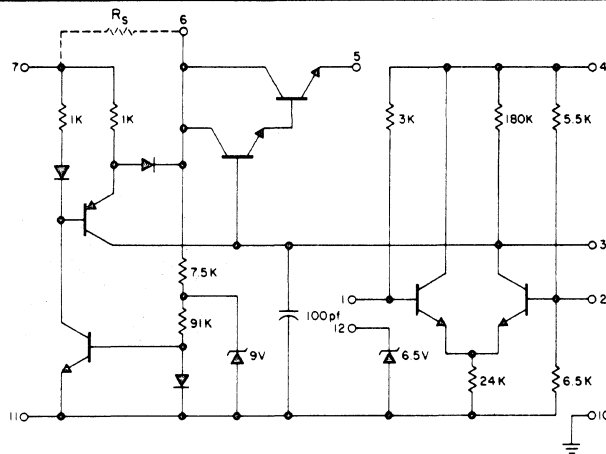
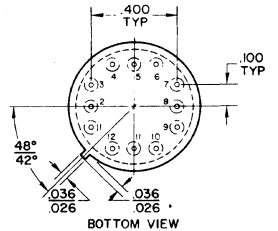
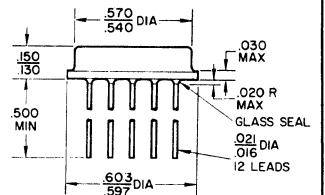
# HYBRID CIRCUIT VOLTAGE REGULATOR

## 2802BG 2803BG

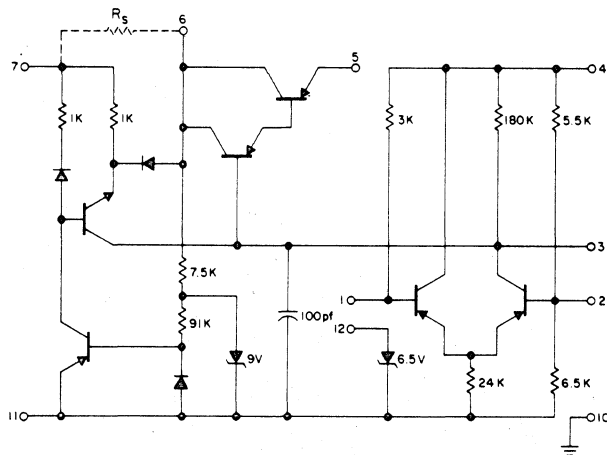
The 2802, positive voltage regulator, and the 2803, negative voltage regulator, are designed to be used with linear and digital circuits. Both regulators are packaged in low profile TO8 headers. Important features are:

- One-Tenth percent load and line regulation
- One-Half percent stability over full military temperature range
- Current limiting adjustable with external sampling resistor, ( $R_s$ ).
- Compensation included in package.
- Output currents of 200 mA without external transistor and 10 Amps with external transistor.
- Output voltage adjustable from 4.5 V to 40 V. Adjustment not necessary for 12 V.

### G PACKAGE

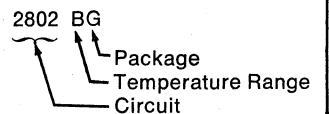


ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC OF 2802 REGULATOR



ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC OF 2803 REGULATOR

Complete part number designation consists of four digits and two letters, for example:



**AMELCO SEMICONDUCTOR** 1300 Terra Bella Ave. • Mountain View • Calif. 94040

A TELEDYNE COMPANY

Phone (415) 968-9241

TWX: (910) 379-6494



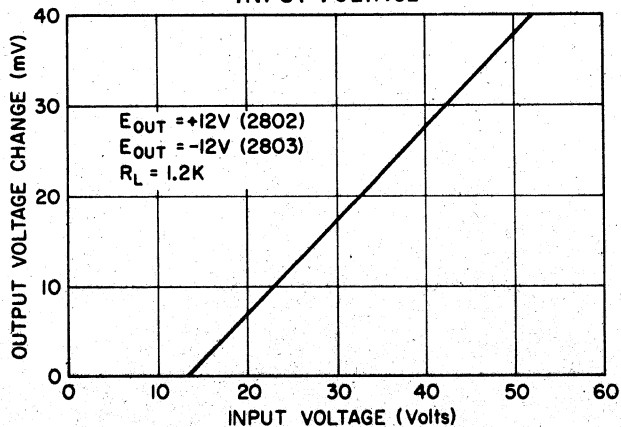
## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature:	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature:	-55°C to +125°C
Power Dissipation T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C: T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C:	1.8 Watts 3.5
Thermal Resistance $\theta_{JA}$ : $\theta_{JC}$ :	100°C/Watt 50°
Input Voltage:	55 Volts
Input-Output Voltage Differential:	40 Volts

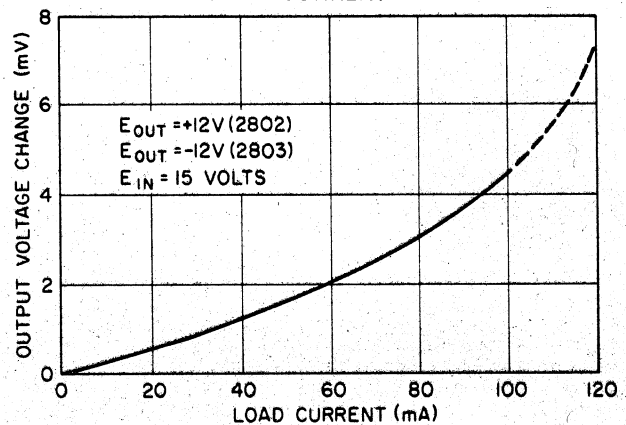
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT +25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified)

CHARACTERISTIC	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Input Voltage Range (2802) (2803)	+12 -12		+55 -55	Volts
Initial Output Voltage (Internal Divider, V <sub>in</sub> = 15 Volts) (2802) (2803)	+11.5 -11.5	+12.0 -12.0	+12.5 -12.5	Volts
Output Voltage Range (externally adjusted) (2802) (2803)	+4.5 -4.5		+40 -40	Volts
Output-Input Voltage Differential	2.5		40	Volts
Load Regulation (0 to 100 mA) (See Figure 1)		0.03	0.1	%
Line Regulation (Line change = 38 V) (See Figure 2)		0.005	0.01	%/V
Temperature Stability, T <sub>A</sub> = -55°C to +125°C (See Figure 3)		0.1	0.5	%
Long Term Stability (168 Hrs.)		0.05	0.5	%
Recovery Time (See Figure 4) Load Line		1.0 1.0		μsec
Ripple Rejection (e <sub>in</sub> = 3.0 V <sub>pp</sub> at 1.0 kHz) (See Figure 5)		-65	-60	db
Output Impedance (f = 1.0 kHz) (See Figure 6)		0.5	1.0	Ω
Load Current (See Figure 7) T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C			100 200	mA
Current Drain (no load, V <sub>in</sub> = 20 V, V <sub>out</sub> = 12 V)		4.0	5.0	mA

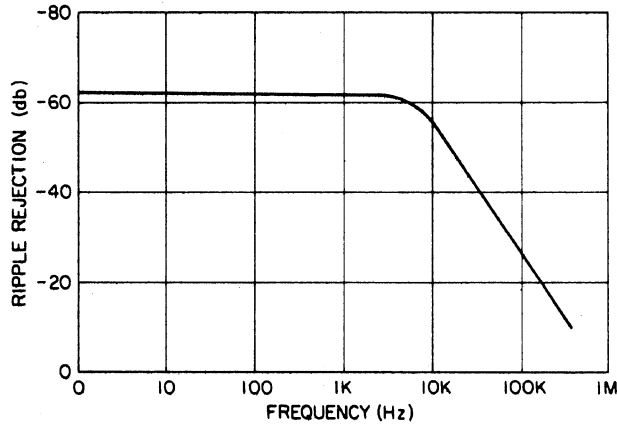
OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHANGE  
VS  
INPUT VOLTAGE



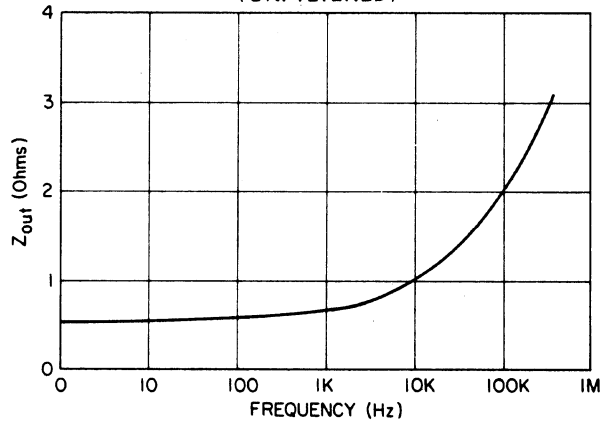
OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHANGE  
VS  
LOAD CURRENT



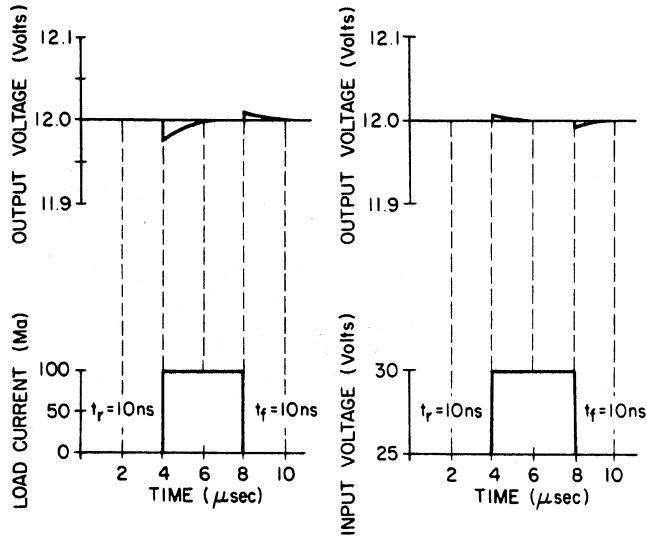
RIPPLE REJECTION  
VS  
FREQUENCY



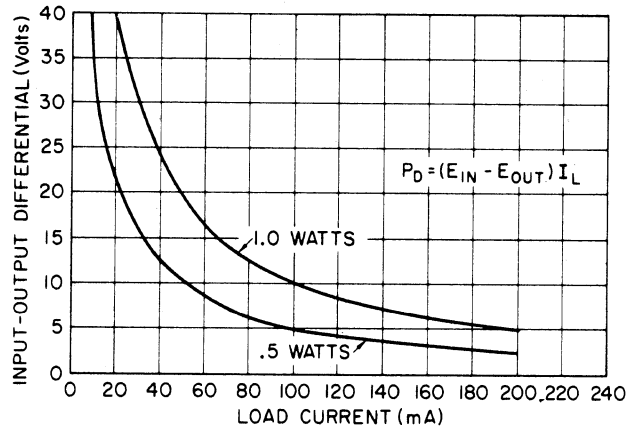
OUTPUT IMPEDANCE  
VS  
FREQUENCY  
(UNFILTERED)



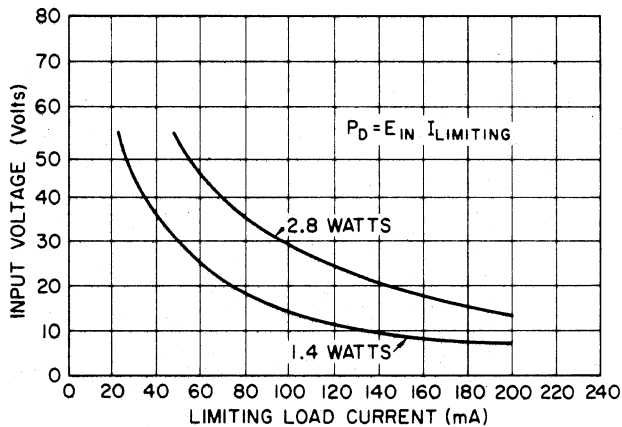
LOAD AND LINE  
RECOVERY TIMES



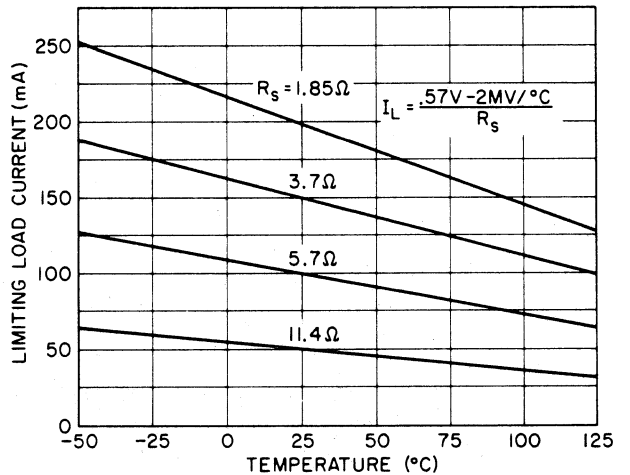
INPUT OUTPUT DIFFERENTIAL  
VS  
LOAD CURRENT  
(OPERATING CONDITION)



INPUT VOLTAGE  
VS  
LOAD CURRENT  
(SHORT CIRCUIT CONDITION)



LIMITING LOAD CURRENT  
VS  
TEMPERATURE



## TEST CONFIGURATIONS

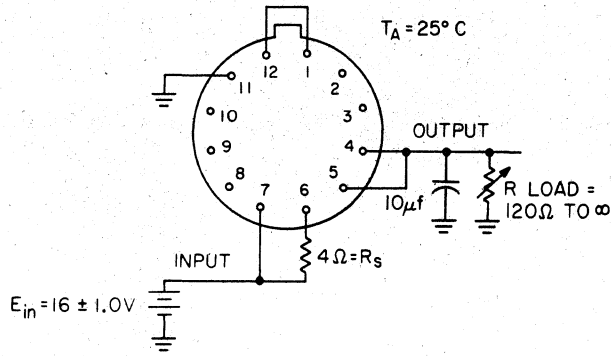


Figure 1. Load Regulation

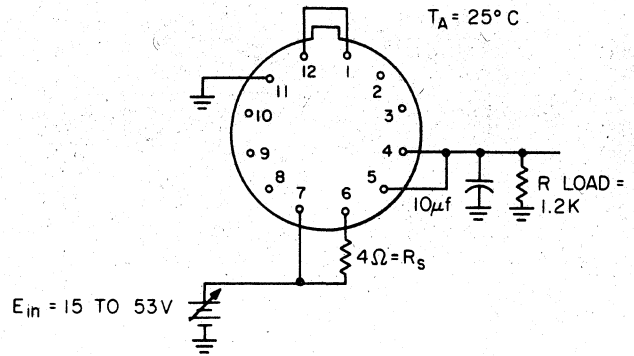


Figure 2. Line Regulation

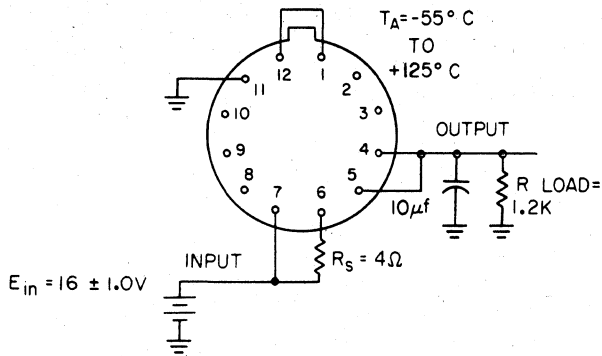


Figure 3. Temperature Stability

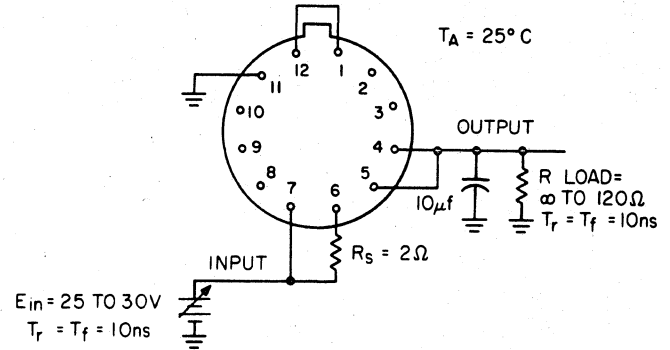


Figure 4. Response Times

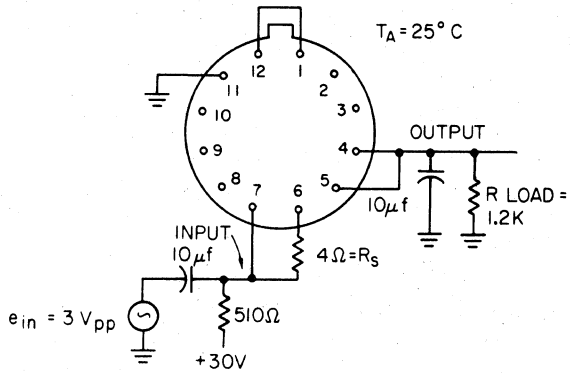


Figure 5. Ripple Rejection

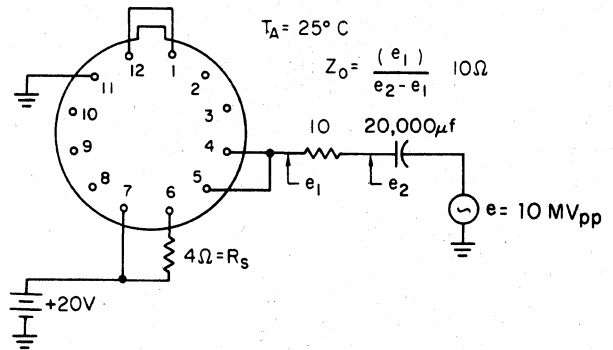


Figure 6. Output Impedance

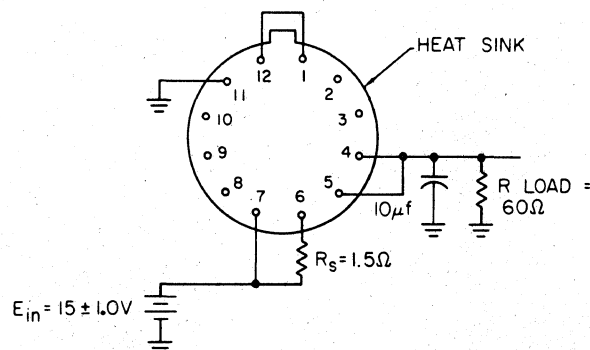
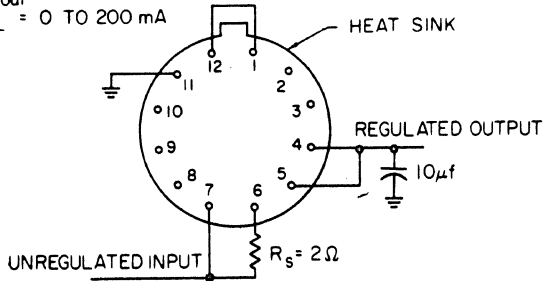


Figure 7. Maximum Load Current

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

OPERATING CONDITIONS

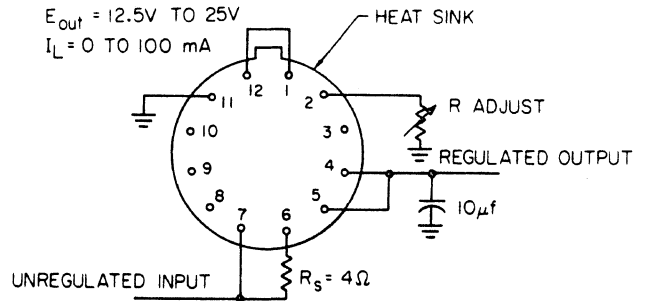
$E_{out} = 12 \pm 0.5V$   
 $I_L = 0 \text{ TO } 200 \text{ mA}$



Configuration #1

OPERATING CONDITIONS

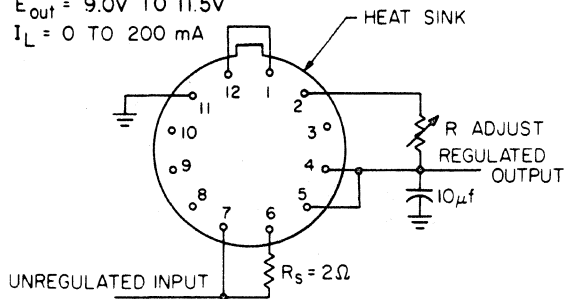
$E_{out} = 12.5V \text{ TO } 25V$   
 $I_L = 0 \text{ TO } 100 \text{ mA}$



Configuration #2

OPERATING CONDITIONS

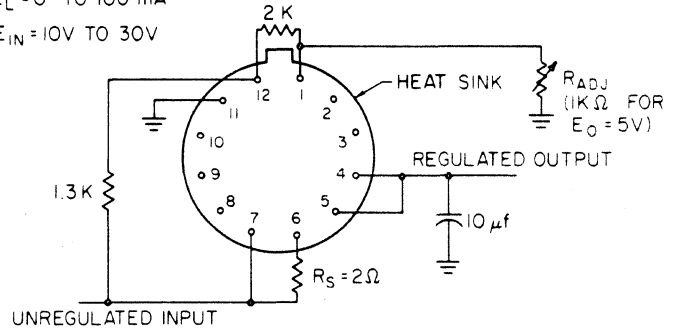
$E_{out} = 9.0V \text{ TO } 11.5V$   
 $I_L = 0 \text{ TO } 200 \text{ mA}$



Configuration #3

OPERATING CONDITIONS

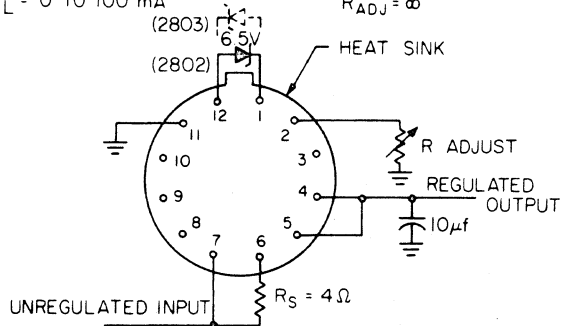
$E_{OUT} = 4.5V \text{ TO } 12V$   
 $I_L = 0 \text{ TO } 100 \text{ mA}$   
 $E_{IN} = 10V \text{ TO } 30V$



Configuration #4

OPERATING CONDITIONS

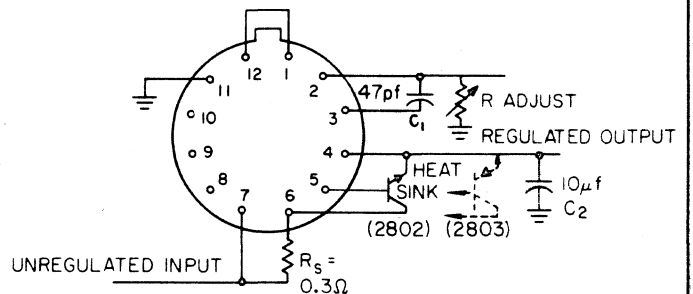
$E_{out} = 25V \text{ TO } 40V$   
 $I_L = 0 \text{ TO } 100 \text{ mA}$



Configuration #5

OPERATING CONDITIONS

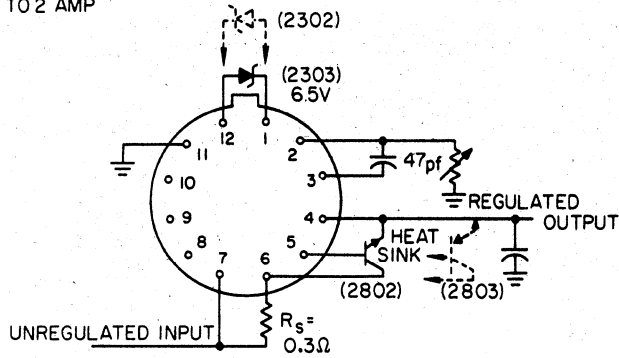
$E_{out} = 12.5V \text{ TO } 25V$   
 $I_L = 0 \text{ TO } 2 \text{ AMP}$



Configuration #6

OPERATING CONDITIONS

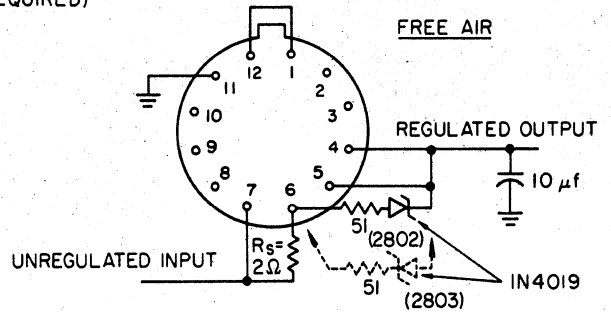
$E_{out} = 25V \text{ TO } 40V$   
 $I_L = 0 \text{ TO } 2 \text{ AMP}$



Configuration #7

OPERATING CONDITIONS

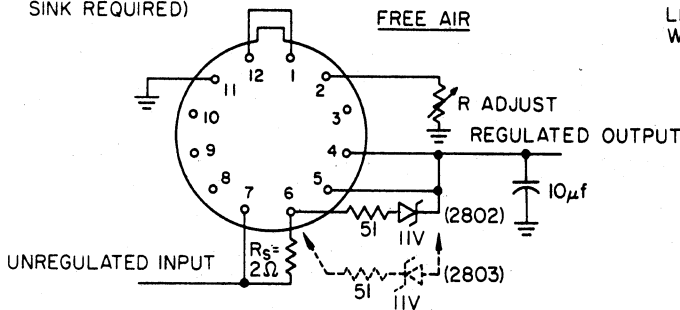
$E_{OUT} = 12 \pm .5V$   
 $I_L = 0 \text{ TO } 100 \text{ mA}$   
 (NOTE: NO HEAT SINK  
 REQUIRED)



Configuration #8

OPERATING CONDITIONS

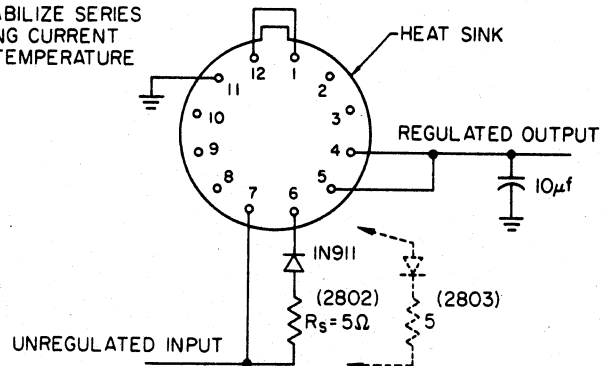
$E_{OUT} = 12.5 \text{ TO } 25V$   
 $E_{IN} - E_{OUT} (\text{MAX}) = 8.0V$   
 $I_L = 0 \text{ TO } 100 \text{ mA}$   
 (NOTE: NO HEAT  
 SINK REQUIRED)



Configuration #9

OPERATING CONDITIONS

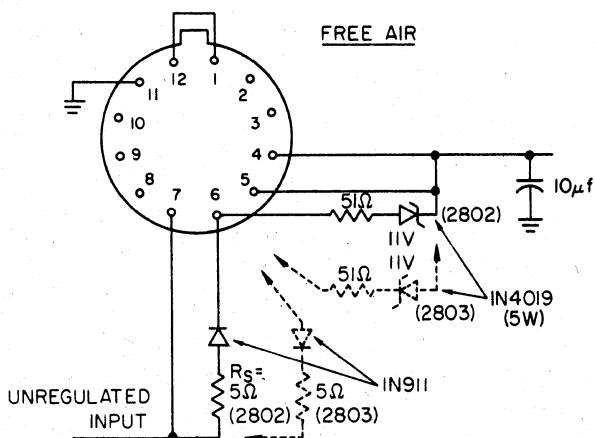
$E_{OUT} = 12 \pm .5V$   
 $I_L = 0 \text{ TO } 100 \text{ mA}$   
 GERMANIUM DIODE USED  
 TO STABILIZE SERIES  
 LIMITING CURRENT  
 WITH TEMPERATURE



Configuration #10

OPERATING CONDITIONS

$E_{OUT} = 12 \pm .5V$   
 $E_{IN} - E_{OUT} = 8.0V (\text{MAX})$   
 $I_L = 0 \text{ TO } 100 \text{ mA}$   
 (NOTE: NO HEAT  
 SINK REQUIRED)



Configuration #11

**100% PROCESSING**

TEST NO.	MIL-STD-750 REF. PARA.	EXAMINATION OR TEST	CONDITIONS
1		Fine Hermetic Seal Test (Helium)	$5 \times 10^{-7}$ cc/Sec (Max)
2		High Temperature Stabilization	150°C for 60 hrs. (Min)
3	1051 Cond. C	Temperature Cycling	5 cycles -65°C to +150°C
4	2006	Constant Acceleration	10,000 g (Minimum) Y <sub>1</sub> Axis only
5		Gross Hermetic Seal Leak Test FC-4Q	
6		Electrical Functional Test	See Test Config- urations

